



PUBLISHED DAILY & TRI-WEEKLY BY EDGAR SNOWDEN.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK, OF PENN. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, WILLIAM H. ENGLISH, OF INDIANA. ELECTORS AT LARGE, John Kehoe, of Augusta. P. W. McKinney, of Prince Edward. DISTRICT ELECTORS, First District, Thomas Croxon, of Essex. Second District, L. R. Watts, of Portsmouth. Third District, Hill Carter, of Hanover. Fourth District, J. F. Coleman, of Cumberland. Fifth District, James S. Ridd, of Henry. Sixth District, Samuel Griffin, of Bedford. Seventh District, F. M. McMullan, of Greene. Eighth District, J. Y. Menifee, of Rappahannock. Ninth District, K. R. Henry, of Tidewater.

FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 27.

The democratic congressional convention that met in this city on Wednesday last adjourned this afternoon. The session was unexpectedly prolonged, but its result shows that the time would have been well spent if it had been a week longer. The convention, after a three days' squabble, by a fortuitous accident, nominated the strongest possible man in the district, unquestionably, and the one who, above all others, by a remarkable coincidence of circumstances, is the better qualified to make the district its most efficient representative. John S. Barbour has inherited merit, but, in addition to, and infinitely greater than that, he possesses an individual and intrinsic worth that makes him of maximum value to the district, and that will ensure his election. All the gentlemen who were named before him are estimable and could doubtless have made able and efficient representatives, and their action, particularly that of Mr. S. C. Neale, in subordinating their own aspirations to the interests of the district, is deserving of the highest praise.

Captain Foster made a manly and able speech in the convention to day.

It was Mr. H. N. Rector, of Loudoun, who first suggested, on yesterday, to the convention the name of Mr. Barbour.

Mr. Neale's speech in the convention to day was but another evidence of the fitness of the man for the position to which he aspired.

If the speech of Major Holmes Conrad, delivered in the convention to day, be a sample of his eloquence, the district would have had one of the most gifted of its sons as a representative.

Dr. Lewis, president of the democratic congressional convention in session in this city, in taking leave of that body last night, took the correct view of the case when he said that the State debt was as nothing to a national indebtedness of a national President, and had nothing to do with the election of such a President, and that though he was as good a real-estate agent as could be found and would prove his words by his deeds when the debt question came up at its proper time when members of the Legislature are to be elected, that did not prevent him from being a democrat, and that being a democrat he could do nothing else but sustain the regular democratic ticket.

No person is permitted to vote in Pennsylvania who does not pay a State or county tax, and yet such a restriction upon the privilege of suffrage is not considered an infringement of the Constitution. It is only the expiration tax, appropriated to the support of the public schools in Virginia, that is an infraction of the Constitution, according to the radicals and to the Mahoning organ in this State. Connecticut can impose a property, and Massachusetts an educational, qualification upon suffrage, and Pennsylvania the restriction to which we refer, and yet, neither in so doing acts contrary to either the letter or spirit of the Constitution, but a capitation tax of one dollar as a prerequisite to voting in Virginia, according to the authorities we have mentioned, is open defiance of the provisions of that instrument, and should be abolished immediately if not sooner.

Mr. Weaver, the greenback candidate for President, left Washington yesterday for Maine. As his hopes of election have materially lessened since his nomination in consequence of a large portion of his party going over to Hancock, he has been angered against that party and, it is supposed by those who know him best, that when he reaches Maine, he, like the organ of his party in Washington, will do what he can to prevent the greenbackers from fusing with the democrats there. But Mr. Weaver is too late. He tarried too long in Alabama trying to induce the negroes of that State to believe that the Government ought to start its printing presses to work making paper money with which to pay off the national debt in a week and in which they should be paid their wages. He might have prevented the fusion if he had started for Maine a little sooner, but all the arrangements have been made now, and as the greenbackers have been allowed a large majority of the candidates and are not the sort of men to relinquish even a chance of an office. Mr. Weaver's mission will be in vain.

The democratic demonstration in Washington last night was, as expected, the grandest affair of the kind that had ever taken place there before. It added lustre upon the city and gave it additional importance, for only a large and prosperous city could have gotten up such a procession and made so handsome and magnificent a display. But still the republican organ of that city is not satisfied, for in the procession was a body of democrats from the adjoining

county in Virginia, who being provided with no other mode of conveyance than to and their horses went to Washington on horseback, and the facts that they came from Virginia and were mounted were sufficient, in the eyes of the Republicans, to make them rebels, and not only that, but that malignant class of rebels known as Black Horse Cavalry, though their horses were of every imaginable color, and some so ancient that they bore the brands so familiar during the war. Then, too, the status of Lincoln was decorated, and that also was a great cause of complaint. Indeed it seems that nothing but the bloody shirt will please the rabble, and as the democrats will not give them that they must remain dissatisfied.

The presidential jockeying party started for the West last night. The speech Mr. Hayes is to deliver upon his arrival at San Francisco has been printed, and he takes copies along with him to distribute. General Sherman will not start until Monday, and will join the party in Ohio. General Devens will leave for Louisiana next week, by which time, it is expected, Messrs. Keays and Thompson will have returned, when they and Mr. Maynard will be the only members of the cabinet in Washington. Mr. Hayes and all the rest being off on a Garfield electioneering tour at the expense of the Government. Hurray for Mr. Hayes' civil service reform circular! Viva la bagatelle!

It is now said that the order for relieving General Schofield of the command at West Point for the part he took in the Whittaker case had actually been determined upon, when it was suggested that its issuance might possibly drive some voters away from the republican party, and that, therefore, it is withheld until after the election. "Can such things be," &c.?

All the correspondents between Generals Sherman and Hancock, pending the decision of the question of Mr. Hayes' election, has now been published. General Sherman's letters only show that General Hancock's was so wise, discreet and patriotic that he (Sherman) could not help approving them.

Mr. Neale was not successful in obtaining the nomination for Congress but has lost none of his prestige and has suffered none in the estimation of the people, not alone of this city, but of the whole district. His fellow citizens hope yet to be able to testify their appreciation of their favorite young statesman.

The speech of Mr. Linden Kent, et al., at the convention last night, is conceded on all hands to have been the most eloquent and effective delivered that far in the convention, and Mr. K. has been warmly congratulated upon his impromptu effort by both "friend and foe."

One of the best conceived, best delivered, and most humorous speeches ever heard in this city was made by Colonel Gibson in the convention this evening in expressing "his regrets" at his failure to receive the nomination for Congress.

At a conference this morning it was agreed by Mr. Neale and his friends that if Mr. John S. Barbour would be accepted by the anti-Neale delegates, he (Mr. N.) would retire from the congressional contest.

Judge Charles E. Stuart made a ringing speech in the Congressional convention to day in behalf of the claims of S. C. Neale. The Judge has made a very just and high reputation as a speaker and a sound reasoner.

Democratic Cong'l Convention.

CONTINUATION OF YESTERDAY EVENING'S PROCEEDINGS. After the 33rd ballot, Mr. McCormick, in a very earnest speech, withdrew Major Conrad's name and renominated Captain J. W. Foster, of Loudoun.

After the 33rd ballot, Mr. Moses Green nominated C. E. Stuart, of Alexandria.

Judge Stuart said he had no desire to play the role of Garfield at Chicago. He came here to vote for Neale first, last, and all the time, and he would never lose his right arm that except a nomination even if tendered him, which he had no idea was to be by the convention.

Mr. Turner withdrew from the contest, and nominated Judge Charles E. Stuart. This nomination was received with the wildest enthusiasm. Delegates stood upon their chairs and waived their hats, and others joined their yells with the yells of the audience.

Quiet being restored Judge Stuart said that he was for Neale first, last, and all the time, but if Mr. Neale could not be nominated, and if the convention desired to confer the honor upon an Alexandrian he did not object to being that Alexandrian.

59th ballot: Neale, 8,630; Stuart, 8,065. When Alexandria announced her 1618 votes for Neale there was prolonged cheering.

60th ballot: Neale, 9,231; Stuart, 7,470. At half past 12 o'clock another motion to adjourn till this morning was lost, and a motion to adjourn sine die prevailed the same fate.

Judge Stuart then said that thinking that the voting should come to an end he allowed his name to be used, but possibly he did what was not right, and now he desired to withdraw it. He was a Neale man and he wished it to be distinctly understood that he did not intend to antagonize that gentleman in any way.

Major Scott said he did not intend to allow Judge Stuart to withdraw, for the reason that he and his friends did not propose to accede to the demand of the Neale delegation. Do they expect to shame us into submission? If they (the opposition) had not Mr. Neale to back they were fighting for principle, and they did not intend to yield. They would, if necessary, stay there until after the election, and allow the eighth congressional district to go with out a democratic nominee for Congress.

A most exciting contest for Congress. A candid great excitement, discussion, and a vote by counties, being decided in his favor, he made an eloquent appeal for Mr. Neale.

Mr. Kent moved to adjourn for the purpose of giving Mr. Neale's friends time to confer with their gentlemen.

The convention refused to adjourn, but at the instance of Judge Lovell recessed for half an hour.

Upon reassembling Major Scott said there must be a resolution of the difficulty in a calm promise, and he wished the fact to be thoroughly understood. He insisted upon Judge Stuart's candidacy.

Mr. Kent said he was there for the purpose of seconding the nomination of S. C. Neale. He did not speak for Neale, but for Neale's friends, who had even refused to see their favorite standard bearer. He begged them not to hold Mr. Neale responsible for his action. For the Neale delegates, with an almost unknown fidelity, upon being invited to a conference with that gentleman said Mr. Neale has nothing to

do with the question, he is (our choice and we intend to stand by him. Mr. Kent made a most eloquent and feeling appeal to the opposition in behalf of Mr. Neale. At the conclusion of Mr. Kent's speech a warm discussion ensued participated in by Scott, of Fauquier, Bassell, of Loudoun, and Williams, of Winchester.

61st ballot: Neale, 9,359; Stuart, 7,350. James B. Shelton, of Warrenton, was put in nomination. The nomination was seconded by a member with the remark that it was evident that no man could be selected but a Fauquier man.

Mr. Shelton attempted to speak but was forested down by Col. Smith who said: Mr. Chairman, this man is not a delegate and he shall not represent Fauquier on the floor of this convention. [Confusion and yelling, many of the delegates insisting that Shelton should be allowed to speak as he was a nominee before the convention.]

62nd ballot: Neale, 9,258; Stuart, 7,451. Col. Gibson was again nominated.

63rd ballot: Neale, 7,491; Gibson, 9,183; Stuart, 126. Judge Stuart was dropped and the 64th ballot resulted: Neale, 7,504; Gibson, 9,080; Kent, 126.

Mr. Kent was dropped. H. L. D. Lewis, moved to adjourn sine die, which provoked an animated discussion, and great confusion prevailed.

The motion was withdrawn and Col. Richard Henry Lee, of Clarke, was nominated.

65th ballot: Neale, 7,329; Gibson, 5,571; Lee, 3,800. The motion to adjourn sine die was renewed.

McCormick, of Clarke, and Scott, of Fauquier, protested against its adoption and it was again withdrawn.

66th ballot: Neale, 7,504; Gibson, 9,080; Lee, 126. 67th ballot: Neale, 7,504; Gibson, 9,080; Lee, 126.

Col. Smith nominated Gen. W. H. E. Lee, of Fairfax, and the 68th ballot stood: Neale, 7,225; W. H. E. Lee, 5,758; Gibson, 3,099. Col. Gibson dropped.

69th ballot: Neale, 8,461; W. H. E. Lee, 8,229. The convention here took a recess for fifteen minutes.

Upon reassembling at 2 o'clock, E. M. Lowe moved to adjourn till 10 o'clock a. m., and stated that he was sure that when they came together again they could make a nomination.

The motion was resisted by Major Scott and others, and the convention again recessed at 4 o'clock until 10 o'clock, and the tired members and audience, including a number of ladies, left the hall just as the first beams of day began to light up the eastern horizon.

At 10:15, Vice President Downham resumed the chair and the 70th ballot resulted as follows: Neale, 9,175; W. H. E. Lee, 7,531.

After this ballot Mr. George Mason, of Fairfax, inquired by what authority General Lee's name was before the audience; he was a neighbor and intimate friend of the gentleman, and had been told by him a few days since that he would not allow his name to be used before the convention.

Major Scott said that Gen. Lee had been nominated by Major Smith, who was not in the house; he had done so on his own authority, but as General Lee objected he would take the liberty of withdrawing him.

Mr. S. S. Turner then nominated Gen. James L. Kemper, of Madison, but immediately withdrew his name.

Balloting was then resumed. 71st ballot: Neale, 7,025; Gibson, 9,683. 72nd ballot: Neale, 7,575; Gibson, 9,127.

After the 72nd ballot, Colonel Gibson was withdrawn and Mr. Conrad substituted.

Mr. Wm. R. Alexander, of Winchester, made an earnest speech in his support in seconding the nomination. He called upon Alexandria, Fairfax, Fauquier and other counties to remember the aid given General Huston in repelling the attacks of Columbus Alexander, of whom he spoke in severe terms, and other services of this part of this district.

Mr. Joseph Hopkins, of Alexandria, replied in a brief, but fervid speech, which drew forth much applause. He gave the reasons of the Alexandria delegates for their adherence to Mr. Neale and their grounds for believing him to be the strongest candidate.

Mr. Williams, of Winchester, replied very briefly. Balloting was again resumed.

73rd ballot: Neale, 7,871; Conrad, 8,831. 74th ballot: Neale, 7,997; Conrad, 8,765. 75th ballot: Neale, 7,556; Conrad, 9,146. 76th ballot: Neale, 7,657; Conrad, 9,045. 77th ballot: Neale, 7,556; Conrad, 9,146. 78th ballot: Neale, 7,630; Conrad, 9,080. 79th ballot: Neale, 7,630; Conrad, 9,080. 80th ballot: Neale, 7,832; Conrad, 8,878. 81st ballot: Neale, 8,274; Conrad, 8,457. 82nd ballot: Neale, 8,798; Conrad, 7,912. 83rd ballot: Neale, 8,298; Conrad, 7,914. 84th ballot: Neale, 8,298; Conrad, 8,404. 85th ballot: Neale, 8,504; Conrad, 8,298. 86th ballot: Neale, 8,298; Conrad, 8,404. 87th, 88th and 89th ballots showed no change. 90th ballot: Neale, 8,348; Conrad, 8,354.

After the 90th ballot, Judge Ches. E. Stuart said that Alexandria had just celebrated her centennial, and in all her history she had never had a representative. Mr. McKenzie was nominated solely because he was one of the few men who could be chosen under the circumstances. He reminded the Valley of the support of Alexandria for Hilditch, and other parts of the district of other support and strongly urged the claims of Mr. Neale.

91st ballot: Neale, 8,318; Conrad, 8,351. Successive recesses were taken until 3:30 p. m. to permit conferences with a view to harmony.

Just before the reassembling Mr. S. C. Neale appeared in the hall and received with the wildest applause; as he went up on the stage after other brag through the hall, the delegations supporting him rising to their feet and waving their hats, handkerchiefs, &c., until he disappeared into a retiring room.

When the meeting was called to order Mr. Linden Kent rose and in an appropriate speech withdrew Mr. Neale's name, and Mr. Rector, of Loudoun, made a responsive speech. Mr. G. D. Gray and Dr. Bradford withdrew Colonel Gibson's name; Captain Head of that Captain Foster, and Major Smith that of Major Conrad—all in short but affecting speeches.

Mr. Kent then again rose, and nominated Mr. John S. Barbour, a gentleman irreproachable in character, rich in experience, and everywhere respected; one who would be cordially accepted by all.

Judge Stuart endorsed and seconded the nomination. Mr. Barbour was a man of irreproachable character and business capacity, it was well known that his election cannot be doubted.

Mr. H. N. Rector and Gen. Payne, seconded the nomination in terms well timed and appropriate remarks, which were loudly applauded. The vote was then taken as follows:

Table listing votes for candidates: Barbour, Alexandria city, 1,918; Alexandria county, 1,239; Fauquier, 872; Loudoun, 1,323; Frederick, 1,619; Fairfax, 1,032; Loudoun, 2,276; Loudoun, 2,276; Madison, 2,573; Loudoun, 1,038; Orange, 1,113; Rappahannock, 911; Shenandoah, 931; Winchester, 558.

appointed to correspond with Col. John S. Barbour and inform him of his nomination by the convention.

The following committee was appointed by the chair: H. N. Rector, of Loudoun, Linden Kent, of Alexandria; J. M. McCormick, of Clarke; R. T. Scott, of Fauquier; J. J. Williams, of Winchester; Major J. R. Richards, of Warren; John J. Gray, of Frederick; H. W. Febyer, of Alexandria county; G. D. Gray, of Fauquier; Judge W. R. Taliferro, of Orange; D. M. Pattie, jr., of Madison; Judge R. H. Cockerill, of Fairfax, and Dr. Biedler, of Rappahannock.

The thanks of the convention were extended to the chairman, E. E. Downham, the secretary, J. E. Smith, and the assistant secretaries, J. E. Smith, of Clarke, and J. T. Bookham, of Loudoun.

Col. J. C. Gibson, of Calpeper; Captain J. W. Rector, of Loudoun; Major Holmes Conrad, of Winchester, and C. Chapman Neale, of Alexandria, who were then introduced, were received with loud and prolonged cheering.

They all made happy and appropriate speeches, complimenting the members of the convention upon the selection they had made, and urging unity in the party, which they said was necessary for the success of the candidate they had nominated.

The convention then adjourned sine die with three cheers for Hancock and English, and Col. John S. Barbour.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Business during the week has been fairly active, but there are evidences of an improvement. The money market is without change. In Baltimore the supply of money is very full, and the rates are easy to borrowers in good credit or on first class securities. Loans are quoted at 4 1/2 per cent and discounts at 4 1/4. The offerings of commercial paper are very small. Money was easy in the New York market yesterday, closing at 2 1/2 per cent on call. The rates for loans in the Philadelphia market are 2 1/2 per cent on government and 4 1/4 on other accepted collateral. Government bonds are quiet but firm. At the final call in New York yesterday 4 1/2 and 4 per cents were 1 higher.

The latter sold at 110 for registered and regular coupon and closed 111 1/4 for small coupon bonds. The 4 1/2 are quoted at 111 1/4. Virginia's credits were weak yesterday. Consols opened at 98 1/2, and sold down to 98 1/4, closing after sales amounting to \$31,000, at 98 1/4.

The 10-100 opened at 42 and declined to 41 1/2, the sales amounting to \$53,700, closing 41 1/2. The sales amounted to \$53,700, closing 41 1/2.

Wholesale prices of produce, &c. Flour, fine, 3 3/4; superfine, 4 00; extra, 4 25; family, 4 50; fancy brands, 5 00; wheat, common fair, 1 10; good to prime, 1 10; choice, 1 05; 1 03; corn, white, 0 67; mixed, 0 65; yellow, 0 65; No. 1, 0 65; No. 2, 0 65; No. 3, 0 65; No. 4, 0 65; No. 5, 0 65; No. 6, 0 65; No. 7, 0 65; No. 8, 0 65; No. 9, 0 65; No. 10, 0 65; No. 11, 0 65; No. 12, 0 65; No. 13, 0 65; No. 14, 0 65; No. 15, 0 65; No. 16, 0 65; No. 17, 0 65; No. 18, 0 65; No. 19, 0 65; No. 20, 0 65; No. 21, 0 65; No. 22, 0 65; No. 23, 0 65; No. 24, 0 65; No. 25, 0 65; No. 26, 0 65; No. 27, 0 65; No. 28, 0 65; No. 29, 0 65; No. 30, 0 65; No. 31, 0 65; No. 32, 0 65; No. 33, 0 65; No. 34, 0 65; No. 35, 0 65; No. 36, 0 65; No. 37, 0 65; No. 38, 0 65; No. 39, 0 65; No. 40, 0 65; No. 41, 0 65; No. 42, 0 65; No. 43, 0 65; No. 44, 0 65; No. 45, 0 65; No. 46, 0 65; No. 47, 0 65; No. 48, 0 65; No. 49, 0 65; No. 50, 0 65; No. 51, 0 65; No. 52, 0 65; No. 53, 0 65; No. 54, 0 65; No. 55, 0 65; No. 56, 0 65; No. 57, 0 65; No. 58, 0 65; No. 59, 0 65; No. 60, 0 65; No. 61, 0 65; No. 62, 0 65; No. 63, 0 65; No. 64, 0 65; No. 65, 0 65; No. 66, 0 65; No. 67, 0 65; No. 68, 0 65; No. 69, 0 65; No. 70, 0 65; No. 71, 0 65; No. 72, 0 65; No. 73, 0 65; No. 74, 0 65; No. 75, 0 65; No. 76, 0 65; No. 77, 0 65; No. 78, 0 65; No. 79, 0 65; No. 80, 0 65; No. 81, 0 65; No. 82, 0 65; No. 83, 0 65; No. 84, 0 65; No. 85, 0 65; No. 86, 0 65; No. 87, 0 65; No. 88, 0 65; No. 89, 0 65; No. 90, 0 65; No. 91, 0 65; No. 92, 0 65; No. 93, 0 65; No. 94, 0 65; No. 95, 0 65; No. 96, 0 65; No. 97, 0 65; No. 98, 0 65; No. 99, 0 65; No. 100, 0 65.

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