ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

Alexandria Gazette — Sic Semper Tyrannis — And Virginia Advertiser

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 17, 1882.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR, who obtained his office by means of the bullet of a madman he hadn't moral courage to reprieve long enough to allow a commission of scientists to examine and report upon his case, in the execution of the terms of the bargain he has made with General Mahone, by which the latter has promised to secure him the vote of Virginia in the next national republican convention, has commanded the republicans of this State to vote for Captain Wise for Congressman-at-large; for the man who a little more than a year ago said:

"The white Republican in Virginia does not want any accession to the ranks of his party. Triumph is the last thought of his mind. The place is his whole object, martyrdom soothed by reward, is the whole philosophy of his politics. The moment his party becomes large enough to win a victory, his chances of reward will be diminished and he will loose all interest in the matter. He does not wish the Republican party to conciliate, to recruit or augment its following. His is a close corporation, with just enough offices to supply its members. Compared with that pleasant arrangement, which is preserved by the past policy of sectional bitterness, National fraternity, National prosperity, aye, the triumph of the National Republican party is nothing whatever to him."

Will they obey the command? If they do they will prove to the world that they are no better than Capt. Wise says they are.

THE ANTI-stalwart, anti-administration and anti-Mahone wing of the republican party is becoming more and more outspoken in its condemnation of the questionable means the President is taking to secure his own re-election. The *American* of Philadelphia, for instance, an exponent of the wing referred to in comparing the Garfield with the Arthur administration, asks when did the late President "give the patronage of a great State into the hands of a political boss, in order to enable him to carry his personal purpose into effect, without regard to the wishes of the people? The present corrupt administration is bent upon retaining possession of the government either by fair or foul means, and with one hundred and fifty thousand office holders and the treasury of the country to help it, the only way to prevent such an evil is for all the elements of opposition to combine against it.

"Last night, about midnight, we heard a very noisy row ... the troops getting ready to resist an expected attack. The English sailors and marines were forming on the square by the flickering light of the burning houses. The English sent word to the representatives of other nationalities, but all refused help except the Americans. The Russians, Greeks, and Germans went aboard their vessels, but the Americans formed up and said they would stop with the English. Then all went out."

So reads a dispatch from Alexandria. If anybody at all familiar with American institutions and with the spirit of this Government, inspired by Washington's Farewell Address, can read a dispatch stating that American marines are assisting English soldiers in keeping Egyptians out of Alexandria without having his special wonder excited he is no longer susceptible to the emotion of astonishment.

THE ARTHUR wing of the republican party, to whose support Gen. Mahone has promised to bring Virginia, doesn't seem to be particularly attractive to the men who were induced to vote for the General on the debt question, and who really believed him when he said he was a good and true democrat. The *Tribune* of Pittsylvania county says: "It is very gratifying to learn that so many of our readjuster friends in different portions of this county, have expressed themselves done with the Mahone party, and given assurances that they are ready and will again co-operate with ther old friends in the Democratic fold."

IT WILL puzzle any reasonable man to tell why, when there are no mosquitoes and the nights are cool, people should prefer the inconveniences and discomforts of public resorts, where everything they eat has become stale by long transportation from the very cities they leave, to the conveniences and comforts of home and the luxury of the market stocked with fresh provisions. But as may have been remarked once before, there is nothing too inconsistent for the human mind.

NOW THAT Mrs. Lincoln is dead there remains but three presidential widows. Mrs. Tyler, Mrs. Polk, and Mrs. Garfield, and they are all in receipt of large pensions.

Wyatt Wallis, a decrepid pauper, in the Pittsylvania poorhouse, in Virginia, lost his wife, who lived with him, about three weeks ago. He is seventy-five years old, and since losing his wife has become attached to Mrs. Campbell, a widow of seventy, in the same institution. On the first of August the funeral sermon of the dead woman will be preached and the mourning widower will be married to his new flame.

In Lynchburg, on Saturday, Willie Gorman, of Liberty, was showing some little boys how Guiteau was hung, and used a rope and dry goods box, tying the rope to a tree-limb and slipping the noose over his head. The box turned from under him and he was rescued by a colored man in an unconscious condition.

On Saturday last the straightout republicans held a meeting in Portsmouth and various parts of Norfolk county and elected delegates to the congressional convention to be held in Portsmouth next Thursday.

Colonel Thomas H. Tutwiler died at Louisa C. H., Va., on Saturday night from the injuries received by his horse running away with him on Tuesday morning. He never regained consciousness.

FROM WASHINGTON

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 17.—A gentleman from Albemarle county, Virginia, Mr. Massey's county, here to-day, says that a prominent readjuster there told him that Massey had developed a d—d sight more strength than he thought he possessed, and that in the northern part of that county, the readjuster stronghold, he did not know a single readjuster who would not vote for him. The gentleman also says that every democrat in the county will vote for Mr. Massey without hesitation, and that between Mr. Massey and Captain Wise nearly all the white republicans will vote for the former, as, though he, like his opponent, up to the time the debt issue was raised, was a democrat, unlike him, he was never ultra nor proscriptive, and always was willing to concede that the republicans were as conscientious in their political convictions as he was in his.

In the House to-day Mr. Robinson introduced resolutions inquiring how it is that American marines are doing duty in Alexandria, Egypt, under the orders of a British Admiral; if anything had been done in the matter of the recall of Minister Lowell from England, and calling for the correspondence in the case of the American suspects in British prisons.

The latest in regard to Guiteau's body is that Rev. Mr. Hicks says that while it is at the Medical Museum in a barrel of pickle, as it is not there legally he is justified in saying it is not there at all. The will of Guiteau has not yet been probated. Then, as the witnesses to it say Guiteau was insane, it is no will at all, as an insane man is incompetent to make a will, so that Mr. Hicks, to whom the body was left by the will, really has no control of it.

Mr. John Ambler Smith has sold his house on H street near 13th to a gentleman of Alexandria, and will, it is said, shortly remove to Richmond and then locate, in the hope that John Wise may, by chance, be elected to Congress, and consequently have to resign his office of District Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, to which position Mr. Smith would then lay claim through the influence of the Lewises, who, having been badly treated by Mahone might thus be appeased.

The time for the expiration of the star route trial will be out next Thursday, and Judge Wiley says if the Government cannot establish a case by that time he will dismiss the whole affair. Bliss has written to the Attorney General for instructions.

It is pretty well understood that the republicans will allow the internal revenue bill to drop. If this be so the session can adjourn by the 1st of August.

The House to-day passed the bill giving a charter to the B. & O. R. R. for a trans-Atlantic cable telegraph.

It is now said to-day for a fact that Mr. Robeson really expected that what he said to Mr. Whitthorne would provoke him not only to angry words, but even to a blow, and that in that event he would have killed him, and had a pistol in his pocket for that purpose. The murder of a "rebel" with a plea of self-defence it is supposed would have been a means of political preferment.

The conference committee on the sundry civil bill was in session all day yesterday and will meet again to-night. They are doing all they can to make an adjournment possible by the first of next month.

In the House on Saturday favorable reports were made on the bills to improve the road to the soldiers' cemetery at Danville, Va., and to complete the monument to Mary, the mother of Washington, at Fredericksburg.

On Saturday last at Sandy Spring, Md., a ... were celebrated in one family. The marriage was that of Mr. John Bently to a daughter of Mr. Henry Hallowell, formerly of Alexandria, and the silver weddings those of the father of the bride and of Mr. Henry Reese, whose wives are daughters of the late Robert Miller, also of Alexandria.

Intelligence was received here this morning of the death of the daughter of Senator Edmunds. The Senator had been in constant attendance upon her for a long time and had been traveling with her for the benefit of her health.

W. A. Gordon at Indiantown, Orange co., and W. A. Lathrop at Pocahontas, Tazwell co. Va., were commissioned as postmasters to-day.

From Alexandria.

The city of Alexandria is still patrolled by an international police force made up of British blue jackets and marines from the neutral ships of war in the harbor.

During Saturday night there was a report that Arabi Pacha was marching upon Alexandria. Although Admiral Seymour gave little credence to the report, still he took every precaution, and mines were sunk in front of the gates, the work being done in an ostentious way, in order to ensure the fact reaching Arabi's ears. All the available marines and sailors were sent to the front, in the expectation that Arabi would attempt to enter the city. It is stated that Arabi is awaiting reinforcements from Cairo.

The Khedive has dismissed Araba Pacha from the ministry of war.

Yesterday evening reports were received that Arabi had secured reinforcements from Cairo, and was advancing, intending to attack the city. Reconnoissance was made, and the reports were confirmed. Late at night all the posts on the fortifications were strongly reinforced, two fugitives Europeans having come in with a report authenticating the native rumor as to Arabi's intention to make an attack. Every precaution was therefore taken.

The rapacity of the mob which sacked the city after the evacuation was not exaggerated by the first accounts, and the burning seems to have been deliberately planned. Five of the incendiaries were shot yesterday, and ten Arabs, guilty of robbery, outrage and other crimes, were flogged by the English sailors.

Arabi's force consists of four regiments of infantry, 1,500 irregular troops and one regiment of cavalry, with 800 horses, 30 Krupp guns and 12 mitrailleuses.

It is stated that before leaving Alexandria Arabi appropriated $25,000 from the Custom House.

The commander of the Iris has sent a peremtory message ordering the Egyptian men-of-war not to leave Suez until he has received instructions. It is stated that this order has been issued because the Egyptian commander intended to take his vessel through the canal. Captains are no longer cautioned before entering the canal but all vessels are thoroughly searched before proceeding.

The fire in Alexandria continues, and the aspect of the town is indescribable. It reminds the spectator of Pompeii. Whole families of Europeans have disappeared. It is believed they were thrown into the flames.

Within the 24 hours ended last night 150 deaths occurred in New York city, 86 being of children from cholera infantum. Five children died yesterday from the effects of the heat.

The Sunday school convention of the M. E. Church, South, which has been in session in Harrisonburg, Va., several days, adjourned finally Saturday.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

From Egypt.

LONDON, July 17.—The *Times'* Paris correspondent reports that a cabinet council has resolved to accept the invitation to protect the Suez canal jointly with England.

The daily *News'* dispatch from Marseilles says six French transports have been ordered to get ready to embark troops.

A dispatch from Constantinople states that the occupation of Egypt in case of Turkish intervention, is to be limited to six months instead of three months as previously reported. The objects of the occapation will probably be defined as follows: The termination of anarchy, the re-establishment of the status qao, the reorganization of the army and the development of popular liberties. It is proposed that the Khedive shall supervise the work of the occupying troops.

ALEXANDRIA, July 17—9:45 a. m.—Admiral Seymour has issued a manifesto announcing that he has undertaken with the consent of of the Egyptian government, the restoration of order. Nobody is allowed to leave the town after sunset.

LONDON, July 17.—The Alexandria correspondent of the *Times* relates that during the massacre the soldiers set fire to the house of a timber merchant. A maid servant escaped to the garden, where she remained surrounded by fire, the soldiers laughing at her agony, and firing at her, but purposely avoiding the infliction of fatal injury, prefering to see her burn to death. Finally she rushed through the flames, and though wounded by bayonet thrusts, he succeeded in securing refuge in the ruins, where she was discovered by the marines and handed over to the Americans.

During the alarm on Sunday night 150 Bedouins at the Gabarrigate fled before the attack of a midshipman and twelve sailors.

A dispatch to the *Times* from Constantinople says one of the embassies has received a telegram announcing that order continues at Cairo.

LONDON, July 17.—A dispatch from Alexandria to the *Standard* states that Gen. Stone rode on Sunday afternoon 6 miles in the direction of Arabi Pacha's camp but saw nothing of his army. The correspondent adds: "The Khedive has received news that a large number of Bedouins have collected three miles from the railway gate which is opposite the weak point in our defences."

The Europeans now at Port Said are imperfectly armed with revolvers and sporting guns. They fear that they will be attacked by a large force of Bedouins who it is stated are assembling in the desert. There are also 1,500 Arabs at Fort Guelmi, six miles hence, who are throwing up earthworks.

ALEXANDRIA, July 17—12:5 p. m.—Several fresh fires occurred last night. The troops from the troop ship Tamar are disembarking and will raise the total British force ashore to 6,000 men. Troops from Simla and Cyprus have been ordered here.

Dervisch Pacha states that he has sent fifteen telegrams to Constantinople for troops which are all unanswered.

The Egyptian *Gazette* was published to-day, a native newspaper, started, under the control of the British authorities.

The party of sailors and members of the Khedive's body guard previously referred to penetrated to within 300 yards of Arabi Pacha's lines. They found all quiet.

The reports concerning the proximity of large bodies of Bedouins are untrue.

The War in Egypt Viewed in the Light of Prophecy.

NEW YORK, July 17.—The Rev. Dr. F. S. De Haas, who was for two years the American Consul at Jerusalem and is an Oriental traveller of considerable experience, preached a sermon last night in the Central Methodist Episcopal Church of Williamsburg, of which he is pastor, on "Egypt in the Light of Prophecy," taking as his text the words:—"And I will set the Egyptians against the Egyptians. * * * And the Egyptians will I give over into the hand of a cruel lord, and a fierce king shall rule over them." One would almost suppose, the preacher said, that these words had been written within the last year, if not within the last week. The burning of Alexandria had created a fresh interest in the many prophecies concerning Egypt, and it was likely to set all Europe aflame before the final issue. The history of Egypt covered the history of the world; bloody conflicts had been fought on Egyptian soil from the earliest days till the valley of the Nile was now a vast cemetery, containing buried cities and races. The preacher briefly reviewed the history of Egypt. For twenty-four centuries no native had filled the throne, thus fulfilling the prophecy: "The sceptre of Egypt shall depart. She shall be the basest of the kingdoms, and there shall be no more a prince of the land of Egypt." The descent of the Arabs from Ishmael was referred to as an evidence of the fulfilment of the prophecy that Ishmael would be a wild man, his hand against every man and every man's hand against him. The Arabs were the same savages that they were over three thousand years ago. Five millions of the basest, poorest, most cowardly, most treacherous and most cruel of the Arabian race were settled in Egypt. They were mostly of the Fellaheen or Agricultural class. They ploughed, sowed and reaped as their ancestors did 2,000 years ago They adored Mohammed, who himself was an Arab camel driver, and regarded the Shereef of Mecca with superstitious reverence, placing him far above the Sultan or the Khedive. This was the religious element in the Egyptian question. The Egyptian Arabs under Arabi Bey were religious fanatics and fatalists. If they succeeded in provoking a holy war it would yet spread over Europe, Asia and Africa. It was just such desperate men, fired by fanaticism who had once placed the Crescent at the very gates of Vienna, and on the walls of Granada in Spain. The green flag of the prophet was the same symbol of faith that was used by the Mohammedans during their wars against the crusaders. The only thing that could prevent a holy war was the possibility of internal dissensions between the seventy-three different factions of Mohammedans.

Dr. De Hass in closing said that Mohammed Es Senoussi, who claims to be the long prophesied Moslem Messiah who was to appear about this time, was drawing to himself vast numbers of disciples, chifly because of the fact that he was forty years old, and that one of his arms was longer than the other, thus answering the discription of the long promised Moslem Messiah. It was believed by many that he and his hosts would join Arabi Bey. If this belief was true, and if Arabi Bey was also in league with the Shereef of Mecca, he would have 20,000,000 of fierce, determined men at his back, and the battle of Gog and Magog might soon be fought on the banks of the Nile. If the war should be made a holy war against Europe the result would be the Christian occupancy of the Ottoman Empire and the Cross would again be planted on the Church of St. Sophia.

To-day's Congressional Proceedings.

SENATE.

After the presentation and reference of a number of bills and petitions, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the calendar and a number of pension bills were passed.

HOUSE.

A resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for the instruction under which Commodore Nicholson threatened to open fire on the city of Alexandria under certain contingencies, and to inform the government whether American sailors and officers are performing police duty in Alexandria under the British Admiral, and, if so, by what authority, was referred.

A resolution was adopted calling for information as to the Panama ship canal and whether it is not advisable at this time to reassert the intention of the United States Government to allow no intervention of European governments in public affairs on this continent.

Also whether any correspondence has taken place with James Russell Lowell (nominally American minister to Great Britain but really doing police duty or detective work under Lord Granville) relative to his resignation or recall.

A personal controversy occurred between Mr. Hewitt, of New York, and Mr. Robeson, of New Jersey, which was very bitter. Mr. Robeson used the word "false" in regard to one of the latter's statements, for which he proposed to substitute the word "fallacious," and upbraided Mr. Hewitt with his connection with the Morey letter and ridiculed him for his pretensions to be a greater man than his father-in-law, Peter Cooper; and Mr. Hewitt retaliated by saying that a man who would submit to be characterized by a fellow member as a liar, perjurer and thief, was so low that anything he might say was of no consequence. The Speaker declined to order the offensive sentence to be struck from the record.

Deaths from Lockjaw.

CINCINNATI, O., July 17.—There have been six deaths from lockjaw in this city and Covington within the past three days. The victims are all boys who were wounded in the hand by toy pistols on July 4. In most cases the wounds were apparently trifling.

Letter from Culpeper County.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

CULPEPER, Va., July 15.—Notwithstanding the great "outcry" about the midget and the army worm, the wheat crop of this section is unprecedented and the oat crop conserably above the average. The corn is looking splendidly and the cattle and sheep are commanding prices far beyond the expectation of the farmers. Everything considered, the prospect for Old Virginia never was better, and had it not been for the baneful cry of the demagogical readjuster the credit of our old State would have been "par excellence simon pure." Democratic Massey is in the ascendency in this county and "pseudo liberalism" is at a heavy discount.

The town of Culpeper never looked more attractive and the authorities have done much within the past few months to attract the eye of the stranger and add comfort to the citizens in the way of paving the walks and planting shade and ornamental trees along the principal streets.

The approaching Monday being regular court day, we look for a heavy business by the merchants. Principal and conspicuous for urbanity and responsibility is the house of Messrs. Fray & Co., of whom Major ... pals, and more perfect gentlemen cannot be found south of Mason and Dixon's line.

BOURBON.

The Revolution in Equador.

PANAMA, July 8.—The revolution in Equador continues to progress. Alfaro, the revolutionary leader has declared that he will shoot all the officers he may capture who fight for Veintemilla, the actual president.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—Virginia 6s deferred —; do consolidated 57¾; do second series 35; past due coupons 60⅛; new 10.40s 43 bid to-day. Cotton steady; middlings 12⅞. Flour lower for best grades; other grades steady; Howard street and Western super $3 25a4 00; do extra $4 25a 5 25; do family $5 75a6 75; City Mills super $3 25a4 00; do extra $5 75a7 30; do Rio brands $6 75; Baltimore high grade family $7 50; do winter wheat, patent $8 00. Wheat—Southern lower and active; Western lower and active; Southern red 118a122; do amber 123a125; No 2 Western winter red spot 122a122¼; July 120⅞a121¼; Aug 117¾a118; Sept 117⅞a 118; Oct 118⅜ bid. Corn—Southern steady; Western easier; Southern white 110; do yellow 92; Western mixed spot and July 84 asked; Aug 84a84¼; Sept 85½a86. Oats irregular and lower; Southern 72a78; Western white 75a78; do mixed 72a75; Penna 72a78. Rye dull at 80. Hay lower and firm; prime to choice Penna and Md $15a16 50. Coffee steady; Rio cargoes ordinary to fair 8¼a9½. Sugar quiet and steady; A soft 9½. Whiskey steady at $1 15a1 16.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Stocks active and firm. Money 3. Cotton dull; uplands 12 13-16; Orleans 13 1-16. Flour dull and declining Wheat heavy and 1½a2¾c lower. Corn dull and ¾a2c lower.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, July 17.—Cattle—market inactive; sales 3900; prime 8¼a8¾; good 7¼a8c; medium 6¼a7; common 5a6c; fat Cows 4¼a5½. Sheep—market active; sales 10,000; prime 5½a5¾; good 5a5¼; medium 4½a4¾; common 4a4¼; culls 3½a3¾. Lambs dull and 1c lower; 4½a7½. Calves dull and lower at 4a8¼. Hogs active and firm; sales of 3100 at from 11½a12½.

Mrs. Lincoln, widow of the late President Lincoln, died at Springfield, Ill., last night. She has been in failing health ever since the tragic death of her husband, and at one time was supposed to have partially lost her reason. She spent a good deal of time at various European health resorts, but of late has been living with her relatives in Illinois. Mrs. Lincoln was the daughter of the Hon. Robert S. Todd, of Lexington, Ky., and was married to Mr. Lincoln in November 1842.

It is thought that President Barrios' visit to the United States is to induce this government to interfere in Guatemala's trouble with Mexico on the boundary question, the United States to be compensated by the cession of Soconusco, the territory in dispute.

A sure cure for impoverished blood, pimples, and sallow complexion, is Brown's Iron Bitters. It will produce a healthy color, smooth skin, and is absolutely not injurious.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

LOST—A CHILD'S ROMAN GOLD PIN. A suitable reward will be paid the finder if returned to No. 97 North Washington st. jy17-3t*

VIRGINIA NEWS.

There are 681 prisoners in the penitentiary and 291 hired out on railways,&c.

The N. E. Va. Medical Society will hold its regular quarterly meeting in Warrenton, next Monday.

The net recipts of Oscar Wilde's lecture in Richmond are said to have been twenty-five dollars and twenty cents.

In Buckingham County, within an area of 10 or 15 miles there are about 40 distilleries engaged in manufacturing oil from sassafras root.

Mr. R. R. Ball, of Fauquier, has been appointed Paymaster's clerk, at a handsome salary, on the Ajax, now lying at City Point.

Four lumber companies, of Abingdon, have eight steam saw mills in operation and are getting others in position. They are sawing cheifly walnut, cherry and poplar for the New York and Boston markets.

Thus far twenty-one manufacturers and dealers of guano and fertilizers have registered their names at the Bureau of Agriculture, under the new law, and 2,100 bags have been "tagged." Of this number Norfolk has five dealers; Baltimore eleven; New York, four; Alexandria, three; Richmond, one, registered.

The English company who some time since bought the Abrams farm, about a mile from the Cold Sulphur Springs, Rockbridge county, for the purpose of mining iron ore and preparing the same for market, are still building houses. The stack of their furnace is two hundred and fifteen feet high, and is quite a conspicuous object in that region of country.

The readjusters of Petersburg, are said to have raised by contribution the $800 required to pay the officers elected by the new council. The defendants in the injunction suit against E. W. Couch, readjuster city treasurer, restraining him from paying the officers elected by the readjuster council, will on the 26th instant move the dissolution of the injunction.

There is a prospect of the Franklin and Pittsylvania narrow gauge road being widened to conform to the gauge of the Midland. It is also said that Maj. Mason and the Midland Company, who together hold a lease of the Franklin iron mines near Rocky Mount, intend at no distant day to put up a furnace there The ores are fairly good, and well worth smelting there, but will not pay for transportation in the rough to Pennsylvania or other distant markets.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

VIRGINIA BONDS.—J. A. Hambleton & Co's. Baltimore financial circular of Saturday last says:

"Virginia bonds were rather neglected, the transactions in them being smaller than usual, and the tendency rather to lower prices. Consols sold from 57½ to 58 but again declined to 57¾. At about 58 there was quite a marked disposition to sell consols, but the demand being slight they were not pressed for sale. The few foreign orders received were to sell, but the bonds offered were generally limited above the market. The short interest in consols, which at one time was very large, has been pretty much covered and this element of support has been withdrawn from the market. Ten-forties are steady at about 43; several lots were taken for investment at about these figures. Peelers were rather heavy and the advance of last week was not maintained. They were quoted at 35 to 36. Peeler coupons sold at 39. At 35 for peelers and 40 for the coupons these bonds pay 7 per cent to the holders. As the market value of peeler coupons depends upon the value of the new Riddleberger bonds (in which they are fundable at 80 cents on the dollar) a decline in the bonds would cause a corresponding fall in the price of coupons. Consol coupons are steady at about 61 and 10-40 coupons at 65½. The State of Virginia had thirty days in which to take an appeal in the 10-40 coupon case, in which the mandamus was granted compelling the State to receive 10-40 coupons for taxes, &c. The time in which an appeal can be taken expires next Saturday, the 22d inst. If the State does not appeal before the 22d inst. the Treasurer will be obliged to receive the coupons, in which case both the 10-40 bonds and coupons would advance. Under any circumstances the 10-40 bonds are cheap, as the Court of Appeals, if the case is carried to it, would decide in favor of the bondholders."

Wholesale Prices of Produce, &c., in Alexandria

Flour, fine	*$4 00	@	4 25
Superfine	5 00	@	5 25
Extra	5 75	@	6 25
Family	6 25	@	6 75
Fancy brands	7 50	@	8 75
Wheat, Longberry	1 24	@	1 26
Fultz	1 22	@	1 23
Mixed	1 23	@	1 24
Common to fair	1 15	@	1 18
Corn, white	1 02	@	1 03
Mixed	1 00	@	1 01
Yellow	1 00	@	1 02
Corn Meal	1 00	@	1 05
Rye	0 70	@	0 75
Oats	0 65	@	0 70
Butter, prime	0 18	@	0 22
Common to middling	0 15	@	0 18
Eggs	0 18	@	0 19
Chickens per dozen	2 00	@	3 25
Potatoes, per bushel	1 00	@	1 20
Onions per bushel	1 20	@	1 30
White Beans	3 50	@	3 75
Mixed	2 00	@	2 50
Bacon—Hams, country	0 13	@	0 14
Best sugar cured Hams	0 16¼	@	0 16½
Butchers' Hams	0 13	@	0 14
Sides	0 15¼	@	0 15½
Shoulders	0 12	@	0 12¼
Lard	0 12	@	0 13½
Veal Calves	0 5	@	0 6
Herring, Eastern, per bbl	4 50	@	5 50
Potomac	6 50	@	7 00
Family roe	11 00	@	11 50
Do. half barrels	5 50	@	6 00
Plaster, ground, per ton	4 50	@	5 00
Ground in bags	5 75	@	6 00
Lump	3 00	@	0 00
Clover Seed	5 75	@	6 00
Timothy	3 00	@	3 10
Salt—G. A. (Liverpool)	0 90	@	0 95
Fine	1 50	@	1 55
Turk's Island	0 50	@	0 60
Wool—Long unwashed	0 26	@	0 27
Washed	0 36	@	0 37
Merino, unwashed	0 24	@	0 25
Do. Washed	0 36	@	0 37
Sumac	0 75	@	0 00
Hay	17 00	@	19 00
Cut do	22 00	@	24 00
Wheat Bran	19 00	@	20 00
Brown Middlings	25 00	@	27 00
White Middlings	27 00	@	29 00
Cotton Seed Meal	31 00	@	33 00
Cotton Seed Oil, per gal	0 65	@	0 75

Flour is dull and heavy. Wheat is lower and receipts are only fair and we note sales to-day of 3718 bushels at 115a120 for Fultz and 126 for Lancaster. Corn is scarce and wanted and white sold to-day at 103. No Rye or Oats reported. Potatoes are lower. Other articles unchanged.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JULY 17, 1882.

Sun rises..... 4 51 | Sun sets..... 7 20

ARRIVED.

Stmp Jno Gibson, New York, to F A Reed & Co.
Stmp Louisa, Philadelphia, to F A Reed & Co.
Str Sue, Baltimore, to J Broders & Co.
Str George Leary, Norfolk, to P B Hooe.
Str Lady of the Lake, Norf'k, to F A Reed & Co.
Str Mattano, lower Potomac, to John Lannon.
Str T V Arrowsmith, lower Potomac, to Potomac Ferry Co.
Schr Roxanna, Baltimore, to Wm A Smoot & Co.

SAILED.

Str Lady of the Lake, Norf'k, by F A Reed & Co.
Str Sue, Baltimore, by J Broders & Co.
Str Mattano, lower Potomac, by J Lannon.
Str T V Arrowsmith, lower Potomac, by Potomac Ferry Co.
Schr Foaming Sea, Baltimore, by G Y Worthington & Son.

ARRIVED AT WASHINGTON.

Str Louisa, Phila, Pa; schrs Wm Waterman, lumber, Norfolk, Va; Bell, lumber, Baltimore, Md; Sarah Lawrance, Fredericksburg, Va.

LADIES' NECK HANDERCHIEFS opened to-day, July 11. C. M. ADAMS, 92 King st. jy11-6t

TAYLOR & HUFTY.

TAYLOR & HUFTY

933 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Have Reduced Prices of White Suits

20 Per Cent.

ON CASH SALES ONLY.

A few more of those elegant White Dresses left. This reduction makes them by far the best bargains in town—as low as the cheaper grades sold elsewhere. Only a few left. Call early.

TAYLOR & HUFTY,

933 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,

Washington, D. C.

EXCURSIONS, PICNICS, &c.

THE ANNUAL EXCURSION OF THE Methodist Episcopal Sabbath School to Marshall Hall, (per steamer Mary Washington,) will take place on THURSDAY, July 20th, 1882. The steamer will be at her wharf, foot of Prince street, at 9.15 a. m., leaving promptly at 10 o'clock and will remain at Marshall Hall all day; returning leave at 6.30 p. m. An interesting programme of exercises has been arranged to take place on the way down the river. Tickets can be obtained at Tennesson & Co's. or any member of the committee. Adults, 30 cts. Children, 20 cts. jy17-3t

LOWER CEDAR POINT.

(Washington's Coney Island.)

SELECT DAILY FAMILY EXCURSIONS.

The Palace Steamer JANE MOSELEY will make excursions to this Popular Resort, commencing SUNDAY June 25, leaving wharf foot of Prince st., DAILY, except Monday's at 9 a. m., returning at 9 p. m. The management reserve the right to take up any tickets at boat and return money for same. Positively no improper characters allowed on boat or grounds. State-rooms reserved for families.

Salt water bathing, fishing, dancing on waxed floor, etc., etc., and a "Shore Dinner." Music by Prof. Pistorio's Brass and String Band.

Tickets (round trip)..... 50 cents

For further information apply at Capt. P. B. Hooe.

☞Special arrangements made with societies, clubs and other organizations. je22-1m

Quantico Pavillion.

GRAND OPENING DAY SUNDAY, MAY 28TH, 1882,

BATHING, BOATING AND FISHING! Extensive improvements, additional bath houses, grounds beautifully laid out. Croquet, Lawn Tennis and other amusements. Dancing Pavillion enlarged. Restaurant and Dining Rooms a special feature.

THE PALACE STEAMER KEYPORT

Will make two trips Daily (including Sunday) at 9:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m., from Seventh street wharf, stopping at Alexandria both ways.

OCCOQUAN FALLS AND MT VERNON SPRINGS.

STEAMER MARY WASHINGTON.

Having been thoroughly overhauled and newly furnished, will commence running excursions to the above places. Until further notice, on and after

SUNDAY MAY 21, 1882,

for Occoquan Falls, Sundays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, boats leaving Prince street Wharf Sundays at 10 a. m., returning at 7:30 p. m.; Wednesdays and Fridays at 9:30 a. m., returning at 7:30 p. m. Fair, round trip, 25 cents. Mount Vernon Springs, Saturdays, leaving wharf at 9:30 a. m., returning at 4:30 p. m. Fare round trip, 10c. Music and dancing on all trips except Sundays. Music by Professor A. J. Cook's Band. No objectionable parties allowed on the boat.

E. S. RANDALL, Proprietor.

my18-tf

EDUCATIONAL.

University of Virginia.

VIRGINIA ACADEMIC STUDENTS.

Virginia Students, over 18 years old, who have passed the required entrance examinations (see Catalogue) will be admitted free of tuition fees, to the Academic Schools of the University.

Examinations will be held SEPT. 26th, 27th, 28th and 29th. JAS. F. HARRISON, Ch'n. of the Faculty.

jy17-1m

SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES AND SCHOOL OF VACATION,

DIRECTED BY

REV. L. ROSENSTRAUS,

Cor. King and Alfred streets

AT ALL HOURS. jy3

Special Bargains.

Will sell our entire stock of

Spring & Summer Boots & Shoes

AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S LOW QUARTER SHOES AT PRIME COST. Now is your opportunity to get first class goods for a little money.

W. B. WADDEY, 110 King street.

REMOVAL.

We will remove on or about August 28, 1882, to the large and handsome store,

NO. 89 KING STREET.

Sweeping reductions made in our entire stock at 92 King street on and after the 17th of July to August 28th.

Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Scarfs, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Laces, Ribbons, &c.

jy15 C. M. ADAMS, 92 King st.

JUST RECEIVED—

Another lot of

Refrigerators, Water Coolers & Oil Stoves.

Which I will offer at LOW PRICES.

Do not purchase a STEP LADDER until you examine the "CENTENNIAL." For sale at

THOMAS HOY'S,

148 King street.

Stoves stored and repaired during the summer months. je20

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

HILL'S CREAM WAFERS.

THE LIGHTEST CRACKER MADE.

The Best Excursion, Picnic or Lunch Cracker.

je15-tf GEO. R. HILL & CO.

A LARGE VARIETY of fine Summer ½ Hose, just received at

je29 AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S.