

The Alexandria Gazette

FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 10.

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE GAZETTE:

The withdrawal of the military order, which, if executed, would have removed me, with many of my fellow citizens, from this place, enables me to resume my labors at home, in the business upon which I alone depend for support. It is hardly necessary to say, that to that business, I shall, as heretofore devote myself, with industry and perseverance. My father is jointly interested with myself, in the success of the small establishment which alone is left to us, out of all we once possessed. We shall endeavor to make our humble sheet, a useful, reliable, readable paper to the citizens of Alexandria—containing a faithful record of the general news of the day, and of the local news, designed especially for preservation and reference. Whatever we can do, we shall do, to give interest to its columns, and at least, to continue the character which, through every change of fortune and of time, the Gazette has ever sustained, as a journal upon which its readers can rely, and which the community can respect. We respectfully asked for the countenance and encouragement of our citizens.

EDGAR SNOWDEN, JR.

On yesterday morning, in compliance with the order for the deportation of a large number of the citizens of this place, those notified to leave, including a number of ladies who accompanied their husbands, and carried with them their little children, proceeded towards the wharf where the steamboat was in readiness for their transportation. A large crowd assembled on Prince street to take leave of their friends and relatives, and there were many sad farewells, many scenes which would have touched any heart. Suddenly, however, and in the midst of this, a rumor ran through the crowd, that the order, by direction of the War Department, had been revoked or withdrawn, and, directly afterwards, the intelligence to that effect was officially announced.—In a few minutes, the baggage of those who had been notified, was removed from the boat and delivered to its owners, those who were prepared to leave returned to their homes, and the crowd dispersed.

The past week has been one of great distress, anxiety, and excitement, in this community, in consequence of the order for the deportation of many of the citizens. The actual number of those ordered off, we have not ascertained;—some say three or four hundred persons—others say more. We have heard of some families who have lost very considerably by the breaking up of their households and the sudden sale of their effects, in order to prepare for their departure.

A bloody riot took place at St. Louis on Sunday night. From an early hour on the morning of that day, crowds of intoxicated soldiers, armed, with caps or their muskets and pistols, began pouring into Hyde Park, which before noon was overrun by a noisy multitude, bent on all manner of mischief. Quarrels and free fights occurred repeatedly throughout the day. Persons wearing hats with black bands were attacked as copperheads—the hats taken from them and destroyed. The lawless soldiery was composed mainly of paroled prisoners, with a large number of convalescents. Three men were killed and a number seriously wounded.

Gen. Ewing made a speech at Olatha, Kansas on the 25th ult., in which he denounced "jayhawking" in severe terms. He said: "I swear to stop with a rough hand all forays for plunder from Kansas into Missouri. There are very many men in Kansas who are stealing themselves rich in the name of liberty. These men must find some other mode of giving effect to their patriotic zeal. As they want to kill rebels, let them join any old regiment, or either of the new ones about being raised."

The JOB Department of the Gazette office, is supplied with an assortment of new type; and orders for Job work, of all descriptions, will be executed with neatness and dispatch, and on the lowest terms. The Printing office is over French's Book store, on King street.

Subscriptions and Advertisements for the Gazette will be received at the Printing office, or by Edgar Snowden, Sr., whose office, for the present, is at No. 24, South Royal street. Advertisements inserted at the lowest rates.

Proceedings, under the Confiscation act, have been commenced in this place, in reference to several pieces of property, belonging to persons now said to be in the Confederate service, or who are absent.

The establishment of Thompson & Co., plumbers and gas fitters, on Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, was destroyed by fire, on Wednesday morning.

The Baltimore American says: "An order has just been issued by the President for the calling out of 300,000 troops at once under the Conscription act."

There has been a decline in the price of coal and wood for fuel, in Baltimore. Coal, it is expected, will decline still further.

WAR NEWS.

A Cavalry expedition to the interior of North Carolina left Newbern on the 23d instant, and succeeded in destroying two miles of railway at Warsaw, including all the culverts. At Kenansville, an armory was destroyed, with large quantities of small arms, and some commissary and quartermaster's stores. Some thirty prisoners were captured.

A Tullahoma dispatch says that Gen Bragg retreated across the Tennessee river on Tuesday, at Bridgeport, burning the bridge after him. Late Southern dispatches state that his headquarters would be at this point in future, and that the Tennessee be the line of defence. It was supposed that the Huntsville and the Charleston and Memphis railroads would be abandoned.—Southern dispatches also report that Generals Taylor and Magruder had crossed the Mississippi at Kanan, ten miles above New Orleans, and that they had captured seven thousand Federal troops, and at last accounts were marching on the city. These reports are from a Richmond paper of the 6th, which does not give the dates of movements.

Advices from the Indian Territory state the Federal Indian forces are hard pressed by the Confederates. Reinforcements were being pushed forward, and it was supposed that Gen. Blunt would cross the Arkansas and offer battle.

A body of Confederate cavalry are reported to be at Boydsburg. Telegraphic communication between Louisville and Frankfort had ceased.

The victory of General Prentiss over the Confederates at Helena, Arkansas, which was announced yesterday, is confirmed by more recent information. The number of prisoners taken was 1,200, while the Confederate loss in killed and wounded amounts to nearly 600.

A letter dated Fortress Monroe, July 9th, says.—The operations of General Dix's command at the White House and on the Peninsula are successful, having cut off all direct communication between Richmond and Lee's army, and detained a large number of troops in and around Richmond which would otherwise have been sent to reinforce Lee.

The Richmond Whig of the 6th inst, says:—"We learn that the guard at the South Anna bridge were attacked Saturday evening by a large force of Yankees. After a sharp skirmish the enemy were repulsed. No particulars were received up to last evening, but it was reported that only three of our men were wounded, whilst the Yankees suffered severely.

Between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning, a detachment of Yankee cavalry, about 100 strong, dashed into Ashland, and proceeded to destroy some government stores, valued at about \$800. They fired several shots at the telegraph operator, Mr. Thompson, who fled to the woods on their approach. They also burned the railroad buildings, and destroyed the water tank, after which they rode off.

The large force of Yankees who were reported to be moving through Hanover county last week have retreated to the north side of the Pamunkey."

The Confederates, under General Taylor, have swept the Teche region in Louisiana, nearly clear of Federal troops—have captured at Brashear City its garrison of eighteen hundred men; seven thousand negroes; commissary, quartermaster, ordnance and medical stores, to the value of nearly five millions of dollars; ten thousand tents, two thousand horses, seven thousand stand of small arms and sixteen siege guns. So says the Louisville Democrat.

The Town Clock has not been running for a day or two past on account of the breaking of the rope attached to the weight. The Regulator is now at work and will have the clock in order by to-night.

**FORDYSENTERY, Diarrhea, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaint, &c., there is no better remedy than PROF. WUNDRAM'S VEGETABLE ELIXIR. Try it, and be convinced. For sale at the Drug Store of ISAAC ENTWISLE, No. 94 King Street.**

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**NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.**  
THE collectors of city taxes will attend at the Council Chamber on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next, from 9 a. m., until 12, and from 2 until 5 o'clock, to give an opportunity to such persons as may desire to avail themselves of the discount of 50 per ct. the time for which expires with the 15th inst. After the 15th and until the 1st of August inclusive, the discount will be 30 per ct. and from the first to the 15th of August, 10 per ct. Payments to be made in good funds, or no discount.  
GEORGE C. HEWES, } Collectors.  
O. C. WHITTLESEY, }

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**KEEP COOL!**  
THE undersigned would inform their friends, and the public generally, that they are now prepared to furnish ICE AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT, at the "old stand" No. 26, north Royal street, opposite the market.  
F. SWAIN & CO.  
W.P. S.—Orders for large quantities of ICE left with us, will be promptly filled at most favorable terms,  
mh 27—11