ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

ALEXANDRIA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 27.

THE RICHMOND *Dispatch* is opposed to the GAZETTE'S recommendation, that the legislature appoint a commission, not of its own members, but of other citizens of the State, who are men of affairs and who thoroughly understand the State debt, "to treat with the creditors for a settlement of that debt upon the best terms that can now be obtained." To "treat" means to make or receive proposals for adjusting differences. Every well informed, sensible man in the State, knows that the present unsettled condition of the debt is, and of necessity must be, injurious to the State's interests. The proposed commission, perfectly familiar with all matters relating to the debt, would certainly be better qualified to "treat" with the creditors for a settlement than a committee composed of the members of the legislature, few or none of whom will assert that they are well equipped for negotiating such a settlement. But to "treat" for, is not equivalent to *effect*, a settlement. The former would be done by the commission. Its report would, of course, be subject to the action of the legislature; but on such a concise and intelligible report as the commission would make, that action would be taken upon information easily comprehensible by the most stupid legislator. Mahoneism is now dead, and will remain so at least for some years. If the democrats be wise, they will avail themselves of their opportunity to settle the State debt, and the only terms on which it can be effectually settled are such as will be satisfactory to the creditors.

SENATOR BLAIR made a speech to a negro audience in Washington, night before last, in which he said: "You have to be united and persistent; it may be a little while delayed, but the time is coming when the distinction in American citizens will not be based on color. There is no colored suffrage at the South—not a State where it amounts to anything." General Mahone is on record as saying he hoped to see the time when all race distinctions would be abolished. Probably it was during one of the Senator's recent consultations with the General that the latter told him how, when he ran the democratic machine in the Petersburg district, the negroes were hived in coal pits and the ladders removed therefrom the day preceding elections, how they were sent to repair imaginary railroad damages and kept away from the polls till too late to vote, how he polled tissue ballots, and of the numerous other methods he used to defraud the negroes of their votes, all of which doubtless induced Mr. Blair to believe that "there is no colored suffrage in the South that amounts to any thing." But if Mr. Blair would consult ex Senators Lewis and Riddleberger, ex Gov. Cameron, ex Representatives McKenzie, Yost, Libby, and Sener Judge Hughes, and most any of the republican editors in Virginia on the subject, he would learn that there is negro suffrage in Virginia, and that it amounts to a great deal.

THE EMPLOYEES in the government departments in Washington are better paid than any other people doing similar work; they only work eight hours a day, have thirty days furlough on full pay every year, and have more holidays than any other people in the country. But, notwithstanding all this, they were allowed an extra half day holiday to-day, "in order to give them time to buy their thanksgiving turkeys." And yet this is said to be a land in which all have equal opportunity. Is it at all wonderful that there should be at least twenty applicants for every place in the federal departments at Washington?

SOME SOUTHERN newspapers, some even in his own State, blame Senator Hampton for his recent letter to Postmaster General Wanamaker. People more familiar with Mr. Wanamaker know that had it not been for the writing and the publication of that letter, the order removing the old and efficient democratic postmaster would have never been suspended even for a day, let alone a month, as it was.

SECRETARY PROCTOR has reduced the eight hour law in the federal service to an absurdity by deciding that soldiers, whose pay is fixed by law, shall receive extra compensation for military duty of more than eight hours a day. In other words, if a battle should last more than eight hours, the soldiers engaged in it would be entitled to extra pay for every minute over that time.

NOTHING IS more ridiculous than statements to the effect that U. S. ministers and consuls are trying to induce the countries to which they are accredited to remove restrictions on the importation of the products of the United States. Why should such restrictions be removed when the importation of foreign goods into this country is restricted by the almost prohibitory tariff?

A special from San Jose, Costa Rica, dated November 14, says that Don Ascencion Esquival and Senora Esquival remain at the American consulate, where they took refuge at the time of the uprising. The principal Esquivalists are leaving for Guatemala. Some of them say the Rodriquestas will pay dearer than they have expected. Their party is against the Central American union, while the Esquivalists, as a rule, are in favor of it. The Esquivalists will go north to swell the forces of the Guatemallecos, Salvadorenos, Hondurenos, and Little Costa Rica, with her scanty population thus further depleted, will be forced to enter the union.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexa. GAZETTE]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27, 1889.

The appointment of Mr. Russell as postmaster at Richmond was a genuine surprise to Virginians of all parties and factions of parties here, but it showed the fine Italian hand of Mr. Blaine. Mr. Blaine wrote a letter to Mr. Russell months ago to the effect that he would do all he could for him, and patient waiting and silence on Mr. Russell's part, and the result of the late election in Virginia, have enabled Mr. Blaine to effect his object. Mr. Russell is not the favorite of either the Mahoneites or the "kickers," and his appointment makes both of those factions of the republican party mad; but it is probably as satisfactory to the Richmond democrats as that of any other republican would have been. Mr. Russell was so satisfactory to them that he retained the office of collector of customs at Richmond during the whole of the Cleveland administration without any effort on their part to have him removed. Judge Waddill, the defeated republican candidate for Congress in the Richmond district, finding that Mr. Blair Morris, his and General Mahone's candidate, would not be appointed, made a virtue of necessity, and added his recommendation to those on Mr. Russell's application.

General Mahone and his wife, son and daughter arrived here from New York last night and stopped at the Arlington Hotel. The General will stay here for several days, but his family expect to go to their home in Petersburg to-morrow, where they will remain at least until the spring, after which time it is uncertain where they will live. The ship on which the General's wife and daughter came from Europe had a seven days' and stormy trip during the most of which both those ladies were confined to their beds by seasickness.

The track of the cable railroad on 7th street is now laid to the river, and will soon be completed; but the president of the railroad company says he expects to use horse cars on it until March. When the cable is running, he says, the rate of speed will be nine miles an hour.

Representatives Browne and Bowden, the only two republicans from Virginia now in Congress, are here to-day. A meeting of the southern republican members of the House was held last night, but as only eight of the seventeen were present, nothing was done.

Representative Springer of Illinois, a democrat, talks as though he thinks the republicans have a precedent for allowing certain republican contestants for seats in the House to take part in the organization of that body. Representative Mills, on the contrary, says such action would be revolutionary, that the democrats in the House have always admitted the men holding the Governors' certificates, and that he once moved that two negro republicans from South Carolina be admitted because they held the certificate of the Governor of their State.

The following changes in the 4th class postoffices of Virginia were made to-day: C. J. Mohler appointed postmaster at Centreville, Fairfax county; C. W. Willey at Great Bridge, Norfolk county, and J. C. Payne at Shiloh, King George county.

Postmaster General Wanamaker, deeming it more profitable to keep his promise to a South Carolina republican than to Senator Hampton, to whom he had previously made one, has removed the democratic postmaster at Columbia and appointed a republican in his place. The order in this case was suspended after Senator Hampton's recent letter.

The State Debt.

Mr. Wm. L. Royall, the counsel for the foreign bondholders, says: "Ever since I have had charge of the creditors' interests I have desired to prevent their having any sort of communication with Gen. Mahone, and have striven to bring about an adjustment of the public debt, because I believed that a compromise by agreement was more to their interests than the recovery of their entire claim through prolonged litigation. I can't say what the prospects of an early adjustment are, but they ought to be almost certain. The resources of the State have increased enormously within the past five or six years. A few years ago the city of Roanoke was a railway station that might have been bought for $100 an acre. Property now sells there for $2 50 a front foot.

"The assessment to take place next spring will show corresponding increase in almost every quarter of the State. If the coming assessment is at all fair, it ought to show an increase of one hundred million of dollars in our taxable values, which will mean an annual increase of four hundred thousand dollars in the state's revenue. Under the proposition made by Sir Edward Thornton to the Legislature, the annual interest would have been brought below $850 000. The legislative part of the commission was willing to go as high as $750,000 per annum.

"One fourth of the increased revenue that will be derived from the new assessment would wipe out this difference. I think there will be a conference. The funding of a public debt is a slow process. The funding act of April, 1871, was in force for a whole year with extraordinary inducements offered to creditors, and yet less than two thirds of the debt was funded during that time. Virginia's credit has been dragged down to zero since, and it is not probable that her bondholders will be any more eager to fund now than they were then. It is probable that not one half of the whole interest would be called for the first year."

Canvassing the Vote.

The State board of canvassers in Richmond yesterday resumed the work of canvassing the returns of the recent election. In the contested senatorial case from Sussex the board awarded the seat to Judge J. D. Yarrell, the democratic claimant. The irregularities in that county which gave Yarrell the certificate, also induce the board to award the House seat from that county and Greensville to Richard D. Hartley, democrat. In the Sussex case Governor Lee voted against throwing out that county on account of the irregularities in the returns. The board continued their work until Scott county was reached. No returns having been received from there, a special messenger was dispatched to Estilleville, the county seat, to obtain them. To-day the board will resume their work and continue it until the whole vote is completed. The canvass of vote for members of the legislature was completed yesterday. The result is that the democrats will have 31 members in the Senate and 85 in the House.

RICHMOND'S NEW POSTMASTER.—The President yesterday evening appointed Otis H. Russell postmaster at Richmond vice Wm. H. Collingsworth, removed. It is said the appointment of Col. Russell was something of a surprise to Richmond politicians. He was for many years a bitter opponent of Gen. Mahone, and in the early days of the readjuster fight belonged to the Wickham wing of the republican party. It is understood that Col. Russell's appointment was made by the President as a compromise between the candidates backed by Gen. Mahone and the kickers. Col. Russell was for several years the collector of customs in Richmond, appointed by the Arthur administration, and held over during the greater part of Mr. Cleveland's term.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

John King jr., has been again elected President of the Erie Railroad.

Nearly all of the allbis of the suspects in the Cronin case were disproved.

Germany, Portugal and England are all busily engaged in "the grab for Africa."

The New York Aldermen have decided to let hand organ grinders play on the streets.

For the first time since August 29, 1888, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad common stock sold yesterday at par.

No more appointments of Presidential postmasters will be made prior to the convening of Congress.

Cable dispatches from Rio Janeiro say that no foreign government has yet recognized the provisional government of Brazil.

In New York yesterday Mrs. Southworth did not give her testimony at the Pettus inquest, and on rendition of the verdict was committed for murder.

At a conference at Nottingham, Eng, Lord Salisbury said the views of Mr. Gladstone looking to the separation of Ireland from Great Britian were waking no head way in England.

Herr Krupp, the great German iron founder, will, it is again said, establish a branch in this country of his famous manufactory to secure himself against the contingencies of a European war.

The commission of Virgil P. Clayton as postmaster at Columbia, S. C., was yesterday forwarded to him. This is the case about which Senator Hampton wrote an open letter to the Postmaster-General.

The Turkish journal *Saadet* reports that the steamship India, with 500 Mohammedan pilgrims on board, has been sunk in the Ægean sea, and that of all on board only the captain and two passengers survive.

A fire broke out in Leechburg, Pa., about 6 o'clock yesterday evening, and for three hours raged fiercely, destroying a large portion of the business and residence section of the town, causing a loss of about $100 000.

Joseph Vermillion was committed to jail at Marlborough, Md., yesterday charged, on the testimony of one his brothers, with starting the incendiary fires near Mulliken's station, Prince George's county. Five members of his family are also in jail.

The building known as the "Old John Brown Fort," at Harper's Ferry, has been sold to William S. Brown, of Kansas City. The purchaser is as yet undecided whether he will remove the fort to Boston, New York, Chicago, or Kansas City.

The National Silver Convention met at the Exposition Building in St. Louis, yesterday, with about 350 delegates in their seats. A. J. Warner, of Ohio, was made chairman. A number of resolutions to be referred to the committee on resolutions were read.

News has reached Raleigh, N. C., of a fatal cyclone which swept through Beaufort county. At Campbell's creek, six miles from Aurora, several houses were blown down and Dick Philips, colored, was killed, as were his five children, and several others were badly hurt. Reports just received say others were killed.

Some of the southern republican members of Congress held a conference in Washington last night at the rooms of Representative McComas, of Maryland. A general interchange of views was had. No agreement was reached as to the candidate for the speakership, the general feeling being that the members individually would support that candidate whose record gave promise of most advantage to the legislation in which each member's own section is most interested.

The people of Cherryville, Gaston county, N. C., were awakened late Friday night by the firing of many guns and pistols in the street. Several houses were fired into and the inmates narrowly escaped death or injury. The object of the firing is supposed to have been assassination and great excitement prevailed. The marauders escaped. The dwellings of Dr. A. W. Howell and A. B. Elliott were riddled with bullets. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott were driven from their bed, and Dr. Howell's lamp by which he had been reading was shattered.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

United States Senator Daniel will be one of the counsel for the Miller brothers, charged with the murder of Dr. Walker and wife at Brownsburg, Rockbridge county.

Ernest L Arthur, assistant postmaster at Sycamore, Pittsylvania county, was yesterday arrested for stealing registered letters. The sum of money taken amounted to about $140.

A committee has been appointed to recommend a successor of Gen. F. H. Smith as superintendent of the Virginia Military Institute. General Charles W. Field is spoken of for the position.

Dr. John Clopton, first assistant at the Eastern Lunatic Asylum, intends to resign. Dr. Clopton has been connected with this asylum for about 20 years, and now resigns on account of ill health.

The proposition made before the Richmond school board to demolish the Jeff Davis mansion has caused something of a sensation. Great opposition is manifested to tearing down this historic landmark of the Southern Confederacy, especially as Mr. Davis's end may not be many years off.

In the U. S. Court in Danville yesterday the cases of the two North Danville men arrested some time ago charged with intimidating voters at the congressional election last year were continued, some important questions having arisen. The men were released on their own recognizance.

Patents were issued yesterday to the following Virginians: Carlo F. Z Caracristi, Granite, assignor to J. E. Rockwell, Richmond, railway tie, chair and clamp; Kent H. Carper, Salem, shank conductor; V. C Chrisman, Clifftop, assignor to J. A. McGuffin, Sewell Depot, car coupling; James D. Cleek, Abingdon, vehicle spring; James E. A. Gibb, Steele's Tavern, sewing machine take-up.

A COLORED GIRL'S REVENGE.—Wm. B. Lamprey, a retired millionaire manufacturer residing at Haverhill, Mass., was awakened yesterday morning by smoke pouring into his room. An investigation showed that the furniture and pictures in the dining-room had been piled together and set on fire. The blaze with difficulty was extinguished, when the family discovered lying unconscious on the floor a young colored servant named Bessie Grieves with her throat cut, while by her side was a cup of poison. Physicians rallied the girl sufficiently for her to confess that she had started the fire. She came from Richmond, Va, two years ago, was of light complexion and quite pretty. The prejudice against her race not existing at Haverhill, she soon had a white lover, who intended to wed her until her mistress persuaded him not to commit himself and probably ruin his whole life. In despair and for revenge the girl fired the house and put an end to her life.

When winter's wind, with mad turmoil
Sweeps over hills and plains,
'Tis then you need Salvation Oil
To heal your aches and pains.

POSTSCRIPT

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

The Lynn Fire.

LYNN, Mass, Nov. 27.—In proportion to its area and population, this city yesterday suffered a larger loss than any other city in Massachusetts during the present century. It began like the great fire in Boston, in November, 1872, in buildings that apparently could be easily reached, but as the flames spread the heat became so intense that for several hours human skill to stay them was of no avail. In extent of territory the burnt district of Lynn is about the same as that of Boston, in 1872, and the loss was relatively about the same. It was a pitiful sight here to witness the breaking up of homes and the frantic efforts of occupants to save household treasures and other effects most of which were doomed to destruction. Prominent manufacturers are now of the opinion that the total loss will reach nearly $5,000,000. The number of buildings burned was 296 of which 46 were brick blocks, 108 wooden buildings used for business purposes and 142 dwellings occupied by 164 families. The number of laboring people thrown out of work is estimated at 8,000. The city is to-day well patrolled by the militia, 250 men being on duty. The men are stationed at the entrances of the ruined streets barring all approach to the burned district. Guards are stationed at the stores that are but partially cleaned out to prevent thieves from taking what is left. Through the Associated Charities many families were furnished lodging last night and rations of hot soup, crackers and bread are being served to all in need of food. As soon as some plan for assistance can be devised the work of providing for destitute families will progress rapidly. At two o'clock this morning the fire apparatus from Boston and other places took their departure.

Terrible Lynching.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 27.—On Sunday night at Preston, in Trempleau county, this State, Hans Jacob Olsen, aged 50 years, was torn from his house and lynched by a party of masked men. Olsen was partially insane and somewhat quarrelsome, and had been ordered by neighbors to leave the country. He neglected to do so and was strung up. Olsen was seized in bed, pulled out and his hands tied behind him despite his desperate struggles and the screams of the family. Without even allowing him time to put on his clothes the men led him out of the house. Once outside Olsen learned what was to be done with him. He struggled to free his hands, tearing the flesh from his wrists until they bled freely; but finding himself unable to get loose, submitted in sullen silence. The rope was put around his neck and willing hands drew him up to strangle. His legs were not tied and his kicking and struggling was fearful. The mob remained some time, however, lest he might be cut down before he was dead. Then after shouting threats of lynching any one who should dare cut down the body, they dispersed. It is Preston's common gossip that the lynchers were led by one of the most prominent farmers in Preston.

The Late Train Robbery

GAINESVILLE, Tex., Nov. 27.—The big train robbery in the Indian Territory Monday night has been the general topic discussed to-day. The Wells Fargo express company say the amount lost is $800, but there is every reason to believe that between $30,000 and $50 000 was obtained. It is known that every day for thirty days past thousands of dollars have been brought into Texas on the through Santa Fe train to be used in moving the Texas crops. Not a dollar of money had been put off at any station south of Arkansas City. The robbers did as they pleased with the express car after the guard Frazier and Deputy U. S. Marshal had given up their fight, and certainly did not overlook any money. It is stated that the railroad officials were warned that the robbery would be attempted, and for that reason had the guard and deputy marshal on the train. It is known that one of the robbers was wounded, for a trail of blood leads from the scene for some distance from the track where it is lost. Several posses have been in pursuit all day. When the passengers found out that the train was being robbed, seven or eight ladies fainted and there was a lively scene when the men began to hide their watches and money.

Murder and Suicide.

ROCKLAND, Me., Nov. 27.—Geo. Clough, the young man who shot Mrs. J. G. Ludwig and her niece, Eva Wooster, last evening, was found dead this morning in the yard of W. H. Smith, whose premises adjoin his father's house on Trinity street, with a bullet in his right temple. A 32 calibre revolver was lying two feet from him with two chambers empty. Clough some months ago became infatuated with Mrs. Ludwig and has annoyed her by forcing his attentions upon her. Constant rebuffs made him all the more persistent and he has on several occasions threatened her life. Meeting her on the street yesterday afternoon he carried his threat into execution.

Rescued from a Burning Ship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The 59 persons rescued from the steamer Santiago, burned at sea November 19, were landed here to-day. In addition to the captain and a crew of 54 there were 4 passengers. During the preparations for leaving the burning vessel the 189 head of cattle on the steamer were cut loose, and many of the poor beasts jumped overboard to avoid the flames. Their bellowings and moans were heartrending. Throughout the excitement on the Santiago Mrs. Knight, the only woman passenger, behaved heroically.

Uncle Remus has wisely declared that a "mule don't kick 'cording to no rule," and "that colds have no systematic way of taking hold of a person. The only safe cure, when they do, is a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Looking for Stolen Money.

ASHLAND, Wis., Nov. 27.—Wholesale arrests of persons connected with the sporting resorts of Hurley were made last night by Ashland county officers. The arrests were made for the purpose of cleaning out the notorious La Clair dives, but really the officers intend to make a thorough search for the missing $39,000 that was stolen from the Iron Exchange bank. It is understood that the woman Thayer if she is not really a detective in the employ of Col. Byrne, has at least given the officers valuable pointers as to the locality of the missing treasure. Nothing will be left undone in the efforts to discover the money. The examination of Phelps Perrin will be held Friday at Ashland.

Found Guilty.

ANTWERP, Nov. 27.—The trial of M. Corvillain, the proprietor of the cartridge factory in which the disastrous explosion occurred last September, which resulted in the death of many persons and the destruction of much property, and M. Delauney, the engineer of the factory, who were charged with homicide by imprudence, was concluded to day. The prisoners were convicted and the judge sentenced M. Corvillain to four years and six months and M. Delauney to one year and one months imprisonment and to pay a fine of 2,500 francs each.

Cold Wave Coming.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—A general storm now prevails over the country east of the Mississippi, with gales on the lakes and a cold wave advancing from the northwest, which will cover the Ohio valley to-night and Thursday, with decided prospects of interruptions to telegraphic communication in these sections and interference with railway travel. These conditions will probably move eastward Thursday with possibly increasing severity.

Severe Snow Storm.

ASPEN, Col., Nov. 27.—The heaviest snow in years has fallen during the past three days. Many snow slides have occurred. No loss of human life is reported yet, though several parties are known to have been in the neighborhood of the slides. Two men were caught in Lincoln Gulch and buried, together with their team and wagon. The men were slightly injuried and the horses were killed.

The Fire at Lynn.

As stated in the GAZETTE, the prosperous manufacturing city of Lynn, Mass., near Boston, was visited yesterday by an appalling conflagration, which swept over an area of a square mile in the heart of the town and was stopped only when it reached the shore of Massachusetts bay. The fire started at noon in the four story wooden building of Mower & Brothers, on Almont street, and burned till 8:30 in the evening. Among the buildings burned were the Boston and Maine Railroad station, Western Union Telegraph office, all the newspaper offices and nearly forty shoe factories. Hundreds of small dwellings were also burned, and several bank buildings and churches were included in the sweep of the flames. Thousands of operatives in the shoe factories are thrown out of work, and the many homeless families have been furnished temporary refuge in churches, schoolhouses and public halls. Thieves came in from Boston and other places in large numbers, and the amount of stealing was large. No accurate estimate of the loss can, of course, be made at present, but it is approximately estimated at ten million dollars. Assistance was sent from the surrounding cities, but despite the efforts of the firemen the flames spread till they reached the shore of Massachusetts bay, and further progress was impossible.

Mr. Blaine's Dinner.

Secretary Blaine gave a dinner to the delegates to the International Marine Conference at the Normandie, in Washington, last night. Covers were laid for sixty-two persons, and beside the delegates and attaches of the conference there were present Sir Julian Pauncefote, British minister; Baron Mumm, German charge d'affaires; Senor Romero, Mexican minister; Vice-President Morton, Secretaries Noble and Rusk and others. The table was a dream of delight. Electric lights were the principal feature of the decoration, the successful experiment at the dinner to the Pan-American delegates having been improved on. The centre of the table was a mass of foliage and cut roses, from underneath which came the glow of numerous incandescent lights, like the rich beams of a tropical sunrise. Around this ran a wide strip of red plush, on which trailed a ribbon of smilax. At intervals under the smilax were tiny lamps, with shades of the shape and color of morning-glories. At the four corners stood figure-pieces, the most striking being a full rigged ship and a model of the statue of the Goddess of Liberty in New York harbor, the torch in her uplifted hand being a diminutive electric light. There were no after dinner speeches.

Court of Appeals Yesterday.

Pattijohn's executor against Woodruff's administrator. Argued by J. H. Lewis, esq, for appellee, and E S. Brown, esq., for appellant and submitted.

Mosby's administrator against Johnson's executor. Argued by E S. Brown, esq, for appellant, and Judge W. R. Staples for appelees and submitted.

Mahoney against City of Portsmouth. Argued by Judge W. H. Burroughs for plaintiff in error.

Taylor and others against Board of Supervisors of Greensville county. Petition for rehearing denied.

Gov. and Mrs. Lee will give the first reception of the season at the Executive Mansion in Richmond to-night.

The quality of Stonebraker's goods, are superior to any we ever handled, and we recommend them to the trade because we make trade wherever we sell them.

Respectfully, HILL & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, Washington, D. C.

MARRIED

In Washington, D. C., Tuesday, Nov. 26, 1889, by Rev. George H. Corey, SUSIE, eldest daughter of William Grau, to COURTLEN JOHNSON, both of Fairfax county, Va.

NOTICE.

A notice to all persons who are indebted to the late firm of KELLY & CARR to pay the same to the said Jas. W. Carr at once; and all claims due the said firm that are not paid in sixty days from this date shall be placed by the said Carr in the hands of an attorney for collection

DUFF PAYNE,
Admr. of G. F. Kelly.

JAS. W. CARR. nov27 1m

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—In the stock market this morning there was a moderate degree of animation in a half dozen of the usually active stocks, but their fluctuations were comparatively small and unimportant, and the market was quiet, being heavy at first, but rallying later in the hour. First prices were generally lower than last evening's figures. The market became quiet toward the close of the hour, and at 11 o'clock it was quiet and steady at about opening prices. Money easy at 5a6.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE NOV 27

Flour, fine	$2 00	@	2 50
Superfine	3 00	@	3 25
Extra	3 25	@	3 85
Family	4 25	@	4 75
Fancy brands	5 00	@	5 50
Wheat, Longberry	0 75	@	0 80
Fultz	0 75	@	0 79
Mixed	0 73	@	0 80
Fair Wheat	0 62	@	0 72
Damp and tough	0 50	@	0 62
Corn, white, old	0 42	@	0 43
Yellow, old	0 41	@	0 42
Mixed	0 41	@	0 42
New	0 37	@	0 41
Corn Meal	0 47	@	0 50
Rye	0 40	@	0 53
Oats	0 24	@	0 29
Butter, Virginia prime	0 16	@	0 18
Common to middling	0 12	@	0 16
Eggs	0 24	@	0 25
Live Chickens (hens)	0 8	@	0 9
Dressed Turkeys	0 12	@	0 14
" Chickens	0 10	@	0 12
Spring Chickens	0 9	@	0 10
Veal Calves	0 3½	@	0 5½
Grass Calves	0 2	@	0 3
Dressed Hogs, small	0 4½	@	0 5
" large	0 4	@	0 4½
Irish Potatoes per bushel	0 35	@	0 45
Onions	0 70	@	0 85
Apples per bbl	1 50	@	2 50
Dried Peaches, peeled	0 8	@	0 9
" " unpeeled	0 4	@	0 5
" Cherries	0 8	@	0 10
Bacon—Hams, country	0 12	@	0 12½
Best sugar cured Hams	0 12	@	0 12½
Butchers' Hams	0 12	@	0 12½
Breakfast Bacon	0 8½	@	0 9
Sugar-cured Shoulders	0 6½	@	0 6¾
Bulk shoulders	0 5½	@	0 5¾
" lg. cl. sides	0 6¼	@	0 6½
" fat backs	0 5½	@	0 5¾
" bellies	0 6⅜	@	0 6½
Bacon Shoulders	0 6	@	0 6¼
" Sides	0 7¼	@	0 7½
Lard	0 6½	@	0 7½
Smoked Beef	0 11½	@	0 13
Sugars—Brown	0 5⅝	@	0 5⅞
Off A	0 6⅝	@	0 6¾
Conf. Standard A	0 6⅞	@	0 7
Granulated	0 7¼	@	0 7⅜
Coffees—Rio	0 17½	@	0 20
La Guayra	0 19	@	0 22
Java	0 22	@	0 24
Molasses B. S.	0 15	@	0 16
" C. B.	0 17	@	0 22
New Orleans	0 25	@	0 40
Porto Rico	0 22	@	0 30
Sugar Syrups	0 25	@	0 35
Herring, Eastern, per bbl	3 75	@	4 25
Potomac No. 1	3 00	@	3 25
Pot. Family Roe ⅊ bbl.	4 25	@	4 75
Do. ⅊ half barrel	2 50	@	2 75
Mackerel, small, per bbl	0 00	@	0 00
" No. 3, medium	18 00	@	22 00
" No. 3, large fat	20 00	@	24 00
" No. 2	25 00	@	27 00
Clover Seed	5 00	@	5 75
Timothy	1 65	@	1 70
Old Process Linseed Meal	31 00	@	32 00
Plaster, ground, per ton	4 75	@	5 00
Ground in bags	6 10	@	6 50
Lump	3 50	@	3 75
Salt—G.A. (Liverpool)	0 70	@	0 85
Fine	1 30	@	1 50
Turk's Island	1 25	@	1 30
Wool—Long unwashed	0 26	@	0 28
Washed	0 32	@	0 35
Merino, unwashed	0 20	@	0 22
Do. Washed	0 32	@	0 35
Sumac	0 70	@	0 75
Hay	16 00	@	18 00
Cut do	20 00	@	21 00
Wheat Bran ⅊ ton ⅊ car	13 75	@	14 00
Brown Middlings "	14 00	@	14 50
White Middlings "	17 00	@	17 50
Cotton Seed Meal "	24 00	@	25 00

Flour is steady and without change; the demand is fair. Wheat is quiet; range, as to condition, 55a80, the latter for prime milling samples. Corn is firm at 38a43. Rye is active at 47a51. Oats 25a29. Country produce is fairly active at quotations, but prices are expected to fall after Thanksgiving Day.

In Baltimore Southern Wheat is quiet but very steady as to prices, with offerings light and showing mediocrity in quality. Millers bought good samples at 78, 79, 80 and 81, and other sales afloat were inferior at 58, 60 and 65, and fair at 70, 71, 73 and 75. There were no sales to grade but steamer is nominal at say 74 and No. 2 red at 79.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—Cotton dull; middling 10⅛. Flour quiet. Wheat—Southern firm; Fultz 73a83; longberry 74a84; Western quiet and easy; No 2 winter red spot and Nov 79a79¼; Dec 79½a79⅝; Jan 81¼; Feb 82¾; May 81⅝. Corn—Southern fairly active and steady; white 41a44; yellow 41a43; Western firm; mixed spot and Nov 40½a40⅝; Dec 40¼; year 38¾a39; Jan 38¾a38⅞; Feb 38⅞a39⅛; Mar 39⅜a39⅝. Oats firm; Southern and Penna 25a29½; western white 28a29½; do mixed 28a28½; No 2 white 29½ bid. Rye quiet; prime to choice 54a56. Hay in good demand; prime to choice timothy $13a13 50. Provisions dull. Butter firm; creamery 23a24. Eggs firm; Western 24a25. Coffee steady; Rio cargoes fair 19½a20. Sugar strong; A soft 6⅞

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Cotton quiet; uplands 10¼; Orleans 10½; futures steady. Flour dull and easy. Wheat active and steady. Corn quiet and strong. Pork quiet and firm at $11a11 50. Lard steady and quiet at $6 32½.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA NOVEMBER 27.

Sun rises.....6 53 | Sun sets.....4 42

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