



THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1876.

The "bloody shirt," as expected, seems to have been the popular fix at Cincinnati. Gov. Howard, of Michigan, one of the speakers who addressed the Convention yesterday, said: The Democratic party claim to be the champions of liberty. They claim the liberty to murder negroes and assassinate white men's reputations. [Loud cheers.] We claim there should be in this broad land no manner of citizens, that there should be one manner of laws, and that law should be enforced in every place in the land. We claim that if the federal government has the right to fight pirates on the seas in defense of American citizens they have the right to fight kuffuk in our own land. [Vociferous cheers.] I come from a State where the Republican banner has never trailed. A wise general going into battle will strengthen the weakest part of the line. I come here to say that Michigan can and will carry any candidate you may nominate. [Loud cheers.] We ask for no re-enforcements. We will hold out, and yet looking to the future of the Republican party, we ask that you will not fail to meet the demands—just demands of the public. The great body of the Republican party demands to day that "no guilty man shall escape," and that no innocent man shall have his reputation assaulted. [Applause.] For these two things, for the protection of every citizen in every part of the land, we are ready not only to vote but to fight; and as crumble as I am, I would rather die in the ditch than to see the Republican party take one step backward. [Applause.] I have said that it was a principle of the Republican party that we must have one kind of citizen only so far as rights are concerned. No matter about color, no matter about wealth or property; if he is a citizen he is entitled equally to protection. The broad principle of our institutions is simply this: Every man in the land is entitled to no privileges over any other man. This is the principle that underlies our whole creed. Do not go back on it. Never fear your enemies. A bold fight is the best. We should advance and not retrograde. But, sir, I ought not to have consented to come up here at all. Fred Douglas is in the hall. He is not much blacker than I am, but he is smarter, and I hope you will give him a call."

The warm weather of Monday and Tuesday last melted the Gazette's stock of rollers, and a temporary derangement of the machinery of the press occurring at the same time, the publication of the paper on those days was delayed several hours. We are indebted to the proprietor of the Virginia Sentinel for the use of his press upon the occasions referred to.

At the commencement exercises at Hampden Sidney College, yesterday, the best speaker's medal was presented to W. E. Cave, of Fauquier county. James V. Brooks, of Fauquier, was elected a new member of the Board of Trustees. Among those who took the degree of bachelor of arts were W. E. Cave and Wm. Chino, of Fauquier county.

The proposition of the Shenandoah Valley Railroad to lease the Virginia Valley Railroad was rejected at a meeting of the directors of the latter road in Baltimore, yesterday, but the negotiations were continued.

The Democrats of Arkansas have nominated W. R. Millers for Governor.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Yesterday a man named Nick Baker, resident at Columbia-farm station, near Trussville, Penn., aged 21 years, entered the house of Mr. Dougherty, at that place, supposed for the purpose of ravishing Mrs. Dougherty. Being followed in the attempt, in order to screen himself, he shot her, the ball entering the left breast, from the effects of which she died in twenty minutes. A man named Thomas McCool, hearing the shot, went to the house to ascertain the trouble, when Baker, meeting him at the door, fired the remaining two shots at him. McCool turned to fly but found himself falling on his face, when Baker pounced upon him, stabbing him several times in the back and shoulder, which will prove fatal. Baker's confined. A strong feeling in favor of lynching the murderer prevails.

At the opening session of the national district. Sons of Temperance, in Philadelphia yesterday, reports were submitted which show that during the past year there has been a decrease of 41,397 members in the United States of this number 20,500 have been lost from the grand divisions of eastern New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

Samuel Scott, a well known young man, for a long time connected with the Theatre Comique in Washington, was drowned yesterday afternoon while swimming near the Aqueduct bridge. His body was dragged ashore, but could not be revived.

At a fire in Norfolk, last Tuesday night, an old and insane colored man was burned to death.

W. J. Faherty, who shot and killed Charles Childs, in Richmond, last week, has been tried and sentenced to 18 years in the penitentiary.

The Right Rev. Bishop Verot of Florida, died suddenly on Tuesday of apoplexy.

Messrs. Vance and Woodburn, the subcommittee on Couthatta affairs, made their report yesterday to Gen. R. L. Gibson, chairman of the committee.

After detailing the circumstances of the shooting of King and Twitchell, the report says that the testimony of the witnesses, without exception, is to the effect that the man who did the shooting was unknown. Many witnesses, representing both political parties, (white and colored men,) were examined as to the management of the affairs of the parish, which were almost exclusively under Twitchell's control.

Twitchell was State Senator, member of police juryman, member of school board, and United States Commissioner. The committee say that in reality he also had control of the school money and other moneys collected from the tax-payers of the parish. The testimony of all the interested witnesses who were examined in regard to the conduct of the parochial affairs was to the effect that they had been loosely and extravagantly managed, and that Mr. Twitchell was responsible for their mismanagement. The committee then say: "We cannot within the space of this report recapitulate the worse than profligate conduct of school affairs and other irregularities and malpractices of Mr. Twitchell and his associates, shown to have existed in the Red River parish since its organization. In a word, the affairs of the parish have been managed under the direction of Mr. Twitchell in such a way as to merit and receive the condemnation of good citizens of both political parties, and your committee have no hesitation in saying that they were unprepared and greatly surprised to find such a lamentable condition of things existing."

In conclusion, the committee says the testimony of leading men of the two political parties is explicit in establishing the fact that the shooting of King and Twitchell was not caused by reasons of their political opinions, and that the affair was not of a political character.

FOREIGN NEWS.—A Cabinet Council has been called for to-day at Antwerp. The disturbances were renewed yesterday. Many thousands marched through the streets shouting "Down with the ministers." The mob attacked and wrecked a Catholic institute. The gods d'armes charged upon the rioters, and several persons were wounded. A number of arrests have been made. A meeting was held yesterday at the residence of the Earl of Shrewsbury, in London, in furtherance of church and university education in the Southern States of the United States. Among the letters read apologizing for absence was one from Jefferson Davis, dated Liverpool, announcing his arrival shortly in London. The Provisional Correspondent of B. M. has a very pacific editorial, which concludes as follows: "Between the last conference at Berlin and the interview of the Czar and Emperor William at Ems lies a momentous epoch of world history." The London Standard, commenting on the remark, says it means that if the Czar had not interfered at the last moment, Gortschakoff would have plunged Russia into war with Turkey and England. The London Times officially denies the reports of the death of the mother and son of the late Sultan Bishop Dupanloup, of Paris, has written a pamphlet entitled "Whither are we going." It endeavors to show that society and religion are in the greatest peril through the triumph of progress of atheism and materialism. The publication is widely circulated and causes a sensation.

The State Democratic Convention of North Carolina met at Raleigh yesterday, Hon. F. E. Shober presiding, and nominated the following ticket: For Governor, Z. B. Vance, of Mecklingburg; Lieutenant Governor, F. J. Jarvis, of Pitt; Secretary of State, Joseph A. Englewood, of McLain; for Treasurer, J. M. Worth, of Randolph; Auditor, S. L. Love, of Haywood; Attorney General, T. S. Kenan, of Wilson, and Scarborough, of Johnson, for Superintendent of Public Instruction. A telegram says: Aunt Abby House, an old lady, eighty years of age, and for twenty-five years identified with the party, was invited and escorted to a seat among the delegates.

We again, but for the last time this year, inform those who send communications to this office, that no matter how acceptable their productions may be, and many of those lately received belong to that class, they will be thrown into the scrap basket unless accompanied with the names of the authors—not for publication, but for the information of the editor.

The Gordonsville Gazette says: "It is thought that the Judge of the County Courts of Greene and Madison, Hon. Wyatt Bazley, will authorize a vote in those counties on the

Meeting of the Common Council.

At an adjourned meeting of the Common Council, last night, there was quite a good attendance of members, and a considerable number of spectators occupied the outside seats.

When the resignation of the physicians of the poor was read, Mr. Latham expressed his regret that the physicians had found it necessary to resign.

Mr. Hughes thought that perhaps the best way would be to get a barrel of "ginger," (mucilage,) as had been suggested by a former member of Council. As it was now people who owned real estate had their medicines and medical attendance paid for by the Corporation. One of the physicians had told him this.

Mr. Latham—Hadn't he the nerve to refuse? Mr. Hughes—It appears not. The following report of Superintendent Roxbury was read: To the President and members of the Gas Light Committee: GENTLEMEN: I beg leave to submit the following as the report of the operations at the City Gas Works, for the fiscal year, ending June 1, 1876:

When I constructed the new works at the retort house in 1874, I had a twofold object in view: one was to economize in expense at the works, and the other was to save in coal, but I had the pleasure of running the new works I was relieved from duty.

When I took charge in 1875, (having been reinstated,) I commenced to carry out my original intentions, with the following result: I have saved in expense at the retort house alone, \$600. I have used 100 tons of coal less this year, making in these two items a saving of \$1200.

The coal used this year did not produce as much coke, by at least one-fourth, as the coal I have used in former years. This frequently occurs, hence, all Superintendents who select the coal have the object in view to obtain coal that will produce the largest amount of coke, all other qualities of the coal being equal.

I would urge upon you the importance of providing me fully for the purification of the gas at the works. We have no scrubbers and the condensing surface is not sufficient, leaving entirely too much for the lime to effect in the way of purification. I had a system of purification projected which I intended to carry out, by which at least \$250 would have been saved yearly.

I also designed to heat up the retorts with coke, instead of using coke. This is frequently done, especially when the tar is of little or no commercial value. Where the tar can be readily sold at a fair price, this plan is rather questionable.

It will be seen by the report submitted by your honorable body, that the increase in the sale of gas this year is over \$3,000 more than the previous year with no additional consumers, but to the contrary, a falling off and for the last two months the gas is monthly consumers has been at the reduced rates, entailing a loss thereby of about \$250 for those two months to the works.

The amount deposited this year in the City Treasury is \$3,597.22 in excess of last year's deposit, having no deducted bills to the amount of upwards of \$3,000, which, for reasons well known to your honorable body, remain uncollected. The profits this year are \$18,000 as against \$12,000 last year.

I hesitate not to say, had I been retained this year, I could have saved more than my salary, and as an evidence of that statement, I have saved the past year more than my salary. The hands employed at the works are faithful and reliable, understanding their duties and discharging them with fidelity.

In conclusion, I thank you gentlemen for the kindness and courtesy manifested towards me during the past year, and I exceeding regret that our relations should have been severed. Respectfully yours, JACOB ROXBURY, Superintendent.

Mr. Hughes said that he saw nothing in that communication. It showed anything it showed that the work had lost consumers. It appeared that with less consumers there had been more consumption, showing that the gas had depreciated in quality, so that consumers had to use more gas and pay more money. That would account for consumers stopping.

Mr. Latham defended Mr. Roxbury as being a most excellent superintendent. The salary bill then came in from the Board of Aldermen. It has been passed by that Board, and paid by adding a salary for the Health Officer by Council, but the Aldermen concurred in that amendment.

Mr. Harlow called for the reading of the bill, and on its being read moved to increase the salary of the Superintendent of Gas to the present rate (\$800) which was adopted.

Mr. Evans said it was a settled principle of law that no man's salary could be reduced after his election. A motion to make the salary of the Superintendent of Police (\$800) as last year was made.

Mr. Hughes joyously moved to add \$500 to each of the members of the Committee on Streets who served under him.

THE FREEDMEN'S SAVINGS BANK.—Among the speakers at the National Radical Convention at Cincinnati, yesterday, was a negro named Highland Garnett, who said "there is one thing which I earnestly desire, but to which no allusion has been made. Gratiated as I have been to hear it announced by every speaker who has appeared upon this platform that it is your purpose to give protection to men who helped to secure the perpetuation of the color line, helped you to lift up the old flag from the dust when it was smitten down by disloyal hands, let me beg of this convention to notice this: There were men from whose hands the fetters had been smitten, who got together their little earnings, and by the advice and direction of their friends, had laid it away for a rainy day, and by the mismanagement of men who deceived you they have been deprived of their little earnings, and to-day there are aching hearts all over the country, and especially in the South. So you can, Mr. President, try in your deliberations to put in a little plank that will give security to the freedmen of the South, that the sufferings which they endure in consequence of the rascally and villainy of the managers of the Freedmen's Savings Bank shall be set right. [Applause.] Don't forget that. See that you do, and you will have the gratitude, love and respect of that much injured people."

John Jack, formerly an employee of this office, but for the past twenty years a compositor in the Government printing office, Washington, died suddenly of heart disease on last Tuesday.

OFFICIAL.

Common Council.

At an adjourned meeting of the Common Council, held June 14, 1876, there were present: John S. Bosch, ex. President, and Messrs. Moore, Latham, Hopkins, Broders, Herbert, Harlow, Beckham, Schofield, Hughes, Evans, and Simms.

Bills of A. D. Warfield, \$5; A. A. Warfield, \$5; G. H. Bossart, \$5; James H. Dugan, \$5; P. R. Sumner, \$5; John Marriott, \$1; Wm. E. Fendall, \$5; A. S. Perperer, \$10 50; Thomas Devitt, \$5; R. W. Wheat, \$5; and Mrs. John L. Smith, \$15, for election services and purposes, were presented and ordered to be paid.

The following bills, for election services and purposes, ordered to be paid by the Board of Aldermen, were received from that Board, and their action concurred in: Bill of Jacob Foltz, \$4; B. W. Nalls, \$27 70; J. H. Burroughs, \$12; A. B. Grupper, \$11; J. F. Henderson, \$5; L. Brockett, \$5.

The following papers were received from the Board of Aldermen, and their action thereon concurred in: Communication from Drs. T. L. Adam, Robert C. Powell, and E. A. Stahel, informing the City Council that they decline serving as Physicians to the Poor for the year ending July 1, 1876; and report of Committee on Public Property, recommending that Mr. C. Richards be ordered to abate a nuisance, by removing the debris of a burnt building adjoining the property of Mr. Sisson.

The following annual report of the Committee on Light, accepted by the Board of Aldermen, was received from that Board, and their action concurred in: REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON LIGHT. Amt. expended on Gas Works for construction: Gas of Bosch, June 1, 1875, to June 1, 1876, \$125,828 97. Amount expended this year to June 1, 1876, \$3,597 22. For meters, \$38 80. Service and main, \$267 93. \$129,486 79.

Income and expenses from June 1, 1875 to June 1, 1876. Amount of gas sold, \$28,900 38. Amount of coke sold, 1,500 18. Amount of tar sold, 379 72. 135 street lamps, 4,000 00. Hook and Ladder Company, \$1 00. Fire Insurance Company, 75 50. Columbia Fire Company, 60 00. Friendship Fire Company, 7 50. Library Company, 95 40. Mayor's office, police headquarters, court room and offices, 497 00. Orphan Asylum, 50 10. City Council, town clock and offices, 120 00. Gas consumed at works, 232 50. Lamps and glass furnished city, 225 00. Interest, 23 07. \$36,808 18.

Expenses. Coal, \$10,19 47. Lime, 49 40. Toris, 231 60. Brick and mortar, 334 12. Glycerine, 24 00. Wages, including superintending and Clerk's, renewing service and meters, 7,131 51. \$18,425 43. Amount deposited in City Treasury, \$27,065 45. Amount drawn out of City Treasury, 19,048 55. Balance in Treasury to credit of works, \$7,516 90. Statement showing condition of works to date June 1, 1876.

Cost of work, \$124,6 29. Coal on hand, 50 25. Meters on hand, 141 00. Pipe and fittings, 904 58. Estimated value of uncollected bills, 13 98. Gas consumed for which bills have not been tendered, 3,001 00. Overdraft of George Bryan, 1,011 00. \$148,072 64.

Debts due by works. Coal, \$963 25. Lamp and glass, 71 32. Service and main, 80 00. Lime, 61 00. \$1,175 57.

Balance to credit of works June 1, 1875, \$142,250 03. Balance to credit of work, June 1, 1876, \$127,465 88. Increase of assets compared with 1875, \$14,701 15. Result of operations of Gas Works from June 1, 1875, to June 1, 1876. Cash balance in City Treasury, \$7,516 90. Cash balance on hand, 168 10. Increase of assets compared with 1875, 4,790 15. \$12,475 15.

135 street lamps, \$4,000 00. Hook and Ladder Co., \$1 00. Hydration Fire Co., 75 50. Columbia Fire Co., 60 00. Friendship Fire Co., 7 50. Library Co., 95 40. Mayor's office and police headquarters, court room and offices, 497 00. Orphan Asylum, 50 10. City Council, town clock and offices, 120 00. Gas consumed at work, 232 50. Lamps and glass furnished city, 225 00. Interest, 23 07. \$12,475 15.

Profits, \$18,282 75. C. C. SHAW, C. M. H. LOW, E. E. DOWNSHAM.

We have examined the books of Mr. Wm. Fowle Brooks, present Clerk, and found them correct.

Resolved by the Gas Light Committee, That a vote of thanks be tendered the Superintendent, Mr. Jacob Roxbury, for the able and efficient manner in which he has managed the City Gas Works for the past year.

A special report from the Committee on Light, referring to the communication by the Board of Aldermen, was received from that Board, their action non-concurred in, and recommended to the Committee on Light for a more detailed report.

An act fixing the salaries of the municipal officers of the city of Alexandria for the fiscal year commencing July 1st, 1876, and terminating June 30th, 1877, was returned from the Board of Aldermen, with an amendment of this Board, fixing the salary of the Health Officer at \$50, not more than the Board then amended the bill by fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Gas at \$500, by the following vote: Ayes, Messrs. Moore, Harlow, Herbert, Schofield, Evans, Hughes, and Simms—7. Noes, Messrs. Latham, Broders, and Mr. President—3. The bill was then put upon its passage, and lost by the following vote: Ayes, Messrs. Latham, Moore, Harlow, Herbert, Sch. Gold, Evans, and Simms—7. Noes, Messrs. Broders, Hughes, and Mr. President—3.

The vote by which the consideration of the revenue bill was postponed until the Finance Committee and the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund shall have made their annual reports, was reconsidered, and the bill taken up and passed by the following vote: Ayes, Messrs. Latham, Moore, Hopkins, Broders, Harlow, Herbert, Schofield, Beckham, Evans, Simms, and Mr. President—11. Noes, Mr. Hughes—1. The Board then adjourned.

Teste: HAROLD SNOWDEN, Clerk.

AN ACT for raising the revenue for the next fiscal year, commencing June 1, 1876, and ending May 31, 1877. Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the City Council of Alexandria, That the following taxes be levied upon the people and property of the city of Alexandria to meet the current expenses and defray the cost of the corporation for the next fiscal year: Upon all property, both real and personal, of every kind and description, held or owned by citizens of Alexandria, or located within the city, subject to taxation under the constitution of the State and under the State laws, there shall be levied two dollars and twenty cents on every hundred dollars of their assessed value: Provided, That the machinery and capital employed by the manufacturers shall be exempt from taxation.

On all ground rents where the lands are unimproved the tax shall be on the assessed value of the lands; where the lands are improved the tax shall be on the income of the ground rents and the improvements separately.

On every male inhabitant of said city who has attained the age of twenty-one years, who shall not have passed the age of three score and ten, a capitation tax of fifty cents.

Sec. 2. Be it enacted, That there shall be levied upon the property of all persons required to be listed as subject to a license tax the following taxes, viz: On every person or persons acting as agent or agents for any fire, marine or life insurance company, or for any other business, or who are in the city of Alexandria, forty dollars on each company or companies represented by such agent or agents, and on every person or persons seeking business for or soliciting for any company or companies, who have no agency in the city of Alexandria fifty dollars for each company so represented.

On every person keeping a billiard table for public use five dollars: Provided, if more than one be kept in any one house or room five dollars shall be charged on every table more than one.

On every person or persons keeping a bagatelle table or tables for public use five dollars on each table.

On every person or persons keeping a bowling alley or saloon for public use, and who shall have there more than one such alley in any room or house five dollars shall be paid on every alley more than one.

On every owner or keeper of a square or photograph or sun picture gallery twenty dollars.

On every hotel, ordinary or house of public entertainment thirty-five dollars on so much of the yearly value thereof as does not exceed two hundred dollars, and on so much of the yearly value thereof as does exceed two hundred dollars five per cent.

On every person canvassing for the purpose of buying any matter or substance, and who is not a resident of the city, or who is within the corporation limits, there shall be levied a tax of twenty dollars: Provided, that butchers, commission merchants or merchants shall be exempted from this tax. This law shall apply to hawkers and peddlers.

On each and every butcher selling meats of any kind within corporate limits twenty-five dollars.

On every telegraph office within the city one hundred dollars.

On every money broker or firm of brokers or bankers having an office within the city one hundred and fifty dollars.

On every pistol and shooting gallery ten dollars.

On pawnbrokers one hundred dollars.

On every real estate broker and auctioneer there shall be levied a specific tax of forty dollars, and in addition thereto one half of one per cent on the amount of sales made either at public or private sale, on so much of the yearly value thereof as does exceed two hundred dollars.

On general auctioneers, forty dollars, and one half of one per cent on their commissions.

On every ship broker or commission merchant thirty dollars.

On every person canvassing to sell books, newspapers or pictures already published or peddling the same thirty dollars.

On every person selling on commission horses, mules, cattle and hogs, or any of them, or buying and selling the same for profit five dollars.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That every merchant, mercantile firm or other person who shall fail to pay his, her or their license tax on or before the 25th day of July, 1876, shall forfeit and pay five dollars and costs for each and every day they shall continue business without paying said license tax after the 25th of July, 1876, and all such fines and costs shall be collected as all other fines and costs, and forfeitures are collected due the corporation.

Sec. 4. Out-fall interest which shall be due and payable at the office of Alexandria on the bonds of the corporation, whether the same be registered or coupon bonds, and whether the said bonds shall be owned or held by residents or non-residents of the city of Alexandria, there shall be retained a tax equal to two dollars on the hundred dollars' market value of the bonds from which said interest is derived, as of the first day of June of each and every year, and such bonds shall be extended in the tax of the holders thereof from the property tax imposed by the corporation.

It shall be the duty of the Auditor immediately upon the passage of this act and on the first day of June annually thereafter to ascertain, from the best sources obtainable, the market value of the corporation bonds and to notify the Treasurer and Collectors of the city of the value of all bonds ascertained as aforesaid, and of the amount of tax to be deducted or retained from the interest payable on said bonds. And it shall be the duty of the said Treasurer and Collectors of the city to deduct or retain from the matured coupons which may be tendered them, or either of them for redemption or payment or in payment of taxes or other dues to the city, such tax as is by this act or may hereafter be imposed.

The assessed value of shares of bank stock for city taxes shall be the market value thereof as they are or shall be assessed for State taxation, and shall be so returned by the Commissioner of the Revenue on the assessment books of the city. The stockholders in any banks or banking association doing business in this city, whether residents or non-residents, shall be assessed and taxed on the market value of their shares of stock therein at the rate of two dollars per hundred dollars upon the market value of each share of stock. The said commissioner shall notify each bank or banking association of the assessment of the shares thereof to every holder thereof in the manner or form attached to the tax assessed thereon to be paid by such holder, and it shall be the duty of said banks or banking association or the cashier or treasurer thereof to pay the full amount of such taxes to the Collector of the District in which such bank or banking association may be located, which taxes so paid may be deducted from the tax assessed on the dividend payable by the said banks or banking associations to the owners of the said shares of stock.

Sec. 5. The Collectors of Taxes shall make a discount of five per cent on any taxes assessed by the first of September, 1876, and a discount of eight per cent on all bills paid in full by the 1st of October, 1876, for failing the Finance Committee with a list of names, rates and discounts allowed, for which they are to have credit.

Sec. 6. This act shall be in force from and after the 1st day of June, 1876. Passed Board of Aldermen June 14, 1876. SAMUEL H. JANNEN, President. Passed Common Council June 14, 1876. J. HUNTER BRACH, President. Approved June 14, 1876. K. KEIMER, Mayor. Teste: HAROLD SNOWDEN, Clerk Com. Coun.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, June 15.—We have no change to note in Flour; a moderate demand only prevails, while the arrivals continue light. The offerings of Wheat are limited, and the market for best qualities is firm at an advance; sales of a choice white lot at 143, and red at 135, 138 and 140 for white to prime. Corn is less firm and prices are 4 1/2 for all grades of white at 53, and yellow at 55; but all grades, 64 1/2 cents. Nothing doing in Rice or Oats.

BALTIMORE CATTLE MARKET, June 14, 1876. Beef Cattle.—The wholesale market varied but little from that of last week; but the retail trade began to show lower figures and slow progress before the close of operations. Prices for best grades fell off 1/2 cent per lb, while the figures for common Cattle showed little if any decline since last week; the quality of the offerings was superior to that of last week. Prices this week for Beef Cattle ranged as follows: Best Beaves at 500 \$6 00; good quality rated first quality 4 3/4 \$5 00; medium quality 4 1/4 \$4 50; and inferior quality 4 1/4 \$4 00; Cows 3 25 \$4 00; good average of market this week a \$5 25; extra range of price \$5 00 \$5 00. Most of the sales were from 4 7/8 to \$5 02 per 100 lbs; total receipts for the week 1256 head; total sales for the week 1187 head.

Sheep and Lambs.—The arrivals of Sheep and Lambs have been very heavy again this week, and the home demand very limited. The Eastern demand has been fair for good Sheep and good heavy Lambs. The quality of the offerings has been very good, better perhaps than last week. We quote Sheep at 4 1/2 \$5; Lambs 5 1/2 \$5 per lb. Stock Sheep at 1 50; \$2 00 per head. Receipts this week 8042 head.

Hog.—The receipts have been rather limited again this week, and in fact this fine price show a shade more firmness, for though the limits of the quotations are not changed, more sales have been effected at and near the top figures this week than were made last week. There has been a fair demand for neat bacon Hogs, but heavy ones have been, as heretofore, difficult to sell. Prices just now are steady at \$1 90, for common C best Hogs, and we quote stiffs at \$1 00, and hard to sell—most sales of extra Hogs have been made at near \$1 00 per lb. Receipts this week 8257 head.

(BY TELEGRAPH.) New York, June 15.—Stocks set off and strong. Money 2 1/2. Gold 123. Flour quiet and unchanged. West dull and without decided change. Corn quiet and steady.

BALTIMORE, June 15.—Virginia, sixes, 2nd series 84; Virginia, consolidated, 95 1/2; 2nd series 80; Cotton quiet; middling 12 1/2; Flour quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn—Southern very more active and higher at 55 1/2; Southern mixed quiet and easier at 55 1/2; Western mixed quiet and lower, but closed steady at 58; spot 58 1/2; Oats quiet and steady. Southern pig, good to prime, 3 25; Western mixed, good to choice, 3 1/2; Rye firm, with a fair demand at 75 1/2; Hay dull and heavy; Maryland and Pennsylvania 16 \$20. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Lard dull and lower; prime 12 1/2; Butter quiet and steady; Western, good to choice, 13 1/2; Choice flour, but not notably higher. Sugar firmer and higher at 10 1/2; Whiskey firm, but quiet, at \$1 1 1/4.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. Suez route, 4 37 1/2. Moon rises, 0 15. Suez sets, 7 23. High water, 0 00.

ARRIVED. Steamer Express, Baltimore, to J Broders & Co. Schrs Stephen Morgan, J M Leonard and E. C. Knight, for Georgetown. Schrs Daylight, T H Travers and A B Fields, for Washington. SAILED. Schrs G L Fossenden, from Georgetown.

CANAL COMMERCE. Arrivals.—Boats J R Anderson and Joe Wilson, to American Coal Co; Jennie, J W Corder and J J Moore, to Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Co. Departures.—Boats Geo Sherman, Thos H Fails and A J Akin, for Cumberland.

HERBERT P. TANSILL'S FASHIONABLE Barbers' & Hair Dressing Saloon PRINCE STREET. Next Door to the Gazette Office. None but first class Barbers employed, 36 1/2-38.