



ALEXANDRIA, VA. SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1870.

THE WAR NEWS.—The papers this morning contain but little from the seat of war in Europe, later than that given in the Gazette yesterday. The French account of the battle at Weissenburg and the capture of that place and the adjoining heights by the Prussians, states that "at one o'clock in the afternoon three regiments of Donay's division and a brigade of light cavalry were attacked at Weissenburg by a very considerable force of Prussians which had been massed in the woods skirting Lauter river. The French troops resisted for several hours the attacks of the Prussians and then retired to the summit of Pigeonnier, an eminence which commands the line of railroad to Bitsche. General Donay was killed. One piece of artillery, the horses having been killed and the carriage broken, fell into the hands of the Prussians." It is added that "Marshal McMahon is concentrating the forces under his command at this point." The total number of prisoners by the Prussians is put down at 800. A special dispatch to a New York paper from Hazensau says that "the defeat of the French at Weissenburg was disastrous. General Donay's division, composed of picked fighting men, was utterly routed, and several of them have reached here in a demoralized condition. Weissenburg is in the possession of the Prussians. A general advance here and at Saarbrücken is expected." The report of the capture of Saar Louis by the French is unclouded. Saar-Louis is a town of Rhenish Prussia, on the frontier of France, thirty miles southeast of Treves, on the left bank of the river Saar, and has a population of about 5,000. It belonged to France until 1815, and forms an important border fortress. It is said that in Paris it is believed that the Prussians design invading France through Landau, which, it is stated, accounts for the attack on Weissenburg. The Paris Presse judges from the movements of the Prussians that the latter will violate Belgian territory. It is understood in London, however, that England will make such an event, on the part of either belligerent, a casus belli. According to the reports by telegraph, this evening, the French have reoccupied Weissenburg, which the Prussians evacuated on the advance of Marshal McMahon's corps, which it is said now holds a strong position on the Bavarian frontier. Dispatches from Paris state that the forces engaged on Thursday at Weissenburg were very unequal, the Prussians outnumbering the French three or four to one. The Prussian loss is stated to have been so great that they "did not dare to pursue."

THE POLITICAL CALDRON, quiet, in this State for so long, begins to simmer from the continued application of fuel by the aspirants for office. Candidates for Congressional honors are becoming quite numerous, and even the claims of Senator Johnston's successor—prominent among whom are Mej. W. T. Sutherland, of Danville, and Gov. Walker, are being canvassed. Judge Dickinson, of Prince Edward, is spoken of to succeed Mr. Ridgway, in the Lynchburg district, in case the latter's health will not admit of his continuance. In this district a number of gentlemen have been proposed for Congress, and a Conservative Convention will probably be held in this city to determine the nominee. Mr. McKenzie, the present incumbent, will be an "independent" candidate. The Radicals have had "a split" in the Richmond district, and the opponents of Porter, who has been re-nominated, have called another convention. In case the division continues the Conservatives in that district will probably run a candidate. It is thought by some that the Legislature, at its session in October, will re-district the State, but this is by no means certain. Should the re-districting be determined upon the holding of conventions will have to be deferred. In any event there is an abundance of time, and in the interim, the European war will divert attention somewhat from politics and tend to allay excitement, and the chances are that the canvass will be short, but not sharp.

THE ADDRESS of the Central Executive committee of the Conservative party of the State, which we print to day in full, is an able and well written document, tracing with accuracy the political status of Virginia and the circumstances which led to the formation of the Conservative party, and presenting very cogent reasons for adhering to that policy. It will doubtless be read with interest, and its sentiments in the main heartily concurred in, and the advice given, heeded by those who have the true interest and welfare of the State at heart, and who desire to see a triumph of Conservatism over Radicalism.

YORK CAMPBELL, colored, was hanged at Culpeper Court House yesterday for the murder of an old and infirm colored man named Patrick Pollux on the 25th of December. The execution took place in an open field near the town, and was witnessed by 6,000 persons. The condemned man was accompanied to the scaffold by a mounted guard of one hundred men. He confessed his guilt and said that he was prepared to die. At half past twelve the drop fell, and he expired almost instantly.

It is said that the President does not consider an extra session of Congress necessary, and will only convene one on account of the European war if this country should become complicated in any way.

We have received a copy of an exposition of the case of Woods, imprisoned by order of the House of Representatives for an assault on Porter. This week's number of Punchinello has been received.

Advices from Mexico state that oscillations of an earthquake were felt at Oaxaca on the 28th of July. The Governor of Campechy has taken up arms against the federal government. Campechy is declared in a state of siege. American Indians have lately made incursions in the State of Sonora and destroyed the lives and property of citizens. The followers of Martinez threaten an invasion of the northern part of Vera Cruz.

The President arrived in Washington yesterday morning on the early train. At noon a Cabinet meeting was held, and the members present except Secretaries Fish and Boutwell. The object of the session was to consider appointments left undispensed of by the Senate, and because the President intends visiting St. Louis next week and will be absent two weeks. The President left for Long Branch again in the evening.

The President did not officially hear until Wednesday that France had declared war against Prussia. This fact now being known from an authentic source, the President contemplates issuing a proclamation of neutrality in accordance with the laws now in force. But this may not be ready for a week or more to come.

Mr. Turner, editor of the Raleigh, N. C. Sentinel, was waylaid on his way to the depot at Hillsboro, Orange county, and arrested by Holden's militia yesterday. Orange has not been declared in insurrection, and no disturbance has occurred there. Both parties denounce the outrage.

A terrible earthquake has visited the shores of the Gulf of Corinth. The towns of Amphira and Galagida and several villages were destroyed and many persons were killed and wounded. The inhabitants are in a state of great destitution.

The returns from the North Carolina election, while they come in slowly, indicate the election of four Conservative Congressmen and a Conservative majority of the members of the Legislature.

The Piedmont Virginia says that there is not one word of truth in the report that Jeter Phillips was married to a lady in Orange county, during the war.

The cholera which broke out recently at Havana has considerably increased. There have been as many as thirty deaths a day.

James H. Platt, Jr., has been nominated for re-election to Congress by the Radicals of the Petersburg district.

Charles Dickens, Jr. has bought in the property of his late father, put up at auction. There was another panic in the Liverpool market yesterday but no failures are reported.

An attempt to induce Denmark to form an alliance with France has failed.

There has been an arrival at London from China via the Suez canal.

The cost of the Crimean war to England was £80,000,000.

The last detachment of French troops has left Rome.

The population of Upper Marlboro', Md., is 492.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The following county superintendents of schools have been appointed by the State Board of Education: Albemarle—D. P. Powers. Augusta—Jed. Hotchkiss. Appomattox—C. H. Chilton. Caroline—Thomas R. Dew. Buckingham—T. M. Perkins. Gloucester—S. Taylor Martin. Madison—William A. Hill. Montgomery—William C. Haran. Orange—Robert Brazier. Patrick—A. Staples. Pulaski—William Pope. Dabney. Prince Edward—Berry M. Smith.

By the action of the Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party of Virginia the following members have been added to the resident committee: J. R. Fisher, A. M. Keiley, Thomas W. McCance and W. H. Palmer. The resident committee is now constituted as follows: R. P. Daniel, chairman; Thomas Branch, James Neeson, Albert Ordway, H. H. Marshall, M. L. Strane, P. T. Moore, James R. Fisher, A. M. Keiley, W. H. Palmer, T. W. McCance.

The Lynchburg Republican says:—We regret to learn that the Texas cattle disease still continues its ravages in this community. As many as five or six valuable milch cows died yesterday from the malady. We hear that the market for fresh beef has been materially affected, and that the butchers are almost deserted by a certain class of citizens, who refuse to eat fresh meat at all, so long as the disease prevails in the city and its vicinity.

The Lynchburg Washingtonian says: "It is the impression of our most intelligent and experienced farmers that the wheat crop will not be more than the average of half the usual crop raised in this State—certainly such is the case in this section of Virginia."

Mr. N. B. Meade, the general editor of the Winchester Sentinel, has been confined to his house for several weeks, but we trust his sickness is not of a serious nature.

The case of Mr. Ayer, for killing Dr. Oliver, was called in Albemarle county court on Tuesday, and again continued until the next term. The amount of State licenses assessed in Lynchburg up to the first day of the present month is \$10,549.12.

Capt. F. T. Hill died at his residence in Culpeper on Wednesday last, of disease of the heart.

THE CROPS.—From Tide water and the Piedmont district the accounts are uniform that the yield of wheat is below what was expected from the straw. In most cases, it is said, the yield is not more than half of what was anticipated. From beyond the Ridge there are some complaints, though the accounts are more favorable than on this side.

As to the corn crop, the prospect is, in the main, promising. This is the case wherever it was well worked. Unfortunately, owing to the long continued rains and demoralized labor, this was not the case in some districts. We hear more complaints on this score from tide-water than elsewhere. The rains of late, though not superabundant nor uniform, are supposed to be sufficient for the growing crops. The tobacco promises a fair crop. In some sections we hear complaints of a narrow growth, and, in some few, of a "bad stand."

The showery weather of the last fortnight through most of the tobacco region has been highly favorable.—Richmond Whig.

NO CHANGE IN SCHEDULE.—In consequence of the refusal of some of the Southern roads to conform to the new schedule of the Orange road, which was to have taken effect to-day, that schedule has been withdrawn, and the trains will run on the old schedule for the present, leaving here at 8:25 A. M. and arriving at 5:05 P. M.—Lynchburg News.

The Segar-Lincoln Difficulty.

There was another difficulty in Washington yesterday growing out of the Segar-Lincoln affair of the day previous which resulted in a fight between Mr. Segar and Mr. C. D. Willard, Mr. Lincoln's partner. Mr. Segar's statement of the affair is as follows: He was standing in the door of Parker's newspaper and periodical store, on Seventh street, opposite the post office, when he was accosted by an individual who was a stranger to him, who said: "Well, sir, are you prowling around to-day to see who you can find to whip?" Mr. Segar replied that he was seeking for no one, and had no disposition to whip any person. The stranger, who proved to be Mr. Willard, of the firm of Lincoln & Willard said: "I did not know but you were looking for me. I am man enough for you, if you want to try and whip me."

"I do not know you," said Mr. Segar, "and do not desire a quarrel with you."

"You whipped my partner yesterday," said Willard; "and I thought you might wish to try to whip me."

"Your partner is a villain and a d—d scoundrel," said Mr. S., "and deserved all he got. You are a liar," said Mr. Willard.

Mr. Segar raised his cane and struck at Mr. Willard, who nimbly dodged behind a stalwart friend of his named Potter, who had accompanied him, and who received a light blow upon the shoulders. Bystanders gathered around and Willard made his escape unobserved.

Some time after the occurrence, but while it was the subject of conversation, General A. Grant, of the Boys in Blue, came upon the ground and attempted to defend Mr. Willard from the charge of cowardice. He said Willard had fought in his regiment in the war and he knew him to be a brave man.

Mr. Segar said: "Any young man who will seek an occasion to insult a man of my age and then sneak off in the way he did is a coward, and if you defend him you are no better than he is."

Mr. Grant was about to demonstrate his bravery by an attack upon Mr. Segar, when a young man named King, residing on N street, between Seventh and Eighth, said: "Mr. Grant, I know you, and I do not know this gentleman, but I have witnessed this difficulty. The man who insulted him did act cowardly, and he is right in saying so, and no man shall lay his hands upon him for saying so while I stand here."

Mr. Grant reviewed the young man, and seeing determination in his eye, demonstrated his discretion by a graceful retreat, leaving Mr. Segar in possession of the field where he had twice repulsed the enemy's advance.

Mr. Willard's account to a reporter of the Republican is that as he, Willard, alighted from one of the Everett cars at Seventh street, and was in the act of entering Robbins' building, where the law office of the firm is located, he observed Mr. Segar standing directly in the doorway. He held in his hand a wand which bore a cane with a loaded head. Not knowing what Mr. Segar's intention, Mr. Willard approached him and said:

"Mr. Segar you yesterday assaulted my partner in a most dastardly manner; you struck him from behind like a coward. Now, sir, if you want to assault me you must do it now, for I do not propose that you shall hit me from behind as you did Mr. Lincoln."

As soon as he had uttered the remark Mr. Segar clubbed his cane and raised it to hit the speaker, whereupon Mr. Willard (who is quite a small man) seized him by the throat and choked him to the ground, but, as he states, refrained from striking him on account of his age.

Several of the business men in the locality rushed in and separated the parties, whom Mr. Willard rose and walked into his office. From eye-witnesses of the scene we learn that the gentlemen who had intervened walked Mr. Segar to the corner of Seventh and F streets and endeavored to calm him down; but it was some time before he could be quieted.

A number of Mr. Willard's friends visited him in his office and to them he expressed his mind, very clearly asserting that Mr. Segar was only a tool in the hands of Mr. J. B. Stewart, who had urged him to commit the assault upon Mr. Lincoln, and followed up by assaulting him.

Mr. Willard left the city by the early train to-day, and we suppose yesterday's rencounter will be the end of this imbroglio for the present. Mr. Jos. B. Stewart publishes in the Republican a long statement of the origin and cause of the whole difficulty, which grew out of the connection of all the parties concerned, himself included, with the Alexandria and Fredericksburg Railroad Company, and declares that Mr. Segar has been most shamefully slandered by Mr. Lincoln, who he says never purchased of him a single share of stock, and the \$30,000 profit received for it no more belongs to Lincoln and his partner than if they had stolen it from the vaults of the public treasury. He further charges Messrs. Lincoln and Willard with fraud and the use of a "forced resolution" to get hold of the bonds and makes a statement of what happened in connection with Mr. Segar's visit to Richmond, his object, by whom he was requested to go there, what he did &c.

Scene in a Radical Convention.

[Correspondence Petersburg Index.] RICHMOND, August 4.—The closing scenes of the "Porter convention" were disgraceful in the extreme. A committee was appointed to report the names of suitable persons to form an executive committee, when they came in and submitted a list. Robbins, one of the excluded Chesterfield delegates, who had stationed himself in a gallery, voted no upon the adoption of it. Maddox, chairman, ordered him to shut up. Robbins defied him to make him. Maddox threatened to have him put out. Robbins declared that he would like to see the man who would undertake the job. A policeman was sent for and amid the utmost excitement and confusion Robbins was arrested. But he did not allow himself to be taken down quietly. He clung to the railing, kicked and yelled and fought desperately. The delegates on the floor felt outraged, but the sympathies of the crowd of negroes and whites in the galleries were unquestionably with the anti-Porterites, and with their bold leader Robbins. Soon after adjournment a serious disturbance was threatened. Porter and Gillis, first commenced it on the platform when angry words were passed, and two young men, friends of the disputants, exchanged some blows. The retiring crowd came rushing back, and a melee was imminent. Porter and Maddox slipped down the steps, just in time to escape Robbins, who having freed himself from the officer of the law, came rushing in raging like a lion, cursing and damning Maddox, and challenging him to deadly combat. When it was found that Porter and Maddox had gotten out of the Hall, the whole crowd from hall and galleries came rushing down into the streets shouting, threatening and following after the Congressman and Maddox, who, with a swiftness of foot truly remarkable, succeeded in safely reaching Governor street, where they hopped into a carriage, in front of a lively stable, and drove off leaving the infuriated crowd standing around the corners and in front of the Hall. Porter was nominated unanimously, because none but delegates pledged to his support were allowed to participate in the proceedings.

The late Deputy Postmaster at Romney, West Virginia, David A. Marshall, charged with robbing the mail, had a hearing before the United States Commissioner at Wheeling, and has been held to bail in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance at the next term of the United States District Court, to be held in Wheeling in September.

Reunion—Letter From Gen. Fitz. Lee.

STAFFORD CO., Va., Aug. 4th, 1870. To the Editor of the Alexandria Gazette: Gen. Fitz. Lee received an invitation to attend the "reunion of the survivors of Co. 'D,' 1st Virginia Cavalry," to take place on White Top Mountain in South Western Virginia, on the 5th inst, and sent the following reply: RICHMOND, STAFFORD CO., VA., Aug. 4th, 1870.—Gentlemen:—To-day I received your invitation to be present at the reunion of the survivors of your company, of the 1st Virginia Cavalry, "at White Top Mountain," on the 5th inst.

I experienced real regret when I read that you will say to your comrades that it will not be possible for me to attend.

You know I used to draw corn from the "Quartermaster"—unable to do it now, from reasons not necessary to state—I am raising it. Agriculture refuses me a leave of absence. I am fully clothed with Co. "D" in spirit. Its gallant bearing and conspicuous behavior all through our late war make it a matter of pride to claim a regimental companionship with it. My earliest associations were connected with "D" company, and my latest request is that the future course of the "survivors" may be perfectly consistent with that pursued by their honored dead; and that at this and all future "reunions" the gray soil their feet once kept green in their memory.

I sincerely thank you as members of my old Regiment, old Brigade, and old Division for your hospitable invitation.

Very respectfully, your Obedt. Servant, FITZGEOGH LEE. Messrs. Rees B. Edmondson, G. V. Litchfield, G. C. Greenway, F. S. Findlay, and others, Committee.

DROUGHT.—The Port Tobacco, Charles Co. Md., Times says:—"The prevailing drought has already assumed formidable proportions and serious apprehensions are being expressed about the corn and tobacco crops. Indeed some assert that these crops are already seriously injured and that no amount of rain will now secure a full yield in either of these staple products. We fear that this is too true and especially so with upland corn and tobacco. At any rate things are very dry in this section, and unless we have plentiful rains in a very short time our farmers must fare badly."

The Internal Revenue Bureau has ruled that retail dealers may retail snuff from bladders and jars packed and stamped according to law, but not from paper packages.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, August 6.—Good samples of Wheat continue in active request, with but little enquiry for inferior; offerings of 3-2 bushels white and 175 of red, with sale of the former at 125, 155 and 165, and of the latter at 125, 130, 140, 150, 155, 165 and 175. Corn is very dull at a further decline; offerings of 1500 bushels mixed and yellow, with sale of mixed at 105 and 105; no sales of yellow reported. Oats in light receipt, with no transactions. Oats are coming in freely; market inactive at a decline; offerings of 324 bushels, with sale at 44, 43 and 41.

GEORGETOWN CATTLE MARKET.—The market at Drayton's best yesterday, though well attended was very dull. We quote: 345 head of Cattle at 48 to 75 per 100 lbs gross; 1300 sheep and Lambs from 24 to 50 per head; Cows and Calves 25 to 50.—[Georgetown Courier 6th.]

MARINE LIST.

SUN ROSE.....5 05 MOON SETS.....12 20 SUN SETS.....7 06

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, AUGUST 6.

ARRIVED. Schrs Lucy Jones, Georgetown, and a W Collins, New Haven, to J P Agnew.

SAILED. Schrs Ches A Jones, Griffin, Bath, Me; H L Shairer, Boston, and A W Collins, New Haven, to J P Agnew.

Schrs Mary E Smith, Boston, and J W Ramsey, Providence, by American Coal Co.

DIED. At "Salubria," Culpeper county, the residence of her nephew, Dr. John C. Grayson, on the 2nd of July, Mrs. A. L. BETHET, 75, COOKE, in the 81st year of her age.

Of heart disease, on the 26th of July, 1870, at his residence, in the county of Culpeper, Va., WALTER O'BANNON, Esq., in the 66th year of his age. He was born and reared in the county of Spotsylvania, but settled and lived in the county of Culpeper.

"MOONLIGHT, MUSIC, LOVE AND POPULAR EXCURSION" FULL MOON-LIGHT BRASS BAND.

The committee of the Alexandria Christian Association appointed to arrange a grand excursion down the river for the entertainment and benefit of its friends and members, have the pleasure of announcing that they have arranged with the steamer CITY OF ALEXANDRIA to go down the river, on TUESDAY NIGHT, the 9th of August, leaving here at 8 and returning before 12 o'clock. Every preparation has been made to conduce to the comfort and pleasure of the party, including the addition of a full supply of comfortable chairs. As an object to be attained is the payment of the oppressive debt now and for some time past resting upon the Association, it is hoped that the citizens generally will find it pleasant to go, and thus aid the committee, while at the same time they will enjoy a most delightful means of relaxation and relief from the heat of the city.

As the committee propose to introduce flowers for the adornment of the boat, contributions in kind will be gratefully received at the Association Rooms between the hours of 12 m. and 6 p. m. of Tuesday.

First class retreatments will be offered at the usual rates. Tickets for adults 50c; children at half price. For sale at the bookstores, until 12 o'clock.

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.—In execution of a decree of the Circuit Court of Fairfax county, Virginia, and return of the writ of Joseph Sanderson vs. John F. Kelly, Samuel McGinney and others, the undersigned will offer by public sale, on MONDAY, the 19th day of September next, at Fairfax Court House, the land and undivided interest of said McGinney (being one third) in a TRACT OF LAND conveyed by him and wife to J. F. Kelly. Said tract consists of 100 acres, being the land formerly owned by G. W. Callahan. It is situated near the Chain Bridge, and near the road to Lansley, about four miles from Georgetown, and is highly improved with good buildings, &c.

TERMS.—Ten per cent in hand; the residue in 6, 12 and 18 months, with interest. Bond, with good security, to be given, and the residue paid in the prescribed manner if paid.

Witness my hand and seal of office, this 4th day of August, 1870. W. S. THOMAS, Comm'r.

Fairfax county, Aug 6—2wms

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE. King George C. H., Aug. 1, 1870. To the creditors of the estate of Nicholas Quisenberry, dec'd., and all others concerned: You are hereby notified, that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of King George county, rendered on the 29th day of March, 1870, in chancery depending in the said Court, in Elizabeth K. Quisenberry, adm'x., of Nicholas Quisenberry, dec'd., plaintiff, and Mary L. Quisenberry and others, defendants, I have appointed TUESDAY, the 6th day of September next, at 10 o'clock of the forenoon, the amount of debts due by the estate of said Nicholas Quisenberry, dec'd., and for receiving proof of the same, at which time and place you are required to attend.

Given under my hand, as Commissioner of the Circuit Court of King George county, the day and year first aforesaid. W. S. BROWN.

King Geo. Co., Aug. 6—law4w

PRIME BUTTER, Cheese and Dried Beef for sale by J. CLINTON MILBURN.

VAN AMBURG & CO.'S GREAT GOLDEN MENAGERIE.



The only full and complete Menagerie worthy of the name in the United States. THE GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION OF THE AGE.

Its interest undivided. Its influence unalloyed by anything incompatible with its WELL ESTABLISHED CHARACTER. Relying solely upon its merits as a vast ZOOLOGICAL EXHIBITION.

For success, and appealing to the patronage of an intelligent community, it offers NO CIRCUS PERFORMANCES. Within its comprehensive catalogue of WILD BEASTS, BIRDS AND REPTILES, comprising nearly

FIVE HUNDRED SPECIMENS of the most rare and curious species known to Naturalists, are many which have, before, NEVER BEEN EXHIBITED ON THE CONTINENT.

Among these interesting specialties, which can be seen nowhere else save in the GREAT GOLDEN MENAGERIE,



the management begs to enumerate, first: The enormous black AFRICAN RHINOCEROS, the undoubted "Unicorn" of Holy Writ, the only specimen of this wonderful invulnerable monster which has been exhibited in 30 years. THE GREAT AFRICAN KILLD, the most beautiful and graceful creature that roams the plains of Africa, and the only one ever captured alive. This remarkable animal weighs two thousand pounds. The curious and wonderful HAITE-BRSTE, seldom spoken of by Dr. Livingstone, the only one ever taken alive. The curious and elegant CAZEMBIAN BLESS BUCK, from Central Africa. The only one ever brought to the United States. The rare and exquisitely formed CAFFRARIAN IMPOON, the only specimen ever brought from its native plains, in fatherless explored sections of interior Africa. The enormous and unique AFRICAN SPRING BUCK, the only one ever exhibited in America or Europe. THE ONLY WHITE ZEBRA EVER SEEN. The strangely formed and beautiful WHITE TARTARY YAK, the only one ever brought to America. The remarkable and rarely seen BARBARY OUADAD, one of the most graceful and interesting of quadrupeds. The only one ever captured. The only herd of genuine Hindostan SACRED CATTLE in the United States. A specimen of our native ROCKY MOUNTAIN MOOSE, the only one ever exhibited. The wonderful and enormous animal, the HIPPOPOTAMUS, or River Horse. The only one alive in the United States.

In addition to these and many other specialties, the collection contains a vast number of other animals too numerous for even mention here, and for which we refer the reader to our small bills and descriptive sheets. The appointments and outfit of the

GREAT GOLDEN MENAGERIE



are on a scale of unparalleled extent and elegance, which has never before been attempted, while the magnificent gratuitous pagoda is beyond conception, brilliant and magnificent. Such a street display of iridescent splendor has never before been seen, and has been perfected at a cost of nearly half a million of dollars. Among the notable features of this Royal Street Parade, will be found the great Curiferous Parrot of Pictolus, with its team of ten Normandy horses, the most massive vehicular construction ever drawn on wheels, containing KOEPF'S GREAT GOLDEN OPERA BAND. Herds of Elephants, Camels, Ponies, Llamas and other odd animals, followed by the great Golden Chariot of Cleopatra, on the broad days of which, in full view of the public, a large LIVING LION will be carried, free, uncaged and unfastened, and under no restraint, save the ever vigilant eye of his keeper and tamer, through the public streets. Successing this will come the long array of Dens, Osceles, Aviares, Vans, Chariots and Cars, forming a dazzling and brilliant train nearly a mile in extent. These vehicles are ornamented on the panels on each side and at either end with magnificent paintings. These pictures are more than three hundred in number. This gorgeous out door spectacle will take place at 10 a. m. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m.

The MEN'S PERFORMANCES are of a varied, highly amusing, instructive and entertaining character. They will introduce the thrilling and blood-stirring feats of the GREAT LION KING, in the den with four young Lions and other ferocious wild beasts, in addition to the performance of the TRAINED ANIMALS, such as Elephants, Camels, Borses, Comic Mules, Acting Dogs and Monkeys, Pony Races, &c. Admission to all ages, and respectfully for 50 cents Children under nine years.....25 cents

Exhibition on Washington street, opposite the Cotton Factory, on THURSDAY, August 11th. Will exhibit at Fairfax C. H. on August 10, July 30—230, A24, 6, 10 & 11 1/2

COAL! COAL! COAL! 38 and 40 South Royal street. Arrived per Virginia Emily— One cargo Lee White Ash Stove Coal. " Baltimore Red Ash Stove Coal. " Shamokin Red Ash Coal. " Lykens Red Ash Stove Coal. These are the best qualities of COAL brought to this market. The public and my customers who wish to take advantage of the markets and strikes will do well to call at once and secure their winter supply. Those who are not now prepared to receive their coal, can be supplied any time within 30 days after the arrival. JOE W. AGNEW, A. S. PEPPER.

JOHN LEATHERLAND, WOOD AND COAL DEALER, No. 29 King street, and Corner Queen and Water street. The best descriptions of COAL always on hand and at the lowest prices. Orders solicited and promptly filled. J. P. AGNEW, Agent for the sale and shipment of best quality GEORGE'S CREEK, CUMBERLAND ANTHRACITE COAL, Either by the cargo, car load or retail.

Coal Docks, Alexandria, Va., and Georgetown, D. C. CUMBERLAND COAL! CUMBERLAND COAL! CUMBERLAND COAL! Keep a full stock of Cumberland Coal, and sell in quantities to suit purchasers. AUG 17 Smoot's Wharf, Pier 4. COAL! COAL! COAL! Constantly on hand a supply of superior quality White and Red Ash Coal, which will be sold at market rates, 2240 lbs. to the ton. M. ELDRIDGE & CO., 5-11 No. 4 South Wharves.

INSURANCE AGENCIES. FIRE AND MARINE RISKS placed in responsible companies, at fair rates, by 57-71 HOVE, WEDDERBURN & CO.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF STOVES. I have concluded to offer my large and complete stock of STOVES AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES until the stock is closed out. The COOKING STOVES are the very best and approved patterns in use, with full sets of furniture with each Stove. Other Stoves will be sold at equally low figures. All persons who want or will want Stoves this fall or winter will certainly do well to embrace this favorable opportunity to get them. Thinking it needless to enumerate all the different kinds of names, I would respectfully invite all in want to call and examine for themselves. ENOCH GRIMES, 10-15-16-17 49 King street, Alexandria, Va.

ANDREW H. NOTT, BERTHARD S. ASHBY, H. NOTT & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS CUTLERY, Plated, Britannia, Tin, Wood and Willow Ware, kept constantly on hand Waiters, Toilet Sets, Fect Tubs, Spices and Knife Boxes, Locking Glasses, Fire Irons, Fancy, Clothes and Market Baskets, Travelling Satchels, Table Mats, Napkin Rings, Common sense Sewing Machines, and everything to be found in a first class Furnishing Store, at 69 King street, Alexandria, Va. jan 31

FEE! FEED! Receiving and in store— 100 bushels PRIME OATS, 50 bushels RED STRAW, 100 bushels MILL OFFAL, 500 bushels prime OATS, 400 bushels white and yellow CORN, 100 bushels CORN MEAL. All of which I will sell in any quantity at lowest cash prices, and deliver to any part of the city free of charge. WM. F. HENDERSON, 89 and 91 Cameron street.

GROUND PLASTER. We offer our GROUND PLASTER from our mill, on Princess street, on terms as low as we had anywhere, and respectfully solicit from our friends a continuance of their favors. LEE & BROTHER, Manufacturers and Dealers

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