

LOCAL NEWS.

CITY COUNCIL.—Both Boards of the City Council held regular meetings last night. For official proceedings see another column.

Board of Aldermen.—The Aldermen met at the usual hour; quite a full attendance with in the bar but no spectators. Mr. Corse in reporting favorably upon the bill of Dr. Powell for \$100 for attending at the small-pox hospital, said that it had seemed that the bill was an exorbitant one for the attendance on a single case. Dr. P. had informed the committee that he had sought to obtain the services of other physicians, Dr. Stabler and others but was unable to do so, and that he was compelled to abandon a practice of \$35 per day and to take it himself. He had to leave his boarding house, to lose a suit of clothes, &c., and under the circumstances, the committee did not think the bill exorbitant.

When the bill repealing the forestalling act was called up Mr. French suggested that it would perhaps be well not to repeal the law, but to modify it, so that hucksters could get vegetables fresh in the morning, and yet keep one person from going round during market hours and buying up all the eggs or other articles in the market. Mr. Markell thought that in old times when much smaller supplies were brought to market than at this time such laws were judicious, but they failed in their object now. He was in favor of free trade.

Mr. Seaton was not favorable to the bill. He would not say that the hucksters were not repugnant but the people of his ward, without reference to race, color or previous condition, were opposed to a repeal of the law. He favored, however, a modification of the law.

Mr. Worthington favored the repeal, for whatever slight inconvenience might arise would be tenfold more than compensated when the country people learned that they could dispose of their stocks before market hours. Very shortly a railroad would be opened which would bring here the produce of a line of market gardens from here to Quantico. As it is now neither the hucksters nor the commission merchants could sell, during market hours, provisions brought here.

Mr. French again favored the bill and appealed to Mr. Seaton to vote for it.

Mr. Seaton repeated his views upon the subject.

Mr. Worthington discussed the details of the bill and it was passed unanimously. When a resolution for the laying of two flagged footways across the east side of St. Asaph, and the north side of Wolfe street was up, Mr. Markell suggested that there would be much difficulty in obtaining flagging. Where he got the flagging already laid on one could tell; he had picked it out of banks, dug it up and some said cribbed it. The whole expense had not been fifty dollars.

Mr. Worthington had heard that grave-stones were missing from the cemeteries (laughter.) When the bill forbidding processions with music on Sundays was introduced, Mr. Seaton said he would much prefer to see a bill forbidding the sale of whiskey on Sunday. It was not the music that caused the recent difficulty on Sunday. If this law passed it would be an unjust one. He was satisfied there were good citizens enough to take care of all the roughs that came here. The Mayor could have called for colored people alone and they would have assisted him to quell the riot. For himself his blood boiled when he saw the proceedings that Sunday and he felt like wading in up to his arm pits. If rough white men or rough colored men followed the music, the town could take care of them as it did on the last occasion. We got one wine of the market house out of them. He hoped the bill would not pass.

Mr. Worthington favored stopping all processions from other cities passing through the streets on Sundays. Annapolis, which was troubled in this way, had to pass such a law.

The bill was laid over.

Mr. Simpson said this bill was in substance the same as one already on the statute book.

A resolution of Council looking to the removal of the fire plugs, on King street, to the curbs of the pavement, coming in from the Council.

Mr. French wished a reference to the committee on streets to report on the cost.

Mr. Worthington also desired information as to the cost. He had never noticed that the plugs were in the way, but if they were they ought to be removed.

It was explained that the plugs were originally at the curb, but that the widening of the pavement, by the military, had been placed two feet within the pavement.

Mr. French was not certain that the plugs are not now in the best possible place. If they were put at the curb a runaway horse and wagon might smash them.

The resolution was laid over and the Board adjourned.

Common Council.—There was a larger attendance outside the bar than usual, and all the members but one were present.

The following communication was read and referred without debate:

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Aldermen and Common Council:

GENTLEMEN:—The undersigned begs leave to represent that his duties as Clerk of the Market, have rather been increased than diminished during the last year, by the difficulties attending them, on account of the destruction of the market building, and that his salary has been very much reduced for the same reason, together with the action of your honorable selves, in reducing the price of benches, making a corresponding reduction in commissions.

He respectfully asks that you will appropriate, for his benefit, a sum sufficient to compensate him for his services, and make his salary equal to the amount received previous to March 1871, which was barely sufficient to supply his most pressing wants.

Very Respectfully Yours, &c., Wm. Whittington.

The following, without debate, was also referred to the Fire Wardens for investigation:

ALEXANDRIA, Va., May 13th, 1872.

To the Honorable City Council of Alexandria:

GENTLEMEN:—I regret that I have to report the conduct of the Friendship Fire Company at the fire on Fayette street on Saturday last.

At that fire I gave an order to the Commander, which he and the members declined to obey, stating that their company was an independent organization, and would not recognize any order given by me.

White I was aware that I had full power to have them arrested, still I thought it best to let it pass and report the case to your Honorable body for your action.

If the orders of a Chief Engineer are not to be obeyed, I consider the office useless, and had better be abolished.

Hoping you will give the subject your immediate attention, I am your obedient servant.

EDWARD S. LEADBEATER, Chief Engineer Fire Department.

The following was received without debate:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA, Va., May 14th, 1872.)

To the Honorable City Council:

GENTLEMEN:—It becomes my duty to inform you that I have removed from the police force Mr. James Smith. I will state the cause: A charge was preferred against Mr. Smith and three others of the force; I examined the charge and suspended them, whereupon Mr. Smith, in an insulting manner, placed the implements of his office before me, and in a contemptuous tone said, "I might as well give you my things, as I don't wish to serve under such a man as you are any longer." This language, and the manner of its delivery, was so grossly insolent and disrespectful to the Mayor that his removal was immediate. HUGH LATHAM, Mayor.

A bill of Dr. Powell, for ten days services at the small-pox hospital, amounting to \$100, which had been reported upon favorably by the committee to whom it had been referred, occasioned considerable debate, and required the reading of the following communication:

ALEXANDRIA, Va., April 27th, 1872.

DEAR SIR:—I wish to call your attention to Sec. 41, page 37, Corporation laws, in regard to compensation for services as physician to small-pox hospitals. In accordance with instructions from Board of Health, I endeavored to secure the services of a physician for the hospital established by the Board, but each physician to whom I offered the position declined it. Believing that the interests and welfare of our citizens demanded prompt action in this matter and to prevent any spreading of the disease, I reluctantly took charge of the case myself, and by so doing have, to great extent, been cut off from my ordinary practice. I should be glad to know what the Common Council will deem "a reasonable compensation" per day for my services, as my continuance in charge of the case must depend upon their decision.

I would respectfully suggest that the Council make some provision for the gratuitous vaccination of the poor. The scarcity and high price of reliable vaccine matter render it impossible for the physicians to the poor to vaccinate all who apply gratuitously, but if the Council will allow some small sum for each vaccination I think that the money would be well expended. I would simply suggest that each physician to the poor keep an account, giving the name, age and color of each person vaccinated by them, and that they be allowed twenty-five cents for each vaccination.

Very Respectfully, &c., ROBT. C. POWELL, M. D., Health Officer.

G. R. SHINN, Esq., Prest. Common Council.

Mr. Neale said the Doctor had tried his best to get other doctors to take charge of the case, but they had all refused, and that the Doctor had to attend it himself, and by doing so had given up all of his other practice—leave his boarding house and burn up a suit of clothes.

Mr. Hopkins said he was always in favor of paying a man for his work, but he thought \$100 a day a pretty stiff figure. He inquired what were the provisions of the law requiring attendance upon infectious diseases, and moved that \$50 be given instead of \$100, and his motion was seconded by Mr. Kishiehl. If the Corporation, he continued, were rich he would not object to paying it.

Mr. Hughes said he thought it was a small bill. The Doctor had to lose a suit of clothes, which alone would cost him the bill, and not only that, he had to give up his practice and home and live at a restaurant.

Mr. Hopkins was here to legislate for his constituents, and was unwilling to pay a man more than \$5 a day. Suppose the Corporation had to employ Dr. Lewis, and had to pay him the loss of his practice, what would be the amount of the bill?

Mr. Wheat suggested \$75 instead of \$50. When Dr. Powell had executed his office as physician to the poor he had done so with all knowledge of the conditions it imposed. Suppose he was called upon to treat scarlet fever, also an infectious disease, would he charge extra for that?

Mr. Beach wanted to know whether a physician to the poor had to attend poor people all over town, or only at the P. O.'s House.

Mr. Wheat explained that they had to attend the poor of their respective wards, and the President read a section of the law upon the subject.

Mr. Hughes was opposed to asking Dr. Powell or any other man to work without pay, and if we didn't pay him the result would be that the next case of small-pox would have to take care of itself, for no doctor would go near it.

Mr. Hopkins said, to close the debate, he would state that the bill was made off in his store, and that the Doctor had said when drawing it that \$75 was enough, but that as he supposed Council would want to take off something, he would make it \$100 and allow for deduction.

This had the desired effect and \$75 was substituted for \$100, and the report was adopted.

Mr. Hopkins called up his bill to prevent bands of music parading the streets on Sundays, and on its second reading Mr. Wheat moved that \$5 be substituted for \$10 as the minimum fine, on account of the possible occurrence from want of knowledge of the law, as in the case of bands in transit through the city. His amendment was adopted, and the bill was passed, the representatives of the 4th Ward alone voting solidly against it.

On the bill providing that the term of officers elected by the Council shall commence on the 1st of August and terminate on the 31st of July, which was called up by Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Wheat thought it would be better to let them hold over until their successors were appointed.

The President said suppose their successors were not appointed until the present law provided that they should hold over until their successors were appointed. The bill was then withdrawn.

The President introduced a resolution for the cleansing of what is known as the Tan yard ditch, a drain running through the 1st and 4th Wards, and what is known as Yates' Garden to Hunting Creek. It had heretofore been the yearly habit of Council to make an appropriation to have it cleaned, but of late this had not been done and its condition was now such that its stench was almost unbearable, and when hot weather came it would certainly breed disease. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hopkins introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Gas, be and is hereby requested to inform Council whether they allow their clerk an increase of salary over last year, if so how much; also where they receive their authority for so doing.

Mr. H. said that if actuated by personal feelings alone he would not offer the resolution. He did not blame Mr. Bryan for getting as much as he could—he was an estimable gentleman, but that had nothing to do with the subject.

Where did the Committee on Gas get their authority for increasing his salary? If their committee of Council had power to appropriate money why not all? Hence the enquiry, and he hoped it would be made. The resolution was adopted nem con.

Mr. Pinn moved that the Superintendent of Police have authority to repair certain pumps, especially that one on Mr. Smoot's corner.

The President said he not only had authority, but it was his duty to keep them in order.

Mr. Pinn resumed, spoke of the inconvenience to residents of the neighborhood of the pump alluded to, by its present condition, and said he wanted Council to authorize Mr. Clifford to have it repaired.

Mr. Moore said there was but one pump maker in the city, and he was constantly employed—as fast as one was repaired another had to be.

Mr. Neale spoke of the number of persons who were supplied by "Smoot's pump."

Mr. Pinn had made the motion that Mr. Clifford's suggestion, and would withdraw it after he heard that he already had the authority.

Mr. Hughes asked what had become of a resolution he introduced last year about the purchase of the water works.

The President said that the committee to whom it had been referred had made a report.

Mr. Hughes—that report was an answer from Mr. Miller, that when he became aware that the Council had the money to buy, they would be willing to treat for the sale, which was not a respectable answer and should not have been returned. Weeks ago an order had been passed by Council advising the removal of a fire plug from the corner of the office of Burke & Herbert, and yet Mr. Miller stops it and says in case of a possible fire in that neighborhood at the time of its removal, Mr. Burke will have to bear the whole loss. If Mr. Miller is to rule the city, we may as well quit.

The President stated that sometime since he had met Mr. Miller to talk, and the latter had told him that Mr. Burke had, without consulting the officers of the water company, proposed removing the plug, but that he (Mr. Miller) was unwilling to assume the responsibility of probable fire. The habit in such cases was to give notice and have the water cut off at night. He made this statement in justice to Mr. Miller, who he believed was acting with regard to the safety and protection of the city, and not from any desire to interfere with the proceedings of Council.

Mr. Hughes said when Council gave the order they assumed all losses and entirely relieved Mr. Miller or anybody else from responsibility. It was an unaccommodating company, for last year ten men had applied for water facilities and had been refused them.

The President would merely suggest to the gentleman that the water company was not a public but a private corporation.

Mr. Hopkins said that if the works were to be bought now would be a good time, when the water was low.

Mr. Wheat said it would be best to find out the expense of removing all the fire plugs to their proper positions on the streets; they were now two feet out of line in consequence of the widening of the side walks.

Mr. Kishiehl—And lamp posts, water boxes.

Mr. Pinn called for the report of the Committee on General Laws upon the codification of the laws, which the President had said could have been done in three days.

The President reported what he had said on a former occasion, and that was that the work could be done in a much shorter time even than that mentioned.

Mr. Hughes said the resolution might probably not have passed the other Board, and went there to see.

Mr. Stuart said the resolution had only come into his hands last Saturday night. Of course the committee could not be called together then or on Sunday or last night—when the Ward meetings were held, but would be as soon as possible.

Mr. Hughes asked whether the Corporation Attorney had ever returned his opinion upon the street railway bill.

The President did not know but had been told sometime ago by Mr. Smith that he either had it ready or was preparing it—he did not remember which.

Mr. Hughes moved that the clerk of this Board get it, but the President stating that he must reduce his motion to writing, withdrew it.

Mr. Wheat introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on streets, be and is hereby instructed to enquire at whose expense would be the removal of the fire plugs on the corners of the streets to their proper positions, or if at that of the water company to notify them to have the work done; but if at the expense of the city to cooperate with the officers of the water company in having the same done.

This was amended at the suggestion of the President by the addition, and that said committee cause the water and gas boxes on the side walks of the city to be placed in proper condition.

Mr. Hughes moved to amend by including gas lamps, but withdrew his motion.

Mr. Pinn called attention to the almost impassable condition of a street up town, the gas lamp protruding on the pavement, and a pile of bricks in the middle of it, upon which was a piece of paper bearing the inscription of "monument to the Superintendent of Police." The resolution was amended and adopted.

Mr. Clargett said that at the last meeting it had been proposed to elect readymen, but it had been postponed; he would now move that that election be proceeded with.

Mr. Hopkins said it was of no use to do so. It was now near the end of the municipal year, and the Mayor had full power to appoint as many readymen as he would have use for. The motion was lost and the Board adjourned.

SECOND WARD RADICALS.—At a meeting of the Second Ward Radicals held last night, at the house of Richard Miles, corner of Oronoco and Royal streets, John Birrell in the chair, and Edgar Johnson secretary, John Birrell, Henry Lewis, Thomas Carroll, John T. Ford, George Hobday and Larken Lightfoot were elected delegates, and Larken Lightfoot, Richard Miles and James Scott alternates, to the city convention, to meet Thursday, to nominate municipal officers.

Lewis McKenzie was unanimously nominated as a candidate for the Board of Aldermen, and John Birrell, M. B. Harlow, Lewis Stein and James Piper were nominated for the Common Council.

James S. Fowler and Richard Miles were nominated as candidates for Justices of the Peace. John Soper was nominated for constable. Richard Miles was elected president of the Radical club of the Ward for the next three months, Thomas Carroll, vice president for the same period, and John Birrell, secretary for that time. The meeting then adjourned.

REGISTRATION.—The books of registration which were opened yesterday will close tomorrow and it is to be hoped that all who have any interest in the welfare and prosperity of the city will take the little trouble that necessary to enable them to cast a vote on the day of election. It is understood, and it is mentioned with sorrow, that there are some who persistently refuse to avail themselves of the opportunity to cast a vote in behalf of the best interests of their own town. The following is a statement of the registration books in the several Wards at 3 p. m. to-day:

First Ward—White, registered, 4; colored, registered, 1; white, transferred, 21; colored, transferred, 1.

Second Ward—White, registered, 15; colored, registered, 3; white, transferred, 2; colored, transferred, 2.

Third Ward—White, registered, 52; colored, registered, 16; white, transferred, 7; colored, transferred, 6.

Fourth Ward—White, registered, 7; colored, registered, 8; white, transferred, 41; colored, transferred, 13.

MAY FLIES are making their appearance. These "winged insects" are quite a speciality in Alexandria, and always come at the close of, or immediately after the close of the fishing season. Their origin and history have been, heretofore, several times given in our columns. They come frequently in myriads, and strangers are astonished at their number and the way in which they swarm. They perish in a few days and do no harm.

CORPORATION COURT—To-day—Judge E. M. Lowe presiding—Bazgett vs. Bazgett; on a suggestion vs. Samuel J. Reel; rule against Samuel J. Reed returnable to next term, to answer on oath the suggestion in this cause.

Informations were filed against W. H. Smith for assault and battery, and James McCracken for embezzlement and perjury.

Walker et ux. vs. Watkins et als.; in chancery; guardian ad litem appointed for infant defendants.

SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—We are requested by our young friends at St. John's Academy, to call attention to their exhibition of Friday evening, advertised elsewhere. They always present a good bill and have full houses, and as the proceeds are to be applied to the purchase of books for their excellent school library, now numbering nearly a thousand volumes, they deserve encouragement.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.—Jennie and Lizzie Rivison, colored, for disorderly conduct at the upper end of King street, were discharged with a reprimand.

William Fountain, colored, for striking his father, was fined and discharged.

A colored man arrested under the impression that he was George Jenkins, charged with murder, was discharged as his identity was established.

NIGHT REPORT.—Night clear and cool. A colored dance was held near Whaley's stable, but it was conducted quietly. A colored serenading party were on the streets until a late hour but they, too, were very orderly. There were no disturbances. Five prisoners were at the station house.

A. & W. R. R.—The 4:45 a. m. train on the Alexandria and Washington Railroad, with many persons on board was the first to cross over the new Long Bridge, and since then trains have been crossing it all day. Hereafter all the trains on the Alexandria and Washington railroad will pass over the new Long Bridge, and the Alexandria and Fredericksburg and Baltimore and Potomac trains will use that portion of the Alexandria and Washington railroad lying between the Long Bridge and Poor's House Lane—that portion where the Alexandria and Fredericksburg railroad has been enjoined from constructing its track.

KNIGHTS OF ST. PATRICK.—At a meeting of the Knights of St. Patrick, held last night, at St. Mary's Hall, Commander M. A. Hart, in the chair, and J. P. Rice, Recorder, it was resolved to annex the commodory to the Catholic Benevolent Union of the State, and the Recorder was notified to instruct the Knights that at the next regular meeting, to be held on Tuesday the 28th inst., an election of delegates to represent the Union to be held in Fredericksburg on Monday the 10th of June, would take place. Two new members were elected and one application for membership received. The meeting then adjourned.

VIGNETTE FOR THE NEW CORPORATION BONDS.—Mr. Joseph Hopkins received, yesterday, from Adolf Cluss, esq., Architect, a beautifully executed perspective drawing of the new Market house building, which he turned over to the City Treasurer, to be engraved from and used as a vignette on the new consolidation bonds of the city. The effect of the picture is excellent and evidences high artistic talent, differing from most perspective drawings in the fact that all three wings of the building are shown instead of but two as is usual in drawings of that description. The picture will be at once sent to the engraver at Philadelphia.

FIRE WARDEN'S MEETING.—At a meeting of the Fire Warden's held last night, a communication from J. R. Dwyell, of Richmond, upon the subject of the re-institution here of a fire alarm telegraph, was read but indefinitely postponed owing to the present financial condition of the city, as the cost of the apparatus would be from \$2,500 to \$4,000. After passing sundry bills, among them, one for the payment of the ladder lately broken for the Hook and Ladder Company, the meeting adjourned.

FIRST WARD RADICALS.—An unsuccessful attempt to hold a meeting of the Radicals of the First Ward, was made last night. After waiting at the Colored Odd Fellows' Hall, an ill-hall past nine, and only about a dozen persons from the ward having assembled, Edward Evans was called to the chair, committees to procure a room in the First Ward and to canvass for voters were appointed, and an adjournment took place until Friday night.

MUTTON.—Mr. J. R. Smoot, has brought on from Ohio, some of the finest Merino sheep from that State—and some of these sheep will be slaughtered, and for sale to-morrow, and on Saturday at Mr. Holland's stand in the Market.

Local Briefs.—While Mrs. Young, the wife of the efficient engineer of the Hydraulic Steam Engine, and a lady friend were taking a walk near the canal locks, yesterday evening, they discovered that a pile of wood along the railroad track had been set on fire by sparks from a locomotive. Mrs. Y. instantly gave the alarm, and calling some colored men from a distance to her assistance, soon extinguished the flames.

Yesterday evening, about 7 o'clock, the chimney of a frame shanty on Gibbon street, caught fire, but the flames were soon extinguished by persons in the neighborhood. This morning, about six o'clock, another chimney in the same vicinity took fire, but was also soon extinguished. The sparks in both instances endangered the houses in the vicinity.

The ladies of Christ Church will hold a festival commencing on Monday night next. They are now actively engaged in making arrangements, and by that time will have everything so nice that an evening spent at their entertainment will necessarily prove one of the most agreeable characters.

The officials of the Alexandria and Fredericksburg railroad, accompanied by Mr. Phelps, of the A. & W. R. R., came over the bridge in their special car, Pennsylvania, and as far as this city, this afternoon.

The Belle Haven Socials and their accompanying lady friends, after spending a delightful day at Carlin's Springs, returned on a special train last night, delighted with the day's enjoyment.

A cargo of excellent salt water oysters arrived to-day—the last day of grace; for after to-morrow no cargoes will be allowed to land at the wharves.

The office of the New York Life Insurance Company has been removed from 122 King street, to the second story of the banking house of Burke & Herbert.

The meeting to organize a Volunteer Infantry Company, will be held in Stewart's hall to-night.

There was an entertaining meeting of the Alexandria Musical Association last night, and another will be held to-night.

Among the freight brought up this morning on the steamer Lady of the Lake, were many boxes of strawberries and soft crabs.

Roder's pile driver left to-day for Gypsum to repair the wharf there. The pavilion is also to be renovated.

The bark Sijofna will undergo some slight repairs and be painted here before she sails.

SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—The students of ST. JOHN'S ACADEMY respectfully announce an exhibition for the benefit of their school library, at LIBERTY HALL, on FRIDAY EVENING, May 17th, at 8 o'clock.

They will present TWO FARCES—"The Bachelor's Bedroom" and "The Two Gentlemen in a Fix," three original songs, a twelve Recitations in English, French, German and Latin. Tickets twenty-five cents—to be had of any student, or at the door. my 3 st.

NOTICE TO HOUSE KEEPERS.—Notice is hereby given that the GARBAGE CARTS will commence their annual rounds on MONDAY next, 6th inst., and will call regularly thereafter at all places where slops are kept. JOHN STEPHENSON, Supt. Alms House.

ALEXANDRIA WATER COMPANY.—A dividend of \$1.75 per share net will be paid to the stockholders, at the office of the Company, No. 75 Prince street, on and after Wednesday, the 10th inst. T. D. FENDALL, Treasurer.

CAROLINA RICE—1 tierce prime Rice received to-day by J. C. MILBURN, my 14

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE GAZETTE.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 15, 1872.

The Senate, to-day, discussed the Deficiency bill, the clause as to the payment of cotton claimants exciting much debate.

In the House of Representatives the West Point Appropriation bill was reported.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the Conference report on the Diplomatic Appropriation bill.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Senate, yesterday, passed a bill for the relief of Robert A. Mayo, of Richmond, directing the Secretary of the Navy to pay him \$1,507.59, balance due him on account of reservation bills for tobacco furnished the U. S. Navy Department, under contract existing during the years 1860 and 1861. The bill passed the House of Representatives March 22, 1872, and now awaits the signature of the President.

From New York.

New York, May 15.—It is stated that the Cabinet makers, plumbers, granite cutters, journeyman tailors and other trades are organizing with the view of striking if their demands are not acceded to.

An attempt has been made to destroy the machinery of Thompson & Co's, and Gregory & Co's, steel works at Jersey city. Their employees struck last week and it is supposed they attempted to ruin the works to prevent other men taking their places.

The Liberal Republican State Committee yesterday resolved to hold a ratification meeting soon.

The 9 a. m. express train on the Erie Railroad had a narrow escape from complete destruction near Port Jervis yesterday. The axle of the palace car Pacific burned completely off while the train was at a high rate of speed running along an embankment a hundred feet high. The car was saved from being thrown down the embankment by strong shackling by the fact that it was on six wheel trucks.

Attorney General Barlow has discontinued the suit against Jay Gould and Luce on a request of Mr. Swann, agent of the British share-holders, at whose instance the suit was begun, for the reasons that the persons Mr. Swann represents have made arrangements with the other stockholders, which insures protection of their rights.

The Herald this morning publishes the entire Alabama correspondence.

Foreign News.

PARIS, May 14.—Marshall Bazaine, though placed under arrest, is allowed to remain at home, but guards have been placed on the grounds surrounding his residence to prevent outside parties from communicating with him.

MADRID, May 15.—A force which entered Spain from Portugal was met near the frontier by a body of government troops and driven back into the Portuguese territory.

LONDON, May 15.—The message of President Grant to the United States Senate submitting the proposed additional article to the Washington treaty, relative to the indirect claims, serves to reassure the public that the difference between the two nations will be honorably settled. The publication of the message has had great effect upon the market for American securities, which are now firmer than at the opening.

From Mexico.

CAMARGO, MEXICO, May 14.—Mier was captured yesterday by Juarists; Colonel Lozano, revolutionist, retired on the Guerrero road. Trevino's headquarters are at Chera. He has divided his forces. General Garza de la Cardena is at Sathilo with a small force saved from the Zatecas fight, which he has reinforced with Pedro Martinez's men, and will return to Zatecas.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Stocks strong. Gold dull at 137. Money firm at 7. Va. 6's, 48; new 5's. Flour dull and declining. Wheat dull and heavy. Corn dull and nominally lower.

BALTIMORE, May 15.—There were no transactions in the Stock Board to-day. Cotton quiet but firm; low middlings, 22 1/2c. Flour quiet but firm; prices unchanged. Wheat quiet but firm; Pennsylvania 21 1/2c; Western 21 1/2c; Southern 20 1/2c, as to quality—Corn—advancing tendency, and active; white Southern 85c; yellow Southern, 76 1/2c. Oats active and higher; Southern, 56 1/2c;