

BRIEF PARAGRAPHS.—“Multum in Parvo.”

—It is said that upon the evacuation of Fredericksburg by the Federal troops, the bridges, and Scott's foundry, used by the army, and a government bakery, were burned, but no other private property was destroyed.—The military order suppressing the sale of liquors to citizens and soldiers has been generally obeyed in Washington, and also in Alexandria.—Three schooners on the coast of North and South Carolina, with cargoes, attempting to run the blockade, have recently been captured by the Federal fleet.—There is great excitement in New York and Philadelphia on account of the war news.—There was a large meeting held in Lancaster, Ohio, last week, in opposition to the recent arrest of Dr. Olds.—Gen. Stonewall Jackson is a member of the Presbyterian church; he was lately elected Life Director of the Bible Society of the Confederate States, and sent a handsome donation to that association, with expressions of deep interest in its prosperity.—All the papers and letters represent that contrabands continue to pour into Washington from the adjacent counties in Virginia, and some also from Maryland.—Gold is quoted in New York at 116½@116¾, and stocks yesterday were depressed.—The New York Tribune has not been suppressed, nor has Mr. Greeley been arrested.—The French chemists are extracting cheap and excellent alcohol from coal gas.—Gen. G. W. Taylor, U. S. A., who lately died in this place, from wounds received in battle, was a native of New Jersey, and served in the Mexican war with credit.—The harvest in France is the best had for ten years past.—The “draft insurance” business has been suppressed in New York, some of the parties concerned having been imprisoned.—A large war meeting was held at Louisville, Ky. on Monday, Mr. Guthrie presiding.

THE WAR IN THE WEST.—Paris (Ky.) was evacuated on Monday night, and the Federal troops were preparing to leave Cynthiana, which is on the Covington and Nashville railroad, 67 miles south of Covington. The public archives have been removed from Frankfort to Louisville.

On Saturday last a Confederate cavalry force, estimated at four thousand, advanced in two detachments and occupied Weston, in Lewis county, Va., and Buckhannon, in Upshur county, and then took up their line of march for Clarksburg, in Harrison county, twenty-four miles west of Grafton. When information of these movements became known in Wheeling on Sunday, troops were at once sent to Clarksville. Gen. Kelly was at Beverly, in Randolph county, twenty-three miles east of Buckhannon, at last accounts.

It is reported that a battle took place at Chattanooga, Tenn., on Wednesday and Thursday last, between the Federal forces, under Gen. Buell, and the Confederates, resulting in the defeat of the latter on the second day of the fight. Gen. Buell, it is said, captured seven thousand prisoners.

It is reported that the Confederates are again marching on Fort Donelson for the purpose of attacking it. The strength of their force is not known.

By direction of the President, Colonel Gustave Wagner, Second Regiment New York Volunteer Artillery, is dismissed the service for habitual drunkenness.

THE LATE BATTLES.

[From the New York papers.]

The result of the fighting on Friday was, in substance, that the Confederates had at first been driven about two miles, but subsequently meeting heavy reinforcements, and in their turn attacking, recovered a mile of the ground they had lost.

Saturday the battle was more general. Heintzelman, Porter, McDowell, Sigel and Banks were engaged, though Sigel having had the hottest work the day before, was kept back as a reserve. The day was spent until 10 o'clock in massing troops, deploying and manœuvring.

Heintzelman attacked at ten. Porter moved down on the centre, Heintzelman on the right, both corps co-operating in one movement.

Porter's advance was at once met and checked by immense masses of Confederate infantry, and almost at the same moment became exposed to an enfilading fire of grape and canister.

The troops endured this with heroic bravery for more than an hour. An officer who watched them with his glass says he could see the ground strewn with fallen ranks of dying and dead.

Finally they broke and fell back in disorder. The reserves of both corps became disordered by the stream of fugitives which poured back upon them, and large numbers of the men who had not been in action at all, joined the retreat.

The enemy advanced his batteries rapidly, and poured in a storm of shot and shell upon these confused and flying masses.

The right wing was then beaten, and the battle became seriously endangered.

McDowell then advanced in support, and endeavored to hold the centre, but his movements were anticipated by the enemy, and both he and Sigel were enveloped by the Confederates on their left, and outnumbered at all points.

Then Sigel brought up his brigades successively to their position, and held them at the front while the tide of fugitives poured by.

Large bodies of McDowell's troops broke and retreated in disorder, pell-mell, across Bull Run.

At five in the afternoon the battle was going on heavily. Gen. Pope had ordered up and into the fight the last of his reserves, and was still endeavoring to retrieve the day; but along the Centreville road, artillery, infantry, wagons and cavalry were mingled together in confusion, and all falling to the rear.

The right remained comparatively firm, and prevented the enemy from following up his advantage. Indeed, the last of the crossing of Bull Run was in perfect order, and by 8 o'clock the stream was crossed, and the enemy troubled us only by a few shells. We were falling back to Centreville.

Franklin with his whole corps was between Stone Bridge and Centreville, and pressing on. Sumner with his corps was close behind, between Centreville and Fairfax Court House, urging his troops forward at their greatest speed.

The correspondent of the New York Times says:—“Mr. Blood, Consul at Monterey, in Mexico, represents the Confederates as carrying on a brisk cotton trade through the port of Matamoras, they having obtained a license to pass 2,000 bales through that port free of duty. This cotton is sent to Europe, and pays for powder, arms and munitions of war, which are introduced into the South by way of Matamoras, without let or hindrance. The Confederates are also obtaining large quantities of sulphur and saltpetre from Mexico, by way of Monterey.”

The railroad bridge over Bull Run was completed on Monday, and at night was again destroyed by the Confederates.

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2 second-hand Hack Carriages, in excellent order;
1 second-hand Phaeton, in excellent order;
1 do. large Hearse, just done up by coach maker.
They will be sold, or any one of them, very low, as the space they occupy is wanted.
Apply at **REILLY'S STABLES,**
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Baltimore, Md., sep 2-7t*

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sep 1-2aw2w

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aug 26-2aw2w*

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jy 30-tf

WASHINGTON AND ALEXANDRIA.—The steamer Young America will leave Fowle's wharf, Alexandria, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5 and 7 P. M.
Leave the foot of Eleventh street, Washington, at 8 and 10 A. M., 12 M., and 2, 4 and 6 P. M.
Fare, 15 cents.
my 26-tf **E. A. RYTHER,** Captain.

ALEXANDRIA AND WASHINGTON.—The steamer **THOMAS COLLYER,** Captain Samuel Gedney, will leave the wharf at the foot of King street, Alexandria, regularly.
Fare, 15 cents.
my 26-tf **SAM'L GEDNEY,** Captain.

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my 1-tf

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