



NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Denver and Rio Grande Railway has gone into the hands of a receiver. Rowell is out of the London walking match, and forfeits his stake and the belt.

The report that Senator Don Cameron contemplates resigning his seat in the Senate is authoritatively denied.

The French Senate has passed the bill for a return of the Chambers to Paris. A joint session will finally decide the question Thursday.

The prospect of an early adjournment of Congress is not very good at present—the probability being that there will be one or more veto messages.

The Sheriff of Howard county, Md., attempted to arrest those selling beer at a picnic at Irving Park yesterday, but was resisted and driven off.

An omelet over Brigham Young's will has been eaten by one of his wives, who declares that the executors have made away with about a million dollars.

Mrs. Kate Sherman, of Union, N. Y., while intoxicated, saw her four-year-old child on a railroad track. She ran in front of the locomotive and was killed, while the child escaped unhurt.

A collision took place yesterday between two steamboats in New York harbor, one with between 800 and 1,000 excursionists aboard, but by the exertions of the officers all were safely landed.

The proceedings in the trial at Snow Hill, Md., Saturday, of Miss Lillie Deer for the murder of Miss Ella Hoera, were chiefly in rebuttal of the evidence submitted by the defense.

Mrs. Matthew S. Perry, wife of the late Commodore Perry and mother of Mrs. August Belmont, died at Newport, R. I., Saturday, at the residence of her son in law, Mr. George Tiffany.

On Friday morning Mr. Solomon Fletcher, a resident of Frappan, Md., took three grains of strychnine, and in about twenty minutes afterwards was dead. The act was evidently premeditated.

Senator Christy's wife, who, it may be remembered, was a treasury clerk when the Senator first met her, will leave Washington to-day to join her husband at Lima, Peru, where he is U. S. Minister.

George R. Kyoold, the Utah big game hunter, convicted at Salt Lake City, has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment and \$500 fine. He is the first Mormon convicted of polygamy since the passage of the act in 1862.

R. Lovat Fraser, son of Robert E. Fraser, banker of Georgetown, S. C., committed suicide on Thursday last, by shooting himself while in a state of mental aberration. He was recently editor of the Georgetown Times, and leaves a young wife and two children.

Michigan's credit is so very good that her State treasurer has failed to be successful in his effort to purchase and retire 6 per cent. bonds coming due in 1883. The Dutch banking house of Hope & Co., of Amsterdam, held \$400,000 of these securities, and refused to exchange them on even terms for U. S. 4 1/2 per cent. bonds, or to surrender them for less than 10 per cent. premium, with accrued interest.

Mrs. Caroline Von Low, wife of one of the managers of the Vienna Exposition, and an Austrian noble, attempted to commit suicide on Saturday, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, in Cincinnati. She fired two pistol balls into her head, and the injuries are supposed to be mortal. She is an accomplished and wealthy woman, and arrived at Cincinnati some days ago with her husband. Shortly after their arrival he returned to Europe. Since that time she has heard nothing from him, and her despondency at receiving no tidings drove her to the rash act.

HISTORY OF THE ALPHABET.—We are indebted to the Israelites for something of the art of writing, for it is spoken of in Exodus as familiar to them. Probably the Cæcilians were also acquainted with the art, as one of their towns was called "the town of books." There was an Irish tradition that a great grandson of Seth invented the Hebrew, Greek, Latin and naturally, the Irish alphabets. On tracing the letters back to their origin, we find they consisted of pictures. This practice still exists favorably with the American Indians. The Mexicans also wrote their history by means of pictures; but their discovery they were destroyed by a superstitious hand, and now but few are extant.

Among the Chaldeans the following is an instance of the change arising under them. Probably on account of the wearing of ornaments by ladies, the sign of a comb stood for women, but afterwards became the sign for the feminine gender. The Persian alphabet is very large. In the Egyptian language a pair of eyes signified vision; a flight of steps ascent; a bird of ocean fish, fish; and so on. But the Egyptians had a large number of signs for one letter, there being 12 signs for the letter S for instance. They also appear to have written ideographically, for after writing a word they would affix a picture of the meaning they intended to convey. The English alphabet comes, perhaps, from the Egyptians; at all events, the principles on which both are founded agree. Our alphabet is directly derived from the Phœnicians, a race well entitled to discriminate language. The Greeks have a tradition that their alphabet was also derived from the Phœnicians. The Phœnicians introduced the alphabet into Italy, and from Italy it was adopted by almost all European nations.

SMOKERS AND OPIUM EATERS IN CONGRESS. The report that Senator Carpenter is killing himself with nicotine, by smoking twenty cigars a day, is a reminder that others are suffering from the same sort of excess. Most of the smokers in Congress smoke too much. Some of them carry a cigar in their mouths all the time. There are senators and members who never walk down the avenue without the stump of a cigar between their fingers. One prominent member in Congress is rapidly killing himself with opium, and one of the doorkeepers of the House is at the point of death from the same cause. The public man I refer to is a popular and respected man, whose strange ways have long been a wonder to those who do not know of his secret habit. He is a kind and genial gentleman, but he is liable to pass his best time with a black stare half an hour after he has met him pleasantly in conversation. His fit of abstraction and depression amount almost to craziness. At times he is so odd and queer that his associates are puzzled by his conduct. Opium is eating up his life, and he will not last long. It is a pity, for his is one of the best intellects in Congress, and he might render much useful public service, if he would.—Dus Her

AGONY CAUSED BY A SPIDER'S BITE.—On last Saturday morning the wife of Mr. W. J. Rochelle, living near Brandon, Hill county, Texas, was bitten on the leg by a small brown spider. At first the bite felt like a bee sting, but the pain soon passed off, and she gave it no more thought until about 3 o'clock, when she was seized with the most excruciating pain in every part of her system. The flesh for some distance around the bite turned black, and her whole body became spotted. The doctor was sent for, who administered opiates and cupped the flesh where it had been bitten. She continued, in spite of remedies, to suffer the most agonizing pain until Monday morning, when she began to experience some relief. At last, however, she was still in a critical condition.—Hillsborough Express.

Talmage in London. LONDON, June 16.—The Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage preached yesterday at the Islington Presbyterian Church, Colebrooke road, to an enormous congregation. Much curiosity was evinced by the people to see the American preacher and a dense crowd blocked the streets leading to the church. Half a mile before the Presbyterian Church was reached the carriage of the reverend gentleman was tied from the ground and carried across to the church. It was one of the most tremendous evolutions ever paid to an American minister in London.

FOREIGN NEWS. Hauling the skull race in England to-day with great ease by nearly a dozen lengths. At the municipal elections in R. m. yesterday the clerical gained advantage owing to divisions in the liberal ranks, which fact has produced a great impression there.

In the contest for the long distance championship of the world belt which began at Agricultural Hall, London, this morning, the miles, Weston 53 miles, Bonis 42 and Harding 42. Harding is off the track and is believed to be played out.

AMERICAN INTERESTS TO BE LOOKED AFTER. The repeal of the Jurors' oath act is provided for in the judicial bill, but as that bill will surely be vetoed, the democrats of the House will endeavor to pass the bill for that purpose introduced by Mr. Bayard in the Senate and passed by that body. The republicans in the House have prevented the passage of this bill by filibustering but Mr. H. bert, who has it in charge, will do his utmost to pass it, and will allow the bill to be debated.

PERSONAL. The number of Congressmen present is growing smaller by degrees and beautifully less. Of the Virginians Senator Johnston, as heretofore stated, has gone home and will return no more this session. Of the members of the House Messrs. Tucker and Jorgensen are both in and absent; Mr. Cabell is ill, and will leave to-night. Mr. Harris is sick and talks about going home to-morrow, and Mr. Beale will go on Thursday. Mr. Richmond is recovering from a bill-sickness but has determined to remain for a week longer if Congress will adjourn by that time.

More Chinamen. SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—The steamer City of Tokio has arrived from Hong Kong, with Yokohama, bringing one thousand and twenty Chinese passengers.

Strike. PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 16.—A few spinners and weavers in the Waverly Woolen Company Mill struck this morning for a restoration of wages. The mill has shut down.

Why of course we do the business—We've got the largest stock. Best goods and lowest prices. All alive at 100. B. I. EICHBERG, Successor to Slaymaker Co.

MARKED. In Galveston, June 5th, by Rev. Dr. Howard, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. C. S. GARDNER, of Houston, to Miss LILLIE C. MASON, daughter of Col. George Mason, of this city.—[Richmond papers please copy.]

A meeting of the Southern Memorial Association will be held at the Sun engine house on Monday, June 16th, at 8 p. m. J. S. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

FULL LINE OF CHEAP SUITS IN GALVESTON. [J. H. W. AVERY, 225 King st.]

VIRGINIA NEWS.

A large crab cannery establishment is to be established at Hampton. Captain S. Patterson has resigned the office of clerk of the United States Court at Lynchburg.

The wheat harvest is in full progress around Richmond, and the yield and quality are very satisfactory.

Mrs. Fannie L. Rodes, of Lynchburg, the mother of the late Gen. Robert E. Rodes, died last week in Rappahannock county.

Clara Johnson, a colored woman, who claimed to be 111 years old, died near Spring Garden, Pittsylvania county, on the 10th inst. Her real age was believed to be 105.

Near Beaton, Fauquier county, last week, three journeymen were seated in a black-witch soap when lightning struck a tree near by, the bolt glancing into the shop, instantly killing Edgar Reese, and terribly shocking the others.

Col. Edward James, a prominent citizen of Princess Anne county, died at his residence, on Lynnhaven Bay, on Friday night, from paralysis. He represented Princess Anne to the Legislature before the war and once term since.

Mrs. William B. Johnson, matron of the Western Lunatic Asylum at Staunton, died on Saturday last after a brief illness. She was the daughter in law of the famous Chapman Johnson, and was a member of the Breckenridge family.

Friday night last Capt. J. M. Harby, a member of the Staunton City Council, in his sleep walked out of his porch, from which he fell nearly twenty feet to the sidewalk. His lower jawbone was broken in two places, and one of the ends drove back into his ear. The upper jawbone was also fractured, and his wrist sprained.

The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Daily Appeal says: "Old bonds are coming in very day to be refunded for new ones. After the 1st of July it is believed that the banks here, acting as the agents of the Funding Association, will have to employ additional clerical force. The State has made arrangements to pay off the July interest on her own paper."

Negro Conspiracy. Mrs. Luisa Pierce a white lady was arrested near Raleigh, N. C., on Saturday, taken here and lodged in jail on a warrant charging her with having murdered her two infant children by burning their bodies in the fire places of her house. The preliminary trial held by a justice Saturday morning resulted in the discharge of Mrs. Pierce and the sending on to the grand jury of three of the principal witnesses, charged with conspiracy to deprive Mrs. Pierce of liberty and with perjury. The facts are as follows, and prove one of the most diabolical conspiracies on record: On the 30th of May Mrs. Pierce gave premature birth to twins. The children were born dead and were placed in a small box for burial, but before they were buried neighborhood gossip had charged that the twins were buried alive and the mother had destroyed them by barbitate. This coming to the ears of the parents the father requested a number of persons inspected it. Last Thursday, it being supposed the slander was refuted, the bodies were buried.

Saturday a warrant was sworn out by a negro man charging Mrs. Pierce with murder. A box was brought in by the officer making the arrest which was supposed to have contained the bodies, but an examination by medical experts developed the fact that it contained the remains of a chicken. One of the negro witnesses produced a child's tooth, which she swore was the excess of one of the children, and was taken from the fire in Pierce's house. These bones were clearly proved to be those of a cat. From the testimony it was evident that the bodies of the children, as buried by the father on Thursday, had been used, and the remains taken from the box and replaced by those of a chicken.

Three of the conspirators—one negro man and two negro women—are now in jail, and it is believed others are in the conspiracy and will be arrested. Mrs. Pierce is a Northern woman, having moved here from New York several years ago, and married William E. Pierce, a citizen of the county, of good standing, and a graduate of distinction of Yale College. Mrs. Pierce being a Northern woman and used to negro labor, has been unable to get along with her servants; hence the negroes in her neighborhood despise her, and this is supposed to be the aim of the conspiracy.

THE SANITARY VIRTUES OF WHITENESS. The Secretary of the other Gardner's Lime Kiln Club laid before the meeting a communication from the Board of Health of Jersey city asking what sanitary benefits the club had noticed from the use of whitewash, and the members were invited to relate their experience.

Sir Isaac Wallepole said he knew of a case where a certain family were always having the numps. One coat of whitewash on the kitchen ceiling at the expense of only forty cents, drove disease away and made the family one of the healthiest in the city. The cure was so marked and the benefit so apparent, that the man afterward hired Mr. Wallepole, white wash painter, and cheated him out of his money.

The Hon. Primrose said he once knew a family who were greatly troubled with headache and cold feet. After spending fifty dollars for patent medicines they hired him to white wash a bedroom, and all was joy and peace. He had to take his pay in old clothes, but the cure was there just the same.

Waydown B. be stated that he was once consulted by a family troubled with the ague. He advised a coat of whitewash on the fence, and only seven pickets had been whitened before the man was able to get up and walk to the wind to see a dog fight, and in an hour the wife was down town overhauling goods.

The Rev. Penstock knew a case where a family cured consumption by whitewashing the bars, and of another where a citizen had his consumption whitewashed on Saturday and found fifty dollars in cash on the street on Monday.

The Secretary was instructed to answer the board to the effect that every barrel of lime used as whitewash offsets the labors of at least three doctors, and that no respectable family should be without it.

N. B.—The price for whitewashing in Detroit will remain the same.—Free Press.

NO KISSING IN THE PARKS.—No kissing allowed in London parks! An ardent swain wandering upon a common with the object of his affection, put his arm around her and kissed her then and there upon public property under the general jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Board of Works. Alack! the eyes of the common keeper were upon them; interfere he would, and did; and the man who had had his kiss, being very wrath, resented such interference; and in the end he was taken before a police justice on a charge of concealing himself in a disorderly manner and using threatening language. The justice bound him over to keep the peace, and condemned him to pay 23 shillings costs. "The common," he declared, "was not to be used for kissing, because if all persons indulged in that it would come under the term disorderly conduct."—N. Y. Tribune.

The title to the Washington headquarters property at Valley Forge passed to the Valley Forge Centennial Association. It is expected that a dedication will take place on the 19th instant.

FROM WASHINGTON. Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette WASHINGTON, D. C., June 16, 1879.

THE SENATE. After the morning hour, in the Senate, the supplemental judicial appropriation bill was taken up. Mr. Davis leading off in opposition to it. It is understood that Mr. Conkling will vote upon what he terms its efficiency this afternoon. It is also reported that the democratic intend to sit out, and that, consequently, no executive session will be held this evening, and Mr. Sackett Matthews be kept still longer on the tender look of anxiety. In this connection it may also be mentioned that General Devens says that if this bill is voted and Congress adjourns without making the appropriation it provides for, another session must be convened at once, as without such appropriations such important laws as those relating to the collection of interest revenue, to the libel of vessels, to mining, &c., cannot be enacted.

THE HOUSE. The House to-day was occupied with the call of States, after which a bill with reference to settlers on Ojage Indian land was passed. Mr. Springer then introduced his old resolution with reference to the use of soldiers at the public upon which an ye and no ye is now being taken.

COMMITTEES. The House District Committee met this morning and completed the bill and instructed their chairman to report it, giving the Court of Claims jurisdiction in the contractors' claims against the District of Columbia; also that for relating to the three churches of the District the cases they have paid on their property. The House Committee on Appropriations met this morning and agreed to some of the Senate's amendments to the legislative appropriation bill, disagreeing to others, among them that providing for the payment of certain claims against the district, and instructing their chairman to report it to-day if he could get an opportunity, and ask for a committee of conference. The Senate Committee on Elections will meet to-morrow, and further consider the Ingalls' bribery case. In connection with this case the course of Mr. Hill with regard to it is the subject of some comment. He is said to have recently to have been in favor of considering it immediately, but suddenly to have changed his opinion respecting it, and to be now as much opposed to taking it up as any of the radical members. The Appropriation Committee of the Senate this morning considered the House resolution providing for an adjournment on the 17th, but agreed that it was impossible for them to report upon it to-day, but that they will in a day or two, when they can see their way more clearly, be able to report.

JAMES RIVER AND KANAWHA CANAL. The conference between the agents of the Richmond and Allegheny Railroad and the New York pool of creditors of the James River and Kanawha Canal Company, held in New York last week, for the purpose of coming to some arrangement by which the latter would accept the same terms in settlement of their claims that had been accepted by the Virginia creditors, as arranged, I am sorry to say, with the negotiation as far from completion as it was before the meeting was held. It was understood by the railroad company, when a similar conference was held in Kingston, that if two ratable creditors of the canal company would put up railroad bonds to the amount of the face value of the bonds, given in purchase of canal bonds, as security, in addition to the water rents paid, that the terms agreed to by the railroad company would be accepted by the creditors. The railroad company not only agreed to these additional requirements, but went further, and proposed to appoint both of the gentlemen the creditors named as trustees. But when the conference met last week the New York pool increased their demands to an extent that previously prohibits compliance with them. They asked that the bonds that are put up as collateral shall equal the face value and accrued interest of the amount of the canal bonds they hold; that all the water rents at Richmond shall be applied to the payment of the notes of the 1.1 mortgage bonds; that the railroad company shall pay a one-cent fee, amounting to about \$7500; that the agreement shall be binding until every debt of the canal company shall have been arranged for, and that the lien of the canal mortgage shall not be released in favor of the railroad mortgage until the entire face of the proposed railroad shall be ready for the steel. These terms, if insisted upon, will dispel all hope of the purchase of the canal by the railroad company, and, consequently, indefinitely postpone if not altogether prohibit the building of a thoroughly equipped railroad up the Valley of the James to Clifton Forge and beyond; for no other company is better disposed toward the State, or can afford to pay more for the franchises, privileges and property it proposes to purchase than the Richmond and Allegheny Company. The four months allowed by law for the railroad company to complete the negotiations now in progress have nearly expired, but the James River and Kanawha Canal Company have it in their power to extend that time; for, though the time was fixed for the railroad company to express its acceptance of the terms proposed at Richmond, a longer time was allowed for the creditors to signify their assent, and a still longer time for the railroad company to put up its forfeit, so that if the canal company choose they can prolong the time and so afford opportunities for prolonging the negotiations and for the modifications of the terms of the New York pool; that they may come within the possible range of acceptance. The railroad company, though, of course, looking to their own interest, are by no means indifferent to that of Virginia, and really believe that if the purchase of the canal is put within their reach, so that they can build their proposed road, not only themselves, but the State, and the people thereof along the whole route of the road, would be benefited to no inconsiderable extent. Were they to agree to the terms demanded by the New York pool, of course the Virginian creditors who have already expressed a willingness to accept terms agreeable to the company would demand equal terms, and the effect would be that in order to purchase the canal the railroad company would have to pay the cash value of the canal and all its indebtedness, which, of course, would be impossible.

TEST OATH. The repeal of the Jurors' oath act is provided for in the judicial bill, but as that bill will surely be vetoed, the democrats of the House will endeavor to pass the bill for that purpose introduced by Mr. Bayard in the Senate and passed by that body. The republicans in the House have prevented the passage of this bill by filibustering but Mr. H. bert, who has it in charge, will do his utmost to pass it, and will allow the bill to be debated.

PERSONAL. The number of Congressmen present is growing smaller by degrees and beautifully less. Of the Virginians Senator Johnston, as heretofore stated, has gone home and will return no more this session. Of the members of the House Messrs. Tucker and Jorgensen are both in and absent; Mr. Cabell is ill, and will leave to-night. Mr. Harris is sick and talks about going home to-morrow, and Mr. Beale will go on Thursday. Mr. Richmond is recovering from a bill-sickness but has determined to remain for a week longer if Congress will adjourn by that time.

More Chinamen. SAN FRANCISCO, June 16.—The steamer City of Tokio has arrived from Hong Kong, with Yokohama, bringing one thousand and twenty Chinese passengers.

Strike. PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 16.—A few spinners and weavers in the Waverly Woolen Company Mill struck this morning for a restoration of wages. The mill has shut down.

Why of course we do the business—We've got the largest stock. Best goods and lowest prices. All alive at 100. B. I. EICHBERG, Successor to Slaymaker Co.

MARKED. In Galveston, June 5th, by Rev. Dr. Howard, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. C. S. GARDNER, of Houston, to Miss LILLIE C. MASON, daughter of Col. George Mason, of this city.—[Richmond papers please copy.]

A meeting of the Southern Memorial Association will be held at the Sun engine house on Monday, June 16th, at 8 p. m. J. S. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

FULL LINE OF CHEAP SUITS IN GALVESTON. [J. H. W. AVERY, 225 King st.]

COMMUNICATED.

"Memorial Days." As far as Alexandria is concerned it is impossible not to agree with the able editorial in the Gazette, and the communication of your accomplished correspondent "P. H." recommending the discontinuance of "Decoration Day." We do so for a reason not mentioned in either of the articles alluded to, viz: because the reception accorded the distinguished orator, General Hooker, of Mississippi, was simply an insult to that gentleman. With but few exceptions there was no attention on the part of the Confederate officers residing here, or of the solid citizens, while that eminent and distinguished officer who ran the only military school in the South, and who was the only one of his rank who was not a member of the Southern Society, was simply an insult to that gentleman. With but few exceptions there was no attention on the part of the Confederate officers residing here, or of the solid citizens, while that eminent and distinguished officer who ran the only military school in the South, and who was the only one of his rank who was not a member of the Southern Society, was simply an insult to that gentleman.

What is to become of such bad management as seems to rule Alexandria? What are the policemen for, and if on their duty, why is this destruction allowed to go on? Talk about improvement; if a poor man makes a blemish, especially such as painting, the boys detect it in every possible manner. The writer of this has a fair opinion, and would be glad if it would do any good, to allow the police to call and inspect. We house keepers would be glad for Mr. Clifford to call occasionally, and we will then have a chance to call his attention to neglected work.

A puzzling case—A case that puzzled the physicians of Poughkeepsie has terminated fatally. Mr. Isaac D. Perrine, a man about 70 years of age, was, for a person of his age quite active. On Wednesday last week he did not make his appearance as usual, and when breakfast was ready a member of the family, on going to his room, found him in a sleep from which he could not be awakened. Medicines were administered with no effect. He breathed quite naturally, but did not open his eyes, nor did he appear to be at all conscious of what was going on about him.

During Friday his sleep did not appear to be as natural as the previous day, and his cheeks became somewhat flushed. He by consent of the relatives a little Dr. Cooper was called to consult with Dr. Campbell; but they gave little hope of their patient ever gaining consciousness again. Nourishment was given him by putting beef tea in his mouth, which he managed to swallow quite well. He by consent of his back, and it was noticed that when a fly would light on his face he would turn his head slightly as if to drive it away. He finally expired on Monday evening, having shown not the least sign of consciousness since he had been asleep.

Alexander Solovieff, who was hanged at St. Petersburg recently for attempting to shoot the Czar, was the son of a physician. His age is differently stated at 23 and 30 years. His failure to kill the Emperor is attributed to the effect of a dose of poison taken just before he made the attempt. Solovieff was a man of education, had been a school teacher, and was a professional linguist, who had got himself into trouble before, though frequently interrogated by the officials, he is not believed to have revealed anything. He died with great composure and dignity, refused the ministrations of the priests.

Prevention is surely better than cure; and to prevent the diseases of babyhood from attacking your child, use in season D. Bull's Baby Syrup, the sweetest and best remedy for children. All druggists sell it.

Resolutions of Respect to the Memory of Judge Isaac Hagrider Lowe. Whereas by the decree of an all-wise God we are called upon to lament the untimely death of our fellow man, Judge Isaac Hagrider Lowe, by which sad event the society is deprived of one of its most useful and esteemed members, who as chairman of some of the most important committees performed his duties with credit to the society and himself; the Church has just a faithful, generous and liberal Christian, the Bar one of its brightest members, the community one of its most upright and conscientious citizens; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the loss of our late brother we mourn the death of a Christian gentleman and a zealous fellow member, whose genial disposition and high social qualities had endeared him to us all.

Resolved, That we tender to his family and friends our hearty sympathies and condolence in their sad bereavement.

Resolved, That we extend to the legal fraternity our sincere regret in the loss of one of its ablest exponents and members.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the Alexandria Gazette and the I. C. B. U. Journal.

Resolved, That as a further evidence of our sorrow that the usual mourning be worn for thirty days.

M. B. HARRIS, P. E. GORMAN, SECRETARIES.

L. RICHARD M. LATRAM, EDWARD HUGHES, JOHN DONNELLY, Com. on Resolutions.

EICHBERG! EICHBERG! EICHBERG! Barrels of Burgals Burgals! Bush! Bush! is all the top in town. Go and see his immense stock. He is just turning in a full line of Dress Goods. Selling off ones—cheap. in 9 2W

S. DEALHAM has just returned from New York, and has now the finest and most select stock of CLOTHING, HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS ever before brought to this city; at astonishing low prices.

WHY OF COURSE WE DO THE BUSINESS—We've got the largest stock. Best goods and lowest prices. All alive at 100. B. I. EICHBERG, Successor to Slaymaker Co.

MARKED. In Galveston, June 5th, by Rev. Dr. Howard, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. C. S. GARDNER, of Houston, to Miss LILLIE C. MASON, daughter of Col. George Mason, of this city.—[Richmond papers please copy.]

A meeting of the Southern Memorial Association will be held at the Sun engine house on Monday, June 16th, at 8 p. m. J. S. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

FULL LINE OF CHEAP SUITS IN GALVESTON. [J. H. W. AVERY, 225 King st.]

COMMUNICATED. What is to become of such bad management as seems to rule Alexandria? What are the policemen for, and if on their duty, why is this destruction allowed to go on? Talk about improvement; if a poor man makes a blemish, especially such as painting, the boys detect it in every possible manner. The writer of this has a fair opinion, and would be glad if it would do any good, to allow the police to call and inspect. We house keepers would be glad for Mr. Clifford to call occasionally, and we will then have a chance to call his attention to neglected work.

A puzzling case—A case that puzzled the physicians of Poughkeepsie has terminated fatally. Mr. Isaac D. Perrine, a man about 70 years of age, was, for a person of his age quite active. On Wednesday last week he did not make his appearance as usual, and when breakfast was ready a member of the family, on going to his room, found him in a sleep from which he could not be awakened. Medicines were administered with no effect. He breathed quite naturally, but did not open his eyes, nor did he appear to be at all conscious of what was going on about him.

During Friday his sleep did not appear to be as natural as the previous day, and his cheeks became somewhat flushed. He by consent of the relatives a little Dr. Cooper was called to consult with Dr. Campbell; but they gave little hope of their patient ever gaining consciousness again. Nourishment was given him by putting beef tea in his mouth, which he managed to swallow quite well. He by consent of his back, and it was noticed that when a fly would light on his face he would turn his head slightly as if to drive it away. He finally expired on Monday evening, having shown not the least sign of consciousness since he had been asleep.

Alexander Solovieff, who was hanged at St. Petersburg recently for attempting to shoot the Czar, was the son of a physician. His age is differently stated at 23 and 30 years. His failure to kill the Emperor is attributed to the effect of a dose of poison taken just before he made the attempt. Solovieff was a man of education, had been a school teacher, and was a professional linguist, who had got himself into trouble before, though frequently interrogated by the officials, he is not believed to have revealed anything. He died with great composure and dignity, refused the ministrations of the priests.

Prevention is surely better than cure; and to prevent the diseases of babyhood from attacking your child, use in season D. Bull's Baby Syrup, the sweetest and best remedy for children. All druggists sell it.

Resolutions of Respect to the Memory of Judge Isaac Hagrider Lowe. Whereas by the decree of an all-wise God we are called upon to lament the untimely death of our fellow man, Judge Isaac Hagrider Lowe, by which sad event the society is deprived of one of its most useful and esteemed members, who as chairman of some of the most important committees performed his duties with credit to the society and himself; the Church has just a faithful, generous and liberal Christian, the Bar one of its brightest members, the community one of its most upright and conscientious citizens; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the loss of our late brother we mourn the death of a Christian gentleman and a zealous fellow member, whose genial disposition and high social qualities had endeared him to us all.

Resolved, That we tender to his family and friends our hearty sympathies and condolence in their sad bereavement.

Resolved, That we extend to the legal fraternity our sincere regret in the loss of one of its ablest exponents and members.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the Alexandria Gazette and the I. C. B. U. Journal.

Resolved, That as a further evidence of our sorrow that the usual mourning be worn for thirty days.

M. B. HARRIS, P. E. GORMAN, SECRETARIES.

L. RICHARD M. LATRAM, EDWARD HUGHES, JOHN DONNELLY, Com. on Resolutions.

EICHBERG! EICHBERG! EICHBERG! Barrels of Burgals Burgals! Bush! Bush! is all the top in town. Go and see his immense stock. He is just turning in a full line of Dress Goods. Selling off ones—cheap. in 9 2W

S. DEALHAM has just returned from New York, and has now the finest and most select stock of CLOTHING, HATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS ever before brought to this city; at astonishing low prices.

WHY OF COURSE WE DO THE BUSINESS—We've got the largest stock. Best goods and lowest prices. All alive at 100. B. I. EICHBERG, Successor to Slaymaker Co.

MARKED. In Galveston, June 5th, by Rev. Dr. Howard, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. C. S. GARDNER, of Houston, to Miss LILLIE C. MASON, daughter of Col. George Mason, of this city.—[Richmond papers please copy.]

A meeting of the Southern Memorial Association will be held at the Sun engine house on Monday, June 16th, at 8 p. m. J. S. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary.

FULL LINE OF CHEAP SUITS IN GALVESTON. [J. H. W. AVERY, 225 King st.]