



ALEXANDRIA, VA. FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 19, 1890.

THE REPUBLICANS in Congress, after wasting nineteen days of the short session in attempting to pass a bill, aptly described as one "to turn hell loose in the South," have, at the command of President Harrison, who says they haven't a day to spare from their effort to accomplish that infamous object, determined that the prescriptive congressional recess at Christmas shall be omitted this year, so that they may have more time to devote to the passage of the Force bill, the one referred to. The celebration of the anniversary of the birth of the Redeemer of mankind by the congressional representatives, of at least a nominally Christian people, must be omitted, in order that instead of peace on earth and good will towards men, a bayonet may be put behind every ballot in the South, and fire and blood be substituted for the amicable relations now existing between the two races in this section.

A MAN has just been sentenced in Philadelphia to the penitentiary for two years for violating the election laws last month. And yet Senator Everts, one of the parties to the greatest election fraud ever perpetrated in the world, says the States cannot be trusted with the enforcement of the law relating to the election of their own officers, as has been done for a century, but that the federal government must exercise that authority, though such supervisors as Davenport and such marshals as McZell. No matter whom the democrats of New York may send to the U. S. Senate in place of Mr. Everts, that body can in no wise be a loser by the change.

MR. CULLOM of Illinois, who has heretofore posed as a so-called conservative republican, said, in a speech he made in the U. S. Senate yesterday, he knew the Force bill would produce disorder in the South, but that he would vote for it all the same. It really seems as if the object of the northern republicans is to create such a condition of affairs in the South that the influx of northern capital into this section may be stopped, and that to attain that object they would not hesitate to make a desolation and a waste of every southern State.

BEFORE ex-Secretary Endicott makes his next attack upon Governor Hill for carrying the State of New York at the same election at which Mr. Cleveland lost it, he should read what Mr. William Steiway of New York city said in a speech he made at a democratic banquet in that city last Saturday night, which was to the effect that Governor Hill had exerted his utmost ability to re-elect Mr. Cleveland, and that Mr. Cleveland was as well aware of that fact as any body else, and had told him so.

National Patriotic and Typical Airs of All Lands, by John Philip Sousa, Band Master, U. S. Marine Corps, is the title of a handsome volume, received from the publisher, H. Coleman, Philadelphia. It contains the words and the music of the national songs of all the countries in the world.

So city As I have Foundered It, by the author of The Rock or the Rye, has been received from the publisher, the Gospel Printing Company, Mobile, Ala. It is a satire upon Ward McAllister's recent society book, written in Mr. De Leon's cleverest style.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Senator Gray introduced in the Senate today amendments to the Force bill to strike out the provision for a permanent annual appropriation for the compensation of the supervisors and to deprive these officers of the power to interfere with the returns, and to separate them entirely from the elective machinery after election day. Senator Daniel also introduced amendments to the bill, intended to moderate its provisions. Col. W. E. Stearns, U. S. Consul at Colon, is here on furlough, having settled satisfactorily the business on which he was sent to the island of Roa del Terro. He says Colon is a delightful place and that business will revive there as soon as work on the Panama Canal shall be resumed. The republicans in the Senate are as much as ever on the Force bill now as they ever were. They do not want to lay that bill aside until they have their finance bill ready to take its place, and they do not want to introduce the latter until they have previously adopted a gag law so as to prevent the silver men from moving an amendment providing for free coinage. The silver men among them hesitate about voting for the gag law lest if they be shut off from proposing such an amendment. And so there is no agreement among them, notwithstanding their caucuses, and the Force bill is as far from its passage now as it was at the commencement of the session. Senator Sherman has determined to withdraw the resolution he introduced to so contract the tariff law as to maintain the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty in operation. The probability of amendments being offered which might reopen the entire tariff question has caused this decision. The bill introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr. Ingalls to allow the United States to exchange its interest bearing debt for legal tender notes, provides that when any person desires to surrender his bonds, shall be redeemed by the issue of legal tender notes. A premium of not over two per cent. shall be paid on unmatured bonds. It is pretty well determined that there will be no holiday recess this Christmas except Christmas day and New Year's day. But the democrats will do all in their power to prevent the transaction of any business during the time usually allowed for such a recess, and also to delay the passage of objectionable bills at all other times.

At the meeting of the House District of Columbia Committee to-day it was determined to call on the Georgetown and Arlington Railroad bill at the first convenient opportunity. A bill is now before the committee, and will probably be reported favorably, making the decisions of the police court of this city final in cases of nuisance matters, and empowering that court to employ juries. The sub-committee of the House Naval Committee have completed their draft of the naval appropriation bill. Among its provisions is one for another big line of battle ship. Mr. Gray introduced a bill in the Senate to-day recommending to the President that he institute negotiations with Great Britain and Mexico for free trade with Canada on the north and Mexico on the south. All the democratic members of the House from Virginia are opposed to the ship subsidy bill, and all the republican members from that State are in favor of it. Mr. Hale, of Maine, introduced in the Senate to-day a petition from people of his State, asking that the Senate should transport liquor from one State into another contrary to the laws thereof. The Washington and Arlington Railroad bill would have come up in the Senate to-day, but Senator Higgins, of Delaware, its patron, was not present at the opportune moment. Mr. E. F. Knowlton, of Virginia, has been commissioned by the census bureau as its agent to collect statistics relating to manufactures in Virginia in Alexandria. In the House to-day General Lee presented the claim of Thomas Ogden, of Alexandria, county, for property taken by the U. S. army during the war. He asked this evening the finance committee of the Senate to report the financial bill introduced yesterday by Senator Sherman. No apprehension is felt at the Navy Department that the fever which has been reported as prevailing on the U. S. S. Kearsarge, now at Port Royal, S. C., is of a dangerous or alarming character.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. Chas. R. Norris and Miss Rosa D. vice, were married in Lynchburg yesterday. Seven newly-married couples were snow-bound at Lynchburg yesterday. Most of them were from the southwest, and are on their bridal tour to the northern and eastern cities. The southbound passenger train on the Valley branch of the E. & O. road was wrecked near Harrisonburg Wednesday evening by running into a snowdrift and six men, all railroad employees, were injured. The indications are that the long fight for the postmastership at Lynchburg has been virtually settled in favor of the appointment of Mr. McLaughlin, an adherent of Gen. Mahone. His chief competitor was Dr. Walcott, an anti-Mahonian. Mr. Angus McNeill, of Ireland, and Miss Mary Bassett, youngest daughter of Mr. Samuel Carson, were married at Riverport last night. The officiating minister was Rev. F. A. Strother, brother-in-law of the bride. After the ceremony a brilliant reception followed at Dalbrook, the home of the bride's parents, which was largely attended. The Evangelistic Labor Committee of the Synod of Virginia met at Petersburg yesterday and completed rules for the government of the committee and for the direction of the evangelists. The committee elected three evangelists. They are Rev. F. M. Woods, of Marlinton, W. Va.; Rev. J. P. Smith, D. D., of Fredericksburg, and Rev. W. B. Cooper, of Lexington, Ky. Winchester and parts of Maryland were fixed as the field of Mr. Wood's labors. Chesapeake and parts of West Virginia for Mr. Smith, and Greenbrier Presbytery for Mr. Cooper. Rev. London B. Mason, of Henric, Pa., and not Rev. Mr. White of Savannah, as before said, has been called by the congregation of Grace Episcopal Church of Richmond to fill the vacancy in the pulpit of that church caused by the resignation of Rev. Dr. E. M. Jackson, who was recently elected assistant bishop of Alabama. Mr. Mason will probably accept the call and he is expected in Richmond some time after Easter. He is a native of Virginia and a cousin of Bishop Randolph of Richmond. He married a daughter of Rev. Dr. Ambler, of Virginia. Deputy Marshal Bemis was in Richmond yesterday on his way to Montana. He has in his charge Jack Hawley, "the most successful horse thief in the world." Hawley's greatest exploit was in the summer of 1888, when, single-handed and alone, he stole 1,500 ponies from a Montana ranch, drove them to Texas, sold them for \$25,000, pocketed the proceeds and fled to the City of Mexico. There he cut a terrific swathe. Last July Hawley tried to steal 250 blooded horses from the Henderson ranch. Henderson posted \$1,000 for his arrest, and Bemis will pocket the reward.

Kidnapped by the Gypsies. West Chester, Pa., has never had a more sensational kidnapping case than that which is agitating the community just at present. The police are scouring the country for three men who carried off the widow of a well-to-do farmer, who was kidnapped on his way to school, and who was evidently to be held for ransom. Howard Cunningham, the hero of the affair, arrived in West Chester yesterday morning, looking the worse for his experience. He lives with his guardian, R. F. Pace, about three miles from West Chester. He attends Cepeland school, which is but a half mile from his home. His course is to be from school lies through a deep and lonely "cut," and it was at this place on Tuesday morning that he was stopped by three men, who alighted from a covered sleigh wagon, and before he could cry out had forced a gag into his mouth. His feet and hands were tied and he was tossed into the rear of the wagon and the horse started. The men drove continuously until dark on Tuesday evening, halting in a patch of woodland, where they tied the horses and built a camp-fire. Young Cunningham could gather no idea as to their intentions regarding him, as they conversed altogether in a tongue unknown to him. The men had nothing to eat with them, but had a bottle of whiskey, and of this they drank freely. To this the boy owes the fact of his escape. The captors filled up on the liquor, and finally sunk down by the camp fire in a drunken stupor. Then Howard commenced to work at his bonds. After a long time he liberated his hands, and the rest was easy. He pulled his feet, took the gag from his mouth, and quietly slipped out the back of the wagon and ran until exhausted. He took refuge in a barn, where he slept all night. On Tuesday morning he walked out of the barn and found himself at Avondale, thirty miles from home. He was given his breakfast at a neighboring farm-house, and then started to walk along the Baltimore Central Railroad. He walked all day, and last night found himself at Gordonsville, Delaware county. Here a sister of his guardian lives, and she had hunted her up. He stayed there that night, and next morning was brought to West Chester, where he told his story to the police.

The boy described the men as "gypsies." He said they were poorly dressed and wore slouch hats pulled down over their eyes. They drove a large bay horse to a dearborn wagon. They were dark-skinned fellows, all of them large and fierce looking. Officers drove about Avondale have been telegraphed to, and that part of the country is being thoroughly searched for them.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Cardinal Gibbons has written a letter strongly condemning the persecution of the Jews in Russia.

The Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin is undergoing treatment by Prof. Koch for tuberculosis.

The steamboat Lake Washington was burned at New Orleans, yesterday, together with her cargo of cotton.

Republican Senators give different accounts of their caucus Wednesday night, and now it is not believed any solid agreement as to the financial propositions or the force bill was reached.

The first consignment of gold which has reached New York from abroad since the Berlin Brothers disaster arrived yesterday on the steamship Mejustic. The whole amount was \$2,202,500.

The gas flow from a hole in the main crossing the Eastern Branch bridge, in Washington, became ignited last night and had set fire to the bridge before it was discovered, but the flames were soon extinguished.

Parnell, with his eyes bandaged and his head covered with a shawl, was led like a blind man to a campaign meeting yesterday, and his appearance evoked much sympathy. His friends are now calling him a martyr to the cause of Ireland.

In the trial of Eyrard in Paris yesterday conflicting medical testimony was given regarding the young woman Gabrielle's mental condition and her susceptibility to hypnosis. The doctor who had attended her family testified that in her childhood he had frequently hypnotized her.

At Wilmington, Del., yesterday, one of a team of horses, drawing a transfer express wagon, ran against an electric light wire which had been torn from its fastenings by the storm, and the animal dropped dead on the spot. The other horse escaped uninjured and the driver got off with a light shock.

The trial of Antonio Guarrero, alias Cheliquero, the "Jack the Ripper" of Mexico, who was charged with committing eight murders and fourteen rapes, ended in the City of Mexico, at four o'clock yesterday morning, when the verdict of guilty was rendered. The prisoner was sentenced to death.

The benefit of Joe McAniff took place in London yesterday. There was an enormous gathering, and all the leading pugilists and boxers in the city were present. Richard K. Fox, of New York, afterward presented McAniff with a purse containing a thousand dollars, which had been subscribed by his friends.

An international railroad train was derailed near Lewis, Quebec, yesterday. Five persons were killed and many more injured, some of them fatally. Four persons were killed and eight injured, some fatally, on the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad yesterday near Bolivar, Ohio. A passenger train broke through a trestle and was almost totally wrecked.

In joint session of the Idaho legislature yesterday Governor George L. Shoup, W. J. McConnell and Fred T. Dubois were elected United States Senators, according to agreement made the previous night. Shoup and McConnell with short terms ending March 4, 1891, and March 4, 1893. Dubois gets full term, six years from March next.

A large number of democrats and alliance men of South Dakota are reported to have agreed upon a scheme which may defeat Senator Moody. Judge Tripp, democrat, is to be the candidate at the caucus, and if he cannot win the first eight ballots, Harden (alliance) is to be placed before the joint convention and the democrats promise to throw their strength to him as a unit.

The Treasury Department sent to the Senate yesterday a communication giving the amounts claimed by the city of Baltimore and the States of Virginia, New York, Pennsylvania, Delaware and South Carolina, for money advanced to the general government for prosecuting the war of 1812. The communication reports the following figures: For the city of Baltimore, \$90,672; New York, \$100,773; to Pennsylvania, \$368,411; to Delaware, \$30,717; to South Carolina, \$345,047, and to Virginia, \$1,400,657.

Dr. F. O. Vincent secured a hook yesterday at Fresno, Cal., and was driven to the residence of his wife, from whom he had been separated for some time. Shortly after he had entered the house three shots were heard, and the neighbors rushed in and found Mrs. Vincent dead. Three wounds were discovered, one of which was through the heart. Vincent was arrested and taken to jail, where he soon fell into unconsciousness, having apparently taken poison. The cause of the tragedy is unknown.

The Southern Interstate Immigration Convention had a busy day at Asheville, N. C., yesterday, and made considerable progress in its work of promoting immigration to the southern States. The report of the general manager, F. B. Chilton, of Texas, was read and he was unanimously re-elected. G. W. B. Hale, of Rocky Mount, Va., was elected as one of the executive committee. Resolutions deprecating an unwary and impulsive continued agitation in Congress of the federal elections bill, and protesting against its passage, as well as protesting national legislation tending to keep away future influx of capital to the southern States, thus retarding their prosperity, were discussed.

Telephone vs. Telegraph.

It is reported that within the next two years the Western Union Telegraph company will find itself confronted by the Bell Telephone Company, a rival whose plant is complete, whose service is perfect, and whose capital is immense. In the year 1893 the first, as it is the chief, of the Bell telephone patents will expire. That is the patent which controls the tubular instrument which is held at the ear when a message is being received. After 1893 anybody will be at liberty to manufacture these appliances, and they will be doubtless put into general use for brute telephonic and for neighborhood telephonic. It is doubtful the fact that this patent expires which has led the Bell Telephone people to decide practically to abandon the old style business of telephoning and to substitute in its place long-distance machines. In 1896 the contract between the Western Union Company and the Bell Telephone people expires. By the terms of their contract the telephone people have hitherto monopolized telephonic and telegraphic dispatches. But when 1896 has come it will be found that the telephone people will have almost as many miles of wire as the Western Union now possesses, and that these wires will cover the entire country, and will, at least, connect the chief cities with one another. It is believed to be the purpose of the Bell people as soon as their relations with the Western Union are terminated legally to appear before the public as a competitor for telegraphic business, and in the capacity of being able to serve the community at the same time either as carriers of telegraphic dispatches or telephonic messages.



A ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress. WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 19, 1890.

SENATE. Mr. Stanford addressed the Senate in advocacy of his bill to lend government money at a low rate of interest, on land as security. The bill was then referred to the finance committee.

Mr. Gray offered a resolution looking to the establishment of reciprocity between the United States, the Dominion of Canada and Mexico, and asked that it lie upon the table, stating that at a convenient time, he would move to take it up.

Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill to allow the exchange of bonds for interest-bearing notes.

The Senate then took up the printing deficiency bill. In the course of the discussion Mr. Morgan alluded to the statement that the amount of deficiencies to be appropriated for the current fiscal year would exceed \$50,000,000.

Mr. Allison questioned the correctness of that estimate. Mr. Morgan doubted whether the Senator from Iowa knew what the deficiency would be. There was now before the Senate a measure (the election bill) that would require an annual expenditure of at least \$15,000,000.

The bill was passed. Mr. Manderson offered a resolution for investigating the cause of the Indian trouble.

Mr. Gorman offered a resolution for the purchase of the collection of autographs and historical papers of the late James E. McGuire, of Washington, D. C., known as the Madison collection.

Mr. Blair, rising to a personal explanation, made a humorous statement on the subject of a paragraph referring to him in the Boston Herald, a paper published in a comparatively obscure locality in the immediate vicinity of where he lived, one of the outlying provinces (laughter). The paragraph was on the subject of a remark which he had made in the Senate lately as to the likelihood of his being called upon after the fourth of March next to serve the public in another capacity. He had always understood that a private citizen was king in the republic, and that was the highest capacity in which a man could serve his country. There were some "bosom friends" of his connected with the press (laughter); and one of them had got up the paragraph. It commenced by an allusion to the rumors running of large as to what he (Mr. Blair) meant, and saying that he would not contradict them. As that (Mr. Blair) said had been the first intimation he had had that such rumors had got loose he had had no opportunity to contradict them. The paragraph went on to intimate that Mr. Blair was to be Secretary of the Interior, and mentioned "a piece of political history not generally known." This was that when Mr. Harrison was a candidate for reelection to the Senate Mr. Blair had been asked to use his influence with five "labor" representatives in the Indiana legislature in favor of Mr. Harrison, and had refused to do so. The paragraph closed with the sentence, "If the President has a short memory and a forgiving spirit, Senator Blair may go into the Cabinet." Mr. Blair went on to say that he could not rest under any imputation likely to interfere with his appointment to an important office in case he should not be re-elected to the Senate—as he most sincerely and confidently expected to be (laughter). Laying an anchor to the windward, he had written to Col. Dudley, manager of Mr. Harrison's campaign for reelection to the Senate, and had received from him a letter, which he proceeded to read. This was to the effect that Mr. Dudley remembered going to him (Mr. Blair) in the exigency referred to, and getting from him a letter that had been used to good effect, although it had not been successful in reuniting Mr. Harrison to the Senate. The letter closed with the sentence, "We know of the great service you rendered us, and feel grateful for it."

I think (Mr. Blair said in conclusion) that that will remove any supposed objection to my appointment as Secretary of the Interior on the ground that I am not a loyal friend of the President. [Laughter.] Now, as to the office which I referred to directly in my remarks on the occasion which I have mentioned, did it ever occur to any of those people that the Presidency of the United States—(sitting down without finishing the sentence). That is all I am going to say on that point (laughter on both sides of the Chamber and in the galleries). The election bill was then taken up, and Mr. Bates resumed and concluded his speech against it. Mr. Gibson followed Mr. Bates in opposition to the bill.

RODS.

Mr. A. Kinison presented the conference report on the bill confirming certain privileges now possessed by the Baltimore & Potomac R. Co., in the District of Columbia. The House decided to consider the conference report and Mr. A. Kinison immediately demanded the previous question.

The House refused to order the previous question, and Mr. Grant, of Vermont, took the floor in opposition to the report.

Foreign News.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—Rev. William Nassau Moleworth, M. A., the well-known author, died to-day.

The Queen to-day started for Osborne House, the royal residence on the Isle of Wight. A blinding snow storm was prevailing at the time, but the weather was clear when the party crossed the Solent.

Snow storms prevail every where in Great Britain. The fall has been deep and traffic has been blocked in many places. A number of wrecks of small vessels has been reported.

DIED.

On Thursday, December 18th, L. A. daughter of Warren and Helen Grant, aged 22 years, died. The funeral will take place from her parents' residence, near the Telegraphic Seminary on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Hon. M. H. Phelan, who was prominent in Catholic affairs, dropped dead on the side walk in St. Louis, last night. Mrs. Jessie Higbee, of Brandenburg, Ky., was taken in custody last night for poisoning her four children. She is believed to be crazy. The handsome new Willard block at Churchville, N. Y., including the great office was destroyed by fire early this morning, loss \$35,000.

HE STOPPED THE FUNERAL.—The manner in which the Jewish Hospital authorities conduct funerals is apparently not in unison with the ideas of Henry Harris, on the same subject. A distant relative of Harris died in the Jewish Hospital, Philadelphia, a few days since, and it was arranged to have the body interred at Mount Sinai Cemetery. Harris objected, and having the funeral on the way took hold of the heads of the horses attached to one of the carriages and backed them into the gutter, upsetting the vehicle and killing the occupants. For this Harris was yesterday held by Magistrate McCarthy in \$500 as a charge of malicious mischief.

In the House to-day Mr. Cunningham, of New York, introduced a resolution requesting the Czar of Russia to moderate his treatment of the Jews.

Years have not seen end time shall not see," the people set down quietly to suffer pain, when Emerson can afford such a panacea as E. S. VISION OIL. The old saying "opposition is the life of business" has not been so true in one's life as at least. Since the introduction of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup a lot of cough remedies have been dead stock.

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DRY GOODS.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP. FRIDAY, DEC. 19, 1890. Stores open Evenings until Christmas.

We have decided to make Friday and Saturday memorable days in the Misses' Children's and Boys' Clothing Departments. To this end, and that all the young folks may have a chance to secure a suitable Christmas gift, we have made exceptional reductions in Misses' and Children's Wraps and Boys' Overcoats.

CHILDREN'S GRETCHENS.

Children's Navy and White Striped Gretchens, Size 3 years. Regular price, \$5.00. Marked down to \$2.50. Children's Fine Imported Gretchens, with caps, Size 4 and 5 years. Regular prices, \$12 and \$13. Marked down to \$10. MISSES' JACKETS.—A "Broken Line" of Misses' Jackets in Myrtle Green Reverses, and Red Chevrons, and Fancy Stripes. Sizes 12, 14 and 16 years. Regular prices, \$7.50 and \$9.00. Marked down to \$3.50.

MISSES' NEWMARKETS.

MISSES' NEWMARKETS.—Misses' Dark Green Beaver Coat Newmarkets, with cape and satin facings, Size 10 years. Regular price, \$12.50. Marked down to \$5. NEWMARKETS, &c.—Misses' All-wool Mode Feltian Epp Newmarkets, Size 14 and 16 years. Regular prices \$34 and \$37. Marked down to \$20. Misses' fancy Striped Cheviot Newmarkets, Size 14 and 16 years. Regular prices, \$25 and \$26.50. Marked down to \$15. Misses' Navy Cheviot Newmarkets, Size 10 years. Regular price, \$25. Marked down to \$10. (Third floor, 10th st. extension).

BOYS' OVERCOATS.

Boys' Overcoat in All-wool Cheviot, Meltons, Chinchilla, &c. Size 6, 8, 10, and 14 years. Regular prices, \$3.50, \$4 and \$10. Marked down to \$2. A broken line of Boys' Imported Coat Overcoats, in the finest grades of all-wool chevrons, in checks and plaids, with plain and plaid linings, and silk sleeve linings. Size 8 to 15 years. Regular prices, \$12, \$25, and \$13.50. Marked down to \$10. (Third floor, 10th st. extension).

LEATHER GOODS.

Sea Leather Pocket Books, 25c to \$4. Real and Morocco Pocket Books with sterling silver corners \$2 to \$9.50. Seal and Russia Leather Card Cases, 50c to \$1. Seal and Morocco Card Cases, with sterling silver corners, \$2.85 to \$9.50. The Young Boy, Size to \$2.25. Travelling Case, 75c to \$1. (First floor, 11th st. building).

GOODS DELIVERED IN ALEXANDRIA.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP.

CORNER 11th and F STREETS N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.

1000 BELLS NO. 1 FAMILY ROE.

NET ROE, NO. 1 and NO. 1 NET POTOMAC HERRING. Our own pack. Keeping quality guaranteed for six months after sale.

CHAS. KING & SON.

FARMERS, READ X. O. DUST!

THE NEW AND GREAT DISCOVERY, X. O. DUST! For the relief from the Texas or Buffalo Fly on cattle, just received and for sale by W. F. CRIGHTON & CO.

MINERAL WATERS.—10 Boxes Redford Water just received; 10 boxes Buffalo Lithia. We keep constantly in stock a full supply of Bromine and Arsenic, Oresels, Lockbridge Alum, Huxford's Jans, Frederick's salt and other well-known mineral waters. E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO., my8

ONE CARLOAD CALIFORNIA RAISINS

For sale at New York price. dec5 CHAS. KING & SON.

DYSPEPSIA CURE.

Just received a supply of the above celebrated preparation. It never fails. Price 25c. For sale by oct22 W. F. CRIGHTON & CO.

LAUNDRY WAX.—An elegant, smooth and glossy finish put on your linen by the use of Laundry Wax. Five cents a cake. For sale by ERNEST L. ALLEN, Corner King and Pitt streets, feb10