



ALEXANDRIA, VA. TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 15.

ON THE 23 instant, Mr. Clarkson, who still draws pay as First Assistant Postmaster General, though he has not been at the Postoffice Department for two months, and though more than six weeks ago, for the third time, he announced his intended resignation, and then fixed the date thereof at the first of July, made a speech in San Francisco, in which, as reported by the Examiner of that city, he said:

"Over 60,000 Confederate soldiers to-day are republicans. The Confederacy itself has passed away with the contempt of mankind. The Confederate soldier is something better. He deserves consideration. He deserves to be admitted to the republican party. So to-day the republican party should take the Confederate soldier into consideration as well as the black man. The party should give both equal consideration."

Mr. Clarkson is General Mahone's most intimate friend among the office holders at Washington, and, so far as the federal offices in Virginia at his disposal, that is the 4th class post-offices, are concerned, distributed them in exact accordance with the General's recommendation, and did really give most of them to the ex-Confederates who had followed the General out of the democratic party, and to the entire exclusion of the Union men of the State and, to those who had joined the republican party immediately after the close of the war. But, notwithstanding all this, it thus appears, by his own words, that in doing so, Mr. Clarkson was only giving General Mahone and other ex-Confederates the same consideration he gave to negroes, and that he wants them to be thoroughly aware of that fact. How do the General and his followers who supported the cause which, according to Mr. Clarkson, has passed away with the contempt of mankind, relish such distinguished consideration?

PRESIDENT HARRISON has gone out of his way to order that special and exceptional honors be paid to the memory of the late General Fremont. The republican press of the country has also apotheosized the deceased. Nothing could have been more unwise. Few men deserve such honors, and when they are conferred upon those who do not deserve them, they tend to throw doubt even upon well-merited fame. Few deserve them less than General Fremont; but his unworthiness would probably have been passed over, upon the idea that nothing but good should be said of the dead, had he not been set up in the light of all by the action referred to of the President and the republican press. He was sentenced to dismissal from the army for mutiny and insubordination in 1847, and was only saved by Presidential pardon and by a resignation. In 1873 he was tried for fraud in Paris and was sentenced by default to fine and imprisonment. Though a southerner, he was the first man to make the war one for the liberation of the slaves, and had his orders to that effect annulled by President Lincoln in a special order. In 1861 he was again removed from his command in the army, and in 1862 he left the army for good, until the republican Congress put him on the retired list.

Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson in a recent speech, said "the republican party was trying to protect the purity of the ballot in the South." Mr. Clarkson may be trying to protect the purity of the ballot in the South, but that he did not try to protect it in the North, at the last national election, goes without saying, as was proved by his purchase of the stolen subscription list of the Voice, and by his being a party to Col Dudley's infamous blocks of five circulars. But Mr. Clarkson's true character was exposed when, having told Postmaster Agnew of this city that no application for a post-office in Virginia would be considered unless it bore the signature of General Mahone, he denied to the President that he had ever said anything of the kind, and, what's more, with monumental effrontery, made that denial in the presence of Mr. Agnew.

NO MATTER how many republican U. S. Senators were absent from the republican caucus of the Senate last night republican caucus action has become as binding upon republican Senators as it is upon the republican members of the House, and as a large majority of the Senate republican caucus want to change the existing rules for the government of debate in the Senate, and to impose the gag law upon their democratic colleagues, it is risking little or nothing to say that that law will be adopted, and that under it the Force bill will be passed.

COL. JONES, the democratic candidate for Governor of Alabama, in response to a question by the Farmers' Alliance of his State, which has endorsed the subtreasury scheme, the wild scheme by which the government shall establish pawn shops for farm products with a nominal rate of interest, says he is utterly and entirely opposed to any such absurd and injurious project. What a bold, manly and wise contrast Col. Jones affords to some of the democratic congressmen from the South, to whom a similar question has been propounded?

THE SIMPLE fact that the Tillmanites in South Carolina are receiving the countenance and support of the white republicans and negroes of their State shows plainly enough that no right thinking democrat should have anything to do with the

Tillman movement. The movement itself shows that demagogism is as liable to succeed in the South as in the North, and has as susceptible material upon which to operate.

ACCORDING to a statement made in the Senate yesterday by Mr. Allison, the appropriation bills this year will provide for an expenditure of about five hundred million dollars. This will leave a deficit of about one hundred and fifty million, which will have to be raised by an increase in the tax on the necessities of life. It certainly did not take a republican Congress and a republican President long to reduce the surplus in the Treasury.

SECRETARY RUSK'S proposal to appoint American republicans to go to England and, upon the soil of that country, inspect cattle imported from the United States, affords a conspicuous instance of the peculiar fitness of the Secretary for a seat in President Harrison's cabinet, no matter how much out of place he would be in that of any other President.

THE BALTIMORE American asks: "Since when have parties legislated without regard to party advantages?" Never, except when the democratic party was in the majority.

FROM WASHINGTON. [Special Correspondence of the Alex. Gazette.] WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15, 1880.

A democratic politician from the Alexandria district here to-day says the two-thirds rule has caused so much delay in the action of the democratic congressional conventions in that district in recent years, that a strong effort will be made at the next one to substitute for it the majority rule, by which the proceedings of the convention will be greatly expedited.

J. H. VanAuken, a well known republican politician of Petersburg, Va., has been here for some time trying to get a place in the Treasury Department. He tried for a long time to get an office in the Interior Department, but finding that no go, has transferred his application to Secretary Windom.

The Senate finance committee this morning reported favorably a bill providing that the compulsory requirement of deposits of U. S. bonds with the Treasurer of the United States by national banks is hereby limited in amount to \$1,000 of bonds for each and every national bank, provided that the voluntary withdrawal of bonds for the retirement of national bank notes shall not exceed the sum of \$2,000,000 in any one month, and that this act shall not apply to the deposit of bonds which may be required by the Secretary of the Treasury to secure deposits of public moneys in national banks.

Mr. K. Moberly, of Norfolk, who was yesterday nominated for consul general at Guatemala is sorely disappointed. He had been led to believe that he would be sent to Japan at a salary of \$1,000. The salary of the place for which he has been nominated is only \$2,000, which, he says, he cannot afford to accept.

A Virginia republican here to-day says the effect of Mahoneism upon his party in Virginia has been to reduce the republican delegation in the legislature from 40 to 20—and that, too, though there has been a great increase in the State's population.

The Senate appropriations committee this morning refused to amend the Indian appropriation bill so as to provide for the payment of advances made by several States, including Virginia, to the government in 1812. They assigned as the reasons for doing so the facts that a bill for that purpose had passed the Senate and is on the House calendar. Subsequently Mr. Daniel introduced a resolution in the Senate directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report to the Senate the amount due the States referred to under these claims.

The House committee on elections to-day heard Judge John McClure of Arkansas, Clayton's representative, upon the Breckinridge Arkansas election case. The Judge began by attacking certain statements of Mr. Breckinridge. He charged that Breckinridge had sought to incite his partisans to treat him (McClure) as they had treated Clayton, but he warned them that if he was assassinated his friends would require a greater measure of atonement than was permitted by the Mosaic law. The Judge was for war.

CONGRESSMAN Brown, of Virginia, called at the White House this morning at the request of ex-Congressman J. R. Brown, of the Danville, Va., district, to urge the President to pardon some convicted moonshiners in that district. The President informed him that the application would have to go through the formal course.

A well known New York democrat, one who attended the Tammany banquet on the 4th inst., told the GAZETTE'S correspondent to-day he believed Governor Hill would get the vote of the solid delegation from that State in the next national democratic convention. Ex-Congressman L. F. Ferebee, whose office is now with Mr. Brier, chairman of the national democratic committee, says he does not think Mr. Cleveland is as strong now as he was six months ago.

The Director of the Mint has been informed of the shipment of \$500,000 in gold bars from New York to-day, making \$2,500,000 in the last five days. So much for the silver bill.

The Senate committee on elections has reported in favor of amending the bill to pay the heirs of Senator Johnston his salary from March 4th, 1869, instead of from January 27th, 1870, so as to make it apply to ex-Senator Lewis, also.

The Senate committee on elections has reported in favor of referring the claim of the Chesapeake Female Seminary in Elizabeth City county, Va., to the court of claims, notwithstanding the limitation bar.

For the first time since the federal election bill project was started, some of the friends of that bill this morning expressed doubts of their ability to pass it. Senator Hoar said this morning he felt greatly disheartened and was now afraid that it would not go through. He advocates still threaten to apply the gag law if the democrats evince any determination to retard the tariff bill by dilatory proceedings, but Mr. Gorman has his side pretty well in hand now, and none such will be attempted. Some of the republican Senators say with that bill and the regular appropriation bills pressed, wild horses will detain them here no longer.

The total number of pensioners at all agencies was 532,479 on May 30th last, and the allowance for clerk hire this year is \$236,920 as against \$177,856 year.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The President yesterday approved the silver bill immediately upon its receipt at the White House.

The President has ordered the flags on all public buildings at half-mast in honor of the late General Fremont.

A monument is being made at Rutland, Vt., to be erected at Annapolis in memory of the ill-fated Jeannette and Commander De Long.

The new Croton aqueduct in New York, one of the most remarkable examples of engineering skill in the world, was opened yesterday.

A discredited report was circulated in Washington yesterday to the effect that Spain wants to let Cuba to the United States for \$200,000,000.

Mr. Blaine has written a letter to Senator Frye in which he says that the McKinley bill will not open a market for another bushel of wheat or another barrel of pork.

A wealthy widow attended the Stanley marriage reception in London on Saturday, stole several silver spoons, and was convicted and sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment.

An unknown man leaped into the Niagara just at the brink of the American fall, yesterday afternoon, in full view of at least three hundred persons, the body disappearing in the mist below almost instantly.

It is the intention to take up the tariff bill in the Senate as soon as the sundry civil appropriation bill, which is now pending, is out of the way. It is believed that the democrats will fight the measure item by item with amendments, but the republicans will stand close enough together to secure the adoption of the bill in practically the form it was reported from the committee on finance.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, is very much annoyed at a proposition coming to him from his neighboring State of California to wipe out the State of Nevada from the Union. It will be shown in the census that the State of Nevada, instead of increasing in citizenship, is steadily retrogressing, and the charge that it is nothing but a "rotten borough" of mining camps, while an exaggeration, is unpleasantly suggestive to Mr. Stewart. The coming census will show that the entire population of Nevada is something less than 45,000 souls.

Crop Reports.

The following crop reports for July from the neighboring counties of Virginia have been received:

Clarke.—A correspondent from one of the best portions of the county reports wheat at 50, owing to hail-storm.

Culpeper.—Many consider the wheat the poorest crop in years, as much of it that looked well some time ago, before ripening, is quite chaffy and not well filled. As very little of the crop has been threshed the real condition of the crop is yet uncertain. Corn is quite promising. Oats are a very poor crop, but seem to be filling better than anticipated, and the apple is not so bad as earlier. Peaches are a total failure, and apples are nearly so.

King George.—Oats were injured very much in May by bugs. Wheat is shorter than anticipated, owing to March frosts. The quality of grain is good.

Loudoun.—We had one of the best seasons for vegetation in many years, and the outlook for the farmer would be very encouraging if products would bring better prices.

Orange.—Black rot is ravaging grapes. Season has been fairly good for crops. Wheat is very poor.

Prince William.—A partial failure in the filling of wheat. Oats do not exceed a half crop, being eaten up by lice and blighted by rust. Grapes are rotting very much. Corn looks well for the season.

Stafford.—Averages increased as compared to last year with its losses caused by floods. Insects this year were very destructive to corn, causing replanting, but the very favorable weather fully repaired this. Potatoes are a full average. All fruits were very much damaged by late frosts. Peaches almost a failure. Apples are dropping very much, and indicate but a partial crop.

Warren.—In some sections of the county corn is in the grass owing to excess of rain. Also damaged to some extent by hail. It is generally well worked and looks well. Wheat fell greatly below expectation. Superstition caused much of it to blight entirely in the head, other portions to fill irregularly, with plump and shriveled grain in some heads, and others to be entirely shriveled and entirely of plump grain, the variety having much to do with quality. Out of six varieties sown Fulcaster produced the most of the best quality. Irish potatoes, grapes and grass are very fine crops.

Republican Senatorial Caucus.

A caucus of the republican Senators was held last night. A report from the committee appointed to draft a change in the rules, so as to put a limitation on debate, was adopted in a somewhat modified form. After some debate it was determined to change the proposed rule so as to have debate closed after a "reasonable time" instead of after three days. In this form the rule was referred back to the caucus committee, to be reported and reported to a future caucus. The vote on this proposition showed a decisive majority of those present in favor of a change in the rules and the passage of the federal election bill. The committee presented a proposed modification of the rules under which, when a measure has been under discussion for three legislative days, a majority of the Senate could order general debate closed, and after that thirty minutes could be given to each side for debate, no Senator to speak more than once.

Of the 29 present 25 voted to change the rules and pass the federal election bill, 2 voted were cast in the negative, and 2 other Senators did not vote, one of whom was Senator Edmunds, who occupied the chair. The whole number of republican Senators is forty-seven. The vote of twenty five in the affirmative represented but little more than half of the full republican strength.

The large proportion of absentees disclosed that the proposition was unacceptable to many who preferred to throw cold water on the movement by non-participation.

The next caucus may not be held for several days. In the meantime it is understood that the sundry civil appropriation bill will be disposed of and the tariff bill taken up, but it is also the understanding that the tariff bill will be laid aside temporarily to take up the river and harbor bill in the near future.

The August "Season" is just received, with its usual elegant display of missummer costumes. The large number of pretty designs for tennis, yachting, boating and the races will delight all lovers of out-door pleasure. It also contains a number of very new and suitable designs for costumes for home, street and evening wear. Throughout the entire pages are found useful garments of every kind and description. This number contains a great many handsome designs in art work of every kind.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The democrats of Northampton county are instructed in favor of Judge Gilmer S. Kendall for Congress.

A fire in Lynchburg yesterday damaged the wholesale grocery house of G. H. Ham & Co. to the extent of \$15,000.

Miss Harriet W. Dame, a sister of Rev. Geo. W. Dame, of Danville, died at Dover, N. H., last week, aged 73 years.

T. C. Crowder, a farmer of Prince George county, was attacked by a vicious bull on Saturday afternoon and badly gored. Five of his ribs were broken.

A destructive hail storm passed over the counties of Surry and Isle of Wight on Sunday. The storm was half a mile in width and destroyed all the crops in its path. The hailstones were much larger than walnuts, and the ground was covered with them.

It is said that Virginia will soon have in full operation comprehensive laws promoting and protecting oyster planting interests. Virginians are going into productive planting industries with zeal and intelligence. It is said an extra session of the Virginia Legislature will be held for the purpose of considering the debt settlement question, and at the same time the new oyster legislation will be urged. By using the oyster resources intelligently Virginia may add immensely to her revenues and afford relief to the agricultural and other heavily burdened interests.

Mr. W. E. Gaines has announced himself a candidate for Congress in the Fourth district. In his card he says: "Of one thing I am very sure, that Gen. Mahone's action at the recent republican meeting in Washington was not prompted by apprehensions of a repetition of our trouble of 1858. Our people fully understood that this thing repeated means more crow for the republicans and turkey for the democrats. I am so well satisfied that we will not have two republican candidates in the field at the same time again for a number of years that I have yielded to the persuasion of leading republicans of every wing of our party, and have announced myself a candidate for a seat in the 52nd Congress."

A ROBBER CAUGHT.—The police authorities believe they have at last captured one of the clever thieves who have had such a successful run among the hotels and cottages at Atlantic City, N. J., recently. His name is James Casey, and he gave his age as 21 years. He entered the Brady House early yesterday morning, and went into the room occupied by Mrs. Brady, who, suffering with toothache, lay awake. She screamed, and Casey ran down the main corridor and out through the front door. An officer saw his flight and followed him into the Russell House, opposite, where he was captured. A small bottle of chloroform and a razor were found in the prisoner's pocket, and this fact warrants the belief that he was implicated in the recent hotel robberies, although no other criminal evidence could be adduced against him at his preliminary hearing. Casey is known as a fakir and hotel runner, but Chief Eldridge says he has no record as a burglar.

COMMUNICATED.

A public spirited citizen has inaugurated a novelty in our city, for which he deserves and receives the applause of the good people of Belle Haven. From 8 to 11 p. m., weather permitting, you will find pews placed on the sidewalk on King street, between Royal and Fairfax, which are used by the public, free of cost, on conditions, while an Indian, standing on a pedestal against the wall, sings a solo in his native tongue to the great delight of all those who can hear him. Then, between songs, a company of fair skinned relatives, fish and snake stories (all new), which make the entertainment popular. More room is needed, and to gain it the City Council will be requested to give permission to erect a gallery over King street, and if the request is granted an admission fee of a nickel will be charged for a seat in the gallery. XXXX.

A SICK CHILD'S PREMONITION.—John King, a farmer, living near Guntersville, Ala., was killed by lightning a few days ago, and at the same instant his little daughter, lying sick at the house a mile away, was warned of his death. King was ploughing in a field, when a cloud came up, and he drove his team under a tree for shelter. A flash of lightning struck the tree, killing King and his horses. Just as the flash of the lightning which killed him was seen, King's little girl, who had been sick with fever, suddenly sprang up in bed, exclaiming, "Papa's dead! Papa's dead!" She was so positive he was dead that some of the family hurried to the field, where they found him dead under the tree.

A copy of the prize essay on "Practical Sanitary and Economic Cooking Adapted to Persons of Moderate and Small Means," by Mrs. Mary Hinman Abel, has been received from its publishers, the American Public Health Association, Concord, New Hampshire. If people would be satisfied with the fare it recommends, table expenses would be greatly reduced.

Three Brave Girls Saved.

Pete Walters, a passenger engineer of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, had a terrifying as well as thrilling experience Sunday morning. He was running his train at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour, and when he entered the stretch just before reaching Binghamton bridge he was horrified to see three blackberry girls on the structure. He reversed his engine and then fainted. The fireman took charge of the throttle, and when the engine was within thirty yards of the girls one of them, with remarkable presence of mind, jumped to the end of the bridge, stretched forward flat on her face and swung her feet clear of the track, hanging on to the end of the ties over the rushing waters beneath. In a moment the other girls followed her example, and just as the train swept by the last of the trio swung clear of the bridge, while, with amazement and horror plainly stamped on their countenances, the passengers and trainmen watched with anxiety the hum of forms away to and fro in mid-air. As soon as the train could be stopped the passengers and crew rushed back to the scene and rescued the brave girls from their terrible plight.

Torn to Pieces by a Thunderbolt.

Bernard Clifford, a wealthy farmer living near Lagrange, Ky., was struck by lightning Sunday and instantly killed. He was just going into his stable with his little stepson, when the lightning was seen to envelop him and the crash was heard. The current struck him just over the left ear, burned a hole through his head and glanced down the left arm, tearing the flesh from it to the bones. In a twinkling it was done, and the victim suffered no pain. His stomach was frightfully mutilated, and was literally burned out. Besides every stitch of clothing he wore was torn to shreds, and the shoes were wrenched from the charred and bloody feet. The boy was knocked down by the shock, but he managed to rise, and he had been on his feet again but a moment when another current struck him. This rendered him insensible, and he lay in a semi-conscious state for over an hour before he was discovered by some one who was passing.

Worms Inland in the Baltic, which has been longed for many generations to the Barons of Sackelberg, has just been sold to the Czar for little over 1,000,000 francs.



ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15. SENATE.

Mr. Sherman from the finance committee reported a substitute for a bill to reduce the amount of United States bonds to be required of national banks, and to restore to the channels of trade the excessive accumulations of lawful money in the treasury. The Senate then resumed consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill.

HOUSE.

Mr. Enloe, of Tennessee, referring to his correction of the record made yesterday, upon an immaterial point, stated that the manuscript of the official reporters was absolutely correct, but that the omission had occurred in the printed record; and the record was amended so as to correspond with the reporter's transcript.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, moved that the House go into committee of the whole for the consideration of the bill appropriating \$636,189, for an additional clerical force to carry into effect the provisions of the dependent pension act. The additional force provided for is 636. Pending this motion, he moved that the general debate be limited to two hours.

Agreed to—yeas, 114; nays, 60. One hundred and twenty-two members were announced as paired on this vote.

The previous motion was then agreed to—yeas, 135; nays, 37—and accordingly the House went into committee on the bill stated.

The Late Storm.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 15.—Another victim of the Lake Gervais cyclone died yesterday. It was Mrs. John Clark, whose home at Little Canada was wrecked. Her left arm was torn off and her lung exposed. She died in great agony. A silver pierced her husband just above the heart and though he hovers between life and death it is thought he has a chance to recover. The house of Robert Baumgartner nearby was also completely wrecked, but the family escaped by going into the cellar.

LAKE CITY, Minn., July 15.—The lake shore was made to reverberate this morning with the thunder of dynamite, which was brought into requisition in the hope that it would be of help in bringing some of the as yet unrecovered bodies to the surface. The military guard was kept up all night at the beach and they kept back the spectators.

RED WING, Minn., July 15.—The sixty-six bodies that were brought here yesterday were laid out in an empty store room, and to this place came friends to claim their dead. All day long the long pine boxes were being carried from the store room to the stricken homes of the city, and at many a hearthstone but one or two survivors of a family awaited the coming of the dead. This is a day of funerals, nearly all of the bodies yet recovered being carried to the "Gode Acre" where the last words of farewell and consolation are being spoken.

LAKE CITY, Minn., July 15.—Nothing new has developed along the lake shore, no bodies having been recovered up to noon.

Foreign News.

LONDON, July 15.—Mr. Stanley continues ill. The Queen has sent a message by telegraph making inquiries as to his condition. Towns of Uclay and Sowiezen in Russia have been nearly destroyed by incendiary fires.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 15.—The fire on Saturday in the Stamboul quarter destroyed a thousand houses and ruined 125 timber merchants. It is feared that many lives were lost.

MADRID, July 15.—The Gazette says that in the last two months there have been 445 cases of cholera in Spain. Of these 251 have been fatal.

VIENNA, July 15.—The elections for members of the Salzburg diet have given the German liberals a majority. This indicates a revolt of the peasantry against the landed clergy interest.

COLOGNE, July 15.—The American riflemen arrived here this morning from Berlin and proceeded to Konigswinter and St. bongebrige.

RIO JANEIRO, July 15.—Yesterday was a national feast day in Brazil. The streets of this city were decorated. At night there was a display of fireworks and the city was illuminated.

He Was Trying to Produce Rain.

NEVADA, Mo., July 15.—James Howard, the 18-year-old son of A. H. Howard, of Lake township, left his father's house on Sunday morning, saying he was going to bring on a rain to save the crops. He went to a country church near by, which he set on fire, and then started a fire in a number of hay ricks a half mile away. He was arrested. He declared that it was his intention to have burned all the hay in the neighborhood, and also the new town of Richards, in order to bring on a rain. He was sent to an insane asylum.

Tariff Reform.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Eight counties of Maryland have each organized a tariff reform club. These clubs met in conference to-day in the rooms of the Maryland Tariff Reform Club in this city. Mr. James Alfred Pearce presiding. After an interchange of views concerning the work already done, a letter was read from ex-President Cleveland giving expression to his sympathy with the object of the conference and his gratification with the evidences presented of activity in aid of tariff reform within the State.

None Got Away.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 15.—The wife of Randall Smith, a farmer in Conecunt county, Ala., on Saturday night gave birth to twins. On the same night one of the Smith cows gave birth to twin calves, and a mare to

twin colts. The three sets of twins are all doing well.

The Appraisers of Merchandise. WASHINGTON, July 15.—The Senate committee on finance to-day ordered a favorable report upon the nominations of the five appraisers of merchandise, nominated two weeks ago under the customs administrative bill.

Telegraphic Brevities.

The yacht Marion, of South Boston, struck a rock last night off Rye Beach, and was sunk. Three of the crew were drowned.

While excavating for a new building in Pittsburg, Pa., this morning, an embankment caved in burying three men. One will die.

At the school election at Salt Lake, yesterday, the liberals carried three of the precincts, giving them a majority of the board of education.

Shortly before noon to-day Geo. Daebel, rag warehouse at Cincinnati was discovered to be on fire. A frightful panic seized the female employees, but with the use of the fire escape they were all rescued.

A 16-year old boy was arrested at Green Bay, Wis., yesterday, charged with robbing the Chicago & Northwestern R. Co. A dray load of boots, shoes, trousers, stockings etc., was found at the boy's home.

John Roth, who outdid Tanner in his celebrated fast, died at Galena, Ill., yesterday, having passed his sixtieth day of total abstinence from food or nourishment of any kind except a slight quantity of water which was forced into his stomach every 21 hours.

Hugo Blindsee and his two sons, aged six and twelve years, were struck by a train as a crossing in Chicago last night and fatally injured. The sudden closing of the guard gates penned the unfortunate trio helplessly on the tracks in front of the coming train.

Walker W. Harris and William Callagy, engineer and fireman of a West Shore freight train, were killed in a collision between their train and a western New York and Philadelphia train at Genesee Valley Junction, N. Y., this morning.

The ten days fest at Brussels in honor of the sixtieth anniversary of Belgian independence and the twenty-fifth year of King Leopold's reign, commences on the 20th inst., with the unveiling by the Burgomaster of several statues which complete the historical decorations of the Sablon Square.

It is not at all unlikely that this season will prove one of the best for the Canadian fisheries that Canada has had for some years past. A confidential circular of the Boston Fish Bureau shows that the importation of mackerel at that port up to July 11 were away ahead of last year and 1888.

DRY GOODS.

OFFICE OF WOODWARD & LOTHROP, CORNER 11th and F STREETS, N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Tuesday, July 15, 1880.

Store closes this evening at 5 o'clock. Saturdays at 1 p. m.

We beg to announce that our Mr. Shirley will sail for Europe per steamer La Gascogne on Saturday, July 19, and while abroad will purchase Fall and Winter Novelties in the Paris, Berlin, and London markets for the opening of our new store on 10th street, now approaching completion.

We have just received 5,000 Lace Pins, which we are offering at only 5c each.

Two New Values in Silks.—We have just received another shipment of 27-inch Black Japanese Silk, "French" dye, which we are offering at only \$1 per yard.

Also 26-inch Black French Surats at 75c per yard. (First floor, annex.)

Special Inducements in Ladies' Low-priced All-wool Jerseys.—Ladies' All-wool Jerseys, cashmere finish. Only \$1 each.

Ladies' All-wool Jerseys, fine quality. Only \$1.50 each.

Ladies' Fine Quality All-wool Jerseys, with vest. Only \$2 and \$2.50 each.

Ladies' All-wool Braided Jerseys, new and attractive patterns. Only \$2.50 each.

Ladies' All-wool Fine Quality Plain Jerseys, with vest and high sleeves; extremely dressy. Only \$3 each.

New and Elegant Styles of Ladies' Braided Jerseys, in the finest grades, \$3.50 to \$5 each. (Third floor.)

Reduction of Light-Weight Black Materials.—Two Patterns in Combination (stripe and plain) Reduced to \$10.

3 Patterns in Camel's Hair Grenadine. Reduced to \$14.

4 Patterns in Camel's Hair Barge. Reduced to \$14. (First floor, annex.)

Goods delivered in Alexandria.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP, CORNER 11th AND F STREETS N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.