ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN.

FOR PRESIDENT:
Winfield Scott Hancock, of Penna.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
William H. English, of Indiana.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 26.

It will be seen that Orange county, by a decided expression of the sentiments of its citizens, has seconded the nomination by Alexandria of her favorite son for the next Congress. This result is not only most gratifying to the friends of Mr. Neale in this city and throughout the district, but is a proof of the hold he has on the affections of the people, and a sure augury of success in the coming convention.

General Grant would rather be dead than forgotten. He has therefore, as a means of keeping himself before the public, issued an order to the Boys in Blue, of whom he is the commander, to organize at once in every county of the Union, and proceed immediately to the work of electing Garfield to the Presidency. He has also been elected president of a mining company, whose mine is located in New Mexico. The Boys in Blue will sing his name until the election. After that the stockholders in the mining company, that is unless his morals have changed since the Black Friday, San Domingo, Sylph, safe burglary, and other affairs, will take it up, but sing it to a different tune.

We have been informed by citizens of the highest respectability from Fauquier, and by letters from prominent gentlemen from adjoining counties, that gross injustice has been done the pastor and membership of the Baptist Church at Upperville by the publication of an item, furnished by a correspondent from that place, reflecting upon the character of that gentleman. No man, we learn, stands higher in the estimation of the whole community where he lives, or has the love and confidence of the people to a greater degree than the pastor referred to, and we are assured that the attempt to traduce him will only recoil with greater force upon the head of him who would thus endeavor to blast the reputation of a minister of God.

No one at all acquainted with the true condition of political affairs in Virginia will deny that the debt payers, the majority of the democratic party in Virginia, so far as national politics are concerned, have been constant and persistent in their overtures and offers of compromise and concession to the readjusters' party. A large number of the latter, probably all but the office holders and office seekers among them and a few who are simple enough to be deceived by them, have listened to these overtures, accepted the concessions, agreed to the terms of the compromise, and now intend to vote the regular democratic ticket, and, like reasonable men, to postpone action upon the debt question until November, 1881, when, and when only, such action can be effective. To these, therefore, no further offers of compromise are necessary; to the others none that could be made, no matter how conceding, would be acceptable, and to show that such is an acknowledged fact we mention that Mr. N. B. Meade, the presidential elector for this district, tells his party to consider no overtures that come from the debt payers that do not involve their complete surrender; that Mr. Lamb, the elector for the Norfolk district, says he shall consider it his duty to do all he can to defeat not only the regular democratic ticket for Congress, but for President, and that a meeting of the party in Stafford county last week passed a resolution declaring that they would not agree to any compromise, fusion, or affiliation with the debt payers. To be wasting time and taking trouble in order to offer further compromises to such people would be worse than silly. All among the readjusters who are amenable to reason, and who are not seeking their own individual ends, have accepted the liberal terms already offered them, and the others must be left to go their own way. That they will have a sorry time of it they have even thus early begun to dread, and their boastings, to deliberate observers, seem very much after the manner of the boy who whistled when passing a grave yard to keep up his spirits.

HORRIBLE OUTRAGE.—About ten o'clock on Saturday night last John Diggs, alias Jno. Dorsey, a native of Washington, D. C., about 23 years of age, committed a most dastardly outrage on Mrs. Tschiffely, wife of Mr. James Tschiffely, a very estimable lady living near Darnestown, about nine miles southwest of Rockville. The negro was left to take care of the farm and house by the owner, who was away on business. He entered the dinning room where the lady was sitting by the light, engaged in general pursuits, and, by choking her until completely powerless, forced her up stairs threatening to burn her and the house if she attempted to raise an alarm. He kept her there throughout the night, and in the morning, thinking he had escaped, she endeavored to make her way to a neighbor's house, when he suddenly appeared and forced her back into the house, dragging her indoors by the hair. He struck her with an arm chair over the head, almost forcing the eyes from their sockets and disfiguring her face horribly. Her neck was terribly swollen and discolored. The lady is conscious now, and knows well who committed the act. The people of the county are aroused, and swear vengeance. Up to one o'clock this morning no clue to the whereabouts of the ravisher had been found, but officers are stationed in various sections in anticipation of his appearance.

Foolhardy Voyagers.

LONDON, July 26.—The Dory Little Western, Captain George P. Thomas, from Gloucester, Mass., June 12th, for this port, passed the Scilly Islands at ten o'clock this morning.

Collision and Loss of Life.

LONDON, July 26.—The steamship Hazeldean, from Bilbao for Newcastle, has been sunk by a collision in the British Channel. Five of the crew were drowned.

Colonel Hollingsworth, superintendent of Mount Vernon, is at Rawley Springs.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

There were 152 deaths in Baltimore last week.

The report that there are several cases of yellow fever in Memphis is emphatically denied.

Capt. Richard Pritchard, of the steamer Louise, of the Bay line, died in Baltimore yesterday.

Savannah has had a decrease in its white population since the last census of 169, while the negroes have increased 2,651.

Enterprising showmen are reported to have offered Dr. Tanner amounts ranging from $300 to $600 per week to exhibit himself under their charge.

The executive committee of the national democratic committee has appointed committees to take charge of the departments of campaign work.

The captain of the Ethel A. Merritt denies that his ship was within three miles of the Cuban coast when fired upon by a Spanish cruiser, and his report will be handed over to the State Department.

Miss Martha Hamilton, of Birmingham, Delaware county, Pa., has sixty thousand silk worms at work, and they have progressed so favorably that the cocoons are rapidly accumulating on her hands.

In the Superior Court at San Francisco on Saturday I. M. Kalloch, jr., was arraigned for the murder of Charles De Young, but was allowed until Thursday next to plead. A motion to set aside the indictment will be made.

The murder of James Wood at Bull Run, in Schuylkill county, Pa., which has been reported as a Mollie Maguire crime, was committed by Wm Orr, who was jealous of Wood's attentions to his wife. The weapon used was a base ball bat, which Orr confessed to have broken and buried up.

The meteor which recently fell in the vicinity of Macon, Georgia, has been found. It imbedded itself in the forks of a tree several miles from town, and had buried itself so deep that it had to be cut out with an axe. The meteorite is about the size of a man's head, and appears to be an amalgamation of iron and stone.

FOREIGN NEWS.

An eruption of Mt. Vesuvius began yesterday.

More hard fighting is reported between the Albanians and Montenegrins.

An outbreak against the British is anticipated in Basutoland, South Africa.

The Czar has asked the King of Greece to postpone his visit to St. Petersburg.

It is stated that the government of Greece will shortly call out the reserves.

The government of Servia has ordered all its transport vehicles to be held ready for immediate use.

The Irish crops are maturing splendidly, and the Mansion House relief committee proposes to cease operations.

The Spanish Court, in spite of the objection of the Queen's Austrian physician will return to Madrid on July 31.

The betrothal of Prince Alexander of Bulgaria and Princess Zanka of Montenegro is officially announced.

The American team of roll men were defeated by the Englishmen at Wimbleton on Saturday by a score of 1,647 to 1,568.

There are rumors of a conspiracy to dethrone the Prince of Bulgaria and establish Aleko Pasha, Governor of Eastern Roumelia, in his place, and uniting the two countries.

There is a report from Afghanistan that Ayoob Khan has crossed the Helmond at Hyderabad. It is said that 4,000 Ghazis have joined him, and that parties of his cavalry are foraging near the British camp.

The Paris students gave a serice Saturday night in that city in honor of the amnestied communists. Speeches were made demanding a European republic and the annihilation of kings.

The total loss of life by the earthquakes at Manila is estimated at 320, including 200 Chinamen. Almost every family is houseless. Another shock occurred on Saturday doing further serious damage.

Vienna dispatches say that the Powers will give Turkey three weeks in which to make the territorial cessions to Montenegro, and at the end of that time there will be a naval demonstration.

Gambetta is said to be greatly annoyed by the escapades of a man who so closely resembles him that he is in daily fear of having set down to his account exploits which would not be in the least creditable to the President of the Chamber of Deputies.

Mr. Gladstone's Liberal government in England is having a hard time of it. The difficulty arises from the fact that the party was started upon a basis of popular rights, and that its aristocratic members are violently kicking against a practical enforcement of the theories to which they have subscribed.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Messrs. E. L. Hunter, of King George and E. C. Clybrook and W. M. Walker, of Westmoreland, have been appointed canvassers by the State central conservative committee.

All the mortgaged premises, franchises and property, both real, personal and mixed, of the A., M. & O. railroad company is to be sold on November 1st, at auction, in Richmond.

We are indebted to the Lee Literary Society of the Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College of Blacksburg for an invitation to attend their annual commencement exercises on August 11.

The corn throughout the Northern Neck is looking better than it has done for years past, and the yield promises to be a bountiful one. The farmers say they have not for a great many years seen the crop look more promising at this season of the year.

Cadet Engineer Llewellyn Fairfax Whittle, son of Bishop Whittle, died at the Naval Hospital, at Philadelphia on Saturday last, aged about twenty-one years. He had recently passed to the first class at the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and was a splendid specimen of a man, being about six feet two inches tall, and weighing one hundred and eighty pounds. It is stated that he recently met with an accident at the machine shops at Annapolis, and was sent to the Philadelphia hospital. The first information of his illness was received by telegram on Thursday, and was communicated to Bishop and Mrs. Whittle at Rawley Springs, who went immediately to their son. Fortescue Whittle, of Petersburg, the eldest son of the Bishop, is now quite ill in that city.

NO COMPROMISE.—The Richmond correspondent of the Petersburg Index-Appeal writes:—"Those who are near to and fully in the confidence of the boss of the readjuster faction of this State, say that he has time and again asserted emphatically that he and all the prominent leaders of the party are opposed to and will fight against any sort of compromise, come from whatever source or in whatever shape it may. The matter has been fully discussed by the prominent men on that side, and as it might have been expected, they do not propose to give countenance to any such idea. To accept such a proposition would be a death blow to the hopes of many of these statesmen. They see that they would have to go through all of the arduous work and demagoguism of years to regain their places in the favor of the readjuster element. If an offer of an adjustment of these complications is submitted by our side or those representing us, it will be worth hundreds, and it may be thousands of votes to us in November. They are many people on both sides who, if no compromise is effected, on election day will cast their votes for what they believe to be the stronger of the two democratic tickets, regardless of the views of the suffragan himself.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence of the Alexa. Gazette.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26, 1880.

The receipts at the Treasury to day from internal revenue amount to $639,192; from customs, $772 280. The national bank notes received for redemption to day amount to $165 000.

Lieut. Commander Charles Schmaltz has been ordered to the command of the ship Ajax, now lying at Brandon, Va.

The Capitol is now one of the loneliest looking places in this almost deserted city. The only people seen there are a few clerks, laborers, policemen and guides, occasionally members of an excursion party, and at long intervals a straggling congressman, two of the latter—Chalmers, of Mississippi, and Wise, of Pennsylvania—putting in an appearance there this morning.

Mr. Pelouze, type founder of Richmond, and an applicant for the position of postmaster of that city, was among the callers upon Mr. Hayes this morning.

In a conversation with Mr. Holmes, an intelligent and well informed republican of Loudoun county, Va., this morning, I learned from him that there will be a large republican ratification meeting at Lincoln, in that county, next Friday, the speakers at which will be Colonel White, of that county, and Mr. Nichols, of Lexburg. Colonel White will be remembered by some of the older readers of the Gazette in Loudoun county as a great free basis man in old slave times. He afterwards moved to Arkansas, and in reconstruction times was Lieutenant Governor of that State. In this connection I may also remark that Colonel Gresham, who is now a resident of Loudoun county, but who, a few years ago, represented Fauquier Co. in the Virginia Legislature as a democrat, is now a supporter of Garfield, for the reason, he says, that he is opposed to bourbonism. As he must use the word bourbonism as synonymous with democracy, and as the latter has not had control of the government for the last twenty years, it will strike most people that the Colonel's opposition is either rather too late or too early.

The congressional campaign committee has rented the house 1405 F street, and the members of that committee will make it their headquarters when in the city. Senator Wallace, chairman of the committee, will arrive here on Wednesday. The business and document office of the committee will remain as it has been at the Capitol. The committee, in addition to their other rooms, have rented Willard's Hall, will soon have a hundred clerks employed and be enabled to mail 100,000 documents a day, in single numbers, to individuals in all quarters of the country, or, should necessity require, to county or district superintendents. Whether these documents will produce as much effect as the committee imagines, is not for your correspondent to say.

Judge Lawrence, the First Comptroller of the Treasury, has furnished the Treasurer of the United States with an opinion that the new 3 65 District of Columbia bonds stand on the same footing as the old bonds, and that the interest thereon can be paid out of the existing appropriation.

A letter received here from Mr. J. M. Smith, of Albemarle county, clerk of the House Committee on the Revision of the Laws, says that the split in the democracy of his county amounts to little or nothing, and that all the democrats, with but few exceptions, have determined to hold their opinions on the State debt in abeyance until the proper time for the settlement of that question shall arrive, and to vote the regular democratic ticket next November. Letters from all parts of Virginia received here are to the same effect, and the anxiety lately prevailing here about the way Virginia will go has abated considerably in consequence.

John Diggs, or Dorsey, the negro who committed the brutal outrage on Mrs. James Tschiffely, near Darnestown, in Montgomery county, Md., about twelve miles from this city, last Saturday night, is in a bad way. His track has been discovered, and men more vigilant than the officers of the law are on it, and will soon have him within their clutches, and terrible their clutches will be, for they are accompanied with a surgeon, and unless he be a father now, he will be the last of his name. An old negro, with whom he swapped shoes in his flight, was discovered this morning, and from him it was learned that the fugitive had taken the direction of the Point of Rocks, and this information was soon after confirmed. The party now on the hot hoof of him have taken such precautions that he cannot escape, and his fate is no less sure than inevitable. A man mistaken for him was arrested this morning by the sheriff of Montgomery, but as he resisted and was getting the better of the sheriff, he had to be knocked down by a citizen before the irons could be put on him. The criminal was the trusted servant of Mr. Tschiffely, had often hundreds of dollars of his employer's money in his possession, bought the farming implements and fertilizers for the place, was supposed to be as attentive to Mr. T.'s interest as to his own. His victim, who, by the by, moved in the highest social circles, is thirty two years of age and has one child. Her condition is critical and exceedingly pitiable.

Emphatic Denial.

ORLEAN, VA., July 24, 1880.

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

In your issue of the 22d you publish an extract from a letter written from Upperville, stating that charges of immoral conduct had been circulated against the pastor of the Baptist Church, of that place, which he (the pastor) was unwilling should be investigated.

If your correspondent had reference (as I believe he did) to charges preferred a year or more ago against said pastor, I would state that they were carefully and faithfully investigated by the church, resulting in the expulsion of the author of the charges as a slanderer and falsifier. It is passing strange your correspondent did not known this. Respectfully,

S. M. ATHEY.

The attention of the members of this church having been called to an article in the Alexandria Gazette of the 22d instant, from a correspondent at Upperville, reflecting upon this church and its pastor, a meeting of the church was called to take action upon it, which was largely attended, and the following was passed by a unanimous rising vote:

1. That this Church has just ground of complaint, that a paper of such high character as the Alexandria Gazette should have admitted such an article in its columns without first inquiring into its truthfulness, when the needed information could have been obtained by a few hours delay.

2. The statement is entirely destitute of truth. It is a base and malicious falsehood from beginning to end, and could have been inspired only by a dark and malignant spirit, that delights in inflicting injury and dragging others down to its own base level.

3. The present pastor has been serving this church for the last eight years; during this period he has the entire confidence of this church and community, and has steadily grown in their love and admiration as a pastor, as a preacher, and as a high toned Christian gentleman, and to day has a standing in this community that few men have attained.

4. That this paper shall be signed by all of the officers of this church, and by them in person presented to the editor of the Alexandria Gazette for publication.

Done by authority of the Baptist Church at Upperville, July 24, 1880.

WM. MOSS, Church Clerk.
W. F. KERFOOT, Deacon.
GEO. H. AYRE, "
JOSEPH A. GIBSON, "
BEDFORD GLASCOCK, "

Mrs. Wetmore's Sad Story.

PARIS, July 24, 1880.

The Wetmore-Anglesey affair continues to engross public attention, and, although it is the general theme of conversation here, it is curious to say that with a single exception, that of the Voltaire this morning, all mention of it has thus far been kept out of the newspapers. All sorts of rumors are current in connection with this fact, which, for the honor of the profession, I shall avoid noticing. I prefer to set it down to the prudent reserve which the French press is always known to practise on such delicate occasions. Having been introduced to Lady Albert Clinton lately at the house of a mutual friend, I have profited by my slight acquaintance to obtain some information regarding the unlinchely affair. Her Ladyship received me courteously and expressed her willingness to tell me all she knew of the circumstances. She herself seemed overcome with grief, and her eyes filled with tears when she began to speak about her deceased friend. After a few general remarks about the rumors which were in circulation I told her what I had stated in my telegram of Thursday evening and which she pronounced to be in the main correct.

"May I ask," I said, "if you are in possession of Lord Anglesey's letters to Mrs. Wetmore?"

"No," she replied, "they are in the hands of her lawyer, Mr. Gardiner, of the Champs Elysees. They are all couched in terms which convey the idea that His Lordship had the most passionate affection for Mrs. Wetmore, and in no less than seven of them he declared that he would marry her the moment she got the divorce from her husband. I have even in my possession a ring which he gave her in the first days of last month." [Here Ladyship here went and brought in a small basket containing, among other effects of the deceased lady, a plain gold ring, bearing the following inscription on the inside: 'To Annie, from Anglesey. June 1, 1880.'] Lady Albert Clinton then continued: "Mrs. Wetmore came to Europe about three years ago with her son, a lad about thirteen years of age. I think she met Lord Anglesey for the first time in Spain. When she left America she had no idea of permanently separating herself from her husband, of whom she always spoke with remorse, but Lord Anglesey turned her head by promising to marry her if she got a divorce. This took time, so much time, that he got tired of his bargain and deserted her as soon as she had broken loose from the only real tie which bound her to life and affection for her child. She was handsome, affectionate and confiding. Poor dear, she was so faithful to Anglesey and believed in him so entirely. You know he lived on the Avenue Kleber, occupying separate apartments in the same house. Three days before her death she said, speaking of her husband: 'Henry was always kind to me, but we had nothing in common. We were not made to live happily together. He was much too religious for me, and was not satisfied unless I went to church all day Sunday, but he was a good, kind man. I never ought to have left him. My fate should be a warning to American women who come abroad without their legitimate protectors.' But she rarely gave way to these remorseless feelings, for she loved Anglesey to distraction.

"Her last meeting with him was on Sunday, June 20. He told her he had to go to London on business. She said to him, with a sort of instinctive feeling, 'You will be true to me, Henry, and come back to me as quickly as you can?' He replied that he loved her as much as ever, and parted with her with every demonstration of affection, although he knew that he had written her a letter, dated the 19th, the day before, in which he bade her farewell forever, and gave her to understand that all was at an end between them. This letter was handed to her next day by Mr. Stone, Lord Anglesey's secretary, and it drove her almost to madness. It was then that I brought her to my house; for she had no friends here, and in the letter to which I have just referred Lord Anglesey gave her to understand that she must leave her apartments and write no more than one letter to him. To this she wrote a reply of a most touching character, in which she appealed to the Marquis' manhood. 'Remember,' she said, 'all I have lost for you. Can you expect that God will prosper you or yours when you are capable of such a dreadful wrong?' In another passage she says, 'Can it be possible that you have no conscience or feeling or that you, a nobleman, are willing to turn me out penniless into the world after all your promises, to say nothing of your pretended affection up to the week before your marriage?'"

I was next shown a number of letters from Lord Anglesey, authenticated by his family coat of arms. They were all couched in the most endearing terms, commencing with "My lovely Anna," "My dearest," and closing with extravagant assurances of undying love, esteem and fidelity. Seven of these letters, Lady Albert Clinton said, and Mrs Wetmore's lawyer assured me, contain explicit and unequivocal promises of marriage and cover a period of nearly three years. When it was announced that the Marquis had married Mrs. Wolehouse, Mrs. Wetmore's lawyer, who knew all the circumstances, urged that a suit for breach of promise should be instituted. A correspondence to that effect was commenced with the Marquis' lawyers, who replied that their client repudiated the allegation as to the promise, and that it would be useless to try and make a case, as there was no law punishing breach of promise in France, and that an offence committed there could not be tried in England. Unhappily this proved to be the case.

The deceased took no interest in all this, the idea of death engrossing her mind from the moment she heard of Lord Anglesey's marriage. Every effort made to calm her was vain and she paced up and down her room the image of despair. This lasted until Wednesday morning when, on entering her apartment, Lady Albert Clinton found her in the last agony, with eyes glaring, hand clinched and face so distorted that she was hardly recognizable. The servants were immediately sent for medical aid, but it was ten o'clock before a doctor could be found. Every effort was then made to save the poor sufferer, but in vain; she writhed in dreadful torture until about three, when she breathed her last.—When the Marquis heard of the melancholy event he sent word through his lawyers that he would contribute 50 pounds toward the expenses of the funeral. The burial lot alone at St Germain cost 40 pounds. The deceased was a lady of refined and pleasing manners. She was of medium height, with dark hair and eyes. Her features had something of the Jewish cast. She was graceful and attractive, with especially pretty hands and feet, and her figure was faultless. She was kind and amiable to an extreme, and of a sweet and forbearing disposition, her only fault being, as Lady Albert Clinton said, that she loved not wisely but too well.

The funeral services took place this morning at the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Rue Bayard. Dr. Morgan officiated. The attendance was very small, there being only about a dozen persons, chiefly ladies, present. Among them were Lady Albert Clinton and Messrs. Edwards, May, Henry Bacon and Hunter, of New York. The service was impressively read by Dr. Bacon, and the choir chanted the anthems with unusually solemn effect. The few persons present, all of whom knew the deceased, were moved to tears. The coffin was then placed in the hearse and driven away to the St Lazzare Railway station, followed by Lady Albert Clinton and another lady. True to the last, they accompanied the remains to St. Germain-en-Laye, where they were interred in the Strangers' Cemetery. The expenses of the funeral were mostly borne by Lady Albert Clinton.—*Cor. of the N. Y. Herald*

The Swedish colony in Maine, which was commenced in 1873 by the arrival of fifty immigrants, who were located on State lands with a gift of 100 acres to each head of a family, now contains a population of 776. They now own farms and buildings valued at $63 450, and in 1879 their farm productions were valued at $14,604, the yield of 2,332 acres of improved land.

"Trouble commences early in life," we heard a young wife say, when she sent for a bottle of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, to cure the baby.

Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia cures Neuralgia, Face Ache, Rheumatism, Gout, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Sore Throat, Erysipelas, Bruises and Wounds of every nature in man or animal. The remarkable cures this remedy has effected classes it as one of the most important and valuable remedies ever discovered for the cure and relief of pain. Giles' Pills cure Piles.

Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia is a sure cure for scurvy in the breast, and removes all swellings and hard lumps.

A NURSING MOTHER.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Beware of imitations.

DIED.

Sunday, July 25 h, at his late residence, in Baltimore, CHARLES EWING EASTER, in the 33th year of his age. His friends and those of his family are requested to attend his funeral Tuesday afternoon, July 27th, at four o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Riddlemoser's stables Fayette and Eutaw streets, Baltimore.

The Hon. S. C. Neale will, at the request of his many friends, address the citizens of Salem and upper Fauquier on Saturday, the 31st inst. at half past one o'clock p. m. Other speakers are expected interested in the Congressional Canvass. Col. Gibson and Capt Foster have promised to be present. B. F. RIXEY.

Salem, Fauquier co., Va., July 26.

There will be a meeting of Third ward Hancock and English club to-morrow (Tuesday) evening the 27th at 8 o'clock. The meeting will be held in the hall of the conservative readjusters on King street. M. MCLEAN, Secretary.

July 26, 2t

AUCTION SALES.

By Green & Wise, Auctioneers.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Corporation Court for the city of Alexandria, Va., rendered at its July term, 1880, in the cause of D. S. Watkins and wife et als. vs. John T. Evans, jr., the undersigned, commissioners therein named, will offer for sale by public auction, in front of the entrance to the Court room, on Fairfax street, in the city of Alexandria, Va., on SATURDAY, the 28th day of August, 1880, at 12 o'clock m., the following property, to wit:

No 1: House and Lot No 56 south Royal st., east side.

No 2: House and Lot No 58 south Royal st., east side.

No 3: House and Lot No 45 south Royal st, west side

No 4: House and Lot No 47 south Royal st, west side

No 5: House and Lot No 49 south Royal st., west side.

No 6: House and Lot No 28 south Royal st., east side adjoining S. C. Baggott on his north line—subject to any claim he may have for the use of his wall.

No 7: House and Lot No 5 south Royal st., west side.

No 8: House and Lot No 7 south Royal st., west side

No 9: House and Lot No 33 south Columbus st., west side.

No 10: House and Lot No 35 south Columbus st., west side.

No 11: Vacant Lot corner of Columbus and Wilkes sts.

No 12: House and Lot No 20 Prince street—subject to a rent charge in fee of $5 per annum.

No 13: House and Lot No 142 Wolf st., between Columbus and Alfred.

No 14: House and Lot No 89 King street, formerly occupied as a store by Jno T Evans, dec'd.

No 15: The south House and Lot of the three framed dwellings on the court in the square bounded by Prince, Duke Columbus and Alfred sts

No 16: The middle House and Lot on the above named court.

No 17: The north House and Lot of the three in the above named court.

No 18: The House and Lot on west side of Columbus street, between Wolfe and Wilkes streets.

No 19: House and Lot adjoining above No 18 on the south.

No 20: A tract of land containg 162 acres, more or less in Fairfax county, Va., with the improvements.

Terms of Sale: Cash enough to pay expenses of suit and sale, and the residue of the purchase money on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months; the bonds of the purchaser or purchasers to be taken, with good personal security, for the deferred payments, with interest from day of sale, and the title retained until all the payments are made.

S. FERGUSON BEACH,
CHARLES E. STUART,
GEORGE WALKER,
} Commrs. of Sale.

jy26-2awts

By Green & Wise, Auctioneers.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the Circuit Court for the county of Alexandria, Va., rendered at its May term, 1880, in the chancery cause of Waters, surviving, vs. Kelly et als, the undersigned, commissioners therein named, will offer for sale by public auction, in front of the entrance to the Court room, on Fairfax street, in the city of Alexandria, Va., on SATURDAY, the 28th of August, 1880, at 12 o'clock m., the following described property, to wit:

A LOT OF GROUND with the IMPROVEMENTS thereon, in the county of Alexandria, Va., beginning on the west side of the Washington and Alexandria Turnpike 181 feet 6 inches north of the first street north of Montgomery street; thence northerly with said turnpike 72 feet, more or less, to J. Wither's line (formerly Casanove's;) thence south with said line 71 feet, more or less; thence easterly by a straight line to the beginning.

Terms of Sale: Cash enough to pay costs of suit and sale, and the residue in three equal instalments at one, two and three years, respectively, with interest from the day of sale; the title to be retained until the purchase money is fully paid.

ALBERT STUART,
H. O. CLAUGHTON,
} Comm'rs. of Sale.

jy26-2awts

GEORGE RICHARD'S

ICE AND WATERMELON DEPOT,

ST. ASAPH STREET,

Between King and Cameron,

(D. C. Thompson's old stand)

Melons on ice can be had at all hours.

jy23—1m

LAWNS AND STANDARD PRINTS.
July 23d, 1880.

Just received the third supply of those Figured Lawns at 10c per yard; also a full line of Standard Prints at 6c, with other cheap goods.

F. P. BRASHEAR, 109 King st.,
jy23 Alexandria, Virginia

"THE MILLIONS IN IT" ROACH TRAP.

We have just received another lot of the above celebrated traps. One trial will convince any one that they are the best ever made. For sale by

McLEAN & UHLER,
jy21 76 King street.

CYDONIN, the best preparation ever offered for the cure of CHAPPED SKIN; will eradicate pimples, and give to the complexion a soft and healthy appearance. Price 25 cts per bottle. For sale by

WARFIELD & HALL.
jan 28

FLOWER SEEDS—Just received a large and splendid assortment, to which we invite the especial attention of the ladies.

JANNEY & CO.,
feb 2 Nos. 79 and 152 King street.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL

VIRGINIA BONDS.—J. A. Hambleton & Co's Baltimore financial circular of Saturday says:

"Virginia bonds are the most active securities dealt in at our Exchange. In fact they are the only bonds (Government and city excepted) that can at any and all times be bought or sold in large blocks, without materially affecting their market price. As many as one hundred thousand of these bonds frequently change hands at less than ½ per cent difference in prices. During the past week both consols and ten forties have been in good demand at improved figures. Consols sold from 50½ to 50¾. Ten forties were strong at 41 to 41⅛, but they were offered only in small lots, and were freely taken. Consol coupons sold up to 89, and ten forty coupons to 9[illegible]. The scare caused by the readjusters' convention, and unfavorable newspaper articles, has about spent its force, and the weak and timid holders having been pretty well shaken out, the bonds are now likely to improve. If there was really anything in the threats and bluster of the readjusters, the coupons would be the first to feel the effects. On the contrary coupons are strong and scarce, and look decidedly more like advancing than declining. Messrs. R. H. Maury & Co., of Richmond, in a recent circular state that the amount of taxes in Virginia for the current year are about $2,600,000, and that the total amount of coupons outstanding is only $764,076 56. Under these circumstances coupons must undoubtedly command higher figures."

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE, &c.

Flour, Fine	$4 00	@	4 25
Superfine	4 75	@	5 00
Extra	5 50	@	6 00
Family	6 00	@	6 25
Fancy brands	6 50	@	7 00
Wheat, common to fair	1 00	@	1 03
Good to prime	1 05	@	1 08
Choice	1 10	@	1 12
Corn, white	0 57	@	0 58
Mixed	0 54	@	0 56
Yellow	0 55	@	0 56
Corn Meal	0 58	@	0 60
Rye	0 60	@	0 65
Oats	0 33	@	0 35
Butter, prime	0 16	@	0 18
Common to middling	0 10	@	0 12
Eggs	0 9	@	0 10
Chickens	1 75	@	2 50
Potatoes per bushel	0 40	@	0 50
Onions, per bush	1 50	@	1 75
Dried Peaches, pealed	0 8	@	0 12
Unpeeled	0 4	@	0 5
Dried Apples	0 4	@	0 6
Dried Cherries	0 12	@	0 13
Bacon, Hams, country	0 9	@	0 10
Best sugar cured Hams	0 13	@	0 13
Butchers' Hams	0 11	@	0 12
Sides	0 8½	@	0 9
Shoulders	0 6½	@	0 6½
Lard	0 7½	@	0 8½
Veal Calves	0 3½	@	0 4
Herring, Eastern, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Shad Roe per kit	2 50	@	2 75
Plaster, ground, per ton	5 00	@	5 25
Ground, in bags	6 00	@	6 50
Lump	3 50	@	4 00
Salt, G. A. (Liverpool)	0 95	@	1 00
Fine	1 45	@	1 50
Turk's Island	0 55	@	0 55
Wool, long unwashed	0 31	@	0 32
Washed	0 41	@	0 42
Merino, unwashed	0 27	@	0 28
Do. washed	0 40	@	0 42
Sumac	0 75	@	0 80
Hay	16 00	@	17 00
Wheat Bran per ton	18 00	@	19 00
Brown Middlings	20 00	@	21 00
White Middlings	23 00	@	24 00

Flour is steady and firm, with an upward tendency, and old wheat Flour may be quoted higher. There is little or no change to note in Wheat since the close of last week, and the receipts continue fair; there were offerings to day of 5500 bushels and sales were made at 95, 98, 100, 101, 101½ and 102 for Fulte and 105 107, 110 and 112 for Lancaster. The receipts of Corn today amounted to 9,0 bushels of white, which sold at 58. No Oats reported, and about 100 bushels of Rye sell at 65. Country produce steady at quotations.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Virginia 6s old —; do deferred 6½; do consols 50½; do 3d series 21; past due coupons 88½; new 10,10c 418; 10 10 coupons 93 bid to-day. Cotton dull; middling 11⅞. Flour firm and quiet; Howard street and Western Super 3a$3 75; do Extra 4a$5; do Family 5 87a$6 25; City Mills Super 3a$3 50; do Extra 4a$4 50; do Family 6 25a$6 75; connoisseur brands 5 87a$6; Patapsco Family $7 10. Wheat—Southern active and firm; Western firmer but quiet: Southern red 103a108; do amber 111a114; No 2 Western winter red spot and July 107¾a107⅞; Aug 107¾a107¾; Sept 108¼a108¼; Oct 108¾a109¼. Corn—Southern dull; Western dull and neglected; Southern white and yellow 55; Western mixed spot and July 47¼; August 47¼; Sept 47¼a49½; steamer 46. Oats quiet and firm; Southern 40a41; Western white 40a41; do mixed 39a40½; Penna 40a41. Rye dull and lower at 70. Hay steady; prime to choice Penna and Maryland 19a$21. Coffee dull; Rio cargoes ordinary to choice 12¾a15¼. Sugar firm; A sell 10¼. Whiskey dull and easier at 1 10½a$1 11.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Cattle—market active: receipts 1300; prime 5¾a6c; good 5¼a5½; medium 4¾a5¼; common 4¼a5c. Sheep—market active: receipts 7000; prime 4¾a5½c; good 4a4½; medium 3½a3¾c; common 2½a3c. Hogs—market active: receipts 3500; prime 7½c; good 7c; medium 6½c; common 6½c.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Stocks strong. Money 2a3. Flour quiet. Wheat stronger. Corn quiet.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JULY 26, 1880.

Sun rises 4 58 | Sun sets 7 [illegible]

ARRIVED.

Stmp E C Knight, New York, to F A Reed.
Str Ann Eliza, Philadelphia, to F A Reed.
Str Geo Leary, Norfolk, to P B Hoos.
Str Lady of the Lake, Norfolk, to F A Reed.
Str T V Arrowsmith, lower Potomac, to Potomac Ferry Company.
Str J W Thompson, lower Pot'c, to F A Reed.
Str Mattano, lower Pot'c, to J Broders & Co.
Str Sue, Baltimore, to J Broders & Co.
Schr Jas S Hewett, Washington, to J P Agnew & Co.

CLEARED.

Stmp John Gibson, New York, by F A Reed.
Str Lady of the Lake, Norfolk, by F A Reed.
Str George Leary, Norfolk, by P B Hoos.
Str T V Arrowsmith, lower Potomac, by Potomac Ferry Company.
Str Mattano, lower Pot'c, by J Broders & Co.
Str J W Thompson, lower Pot'c, by F A Reed.
Str Sue, Baltimore, by J Broders & Co.
Str Mystic, lower Pot'c, by Potomac Ferry Co.
Schr Jas S Hewitt, Cambridge, by J P Agnew & Co.

PASSED UP.

Schr Merrill C Hart, for Georgetown.

MEMORANDA.

Str Perkiomen, hence, at Providence 24th.
Schr Hattie N Grove sailed from New London for this port 24th.
Schrs Howard William, from this port, at Mary C Arnold, from Georgetown, at N Y 23d.
Schr John Bird, from Windsor for this port at Vineyard Haven 24th.
Schr Florence Dean sailed from Providence for this port 23d.
Schr James E Kelsey cleared at New York for Richmond 24th.
Schr Helen Hasbrouck, from Georgetown, at New York 24th.
Schr Hattie V Kelsey sailed from Providence 22d for Georgetown.
Schr Florence Dean, for this port, sailed from Providence 23d.
Schr May McFarland, for Washington, sailed from Bath 22d.
Schr Daniel Brown, for Georgetown, sailed from Fall River 23d.

THE BEST RAT TRAP—The simplest, cheapest and best Rat Trap ever made; costs 25c. For sale by

McLEAN & UHLER,
my10 76 King street.

PRESERVING KETTLES and SA