



ALEXANDRIA. THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16.

MR. HENRY WATTERSON being asked if Mr. Brios, chairman of the national democratic committee, took exception to the publication of an interview, in which he was reported as saying that Mr. Cleveland should help himself in this campaign, replied: "Certainly not, how could he and why should he? The spirit of it was contained in a letter which I myself wrote to the President a few days ago, and in which I asked him whether or not he was with us in this campaign. The democratic party was never better organized than in this contest, so far as the army is concerned. But we want to know if we have a leader. We want him to give at least private assurances to men who are battling for him that he recognizes and appreciates, and is at least aware of the fact that they are working for him. I believe firmly that the democratic party will win this election, but it will never achieve a victory by simply talking about the personal popularity of its chief candidate. There has been so much of that sort of thing that I believe Mr. Cleveland thinks that if we were to close the national headquarters to-morrow the canvass would move along just as well and he would be triumphantly elected. Under the circumstances, the party leaders are naturally apathetic. They want some assurances that their labors in Mr. Cleveland's behalf will be appreciated. Let him tell us where he stands; is he with us in this fight or is he not?"

Now such talk as this is by no means reassuring to the democratic party, but it is only a fair sample of what is being said every where, and it is only by publishing it that the evil complained of can possibly be remedied.

ACCORDING to the republican protectionists, the sole reason they have for advocating the maintenance of the existing high tariff on the necessities of life, is not that it helps them in the least, but that it raises the price of labor. Well, the price of what sort of labor is increased by the tariff? Surely not that of carpenters, bricklayers, stone masons, printers, blacksmiths, plasterers, house painters, butchers, bakers, telegraph and railroad employees, street laborers, nor farm hands, for none of the industries in which such labor is employed are protected by the tariff, nor is it pretended by well informed protectionists that they are protected, or need be; so that labor in them is not affected by the tariff one way or the other. The industries that are protected by the tariff, and in which, if what the protectionists say be true, the price of labor should be the highest, are the mining and manufacturing; but nothing is more easily demonstrated than the fact that in them it is lower than in any of the others. Protection does enable the proprietors of protected industries, such as Mr. Carnegie, whose profits amount to a million and a half dollars a year, to increase the price of their laborers' wages, but they don't avail themselves of that ability; nor will they as long as human nature shall remain unchanged.

MR. HOAR has been a malignant hater of the South ever since he entered public life, and, like the worst specimens of human nature, his malignancy grows more intense as he grows older. Blatant avowals of hate for the Southern people were the chief means by which his name first became known outside of the limits of his own town, and when he shall die, his expiring breath will be expended in an impotent imprecation upon the people he hated, but feared during his whole life. There could be nothing manly, or high toned, or really able about such a man, and his whole history shows the truth of the remark once made concerning him by a critical observer of human nature, to the effect that he is a patent example of the ill-effects of the forced cultivation of a naturally sterile mind. So warped are the man's moral ideas by his prejudices against his fellow citizens of the South, that he cheerfully accepted a place on the infamous electoral commission for the sole purpose of assisting seven others, worse than himself, to accomplish the prearranged monumental fraud of the nineteenth century—the theft of the American Presidency.

MR. BLAINE says: "Capital can always protect itself." He never, in all his life, spoke a better demonstrated truth. That being so, why have the owners of the protected factories in Philadelphia just subscribed one hundred thousand dollars to the national republican campaign? To protect their own interests, or those of the contract labor they import from Europe? They say for the latter; but human nature says for the former. Open eyes and common understanding are all that are required to comprehend so simple a question as that of the tariff.

MISS AMELIE RIVES has again startled the literary world; this time by a tragedy, entitled Herod and Mariamne, based upon the life of Herod, who had himself proclaimed King of the Jews by Mark Antony. In it love, intrigue, jealousy, passion, lust, madness, murder and death are portrayed with realistic vividness. If Miss Rives's progress in literary fame shall maintain its present rate, she will soon become the most distinguished living woman writer of the age.

Miss Martha A. McConnell was elected deacon in the McKeesport, Pa., Reformed Presbyterian Church, but the Presbytery refused to ordain her, as there was no precedent for such action, and referred the matter to the Synod. The Synod turned the question over to the Committee on Disciplinary, which has just reported in favor of ordaining woman as deacons.

From Washington

(Special Correspondence of the Alex. GAZETTE) WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16, 1888. From New York private intelligence today is to the effect that Gov. Hill will be renominated for Governor by the State democratic convention, and be elected, but that at the election an effort will be made by those democrats who are dissatisfied with the national administration to make the difference in his vote and that of the President so great that the extent of their dissatisfaction may be rendered apparent by a glance at the returns.

The Senate to-day defeated Mr. Morgan's motion to postpone the further consideration of the Canadian fisheries treaty by a vote of 27 to 24, all the republicans voting with the majority and all the democrats with the minority, except Mr. McPherson, of New Jersey, who was absent and unpaired.

Representative Brown, of the Danville, Virginia, district, says he is induced to believe from the private intelligence he receives from his district, that he will be renominated by the republican convention there.

People here from the 9th Virginia district say that Mr. J. A. Buchanan, who was nominated for Congress by the democrats of that district yesterday, is an able and popular man and an effective speaker, and that if it be possible for the democrats of that district to beat Mr. Bowen, the present republican representative, they can do so under his lead.

Representative Crisp, acting chairman of the House Commerce Committee, by reason of the absence of the chairman, told the GAZETTE'S correspondent this morning that he and Mr. Browne had had a conference upon the subject of an ice boat on the Potomac, and had come to the conclusion that the most advisable course to pursue in the premises would be to refer the bill to the Committee on the District of Columbia, as it related to a local matter, and as the Commerce Committee had never, to his knowledge, made provision for clearing rivers and harbors of ice.

Representative Mills, the author of the Mills bill, will go to West Virginia in a day or two and make some campaign speeches there. Mr. Mills is greatly elated at the position the democracy has taken upon the tariff question, and says they must win, but that it will be better to fail in a good cause than to retreat, and that in that bill they made all the concessions possible with a due regard to the interests of the people of the country.

General Field, who commanded a division in the Confederate army, was doorkeeper of the House some years ago, and is now superintendent of the government reservation at the Hot Springs in Arkansas, was on the floor of the House to-day. The General looks almost as young as he did when he wore his Confederate uniform twenty odd years ago.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Edmund's resolution of inquiry concerning the number of white depositors in the broken Freedmen's Bank came up. The bill as passed the Senate provides that its beneficiaries shall be confined entirely to colored people. Mr. Beck contended that both bill and resolution were wrong, and that the government had no more right to make good the losses of depositors in the Freedmen's Bank than those in any other banking institution chartered by the government, and that though in this case the republicans treated the negroes as wards, when it suited their party's interests to do so, they treated them as the superiors in intelligence of the white people of Southern communities, and wanted them put in charge of all the interests of entire Southern States.

There is a movement on foot among the democrats of the House to pass all the remaining regular appropriation bills as soon as possible and get them over to the Senate, so as to be able to say to the country: "We have done all we came here to do, and are now waiting upon the convenience of our friend, the republicans. Whenever it shall please them to report a tariff bill, it will please us to consider it and set upon it as soon as possible."

General Mahone arrived here to-day from Petersburg and went straight to his rooms at Chamberlain's.

The republicans in the House to-day consumed much time in an effort to fix a day for the consideration of pension bills.

The conference committee to whom was referred the bill to allow the Richmond and Danville Railroad to lay a track from near the north end of the Long Bridge to its property on the south side of Maryland avenue, near by, agreed to-day upon a report.

Mr. Reagan, ex-Postmaster General of the Confederate States, has his desk in the Senate filled up with books and documents, and, if he shall have an opportunity, will make a long speech to-day on the subject of the President's last annual message.

Judge Bacon, of New York, a clerk in the pension office, dropped dead at his desk in that office this morning, it is supposed of the excessive heat.

MR. YOST'S OPINION. Congressman Jacob Yost, of the tenth district, in an interview with a correspondent of the Baltimore Sun yesterday expressed great confidence and satisfaction as to the outlook in Virginia so far as the republican party is concerned. He predicts that there will be but one republican electoral ticket in the field, and thinks the State should roll up 20,000 republican majority. He declares that the State is safely republican with the tariff question and the Blair educational bill as the leading issues, and it does not lie in the power of the democratic party to carry the State if the republicans stand shoulder to shoulder in the approaching fight and bury all personal differences. Contentional disagreements among the party leaders are, of course, he says, an element of weakness, but many persons do not care whether the Mahone or the Wise faction is in control of the party machinery. They are principally interested in their mineral lands and their tobacco crops, and it makes but little difference who controls the few federal offices so long as their individual interests are properly protected. Although no formal efforts have yet been made to crystallize public sentiment or organize the party forces, Mr. Yost claims to have received numerous letters from prominent democrats in his county declaring that they cannot support the policy of the present administration in the coming campaign. One of his democratic colleagues in the House showed him similar letters recently received from voters in the respective counties. The system of protection is growing all the time in Virginia, Mr. Yost says, and the democrats will not be able to elect a single Congressman except in the eighth (Gen. Lee's) district, if the republicans will close up their ranks and march together against the tariff reformers.

A famous man-eating tiger has just been captured alive in India. A pig was dug for a trap and baited with a live bullock. After two days the beast came around, and promptly jumped into it. To capture him a second pig was dug near the first and of the same depth. From this tunnel was run to the first pit, a thin wall of earth being left between the end of the tunnel and the pit. A strong bamboo cage was pushed into this tunnel from a second pit. A goat was placed in the cage, and the wall of earth was broken down. The tiger sprang upon the goat, the entrance to the cage was quickly closed, and the beast was fast, and stayed so until he was safe in Calcutta.

The street railway lines of Norfolk and Portsmouth are to be consolidated.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Over 100 pairs of twins were born in Philadelphia last year.

Mr. Wm. P. Harris, one of the oldest citizens of Leesburg, died on Wednesday morning, in the 87th year of his age.

There is an enormous yield of grapes in New England; plenty of apples in New York, but a short crop of pears.

The eleventh conference of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the World convened in Stockholm yesterday.

Mr. Blaine was given a grand reception at Portland yesterday, and made a speech on trusts, the tariff and the fisheries question.

Dr. C. W. Chancellor, secretary of the Maryland State board of health, does not think that the yellow fever will extend to Maryland.

The coal traffic agents of the Pennsylvania railroad companies have decided to add the freight rates on coal for all points from 10 to 50 cents per ton.

Frank, the young son of Mr. Robert Wynne, of Washington, sustained serious if not fatal injuries by falling in the engine-room of the steamer Arrowsmith on Monday night.

Rev. G. J. Cooper, an insane Methodist minister, set fire to his house at Aurora, Ills., yesterday, with the intention of burning his wife and daughter. They escaped, but Cooper hung himself.

John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, appeared in the Brighton Police Court near Boston yesterday to answer a charge of drunkenness. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$5 and costs, which he paid.

Samuel Wisman, aged 13 years, while igniting fire crackers, was bitten on the forehead by a dog, in Philadelphia, on July 4th last, and yesterday died of hydrophobia after suffering great agony.

Jake Kilrain will sail for America on Saturday next. Charley Mitchell will not be able to come, as he is under bonds to appear in London on the 25th inst. before a magistrate on a charge of assault.

If the pending appropriation bills shall be passed as they now stand the total amount of money appropriated by this Congress will exceed by \$50,000,000 or \$60,000,000 the amount appropriated by any of its immediate predecessors.

The national convention of the American party in session in Washington split into two sections yesterday on the question of representation, and those who remained in the hall nominated James L. Curtis, of New York, for President, and Judge James N. Greer for Vice President.

John Montgomery, a colored man, who lives near Glymont, Md., attempted to jump upon an engine on the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad at the intersection of New Jersey and Virginia avenues, Washington, last night, but falling under the wheels was almost instantly killed.

The League games for the baseball championship played yesterday resulted as follows: Chicago 2, New York 0; Boston 4, Detroit 3; Philadelphia 5, Indianapolis 4; Washington 7, Pittsburg 2. Detroit will play at New York to-day, Chicago at Boston, Pittsburg at Philadelphia and Indianapolis at Washington.

B. F. Sladd, of Virginia, an A. M. of Washington and Lee University in 1886, has been appointed professor of French and German in Wake Forest College, North Carolina. Wm. P. Trent, of Virginia, an A. M. of the University of Virginia in 1884, has been appointed professor of history and literature in the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn.

Morgan on Hoar. During the debate on the Canadian fisheries treaty in the U. S. Senate last Tuesday, Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, paid his respects to Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, as follows: "I suppose really that there is no man ever created by the hand of God who has more capacity for treasuring up prejudices in his heart than the honorable Senator from Massachusetts. They seem to burst out of him on all occasions like the waters from the foot of a mountain; they are perennial in their flow; they are almost universal in their scope; they seem to embrace everything except a little area of land around the Massachusetts Bay colony. Very few of us can ever escape the raking, barrowing tongue of the Senator from Massachusetts; very few of us, and few of the institutions of the country; few of his habits and few of his manners. He even went so far in his speech as to speak of that 'rum jug' in the South, which he never saw, of course, or heard of in the Northern States, where the rum to whom the jug was handed would not bear the inhospitality of having anybody else measure out his drink for him, and the like. Of course, that institution of slavery down there, which become ours by having brought it from his ancestry; our institution of slavery which we paid for after his fathers had captured them in their native wilds in Africa; paid for them with New England rum; our institution of slavery which has christianized the slave to a degree that no negro race or family in this world have ever yet attained to; our institution of slavery which his fathers put into the constitution of the United States with a guaranty of its protection and preservation absolutely; our institution of slavery which they broke up by war and by the sword of the man to whom the jug was handed; not of men only, but of women and children, and by the orphanage of whole multitudes and great communities; our institution of slavery comes in for the Senator's reprimand on all occasions. A man who happens to have the misfortune to have been born in the midst of it, though he might never have owned a slave at all, is identified by the ill will of that Senator with that institution of slavery as if he had been born to it, as part of his inheritance, or as if he had done as the Senator's ancestors did when they went abroad to Africa and captured the negroes there in their own homes, made merchandise of human flesh and fixed it in the loins of the captured negroes that he should breed slaves to inherit his misfortunes while the constitution of the United States should stand."

One Honest Face. In the Senate yesterday during the consideration of the fisheries treaty, in the course of a colloquy, and after some allusions to Yaokes on the one side and ex-slaveholders on the other, (between Senators Morgan, Frye, Dawes and Hawley,) Mr. Morgan said: "You have not hesitated to sneer at us, and to say that we are rebels, traitors, men not to be trusted, men who violated our oaths and attacked the national flag, men whose consciences are burdened with political sin, that we all deserved to be hanged and that we are living now by your mercy and grace. And I have only said that you did not dare to hang any of us. You had Jefferson Davis under arrest, and the United States government did not dare to bring him to trial, because it would have turned out in the opinion of great jurists who would have had to try him that he had not committed treason."

Mr. Frye— "When the Senator from Alabama was making those charges he was looking at me. I beg him to remember that in the whole course of this debate I have made no charge or insinuation against him. I am a full blooded Yankee, but I do not know a man on that side of the Senate for whom I have a more profound admiration than I have for him."

Mr. Morgan— "My eyes wandered to the face of the Senator from Maine because I knew that they rested on an honest and benevolent face; and it was some relief to have that opportunity when looking on that side of the chamber." [Laughter]

It is proposed to extend the boundaries of Richmond.

POTATO CHIPS, in half-pounds boxes, received to-day by J. C. MILBURN

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. Sol. Hass has accepted the position of traffic manager of the C. & O. Railway.

A jury from Loudoun county is to try T. A. Ridenour now confined in Winchester for murder.

Capt. Robt. Kidd, one of the most popular citizens of Amherst county, died Tuesday, aged 84 years.

The Secretary of the Navy has authorized the transfer of the marine guard at the Pensacola navy yard to Norfolk.

John S. Wise and Jas. D. Brady have gone to New York to attend the meeting of the national republican committee.

At the meeting of the Vulcan Iron Works Company of Richmond, yesterday, Mr. Basil B. Gordon was elected a director.

Mr. Notley Ball, with his family, left Loudoun on Tuesday last to make his future home in the San Luis valley of Colorado.

The democrats of the ninth district at Bristol yesterday, on the 20th ballot, nominated John A. Bachanan, of Washington county, for Congress.

Colonel John Bell Bigger, Clerk of the House of Delegates and Keeper of the Rolls of the Commonwealth of Virginia, yesterday celebrated his sixty-second birthday.

Prof. C. L. C. Minor has sold the Shenandoah Valley Academy property, in the suburbs of Winchester, to Messrs. Holmes Conrad and James B. Russell for \$12,000.

Capt. John S. Wise will leave Richmond about the middle of November for his future home in New York. The Captain proposes to remain in Virginia during the height of the hunting season.

The Board of the Central Lunatic Asylum met at the asylum building near Petersburg yesterday. The resignation of M. B. Mann, as steward was accepted, and Captain R. E. Bland, of Prince George county, was elected to fill the vacancy.

The executive committee of the Richmond exposition have decided upon a military feature, consisting of a cavalry encampment of several troops. Gov. Lee has been invited to deliver the opening address at the exposition on the 3d of October.

Tuesday, while John Brooks was exhibiting two rattlesnakes at Chatham, one of them, a monster, bearing seven rattles, succeeded in freeing its head enough to strike the handler in the fleshy part of one of his hands. By prompt attention and a liberal use of whiskey, the man is in a fair way to recover. The snakes were killed by order of the Mayor.

W. Worth Smith, T. B. Robertson, B. B. Turner, J. Brad. Beverly, Thos. Henderson, Wm. Beverly, E. C. Turner and others of Fauquier county have formed themselves into a joint stock company and obtained a charter to conduct the creamery business under the name of the Broad Run Creamery Association. The capital stock is not to be more than \$20,000 nor less than \$2,000.

A. P. Rowe, mayor, and St. George Arthur Fitzhugh, H. F. Crisman, A. K. Phillips, Jr., E. D. Cole, H. R. Gouldman, W. E. Bradley, S. W. Corbin, Geo. W. Shepherd, J. M. Griffin, M. B. Rowe, J. S. Knox and Chas. E. Hunter, of Fredericksburg, accompanied by Senator Daniel, called on the President yesterday and invited him to attend the Fredericksburg fair, to be held on the 18th, 19th and 20th of September next. The President replied that he would try and make arrangements to attend the fair.

DIVORCES AND BOARDING-HOUSES.—Gen. I. N. Stiles thinks the boarding-houses are conducive to immorality. He said so in a speech to a jury yesterday and repeated the assertion this morning. "What have you got against boarding houses?" the General was asked this morning. "They are simply hotbeds of immorality. Boarding houses are rife with scandal and gossip. A woman who lives in one of them has nothing to occupy her time, and Satan always finds mischief for idle hands to do. Young married people should avoid boarding-houses as they would a pestilence. They should secure homes, even if they consist of a single room. Then the young wife will have something to occupy her mind, and will not be subjected to evil influences. I haven't lived in a boarding house myself since I was married, but I know what they are; they are conducive to immorality."—Chicago News.

A French journal published for the purpose of giving curious information has been investigating the story that during the Reign of Terror Mile. de Sambreuil was made to drink a glass of human blood as the price of her life, and asserts that this honored legend is untrue. All the foundation there could be for it, the paper says, is that she probably was asked to drink a glass of wine to the health of the republic, and the hand of the man who gave it to her might have been dripping with blood.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The stock market opened firm at advances ranging from 3/8 to 3/4 above last night's closing prices, but after the early buying orders were filled the market was depressed by the bears, and prices yielded 1/2 per cent. A rally occurred later, and the early losses were to a great extent recovered. At 11 o'clock the market was firm at about the opening quotations. Money easy at 1 1/2%.

BALTIMORE, August 16.—Virginian consolidated 37; past-due coupons - do 10-40s 35 1/2; do new 3s 65 1/2 bid to-day.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, August 16.—Flour is firm; jobbing traders are confining themselves to near wants, but neither millers nor wholesale dealers seem disposed to push sales at current prices. Wheat fluctuates within narrow limits, both sides showing a conservative feeling, consequently the volume of business in futures is without increase; the receipts of wheats for immediate delivery continue small for the season, and the best samples are readily sold at full figures; range to day 70 to 80 for damaged and common, and 80 to 89 for ordinary to prime mixed; no choice longberry was offered. Corn is very dull at 54 to 55. Bye is active at 48 to 55. Oats steady at 28 to 32. Chickens, Eggs, Butter and other produce are depressed on account of the extremely warm weather.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 16.—Cotton quiet and firmer; middling 11 1/2@11 3/4. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Southern active and higher; Falls 92 1/2; No 2 winter red 90 1/2@90 3/4; No 2 white 90 1/2@90 3/4; Sept 90 1/2@90 3/4; Oct 91 1/2@91 3/4; Dec 92 1/2@92 3/4. Corn—Southern steady; white 60 1/2; yellow 57 1/2; Western dull; mixed 51 1/2@52; Sept 51 1/2@52; year 45 1/2@45 3/4. Oats firm and slightly higher; Southern and Pennsylvania 33 1/2; Western white new 34 1/2; do mixed new 31 1/2. Eye firm at 54 1/2. Hay steady; prime to choice Western \$19 1/2. Provisions quiet and steady at unchanged prices. Coffee dull; Rio cargoes fair 14. Whisky steady at \$1 26 1/2 28.

NEW YORK, August 16.—Cotton dull; uplands 11 1/2; Orleans 11 3/4; futures quiet. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn lower and dull. Pork dull and steady at \$15 25 1/2 50. Lard firm at \$9 15.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16, 11 a. m.—Quotations at this hour are as follows for September options: Wheat 83 1/2; Corn 44 1/2; Oats 24 1/2; Pork \$13 85; Lard \$8 77 1/2; short ribs \$7 92 1/2.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 16. SENATE.

A communication from the commissioners of the District of Columbia in response to Mr. Edmunds' resolution as to the erection of electric overhead wires was presented and discussed.

Without concluding the subject the Senate (under the order of yesterday) went into open executive session on the fisheries treaty and voted on Mr. Morgan's resolution to postpone it till December next. The resolution was disagreed to—yeas 24, nays 27. As soon as the vote was taken legislative business was resumed, and Mr. Edmunds moved that the matter of electric wires go over till to-morrow. This motion was agreed to.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Edmunds looking to the payment of white depositors in the Freedmen's Savings Bank who were in no way connected with the mismanagement and failure thereof, came up and was discussed. The resolution went over without action.

HOUSE. Mr. Lee, of Virginia, presented a conference report on the bill authorizing the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company to lay tracks in the District of Columbia, and it was agreed to.

During the morning hour Mr. Morrill, of Kansas, called up a resolution previously reported from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, assigning May second and third for the consideration of general pension legislation, with a proposed amendment changing the dates to August 29 and 30. The resolution went over.

Mr. Springer, of Illinois, attempted to secure consideration of the Oklahoma bill, but the point of no quorum was raised against him, and he was forced to abandon the attempt.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE UNCONSTITUTIONAL. OLYMPIA, W. T., Aug. 16.—The supreme court of Washington Territory has decided the law granting suffrage to women unconstitutional. The grounds for the opinion were based on the fact that the legislature exceeded its powers granted by Congress. The court took the ground that the word "citizen" in the organic act can mean nothing else than male citizen. The opinion contained 7,000 words and an appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court of the U. S. The peculiarity of the legislation on woman suffrage in the territory is, that it is the second law passed and the second time it has been declared unconstitutional under the original law passed by a large majority in the legislature. Two years ago an election was held and women casts votes in all the counties. Then the supreme court overruled it. Again a few weeks ago the legislature passed the law and this has met the same fate. The territory is a stronghold of prohibition and woman suffrage advocates and they will fight this case to the court of last resort.

THE WHITE CAPS. COBYDON, Ind., Aug. 16.—Attorney General Michener has been in consultation since yesterday regarding the proposed prosecution of the White Caps. He said to a reporter last night that, from all he can learn, there is no organized band of White Caps here. There are occasional outbreaks, however, but they are merely local, inspired by local felling against fellows in a community who have made themselves obnoxious by bad conduct. Farmers and citizens would club together and take such a person out and give him a flogging as the best and cheapest means of punishment. The people of Corydon are law abiding and regret much that the White Caps in the adjoining counties are bringing Harrison county into disgrace. The principal scene of the White Caps outrages is Crawford and Perry counties. The investigation will begin in Crawford county.

FATAL EFFECTS OF JEALOUSY. MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—James Scanlon, a bar-tender, was shot and instantly killed yesterday by a woman known as Pearl Willson, who has been living with him for some time. The woman afterwards shot herself, inflicting fatal injuries. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause of the tragedy.

EMPEROR WILLIAM. BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Emperor William attended the unveiling of the monument erected in memory of the late Prince Frederick Charles at Frankfurt to-day. The Emperor was present at breakfast given in his honor after the unveiling and gave a toast to German unity. He said that forty-six millions of Germans would die rather than deliver a single stone of Alsace Lorraine to France.

BURNED TO DEATH. TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 16.—Edward Hanlan, Jr., the young son of Hanlan, the oarsman, while playing with matches last night, set fire to his clothing and was burned to death.

SURRENDERED TO A NORFOLK OFFICER. NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—George Holt, who fled from Norfolk, Va., with \$400 of his employer's money was to-day surrendered by Justice Duffy to a Norfolk official.

GAUGER APPOINTED. WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed George G. Rasser to be a U. S. gauger at Danville, Va.

AN UNKNOWN BALLOON. CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 16.—An unknown balloon passed over Camden in this State yesterday.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS. The Union Labor Convention is in session in Detroit, Mich. Advice from Victoria, B. C., report everything quiet at Port Eslington. The National Insurance Commissioners' Association is in session in Madison, Wis. A fire in Cayenne, French Guiana, recently destroyed \$2,000,000 worth of property. The North Chicago Rolling Mill Company has shut down, throwing fifteen hundred men out of employment. The works of the Beaver Valley Manufacturing Company, at Pittsburg, Pa., were destroyed by fire last night. The application for a stay in the case of murderer Daniel Lyons in New York has been denied by Justice Patterson. The republican convention of the 20th Ohio Congressional district have taken 132 ineffectual ballots in endeavoring to nominate a candidate.

SEVERE STORMS. DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 16.—The storms of Tuesday and yesterday were the most severe that have ever occurred in this portion of the State for many years. The railways centering here were greatly damaged and trains were delayed many hours. Washouts are reported on all the roads and crops were damaged. During a severe electric storm yesterday a bolt struck among a group of threshers on Joe Armstrong's farm, near Oneda, knocking all down. One of the men was instantly killed and another so injured that his recovery is deemed improbable. The clothes of both men were torn into shreds. The teams ran away and the straw stacks were burned.

IMPERIALISTS' MEETINGS. PARIS, Aug. 16.—Two thousand leading imperialists met in this city yesterday. M. Legoux presided. A patriotic address was voted to Prince Victor. At a banquet which followed the greatest enthusiasm was manifested. Baron Hausmann, who delivered an oration, received a touching ovation, particularly on account of his many years and ill health, and the fact becoming known that his friends, for these reasons had tried to dissuade him from attending. Similar demonstrations were held throughout the country.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT. CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—A serious collision is reported as having occurred on the Illinois Central Railroad at South Lawn, 50 miles south of this city about 7:45 o'clock this morning. An Illinois Central Passenger train bound for Chicago came in collision with a freight train. Many killed and injured are reported. Physicians have been called for from Chicago and a relief train is being sent to the scene of the disaster. A later dispatch says no one was killed, though a number were injured.

BUSH FIRES. KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 16.—Bush fires have been raging fiercely in the townships of Clarendon, Laval, Cantoni and Oss, and have already done damage to the extent of nearly \$500,000. The whole section has been devastated and many settlers have lost everything they possessed. Communication is cut off, as the bridges and corduroy roads have been burned or rendered impassable by fallen trees. The Ontario government will be appealed to for aid.

EMPEROR WILLIAM. BERLIN, Aug. 16.—Emperor William attended the unveiling of the monument erected in memory of the late Prince Frederick Charles at Frankfurt to-day. The Emperor was present at breakfast given in his honor after the unveiling and gave a toast to German unity. He said that forty-six millions of Germans would die rather than deliver a single stone of Alsace Lorraine to France.

FATAL EFFECTS OF JEALOUSY. MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 16.—James Scanlon, a bar-tender, was shot and instantly killed yesterday by a woman known as Pearl Willson, who has been living with him for some time. The woman afterwards shot herself, inflicting fatal injuries. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause of the tragedy.

BURNED TO DEATH. TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 16.—Edward Hanlan, Jr., the young son of Hanlan, the oarsman, while playing with matches last night, set fire to his clothing and was burned to death.

SURRENDERED TO A NORFOLK OFFICER. NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—George Holt, who fled from Norfolk, Va., with \$400 of his employer's money was to-day surrendered by Justice Duffy to a Norfolk official.

GAUGER APPOINTED. WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed George G. Rasser to be a U. S. gauger at Danville, Va.