

MONETARY & COMMERCIAL.

Money and stocks remain without change. There is a continued stringency in the money market, and but little enquiry for securities.

Some transactions in Southern Bank Notes, especially by the notes of the figures in this State, which may be quoted at the banks given below.

Table listing various banks and their exchange rates, including Bank of Virginia, Bank of Old Dominion, Bank of the Valley, etc.

U. S. 5 1/2's... 103 1/2
7 3/8's... 99 1/2
Corporation of Alexandria, 60—Inactive.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET—APRIL 10.

Table listing market prices for various commodities such as Flour, Superfine, Extra, Wheat, White prime, etc.

New York, April 9.—Cotton declined cent. Flour dull, and from 10 to 15 lower for common.

Baltimore, April 9.—Flour firm. Wheat steady, red 140 1/2 cts.

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, APRIL 10.

Sailed. Schr. A. Brown, Atwood, Boston, merchandise, by M. Eldridge & Co.

1884, Madison Avenue, New York, April 4, 1886.

F. M. Stone, Esq., Alexandria, Va., Alexandria Circle, Fairfax County, Va.

Resolved, That Abolition State Sovereignty, Free Trade, Pro-Slavery, Monroe Doctrine, etc.

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LOCAL NEWS.

COUNTY COURT.—Saturday's proceedings.—Rane vs. Miner—abated.

R. S. French vs. W. D. Stewart—continued. Daingerfield vs. Allen—revised in the name of the administrators of plaintiff.

Waters vs. Bailey—continued. C. M. Castleman was ordered to pay over to the Clerk \$150, received from the defendants, in the suit of Boll v. Robinson & Like.

Fanny Jones vs. J. T. Price—on a removal—verdict for plaintiff—motion for new trial overruled, and judgment for \$50 and costs—exceptions to ruling of the Court by defendant.

Fanny Jones vs. G. L. Armstrong—on a removal—verdict for plaintiff for \$75, and judgment accordingly.

Bayless vs. Lee—on a removal—verdict and judgment for defendant.

Waters & Co., surviving, vs. KeKnight—jury unable to agree and price continued.

P. H. Hooff vs. J. T. Price—in case—verdict and judgment for plaintiff for \$64.69.

Summers vs. Arnold—unlawful detainer—continued.

W. H. Muir vs. J. T. Price—in case—verdict and judgment for plaintiff for \$22.75.

Ashby & Wood vs. Geo. Seaton—in case—judgment against defendant for \$37.50 with interest.

The General looked along the shattered lines of his remnant corps, and went in thinking for what his best and bravest had fallen.

The private leaned upon his useless gun and mourned the death of the just pride which he had won from danger at the cannon's mouth on a hundred fields. But it was over.

Twelve months have passed since then—since, with the powder stains yet upon our faces, we pledge to a generous competitor to abide by the issue honestly, and we feel a glow of honest exultation this anniversary day, in saying and knowing that if pledges have been broken, ours have been kept. If peace has not returned it is not our fault. As faithfully as we followed the fortunes of that ill-starred flag we stood by the oath then registered; and in the great contest now in progress, it is the Rebels—the surrendered at Appomattox Courthouse—who are found to a man upon the platform whose foundation and superstructure are the Constitution and the Union.—Petersburg Index.

POLITICAL.—There is a man in New York who has sold for twenty years an inflexible remedy against balneus, all the while hairless as a billiard ball; but even his white hair is not as magnificent as Greeley's calling secessionists rebels and scoundrels, when he himself admitted distinctly and fully the right of secession. The difference between Jeff. Davis and Greeley upon the secession point was this: Davis believed in secession, and through risk of life and fortune attempted to carry out his faith; Greeley believed in it, but when he found it did not pay, he changed his mind and got paid for abandoning it.

The abolitionists, in fact, were all secessionists; they wanted the strong to secede from the weak; in which case to deny the right of secession would have been as "disloyal" in New York as to affirm it has been when the weak seceded from the strong.

They were, and are all, just what families must be—inseparable to honest, good faith when those qualities interfere with the truth of their desires. "The madman who have made men mad by their contagion," never get into a lunatic asylum in this world; they generally get into office, and after a proper suspension of public drippings subside into commonplace citizens.

The Republican party was based upon falsehood—falsehood of history, falsehood of fact, falsehood of law, falsehood in every form and shape; and it has been magnificently successful. It has destroyed about five thousand millions of property, extinguished at least a million of lives, and almost wiped out State rights, which were once dear, and justly dear, to Americans. The penny-worth of bread to this intolerable quantity of sack, is the emancipation of so many of the Africans as have not died, and the doom of the Indian to the black race.—N. Y. World.

Such of the Richmond papers, as we have seen, indignantly denounce the late proceedings which caused their suspension, and say they would have kept their offices always closed rather than submit to the tyrannical combination there, which seeks, in effect to take the property of the proprietors and publishers out of their own hands, and place it under the control of an irresponsible set of men, who assume to say what shall and what shall not be done. The Richmond Enquirer says—"The public will feel a liberty that men of merit should surrender their property to such an organization by becoming members of it. It destroys all individual distinction, by prescribing rates for poor hands and for good ones. It puts the steady and industrious man of family and fixed home at the mercy of robbing 'trampers,' here to-day, yonder to-morrow. It is an unlawful combination against publishers, liable to punishment in the courts, including in its objects the absolute control of their business, and the preventing of them from obtaining employes in the market. We are sure our readers would prefer a still longer interruption than that which we have just suffered, rather than see us submit to a dictation that would reduce us to cyphers in the management of our business, and expose us to the necessity of raving without a question or demur, whatever a secret gathering of interested persons might resolve to demand. It would be no worse to be robbed on the highway. We are sure, too, that we shall but express the general opinion when we say that the good and worthy men among the printers ought to assert their liberty, and renounce an association which may involve them in such proceedings as we have just witnessed."

THE GREAT SOUTHERN RELIEF FAIR.—In order to give time to make a proper disposition of the articles for sale during the present week, the Hall was not opened yesterday until 12 o'clock. Notwithstanding the large quantity already sold, the tables were well filled, and presented a beautiful appearance, the evidences of taste and skill in arrangement being quite as apparent now as ever. There were a great number of visitors during the afternoon, but in the evening the press was tremendous, equal, indeed, to that of any evening during the past week. Very liberal donations are still coming in. The Lunch Room is also loudly supplied by contributions from all quarters, and the ladies in attendance there, notwithstanding the fatigue they have already undergone, are as active and persevering as ever. Through-out the whole Fair the same hearty devotion to the interests of the charity prevails, and will continue, without ceasing, up to the hour of closing, on Thursday next. There was a great rush yesterday after the Piano supplied by Knabe & Co., which was raffled at \$1,000.—One hundred more chances at \$5 a chance, could readily have been taken, and were freely solicited, but were refused as a matter of good faith.—Ball, Gazette.

There was a heavy frost last night, and it is feared that some of the fruit trees have been injured.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

30 bush. Prime Hominy.

50 Navy Beans.

25 Maine Carter and Peach Blow Potatoes.

5 bbl. Silver Skin Onions.

50 bush. Dried Apples.

500 lbs. Loudoun Butter.

200 dozen Eggs.

Half Cod Fish.

Halibut.

Eastern Herring, Potomac Herring and Mackerel.

[No. 24] F. G. SWAINE.

THE NINTH OF APRIL.—To-day a year ago,

around the bases of the hills at Appomattox, resounded the echoes of those farewell guns which sounded the funeral knell of a dead nation, when exhaustion and the wearying drain upon half of a hope so long deferred had reduced to emaciated despair the spirit of as gallant men as ever breathed the red air of battle; and when was tarried for deposit in the long Senate Halls of the past, a Banner which had shone over victory as brilliant and heroic as unfolding as ever illumined the history of any era of bloody war.

At daybreak the doomed army was drawn up in a circle, surrounded by its myriad enemies. Conflict began with light, as the head of the columns moved northward and found the last avenue of escape blocked. For a short while sounds of battle rang fiercely out upon the morning's air, and a wild cheer went up from the Southerners as, after a gallant charge, some of Fitz Lee's cavalry (among them our own 13th) returned with a mounted battery they had captured entire. Almost before the onset of enthusiasm had died out, the firing ceased, a stillness of death pervaded everything, and soon strange whispers went about among the men. At last the truth was known, the tears of that April morning had no sunshine to the hearts from which the weeping sprung—There was scarcely room for political regret, or for realization of the effect of our disaster upon the general situation, in the minds which were embittered and made wretched with the soldier's agonizing sense of defeat.

The General looked along the shattered lines of his remnant corps, and went in thinking for what his best and bravest had fallen.

The private leaned upon his useless gun and mourned the death of the just pride which he had won from danger at the cannon's mouth on a hundred fields. But it was over.

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On Wednesday night of last week, near Hillsborough, Loudoun county, Va., Mr. S. D. T. CAMERON, at the residence of Mr. B. Underhill, of Parakee, in the 73rd year of his age, in early life, he was invited to take charge of the editorial management of the Genius of Liberty, in Leesburg, which paper he conducted with ability, and to the satisfaction of the party it advocated. He subsequently represented the county of Loudoun in the Legislature of Virginia, and filled other positions of public trust. He was a gentleman of much more than ordinary intelligence, and had the confidence and esteem of all who knew him, through a long, active and useful life. He died lamented by many relatives and friends.

On the 23rd ult., at her residence in Upperville, Va., Mrs. ELIZABETH ROBINSON, in the 64th year of her age.

In Charles county, Md., on the 28th ultimo, in the 61st year of her age, Mrs. MARY E. WILMER, widow of the late Rev. Simon Wilmer.

CAMERON DISTILLERY, NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VA. FOR SALE.—The undersigned will sell, at public sale, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of May, 1886, the valuable property known as Cameron Distillery, with all the land and buildings thereto belonging.

This property, situated on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, and in the city of Alexandria, Va., contains nine and one-eighth acres of land, which is in cultivation as a market garden. The building, three stories high, is substantially built, and of sufficient capacity to run 500 bush. per day. The copper boiler for said capacity is of the best quality, and the engine, built by Peole & Hunt, of Baltimore, is of thirty horse power, with two boilers forty feet long each, with requisite shafting, fly-wheel, etc. Also, one pair of superior mill burrs. At the door is a well, ten feet in diameter, forty feet deep, containing an abundant supply of cool soft water. There is piped into the well the water of the spring, the water right of which we offer for sale, with all the privileges thereto.

The property will positively be sold, the owners having engaged in other pursuits during the war. If not sold entire, will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Engine, copper and mill burrs may be sold in lots, and the water right sold for \$250.00 per acre, with stable.

CHARLES E. STUART, GEORGE W. BRENT, Auctioneers.

Proposals are invited until April 25th, inst., for the leasing for a term of years of the Alexandria Canal, including all of its real and other property. This canal extends from the city of Alexandria, Va., to the city of Georgetown, D. C., and is a valuable waterway, and connects with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The water in the canal is conveyed across the Potomac in a wooden trough and superstructure, which is built on granite rock piers, and is supported by the Potomac at the Alexandria end. The following description of the Alexandria Canal is given by the Hon. J. C. Ball, ex-Gov. of Virginia: "An abutment is built against the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at Georgetown. The Alexandria Canal commencing at this point is carried across the Potomac on an aqueduct 16 1/2 miles long. This aqueduct was located by survey made in 1820, and is 20 feet deep, and 16 feet wide at the top, and 12 feet wide at the bottom. The abutments and piers are all built in masonry on the solid rock, on which they are erected in cement and gravel work from foundation to top. The masonry constructed during the course of several years, with a large force engaged night and day except during part of the winter months. The piers are carried up 30 feet above the river surface, and are therefore in height from 55 to 70 feet. They are about 70 feet long at base, and 12 to 21 feet thick at the water surface. They are of granite rock laid in cement, and having solid the foundations and drifts for several years, (1849) are well known to be of imperishable material and workmanship."—The cost of the aqueduct, \$75,831.43, including about \$20,000 for the wooden trough and superstructure. The other portion of the canal, extending from the water surface, to the city of Georgetown, is a long, narrow, shallow canal, built in cement, and is now used for the transport of coal, and other goods, and is a valuable waterway for the Alexandria Canal. The canal is a valuable property, and is a valuable waterway, and connects with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. There was transported of coal alone, about 500,000 tons, and the coal trade has largely increased since. The canal is a valuable property, and is a valuable waterway, and connects with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The canal is a valuable property, and is a valuable waterway, and connects with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal.

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HUGH LATHAM, Mayor of Alexandria, Va. (National Intelligencer, Washington; Herald, New York; and Telegraph, Cumberland, Md., Standard, and send bill.)

THE SUBSCRIBER CONTEMPLATES making a change in his business, and offers his entire stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, VARIETIES, PATENT MEDICINES, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD SEEDS, in fact his entire stock at very reduced prices. The public are very respectfully invited to give him a call before purchasing, as great bargains will be offered. HENRY COOK, 23 King Street, ap 2-17

JUST RECEIVED. A lot of Superior Hominy, Maine Carter Potatoes, Very Superior Golden Syrup, No. 1 Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Rind and New York Firm Butter, all of which we will sell very low for the cash. JOSEPH T. JANNEY, Corner Prince and Pitt streets. ja 31-47

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ORANGE & ALEXANDRIA RAILROAD.

Previous to the recent adjustment of the difficulties connected with the Orange & Alexandria Railroad, a committee of the stockholders, consisting of Messrs. B. H. Shackelford, W. E. Gaskins, J. G. Beckham, J. J. Wheat, and S. W. Ficklin, made a report to the directors, detailing the efforts they had made to have the road turned over to the company, and their failure to effect that object, owing to the course of Philip Quigley. This report was dated March 31st, and is now published in the Richmond paper. The following is an extract from the report. The Committee obtained from the Auditor a report, yesterday of the financial condition of the Company since the last report made to us, which is herewith filed, and with it an account of the earnings and expenses, and an abstract of receipts and disbursements, herewith filed. From these papers it will be seen among other things, that Philip Quigley had drawn the fifteen thousand dollars (demanded as compensation for himself and Mr. Jamieson) on the 6th day of March, 1866, and had then paid themselves, and it so stands now upon the check book of the Company shown to the Committee by the Auditor. Since that time Quigley has ordered that no more abstracts or statements be allowed. It further appears that Andrew Jamieson has received one quarter's pay as President, so-called, of the road, being the sum of \$500, which sum said Mr. Jamieson now admits that he received on account of his services, computed at \$2,000 per annum, as so called President.

DIED.

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BOARD OF HEALTH.

The Board of Health of this city, met pursuant to a call by the Mayor, in the Council Chamber, on Friday, the 6th inst.

Dr. C. W. Chancellor, Health Officer, was called to the chair.

Chas. C. Berry was elected President to serve in the absence of the Health Officer.

Jam. E. Entwistle, jr., was appointed Secretary; and Morgan Driscoll, Messenger to the Board.

The compensation of the messenger was fixed at twenty dollars for the year.

The Rules and Regulations of the previous Board were adopted for the direction of this.

The Health Officer read a paper setting forth the sanitary condition of several ways filthy localities, in the immediate vicinity, and urging upon the Board immediate attention—which was adopted.

The city was divided into nine districts, and the following appointments made:

Jas. Entwistle, jr., East of Royal street, and South of Prince street; Benoni Wheat, South of East street, and East of Prince street; Wm. J. Summers, South of Prince street, West of Washington street; James W. Atkinson, between King and Prince streets, West of Washington street; Chas. C. Berry, between King and Prince streets, between King and Washington streets; Robert Brockett, North of King street, West of Washington street.

The Board earnestly requested the citizens to faithfully co-operate with the members, during the coming warm season, and to cause, at once, the removal from their premises, all substances which may produce disease, epidemic or otherwise, assuring them that all laws, coming under the purview of the Board, will be rigidly enforced.

The members were requested to visit their respective districts, as soon as practicable.

The Board authorized the publication of these proceedings in the Alexandria Gazette.

ap 1-17 JAS. ENTWISLE, JR., Secretary.

GRAND BALL.

The members of the SUN FIRE COMPANY, No. 2, take pleasure in announcing to their friends and the public generally that they intend to give a GRAND BALL,

AT THE CITY ASSEMBLY ROOMS.

On MONDAY, EVENING, APRIL 16, 1886, the proceeds of which are for the purpose of fitting up their meeting room.

Prof. Cook's Ice Cellar Band has been engaged for the occasion, and will perform some of their most excellent airs. The committee pledge themselves to make this one of the best balls of the season.

Tickets, \$2.00—refreshments included—to be had of any of the following committee: George S. Smith, F. Power, J. H. Duffey, T. Hall, E. Price, T. A. Mitchell.

Ombushes will start running at 7 o'clock precisely. ap 9-7

FOR SALE.—The property formerly occupied by J. W. Lockwood, situated on the corner of East and Prince streets, in the city of Alexandria, Va. The house is of brick, contains 6 rooms, and is attached to a Kitchen, two servant's rooms, a wash room, an ice house, smoke house, chicken house, stable, carriage house, &c. There is a pump of the most efficient water in the yard, and a large cistern of filtered rain water. The property is situated on SEVENTEEN ACRES, and is most delightfully situated; is proverbially healthy, and commands a beautiful view of the Potomac River, the City of Washington, Alexandria, and the surrounding country. Price \$4,000; \$1,000 cash. For further particulars apply to the balance. Geo. Washington, No. 6, south Union street. ap 4-17

SALE OF LIQUORS.—Intending to discontinue the sale of Liquor at my store, corner Cameron and Royal streets, I shall offer at private sale, for two weeks, in quantities not less than now contained in original packages, my entire stock of LIQUORS, consisting of Old Brandies, Brandy, Rum, Gin, &c. These goods will be of similar quality. An inspection is respectfully requested of those intending to purchase. Terms easy to approved parties. J. C. MILBURN, ap 2-27

WOOD! WOOD!! WOOD!!! BAKERS ATTENTION! 20 cords well seasoned Pine Wood, suitable for bakers use. The best seasoned Pine Wood always on hand, and sold in lots to suit purchasers from one quarter cord to one hundred cords. Call and leave your orders at. Geo. W. Bro. & Co., No. 1, foot of King st. mh 9-17

THOMAS SINCLAIR, CARPENTER