



ALEXANDRIA, VA. THURSDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 23.

A prominent and rich northern republican politician recently expressed his opinion of the opposition to a high tariff in the following words: "Under a cheap overcoat you will find a cheap man." Another one said: "Yes, the tariff bill will raise the price of coats, but if a man can't afford to buy two coats let him make one do." The idea conveyed in these two heartless remarks is the one upon which the whole McKinley bill is founded, the intention to benefit the rich, without the slightest regard to the effect upon the poor.

Even the hardest teacher, experience, can not teach some people; but for all that, it is hoped no democrat in this district, or in any other in the State, will be induced to slacken his efforts to elect the regularly nominated democratic candidate for Congress, by reason of any belief that that candidate, or any of them, will vote for that candidate. The negroes get their orders from Washington and obey them implicitly, and those orders are to the effect that they shall vote against the democratic candidate.

Fred Douglass, in his recent speech to his race at Washington, said "Senator Ingalls' argument against the admixture of the races is intense but narrow, brilliant but unsound, learned but inconsequent and illogical." Fred, is a firm believer in miscegenation, both in theory and practice, and takes his white wife about with him on all occasions. Langston also says white and black blood ought to commingle. The worst of all this is that President Harrison has told these men that the whole power of the administration will be exerted in their favor, and that their race looks upon them as its leaders and accepts their teachings as gospel truth.

Mr. McKINLEY told Gov. Hill of New York, yesterday, the Force bill would be passed at the next session of Congress, whether the democrats be successful or not at the coming election. But, unless the republican majority in the present Congress, be fully determined upon actual revolution, it is hardly possible they will attempt any such action in the face of a large popular opposition majority. The most effective way, therefore, by which the passage of the bill referred to can be defeated, is for every man to try to make that majority as large as possible; and every wise man, who has any interest in the welfare of the South, will do so.

The republican committee of the Richmond congressional district read the handwriting on the wall, and have already commenced their vain explanations of their anticipated overwhelming defeat next month, by the groundless assertion that there will be a "free vote and a fair count" in that district. The white majority in the Richmond district have determined to resent the outrage perpetrated upon them by the present republican Congress, by re-electing Mr. Wise by a majority so large that nobody will have the effrontery to dispute it.

A DISPATCH from New York to the Richmond State attributes the fast time made by the steamship Teutonic to the fact of her having used Virginia coal. Why, every coal man knows that Virginia produces the finest soft coal in the world. If foreigners could only pay for it with the product of their countries, instead of with scarce gold, as they are compelled to do by the tariff, the demand for, and consequently the price of, labor in the Virginia coal mines would be greatly increased.

Even so ultra a republican as Mr. McKINLEY, the author of the new tariff bill, is opposed to fighting the democrats with independents, though they almost invariably develop into republicans. He says "there is room enough for only two parties." In this, at least, he is right. If a man doesn't approve of either the principles or the policy of his party, as expressed in the regular party way, he should manifest his opposition boldly by voting with the other party.

CONGRESSMAN DORSEY's letter to Senator Quay, asking him to direct the manufacturers to change their price lists, referred to yesterday, shows that the prevailing opinion on the subject, among the republican party is that the republican organization not only controls the government, but the business of this country, and that the mandate of the managers of the republican party must be obeyed.

Albert Ludemeyer, of Kewanee county, Wis., yesterday quarreled with his bride about the quantity of potatoes to be laid in for the winter and shot her dead, and then committed suicide.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 23, 1890. Among the very early arrivals at the Arlington Hotel here this morning was ex-President Cleveland, who has come on to appear as counsel in a case to be argued in the U. S. Supreme Court to-morrow, it is supposed. Towards noon a dispatch was received from New York stating it was reported there that Mr. Cleveland was dead. This, of course, was the cause of many inquiries at the hotel, but the proprietor said that though the ex-President had eaten enough breakfast to kill him, he was still alive and as well as he was when he arrived. Numerous newspaper men called to interview Mr. Cleveland, but he declined to be seen. The hotel people say he is not so fat as reputed, and looks certainly as well as he did when he occupied the White House. On newspaper row it was said he was dead, politically, and had been killed by Gov. Hill. The large sea turtle, weighing probably three hundred pounds, thrown overboard here about two weeks ago for want of a purchaser, seems to be fond of fresh water, as he went back the bay, by going down the river, but hangs around the wharves at the foot of 7th street. He was seen there to-day.

The total number of employees in the Postoffice Department in this city is 600, of whom over 10 per cent. are negroes. The total number in the mail-bag repair shop is shown to be 136 of whom over 23 per cent. are negroes. Combining the two, there are 94 negro employees in a total number of 742 or nearly 13 per cent.

A democratic politician from Pennsylvania here to-day says that, in regarding the immense roll of money in that State two years ago, \$0.00, and the enormous amount of money the republicans will spend at the approaching election one man alone, Fenster Cameo, having subscribed \$10,000 to their bribery fund, so that the general is the republican defector and his money the cause of Boss Quay's methods and his money the cause of the republican defector in the State will be disappointed if the democratic ticket is elected.

Books of Five Dudley is conducting the republican campaign in Indiana, and it is well understood here that if a republican legislature be elected there, he will be senator. Woodcock is in the U. S. Senate in order to vindicate the honor of President Harrison that though he refused to invite Mr. Dudley to his dinner parties, they hold him to their hearts with hooks of steel.

A call from King George county, Va., on its way to this city by the steamer Arrowhead some months ago jumped overboard in the night when near the wharf here, and was supposed to have been drowned. Early this morning, however, a gunner on the steamer found a very much alarmed by stirring up what he at first supposed was a vicious wild animal, that rushed by him in the dawn with the speed of the wind, but which was subsequently discovered to be the calf referred to, and so wild that it will probably have to be shot before captured.

Good constitutional lawyers here say the omission of the straw-bale section of the tariff bill in the revised copy of that bill invalidates the whole bill; but Secretary Windom said to-day that he means to enforce that bill whether it be invalid or not, and will do so until restrained by the U. S. Supreme Court.

The races at Benning's were suspended to-day, and will not be resumed until the next fair day.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. William Hall died at his home in Leesburg, last Monday, in the 81st year of his age.

Federal supervisors of election have been appointed in many of the counties of this judicial district.

There were unusually high tides at Norfolk yesterday evening flooding the lower parts of the city.

It is reported that the Richmond Terminal Company is about to build a through trunk line from Norfolk via Winston, N. C., to Cincinnati.

A movement is on foot to establish a Southern school of technology at Richmond. Gen. Dabney H. Maury is at the head of the project.

Mr. Walter Edmund Addison, of Richmond, and Miss Virginia C. Harrison, of Charlottesville, were married at Christ Church, Charlottesville, yesterday.

Mr. J. W. Kines died suddenly at his home near Calverton, Tuesday morning. He was a man of immense stature, well proportioned and in apparent good health.

The Secretary of the Navy has appointed Sylvanus Jones, of Richmond, to be a clerk in the bureau of steam engineering at \$1,000 a year, and Colin E. Craik, of Norfolk, to be a computer in the hydrographic office at \$1,000 a year.

Col. R. H. Allen, for many years chairman of the republican party in Lunenburg county and a prominent man in politics, has formally renounced his affiliation with the republican party and declared his allegiance to the democracy in the future.

The Emperor of Germany has ordered that the colors of all the regiments in Berlin be brought to the residence of Count von Moltke Sunday next, in honor of the ninety-fifth anniversary of the latter's birthday. This distinction has never before been accorded a German subject.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

During a recent journey Baroness Alphonse Rothschild, of Paris, was robbed of jewelry valued at 60,000 francs.

The Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite Masons yesterday elected, at Washington, a large number to receive the thirty-third degree.

J. H. Witherspoon, in a quarrel over shares in a cotton crop, shot and killed his uncle, J. G. Raiser, at Charleston, S. C., yesterday.

Count Herbert Bismarck became engaged to the Countess Anna Conradine Borbie Platen, aged seventeen, while visiting at Rza lately. The Count is forty-one. The Countess Platen belongs to a family of some renown.

Letters and telegrams from Dublin represent the Irish national league as more deeply pressed for money than has been suspected. The special collections taken in the churches will not more than defray the ordinary expenses of the league, which are now being largely increased owing to the numerous recent and impending evictions.

Johnny Hope, the son of Jimmy Hope, the famous bank robber, who is now in South America engaged in the cattle business, was paroled yesterday from Sing Sing prison, New York, where he had been sentenced for twenty years for complicity in the robbery of the Manhattan Savings Institution, New York city, Sunday, October 27, 1878. It is said that the father returned many of the stolen bonds on condition that his son be pardoned, which was done.

Governor Gordon, of Georgia, last night received an appeal for troops from the sheriff of Colfax county, who telegraphed that the numerically predominant negroes were shooting down the whites. The rioters are led by a white man named L. B. Varns, who operates a turpentine still. He had a dispute with some land with Thos. Sear, and while attempting to gain possession Sear shot one of the negroes dead, and later with a gang of men attacked Varns's land. The negroes then resolved on retaliation and shot three of them fatally.

Governor Hill in Ohio.

Governor Hill, of New York, addressed a monster meeting of 8,000 at Wooster, Ohio, yesterday. He commenced his speech by a thorough explanation of the tariff bill, and said that federal taxation was the question of the hour, and that the passage of the McKinley bill had caused an uprising of the masses against the pernicious legislation. "Your district is a great wheat and pork producing country. Ask Bismarck when he speaks here what he meant when he said there was not a line in the McKinley tariff law which opens a new market for wheat and pork. The democratic party holds that wider markets are necessary to the prosperity of the farmers. I oppose the election of William McKinley, among other reasons, because he voted for and advocated the infamous force bill. That measure imperils the very existence of constitutional government in this country, and the best interests of the people demand its defeat. It is a scheme devised to perpetuate the political power of the republican party. The enforcement of such a measure would require millions of dollars from the public treasury; would foist upon the people a herd of federal officials, not elected by citizens, but appointed by judges who hold their positions for life, and would endanger the peace and good order of communities without affording the slightest protection to a single elector. There is nothing taken place in any part of the South to justify the exercise of a doubtful sensational power of Congress to regulate our elections. Federal supervisors in every election district are dangers to the people, vested with authority to override the certificates of local officials and the Governors of States—constituted the framework of the proposed inquiry. The sacred right of representation is made to depend upon the integrity of partisan officers, having no responsibility to the people. The tendency of such legislation would be to provoke a conflict between federal and State officials, and race prejudices would be engendered in the South. This force bill is a vicious attack upon a republican form of government, and ought not to prevail. In conversation with McKinley on the train to-day, he told me it was the intention of the present republican Congress to pass the force bill before the expiration, no matter which party was successful in the coming congressional elections. If they do not carry the next election, you can rest assured they will not pass the bill."

In view of the fact that the people on the outskirts of the crowd had been unable to hear him and that many who were at their daily labor also desired to hear him, the Governor consented to remain until night when he addressed 1500 people.

COMMUNICATED.

The Pioneer Mills

I think our section of the country is entirely misrepresented, or rather, in plain words, not represented at all. Here is a section of country possessing great advantages, including transportation both by water and rail, with not a single roller mill in the vicinity; but there are a few corn and feed mills, of course. As a matter of fact, Virginia must have her flour grade, and also she must have her flower grade, for which she has to rely upon the West, or a little nearer, for all of it. This is the place for the man of means who wishes to make a successful flour business. We have a very large building, formerly the old Pioneer Mills of Alexandria, situated on the river front, with the R. D. R. on the other side, inviting business; but it seems as though no one will grasp the golden opportunity that awaits him. A flouring business would ensue. This mill was in operation before the new system of milling which has lately taken the lead was in vogue and was run day and night to fill the demand for the flour manufactured there, which was then considered of excellent quality. The mill had a capacity of from seven to eight hundred barrels per day, with twelve runs of stone, which are now standing perfectly, still inviting some one to take hold and stir up business. We are situated in a good wheat section of the country, although the wheat in this part of previous years, though it was generally the same throughout the country, rendering a small or amount suitable for first class flour. I will admit we had some good wheat, but as an average, as I have said before, it was not of first-class quality. I see no reason why we should not make our own flour, and not be depending on our neighbors for the stuff of our bread. I have mentioned the date, say within the last year, I can see a vast improvement in property, &c., and also in other sources of business, including a magnificent and perfectly equipped shoe factory, which finds sale for more of its goods than it can manufacture. We have every means of transportation, both by water and rail, and have hatteries, dome mentioned. Three prosperous railroads, four mentioned. These prosperous railroads, offering every facility, which should urge business on. Would that the wisest men of Alexandria could wake up and realize that they are sleeping their time away.

A tall man is sometimes very short, but the average man is never so short that he cannot buy Old Sam's Catarrh Cure to cure himself, when afflicted with catarrh. We request all mothers to stop using laudanum for their babies, and use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup a safe medicine. It contains nothing injurious.

Republican Conference

Pursuant to call a meeting of representative republicans of the 8th Congressional district was held at the Braddock House to-day. Between 35 and 40 accredited delegates were present, among whom were Messrs. J. H. Greene, Thomas Brent and Henry Charles (white) and Fremont, Stigleton and Bowen (colored) from Alexandria; Job Hawkhurst, P. P. Stinson, N. O. Bond, S. H. Snowden and A. Freeman (white) and Pritchard (colored) of Fairfax; J. Kerion and George H. Pratt, of Loudoun, and others from the several counties of the district.

Mr. John H. Greene was elected chairman and P. B. Stinson secretary.

Lomax, colored, raised the question as to who was entitled to admission to the conference and the chair stated that all but disreputable republicans were entitled to admission.

Mr. Hawkhurst explained that the conference was called by those who were dissatisfied with the action of the republican convention at Manassas, and as that convention had not the courage to nominate a candidate for Congress he submitted the following resolution:

Whereas, the republican convention at Manassas refused to place a republican candidate for Congress to be supported by republicans, and whereas, we are of opinion that at this late day it is impossible to name a candidate with a reasonable prospect of election, therefore Resolved, That it is the opinion of this meeting that no nomination had better be made and that each republican of this district be advised to vote or not vote as their own judgment and conscience dictates.

Mr. Greene violently opposed the resolution and declared that if the conference adopted it, he would openly vote for Gen. Lee and urge his friends to do likewise; he said the Manassas convention, subject to suspicious influences, had adjourned without making a nomination and if this conference acted in like manner he and a large body of republicans would espouse the claims of Gen. Lee and not be placed in the attitude which the republican managers in the 8th district had placed themselves; v. z. subsidized agents of Mr. Frank Hume.

Discussion arose upon the resolution, and after numerous speeches pro and con, the resolution was withdrawn.

Mr. Hawkhurst moved that a committee be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the conference and the chair appointed Job Hawkhurst, N. O. Bond and Pritchard as said committee.

Numerous speeches by various members were made, during the retirement of the committee, the drift being against any support of Mr. Hume by the republicans, and the voluminous remarks of the several speakers were cut short by the committee who reported the following resolution:

We the republicans of the 8th district assembled in conference at the Braddock House have not to express our determination not to support or give any assistance to the candidacy of Mr. Hume or Mr. Lee. The convention at Manassas is familiar with its action.

This convention is opposed to any action recognizing Mr. Hume or Mr. Lee as candidates entitled to republican votes. We also find it impossible for this conference to name any candidate; and we further protest against the use of the republican organization to further the election of Mr. Hume.

The resolution was supported by Hawkhurst and Bond and opposed by Salmon. Bond said it was charged that the republicans had sold out to Hume, and that it looked that way to him, but that he (Bond) was opposed to any support of Hume.

A motion was added to the report by Mr. Lee at the end of the resolution, and said amendment was adopted.

The conference then adjourned. It was apparent that there is a fierce opposition on the part of republicans in this district to giving any support to Mr. Hume, and declarations were freely made that in many sections of the district Gen. Lee would poll more republican votes than could be polled by Mr. Hume.

An amusing episode occurred during the meeting. It appears that during a lull in the proceedings a box of cigars was placed on the secretary's table. Mr. Bond of Fairfax, thereupon inquired whose cigars they were. Mr. D. Nelson Webster Whiting replied that he sent them and that they were "Hume cigars." Then said Mr. Bond "I will throw them on the floor and put you out." With that he threw the box on the floor and kicked the cigars about; then he started towards Mr. Whiting with the intention of ejecting him from the room, when several persons sprang between the two men. Then Mr. Whiting drew a pistol and pointing it at Mr. Bond threatened to shoot the latter if Mr. Bond threatened to shoot the latter if he laid hands on him. Mr. Bond then left the room to get a wetragon so as to be on a equal footing with Mr. Whiting.

A Balloon Experience

Three aeronauts, left the gas works at La Villette, France, at three o'clock yesterday afternoon in their balloon, "the Mozart," intending, after a brief ascent, to return again to the ground just outside the fortifications. When they reached an altitude of three thousand yards a hurricane began to blow, and drove the balloon furiously to the northeast for some hours. The aeronauts had a dreadful time, the wind causing the car to sway so violently to the edge in order to avoid being thrown out. Instead of being able to land in Paris in time for dinner, as they had intended, they found themselves after dark above the village of Bourcy, 150 miles from the capital. They resolved to land at all risks. The grappling irons were therefore thrown out, but they broke off and the wind got into the envelope and burst a large hole in it. Then the balloon began to sink rapidly, and soon the car struck the ground and rebounded, throwing one of the men, who fell on the telegraph wires, and then, on reaching the ground, he remained insensible for some time. His companions were also thrown out of the car and fell a distance of fifteen to 20. The man whose collision with the telegraph wires broke the force of his fall, was the least injured of the trio, and when he recovered consciousness he looked about, and eventually discovered his friends, being directed to them by the fire-guards.

There's no joy the earth can give, like the sudden surges of violent and terrible pain. It is like rest at the gates of Paradise, but now can it be found? It is the simplest matter in the world. Buy a bottle of Salvation Oil and rub it in.

Syllab—A seal skin jacket if, no doubt, very stylish, but it is a perfect trap for catching cold. We would advise all ladies wearing the same to keep Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup handy. Price 25 cts.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, May 29th, 1880, at St. Paul's Church, by Rev. Geo. H. Norton, D. D., rector, Rev. LOUIS E. WILLIAMS, of Elizabeth City, C., and KATE MITCHELL, daughter of Major Geo. W. Green, of Alexandria.

On Wednesday, October 22, 1890, at St. Paul's Church, by Rev. Geo. H. Norton, D. D., rector, EDWARD HUDSON KEMPER and FANNY LEE daughter of Mrs. Jno. W. Green, of this city.

DIED.

This (Thursday) morning, EDWARD C. MARSHALL, infant child of the late Edward C. and Caroline S. Marshall. The funeral services will be at the residence of Lawrence Stabler to-morrow (Friday) afternoon at quarter-past three o'clock.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Kansas City crockery company has made an assignment. Liabilities \$25,000. Birchall, the murderer, says there is not a word of truth in the report of his confidant. At Perry, Kan., last evening, George E. Hott shot and killed Abb Rice, without cause. Rice was a respectable young man, 22 years old.

Wm. Galow, a German laborer, shot and killed his wife at Oshkosh, Wis., yesterday and then committed suicide. Domestic infelicity was the cause.

Hundreds of people are flocking to the Arbuckle Mountains in Oklahoma, where gold has been discovered in paying quantities and every train is crowded with prospectors.

The fulminate works of the Union cartridge company at Bridgeport, Conn., were blown up at 9 o'clock this morning. George Baker, an employe, was blown to atoms, his body being scattered in every direction.

The Virginia Synod.

In the Virginia Presbyterian Synod at Staunton yesterday the boundaries of the Chesapeake presbytery were enlarged. The report of the Union Theological Seminary was submitted. The institution is in a prosperous condition. The report from the committee on systematic beneficence was highly approved. There are ten presbyteries and three hundred and ninety-nine churches. The total amount contributed for all purposes was \$321,000, of which \$59,599 was for beneficence. There are 324 Sabbath schools, 3,375 teachers and 29,553 scholars; 700 missions outside of church members. Rev. Moses D. Hoze, D. D., of Richmond, offered a resolution, which was adopted, deprecating the celebration of the Columbian Exposition, at Chicago on Sabbath days. Home missions was the topic of consideration at the night session. A full report of the work in all the presby series was presented by Rev. L. B. Johnston.

OPERATIONS SUSPENDED.—The sugar mill near Morrisville, Fauquier county, has suspended. Its pay roll was \$900 per month, which was a great help to that community. The suspension grew out of the managers not having the money to tide over the period necessary to convert the cane into molasses and sugar. Some important facts were demonstrated, among them that more sugar can be made out of a given amount of sorghum grown here than in Kansas, that after taking this sugar from the cane as much grain, almost as valuable as corn, was made per acre as could be grown of any other crop. It would seem that sugar making may be made a success where there is enough capital to run the mill until the crop is marketed.—Warrenton Virginia.

MURDERED BY HER HUSBAND.—Reoda Morrison was killed in a brutal manner by her husband, near Asheville, N. C., last Thursday. They quarreled several days ago, and she left him, going to the house of her brother. Morrison went to the house Thursday evening, and after beating his wife, dragged her away. Her body was found two miles from her brother's house, Saturday morning. There were two bullet holes in the breast and one in the temple, and her throat was horribly cut. News of the murder was not brought to the authorities till yesterday morning.

The Ohio Legislature's Work

This bill which passed the Ohio Senate on Tuesday providing for a non-partisan board of improvements for Cincinnati, to be appointed by the Mayor, was read the first time in the House yesterday and an effort made to suspend the rules and make it a law, but the opponents of the measure were able to prevent this course and the bill went over until to-day. There seems to be no doubt that the bill will become a law to-day, when the Legislature will adjourn.

Last Friday Mrs. D. H. Thomas, who resided near Fairfield, N. Y., died, and on Monday the funeral services were held at her late residence. The obituary of George Thomas for his brother Alpheus was so well known that Alpheus, during the funeral, stood outside until the last words of the service had been spoken. At the head of the coffin, George seized a heavy coat, sawed it across his brother upon the head several times, inflicting severe injuries. Several men, springing forward and pinning the infuriated man. George was held at home, while Alpheus accompanied his mother's body to the cemetery.

A disgusting scandal, almost putting to shame the shocking crime with the London messenger boys, has been revealed at Troy, N. Y. Half a score of men are involved and one arrest has been made. A police officer and a merchant who are involved are married men, and the latter is one of the pillars in a fashionable church.

Attorney-General Miller has issued an order permitting the employment of U. S. marshals ad libitum on election day at \$5 per day.

Ex-Secretary Baxard last night addressed a large meeting in Philadelphia in the interest of the tariff reform candidates for Congress from that city.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR YESTERDAY SIGNED CERTIFICATES FOR FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS IN AID OF THE VIRGINIA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK, October 23.—The stock market was dull and weak at the opening to-day, first prices showing declines from last night's closing figures of from 1/8 to 1/2 per cent., and in some cases further losses were sustained. A good decrease appeared, however, and with considerable increase in the amount of business done there was a marked upward movement in the entire list, though only a few stocks showed material advances over the opening prices. Later in the hour the feverishness and weakness resuspended and a downward movement set in, and the gains in the general list were finally wiped out. The market at 11 o'clock was generally active and heavy to weak at about the lowest prices reached, but generally at insignificant changes from the opening figures.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 23.—Virginia consols — 10-40s — do 3s 67 1/2.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, October 23.—Flour is very firm and strong; millers are not disposed to press sales for future delivery, but sell at the recent advance, which is about 25c per barrel on high, and from 15 to 20c on low and medium grades. Wheat is without further change, and in very light receipt; sales at 90, 93, 100, 102, 103 and 104, as to quality and condition of the offerings; prime disty Lancaster would bring a cent or so more. Corn, old, 5 1/2c; 61c; new 60 1/2c; 1 1/2c; 57 1/2c. Oats 50 1/2c. Eggs 22 1/2c. Potatoes, Vval Calves, Apples and other produce sell well.

CHICAGO, Oct. 23.—11:45 a. m.—Wheat—Dec 104 1/2; May 105 1/2. Corn—Nov 52 1/2; May 54 1/2. Oats—Dec 43 1/2; May 45 1/2. Mess Pork—Jan 112 1/2; May 112 1/2. Lard—Jan 60 1/2; May 62 1/2. Short ribs—Jan 87 1/2; May 87 1/2.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 10 1/2; Orleans 10 7/16; futures steady. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat quiet and low. Corn quiet and weak. Pork quiet and firm at \$11 25 a 12 50. Lard quiet and firm at \$9 60.

POSTSCRIPT

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Foreign News.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—A reception was given last night by M. Rafatovich, Mr. William O'Brien's father-in-law, in honor of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—A vessel with a cargo of gun cotton has sailed from Brest for a Russian port. The gun cotton is for the use of the Russian Government and was sent from a French government factory.

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—Another tragedy has been added to the list of horrors which have recently occurred in Berlin and the vicinity. To-day the community was shocked by the discovery of the fiendish work of a poisoner which is almost without parallel in the history of crime here. A retired farmer named Gas gave to his children some sweetmeats in which he had previously placed a quantity of poison. He then partook of the poisoned confection himself. After suffering great agony for some time the murderer and three of the children were relieved by death from their sufferings. Two other of the children who also ate of the sweetmeats are in a dying condition and the physicians say there is no possible chance of saving them. No reason is known for the crime.

VISNNA, Oct. 23.—It is reported that Mr. J. Back, the newly appointed consul of the United States at Pesh, while journeying to that city to assume the duties of his office, commended publicly upon Austrian affairs in a manner which has offended the Government. It is further said that the Government has withheld its exequatur from Mr. Back and will perhaps refuse to issue it at all.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Lord Dulo, the husband of Belle Bliton, the concert hall singer, whose matrimonial difficulties have been the subject of much discussion both in the courts and among the general public, was shown from his horse while riding to-day and one of his shoulders was dislocated.

EDINBURGH, Oct. 23.—Mr. Gladstone is greatly elated by the return a Liberal from Eccles, and to everyone who speaks to him on the subject, he expresses his delight at the great victory which his party has won.

The Ohio Legislature.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 23.—In the House this morning the bill providing a non-partisan board of improvements for Cincinnati was read a second time and the House refused by a vote of 70 to 33 to suspend the rules for a third reading in order that the bill might be placed on passage. Speaker Hysell states that the vote on suspension of the rules does not indicate that the same number of democrats in the House will vote for the passage of the non-partisan bill. What they want is to either defeat or pass the bill and get away to-morrow.

In the Senate a resolution was off red to appoint a committee to investigate the charge that the clerk of the Senate had purposely detained the non-partisan bill after it passed the Senate, thus delaying the work of the legislature. The resolution went over under the rule.

Suicide of a Banker

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—J. R. Creighton was found dead in his office at 72 Broadway this morning. At the head of the sofa lay a new revolver with six chambers loaded. The remaining chamber contained an empty cartridge shell. An open letter was found addressed "To all whom it may concern" and read as follows: "I have fought a hard business battle, have made a square fight, but have lost. My brain has given way and now my body must go. Please break the news gently to my wife." Mr. Creighton was a son of the late Commodore Creighton of the U. S. Navy. He was a well-known banker and broker, and was believed to be successful in business.

Murdered by Tramps

CHICAGO, Oct. 23.—Michael Brazill, an aged resident of the suburban town of Des-plaines, was brutally murdered by three tramps last evening. He went into his barn to feed his cow, when the men who had been concealed in the building sprang upon him. One of them struck him on the head with a coupling pin, almost braining him. His head was pounded almost to a pulp and a dozen knife wounds were found in his body. The murderers escaped after securing \$1,000 in cash and promissory notes to a large amount.

Burned to Death.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—A fire that broke out early this morning at No. 57 Front street, Brooklyn, did about \$5,000 damage to stock and the building. John O'Grady, an old man who was suffering from paralysis, was suffocated and burned to death. The other occupants of the building had narrow escapes. Officer McCann who brought out O'Grady's dead body was burned quite severely about the hands and face.

The Storm.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 23.—There was a heavy wind and rain storm here this morning. Ships in the bay are riding the gale with double anchors. The Alexander Elder, from Liverpool, came to her dock reporting hard work and heavy weather. Passengers on the Western Maryland Railroad came into town about eight o'clock this morning through a rattling hail storm.

RUINED BY A FAT LIFE.—Henry C. Salmon, bookkeeper and confidential clerk of Blake & Haneman, the well known cotton buyers and brokers of New Orleans, and son of Dr. L. F. Salmon, a prominent citizen, abandoned Wednesday night with a few women, leaving a lovely wife, daughter of a prominent physician, and one child. He left a note for his employers, stating that he was \$15,000 short in his accounts, and that his downfall was due to "wine, women and cards." Young Salmon has been known for some time to have been leading a rather fast life, but as it was said he made considerable money speculating in futures last spring and summer, nothing wrong was suspected.