



ALEXANDRIA. SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 1.

Alexandria Gazette.

The GAZETTE is now the oldest paper in the State, and with few exceptions the oldest in the country...

The GAZETTE has better facilities for obtaining news than any paper outside of the national capital. Situated as it is so close to the great centre of news...

Another feature that serves to make the GAZETTE a great desideratum with merchants is its afternoon market reports from New York, Baltimore, Chicago and other centres.

Correspondence from Washington, Richmond and every section of the State, is published regularly, and all events of interest occurring within the bounds of the Commonwealth are to be found in the columns of the GAZETTE.

The local department furnishes a full and complete history of everything that occurs in and near the city, and this feature will, as ever, receive careful attention.

The GAZETTE'S circulation is steadily increasing, especially among people who can suit its advertising columns before purchasing. That this is self-evident may be inferred from the fact that a large country edition—nearly as large as the daily—is sent all over this section of country three times a week...

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION. Daily Gazette, per annum, \$6 00. Tri-weekly Gazette, for country, 4 00.

MR. MASSEY ON THE DEBT.—Lt. Gov. J. E. Massey has written a letter in which he expresses the opinion that an extra session of the Legislature is necessary...

IN REPLY TO THE QUESTION, "What can the Legislature do with regard to the public debt?" Mr. Massey gives the following answer: "1. Pass a bill prohibiting the funding, under the Riddleberger bill, of any bond from which the coupon, which matures July 1, 1887, has been detached..."

DIED AT A WEDDING.—Miss Katharine Bergen, of Peterson, N. J., went to New York on Wednesday to attend a wedding. The wedding took place at 4 o'clock. After the ceremony Miss Bergen complained of not feeling well, and spoke about a sense of dizziness in the head...

The Century Magazine, for January, has been received from its publishers, the Century company, New York. Its contents are: French Sculptor, by W. C. Brownell; Comets and Meteors, by Prof. S. P. Langley; Carcano, by George W. Cable; Abraham Lincoln, by John C. Nicolay and John Hay; The Hundredth Man, by F. R. Stockton; Coquelin, by Henry James; Fencing and the New York Fencers, by Henry Eckford; The Bolshoi Strength and Weakness of Nations, by Edward Atkinson; The Wimpy Adoptions, by R. M. Johnston; An Indian Horse Race, by Lieut. C. E. S. Wood; George Bancroft, by W. M. Sloane; The Third Day at Gettysburg, by General H. W. Hunt; Pickett's Charge, by General E. P. Alexander; Memoranda on the Civil War; Topics of the Time; Open Letters, Bric-A-Brac, and some poetry.

Fire broke out in the reserved enclosure at People's Park, Madras, India, yesterday, where the annual fair was being held. A panic ensued, and it is reported that several hundred persons were burned or crushed to death.

THE GAZETTE extends to its readers the compliments of the season, and wishes each and all many returns of the day, with abundant prosperity and happiness.

TO-DAY THE GAZETTE enters upon its EIGHTY EIGHTH volume. It has done what it could for the promotion of the good of the community, the State and the country, and will persevere in its endeavors in the same direction, while it shall please God to continue us in this stead.

THE EXCOMMUNICATION of the knights of labor in Canada by the Catholic Cardinal of that country, and the suspension of the Catholic priest in New York for his affiliation with the knights there, show plainly enough the course the Catholic Church will pursue toward that organization. And such a course is in accordance with the precepts of the church. One of the chief characteristics of the Catholic Church is its eminent conservatism. It stands by the injunction of its founder, to render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's. And it has good reason to be conservative, for in every rising against the existing order of things it is the first object of attack, as in the case of the murder of the Archbishop of Scotland during the revolution in that country, and of the murder of the Archbishop of Paris during the Commune. The Church is always the first and chief sufferer in all such agitations, and therefore from policy as well as principle it is only natural that it should not favor them.

TO SHOW that Mr. George, the especial professed friend of labor in this country, is either insincere in his professions, or else doesn't know what would really benefit labor, it is only necessary to say that he is opposed to an income tax. The chief object of government in this country is the protection of property, and yet, under the existing tariff, as a poor man consumes as much of the necessities of life as a rich one, and as the former are many while the latter are few, by far the greater part of the expense of the government is thrown upon the poor, who have no property to protect. An income tax is the fairest and least oppressive one that can be imposed. It is paid by those whose wealth is secured by government, and who are able to pay it, while all other men are striving, by every means in their power, to include themselves among its subjects.

JUDGING FROM the expressed opinions of many well informed gentlemen from different parts of the State, as recently published in the GAZETTE, it seems that the prevailing impression among the State's well wishers is that the present legislature is incapable of settling the debt question, and that therefore it would be best that there should be no extra session. With the decision of the United States Supreme Court in operation there can be no settlement of the debt except upon terms satisfactory to the creditors, and as the majority of the legislature say they will stand by the Riddleberger bill, which is not satisfactory, an extra session would only put the State to a great and totally unnecessary expense.

THE NEW YEAR commenced to-day. Unless it shall be unlike all its predecessors it will bring both good and evil to all the sons and daughters of men. But though much of a man's condition depends upon destiny or luck, a great deal depends upon himself, and when the accounts of the year shall be closed, it will be found, as a general thing, that the hopeful, industrious and economical have prospered, while the despondent, the idle, and the extravagant have fallen still further behind hand in the race of life. Let all then be up and stirring, ready and anxious to seize the good and avoid the evil of the womb of the year is certain to bring forth.

EX SENATOR McDONALD, of Indiana, wants to be re-elected to the Senate. He says the civil service law should be repealed at once. Mr. McDonald is a wise man. He knows what the democrats of his State think of the un-democratic humbug to which he refers.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

An old building at Charlottesville known as the "Le Tellier House," was burned Thursday night. The total exports from Richmond for the year of 1886 amounted to \$2,520,078, and the value of imports for the same period was \$47,295.

Mr. Minor Owens, of King George county, was accidentally shot by Mr. Mosby Dodd, about ten days ago, while the two were hunting. Sixty-eight shot took effect in Mr. Owens' body, but the wounds is not serious.

Christopher Birmingham, for 42 years an employe at the Virginia Military Institute, died in Lexington, last week, aged 85 years. He platted with his own hand every tree now growing on the institute grounds, save two.

In a difficulty between two of the King George county poor-houses inmates last week, Henry Lucas, a mulatto, shot and painfully wounded a deaf and dumb white man named Green. Lucas has been lodged in the county jail. One of Green's arms was amputated, shortly after the shooting.

The Religious Herald, of Richmond, relates the following incident: "A pastor in a State adjoining this, preaching from a text, 'Beware of Covetousness,' said: 'Last Sunday night the collection in this house amounted to \$180, and the dollar was thrown in by a Baptist brother from Richmond, La., who happened to be here and did not know any better. The other 600 of you dropped in the 80 cents.'"

Mr. Thos. H. Claggett, of Leesburg, has received a situation in the wholesale publishing house of Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia. Mr. Claggett, though only 16 years of age, is an energetic and popular young gentleman.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

There were 108 divorces in Baltimore last year.

The number of deaths in Baltimore last year was 8,330.

Last year 13,059 cattle were shipped from Baltimore to Europe.

The number of business failures throughout the country in 1886 was 804 less than in 1885.

The British army of occupation is reported to be within two miles of the great ruby mines of Burma.

The public debt statement to be issued Monday will probably show a reduction in the debt during the past month of a little over eight million dollars.

S. S. Meninger & Son's agricultural works at Empire City, Northampton county, Pa., together with five new dwellings, were destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss about \$45,000; insurance \$11,000.

The chief signal officer at Washington issued a bulletin at 12:10 this morning stating that the temperature will probably fall fifteen or twenty degrees in the next twenty-four to thirty six hours.

Secretary Lamar is spending the holidays at his home. The reports relative to his immediate marriage are idle surmises, but it is true that he is engaged to the lady so often named, but no time has yet been fixed for the marriage ceremony.

Mr. J. W. Belt, clerk of the Prince George's county court, states that several families were rendered destitute by the fire at Upper Marlboro, Md., on Thursday, and are in urgent need of assistance. Money forwarded to Mr. Belt, at Upper Marlboro, will be distributed by a committee to be appointed for the purpose.

Reports received in Charleston yesterday from Summerville, S. C., and Columbia state that several earthquake shocks of a rather mild character were felt in those places between midnight and daybreak that morning; some persons claim to have felt perceptible shocks at Charleston also. There was considerable thunder prevailing there between 4 and 6 o'clock yesterday morning, with sharp artillery-like detonations, closely resembling the familiar earthquake sounds.

Cluverius's Case.

Mr. Carter Harrison, one of the jurymen in the Cluverius case, has addressed a letter to Gov. Lee, appealing to him to reconsider his official action declining to commute the punishment of Cluverius. In his letter Mr. Harrison admits the authorship of the appeal for commutation which was presented to the Governor some week ago, signed by himself and two fellow jurors, Messrs. French and Sherwood. He says he had alone been the man "to bear the brunt, stand the assaults of the bloodthirsty rabble whose rabid instincts control in reason's stead," the appeal would have been couched in a far different strain. He says Cluverius's trial and conviction from first to last "was a horrible and ghastly farce, revolting in its nature, damning in its effects, and in every way tending to bring dishonor and shame on the jurisprudence of the Commonwealth." In writing the appeal for commutation Mr. Harrison says the object was simply to frame a document acceptable to the largest number of the jurors, and, above all, "knowing from a month of familiar intercourse and close association the novel character of some of our colleagues, it was deemed best to ask them to agree to something which, if pressed too hard by public opinion—upon which their lives and characters seemed so vitally to depend—they could somehow wriggle out of, or at least do something non committal." Despite this, the petition was untouched in Richmond except by Mr. Harrison, which he attributes to the position taken by the Richmond press. He disclaims any intention to reflect upon the character or moral courage of any gentleman of the jury who declined to sign the appeal for commutation, "but," says he, "unfortunately for the furtherance of the ends of justice and the maintenance of a just and uninfluenced administration of the law, they have perhaps a somewhat too profound regard for public opinion."

Mr. Harrison says it is a matter of common report that one of the jurors who sat upon the case was a perjurer, and says this report is substantiated "by the solemn oath of a half score or more of reputable citizens of Alexandria." He further says that "there is among very many worthy persons an idea that the case had not at the time of hearing by the Court of Appeals, nor has yet, been freed from the manipulative influences of the hired detectives and other manufacturers of evidence to order."

Alluding to the opening of the watch-key by Joel, the "litterant key-maker," for the Governor's inspection, Mr. Harrison says "that was new evidence, and the argument that was supplied by the prosecuting attorney in reply to the Governor's request for an opinion." He suggests that this proceeding was ex parte.

Mr. Harrison reiterates that "if the jury were invested with discretionary powers they were ignorant of the fact, for had they been enlightened upon this point no verdict of murder in the first degree could or should ever have been reached, notwithstanding threats, menaces and every other effort to intimidate, efforts which have continued up to the present time—as far as your correspondent is concerned—in the form of abuse, insulting and cowardly messages through the mails, from dastards and cravens all over the land."

He also says he does not refer to the guilt or innocence of Cluverius. He simply contends that he has not had a fair and impartial trial. He claims that Cluverius had a right to be tried by twelve of his peers, and that this was not done, "unless Cluverius is an inebriate, and subject to all the mental disorders superinduced by inebriety." Mr. Harrison suggests that the Governor consult Dr. Cabell, "who was called in at the Exchange Hotel to attend one of the jurors."

ACQUITTED.—In the United States District Court in Norfolk yesterday, in the Hill Potter murder case, the argument was concluded and the case given to the jury who, after an absence of nearly an hour, rendered a verdict of acquittal, and the prisoner was discharged from custody. Potter was a draughtsman in the steam engineering department of the Norfolk navy-yard, and a married man. Hill's daughter, a pretty girl of sixteen, attracted the attention of Potter, who visited her as a single man until the imposition was discovered and his visits were forbidden. He afterwards wrote her several notes, which were received and read by her father. One afternoon in November Hill and his daughter called upon Potter at his office. The father became greatly enraged during the conversation which ensued, and drawing a pistol shot Potter, who died in a day or two.

The happy woman who was cured of chronic headache by using Salvation Oil is enthusiastic. Even if we are not smart we know what to do when troubled with a cough or cold. We take 25 cents and buy a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 1, 1887.

An Alexandria county farmer here to-day says he has received a circular letter from R. A. Phillips, a real estate broker of this city, assessing him with \$40 for the assigned purpose of paying Messrs. Hunton and Creech, attorneys, their contingent fee for having the bill for the purchase of the aqueduct bridge passed by Congress. He says he did not know before he received the circular that attorneys were so influential, and that he supposed Congress passed the bill to please the people of the District of Columbia, and not two attorneys.

Mr. Button's resignation of the postoffice at Lynchburg seems to have had a moving effect upon the people of that city, as numbers of them are here to-day, either trying to get the place for themselves or for one of their friends. Mr. Hopkins, the representative-elect from that district, is here, and wants Mr. Page, the workingmen's favorite appointed. Messrs. Matthews, Yancey, Jennings and Davis, and possibly others, are also here either in person or by proxy, striving for the position. Its disposal lies with Senator-elect Daniel, who, it is said, has not yet determined which of the applicants will be most acceptable to the Lynchburgers.

To-day was observed as a general holiday here. All the government and district buildings were closed, and so were most, if not all, the first class shops. The hotels and restaurants were all open, and did a lively business. Many of the society ladies were receiving and many of the society men were calling, but the custom was not as generally observed as in some former years. The President received as usual, though he was advised not to do so by both Secretary Manning and Attorney General Garland, on the grounds of his late indisposition and the death of General Logan. The ceremonies at the White House were conducted in accordance with the customary program. Owing to the inclement weather, a storm shelter had been erected in front of the building to protect the crowd while awaiting admittance. The crowd was large, but not as large as it was last year. The East Room had a new red carpet and was profusely decorated with flowers. The President looked stouter than last year, but the flesh of his face was white and flabby, and presented the appearance of a man who had been in long confinement. His eye lids, too, were puffy, and made his little eyes seem even smaller than they are. The cabinet and the foreign diplomatic corps, the latter dressed in the most gorgeous style, were the first callers, and then followed, in the order named, the members of the United States Supreme Court (who this year will have to pay their own carriage hire) and the judges of the Court of Claims, senators and representatives, judges of the District of Columbia courts, the commissioners of the District, the officers of the army and navy in uniform, officers of the government department, soldiers of the Mexican war, a large number of the G. A. R., the members of the Old Inhabitants' Association, and last, but not least in numbers, those unadorned American citizens who, having nothing else to do gratified their curiosity by calling on the chief magistrate of the nation and seeing how he and his surroundings looked. At two o'clock the show was over.

Representatives Matson and Bynum, of Indiana, have gone home, either thinking the senatorial lightning may strike them, or to help their favorite for the place. Representative Cannon, of Illinois, who is a native of North Carolina, is an aspirant for Gen. Logan's seat, and he also has gone home to further the attainment of that object. Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, like Representative Cannon, of Illinois, is a native North Carolinian, and yet both are as rank republicans as can be found in Congress.

Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, was the first Senator to apply for General Logan's seat in the Senate chamber, and as the rule is first come first served, if he shall insist upon his right, he will have it. When General Mahone leaves the Senate next March his seat will be filled by Senator Platt, of Connecticut, who has spoken for it already.

PORT DEPOSIT NEARLY AFLOAT.—Much excitement prevailed at Port Deposit, Md., yesterday afternoon about three o'clock. The ice north of the town began to move down upon the body opposite Port Deposit and gorge in great masses. The water and ice were soon over the tracks of the Columbia and Port Deposit Railroad, which were subsequently submerged under eighteen inches of water and ice. All trains were delayed until the water subsided and the ice could be cleared from the track, which required between one and two hours. The streets at Rock run were submerged under three feet of water, the pavements being covered with about eight inches. In an hour's time the water receded to that extent that the railroad tracks were not submerged more than six inches and the streets more than a foot. Since that time the water has been on a stand. All rolling stock on the Columbia and Port Deposit Railroad, which usually remains at Port Deposit, has been forwarded to Perryville. The majority of the residents on the lower side of Main street have removed their household goods to the second floors. Many of the merchants, located in the lower sections, have moved their goods to the second story. A steady rain began falling at eight o'clock last night, and the darkness was so intense that the condition of the ice could not be ascertained. The body of ice gorging between Port Deposit and Garrett's Island remains firm. The dam at Columbia, Pa., contains an immense quantity of ice, and from Columbia to McCaul's Ferry, Pa., a distance of eighteen miles, the river is packed with broken ice.

Reduced to a Penny. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 1.—The Daily Evening News appears to-day as a penny paper, having been reduced in price from two cents a copy. Mr. M. P. Handy, who has a wide reputation in journalistic circles, and who has been a part owner of the News and its managing editor for the past few years, announces in the editorial columns of that journal that it has become the sole property of Louis M. Megargee, Ernest Brainard and D. B. Waggener, who have all been closely associated with Mr. Handy in the management of the paper. Peter A. B. Widener and William L. Elkins, who have heretofore owned one half of the stock, have disposed of their interest to the above mentioned persons.

Affairs in England. LONDON, Jan. 1.—The Standard says that the Government would warmly welcome Mr. Gaschen if he should consent to enter the cabinet, and that if he should stand for the exchange division of Liverpool he would have the support of the conservative leaders. The Standard also says that although Lord Hartington declines to enter the cabinet, he will be willing if the Government resigned to join in the formation of a coalition ministry.

Lord Randolph Churchill proposed to reduce the army and navy estimates £1,000,000, and the civil service estimate £300,000.

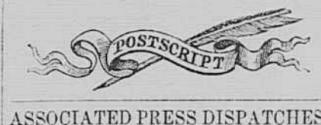
The Hatch Bill. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 1.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the California State Horticultural Society yesterday, a resolution was adopted requesting the California Congressional delegation to use every effort to secure the adoption of the Hatch Bill, now pending, which provides for the establishment and endowment of experimental stations in connection with agricultural colleges in the different States.

Not Guilty. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 1.—The jury in the case of Rev. Waldo Messaros, charged with felonious assault on Mrs. Mary Coulters, retired at noon yesterday, and at 10:30 o'clock last night arrived at a conclusion and delivered their verdict sealed to a court officer. At 10 o'clock this morning, when court opened, the seal was broken and the verdict of the jury found to be "not guilty."

Reconciliation. PARIS, Jan. 1.—The statement is made that President Grevy has effected a reconciliation between M. de Freycinet and M. Ferry, who will jointly support the Goblet ministry during the coming session of the Chambers.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup never fails to cure a cough or cold in a short time. Give it a fair trial.

Mr. J. Thomas (of Thomas & Co., Real Estate Brokers,) 57 Saratoga street, Baltimore, Md., induces emphatically Salvation Oil for neuralgia.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

Reception at the White House. WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—A disagreeable day ushered in the new year, but notwithstanding the unfavorable weather the day was generally observed by a suspension of business and social calling. Before noon the rain ceased and the day brightened somewhat. At the White House there was no special effort to secure decorative effects, and flowers and palms constituted the only embellishments of the interior. The ball-ways and East room were in their usual new year's attire, with garlands and festoons of smilax suspended from the chandeliers, and gilded and silver wicker pots and tropical plants filling every niche and mantel. The Blue Parlor where the reception took place was lavishly decorated with banks of cut flowers and palms. The light from numerous gas jets mellowed the daylight that found its way through the partly drawn curtains. The Marine Band was stationed in the main hall, and discoursed popular music during the ceremonies. On either side of the entrance to the mansion stood a file of police. A few minutes after eleven o'clock the Marine band began to play "Hail to the Chief" and the Presidential party came through the central hall and passed into the Blue Parlor. President Cleveland led the party with Mrs. Manning on his arm. He was in full dress, and walked without perceptible hindrance, although his gait was slow. The President looked uncommonly well, considering his recent illness, and he seemed to be in good spirits. Following the President came Secretary Bayard and Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary Manning and Mrs. Endicott, Secretary Endicott and Mrs. Vilas, Postmaster General Vilas and Secretary Whitney, and Col. Lamont and Lt. Davall, of the navy. President Cleveland took a position next to the west entrance of the Blue Room, with Mrs. Cleveland at his left, and Mrs. Manning, Mrs. Endicott and Mrs. Vilas just beyond. The reception immediately began with the presentation by Assistant Secretary Adee and Chief Clerk Brown, of the diplomatic corps, which was headed by Mr. Preston, the Haytian minister. The President stood without support and greeted every person in the line with a smile and a cordial shake of the hand. The guests were received by Mrs. Cleveland with a graceful yet dignified welcome and extended hand.

After the members of the Diplomatic Corps had exchanged felicitations of the season with the President and the ladies assisting in the reception, many of them passed around in the rear of the line and chatted for a few minutes with the members of the Cabinet and other officials who stood in the south end of the Blue Parlor. The justices of the Supreme Court next paid their respects to the President. Justice Woods was the only absentee. Next in order came the members of the Court of Claims, the local judiciary, District officers, ex Ministers, Senators and Representatives. At noon the band struck up a martial air, and the officers of the navy numbering over one hundred, under the lead of Rear-Admiral Wells, entered the mansion and paid their respects to the President and party. They were followed by about 125 army officers, headed by Lt. Gen. Sheridan and ex-Judge Advocate Gen. Holt. At half past twelve the departmental officers and bureau chiefs were received. Following came the veterans of the war 1812 and 1846, the Grand Army of the Republic and the Old Inhabitants' Association of the District of Columbia. At one o'clock the gates were thrown open to the general public and their reception followed.

LI HUNG CHANG'S SUCCESSOR. SHANGHAI, Jan. 1.—It is expected that the Marquis Tseng will succeed Li Hung Chang as Foreign Minister, in which event it is thought he will inaugurate a new era of progress in harmony with western ideas.

Meeting Postponed. LONDON, Jan. 1.—Mr. Chamberlain has postponed his proposed meeting with the electors of Birmingham on Wednesday, as he wishes to await the result of the present political crisis.

Death of a N. P. LONDON, Jan. 1.—Bernard Kelly, Member of Parliament for South Donegal, died suddenly while visiting his constituents.

The Weather. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 1.—The barometer has been highest over Dakota, the highest reading being 30.93 at Fort Buford, Dak. It has been lowest over the Atlantic states and the low is now central of the New England coast. The temperature has fallen in all districts west of the Appalachian range and is now below zero west of Lake Michigan and north of Missouri. Rain or snow has fallen in all districts east of the Rocky Mountains except in Dakota and Minnesota. Rain has also prevailed on the north Pacific coast.

Memorial to Congress. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 1.—A memorial to Congress was forwarded to-day to the Alabama Senators at Washington for an appropriation for the colored people's world fair to be held at Birmingham in the autumn of 1887. The memorial is signed by all classes of white people in the city including those of every important business interest of the community.

LIST OF LETTERS. The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria postoffice, January 1. Persons calling for letters will please say they are advertised. Advertisers, not called for within thirty days, will be sent to the dead letter office.

- Austin, Miss Olive Murray, Jos. Brown, A. R. Mason, Miss Mary Bell, Will H. Numan, Eliph. Cato, Miss Annie Page, Solomon Campbell, M. P. P. Taylor, Sarah E. Fennell, Miss Alice T. Taylor, Sarah E. Foxwell, Mrs. Doran J. Taylor, Miss Lena Gilmore, Rev. A. B. Van Nostrand, W. Hagenbach, Mrs. Lucy E. Waterhouse, John Hughes, Mrs. Julia Webb, E. W. Johnson, John Webster, Mrs. Emma Jones, Miss Julia Whiting, Mrs. Rosa Limon, L. J. Williams, E. J. Linton, John, D. Winstar, Mrs. Jennie Magruder, M. D. Young, Thomas Mundy, Mrs. Jennie W. W. HERBERT, P. M.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething its value is incalculable. It relieves the child from pain, cures erysipelas and diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle. ref-137M.WAS.

COMMERCIAL. ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Jan. 1.—There was no meeting of the Corn Exchange to-day. Transactions in grain on the street show no material change in prices. Wheat is still active and firm. Corn, Rye and Oats are in sympathy, and the receipts are small. Turkeys are higher. Other produce is without quotable change since our last general report.

VOLINA CORDIAL, so extensively advertised in the GAZETTE, also the Volina Cough Cure, Plasters, Blood Pills, Soothing Balm, Vermifuge, Quieting Syrup, Liver Pills, and Pain Cure, are medicines prepared by a large stock company in Baltimore. We are prepared to supply the trade and country merchants at manufacturers' prices. oct22 E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO.

HUMPHRIES' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS For sale by J. D. H. LUNT.

JUST FROM THE FACTORY—A nice assortment of LADIES' ALL-LEATHER SATCHELS; also GENTS' POCKETBOOKS, made of leather, at AMOS B. SLAYMAKERS.

DISQUE FIGURES, Lava Flower Pots, Vases in China and Glass; also "The Fairy Lamp," which is having such a run in other cities, and which has never been offered for sale here before. oct13 E. J. MILLER, SON & CO.

BASKETS.—The largest variety of Baskets ever offered in Alexandria, vary in size from Lunch to Market Baskets. For bargains call and examine these goods. sep10 E. J. MILLER, SON & CO.

NEW VALENCIA and DAHIA TABLE RAINSHIRTS, New Currants, French Prunes, Jamaica Oranges and Malaga Lemons just received. oct20 GEO. McBURNEY & SON.

WIRE-COVERED DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES and SCREEN WIRE of assorted widths, in quantities to suit, at 88 King corner of Royal. my21 J. T. CRIGHTON & SON.

S.S.S. DRY STATE DRY STATE. The above preparation, in 50-cent packages for sale by W. F. CRIGHTON & CO.

DARB FENCE WIRE has dropped again in price, and those in want will do well to buy now, as when spring opens it will advance. Large stock on hand. oct28 JAS. F. CARLIN & SONS.

NEW SEASON GROCERIES.—Desert Table, London Layer and Valencia Raisins, New Currants and Citron, Fancy Layer Figs, Selected French Prunes. GEO. McBURNEY & SON.

A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF CHRISTMAS GOODS. For sale by J. D. H. LUNT.

CAMEL'S HAIR SHIRTS and DRAWERS that have been selling at \$1 reduced to 75c. A great bargain. dec1 AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.