COMMERCIAL.

Finances of Virginia.

It will be seen from the following statement, from the Treasury Office, that the finances of the State are in a very healthy and satisfactory condition:

TREASURY OFFICE OF VIRGINIA.
(At the beginning of the fiscal year.)
BALANCES.
Monday Morning, Oct. 1st, 1860.

On deposit in the Virginia Bank	$85,680 72	
On deposit in the Farmer's Bank	85,759 68	
On deposit in the Exchange Bank	82,867 29	
		$254,307 69
To the credit of the Commonwealth	$129,304 21	
To the credit of the Literary Fund	59,459 93	
To the credit of the Board of Public Works	4,632 13	
To the credit of the Sinking Fund	50,911 42	
		$254,307 69

JOHN S. RADY, First Clerk.

Col. J. M. BENNETT, esq., Auditor Public Accounts of Virginia.

PRICES OF PRODUCE IN ALEXANDRIA.
(FROM CARS, VESSELS, AND WAGONS, (YESTERDAY.)

FLOUR, Super	$5 62½	@	$5 75
Do Extra	6 00	@	6 12½
Do Family	7 00	@	8 00
WHEAT, White	1 30	@	1 45
Do Red	1 20	@	1 30
CORN, White	0 70	@	0 71
Do Mixed	0 68	@	0 70
Do Yellow	0 70	@	0 00
CORN MEAL, ℔ bushel	0 70	@	0 75
OATS	0 30	@	0 32
RYE	0 70	@	0 00
DRIED APPLES	1 25	@	0 00
GREEN APPLES	2 00	@	2 50
IRISH POTATOES	0 40	@	0 50
CLOVER SEED, (retail)	5 75	@	6 25
TIMOTHY SEED	3 00	@	3 50
Herds Grass	1 00	@	1 25
Orchard Grass	1 25	@	0 00
Kentucky Blue Grass	4 00	@	0 00
FLAXSEED	1 40	@	1 45
STRAW, ℔ hundred	0 75	@	1 00
PLASTER, Lump, retail, delivered on Cars	3 50	@	3 75
Do Ground do	6 00	@	0 00
GUANO, Peruvian	57 00	@	00 00
Do Sombrero	30 00	@	00 00
Do Columbian	28 00	@	00 00
Do Mexican white	28 00	@	00 00
Do Mexican A. A	25 00	@	00 00
Do Mexican A	20 00	@	00 00
Do African	40 00	@	00 00
Do Fowle & Co.'s Soluble Phosphatic	50 00	@	00 00
Do Elide	40 00	@	00 00
Do Jarvis Island	40 00	@	00 00
Do Manipulated	45 00	@	50 00
Do American Company's	35 00	@	40 00
Do Reeses' Manipulated	30 00	@	00 00
Do Swann Island	42 00	@	00 00
Do Baker's Island	35 00	@	40 00
Excelsior DeBurg	48 00	@	00 00
Super Phosphates	45 00	@	00 00
Bone Dust	30 00	@	40 00
SALT, Fine	1 87½	@	2 12½
Do Ground Alum	1 20	@	1 25
Do Turks Island ℔ bushel	0 25	@	0 00
WOOL, common unwashed	0 23	@	0 25
Do do washed	0 36	@	0 37
Do Merino unwashed	0 25	@	0 30
Do do washed	0 38	@	0 43
BUTTER, Roll, ℔ lb	0 10	@	0 18
Do Firkin	0 10	@	0 14
EGGS	0 10	@	0 12
BACON, Hog Round	0 11½	@	0 12½
Bacon Shoulders	0 11	@	0 00
Bacon Sides	0 13	@	0 00
PORK	7 00	@	7 50
LARD, in Kegs	0 13	@	0 14
WHITE BEANS	1 00	@	0 00
BLACK-EYED PEAS	1 25	@	1 27
HAY ℔ 100 lbs	0 56	@	0 60
Whiskey	0 24	@	0 25
Do	0 28	@	0 30

REMARKS.—The market is moderately active, with light offerings. Flour is firm, with sales of superfine, by the dray-load, at $5.65@$5.75; wholesale price $5.62½. Very light transactions in Extra and Family. Wheat is in fair request, but the receipts are light. We quote white at 130@145c., and red at 125@135c., for fair to good. Sales of damaged white at 130c. Corn is improving, and we now quote white at 70@71c. Rye quiet, at 70c. Oats 30c., and dull. Groceries in brisk demand and orders firm; the sales to Country dealers are large. The stocks in first hands are well kept up, and in prices we have no change to note. Fertilizers continue to move off briskly. Plaster is in fair request. Wool is wanted, and prices steady, though unchanged. Flaxseed is in good demand, and Broom Corn wanted.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 3.—Flour is steady. Wheat is active; red 130@135c. Corn firm: mixed 65@66c; white and yellow 68@72c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Lard lower; closing at 13c. Coffee firm. Whiskey steady, at 22@22½c.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Flour is dull and not active; State $5.30@$5.35; Ohio $5.75@$6.80; Southern $5.80@$6. Wheat firm: shippers are unwilling to give any advance; Western red 129c. Corn has an advancing tendency: mixed 69c.—Provisions quiet. Whiskey dull at 23½c. Stocks dull and lower. Cumberland Coal Co. 13½. Va. 6s 94½.

Fredericksburg Market, Oct. 3.

Family	$8 50	@	$9 00
City Mills, extra	7 00	@	7 25
do do superfine	6 00	@	6 50
Wheat, white, (new)	1 40	@	1 45
Wheat, red, (new)	1 30	@	1 35
Corn	0 70	@	0 72
Oats	0 30	@	0 35

The following is the number of barrels of flour inspected in the town of Fredericksburg, for the week ending the 30th September, 1860:

Family	668 bbls.
Extra	8,092 "
Superfine	1,272 "
Fine	215 "
Middlings	159 "
Total	10,406

JOHN GROTZ, Inspector.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3d.—The receipts of Flour and Grain to day foot up as follows: Flour 19,066 bbls.; Wheat 70,112 bushels; Corn, 19,092 bushels.

NOTICE.—The members of the RELIEF FIRE COMPANY are requested to meet at the Engine House, at 2 o'clock THIS AFTERNOON, to attend the funeral of their late fellow fireman, JAS. E. GREEN. Members will please be punctual.
JOHN W. GREEN, President.
GEO. T. WARFIELD, Sec'y.

FIRST WARD UNION CLUB.—A regular meeting of the First Ward Union Club will be held on Friday evening, at Relief Hall. A full attendance is desired.
oct 4—2t GEO. T. WARFIELD, Sec'y.

UNION MEETING AND POLE RAISING.—The BELL and EVERETT men will hold a meeting at VIENNA STATION, on SATURDAY, October 6th, at which time a Bell and Everett Pole will be raised.
Messrs. THOMAS and DULANY of Fairfax, and E. SNOWDEN and FRS. L. SMITH, esqs., of Alexandria, and others, are expected to address the meeting.
The CLUBS of Alexandria, Washington and Georgetown are invited to attend.
The LADIES are also cordially invited.
Arrangements will be made with the Cars to enable all to return to the Cities the same evening.
COME ONE—COME ALL!
By order of the
COM. OF ARRANGEMENTS.
sep 27—eo3t

ORANGE AND ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, will be held at the office of this Company in Alexandria, on Thursday, the 1st day of November next.
oct 4—eotd J. H. REID, Clerk.
[Lynchburg, Charlottesville, and Warrenton papers copy.]

NOTICE.—I hereby forewarn all persons from harboring or crediting my wife, AGNES M'CARTHY, who has left my bed and board without cause, as I will pay no debts of her contracting and will enforce the law against any one harboring her.
oct 4—eo3t* JOHN McCARTHY.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that John J. Hooper is no longer in my employ, and is not authorized to collect money or transact any business whatever for me.
oct 4—d3t* H. S. MARTIN.

100 BBLS. prime EASTERN HERRING, in store, and for sale by
oct 3 THOMAS PERRY.

Letter from Leesburg.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.

LEESBURG, VA., October 3.—The second speech before the Central Union Club of Loudoun County, was made last night by Matthew Harrison, esq. It was a glorious enunciation of the true Union sentiment of the people of Loudoun, and if delivered elsewhere in this region, it will rouse the people to a sense of the danger that the artful disunionists are leading the duped Democracy into.

Mr. Harrison went to the root of the matter, and showed that this opposition to the Union and Constitution of these States was no new thing, arising out of the agitation of the slavery question, but the old enemy, beginning with the opposition to the formation of the constitution, and occasionally cropping out and taking advantage of popular phrenzy in order to accomplish the ends that had been determined on before hand. One of its manifestations was in South Carolina in nullification times, and now others were made in the personal liberty bills of the North, and the attempts to exaggerate the causes of dissatisfaction existing at the South.

He quoted the resolution passed by the Charlottesville Convention, denouncing the charges of disunion made against the Breckinridge party, and stated the fact of that resolution having been passed by the single vote of A. L. Rogers, esq., representing the Breckinridge democracy of Loudoun county, and consequently upon a "scale" vote that, had the Loudoun delegate gone the other way, the party would have been resolved into a full blooded disunion party. Mr. Harrison supposed a dissolution of the Union to take place, and placed Virginia according to Yancey's programme in the Northern confederacy at the mercy of the black republicans of the North, and we felt a horror at being in such company and under such control as they would then place us.

He then supposed us to belong to the Southern confederacy, with our immense frontier to guard, and with the full assurance that cotton was king, and we his bulwark against Northern aggression.

He called attention to the fact that we were a grain growing State, that our interests were with the whole Union, and not with the South specially; that we had subjects of taxation which the cotton States did not have, and that being in a hopeless minority, we would have to bear the burdens of direct taxation until we could groan under them.

He closed with a happy allusion to the common battle grounds of the revolution, and to the common blood, and common treasure which had won for us our great and beneficent government.

Just before Mr. Harrison commenced his speech, John Janney esq., offered a preamble and resolution, which will be published, and which were unanimously adopted by a standing vote.

I think the prospect for a large vote is becoming much clearer, and all that we want to insure a large majority, is a full vote.—Can you tell me why the democracy are so silent in our county? Do they fear that their sentiments are distasteful to the people of Loudoun, and are they afraid of stirring up the hornets nest? Where are the Douglas and Breckinridge electors, Congressional Senatorial, and County, and why are they dumb? With the exception of Chancellor, they have been mute, unless I except the border foray of my friend Hunter, made without notice, to the Gum Spring, last Saturday, and where I suppose, from what I have heard, that he met his match fully.

Yours, ALIQUIS.

MARRIED.

At Trinity Church, on Tuesday, October 2d, by the Rev. C. M. Butler, JULIUS H. BERRET, to ALICE ST. CLAIR SETTLE, all of Washington.

OBITUARY.

Only a brief sketch of the character of Dr. FRANK T. GRADY, of Loudoun county, Va., having appeared, this further, though feeble, tribute to his memory, it is hoped will not be regarded as superfluous. He departed this life on the morning of Tuesday, 18th September, after a lingering illness of nearly seven months, during which there was but little respite from acute suffering. His disease was of a character calculated to depress the stoutest heart, yet he exhibited an admirable tranquility and Christian fortitude, in keeping with his past life. It was astonishing to behold his composure under sufferings which unnerved his friends, and even in the awful hour and article of death, he illustrated the unselfishness of his nature, by seeming to wish to give as little trouble as possible to his attendants. Racked as he was with pain, he did not (as he could not be expected) exhibit those religious transports sometimes shown, but died peacefully, relying entirely on the merits of his Saviour. A life so pious, noble, and pure, is a sufficient guarantee that he is taken from the evil to come, and that his peaceful spirit has now entered upon its heavenly rest. Yet, how mysterious are the ways of that Providence, who never willingly afflicts! We can but marvel that our Brother should have had the hand of affliction laid so heavily upon him, while so many of the wicked feel no bands in death. It can only be accounted for from the fact that they have their portion in this life. His impulses were generous; "he had a tear for pity, and a hand open as day to melting charity;" he was forgetful of self in his desire to serve others. Surely, never can his family cease to feel his loss, whose affection and indulgence to them knew no bounds. The morning of his burial was cloudy and somewhat rainy; but the weeping of the clouds ceased, and the sun burst forth, gilding his grave during the interment—a circumstance which struck me forcibly, for the clouds of sorrow and pain which lowered upon himself and house during his long illness, yielded to the sunshine of peace, which closed his last hours. Dr. Grady practiced his profession in the same neighborhood, and nearly upon the same spot, as did his father before him. Each had the confidence of the community in an eminent degree. He had recently sold his estate, with a view to a removal; but man may propose, it is with God to dispose. It was not to be that he and his father and daughter were to be divided in death. In close proximity they "rest from their labors, and their works do follow them." J.

Loudoun Co., Oct. 2, 1860.

DIED, On Tuesday evening, the 2nd instant, JAMES T. GREEN, in the 22d year of his age. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend his funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his mother's residence, on Fairfax street, between King and Prince streets.

DIED, in this city, on Wednesday, the 3d inst., Mrs. SARAH RISTON, in the 78th year of her age. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from her former residence, at the corner of Wilkes and St. Asaph streets.

DIED, In Rectortown, Fauquier county, Va., Saturday evening, August 25th, 1860, SARAH M. SAMPSELL, wife of A. J. Sampsell. In less than one hour after giving notice to her husband and family of her illness, her spirit ascended to the bosom of Jesus. It is hard to realize that she will be with us no more. Her bright face and sweet smiles will not soon be forgotten, and many are saddened. But why regret her death?—the Saviour was present with her, and the home to which she has gone is so pure and so untroubled, that it seems a sin to wish the dear one back again. May God bless and comfort the bereft husband and four interesting children, and prepare them to meet her in Heaven. [Leesburg and Winchester papers please copy.]

DIED, In Washington, on Tuesday, the 2d inst., in the 84th year of his age, NICHOLAS L. QUEEN.

10 BBLS. Potomac Herrings
5 bbls. " Shad
20 " new No. 3 Mackerel
20 boxes Eastport Herrings, for sale by
oct 4 NATH'L. BOUSH.

I HAVE employed J. H. MONROE as Agent for me, at my Store, No. 31 Queen street.
sep 18—law6w* GEO. R. PADGETT.

POTCHIMANIA, of new and beautiful designs, just received by ROBT. BELL,
oct 3 61 King-street.

LOCAL ITEMS.

CITY WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—It seems that the authorities of this county, have been acting for the past ten or twelve years without conforming to the law in regard to weights and measures, and have just now conformed the sealing and inspection of weights and measures to the State law upon the subject. At one of the terms of the County Court of Fairfax, held under authority of George II, during the year 1743, a set of weights and measures were ordered conformably to a law passed by the house of Burgesses of the Colony, in 1734. They were manufactured in England, of copper, and brought to Belle-haven by ship in 1744. The measures seem made "not for a day, but for all time," so massive, heavy and cumbersome are they. It requires no little strength to lift the bushel measures, and even the gill cup weighs several pounds. The weights and measures were however correct according to the royal standard, and have sat in judgment on all the weights and measures of this section for *one hundred and sixteen years*. When a Court of Hustings, or Corporation Court was erected at Alexandria in 1783, these weights passed into the possession of that Court, and upon the cession of Alexandria to the vassalage of the District of Colombia, and the consequent dissolution of the Court, the property remained in the hands of the Corporate authorities of the town.

Meanwhile, as Congress neglected to exercise the power to establish "a uniform system of weights and measures," these standards continued to be used: and when in 1854 the National legislature did provide for the construction of standard balances, weights, &c., for each state in the Union, as no standard was provided for the District of Columbia, the use of the standards of 1744 was continued on to retrocession. Since then, as mentioned above, the state law upon the subject seems to have escaped the eye of the Courts of this vicinity, and it has not been until now that our standards of weights have been ordered to conform to those sent to Richmond by the Federal Government, in accordance with the law of Congress, passed in 1854. Heretofore the weights and measures have been sealed by the Clerk of the Market, under the authority of the Corporation. The County Court has now appointed the same gentleman, Mr. THOMAS WHITTINGTON, "Sealer and Inspector of weights and measures," under the authority of the County.

The law under which the weights and measures will hereafter be sealed and inspected, is as follows:

§ 1. The weights, measures and balances received by this state, under a resolution of congress, approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and an act of Congress approved the seventh day of July eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, shall be kept in the capitol in a room to be assigned by the Governor and fitted up for the purpose, under his direction. They shall be the public standards of weights and measures in this state.

§ 2. The clerk of the Council shall be *ex officio* superintendent of the said standards, and have charge of them, until the Governor shall deem it proper to appoint another superintendent, in which case the Governor may allow a reasonable compensation to the person so appointed.

§ 3. The court of every county and corporation shall provide, within one year from the time when this chapter takes effect, and thereafter constantly keep, for the use and at the charge of such county or corporation, the following weights, measures and balances, conformable to the said standards, and sealed by said superintendent, that is to say: Of dry measure, one half bushel, one peck, and one half peck, made of copper, pewter or wood; of wine measure, one gallon, one half gallon, one quart, one pint, one half pint, and one gill, made of copper or pewter; one set of brass weights to four pounds, computed at sixteen ounces to the pound, with suitable scales and steel beam; one set of iron weights from one pound to fifty pounds; also of long measure, one yard, made of brass, copper or steel, and a set of troy weights, from the lowest denomination to eight ounces. All said measures, weights and balances, shall be verified by the superintendent, and sealed by him in a durable manner, according to its true weight, capacity and length.

§ 4. The said weights, balances and measures provided for each county or corporation, shall be kept in such place and by such person as may be appointed by the court; such person to be the sealer of weights and measures for the county or corporation.

§ 5. Once in every ten years, from the time at which they are first sealed, the said sealers of weights and measures shall cause them to be tried and proved by the said public standards, under the direction of the superintendent, and sealed by him anewand if any sealer of weights and measures shall fail to do so, he shall forfeit one hundred dollars.

§ 6. Every sealer of weights and measures shall, at least once in every year, advertise in some convenient newspaper, or put up notifications, in different parts of the county or corporation, of the times and places when and where he will attend, for the purpose of trying and proving such balances, weights and measures as may be brought to him for that purpose. Those which may be found, or can be made to agree with the standards, shall be sealed by him accordingly, and he shall deface and destroy all such as do not and cannot be made to agree therewith.

§ 7. The said sealer for each county or corporation, shall once in every three years go to the houses, stores or shops of every person within the town or county (by whose court he was appointed,) who uses balances, steelyards, platform balances, weights or measures, for the purpose of buying and selling, and who has filled for three years to bring or send them in at the times and places notified by him, and also to all hay scales and platform balances kept for public use; and there try and prove such scales, balances, steelyards, weights or measures, and seal or deface and destroy them, as may be proper. In the cases mentioned in this section, the sealer of weights and measures shall have double the amount of his regular fees.

§ 8. The court may appoint more than one sealer of weights and measures for its county or corporation, and assign to each the district within which he shall act. A full set of weights, measures, and balances, shall be provided for each district, and each sealer shall act only in his own district.

§ 9. The superintendent and each sealer of weights and measures shall have five cents for every weight or measure, or scale beam and balance, and ten cents for each steelyard and the beams and poises thereof, tried, proved, and sealed, or defaced and destroyed by him; the superintendent to be paid by the sealer of weights and measures of the county or corporation for which the service is rendered, and the sealer of weights and measures to be paid by the owners respectively, for whom the service is rendered.

§ 10. The seals, and other things necessary to enable them to perform their duty, shall be procured by the superintendent and the sealers. The cost of such as are procured by the superintendent shall be paid on the order of the Governor, and of such as are procured by a sealer of weights and measures, as also the fees paid by him to the superintendent, shall be a charge on the county or town by whose court he was appointed.

§ 11. A person may call at any time upon the superintendent in Richmond, or a sealer of weights and measures in his county or corporation, to try and prove the weights and measures of such person, he paying therefor the regular fees, or double fees, if the service be rendered at his own house, store, or shop.

§ 12. If any county or corporation court shall refuse to provide and keep the weights, measures, and balances, prescribed by law, every justice sitting when such refusal occurs and concurring therein, shall forfeit one dollar per month thenceforth, until they shall be provided.

§ 13. If the superintendent, or any sealer of weights and measures shall fail to perform any duty imposed on him, he shall forfeit twenty dollars for each offence.

§ 14. If any person shall sell or offer to sell any commodity by, or keep for buying and selling, any scales, balances, steelyards, weights, or measures, not sealed according to law, he shall forfeit for each offence, a sum not exceeding ten dollars.

§ 15. Once in every five years the directors of each bank shall have the weights used in such bank tried, proved, and sealed, either by the superintendent, or a sealer of weights and measures.

§ 16. No tender by any bank in the state, of gold weighed with the weights not so sealed, shall be legal. The payer to, or receiver from, any bank, of gold, may require that it shall be weighed in each scale, and the mean weight resulting therefrom shall be deemed the true weight.

A new set of balances, weights, and measures will be procured from Richmond, and the law carried into effect at an early day.

COUNTY COURT, YESTERDAY.—The County Court opened the third day of its October Term at the Court House at 11 o'clock, yesterday morning;—present: Justice Fowle, presiding, and Associate Justices Price and Beach. The attendance was large, and included a large number of Potomac Pilots.

After the transaction of some civil business of no interest, the Court took up the case of Richard Ball, indicted for piloting a vessel on the Potomac river without a license. The Commonwealth's Attorney appeared for the prosecution, and Messrs. Brent & Kinzer for the defence.

The counsel for the defence moved to quash the indictment, on the ground that it did not set forth the offence as specifically defined by the statue. After argument by counsel the court overruled the motion, and the trial proceeded.

It appeared in evidence that the accused took charge of a schooner called the "Elite" from Savannah bound for Georgetown—in the mouth of St. Mary's river, where that river empties into the Potomac and piloted her to Geargetown. No evidence of a license as a pilot was shown.

After argument by counsel, the jury found the accused guilty. Counsel for defence moved the court to grant a new trial, on the ground that the evidence was contrary to law.

The Presiding Justice said that the majority of the Court believed the verdict contrary to evidence, they would therefore set the verdict aside and grant a new trial. He hoped that the case would be removed to the Circuit Court. The case was one of interest, as settling the interpretation of the new pilot law.

The case of the J. T. Stonebreaker, charged with uttering abolition sentiments, was called and dismissed.

The Court then took up the case of John Charlton, R. Smith and T. Javins, charged with participating in the "Affray" on the 5th of September, in which King was wounded. C. E. Stuart for the Commonwealth; Brent & Kinzer and D. L. Smoot for defence.

After a motion to quash the indictment had been over-ruled, evidence was given similar in purport to that given before the Mayor in the same case, and published in the Gazette several weeks since. The case was then submitted to the jury, with a few remarks by counsel, and, having remained out nearly an hour, they were then called in Court, and declared that they could not agree. The jury stood ten for conviction and two for acquital.

The Court then took up the civil docket, and disposed of several civil cases.

Wm. H. Baily, charged with grand larceny, by stealing $200 and other property of H. Taylor, was brought before Court. The case was dismissed, and the prisoner discharged

The case of Monroe vs Guy was adjudicated by a verdict for the defendant.

And at 6½ o'clock, the Court adjourned until Court in course.

RESIGNATION.—We are sorry to learn that our young friend, Wm. F. Rose, who has, since the completion of the Alexandria Railroad, been one of its most polite, efficient and accommodating conductors, has resigned the position. Hugh was a "regular trump" and no mistake, and it will be difficult to fill his place. In conjunction with his *confreres*, Glasgow, Taylor, Baggarly, and Pauli, the road had as good a set of officers as we have ever traveled with.—*Lynchburg Republican.*

At a meeting of gentlemen, held in the rooms of the Colonization Society of Washington, on Monday, October 1st, to consider what could be done for the distressed Christians in Syria, ladies were selected as a committee to collect all kinds of new and cast off clothing; also, such fabrics as can be converted into wearing apparel and bedclothes, to be sent to Syria.

FIRE.—We learn that the residence of Mr. R. S. Stringfellow, at Raccoon Ford, Culpeper county, was totally destroyed by fire on Monday night last. The fire originated in a barrel of ashes that had been left in the portico, and so rapidly did the flames spread that it was with difficulty that the furniture was saved in a damaged condition.

DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION.—The Democratic Association of this city, Breckinridge wing, held a business meeting at Sarepta Hall, last night, D. S. Blacklock, Vice President, in the Chair. The Chair was authorized to appoint Executive and Finance Committees, and after some other unimportant business, the Association adjourned.

LINCOLN POLE CUT DOWN.—On Saturday last, some Republicans in the neighborhood of Fall's Church, in Fairfax county, erected a pole, and raised upon it the Lincoln and Hamlin flag. On Tuesday the people of the neighborhood assembled and cut the pole down, and destroyed the flag.

J. A. Turner, esq., of Clarke county, Va., who has been travelling in Europe for the last twelve months, passed through this city yesterday, on his way home. Mr. Turner returns in excellent health.

DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON.—There will be a meeting of the Douglas and Johnson Club this evening at 7½ o'clock at Sarepta Hall.—Several speakers will address the meeting.

The Return of the Oyster—A Hard-Shell Lyric.

MUSIC BY FRY.

Strike the resounding lyre—
Bring roses from the plain—
Rejoice ye young—let's all get sprung!
Oysters have come again!

The summer's past away—
Of that I don't complain:
Its flowers have died—but let 'em slide—
Oysters have come again!

I sought for a joy in clams—
Awhile they eased my pain;
But now all clams seem stuff and flams—
Oysters have come again!

Now let us sail with joy
Over life's stormy main;
Crack on the ship and let her rip—
Oysters have come again!

—*N. Y. paper.*

On Thursday last an agricultural Society for Prince George's Co., was organized at Marlboro with the following officers:—President, Clement Hill. Recording Secretary, Henry Brooke. Corresponding Secretary, Edward W. Belt. Treasurer, William A. Jarboe. Walter W. W. Bowie, esq., was appointed to deliver an address, and the chair requested to notify him of his appointment.

David Funsten, esq., of this city, is to address the Breckinridge wing of the Democracy of Loudoun, on Monday next, at Leesburg.

THE CARS ON THE WASHINGTON AND ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD will make an EXTRA TRIP, on THURSDAY, 4th inst., for the accommodation of persons wishing to visit the FIREWORKS, in Washington. The Omnibuses connecting will leave the ground soon after the Fireworks are over. E. S. BOYNTON,
oct 4—1t Supt. Alex. and Wash. R. R.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Little River Turnpike Road Company, will be held at the office of the Farmers' Bank of Virginia, at Alexandria, on Thursday, October 4, 1860.
sep 20—eotd W. H. MARBURY, Treasurer.

FOR SALE.—The subscriber has for sale several YEARLINGS and BUCK LAMBS, very fine animals of Mr. R. H. Dulaney's celebrated stock. Price from 15 to 25 dollars.
S. T. STUART, Chantilly, Va.
Fairfax County, sep 27—eo2w

POSTSCRIPT

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

The Prince of Wales.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 3.—The royal party arrived here at quarter past eleven last night. At all important points of the road after leaving Pittsburg large crowds had collected to see the train pass. Wherever the train stopped the Baron showed himself on the platform of the rear car for the gratification of the assemblages.

On descending the mountains, the Prince and his friends rode upon the locomotive to obtain a better view of the magnificent scenery of the eastern slope of the Alleghanies, appearing to be much gratified.

At Altoona the party was welcomed by a large crowd, who cheered with much enthusiasm. The valley of the Juniata was traversed by the light of a full moon.

On the arrival of the train here, the party were received by a large and enthusiastic gathering, and proceeded to the quarters prepared at Jones' House. They leave here at nine this morning for Washington via Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—At Harrisburg, last night, Baron Renfrew was serenaded by a crowd of thousands, including a large number of ladies, who were anxious to catch a glimpse of him.

The Prince arrived at Baltimore at 1.30, and passed through the streets which were thronged with people, in an open carriage, escorted by the Mayor and City Council. The greatest enthusiasm was manifested.

ARRIVAL AT WASHINGTON.

The Prince and suite arrived at Washington at 3.30, and were received by Gen. Cass, Secretary of State, and the nephew and private Secretary of the President. A large crowd assembled at the depot to await the arrival of the Prince. He was hastily conveyed to the White House in the President's close carriage to the great disappointment of thousands of anxious spectators. There was no external demonstration whatever.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER CONNAUGHT.

ST. JOHNS, Oct. 3.—The steamer Connaught, from Galway, with dates to the 25th, has arrived.

Ancona had been bombarded for nine hours by Sardinian ships.

Victor Emmanuel had determined to proceed to Naples.

COMMERCIAL.—Cotton on Monday and Tuesday was quiet and steady. Sales of 1700 bales Breadstuffs were firm, at full rates. Corn firm; mixed 35s 6d Provisions quiet and steady.—Consols unchanged.

Affairs in Boston.

BOSTON, Oct., 2.—In the United States District Court to day Thomas Morgan, late master of the slave bark Orion, pleaded guilty. His sentence was postponed. Morgan was not indicted under the piracy act, which involves capital punishment, but is only subject to fine and imprisonment Byron Chamberlain, mate of the Orion, pleaded not guilty, and his trial has commenced.

The Duke of Newcastle has written Mayor Lincoln that the Prince of Wales will attend the ball in his honor at the Boston Theatre, October 18.

Large numbers of clergymen and others interested in missions, are hourly arriving to participate in the foreign mission jubilee which commences here to-morrow. The jubilee will continue three days, and the exercises on the occasion are expected to be of unusual interest.

Wide Awake delegations from Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts, left by rail and steamboat, having this afternoon to join the demonstration in New York to-morrow night.

Maine Breckinridge and Lane State Convention.

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 2.—The Breckinridge and Lane Democratic State convention assembled here to-day, to nominate an electoral ticket, and organize as the regular democratic party of the State.

Resolutions were adopted endorsing Mr. Buchanan's administration; repudiating the "squatter sovereignty" doctrines of Stephen A. Douglas; proclaiming that it is the duty of Congress to protect all the constitutional rights of property in the territories, and in favor of the Pacific railroad, &c.

A full electoral ticket was nominated.

The Florida Election.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 3.—A private dispatch to a gentleman at Columbus, Ga., reports the result of the election in Escambia county to be overwhelmingly in favor of the Bell and Everett candidates for Governor, Congressmen and the Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 3.—Returns from Fernandina give Milton for Governor a majority over Hopkins of 150. Hilton for Congress, has a majority over Allen, of 155. In Baldwin's precinct, Duval county, the Breckinridge candidate has a majority.

Affairs in Albany.

ALBANY, Oct. 2.—Three or four murderers are at present in jail here, charged with brutal murders. Judge Gould to-day declined to try any of these cases, giving as a reason that, under the and unsatisfactory law passed last winter, conviction is impossible.

The Anti-Rent Convention held here to-day nominated John J. Slingeland, republican, for County Treasurer, and John Ball, republican, for the Second Assembly district.

Kentucky Politics.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct., 2.—The Kentucky State Central and State Executive committees of the Union party publish an address recommending the Bell-Everett men in Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania to disregard the gubernatorial candidates in their respective states, and throw their votes in such a manner as best to prevent the success of Lincoln and Hamlin.

Movements of Governor Johnson.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 3.—Ex-Governor H. V. Johnson addressed a meeting in the Sixth street Market last night. He adhered to the principles of "non-intervention." A Republican asked him whether he would consider the election of Mr. Lincoln a sufficient cause for a dissolution of the Union, to which he replied emphatically, "No" The meeting was large and enthusiastic.

The Death of Walker.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 3.—By an arrival from Havana, files of the Diario, containing full accounts of the execution of Walker, have been received. Walker died with fortitude, professing his faith in the Catholic religion, and saying that his war on Honduras was wrong, and that he was alone to blame, and that he accepted death with resignation.

Connecticut Town Elections.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 2.—The town meetings for the choice of selectmen, who are inspectors of elections, took place to-day in most of the towns in this state. Twenty-four of the twenty-eight towns heard from have elected republican town officers.

New Jersey Politics.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 3.—The Breckinridge men of the fifth district of New Jersey have nominated Nehemiah Perry for Congress—Mr. Perry is also the candidate of the Bell and Everett party.

Elections in Michigan.

DETROIT, Oct. 2.—An election for legislative and local officers in the Upper Peninsula was held on the 25th of September, and resulted in the election of the entire Democratic tickets in Mackinac, Chippewa, Houghton, Wahoughton, and Marquette Counties. Joseph Coulter was elected State Senator—a Democratic gain.

Tea Sale in New York.

New York, Oct. 3.—At the large tea sale to-day. Young Hysons were lower, but other descriptions were well sustained.

For Europe.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—The steamer Europa sailed hence to-day for Liverpool, taking $100,000 in specie.

1860. ALMANAC. 1860.

TENTH MONTH. OCTOBER.	SUN rises.	SUN sets.	MOON'S PHASES.	D.	H.	M.
4 Thursday	6 16	5 44				
5 Friday	6 17	5 43	Last qr.	7	6	15 E.
6 Saturday	6 18	5 42	New	14	9	49 M.
7 Sunday	6 19	5 41	First qr.	21	9	24 M.
8 Monday	6 21	5 39	Full	29	2	4 E.
9 Tuesday	6 22	5 38	HIGH WATER.			
10 Wednesday	6 23	5 37	Oct'r 4	—h.	—m.	

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA—OCTOBER 3.

ARRIVED.

Schr. Elizabeth, Dent, Stafford, wheat to C. F. Suttle & Co.

SAILED.

Steamship Monticello, Gager, New York, by Fowle & Co.

Barque Petro, Sturges, City Point, in tow of steam-tug Tempest, by B. H. Lambert.

Schr. Wm. Allen, Grant, Boston, by American Coal Co.

Schr. F. J. Brognard, Williams, Providence, by American Coal Co.

Schr. David Hale, Conklin, New York, by American Coal Co.

Schr. Golden Rule, Atchison, Groten, by American Coal Co.

Schr. Only Daughter, Falkinburg, Boston, by Borden Mining Co

Schr. Wm. Mason, Staples, Dighton, by T. J. Mehaffey.

Schr. Mary Ann Hetty, Jones, Norfolk, by T. J. Mehaffey.

Schr. Motive, Rosenbrook, Philadelphia, by Frostburg Coal Co.

MEMORANDA.

Schrs. Delaware, Gibbs; S. F. Solliday, Seaman; J. H. Dixon, Travers; Colorado, Sheppard, and Annie Virginia, Wheatley, for Washington, cleared at Philadelphia, 1st inst.

Schr. Palestine, Cambern, for this port, sailed from Providence, 30th ult.

Schr. Herndon, Gaskill, sailed from New York, for Washington, D. C., 2d inst.

Schrs. J. Tinker, Smith, and Marshal Perrin, Gibbs, hence at Boston, 1st inst.

Schr. C. Anderson, Bowker, sailed from Wareham, for this port, 26th ult.

PASSENGER LIST of the steamship Monticello, Gager, which sailed from this port yesterday afternoon, for New York:—Thos. Burns, Miss E. Burns, J. T. Rogers, Miss D. Deets, Thos. Williams, Miss Mary Vandenburg, L. D. McCormick, Mr. Cole and lady, Capt. Morley, Geo. Gager, Miss Mary C Gould, Geo. H. Diggs.

CANAL COMMERCE.

ARRIVED, October 3.

Boats R. Gregory, John Huddleston, and Lily Dale, to American Coal Co.

Boats E.