ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.--NOVEMBER 20, 1860.

To the People of Virginia.

I intend to address my friends and fellow-citizens of my native state in the city of Alexandria, on Thursday evening, the 22d inst., at Liberty Hall, at 7½ o'clock, on the duty and necessity of rebuking fanaticism, and preserving and perpetuating our glorious Union, and am prepared to show that the time for secession and disunion has not arrived, and to indicate the proper remedy, in my humble judgment, for the evils of which the South justly complains. I have made arrangements to canvass the State, and I earnestly invoke the co-operation and assistance of all Southern men, and of all patriots, who are true to the best interests of the South and the Union.

I have the honor to remain your friend and fellow-citizen,

EDWARD C. CARRINGTON.

Washington D. C., Nov. 19.

The following resolutions embody my views:

Whereas, The people of Virginia deem it proper and expedient to give some public expression of their views in regard to the exciting political questions which now agitate the public mind and disturb our national peace and prosperity, therefore,

Resolved 1st, That the Union of these States constitutes the closest, the most delicate and important relation that can exist between communities of people, and demands therefore from each part a warm and earnest consideration for the safety, prosperity and happiness of the other, and that whatever policy tends to subvert those ends is hostile to the true spirit of the compact in which it was formed.

2d. Resolved, That while we consider the election of Abraham Lincoln to the Presidency of the United States unjust to the people of the South, and that the election of a sectional candidate upon a purely sectional issue, is at all times to be deprecated by every true lover of his country, nevertheless such an event does not, in our judgment, justify secession or a dissolution of our blessed and glorious Union.

3d. Resolved That those Northern States which have nullified the Fugitive Slave Law have acted in an unfriendly and ungenerous spirit to the people of the South, and by direct violation of the Constitution of the United States, have invaded their domestic rights, dignity and peace.

4th. Resolved, That the time has come when all agitation concerning slavery should cease, and this exciting question should be forever settled upon some fair and equitable basis.

5th. Resolved, That the South is not responsible for the unhappy agitations which now disturb our national peace and prosperity, because no invasion has been made by the South upon the Constitutional rights or domestic peace and dignity of the North.

6th. Resolved, That we feel bound, as men of honor, so long as a single hope remains of retaining our Constitutional rights and our equality in the Union, to stand by the large and respectable minority at the North who stood by us in the late Presidential contest, and who, we have every reason to believe, are still true to all the interests of the South.

7th. Resolved, That we recommend a convention of all the States of the Union to consider and adjust the differences which now exist between the sections of this confederacy and that the people of the South demand a repeal of those offensive, unjust, and unconstitutional laws, which are aimed at their domestic institutions.

8th. Resolved, That the period has arrived, in the history of our country to decide upon those most vital and important of all questions—the rights of the states, and the integrity and safety of the Union; when all who honor the work of our forefathers, and who properly appreciate the sovereignty and independence of the respective states, and the blessings of our glorious Union, and who are determined to stand by the rights of the states, the constitution and the Union and to defend the same with their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor should ignore all former party names, differences, distinctions, prejudices and partialities, and discountenance every sentiment of disunion, and form themselves into a great National party, with no other inscription upon their banner, but the perfect equality of the states—the Union, the Constitution and the faithful execution of the laws.

[Papers in the State, without distinction of party, are requested to copy the above.]

☞ General Carrington will address the citizens of Warrenton on Monday next, on the above resolutions.

MARRIED.

In Washington, on the 13th instant, by the Rev. J. Spencer Kennard, Mr. SYLVANUS MEEKS, to Miss SARAH HIGHT, both of Nelson county, Va.

In Washington, on the 17th instant, by the same, Mr. ROBERT J. MAYS, to MARTHA V. HAGAN, both of Richmond, Va.

DIED.

In Washington, on Sunday morning, the 18th instant, SARAH, wife of Dr. T. C. McIntire, and daughter of Col. J. S. Williams.

At Spring Hill, near Richmond, Va., very suddenly, on the morning of Wednesday, the 14th instant, BENJAMIN G. WHITALL, in the 56th year of his age.

At Poplar Hill, Baltimore county, Md., on the 17th inst., ISAAC G. ROBERTS, aged 72 years.

1860. ALMANAC. 1860.

ELEVENTH MONTH. NOVEMBER.	SUN rises.	SUN sets.	MOON'S PHASES.
20 Tuesday	7 10	4 50	D. H. M.
21 Wednesday	7 11	4 49	First qr., 20 4 5 M.
22 Thursday	7 12	4 48	Full 28 6 43 M.
23 Friday	7 13	4 47	Last qr., 5 1 7 M.
24 Saturday	7 14	4 46	New 12 7 52 M.
25 Sunday	7 15	4 45	HIGH WATER.
26 Monday	7 15	4 45	Nov'r 20.—h.—m.

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA—NOVEMBER 19.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Monticello, Gager, New York, to Fowle & Co. Off Point Lookout at 1 A. M., was run into by an unknown schooner, doing much damage to saloon on port side.

Packet brig Judge Blaney, Coombs, Boston, to Wm. H. Fowle & Son.

Brig Forrester, Muray, Boston, plaster to Wm. H. Fowle & Son.

Schr. Anvil, Hussey, Eastport, plaster to Wm. H. Fowle & Son.

Schr. Harrison Price, Chambers, Somersett, to T. J. Mehaffey.

Schr. Wm. Mason, Staples, Taunton, to T. J. Mehaffey.

Schr. L. P. Pharo, Cranmer, Philadelphia, coal to Wise & Co.

Packet Schr. Ingomar, Crowell, Boston, general cargo to Wm. H. Fowle & Son.

Schr. Angeline Van Clief, Lemmon, New York, to Master.

Steamer James Jerome, Jerome, Philadelphia, to Wm. H. Fowle & Son.

Steamer Columbia, Harper, Baltimore, to Wheat & Bro.

Schr. Joseph Porter, Yates, Providence, to T. J. Mehaffey.

Schr. Caroline, Anderson, Bowker, Wareham, to T. J. Mehaffey.

Schr. Ella, Packard, Cohasset Narrows, to Borden Mining Co.

Schr. John Forsyth, Grant, Norfolk, to B. M. Franks.

Packet Schr. Hamilten, Ogden, New York, to Wm. H. Fowle & Son.

Schr. Cassandra, Hudson, Machodoc, wheat and corn to Geo. H. Robinson.

Schr. Mary Catherine, Johnson, Machodoc, wheat to Geo. H. Robinson.

Schr. Industry, Wilkerson, Mattox, wheat and corn to Geo. H. Robinson.

Schr. Columbia, Sanford, Curreoman, to Geo. H. Robinson.

Schr. W. H. Pine, Franklin, Chickamuxen Creek, wheat to Thomas Perry.

SAILED.

Schr. Lady Lake, White, Norwich, by American Coal Co.

Schr. Josephine, Davis, New Haven, by American Coal Co.

MEMORANDA.

Schr. J. D. McCarthy, Smith, hence at Providence, 16th inst.

Schr. Richard Borden, Arnold, hence at Fall River, 15th inst.

Schr. Helen Mar, Nickerson, sailed from Boston, for this port, 17th inst.

Schr. Yankee Doodle, Van Clief, hence at New York, 18th inst.

Schr. C. R. Vicery, Abbott, arrived at New York, from Georgetown, D C, 18th inst.

2500 LBS. FRESH GROUND PENNSYLVANIA BUCKWHEAT, received and for sale by [nov 20] GARRET HULST.

NEW HAMS AND SHOULDERS, Sugar cured this day received and for sale by
nov 20 GARRET HULST.

COMMERCIAL.

PRICES OF PRODUCE IN ALEXANDRIA.
FROM CARS, VESSELS, AND WAGONS (YESTERDAY.)

FLOUR, Super	$5 00	@	$5 25
Do Extra	5 62½	@	5 87½
Do Family	6 00	@	7 50
WHEAT, White	1 25	@	1 40
Do Red	1 10	@	1 20
CORN, White	0 65	@	0 66
Do Mixed	0 63	@	0 65
Do Yellow	0 65	@	0 68
CORN MEAL, ℔ bushel	0 68	@	0 70
OATS	0 30	@	0 33
RYE	0 70	@	0 73
DRIED APPLES	0 87	@	1 00
GREEN APPLES	1 50	@	2 00
IRISH POTATOES	0 60	@	0 80
CLOVER SEED, (retail)	6 25	@	6 50
TIMOTHY SEED	3 00	@	3 50
Herds Grass	1 00	@	1 25
Orchard Grass	1 25	@	0 00
Kentucky Blue Grass	4 00	@	0 00
FLAXSEED	1 40	@	1 45
SUMAC, ℔ hundred	1 00	@	1 25
PLASTER, Lump, retail, delivered on Cars	3 50	@	3 75
Do Ground do	6 00	@	0 00
SALT, Fine	1 87½	@	2 00
Do Ground Alum	1 10	@	1 15
Do Turks Island ℔ bushel	0 25	@	0 00
WOOL, common unwashed	0 23	@	0 25
Do. do. washed	0 36	@	0 37
Do. Merino unwashed	0 25	@	0 30
Do. do. washed	0 38	@	0 43
BUTTER, Roll, ℔ lb	0 18	@	0 20
Do Firkin	0 12	@	0 15
Eggs	0 14	@	0 16
BACON, Hog Round	0 11½	@	0 12½
Bacon Shoulders	0 11	@	0 00
Bacon Sides	0 13	@	0 00
PORK	7 00	@	7 25
LARD, in Kegs	0 12	@	0 14
WHITE BEANS	1 00	@	0 00
BLACK-EYED PEAS	1 25	@	1 27
HAY ℔ 100 lbs	0 56	@	0 60
Whiskey	0 24	@	0 25
Do.	0 28	@	0 30

REMARKS.—The market opened with but little animation. Flour is quiet, with no shipping demand, and but a light city request. In prices we have no change no note since yesterday's quotations. The offerings of Wheat were good, but the sales limited, and buyers disposed to hold off. We note some transactions in white at 125@130c. for poor to fair, and 140c. for prime; red 115@120c., according to quality. In Corn there is very little doing; some small sales of old at 62@65c. No new offered, and the demand light. Rye and Oats dull; small sales of the former at 65@70c. Oats 30c., with light receipts. Other articles are quiet and unchanged.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 19.—Flour heavy, 12c. lower; all kinds offered at $5, but no buyers. Wheat 10@12c. lower; large sales of red 110@125c.; white 120@150c. Corn 5c. lower; yellow 65c.; white 75@68c. Provisions dull; mess pork $19.50. Coffee quiet. Whiskey dull, at 20½c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Flour dull and unsettled, nominally lower; State $4.95@$5; Ohio $5.45@$5.55; Southern $5.35@$5.75. Wheat declining tendency and nominally 2@3c. Corn dull and drooping. Pork dull. Lard dull and drooping. Whiskey dull. Money is tight and unsettled. Stocks are lower and a panic exists at the board. Cumberland Coal Co S. Mo. 6's 66.

It is said that the Treasury department has refused to extend the time in which the five per cent ten million loan is to be paid in. The time ends on the 2d. About three millions have already been paid in. Some doubt has been expressed whether the whole amount will be paid up.

Steadily yet goes on the drain of specie from the North to the Southward. About $250,000 more was dispatched from New York to Southern cities on Saturday, of which Baltimore gets an additional part.

In New York, on Saturday, the Corn exchange affairs were at a dead-lock, and some failures are reported.

We see it stated that the Charleston (S. C.) Savings Institution has determined to take advantage of a clause in its charter requiring three months notice before any sum exceeding three hundred dollars shall be withdrawn from it.

The downward tendency in stocks continues There was a heavy business on Saturday, both at the Baltimore and New York boards. The leading stocks declined 1 to 1½ per cent.

There seems to be no doubt that the export of breadstuffs from the United States to Europe, and especially to England, must be very large. Still, there is much competition with Russia, Germany, Spain, &c.

☞ THERE WILL BE A REGULAR monthly meeting of the members of the Young Men's Christian Association, at their room on King street, this evening, at 7½ o'clock, at which time an election of officers, for the ensuing year, will be held. It is desirable that there will be a full attendance of the members.

ROBERT JAMIESON, Jr., Secretary.
nov 20—1t

☞ ATTENTION SUN FIRE COMPANY, No. 2.—You are hereby notified to meet at your Engine House this Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock: Every member is expected to be present, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting. HUGH LATHAM, President.
nov 20—1t

NOTICE.

TO PERSONS ATTENDING THE VIRGINIA Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South commencing in Alexandria, on Wednesday, the 21st instant, the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company will furnish round trip tickets from all points on the line of the road.

J. M. BROADERS,
nov 20—dtd General Ticket Agent.

LINEN GOODS.

ASHBY & WOOD, No. 170, King-street, have now in store a full supply of IRISH LINENS for Shirting—
Bleached 6-4 and 8-4 Table Damask
Brown " " " "
Russia Diaper; Huckeback Toweling
Table Napkins, white and colored
Bath Towels: Linen Sheeting, 3 yards wide
Pillow Case Linen; Family Linen
Linen Floor Cloths, or Druggets
Pleated Shirt Bosoms; Ready-made Shirts.
The above with all kinds of DRY GOODS, we are now offering as low as the same goods can be found in this market. nov 20

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

ASHBY & WOOD, No. 170, King-street, have now in store a full supply of superior French and American CLOTHS—
Best makes 3-4 and 6-4 Black Doeskin
Fancy Cassimeres, all qualities
Cassinets and Kentucky Jeans
Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers
Merino " "
Cotton, Lambs' Wool, and Silk Socks
Shirts, Shirt Collars, Cravats, Neck Ties, Gloves, and all kinds of Dry Goods used by gentlemen. We ask dealers generally to examine our stock. nov 20

OIL CLOTH FOR HALLS AND ROOMS.—I have received 4 Sheets of OIL CLOTH, 2—4 yards, and 2—6 yards wide. These Cloths are splendid patterns, and of extra quality. They represent in their patterns the most beautiful Tiling, and will be cut according to diagrams of Rooms and Halls.
nov 20 J. M. STEWART.

HAND'S LINE FOR PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK.—The propeller J. JEROME, Jerome, master, will leave Pier No 4, South Wharves, on Saturday, 24th instant, at 12 o'clock, M. Apply to
WM. H. FOWLE & SON,
nov 20—5t No. 4 South Wharves.

FOR NEW YORK.—The regular packet Schr. Statesman, Mott master, will sail next week. For freight, apply to
WM. H. FOWLE & SON.
nov 17 No. 4 South Wharves.

HEAVY GOODS.—We have just received a superior lot of 3-4 and 6-4 Fulled Cloths, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4, 5-4 heavy Linseys, Bed and Servants Blankets, Osnabergs and Domestics. With many other goods adapted to the season.
nov 20 G. K. WITMER & BRO.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER.—2 packages fresh Roll Butter, and 10 packages fresh Goshen Butter, received and for sale by
nov 20 GARRET HULST.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN additional supply of FASHIONABLE RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c., choice styles, by the steamer Monticello.
nov 20 JOHN T. EVANS.

LADIES CLOAKS.—We have just received an additional supply of CLOAKS, of the newest designs. G. K. WITMER & BRO.
nov 20

MACKEREL.—A few barrels No. 2, for sale cheap, to close a consignment.
nov 20 JAS. C. NEVETT.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

VIRGINIA.

The Richmond Whig of yesterday says:—"In 134 counties Bell's official majority is 88, and in the sixteen counties from which semi-official statements and reports have been received, the majority for Bell is 204, thus placing him 292 ahead as far as heard from. The counties of Clay and Wyoming, from which no returns have been received at this office, gave Goggin 133 majority, last year. The new county of Webster is claimed by the Secessionists, but we received a telegram, from Staunton on Saturday, informing us that the county had given a majority for Bell. From Clay we have heard nothing since the receipt of the letter from Braxton C. H., informing us that "Clay all Bell as far as heard from." The Enquirer has a report from Wyoming, indicating a Locofoco gain of forty.

The report from Wayne county, of a large gain for Bell is contested by the knowing ones among the Democracy. We can only say that the report from Cabell, the adjoining county, was received by letter direct, and if the Bell gain there has been misrepresented then it is possible the report from Wayne is unreliable, as the same influences operated in both counties.

In Accomac county, Mr. Chandler, the Bell elector, received 736 votes, while the other electors, on the ticket, received only 638. Lamb, the Breckinridge elector, received 737, and the others 676. We have put down the Lancaster official vote *minus* one precinct, not returned by the commissioners. The Governor has sent for a complete report, and when received it will add 40 to Bell's present majority, if admitted.—In Boone county nearly 100 votes for Breckinridge were polled without tickets."

The Enquirer says:—"Mr. Bell's majority in counties officially reported is 230; Mr. Breckinridge's majority in counties unofficially reported, 197—majority for Bell 33—with Clay, which gave Goggin 41 majority, and Webster, new county, to hear from.

The counties Buchanan, Gilmer and Wirt are differently reported, while from Cabell, Charles City, Nicholas and Wayne there are also conflicting reports."

The latest intelligence received from the election in this State is as follows:—

RICHMOND, Nov. 19, 9. P. M.—We have returns from the same counties as yesterday,—more however being official. In one hundred and thirty-seven counties, officially, reported and revised, Breckinridge's majority is 223. In thirteen counties, unofficially reported Bell has a majority of 494, making Bell's majority in the one hundred and fifty counties 271. The counties of Clay which gave Goggin 41 majority, Wyoming which gave Goggin 92 majority, and Webster, a new county, yet remain to be heard from.

Letter from Mr. Douglas.

Judge Douglas, in response to a request from a number of the citizens of New Orleans, without respect to party, has written a letter defining his position in regard to secession. He says:

"These are not the times for patriotic men to affect indifference or to degenerate into despondency, or to rush madly into violent and extreme measures. Just in proportion as our common country is environed with peril, it becomes the imperative duty of every patriot in the land to increase his efforts and exert his utmost powers and energies to rescue the republic from the disasters which threaten its integrity.

No man in America regrets the election of Mr. Lincoln more than I do; none made more strenuous exertions to defeat him; none differ with him more radically and irreconcilably upon all the great issues involved in the contest. No man living is prepared to resist, by all the legitimate means sanctioned by the constitution and laws of our country, the aggressive policy which he and his party are understood to represent. But while I say this, I am bound, as a good citizen and law-abiding man, to declare my conscientious conviction that the mere election of any man to the Presidency by the American people, in accordance with the constitution and laws, does not of itself furnish any just cause or reasonable ground for dissolving the Federal Union.

He then goes on to show that Congress, in both branches, being against Mr. Lincoln, he is powerless, and can do nothing to injure the South."

HARPER FOR DECEMBER, AT FRENCH'S BOOK AND PERIODICAL DEPOT, No. 104 KING STREET.—Commencement of a new volume! New Story by Thackeray! Now is the time to subscribe! Great attraction! Mailed to any part of the country, or delivered in any part of the city. Price 25 cents, or $3 per annum, two copies $5.

Leslie's Fashion Book and Home Magazine for December, a capital number, 25c.

Godey, Peterson, and Arthur's Home Magazine for December.

The Cornhill Magazine for November, English copy, 37c.

Once A Week, (monthly part.) for November, English edition, 37c.

The Massacre in Syria, a faithful account, 25c.

The Four Georges, by W. M. Thackeray.—Sketches of Manners, Morals, Court, and Town Life—75c.

Evan Harrington: or, He would be a Gentleman, $1.

The Moral History of Women, by Ernest Legouve. Translated from the French, by J. W. Palmer, $1.

Life and Correspondence of John A. Quitman, Governor of the State of Missi-sippi, 2 vols., $3.

The Prince's Ball, by the author of "The Diamond Wedding," 50c.

Miss Gilbert's Career, by Timothy Titcomb, $1.

The Young Captain; or, The Flames of Moscow, by Dumas, 50c.

New Dime Novels, just out:—The Prisoner of La Vintresse; or, The Fortunes of a Cuban Heiress, by Mrs. M. A. Dennison, 10c. Fanny Campbell; or the Female Pirate Captain, by Lieut. Murray, 10c.

Elegant New Juveniles just received.

Cassell's Illustrated Family Bible, No. 19, price 15c.

Cassell's Illustrated Natural History, No. 18, price 15c.

All the Papers—Ledger, Leslie's N. Y. Illustrated News, Harper's Weekly, London News, Punch, Albion, Waverly Magazine. All the Comic Monthlies, Vanity Fair, &c., &c. nov 20

FURS.—I have received another lot of fine FURS for ladies, such as SABLE, MINK, SQUIRREL, &c., which will be sold at a very small profit. The ladies are invited to call and examine them. [nov 20] JOHN T. EVANS.

ORANGE AND ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, will be held at the office of this Company in Alexandria, on Thursday, the 1st day of November next.
oct 4—eotd J. H. REID, Clerk.

☞ The above meeting has been postponed until Thursday, the 22nd day of November. By the Directory.
oct 24—dtd J. H. REID, Clerk.

FOR SALE.—The RESIDENCE of the subscriber, in the beautiful town of Warrenton, Fauquier county, Va. EIGHT ACRES of LAND are attached to it. The HOUSE and all requisite buildings are new, and of the best materials. For terms, apply to
WILLIAM N. BISPHAM.
nov 13—ee3m Warrenton, Fauquier Co., Va.

$25 REWARD.—Strayed or stolen on the night of the 8th inst., a bright bay HORSE, five years old, about fifteen and a half hands high, he has a scar upon his back produced by the saddle, one white hin foot. I will give the above reward for his delivery to me or for any information so that I get him. W. R. MILLAN.
oct 17—eotf

UPPERVILLE MALE ACADEMY.

STUDENTS will be boarded and instructed in the various branches usually taught in a classical institution, from the present time to the 30th of June, 1861, for $100. For further particulars, apply to the Principal. J. H. McGINN.
Upperville, Fauquier Co., Va., nov 9—eolm

WOOD! WOOD!! WOOD!!!

WOOD SAWED, SPLIT, and delivered in any part of the city at short notice. Orders left at our Store will be promptly attended to.
nov 1 C. F. SUTTLE & CO.

LOCAL ITEMS.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, at the Lyceum Hall, last evening, was well attended, the audience nearly filling the spacious saloon.

James M. Stevens, esq., President of the Association, presided.

Rev. James T. Ward, of the Methodist Protestant Church, opened the exercises with a fervent invocation of the Throne of Grace.

An association of ameteur vocalists, selected from the various choirs of the city, under the lead of Prof. Daily, next executed a handsome piece of sacred music.

Rev. Mr. Bitting, of the Washington street Baptist Church, announced to speak on the occasion, excused himself in a few remarks, after which the Musical Association sung in handsome style—

"Oh Lord, we are thy people."

Rev J. T. Leftwitch of the 2nd Presbyterian Church in an address of exceeding beauty, urged that christian union was an object that should be dearest to the Christian heart. Differences of creed were perhaps, the result of feeling and temperament and might not be undesirable, for out of such friendly opposition had sprung some of the most brilliant gems of our literature. But a Union of the hearts of Christians was to be ardently desired. In this Union, the Young Men's Christian Association was the first great step. It was not merely a success, it was a triumph.

He declared that the great revival of 1857 was due principally to these associations.—He drew a glowing picture of the opening of that revival in New York, and its spread over the world. It was as though by a great epoch in the history of salvation, to stamp as with the seal of Heaven, this Union of Christian men for Christian Union.

The Association then sung:—

"Trust in the Lord."

Mr. J. M. Stevens then read his annual report of the operations of the Association as follows:

"It becomes my duty, as the representative of the Young Men's Christian Association, to report to you of what we have done since twelve months ago you responded so liberally to the call then made upon you for aid; and I hope that I will be enabled to satisfy you that you then made a good investment, and to induce you not only to continue it, but to double the amount, to-night.

During the Winter months, we have a Night School, conducted by a superintendent, male and female teachers, and which is composed of boys who have no other means of education. And where, my friends, can you find a more fertile field for usefulness than this, where 60 or 70 boys—degraded, ignorant boys—thrown upon the cold charity of the world, with no one to care for their souls, are brought together three times a week, and seem to thirst for knowledge, and give an opportunity of speaking a word in season, which may lead them from darkness to light, and kindle an ambition in their souls, which will nerve their energies and lead them to usefulness and honorable positions in society?

Some of the greatest and best men that have ever lived, rose from the lowest walks of life; and who knows but that there may be in the hearts and minds of some of these boys, a germ, which, if cultivated, will grow to honor God, bless society, and shine as bright stars in the history of our country? The Bible assures us if we cast bread upon the waters, we shall find it in many days.

We have two Sabbath Schools that meet at 2 o'clock in the afternoon—the one at the Association Rooms, and the other at the Bethel. Here, on God's holy day, are gathered together little neglected ones, who play upon the streets, and are growing up in wickedness; and though they may be clad in rags, and the lowest of the low, they have characters to form and souls to save, and if left to themselves will curse the world and perish forever. But, who does not love the Sabbath School? It is there we see the Spring time of life when the most beautiful and fragrant flowers bloom, and exhale their sweetness before they are withered by a Summer's sun, or nipped by an Autumn's frost. It is there we find young minds and hearts open for the reception of truth, and how important to store them with this substantial food before they become surfeited with error, when truth cannot enter. One of our greatest statesmen said—"If we work upon marble, it will perish; if we work upon brass, time will efface it; if we rear temples, they will crumble into dust; but it we work upon immortal minds, if we embue them with right principles, with the just fear of God and our fellows, we engrave on those tablets something that will brighten all eternity."

We also have a Bethel, a place for the homeless wanderers, who lounge about our wharves on the Sabbath, and often desecrate that holy day, because they are ignorant and surrounded by temptation. Here a comfortable place is prepared for them, and a committee to invite them to come, and to provide a minister to preach to them every Sunday afternoon, and the word thus spoken may be accompanied by the Holy Spirit, and enter their hearts and bring forth fruit, not only to the salvation of their own souls, but make them missionaries, to carry the truth to distant climes—for they are here to-day and to-morrow coursing their way across the briny deep to some far off land, and the little flame kindled in their own hearts may blaze forth, and be the means of leading those who sit in darkness to Jesus Christ the great light that illuminates the whole christian world.

We have also an industrial school, which is exclusively under the control of the ladies, but originated with our association. It is composed of about poor and destitute little girls, that come from the alleys and by-ways of our city, and are collected together twice a week and are taught needle work and the holy scripture Material is furnished and the garments they make are given to them, to incite them to industry and supply their necessities.

The ladies have taken a deep interest in this work as they do in all cases where good is to be done. To them we owe in a great measure the success of the night and Sabbath Schools. They are the most faithful and punctual teachers, and exert a much greater influence over rough and uncultivated minds than men.

Who can but admire and praise the refined and accomplished lady, who sacrifices the elegance and comforts of home and the society of congenial friends, and wends her way with a heart full of sympathy to the school room, there to toil for hours with ignorant and degraded children, striving to lead them from ignorance to knowledge and from vice to virtue.

We have many such who though surrounded by the luxuries of life and have no superiors as to cultivation of mind and heart. Yet they consider it no condescention, but a privilege to work for Him, who for their sakes became poor, and who hath in reservation for them a crown sparkling with gems that will out-shine all the splenders of this world, and which they shall wear forever and ever, in Heaven.

We have during the year kept up the daily Union prayer meetings, and also a prayer meeting every Sabbath afternoon in the Friendship Engine House. These have been and are now, in my opinion, the strongest bond of our christian Union. They have done more to break down the asperities of sectarianism than any other instrumentality that has been used. We were united in name before they were instituted—but now we not only have a union of hands but a union of hearts.

All of these fields of usefulness, have been originated and sustained by the Young Men's Christian Association and would have remained barren wastes or brought forth noxious weeds had not it gathered together labouring, and planned the work, and pushed it forward to the grand results already achieved, and I believe as John the Baptist, was sent before to prepare the way for the coming of our Saviour, so the Young Men's Christian Association is the instrument in the hands of Providence to prepare the way for his second coming, when the millenium will burst upon the world with all its glories, "when the lion and the lamb shall lie down together, and a little child shall lead them" and

"When Jesus shall reign,
Where ere the sun
Does his successive journey run."

It breaks down the partition wall of prejudice, by bringing Christians into intimate association.

When left exclusively to Church organization, it is natural for us to concentrate our minds and affections within that circle, and after a while from peculiarities of education and disposition to come to think that we, as a church, (I care not of what name,) are the very embodiment of religion to the exclusion of all others. Our Association, simple and unobtrusive as it is, comes in at this point and stays the great opposer of christianity, as the ruddy face shepherd boy with a little pebble from the brook, slew the great enemy of the Israelites. It creates a common interest, by opening fields of labor, where all work together to effect the same end, this at once gives its members a kindly feeling for each other, and prepares the mind for a just judgment upon true merit, and as soon as christians of different denominations are thus brought together, they find a current of thought and feeling flowing beneath external forms and ceremony congenial to every true christian heart—and this congeniality soon generates into love which casteth out prejudice, and creates a desire to build up not only a branch but the whole of Christ's kingdom, making the main object of effort to recruit soldiers for Him. No matter what company they join, so they make valiant soldiers of the cross, and swell the army of those who are fighting against the arch enemy of souls

Then I call upon you boldly and confidently to sustain this noble institution, not asking but demanding that you do your whole duty as Christians, as Philanthropists, and as Patriots.

Remember that "he that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord," and remember that unless you christianize the degraded, and educate the ignorant, the columns of liberty will decay, and you will be crushed under the whole fabric, that once sheltered you and protected you from harm.

We now not only want money but your services. We need teachers in the night and Sabbath Schools. Remember that you have work to do and but a short time to do it in. As the early dew and morning cloud, you are fast passing away. Then arouse yourselves and go to work in earnest and you will be rewarded with a clear conscience here, and the plaudit of "well done thou good and faithful servant, thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many things, enter thou into the joys of thy Lord."

The Rev. Mr. Bitting came forward and narrated a most touching incident as follows: He said that a few months since while attending a large prayer meeting in New York, seven sailors in turn related their christian experience. One, an old man said that one Sabbath day, while in port at Alexandria, he had been met and induced to attend the Bethel service. There his heart was touched by the preacher's words. Shortly after he had gone on board the vessel, a gentleman came to the forecastle and placed in his hands some religious tracts. To these instrumentalities he owed his conversion.—Nor was this all. Two sailors who afterward spoke declared that this old sailor had been the means of leading them to God. "I had rather been the christians who did that work" said Mr. B., "than be the statesman who may pour oil upon the surging waters of political strife and give peace to a distracted country."

The President then appealed to the meeting for material aid.

Rev. Mr. Leftwich and lady, and Rev. Mr. Bitting and lady, were made life members of the association by voluntary contributions.

Mr. A. J. Flemming proposed that to carry on the operations of the Association, by means of one hundred annual subscribers at five dollars each.

The Association was then dismissed with the Benediction by Rev. G. H. Norton of St. Paul's church.

HONEY.—Mr. George Calvert, of Upperville, Fauquier County, yesterday presented us with a box of most beautiful and delicious honey, a sample of about one and a half tons, that he brought down, and a greater portion of which will be taken to New York. This honey was made in Mr. C's. patent hives, which have taken the premium from Virginia to Vermont, and are conceded to be the best now in use. For the information of those of our citizens who wish to procure some of this honey we will state that it can be had at the Agricultural warhouse of Mr. W. H. May, where Mr. Calvert has left some for sale, neatly put up in tin boxes of convenient sizes.

COLLISION.—The steamer Monticello, Gager, of the New York and Virginia Screw Steamship line came in collision with a schooner in the river Potomac off Smith's Point about 1 o'clock yesterday morning.—The bowsprit of the schooner ran over the stern of the steamer tearing away the port bulwarks and rail, and staving in the after-saloon. The name of the schooner is unknown, she however escaped with slight damage. The Monticello arrived here at her usual hour.

FRIENDS' QUARTERLY MEETING.—The Quarterly meeting of the Society of Friends' which opened in this city at Friends' meeting House, on Sunday last, closed yesterday morning. At the closing meeting, religious discourses were made by S. M. Janney, Miriam Gover, and Jesse Hogue. The exercises have been well attended throughout.

RAILROAD ACCOMODATION.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that round trip tickets to this city over the Orange and Alexandria Railroad will be issued during the session of the Virginia Annual Conference in this place.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The Circuit Court, opened yesterday morning, the seventh day of its Fall Term, for this county. Civil cases of no general interest occupied the session.

GROVER & BAKER'S
FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.
PRICES REDUCED.

THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE Company have reduced the prices of their justly celebrated SEWING MACHINES, and we can now offer them at the reduced prices.

We will be happy to furnish drawings of the Machines with the present prices annexed.

Machines sold at New York prices, free of any expense, and warranted in perfect order.

We refer with much satisfaction to parties now using the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES, as to its superiority over others. For sale by LEADBEATER & CO.,
Nos. 5 and 7, south Fairfax-st.
11th mo 17—eotf

STOP THE THIEF.—Stolen from my stable, on Tuesday night last, (on the Telegraph road, about seven miles south of Fredericksburg,) a dark BAY MARE, close compact form, small feet, clean nice legs, full mane and tail, fine eyes, two white spots on her back, produced by saddle scalds, and some white specks on her right jaw, supposed to be about five feet high, paces and trots finely, a bridle with a still bit and chain curb was taken with her. Valued at $200. Any information relative to her, will be thankfully received, and liberally rewarded. My post office is Fredericksburg, Va. WALTER A. BEAZLEY.
Fredericksburg, nov 17—ee6t

NOTICE.—The firm of ADDISON, WALLACE & CO., is dissolved by mutual consent. Addison & Bro. are authorized to use the name of the firm in settlement of accounts.
E. B. ADDISON, Jr.,
H SIDNEY WALLACE,
JOHN ADDISON.
nov 1—1m

ADDISON & BROTHER successors to ADDISON, WALLACE & CO, will continue the Agricultural, Implement, Seed and Guano business at the old stand, No. 28 King street, and will be glad to receive orders for any thing in their line. E. B. ADDISON, Jr.
nov 1—1m JOHN ADDISON.

FOR SALE.—The Catawisa, or Everbearing RASPBERRY, now in full fruit; also, the true RED ANTWERP RASPBERRY; fine PLANTS of the following kind of GRAPE VINES, Catawba, Isabella, Rebecca, Concord, Diana, Black Hamburg, &c
SHADE TREES, WEEPING WILLOWS, HARDY EVERBLOOMING ROSES, at the Garden, on Washington street, opposite the Cotton Factory. JOHN O. HUGHES,
oct 17—dtf Nurseryman and Florist.

LOST, yesterday morning in the Market House or on the street, between the Post Office and the Market House, a LADY'S GOLD HUNTING CASE WATCH, with chain, and three keys attached.

The finder will be suitably rewarded upon leaving it at Mr. W. W. Adam's jewelry store, King street, or at this office. oct 25—dtf

MORE NEW GOODS.
WILLIAM N. BERKLEY

HAS just opened an additional supply of seasonable GOODS, which he is selling very cheap. Give him an early call.
Dress Goods, in great variety
Domestics, very low figures
Cloths and Cassimeres, desirable in styles and prices. nov 17—ee3t

POSTSCRIPT.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

New York Finances.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The money market is very tight to-day and unsettled. Stocks are lower, and there is a panic at the stock board.

NEW YORK, Nov 19th.—The Stock market closed irregular and dull. No Banks have yet failed, but they are willing to agree to any measures which will tend to relieve the Exchange market. Exchanges are nominal. Bank shares and state and Government securities are seriously lower. Government 5's were offered at 95 without finding bidders. The weekly Bank statement show a decrease in loans of $2,365,000, in specie of $1,661,000 in circulation of $282,000 and in deposits of $2,835,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Sixteen of the principal banks of the city have agreed to-day to purchase two and a half millions of dollars of Sterling Exchange bills for the benefit of holders of produce. As also to expand their discount line from 5 to 6 per cent over the receipts of the present week.

From California.

ST. JOSEPH, Nov. 19.—A private dispatch from a reliable party in California, says that Douglas carried the State by 3,000 over Lincoln and 11,000 over Breckinridge.

The dispatch to the Associated Press is indefinite, but indicates that Douglas's chances are considered best.

The vote of the State aggregates 76,000.

LATER.

FORT KEARNEY, Nov. 19.—The Overland California Express has arrived.

The election returns are contradictory.—The Douglas men claim to have carried the State by 3,000 majority, while the Republic