

NEWS OF THE DAY.

James Thomas Brudenell, seventh Earl of Cardigan, who led the celebrated charge of the Six Hundred at Balaklava, and whose name has been prominently before the public throughout most of his career, died at his seat in Northamptonshire, England, on the 28th of March, in consequence of a fall from his horse.

The New York Commercial (Republican) intimates that the radicals, under Mr. Wade, intend to make a clean sweep. "The Seward men in office in Washington and elsewhere are all to be slaughtered."

Count Bismarck has written a letter in reply to the request of the Alliance Israelite of Paris, to interpose with the government of Prussia in behalf of the Jews persecuted in Roumania, and says that the Prussian government has given fresh instructions to its representative at Bucharest to use his utmost influence to secure for the Jews "all that protection which they enjoy in countries that are under a legislation founded on principles of humanity."

The London papers contain accounts of the favorable prospects of the Suez Canal. Notwithstanding the doubts about its feasibility, it is likely to be a complete success, and some now go so far as to say that within a year ships will pass from the Mediterranean to the Red Sea.

It is announced that a prominent New York book publisher is about to issue a book by a woman who has been a servant in the houses of Jefferson Davis and of President Lincoln, and who promises very "spicy" revelations concerning the private life of the families of both.

Horace Greeley, in reply to a Connecticut correspondent in the Tribune, says: "When one sets out to act like a fool, it is difficult to forecast the limits of his folly."

Gen. Sherman in a consultation with the Senate and House Committees on Indian Affairs, in relation to the Indian difficulties, and plans for ending them. It appears that the question is, pretty much, whether it is best to feed or fight the Indians—and Gen. S. is said to be in favor of the feeding process.

In reading the list of the names of the Virginia Reconstruction Convention, one cannot help wondering what the people of Massachusetts or New York, would think of a body collected to make a constitution for them, consisting for the most part of persons from Virginia, North and South Carolina, Alabama, &c.?

Hunnicut, through the New Nation, shows his discontent. His groans and grumbles are distinctly audible. Speaking of "his men," he says, "if they cannot get justice done without, they should appeal to the Congress of the U. S., and lay their grievances before that body, and seek redress at their hands."

Mr. Forney, in his "Occasional" letters, appears to get more and more impatient for the conviction and deposition of the President. If the Senate does not "hurry up," it will be impossible to hold him. It is painful to see the misery he endures in consequence of the delay.

The American Tract Society publishes and circulates a class of books, to two of which attention has been called—Evelyn Percival and Walter Martin. The first is a sort of pious rehash of Uncle Tom's Cabin. The other of the Radical class.

Henry Ward Beecher's Life of Christ is to be illustrated with scenes and views in the Holy Land, engraved in the finest style of art. It is a book of "great expectations" on the part of Mr. Beecher's friends and admirers.

It is a rule, in this country, to have a "Convention" about everything of a public nature. The Photographers had a "Convention" in New York, last week.

According to all our latest accounts from Europe, emigration thence to the U. S. promises this summer to be on a scale of unprecedented magnitude.

The Democrats in Albany, N. Y., yesterday, elected their city ticket for officers, by 2,000 majority.

At a Radical meeting held in Richmond last Sunday, in a church building, resolutions complimentary to the late Gov. Peirpoint were unanimously passed; and immediately afterwards on motion of Mr. Wardwell, resolutions complimentary to Gov. Wells were also unanimously passed, and a committee appointed to wait on him, and request him to make the church where the meeting was held—a "truly lo-i" church—"his place of worship."

The National Intelligencer says that when Sergeant Bates, bearing the U. S. flag, yesterday, "came to the door of the Capitol of the U. S., he was refused admission by a burly chief of Capitol police, who professed to be acting under orders from the Senate. It is remarkable that while Sergeant Bates and his flag, and the white men with him, were thus stopped from entering even the rotunda of the Capitol, more than a hundred negroes, who had followed the procession, were allowed to enter the precincts without question."

A new name has been given to Mr. Butler, as chief manager of the Impachment. He is called "Sergeant Bufzuz." For particulars see Pickwick papers—especially the Pickwick trial.

Mr. Glenn, the old gentleman who had the temerity to make charges of legislative corruption in the New York Assembly, which everybody believes, has resigned. In the existing state of the law, the conviction of a member for bribery is impossible, as those who are concerned in offering the bribe are as liable to the State prison as he who accepts.

Col. John S. Preston, of Columbia, S. C., has written a letter strongly urging the wisdom of acting with the Democratic party of the country. He says he will do "his best for the purposes of the Democratic party, which purposes are to make one more effort to regain our lost liberty, this time by peaceful action."

In a lawsuit in Havana recently, between Santa Anna and De Gombil, the former has been ordered to give security for his part of the costs, "but asserts that he is penniless." Judgment in the case has been deferred. So the inveterate revolutionist seems to have reached the end of his line.

Two colored men have been arrested and placed in jail at Drummondtown, Va., on suspicion of being the party implicated in the murder of Captain Johnson, and another man, on board the schooner Brave, near Cape S. Straits, Somerset county Md.

Mr. Thurlow Weed makes an announcement in the New York Commercial, to the effect that no consideration whatever could induce Mr. Seward to remain in office a single day after Mr. Johnson is removed, if removed he is to be, by the impeachment court.

Pears are said to be successfully shipped from California to New York by way of the Isthmus of Panama. Grapes are also shipped in this way, and the California fruit growers are rejoicing at the high prices realized on their ventures.

On Friday last a very important arrest of counterfeiters was made in New York city by Deputy U. S. Marshals Dwire and Tease, with Donn and Payman of the secret service, and all acting under Col. Wood, chief of the secret service division.

Shakespeare is the rage just now in Paris, though exhibited generally in a French dress, and "set to music." Why don't they make operas out of Corneille and Racine, some one asked the other day, and leave Shakespeare alone?

Rev. Jason W. Kellogg, a Methodist Minister, has been expelled from his church at Dearborn, Michigan, for profanity, and for eloping with a Mrs. Morehouse, a former member of his church and congregation.

Monday was the anniversary of the birthday of Thomas Jefferson. The States' Right Society of New York city celebrated the fifth annual anniversary of the society with a reunion and banquet.

Gen. Sherman was before the impeachment managers yesterday, and was examined relative to his interviews with the President at the time he was tendered the office of Secretary of War.

George Francis Train still continues an inmate of the Dublin City Marshalsea, detained at the suit of the Eblin Vale Iron Company.—He utilizes the time by preparing voluminous correspondence.

We learn that the peach crop is so far sale in Maryland, Delaware, and New Jersey. But in the Southern States generally the peaches are destroyed.

To-day is the anniversary of the death of the late President Lincoln. The monument to his memory will be dedicated in Washington to-day.

A reunion of the officers of the Army of the Potomac is proposed to be held at Gettysburg, Pa., about the 1st of July, to celebrate the anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg.

Capt. Henry J. Harstene, formerly of the U. S. navy, died in Paris on the 30th of March of paralysis.

John W. Ashmead, formerly U. S. district attorney in Philadelphia, died on Tuesday.

European dispatches of Monday's date represent that there is much discontent in France. The Paris La Liberte has another of a series of editorials calculated to allay the general discontent and uneasiness which has been inspired by the recent warlike preparations of the French Government.

The Prince and Princess of Wales left England yesterday on their projected visit to Ireland, and are expected to land at Dublin at noon to-day. Great preparations and lavish expenditures have been made to give *adieu* to the visit, which, after all, is a mere meaningless piece of pageantry.

The French Government papers continue to give assurances of peace and especially assert that there is no reason to apprehend trouble with Prussia. The Brazil steamer has arrived at Lisbon, but brings no further news in relation to the war with Paraguay, which leads to the belief that the allies have not been so successful as has been represented. The Emperor of Russia has declined to mediate between Prussia and Denmark for the settlement of the Schleswig controversy.

A CONTRAST.—The New York Journal of Commerce draws a parallel and a contrast between the speeches of Mr. Butler and Mr. Curtis in the Impachment case. It says: "Curtis keeps to the bounds of strict dialectics; his reasoning is like a chain; in which there are no weak links, leading from certain premises to certain conclusions. Butler talks like a feed lawyer, at his favorite pursuit of making the worst appear the better case."

In the Convention, on Monday, "Mr. W. H. Robertson arose to a privileged question." He had been called by some a Republican, and by others a Conservative. He had not allied himself with any party. He was here to endeavor to get proper terms of restoration. If he could get these, he would be proud to go back under the old stars and stripes; but sooner than go back without them, he would burn his right arm to the socket, and throw the ashes to the four winds."

The concluding sentence is, what the rhetoricians would call, rather "hyperbolic"—but still, it will do!

In the Convention, on Monday, "The resolutions of Bayne and White, in relation to Mr. Gibson, were on motion of Mr. Walton, postponed indefinitely." Mr. Gibson had told them, that if they passed some resolution in which his name was introduced, without giving him an opportunity to reply to it, they were "a greater set of scoundrels" than ever he had supposed them to be.

The Richmond Dispatch says—"We have the best authority for stating that the registration lists in Virginia, which, as our readers are aware, the law requires to be re-opened fourteen days previous to every election, will be opened only at the various county-seats or court-houses. This is an unfortunate decision for the white voters, large numbers of whom neglected to register their names last fall."

The valuable farm of Mr. Joseph Myers, at Meyerstown, Jefferson county, "West Virginia," containing four hundred and eighty-five acres, and a tract of mountain land of 112 acres on the east side of the Shenandoah river, have been sold for \$40,000. The purchasers were Messrs William and John Gracey, of Cumberland county, Pa.

Rev. H. L. Baugher, President of Pennsylvania College, died at Gettysburg yesterday.

Radical nominations are being made all over the State. In Caroline county a meeting nominated Hawxhurst for Governor, and one white and one black member of the Legislature. In Hanover county Wm. James was nominated for Congress, and one black and one white member of the Legislature. It is said that Bayne may be candidate for Congress.

The store-house together with all its contents, at the Wilderness in Spotsylvania county, was destroyed by fire on Friday night at half past twelve o'clock. The store belonged to Mr. J. J. Stephens. The stock on hand is estimated at \$6,000, on which there is an insurance of \$4,300. It is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

On Saturday last, Jos. Adkins and Charles R. Gilbert, charged with the murder of Christopher Stover, recently in Augusta county, were released, there not being sufficient evidence against them to send them on for trial. Both, we understand, proved that they were elsewhere at the time the deed was committed.

It is intimated that about 11,000,000 bushels of oysters are now annually taken from the Chesapeake Bay and tributaries. More than two-thirds of them go to Baltimore; about 2,000,000 go elsewhere. There are 70 regular packing houses in Baltimore engaged in the business.

Ninety-five colored persons were baptized at Lynchburg last Sunday.

THE NEW ENGLAND METHODIST CONFERENCE.—This body, it will be recollected, lately passed "brilliant" and "christian" resolutions about Congress, impeachment, the reconstruction policy, &c.—subjects highly edifying to a pious assemblage! One of the resolutions adopted, also, was in favor of "the equal and fraternal oneness of man." Now listen to the sequel—the "addendum superadded,"—as given by the Baltimore Gazette:

"The 'fraternal oneness of man' seems to have inspired Bishop Ames, who presided at the Conference, with the determination to prove to the world that with these Methodist Episcopalians of New England, precept and practice went hand in hand. He therefore rose, and in accordance with the spirit of the resolution we have just quoted, stated that 'he intended to transfer a number of colored preachers to the New England Conference.'"

A bombshell had suddenly descended into the midst, the delegates to the Conference could not have looked more agast than at this declaration of their Bishop. But when a resolution of approval was introduced, they threw off the mask of brotherly affection for the negro and denounced the proposed innovation in the strongest possible language. What! put a negro preacher over a white congregation? It was monstrous. It was impracticable. It was a most unheard of proposition. The Methodists of New England would never consent to have their pulpits filled by negroes. As the discussion proceeded several of the speakers became intensely excited and declared, with emphasis, that "not one church in all New England could be found willing to accept colored men as pastors." A few others thought differently. But the final result was that "the whole matter was referred to the Quarterly Conferences, who are to recognize or ignore colored preachers at their pleasure."!! It was the easiest method of getting rid of a distasteful subject.

EMPLOYMENT OF A YOUTHFUL PAIR.—A resident of Hanover county reached this city one day last week in pursuit of an only daughter, who, on Thursday evening last, about twilight, left the parental roof with the object of her adoration, a youth only eighteen years of age. All efforts to discover the whereabouts of the truant lovers in Richmond were fruitless, and the conclusion is that they passed through the city and probably took the Southern train at Petersburg. It is known in the neighborhood where the parties reside that their destination is some point in the Carolinas, where the nuptial knot is to be tied. The young man's intentions are believed to be entirely honorable, but the chief objection with the parents is the extreme youth of both parties. The young lady has not completed her education, and is described as being very beautiful in face and graceful in figure. The father left the city for his home last evening, seemingly satisfied that young people will love, and that when they do love marriage is inevitable. Parental restraint in many cases only hastens matters.—Richmond Enquirer.

A MESS OF Pottage.—There was great joy and exultation among the Radicals in the convention when they passed the "relief measure," as they call the ordinance exempting a certain amount of property from certain debts, and securing a homestead. This joy and exultation grew out of the preposterous idea that they had put enough into the constitution to win over a sufficient number of white people to secure its ratification. They will find themselves grievously mistaken. The birthright of the people of Virginia may be taken from them, but they will never sell it for a mess of pottage. They see the Northern States all voting one after another against negro suffrage merely on account of the disgrace of the thing, and will they vote for negro suffrage, when it will not only entail the same disgrace, but also their subjugation to negro domination? But further: Will they impose this degradation and ruin upon themselves, when the prospect is that in due time the North itself will oppose Southern Africanization? We opine not.—Richmond Wily.

In the Virginia Convention, on Monday, "Mr. W. H. Robertson arose to a privileged question." He had been called by some a Republican, and by others a Conservative. He had not allied himself with any party. He was here to endeavor to get proper terms of restoration. If he could get these, he would be proud to go back under the old stars and stripes; but sooner than go back without them, he would burn his right arm to the socket, and throw the ashes to the four winds."

The concluding sentence is, what the rhetoricians would call, rather "hyperbolic"—but still, it will do!

In the Convention, on Monday, "The resolutions of Bayne and White, in relation to Mr. Gibson, were on motion of Mr. Walton, postponed indefinitely." Mr. Gibson had told them, that if they passed some resolution in which his name was introduced, without giving him an opportunity to reply to it, they were "a greater set of scoundrels" than ever he had supposed them to be.

The Richmond Dispatch says—"We have the best authority for stating that the registration lists in Virginia, which, as our readers are aware, the law requires to be re-opened fourteen days previous to every election, will be opened only at the various county-seats or court-houses. This is an unfortunate decision for the white voters, large numbers of whom neglected to register their names last fall."

The valuable farm of Mr. Joseph Myers, at Meyerstown, Jefferson county, "West Virginia," containing four hundred and eighty-five acres, and a tract of mountain land of 112 acres on the east side of the Shenandoah river, have been sold for \$40,000. The purchasers were Messrs William and John Gracey, of Cumberland county, Pa.

Rev. H. L. Baugher, President of Pennsylvania College, died at Gettysburg yesterday.

LOUDOUN ITEMS.—The Rev. Mr. Mortimer, assistant to Bishop Whittle, when the latter had charge of a church in Louisville, Ky., has received a call from St. James' church in Leesburg, and will, it thought, accept.

A little Loudoun girl asked her mother, the other day, while the latter was working her garden, what she was making, and on being told a hot bed, naively inquired who was going to sleep in it.

Major Arthur L. Rogers has purchased the residence of the late Sanford I. Ramey, in Leesburg, for \$5000, and will soon remove from Middleburg to his new home. The Major has resumed the practice of law.

The Radical papers ridicule, sneer at, and even vilify, Sergeant Bates—for carrying the U. S. flag through the South! The "flag" was formerly the watchword,—but now it is "no account!"—especially if it is carried by a "Copperhead."

According to the Baltimore American, there are "disorganizing" movements in the Radical party in Baltimore.

Alexandria Library Company. To the People of Alexandria:

Knowing, as they do, the many appeals to your generosity and public spirit, which have, of late, been made, as well as the readiness with which you have always met them, the Board of Directors of the Alexandria Library Company would hesitate to call upon you for assistance did not a sense of duty require them to do so.

Of the advantages they may almost say the necessity—of a good library, especially to the younger portion of our community, they deem it unnecessary to speak; they are evident to you all. Four thousand very valuable books, the property of the company, have survived the war; arrangements have been made by which the library will be kept open entirely free from expense, and all that is wanted is an amount of money necessary to replace some of the books lost, and to purchase the best of those recently issued. This, they believe, can be easily raised by proper effort, and some of their number will, therefore, call upon you, at an early day, to request subscriptions. Every cent subscribed will be expended for books; none will be absorbed in expenses. You can either buy stock, and thus become part owner of a valuable property; or subscribe by the year; or make donations; and it is hoped that no one, however limited his means, will refuse to do either one or the other. Let the price of the pictorial papers, (many of them not of the most improving character) and of the cheap, trashy novels which are purchased weekly, be applied to the assistance of the library, and the end in view will be accomplished.

By order of the Board of Directors: RICHARD L. CAIRNE, President. ALEXANDRIA, April 15th, 1868.

CITY COUNCIL. OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS. Common Council.

At a regular meeting of the Common Council of Alexandria, held April 14, 1868, there were present: J. B. SMOOT, esp., President; Messrs. Warfield, Neale, Hopkins, Simpson, Brown, Johnson, Holstein, and J. M. SMOOT.

A petition of Wm. H. Seaman for permission to erect a small frame building east of Water street, between Cameron and Queen sts., was granted.

The petition of R. Windsor was taken up, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Johnson introduced "an act requiring the Mayor to give bond, with approved security." The 23d rule was suspended, the bill read three times and passed.

Also, "an act in reference to the destruction of Corporation duo bills, coupons and certificates of indebtedness." Read once and referred to the Committee on General Laws.

A petition of butchers, laid on the table Dec. 10, 1867, was taken up and referred to the Committee on General Laws.

The Council then adjourned. Teste: THOMAS M. WHITE, Clerk.

MARRIED. On the 15th, at the M. E. Church South, by the Rev. Dr. R. S. Hough, H. W. BELKONIMUS, of Baltimore, Md., and Miss MARY J. WOOD, late of Frederick co., Va.

OBITUARY. At the residence of her father, Enoch Grimes, on April 14th, at 9 a. m., Mrs. SARAH E. SMOOT, in the 31st year of her age, after a long and painful illness, which was borne with christian fortitude, and which ended in the bright smile of religious triumph. Burial on April 16th, at 3 p. m.

The body of Gen. WALTER H. STEVENS, Chief of Construction of the defenses of Richmond, and for the last year of the war Chief Engineer of the Army of Northern Virginia, who died in Mexico last fall, has arrived in New York, and will be buried in Richmond, Va., on Sunday next, the 19th instant, with Masonic honors.

At "The Reads," Caroline county, on Friday, April 24, Col. R. B. CORBIN, in the 72d year of his age.

NOTICE.—The GERMAN CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION will meet this WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, over Wall's Food store, corner King and Columbus streets, when the fourth instalment on stock held to be paid. All those wishing to subscribe to more shares of stock had better do so at once, as the unpaid shares will command a premium of 10 cents per share per month hereafter.

ap 14-1t JUSTUS SCHNEIDER, Sec.

BATH ROOMS. HENRY WORTCOLE has fitted up, over his barber shop, No. 155, King street, BATH ROOMS, for the accommodation of the public. Gentlemen will find every thing neat and comfortable bath can be obtained. ap 15-1m

NOTICE.—The creditors of the late firm of N WHEAT & BRO. are hereby notified that longer indulgence cannot be granted. Unless some satisfactory settlement is made by the 1st of May, all accounts will then be placed in the hands of a lawyer for collection.

B. WHEAT, Surviving Partner.

LOUDOUN AND FAUQUIER LANDS FOR SALE. I am authorized to sell about fifty of the most desirable farms in Loudoun and Fauquier counties. ARTHUR L. ROGERS, Attorney at Law and Land Agent, Middleburg, Va. ap 15-6m

BUTTER.—A choice article of New York State Butter, received to-day and for sale by J. C. MILLBURN. ap 15

NEW AND FIRST CLASS FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, LACE, MILLINERY, HATS, CAPS, SILKS, Shawls, Mantles, Dress Goods, Silks, Poppins, Poles, Organidies, Gingham, Mohairs, Lawns, Parasols, Piques, Suits, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

White Goods—full lines, best grades. Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of reliable qualities. Mourning Goods full stock, best class all the year round. Dry Goods for the use of families and housekeepers.

All kinds of Staple Dry Goods for the use of the "million," whose trade we solicit. Our Northern and Eastern correspondents send us new supplies daily. Strangers and sojourners will inspect our stock at their pleasure; it incurs no obligation to purchase.

All parcels for shipment by express or other modes properly packed, free of charge. One price only, marked on all figures. Terms cash. PERRY & BRO., No. 100, Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth st., ap 7-30t1t WASHINGTON, D. C.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Flour, Wheat, Corn, and various oils.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Fish, Butter, and Eggs.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Beans, Bacon, and Ham.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Lard, HAY, and WHISKY.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like Fish Market, SHAD, and HERRING.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like MARINE LIST, PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, and SAILED.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE, No 70 Prince street.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like REAL ESTATE AGENCY, AT FAIRFAX C. H., VA.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS, BRYAN & BREERWOOD.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like HARDWARE AND HOUSEKEEPERS GOODS, JUST RECEIVED.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like CANARY BIRDS, CAGES AND SEED, and WRAPPING PAPER.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like PAINT BRUSHES, and TABLE CUTLERY AND PLATED GOODS.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like BABBITT'S SOAPS, and FALLOW SOAPS.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like TABLE CUTLERY AND PLATED GOODS, and BABBITT'S SOAPS.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like BABBITT'S SOAPS, and FALLOW SOAPS.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like BABBITT'S SOAPS, and FALLOW SOAPS.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like BABBITT'S SOAPS, and FALLOW SOAPS.

Table with columns for commodity names and prices. Includes items like BABBITT'S SOAPS, and FALLOW SOAPS.