



ALEXANDRIA, VA. SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 9.

ACCORDING to the latest reports on the subject, the GAZETTE'S previous information in respect of the Governor's probable action on the request of the agents of the bondholders to be allowed to explain to him the terms on which they now propose to settle their claims against the State, was correct—

THE protectionists either have a very poor opinion of the intelligence of the rest of their countrymen, or else their bare-faced effrontery is superb. At the very commencement of their statement to the effect that the McKinley bill had been the means of establishing a large and successful industry in Philadelphia, it was discovered that the factory referred to was the back room of a dilapidated warehouse, that the workmen employed were an old man and a boy, and that the process of manufacturing consisted in giving a few sheets of imported tin plate another coat of tin by dipping them into a pot of melted imported pig tin. It must be conceded, however, that the success the protectionists have met with heretofore, in their attempts to deceive the people, gives them full warrant for any present or future effort they may make in the same direction.

SECRETARY BLAINE makes reciprocity treaties and has rebel Chilian vessels seized in the ports of the United States at which they stop to coal. But the treaties only provide for the removal of the duty on imported articles that had previously come in free, and the seized vessels sail away whenever it pleases them to do so. But the "Man from Maine" is the favorite of his party, all the same, and unless the office holders have control of the next national republican convention he will probably be the nominee of that convention.

SENATOR HOAR says, though not in the next, he hopes that in the subsequent Congress, the Force bill will be passed, and that there may then be, as there is now, a republican President to sign it. Mr. Lincoln said: "I do not understand that there is any place where an alteration of the social and political relations of the negro and the white man can be made, except in the State Legislature—not the Congress of the United States." But, according to modern republicans, Mr. Hoar is a greater man than Mr. Lincoln was.

FROM WASHINGTON. (Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.) WASHINGTON, D. C., May 9 1891. The Treasury Department to-day rendered a decision to the effect that an American who may wish to import cattle or sheep can only do so through the ports at which there are quarantine stations. The cotton report of the Agricultural Department for the month of May was published to-day. It shows that the acreage planted is less than that of last year and the planting about two weeks later, owing to the February rains and the April drought. The following changes in the 4th class post-offices of Virginia were made to-day: Jamaica, Middlesex county, J. R. Segar appointed postmaster; vice F. A. Kain, died; King and Queen C. H., King and Queen county, R. D. Allen, vice W. B. Bird, resigned; Templeton, Prince George county, J. Cooney, vice G. Cooney, died.

NEWS OF THE DAY. Madame Blavatsky, the well-known theosophist, died in London yesterday. Secretary Foster is considering a proposition to send large amounts of the silver half dollars to remote sections of the country for circulation. Department officials in Washington are reluctant as to the steps being taken for the recapture of the Chilian steamer Itata, but it is understood a vigorous pursuit is to be made. The forty-sixth annual session of the Southern Baptist Convention met at Birmingham, Ala., yesterday. O. L. Cooke, of Virginia, was elected one of the vice presidents. Some doubt exists in the State Department as to the right of this government to capture the Itata, which sailed away from San Diego and is supposed to be a Chilian insurgent vessel. United States District Judge Morris, of Baltimore, decided yesterday that the steamers Virginia and Louise were jointly responsible for the collision between them on the 28th of last July, which resulted in the loss of fifteen lives. Tying a string to the trigger and then passing it around the butt of the piece, Sergt. Frank Gottart put the muzzle of an army rifle against his temple and blew his brains all over the library in Battery C's quarters at the Washington Arsenal yesterday. Wm. Wrightman, living near Middleton, Ind., who has kept several hundred bushels of wheat stored in his barn for a year, while removing the wheat for market, found in the grain an old pocketbook containing \$11,500 in gold coin and paper currency. How the money came there is a mystery. Mrs. Fotherly, in jail at Portsmouth, N. H., for keeping a disorderly house, got out of an attic window yesterday morning and slid 25 feet down a lightning rod, then dropped 15 feet to the ground, scaled a picket fence and got away, but was shortly afterwards recaptured. She weighs 180 pounds. Hon. Morgan G. Bulkeley, republican, filed his answer yesterday in the quo warranto proceedings brought by Hon. Luzon B. Morris, democrat, to determine which of the two is entitled to the office of Governor of Connecticut. Mr. Bulkeley claims that he holds over, no successor having been elected. Private cables state that President Belmont is arranging to flee from Santiago and go to London via Buenos Ayres. The proposals of mediation by France, Brazil and the United States are rejected by the Balmacedists, who consider the success of such mediation impossible. Balmaceda has invested a large sum on his personal account in a London bank. The Italian Government is about to address a circular to the European powers, submitting the conduct of the United States government in the New Orleans affair to their judgment. Italy will thus be the initiator of an international agreement to compel the United States to find means to guarantee the protection of foreign subjects. A papal consistory is expected to be held in Rome May 18, at which it is believed the Pope will distribute his encyclical letter on social reform. A memorial presented to the Pope in the name of all the emigration companies which convened recently at Lucerne, Switzerland, asks that national bishops be appointed in the United States to look after the emigrants from the different nationalities of Europe, because the Irish bishops in the United States only nominate Irish priests, who do not know the language spoken by the immigrants, and as a result Catholic immigrants lose their religious faith. The President has determined to have an end of the Behring Sea business. He has called a halt in further proceedings until he can get back to Washington and dictate the exact terms of further correspondence. It is said that the proposition for a closed season in Behring Sea was made to the British government by Secretary Blaine as far back as last January. The President has directed that a closed season be proposed and it is probable that his proposition will finally be accepted. It is reported that Lord Salisbury has intimated to Secretary Blaine a willingness to accept a proposal for a closed season in Behring Sea.

THE DEBT SETTLEMENT. Mr. George Ellis, secretary of the bondholders' committee in the Virginia debt settlement, arrived in New York from London Thursday night. Mr. Ellis is taciturn as to his mission, and adds no information to the cable fact that he succeeded in making satisfactory arrangements with the English bondholders. The details he does not give. Mr. Ellis and the representatives of the American bondholders' committee in New York were in consultation at the Central Trust Company nearly all yesterday afternoon. When the meeting ended all details were refused either as to Mr. Ellis's arrangements in London or the proposition that has been sent to Governor McKinley. A dispatch from Richmond says: "The impression here in well-informed circles is that the representatives of the Orem's debt committee in New York will hold a conference with Governor McKinley next week. It is not definitely known whether the plan of settlement will be submitted at the meeting or the matter will simply be informally discussed. It is understood that the committee, in their letter to the Governor, asked that this interview might take place this week, but the letter had a confidential character, and the fact which prevented compliance with that request. At the conference next week it is probable that the Orem plan, which is understood to have been conceived in by the London bondholders' in part if not in its entirety, will be outlined and its scope pretty fully explained to the Governor will, no doubt, be a conference with the members of the committee present at the interview." The New York Recorder says: "The plan of settlement, as formulated by the advisory board, provides that the bondholders' committee shall surrender to Virginia all the obligations deposited under the agreement, and receive in full satisfaction therefor such an amount of bonds as may be agreed upon between the committee and State representatives. The settlement must be unanimously agreed to by the committee and approved by the advisory board. Mr. Gordon, of the committee, said: 'It would increase the losses of the creditors if any settlement be made which would presently result in a default of interest. The action therefore is not in ascertaining the amount actually due, but the maximum amount of annual revenue which may safely be relied on for the payment of interest.'" The New York Sun says: "The conference yesterday represented 85 per cent of the defaulted debt of the State or about \$23,000,000 in bonds. A letter was presented and forwarded to Gov. McKinley announcing this, and asking for an early interview with him. The committee think they will be able to convince Gov. McKinley they will not tell the terms they propose to offer the Governor."

SUDDEN FLOOD.—News of a terrible disaster which occurred yesterday at Allertons, near Orville, in the Province of Umbria, has been received at Rome. The dispatches say that while a quarry train, on which were many workmen, was at Allertons, a sudden flood occurred in the river, and the rushing water, sweeping over its banks, engulfed the train, and before any of its occupants could escape the cars were lifted from the tracks and swept away on the flaming torrent. The train was carried a considerable distance and most of the men on board were drowned before any assistance could be rendered them.

Set on Fire by Creditors. The splash dam, costing \$30,000, near Elkins, W. Va., belonging to L. Condon, of Baltimore, and formerly owned by the Shaw Lumber Company, has been burned by incendiaries. All the drifts on the Potomac river, between Harman and Heudricks, on the West Virginia Central Railroad, consisting of hundreds of thousands of feet of the finest cherry and ash, were set on fire at the same time. The motive for this wholesale burning was one of revenge. When the company went into bankruptcy some time ago they were owing a large number of persons along the river for lumber or labor, and as they could get nothing, some of them decided upon this means of revenge. The incendiaries used dynamite and were hurriedly captured. The crowd numbered several hundred men, and several fights occurred over the possession of some especially desirable articles. The firemen, who were still at work on the ruins, finally drove the looters off by turning the hose on them. Hundreds of dollars' worth of goods were stolen.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 9.—James Thoroughgood, colored, was found guilty of a capital crime committed on Louis Hufenton, aged 8 years, in Kent county, Del., and the death sentence was imposed.

NEWS OF THE DAY. (Continued) The great artery connecting the North with the South is the small strip of double-track railroad between this city and Washington—not quite seven miles long—over which forty or fifty trains pass daily. That this would eventually be the case was foreseen nearly forty years ago by the late Col. French and his coadjutors when they conceived and built the first railway between the two cities. The trains of that primitive road would be a curiosity in a museum now. The engines were about of the calibre as those used on the New York elevated rail ways, with the exception that the latter have two driving wheels, while those on the former had but one and the tenders were of the size of dry goods boxes; the baggage cars were about as large as furniture wagons and the passenger coaches held nearly as many people as street cars. The seats were arranged in the same manner as the latter, the passengers being compelled to face each other on benches running the entire length of the cars, and the rattle and shaking produced while in motion made travelling on them nearly as comfortable as in carts. The road was built of scantlings, upon which strips of iron were secured, and the corner of St. Asaph and Princess streets was the southern and the South end of the Long bridge the northern terminus. Arriving at the latter passenger were transferred from the cars to omnibuses, and after a torturing ride over the bridge (in winter as uncomfortable as a trip to Siberia) they were landed at their objective points in Washington or taken to the B. & O. depot for another transfer to north-bound trains. The war coming on this excuse for a railroad was abandoned, and the military authorities needing something more stable for the transportation of troops and supplies, without leave or license constructed a road between Washington and Alexandria of a more substantial nature, not stopping at the southern bank of the Potomac, but running the road across the river and into the capital city. They also diverted the course of the track from St. Asaph junction and laid rails down Henry street to Duke, where a connection was made with the Virginia Midland, then known as the Orange and Alexandria Railroad.

Foreign News. BUENOS AYRES, May 9.—The Chilian troops have violated the territory of the Argentine province of San Juan de la Frontera. An official investigation is in progress. LONDON, May 9.—The Tory victory of Thursday was followed yesterday by a decisive victory for the Gladstonians in the South Leicestershire division. A Burning Mine. MAUCH CHUNG, Pa., May 9.—A serious fire is raging in the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company's colliery at Summit Hill. Of the 200 men employed in the mine at the time all are out excepting one man. The mines will have to be flooded to extinguish the fire.

Hanged. CHICAGO, Ill., May 9.—Charles Ford suffered the extreme penalty of the law this morning for the murder last June of David Moore, of Omaha, a travelling salesman. The body was discovered in Allen Park, the head crushed by repeated blows with a car coupling pin. On the trial of Ford it was shown that, at his investigation his wife, Kate, deceived Moore to Allen Park, presumably for purposes of robbery or blackmail. Kate Ford pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 14 years in the penitentiary. Last evening Ford's wife was brought into his presence at the jail office. The meeting was one genuinely affecting. For twenty minutes the pair wept and talked together and then separated forever. Ford was baptized into the Catholic faith by Dan Keating of St. Columba's church last night. Until nearly midnight he paced slowly back and forth in his lonely cell; at one time he suddenly stopped his monotonous walk, and deliberately dashed a jug before the astonished eyes of the death watch. Ford's avowed ambition was to beat the record for games on the scaffold and he did it, beyond a doubt. He showed no fear nor did he display the slightest trace of bravado.

Uxoricide. NEW YORK, May 9.—Early this morning the dead body of Mrs. Josephine Nevill was found by her son lying on the floor of the front room of her residence in Suffolk street. Her death is supposed to have resulted from a beating at the hands of her husband, James Nevill, who has been arrested.

Incendiarism and Murder. WESTON, W. Va., May 9.—On Friday night at 11 o'clock Solomon Etaw set fire to Mr. B. B. Bennett's residence. Bennett succeeded in extinguishing the fire, but an hour later Etaw returned and shot Bennett dead in his bed chamber. Etaw is under arrest.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES. The Presidential party arrived at Salt Lake City this morning and had a royal reception, after which they left for the East. A fire at Manning, Iowa, this morning destroyed almost the entire business portion of the city. The loss will be about \$125,000. The United States warship Charleston left San Francisco at six o'clock this morning, her destination unknown. It is understood that she has gone outside the Heads to test her new 8-inch rifles. The firm of McBride Brothers & Co., of New York, doing business under the name of the Union Pacific Tea Company, assigned to-day. The company had 95 branches scattered over the North and West. The first shipment of iron pipe ever made in the South left Birmingham, Ala., for Baltimore to-day by way of the Richmond and Danville Railroad. It was made by a Bessemer, Ala., firm. A solid train of 35 cars composed the shipment and it is the first of a 5,000 ton contract. The delivery and boarding station of Onas W. Darand, Bridgeport, Conn., was totally destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning, together with 20 horses, a large number of carriages, wagons, sleighs, harnesses, robes, hay and grain. The fire is supposed to be of an incendiary origin. Ex-President Cleveland will go to Buffalo on Monday. It will be his first visit there since the fair of 1885, when he went from Washington to vote. He goes to take part in the 50th anniversary of the German Young Men's Association, of which he is a life member, and will make an address. The Treasury Department has been informed by Jas. Marr, an inspector of Chinese in the E. Paso, Texas, customs district, that a Chinese laundryman, whom he had employed as a defective to report the arrival of Charles L. Backl & Co., in New York, is raised in the next few days, it is probable many builders who are now doing a rushing business in all parts of the city will be brought to a standstill. The New York lumber trade association has taken a stand against the boycott and will not furnish lumber of any sort for any building in process of erection until the boycott is lifted.

Carrying Off Eatables from Burned Stores. The rains of Tuesday night's conflagration at Pittsburgh were looted by a mob of men, women and children yesterday. During the busiest part of the day, when the streets were thronged, the mob took possession of the burned buildings and for two hours the greatest excitement prevailed. There was no police on the scene, and the crowd that hurried beneath the ruins were thousands of dollars' worth of goods, eatables, etc. Hungarians and Italians composed the greater portion of the crowd, and they ransacked everything in sight. Hams, cans of lard, condiments and coffee were carried away in large quantities. They were armed with sticks and baskets to carry their booty away, and it looked as though a systematic raid had been planned, and was hurriedly being executed. Never since the riots of 1877 have such scenes taken place in Pittsburgh. The interior of the Hoovler building proved a rich field for exploration. Bishing their lives under the tottering walls women wrinkled with age, dirty-faced children and hard-convicted men threw hot bricks aside and extracted from the debris thousands of hams, cans of lard and many other like articles. The crowd numbered several hundred men, and several fights occurred over the possession of some especially desirable articles. The firemen, who were still at work on the ruins, finally drove the looters off by turning the hose on them. Hundreds of dollars' worth of goods were stolen.

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A GOLDEN HELMET.—Mrs. Rachel Bacha, who was landed at the Barge Office, at New York, on Thursday from the Netherlands-American steamer Sraasdam, wore on her head what appeared to be a helmet of burnished gold. It was as glistening as a shell and it completely covered her head from the temples to the base of the skull. Just above her ears and fastened to the curious helmet were peculiarly shaped gold ornaments that projected like a pair of miniature wings. Mrs. Bacha explained that headresses such as hers were generally worn by the women in Holland.

NO MONEY FOR MARRIES FAY.—Howard G. born, who is the son of the New York society, with an income of \$30,000 a year and nothing to do, lost his mother not long ago, and yesterday the will was filed. It is a rather curious document, one of the clauses being aimed directly at Howard's reported intention to marry Fay Templeton, the actress, some day. Mrs. Osborn places all of Howard's share out of reach of any wife who has been a professional actress or any children of such a marriage.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL. NEW YORK, May 9.—The stock market opened this morning with a moderate volume of business but a continuation of the pressure to sell, and first prices as compared with last night's closing figures were small fractions lower in almost all cases. Weakness marked early dealings and further fractional losses were sustained. The activity ceased with the withdrawal of the pressure to sell, and dullness, accompanied by a partial recovery followed. The fluctuations throughout were slight, and the dealings were devoid of feature. The late dealings were marked by a return of the early weakness, and at 11 o'clock the market was quiet but heavy with small fractions below the opening figures.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—Virginia bonds 42 1/2 to 10-40s 33; do 30s 64 1/2.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, May 9.—The Flour markets are easy; the offerings are more liberal, but quotations are without material change. Wheat is very nervous and irregular, the fluctuations showing a wide range from day to day; yet we note that wheats for delivery are still readily taken at from 100 to 114 as to the condition of the samples offered. Corn is weak at 75 1/2 in bulk. Eye 75.88. Oats 57.60. Eggs 15x16 Butter 15.22. Potatoes and other country produce are firm and in light receipts. Millfeed, Hay, straw and Cotton Seed Meal are in much better demand than usual at this season of the year.

CHICAGO, May 9.—11:00 a. m.—Wheat—May 10 1/4; July 98. Corn—May 62 1/2; July 58 1/2. Soybeans—May 50. July 45 1/2. Pork—July 111.80. Sept. 112.12. Lard—July 56.75. Oct. 56.92. Short ribs—July 67.15; Sept. 67.42. 65.45.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Cotton quiet and steady; uplands 8 15-16; Orleans 9 1/2; futures opened dull and steady and closed dull. Flour dull and easy. Wheat quiet and easy. Corn active and easy. Pork quiet and steady 111 75/4 1/2. Lard quiet and easy at \$6.87 1/2.

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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Alexandria Savings Bank, At Alexandria, in the State of Virginia, At the close of business, May 4, 1891.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, \$1,240.00. Other stocks, bonds and mortgages, 3,267.50. Due from national banks, 162.87. Current expenses and taxes paid, 190.37. Total, \$4,860.74.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, \$496.00. Undivided profits, 123.93. Individuals deposits subject to check, 4,230.81. Total, \$4,860.74.

State of Virginia, county of Alexandria, ss: I, L. E. Uhler, Treasurer of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. L. E. UHLER, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 8th day of May, 1891. W. F. LAMBERT, Notary.

Correct—Attest: JULIAN T. BURKE, EDWARD S. LEBBEATER, CHAS. KING, Directors.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS. ALEXANDRIA SUTEE, With Wash'n. Daneshower, 13th and G sts. n. w., Washington. I have several Washington purchasers for homes in Alexandria, Va., and will be pleased to hear from persons having desirable houses to sell. my 9 3c

KNOX & HERNDON, Real Estate Agents, NO. 26 KING STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA. DESIRABLE CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE. Correspondence solicited. ap-30

MUTUAL REAL ESTATE COMPANY, OFFICE 421 KING STREET. Parties having property for sale in city or country will find it to their interest to list it at this office. We deal in Real Estate and Stocks. A large lot of Bonds and Property for sale. feb 25 ly

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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Alexandria Savings Bank, At Alexandria, in the State of Virginia, At the close of business, May 4, 1891.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, \$1,240.00. Other stocks, bonds and mortgages, 3,267.50. Due from national banks, 162.87. Current expenses and taxes paid, 190.37. Total, \$4,860.74.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, \$496.00. Undivided profits, 123.93. Individuals deposits subject to check, 4,230.81. Total, \$4,860.74.

State of Virginia, county of Alexandria, ss: I, L. E. Uhler, Treasurer of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. L. E. UHLER, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this 8th day of May, 1891. W. F. LAMBERT, Notary.

Correct—Attest: JULIAN T. BURKE, EDWARD S. LEBBEATER, CHAS. KING, Directors.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS. ALEXANDRIA SUTEE, With Wash'n. Daneshower, 13th and G sts. n. w., Washington. I have several Washington purchasers for homes in Alexandria, Va., and will be pleased to hear from persons having desirable houses to sell. my 9 3c

KNOX & HERNDON, Real Estate Agents, NO. 26 KING STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA. DESIRABLE CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE. Correspondence solicited. ap-30

MUTUAL REAL ESTATE COMPANY, OFFICE 421 KING STREET. Parties having property for sale in city or country will find it to their interest to list it at this office. We deal in Real Estate and Stocks. A large lot of Bonds and Property for sale. feb 25 ly