The Cairo Times.

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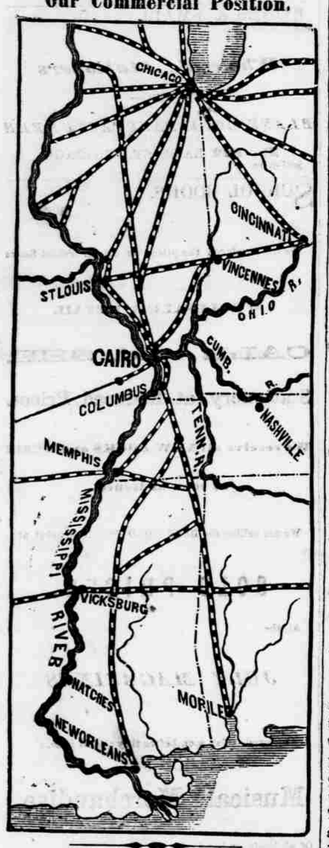
H. L. GOODALL,
Editor and Proprietor DAILY TIMES,
CAIRO, ILL.

CAIRO TIMES.

CAIRO, THURSDAY, NOV. 2, 1865.

Our Commercial Position.



RAILROAD MEETING.

The people of Southern Illinois interested in the construction of the Illinois Southern Railroad, are invited to meet in the city of Cairo, at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce of said city, on SATURDAY, the

11TH DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, at 2 P. M.,

For the purpose of considering the propriety of devising means for the speedy construction of said road.

The importance of said railroad is too apparent to require discussion, and in the opinion of the undersigned it is only necessary to bring the energy of the people interested in it to bear to insure its early completion.

D. Hurd,	G B Raum,
John W Trover,	D T Linegar,
Halliday Brothers,	S B Halliday,
Thomas Wilson,	W G Priest,
G D Williamson,	A B Safford,
Miller, Strattox & Co,	Haynie, Marshall & Gilbert,
W H Green,	W J Allen,
L White,	H W Webb,
D W Munn,	John Olney,
B M Munn,	J C Sloo,
W J Yost,	H K S O'Melveny,
S P Wheeler,	W A Hacker,
Chas Galigher,	J. M. Crebs,
Geo S Pidgeon,	Daniel Powell,
James Falkert,	Charles O'Neil,
W. W. Gray,	R. N. Warfield,
W. M. Christy,	V. Rathbone,
Robt. Mick,	S. Forgy,
J. F Connover,	C. Baker.
J. W. Baker,	

THE NEWS.

The English capitalists have taken passage for home.

Gen. Grant has rented the private residence, in Washington, built by John C. Breckenridge, and adjoining that of the late Senator Douglas.

The new "[illegible]" gold certificates, in denominations of one hundred and one thousand dollars, will be sent to New York next week, and issued to depositors.

John Mitchell, the notorious Irish rebel, has been released from confinement in Fortress Monroe, in compliance with a petition from the Fenian Brotherhood.

No decision had been arrived at in the Wirz case up to 3 o'clock yesterday. Strenuous efforts are being made to induce the President to suspend the death penalty in the case of the prisoner.

It is now positively asserted that the mission of Caleb Cushing to Europe on behalf of the United States Government, is wholly and purely professional and not as heretofore stated, diplomatic.

South Carolina not having repudiated the rebel debt it is said that, though she has formed a State government, she will not be recognized as a loyal State of the Union.

The New York *Tribune* says that the evidences are that the people of the United States are opposed to the trial of Jeff. Davis, and consequently that he will not be punished for his offenses.

Mrs. Grinder, the modern Lucretia Borgia, has just had her trial, in Pittsburg, Pa., and has been found guilty of murder. She has not yet received her sentence.

Brevet Major General Hawley has resigned his commission in the army and returned to his seat on the editorial tripod of the Hartford (Conn.) *Press*. He evidently concludes that the pen is now mightier than the sword.

We have further news from Mexico to-day, viz: That the Liberals have attacked the Imperialists in their stronghold, at Matamoras, and from the manner in which the assault was made it is inferred that American officers are commanding the assaulting columns.

Jeff Davis has ordered a new beaver cloth overcoat from his tailor of olden time, in Washington. It is supposed that a coat made to his measurement of 1860 will fit him now. We incline to the opinion, however, that the whole story is a canard.

A NEW PAPER.—We have received the first number of a new paper published at Metropolis, bearing this, a hard name: *The Promulgator*. Its proprietors bought out the material of the Mound City *Journal*. F. M. Collins is publisher, and J. F. McCartney editor of the new sheet, which presents a fine appearance. The original matter of the paper is well written, and the selections are made with taste. With regard to politics, the editor commits himself to no policy, but says: "When questions of interest arise we shall earnestly seek for *truth* and boldly express our own convictions, regardless of the doubts of friends or the threats of enemies." A good platform. We certainly wish the undertaking a large success.

MEXICAN LOAN.—In our advertising columns to-day will be found a notice, setting forth the fact that coupon bonds, ranging from $50 to $1,000, and bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent. principal and interest, payable in gold in the city of New York, have been issued for circulation amongst those who sympathize with Mexico in her struggles against the invading force of the French. The first year's interest on these notes have already been provided for, and the faith and property of Mexico have been pledged to redeem the bonds and pay the interest. We refer the reader to the advertisement, which provides full particulars.

EQUIPMENTS FOR SOUTHERN RAILROADS.—The Secretary of War has authorized railroad companies South to give their bonds for the payment of debts due the Government for railroad property, the Government retaining full title to the property, with the right to take possession at any time deemed necessary, until paid for. No road is allowed to purchase more than sufficient for its actual use.

DAILY

CAIRO TIMES.

NEW SERIES, VOL. 1, NO. 164. CAIRO, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1865. WAR EAGLE SERIES, VOL. 3, NO. 164.

THE CIRCUIT JUDGESHIP.

The Cairo *Union* made its fourth appearance yesterday, and as in its past issues pays its respects (?) to the TIMES. In one article it says that we are "one day Copperhead, the next neutral, and the balance of the time as near nothing as a paper ever gets to be," and all because we support Hon. W. H. Green for a judicial position. We have before inquired of the *Union* the propriety of associating politics in the contest for the Judgeship? and instanced what its own candidate, Col. Dougherty, said in condemnation of such association. Surely the most obtuse Hoosier in or out of Indiana, on the editorial tripod or in States prison, Republican or Democrat, would, if he but expressed the promptings of his unprejudiced judgment, admit that it is not only injudicious to present any particular political faith to a candidate, as a *sine qua non* for his preferment to the Bench, but absolutely wrong, if not criminal. Do not Republicans occasionally appear in the Circuit Court of this District as plaintiffs or defendants, or would not the partizan friends of the *Union* as freely and confidently submit their claims for justice in such court to an upright Democrat as to a member of their own political party?

The *Union* man professes an inability to discern why politics should not enter into a contest for a purely judicial office as well as in one purely political. We believe that both political parties have adopted the Jacksonian motto: "To the victors belong the spoils." Upon the same principle, if insisted upon, why not force the Judge upon the Bench to adopt as his maxim, "to my political friends belong the verdicts." It is expected of a Judge when he dons the ermine of his office to eschew politics and divest himself of all political prejudice; but we ask how in the name of common sense can such expectations be substantially predicated when candidates are met at every step by politicians who entirely ignore the questions of fitness and qualification, and indulge only in references to their partizan status, thus forcing such candidates either to meet their enemies with their own weapons or retire from the field of contest? The *Union* man, if his heart is not filled with acrimony toward all political opponents, will inwardly endorse our position. We believe him to be an honest, innocent, doughy sort of a gentleman, with intellect sufficient to realize right from wrong, but so confiding and unsuspecting in his nature that political friends can easily induce him to require at the hands of an applicant for a judgeship, professorship or clergyman a confession of political faith. His political backers could influence him to agree that Democrats who appear in Court should be sent forth with political brands upon their brows—children should be taught politics with algebra, and his political opponents should not receive absolution for their sins. Those who are not tied to the car of party insist upon the contrary, that politics should not be allowed to flow out of their legitimate channel, and on no condition be permitted to enter our courts of justice nor churches, and we belong to the latter school.

The *Union* man says nothing in his last paper about Mr. Green being an Attorney for the Illinois Central Railroad Company. He has evidently appreciated the force of our rejoinder to his argument, viz: that the publication of such fact was but an advertisement of Mr. G's. acknowledged ability, and secondly that his [illegible] as such as to repel the idea that character was such [illegible] after he had registered his oath as Judge, he would while upon the bench, throw the weight of his influence in favor of the interests of said corporation, and against justice and equity. We therefore freely commend his discretion in this respect.

We have not up to this time said anything derogatory to the character of Col. Dougherty as a gentleman, nor as a lawyer. Neither do we intend so doing. We are quite willing to admit the claims presented by his friends in his behalf. Nor are we deterred by reason of the invulnerable record of the gentleman, as we believe, were we to dive down into political waters, we could bring up something which would not flatter either his pride or that of his friends. Pure indeed is the man who has been so long in political life as either Mr. Green or Mr. Dougherty against whom some disagreeable if not apparently dishonorable facts cannot be adduced. But it is not our province so to do. Our journal is not the representative of party, but of the best interests of the people, and we leave the task of personal defamation to those to whom the dishonorable duty legitimately belongs. When we introduced the name of Mr. Green as a candidate for the position of successor to Judge Mulkey, Col. Dougherty had not been named, nor thought of by any one in that connection, and it was out of no special regard for Mr. G. personally, that induced us to point him out as an available candidate and competent person, but because we, in common with nearly all our citizens, considered him as a gentleman upon whom the judicial ermine could creditably be attached. Let both men be judged by the people as to their qualifications, and we will rest coatent with the verdict rendered.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.—From the Clarksville, Tenn., *Journal* we gather the following items: A movement is on foot for the building of the upper Red river bridge. A Nashville and Cincinnati Packet Company has been formed. There is to be shortly at Clarksville, a large Government sale of valuable property, comprehending animals, wagons, fuel, lumber, &c. The editor has been presented with some specimen "taters" (sweet,) averaging seven and a half pounds each. The Russellville *Herald* is to be revived. Gov. Brownlow has addressed a special message to the Tennessee Legislature, respecting the policy to be pursued toward railroads indebted to the State.

THE CIRCUSES.—As most of our readers are aware, Mr. S. B. Howes is the proprietor of three different circuses, each complete. The main establishment is in New York, under the supervision of Mr. S. B. Howes himself—one branch of the circus, under charge of Mr. F. J. Howe, is at present travelling in this State—another branch, known as Dan. Castello's circus, was lately at Atlanta, and we learn will proceed from there to Mobile, and thence to New Orleans. It has had an excellent and successful business all summer.

A company of eastern capitalists, with some enterprising gentlemen of Louisville, have formed a company, with a capital of $300,000, for the manufacture of flour and whisky. They have erected suitable buildings in the upper part of that city, and will commence operations in about six weeks.

BALTIMORE.

Tour Over the Battle Grounds of Virginia--Business in the Monumental City--Yankee Enterprise--Amusement --Public Improvements--New Novels, &c., &c.

Correspondence of the Cairo Times.

BALTIMORE, MD., Oct. 28, 1865.

FRIEND GOODALL:—I have just returned from a tour, in company with A. M. Rambo, Esq., editor and proprietor of the Columbia *Spy*, through a portion of the battle-grounds of Virginia. From Washington we started for Acquia Creek, thence to Fredericksburg, Richmond and Petersburg, and after surveying the many fields of conflict and gathering a few relics from the decaying forts and breastworks, started on our return by way of Norfolk and Fortress Monroe, reaching Baltimore about eight and a half o'clock the next morning, having experienced a severe and uncomfortable rocking in the cradle of the Bay; yet the passengers were very sociable, and the time passed off very agreeably in their company.

Since my return from the land of boasted chivalrous F. F. V's, I have been quite ill from the effects of a bilious contagion, contracted, I presume, in my tour; really I am growing so *saffron-like* that folks begin to predict the jaundice near at hand. I trust not since I don't like to have such diseases—having never gone through with a *spell* of them I don't know how they generally treat delicately constituted individuals.

Baltimore, like Phœnix, seems to be rising from its ashes, and at this date is all life and activity in business circles, giving promise of far better days than she managed to live through before the war. The fact is apparent that thousands of the enterprising *Yanks* have of late, come to our rescue, and given *life* to the business circles around us. Just such *Yankee* enterprise is needed all through the rebel States, and they will never be "*reconstructed*" without it. Yankees are building up Richmond, and Yankees will give it a new life as the heart and proud, and heretofore fanatical Virginia.

Our amusements are, as ever, under the management of John T. Ford, Esq., instilling life into our city. Strangers can now come among us, and not unlike Gotham, find respectable places of amusements to while away an hour or two after the toils and business of the day are over. The Holliday and Front street theatres, weekly present attractions delightfully amusing and attractive. Our friends should not fail to stop in Baltimore, since I am sure they would not regret the time spent in doing so.

Boat clubs are being formed, which, with cricket and base ball, give a healthy and invigorating exercise to the young men of our midst. I will give an account of this sort of amusement in my next; for the present you must be content to read "*thus much and no more*" from your invalid correspondent.

Speaking of enterprise, I may state the fact that two very important railroad enterprises are now under full headway. The one is the construction of a railroad from Washington to Point of Rocks, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Harper's Ferry; and the other is the completion of the Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad, between Pittsburg and Cumberland—the latter also a point on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 178 miles west of Baltimore. The Point of Rocks road will be 40 and 50 miles long. It is 70 miles now from Baltimore to Point of Rocks, and 91 miles from Washington to Point of Rocks by the present railroad. By the new road it will only be 40 or 50 miles from Washington to Point of Rocks. It is being built by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. These new roads will soon be completed and in good running order.

A few more new novels are in existence. First, the "Banker's Secret," by J. F. Smith, and published by Dick & Fitzgerald, 18 Ann street, New York. This is an excellent and exciting work, and should only be read to be appreciated.

"The Lover's Trials; or, The Days before the Revolution," by Mrs. Mary A. Dennison; from the publishing house of T. B. Peterson & Brother, 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. I will quote from page 197 of this well conceived novel:

"Ruth's face in contrast to the dead black of her garment, seemed like marble of the purest, clearest lustre. No trace of color—almost no trace of life. Never once were her blue eyes lifted; the long lashes seemed as if glued to the cheek. With folded hands upon her bosom, and glittering wavy hair flowing, in token of humiliation, so woe-begone she looked, and yet so saintly, that as she moved along the aisle, sobs sounded all over the house. But when Ruth had gained the stopping place, and turned towards the pulpit, half her anguish was gone. It must have been that some supporting angel held an arm beneath her, for now the sweet features seemed as calm, even as firm as sculptured marble; the eyes were nearly closed, and a light as from heaven appeared to glorify her and her fair shining hair. Her hands were raised a little, and tightly locked together, as if in supplication," etc.

"The Red Court Farm," by Mrs. Henry Wood, will soon be issued by the same publishing house. If in keeping with all the author's works, it must be interesting.

"The Illustrated Life and Public Services of Maj. Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, the Hero of the Shenandoah Valley, Five Forks, &c.," and Dickens' best book, "Our Mutual Friend," from advanced sheets, will be published by Messrs. T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, on November 11th inst. This work is one of Dickens' best novels, completed and unabridged, with all the illustrations to match their previous editions of this popular author's writings. I predict for "Our Mutual Friend," a very generous reception, which I have no doubt it will receive.

In my next you may look for *news*, and an account of my *tour*. HENRY J. HOWARD.

Jackson County News.

[From the Carbondale Era.]

THE CROPS.—Verily this section of Egypt is blessed with abundance this season. The wheat crop, though not a large one, could by no means be complained of, while the quality of what was produced was excellent. The like of the corn crop was hardly ever seen before—it is immense. We venture to say the yield of this cereal in Jackson and surrounding counties is larger than ever known before by the "oldest inhabitant." The cotton crop is the largest ever raised in Illinois, and is rarely excelled in what is known as the cotton States. The product per acre this year will range from 1,000 to 1,500 pounds seed cotton. The quality is good, is first rate, as compared with upland cotton in the South. We have heard it estimated that Jackson county alone will produce 10,000 bales, while Perry, Williamson, Saline and Union counties will more than double this amount. The weather this fall has been peculiarly favorable for maturing and opening the bolls. We have had no killing frost yet, and all the late bolls are maturing, and will be as good as the early ones, thus making the yield extra heavy. There are now six gins in town running constantly, and they cannot dispose of the cotton even now as fast as it comes to market. Wagons are continually arriving in town loaded with the staple, and our buyers are eager to meet them. The price has ranged from 10 cents to 12½ cents per pound for seed cotton, the latter figure for one load only, so far as we can learn. Suppose Jackson county produces only 8,000 bales, and that the price per pound is only 50 cents, the enormous sum of $1,800,000 will be brought into the county in a single season for one of her products alone! Is there a more flattering field for the agriculturist or the capitalist? Verily, the future of Egypt generally, and Jackson county particularly, is bright.

THE LATEST

TELEGRAMS

Reported expressly for the Daily Times.

CALEB CUSHING'S MISSION NOT DIPLOMATIC.

Pierre Soule Pardoned.

The Liberals Attack Matamoras.

South Carolina not to be Regarded as a Loyal State.

English Capitalists Returned Home.

More About Jeff. Davis.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1—A special to the Tribune dated Washington 31st, says Brevet Maj. Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, late chief of Gen. Terry's staff, commanding at Richmond, has resigned his commission in the army and returned to the editorship of the Hartford Press.

Mr. Cushing's mission to Europe for the Government is purely and entirely professional and not diplomatic as had been extensively circulated.

A special to the Times says to-day that the President has pardoned Pierre Soule.

Brig Gen. Swayne, Commissioner of freedmen of Alabama, is in Washington, accompanied by Gov. Parsons, with a view to obtain executive sanction to certain measures of policy relative to the affairs of that State, and also to obtain teachers for the freedmen, who are loudly demanded.

Gen. Swayne represents the people of Alabama as favorably disposed to the introduction of Northern capital and energy, and that the opportunities for favorable investments are very great. Large numbers of officers and soldiers retiring from the army are not leaving the State, but are purchasing plantations and becoming permanent residents.

By an order from the Q. M. General, the attention of officers on duty in the several military departments, is called to the great number of animals belonging to the United States, in the possession of persons who have no legal title or rightful claim to them. Such animals will be seized where found and turned over to the nearest Quartermaster. Upon the affidavit of parties from whom the property is taken, that they have reason to believe their title valid, and that they will produce evidence to prove it their property, will be detained in custody until a thorough investigation is made. Persons in possession of disputed property must show their title thereto by virtue of some authorized Government sale, indicated by the brand I. C., or by the receipt of some duly authorized Government officer.

Jeff Davis has ordered a new beaver-cloth overcoat of a merchant tailor in this city, who was his old-time servitor. The manufacturer of the garment commenced this morning from measurement taken in 1860, and insists on an advance payment, leaving Jeff Davis to take all chances.

The Washington Monument Association will go before Congress this winter for another appropriation.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The steamer Saxonia, from Bremen, has arrived. News anticipated. She has over 700 passengers.

The Matamoras correspondence of the Herald of the 12th ult., states that the attack by the Liberals on Matamoras commenced on the Sunday previous, and the fact of their being led up in three lines of battle led to the belief that they were commanded by American officers, as they never formed in that way before. The Liberals held their ground, and the most constant vigilance by the garrison only prevents its being nightly surprised. All communication with the interior is shut off.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—It seems, from recently received official intelligence, that the reorganization in Arkansas has progressed quietly, and is a success. President Johnson has informed the Governor of that State that there will be no interference with its government, and not only does he invite the State to resume its former realations with the Federal Government, but promises it all the aid of the powers of the Government in the premises.

Hon. James L. Orr, Governor elect of South Carolina, was pardoned some weeks ago, but as that State has not repudiated the rebel debt, she has failed to prepare herself for official recognition as a State loyal to the Union.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Scotia has sailed, taking Sir Morton Peto and party and seventy thousand dollars in specie.

The Tribune's Washington special says of Jeff. Davis' trial: Messrs. Speed, Rosseau, Evarts, and others, counsel for the Government, announced in New York papers as positively determined on, was true in Aug., but it is not true now. Public opinion has changed since then. It is admitted as a fact that any trial in a Southern State would be a farce; that the Southern States unanimously desire his pardon; that the majority of the Democratic party have expressed the same wish. It is believed it will be taken for granted that a majority of the nation, are opposed to his punishment.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Post's special Washington correspondent says that the contractors for the extension of the library in the capitol building will not be able to finish the work by the first of January, as engaged, though it is proceeding with all possible dispatch. Large additions have been made to the library since the last Congress.

The Secretary of the Treasury has informed the Assistant Treasurer at New York that new gold certificates, of the denomination of one hundred and one thousand dollars, will be sent to the city early next week. The two, five and five hundred dollar notes may not be ready for some time. It is intended to begin the issue of the certificates to depositors next week.

Old Dr. Moriarty, of Philadelphia, delivered an address at Irving Hall last night, favoring the independence of Ireland and its annexation to the United States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The Naval court-martial, of which Admiral Farragut is President, convened today, and Col. Marston, of the Marine Corps, was arraigned before the court on a charge of misapplying the money of new recruits placed in his hands. It is said that he plead guilty, &c., to the charge, and was allowed two days to prepare a statement in extenuation of his offense.

The President has appointed Col. John P. Taggart Internal Revenue Collector for the First District of Pennsylvania, in place of Mr. Hanning, deceased. There were at least twenty other applicants for the position, some of them strongly backed by political influence. Col. Taggart commanded one of the Pennsylvania regiments during the late war, and for some time past has been connected with the Washington correspondence of the Philadelphia Inquirer, and is highly esteemed as a courteous and estimable gentleman.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The fire in the 6,000 or 7,000 tons of coal in the Metropolitan Gas Company's yard, which began last Friday and was supposed to have been extinguished, has again broken out.

To-night is the time fixed by the musicians employed in the theatres of this city for demanding, for the third time, higher wages. Some of the theatres, possibly all, may be without music; as, in case of a refusal of the employers to succumb, they will probably refuse their services.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Up to 3 o'clock today no decision has been arrived at in the Wirz case. Tremendous efforts are being made to induce the President to exercise clemency, and imprison him for life.

To-day the Post Office Department begins to open the bids for carrying the mails on some 800 routes, in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Florida. Bids will be received until 3 o'clock this afternoon. The Postmaster General has until the 15th to decide on the bids. But as few have been received thus far, the bidders will doubtless be announced before that time.

The Tunis Embassy remained within doors yesterday. To-day, by invitation of the military authorities, they visit the freedmen's villages on the Arlington estate.

Lieut. Gen. Grant has rented the private residence built by John C. Breckenridge while Vice President, and adjoining that owned by the late Senator Douglass.

The Herald's dispatch says that speculations that Gen. Meigs will shortly be relieved from the Quartermaster-Generalship of the army are again obtaining in gossip of military circles, and it is now almost positively stated that Gen. Robert Allen or Gen. Ingalls is to succeed to that office.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—The remains of Col. Ulrich Dahlgren laid in state in Independence Hall during last night, and the funeral services took place this morning. The Rev. J. P. Wilson, D. D., of Newark, N. J., delivered an impressive sermon, and the remains were then removed from the Hall to Laurel Hill, escorted by six companies of the First Army Corps, two companies of marines and city troops, which acted as a guard of honor.

Among the distinguished mourners were Admiral Dahlgren and Generals Meade, Humphrey and Mayor Henry.

ROCKLAND, ME., Nov. 1.—The statue of Maj. Gen. Hiram G. Birney was erected to-day by the Masonic fraternity. The weather was auspicious and the ceremonies impressive. The Fire Companies of the city, and several thousand citizens, headed by bands of music, turned out to honor the occasion. An eloquent address was made by Rev. Nathaniel Benton, of Camden.

BIDDEFORD, ME., Nov. 1.—The oil-cloth factory of A. Falsom & Son, in this city, was burned early this morning. Loss $80,000, of which only about $12,000 was insured, principally in Hartford, Conn. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—One of the largest counterfeiting establishments yet known by the police, was discovered in Brooklyn, and broken up yesterday.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Mobile Tribune publishes an address to the planters of Alabama dated at Montgomery, Oct. 18, and signed by Collings Hall, Geo. W. Stone, Geo. Goldmade J. A. Carlton and Wm. O. Baldwin, whose advice is as follows:

"The result of the recent war, so disastrous to the South, has been a revolution of your entire labor system. The four hundred thousand blacks who were recently your slaves, and subject to your will in their every movement, are no longer under your individual control. Heretofore you have been accustomed to direct their labor by your sovereign mandate, now you command it only by contract. This being the relations, which are new to both races, both you and the blacks find it difficult to accomodate yourselves to this mighty change.

The black man is dazzled if not intoxicated with the view of freedom suddenly thrust upon him, while the white man is more or less oppressed with the thought that this elemen of his wealth is swept from him. The ignoran black man has in too many instances fallen into the delusion that freedom means exemption from nominal labor, and the white man, discouraged by the indolence, and in many cases the insolence of the negro, has exhibited symptoms of despondency bordering on apathy."

The Richmond Enquirer is revived by the Messrs. Tyler, its late proprietors, and Colman, and has a salutatory in which its editors say that the cause for which they contended has gone down for ever, and adds: "The oath of allegiance, taken by ourselves in common with our fellow-citizens, has a far different significance than the same oath could have had before the unsettled question of supremacy between States and Federal Governments had been decided by the arbitrament of war. Now we acknowledge allegiance, first to the Union. Before we held obedience to be due first to the State. The same honesty and sincerity which made the sons of Virginia brave the dangers of battle and suffer uncomplainingly the hardships of four years of war, will make them faithful to their oath of allegiance."

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—The Post's Washington special says that Secretary McCulloch's statement of the public debt for October, will be ready to-night. It makes a favorable exhibit of the condition of the finances.

Secretary Seward and the French Minister have had two interviews this week.

An order mustering several general officers out of the service, will be issued on Friday.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Two large shoe manufactories, in South Boston, belonging to Messrs. John Hart & Co., shoe dealers at 114 Pearl street, in this city, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning. Loss about $100,000, on which there is some insurance.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The steamer Vera Cruz, from Vera Cruz, 22d of October and Havana 27th, has arrived, and reports that between Lawrence and Cary's Fort Light House she saw nine vessels on the reef, one of them a large screw steamer, apparently American, about five miles south of Cary's Fort, and surrounded by wreckers.

The lake of Percuca, immediately adjoining the city of Mexico, was, on the 2d of October, within one inch of the level of the city. If the rains had continued a few hours longer great destruction of property would have resulted.

Maximillian and the Empress would leave on a visit to Yucatan, on Nov. 5th.

The railroad between Puebla and the city of Mexico will be completed by the first of next May.

A convoy from Apagau Juata had arrived at Mexico, with $900,000 in silver currency.

A phenomena occurred in the Valley of Mexico, October 6. Five large streams of water burst suddenly from a mountain, which, if they do not diminish in volume, will form a considerable river.

An ex-rebel named Mitchell had rented a plantation in the State of San Luis Potosi, and would plant 5,000 acres of cotton next season.

A railroad train was plundered by robbers not far from Vera Cruz, and an officer and nine men of the Foreign Legion captured. It was said that Marshal Bazine would despatch a powerful force to put an end to these outrages. Three hundred of Feguor's band are said to have been routed by the citizens and soldiers of Cajalea, near that place, and recount the killing of 37 and capturing of 68 prisoners.

Illinois Items.

Henry Hill, a watchman on the steamer Savannah, had his head fatally crushed, at the wharf at Rock Island, on Thursday night, by the pitman striking him. He died almost instantly.

The stable connected with Headried's hotel, in Carrollton, Green county, in this State, was entirely destroyed by fire on the 24th inst. Nine horses perished in the flames. The fire speedily communicated to the adjoining buildings. Several stables were standing close together, most of them belonging to the hotels, in the rear of which they were. The barn of Alfred Hinton, proprietor of the Hinton House, was the largest building destroyed. It was worth over two thousand dollars, and, in addition, contained a vast amount of corn and hay. Mr. Hinton was not insured. Messrs. John Headrick, J. Hartner, J. B. Sturgeon and H. Grace are the losers. They are partially insured. The total loss is about six thousand dollars.

The Peoria *Transcript* says that in the alley nearly opposite the Post Office in that city, may be seen an apple tree in full blossom. The leaves have nearly all disappeared, and the white and purple blossoms, standing out on the tips of the almost naked branches, present a curious spectacle. Jacob Powell, of Whiteside county, recently gathered several quarts of ripe, luscious raspberries of second growth. The Lacon *Gazette* speaks of seeing within a week, green strawberries, and strawberries in blossom. In the orchard of Geo. Burt, Whitfield, Marshall county, an apple and two pear trees were lately in full blossom, and Mr. Burt, the other day, picked a pint of second growth of raspberries. An adjoining orchard has also apple trees in full blossom, and one tree shows green apples, the size of hickory nuts. Recollect that this is the 25th of October, and in the northern section of Illinois. Nature is nearly as green as midsummer.

MASONIC REUNION.—We find the following in the special dispatches of the Chicago *Times* from Springfield: "The grand national reunion of the Masonic fraternity, for which arrangements are being made, will probably be located at Peoria, so it is thought by Masons in the central part of the State." Should the arrangement be made to have the proposed convention meet in this city, we can assure the delegates that they would receive a cordial and fraternal welcome from the brothers of the Order resident here, and we know of no place that would better accomodate them. A hearty greeting "with the latch-string out" would be extended to all who would attend, should Peoria be fixed upon as the honored place of convocation.—*Peoria Sentinel.*

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

OLD TOM BIGGS' OYSTERS.

XX Per Can, 70 Cents.

XXX (as large as Saucers, for Frying) $1.00.

At TOM BIGGS' OYSTER CELLAR,
nov2d2t 95 Ohio Levee.

FOR MEMPHIS.

The superb steamer,

SUPERIOR,

H. S. DEXTER.....Master,
JACK GRAMMER.....Clerk,

Leaves THIS EVENING for the above and intermediate

Republic of Mexico.

Twenty-year Coupon Bonds in sums of $50, $100, $500 and $1,000.

Interest Seven per cent., Payable in the City of New York.

Principal and interest payable in

GOLD.

$10,000,000 to be sold at SIXTY CENTS on the dollar in U. S. currency, thus yielding an interest of Twelve per cent. in Gold, or Seventeen per cent. in currency, at the present rate of premium on gold.

The first year's interest already provided. The most

DESIRABLE INVESTMENT EVER OFFERED.

Immense tracts of Mining and Agricultural Lands; Sixty per cent. of Port Dues, Imposts, and Taxes, in the States of Tamaulipas and San Luis Potosi, and the plighted faith of the said States and the

General Government

Are ALL PLEDGED for the redemption of these Bonds and payment of interest.

THE SECURITY IS AMPLE.

$50 in U. S. currency will buy a 7 per cent. Gold Bond of $50.
$60 in U. S. currency will buy a 7 per cent. Gold Bond of $100.
$300 in U. S. currency will buy a 7 per cent. Gold Bond of $500.
$600 in U. S. currency will buy a 7 per cent. Gold Bond of $1,000.
Let every lover of Republican Institutions buy at least

One Bond.

Circulars forwarded and subscriptions received by JOHN W. CORLIES & CO., and J. N. TIFFT, Financial Agent of the Republic of Mexico, 57 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Subscriptions also received by Banks and Bankers generally throughout the United States. nov2d4t

FOR MEMPHIS, HELENA, VICKSBURG NATCHEZ AND NEW ORLEANS.

The new and elegant passenger steamer

INDIANA.

NEAL.....Master,
COLLINS.....Clerk,

Will leave for New Orleans and all intermediate ports this evening on arrival of the train. nov2-1t

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN DAILY.

1 square, one insertion,.....50 cents
1 do each subsequent insertion,.....25 do
2 do same rate with 10 per cent. discount.
3 do do do do 20 do do
4 do same rate with 25 per cent. discount.

Longer advertisements contracted for at reasonable rates.

For "Wants," "Lost," &c., see elsewhere.

The following diagram represents

Ten lines Nonpareil

A SQUARE.

Steamboat advertisements, including editorial notice, $2 for the first insertion, and $1 for each subsequent insertion.

The above rates will not interfere with contracts already made.

NOTICE.

SHADE TREES! SHADE TREES!!

Maple, Elm, Pecan, Walnut, Cottonwood and other Ornamental Trees furnished, planted and boxed in a workmanlike manner. Now is the time to plant. Leave orders with P. CHAPMAN, P. O. News Depot, or B. J. THORNDIKE, 20th St., between Poplar & Washington Avenue.
novl1dlw

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 59.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18, 1865.

EXTRACT.

I. Considering the great expense and surplus number of Commissioned Officers of the V. R. C., and the great dissatisfaction arising among the enlisted men of said Corps, it is hereby ordered to be mustered out of service, to take effect December 5th, 1865. Officers of the Corps will cease to issue clothing in kind to enlisted men of the Corps. The payment of the Veteran Reserve Corps is hereby ordered to be stopped until the muster-out is complete.

By order of Secretary of War.

[Signed] E. D. TOWNSEND,
Ass't Adjutant General.

BOARDING.—NICE AND QUIET

PRIVATE BOARDING,
PRIVATE BOARDING,
PRIVATE BOARDING,

For a few gentlemen, or gentleman and wife, at the brick house corner of 14th Street and Commercial Avenue.
novl1dlw

AUCTIONEER.

F. G. CHAPMAN

Auctioneer and General Agent,

Offers his services to all who may need them, in this and adjoining States. Will attend to all out-of-doors sales, and receive, store, and sell on consignment.

Orders addressed to Drawer 1,185, Cairo Post Office, will be promptly attended to. oct20-dtf

Will sell on the premises, No. 38 10th street, in Cairo, November 2d, at 10 o'clock a. m., a large lot of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Consisting of beds, bedding, mattrasses, stoves, carpets, floor matting, chairs, stands, tinware, tableware, cutlery, and the whole outfit of a first class establishment, all of which will be sold for cash and without reserve to the highest bidder.
novl1dlt

Also, on Friday, November 10th, in the town of Sandoval, Illinois, at 10 o'clock a. m., for account of whom it may concern,

116 TOWN LOTS of said town, and
18 ACRES OF IMPROVED LAND,

Adjoining the same. For terms, etc., see bills.
novl1dtd

Also daily, at 2 o'clock p. m., from date, until the whole stock is disposed of, at the "SHANTY STORE," on Sixth street, in this city, a large assortment of first class

Dry Goods and Notions,

Hats, caps, boots, shoes, gaiters, hose, laces, furs, sheetings, shirtings, bonnets, ribbons, etc., etc. Sales cash and no reserve. novl1dtf

Will sell on consignment, at his new salesrooms, east side Commercial Avenue, one door south of 8th street, commencing on Thursday afternoon, October 26th, $50,000 worth of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hosiery, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Domestics, Toilet and Fancy Goods and Notions. Also, a large lot of second-hand furniture, of all styles and classes.

Sales positive and without reserve. Will continue, afternoon and evening, until the whole stock is disposed of. Day sales at 2 P. M, and evening sales at 7 P. M.
oct24-tf

THE CAIRO UNION.

CAIRO UNION
CAIRO UNION
CAIRO UNION
CAIRO UNION

O——U——T,
O——U——T,
O——U——T,
O——U——T,

For sale with or without wrappers, at the Post Office News Stand. novl1dtf

FOR DUVAL'S BLUFF & JACKSONPORT

The elegant passenger and freight steamer

ALBERT PEARCE,

LUKER.....Master.
FELDMAN.....Clerk.

Will leave for above and all intermediate points on White River, on THURSDAY EVENING, November 2nd on arrival of the train. oct31dtd

GOVERNMENT SALE OF

GOVERNMENT SALE OF
GOVERNMENT SALE OF
GOVERNMENT SALE OF
GOVERNMENT SALE OF

PROVISIONS,
PROVISIONS,
PROVISIONS,
PROVISIONS.

There will be offered for sale at

Public Auction
Public Auction
Public Auction
Public Auction

AT THE
AT THE
AT THE
AT THE

U. S. Naval Station, Mound City, Ills.,
U. S. Naval Station, Mound City, Ills.,
U. S. Naval Station, Mound City, Ills.,
U. S. Naval Station, Mound City, Ills.,

ON TUESDAY,
ON TUESDAY,
ON TUESDAY,
ON TUESDAY,

THE 14TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1865,
THE 14TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1865,
THE 14TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1865,
THE 14TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1865,

The following condemned stores:

21,348 Pounds Bread,
7 Barrels Beef,
15 " Flour,
260 Pounds Butter,
630 Gallons Beans.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.