ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

Alexandria Gazette AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER — SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS

THUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 2 1899

ANOTHER motive for helping Washington by injuring this city has been developed. It is a desire to increase the congressional appropriation for the former, which it is hoped may be effected by creating the impression that an additional amount is necessary in order to guard against the admission of smallpox into that city from Alexandria, and this, too, though that disease came here from there, exists in various parts of Washington, and is spreading there. Another thing about the attempt of the Washington newspapers to injure Alexandria, is the fact that though it is well-known that smallpox prevails there, they say little about it, and that little, to the effect that it was carried there from here, and that a quarantine should be pronounced against this city.

MR. TAYLOR, ex-U. S. Minister to Spain, has just returned from Cuba, and says the U. S. government should pay the Cuban army. But the American commanders who did all the little fighting that was done in Cuba say the Cuban soldiers would neither fight, work nor wait on the wounded, and that the only thing they would do was to steal, but that, they did to perfection. The United States having driven the Spanish out of Cuba, why "patriots" should ask pay of a foreign government for helping them to gain their freedom cannot be told. What would France have thought if the revolutionary army in this country had asked it for pay.

SOME OF the Northern newspapers seem to be shocked at the appearance of a wreath of flowers from this country among those that decorated the monument to Charles I. in London, at the recent commemoration of the anniversary of the death of that murdered king. What is true once is true forever. That the King was murdered, is as true now as it was when his head was backed off, and when his murderer's bones were dragged out of the grave and hanged on a gallows, and there is no more reason why Americans, any more than Englishmen, should ever forget that infamous crime.

THE business men's association of Washington has asked the commerce committee of the U. S Senate to amend the House river and harbor bill, by providing a larger sum for deepening the channel of the Potomac at the four shallow places in that river. It is to be hoped that the association may be more successful in its efforts to effect the object referred to, than the people on this side of the river were in theirs. A twenty-nine feet channel from the mouth of the Potomac to Washington would necessarily help Alexandria.

IGNORANCE OF what is going on before their own eyes is one of the many strange evils that afflict some people in this country, people, too, who have the reputation of being intelligent and well-informed. A patent case in point is offered by a newspaper in New York, which says "the improvement in the matter of house servants has been great during the last generation." If this be so, then every other man except the one who wrote the quoted words has lost his memory.

AS THE United States have failed to fulfill their promise to liberate the suffering Spaniards in the hands of the Filipinos, Spain, in the true spirit of humanity, has offered to ransom them, and their captors seem disposed to surrender such of them as are still alive. There is true, as well as spurious humanity.

The Century for February has been received from the publishers in New York. Its contents are: Portrait of Mary Wollstonecraft, Harnessing the Nile, A Fairy Grave, What Charles Dickens Did for Childhood, Franklin's Religion, A War Song of Tyrol, Via Crucis, Sunsets, On the Way to the North Pole, The Reformation of Uncle Billy, The Curing of Kate Negley, Escape, Henry George in California, Alexander's Conquest of Asia Minor, The Painter de Monvel, A Farewell, Cole's Old English Masters, The Sinking of the "Merrimac," How Other Countries Do It, The Capture of Santiago de Cuba, The Orator, Topics of the Time, Open Letters, and In Lighter Vein.

McClure's Magazine for February has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: The White Man's Burden, by Rudyard Kipling; Under Water in the "Holland," Hitting the Trail, Adventures of a Train Dispatcher, Stalky and Co., Lincoln Gathering an Army, Marines Signaling Under Fire at Guantanamo, Life Masks of Great Americans, Between Two Shores, The War on the Sea and Its Lessons, In the Third House, and Dewey at Manila.

A live wire in the scenery room of the Buckingham Theatre in Louisville set fire to the building at 7 o'clock this morning and caused a loss of $70,000. Fire Captain Finck was struck on the head by falling debris and badly hurt. Fred Rider, of the Night Owl Company, which was playing at the theatre, lost $3,000 in costumes and scenery.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

The President has not yet moved in the Miles matter. Secretary Alger is very indignant about Gen. Miles's remarks, and it is learned that his recommendations to the President were to relieve General Miles from the army. If he be relieved there is no doubt he will be simply placed on waiting orders. The President is reluctant to take the recommended action and leave the charges made by Gen. Miles hanging over the War Department, at the same time. He does not think a court martial warranted and prefers to wait further developments before ordering a court of inquiry. A court martial or court of inquiry is exactly what Gen. Miles wishes and for that reason the War Department officials strenuously oppose them.

Senator Davis, of the Paris commission, had a conference with the President this morning concerning the peace treaty. He stated afterwards that he had no doubt that the treaty would be ratified and that the Sullivan resolution would pass.

The ball of the Southern Relief Society of this city last night was quite a success, a large number were present, among them many prominent Virginians, and the receipts fully equaled expectations.

Congressman Lamb of Virginia will make one more attempt to-morrow to induce Mr. Speaker Reed to allow the bill for the relief of Richmond college to be taken up, and says if it be, it will be passed.

It was rumored at the Capitol to-day that General Miles had been relieved of his command of the army in consequence of his public statement yesterday to the effect that some of the meat on which the soldiers in the Spanish war were fed was embalmed. But a member of the Senate military committee told the Gazette's correspondent that as yet no such action had been taken.

The House judiciary committee again adjourned to-day without coming to any definite conclusion on Mr. Bailey's resolution in respect of General Wheeler's right to hold his seat in the House.

Secretary Alger to-day in response to a resolution of the Senate, asking for information as to the health of the troops in the Philippines, sent a communication to that body in which he says the command there is in excellent health, only nine per cent. being on the sick list.

A Virginia Congressman talking to-day about some newspaper articles he had heard of in respect of changing the Virginia constitution so as to elect Senators by the people instead of by the legislature, said if that be done, Mr. Martin would be elected all the same, but that after the Virginia democratic convention, as a compliment to Senator Daniel, had recommended his re-election, the legislature considered the matter of the change referred to and decided that it was inadvisable

In the House to-day Mr Otey of Virginia presented numerous petitions for the establishment of postal depositories. Mr. Wise of the same state presented petitions for buoys in the James river, and for free mail delivery. Mr. Wise, at the request of the merchants of Norfolk, has asked the War Department that when the 4th Virginia regiment shall be mustered out, as it will be, it be done at Norfolk.

Congressman Otey of Virginia, who has been in bad health ever since he was hurt by a street car here two or three months ago, will take a trip to California next week, with the hope that it will improve his condition.

It is learned at the War Department that Senators Daniel and Martin and Representative Rixey called there and asked that Cadet Jordan of Prince William county, Virginia, who failed to pass the requisite examination at West Point, be given another chance by putting him in a lower class, or be admitted as a new appointee, but that their request was not granted.

The following changes in the fourth class postoffices of Virginia were made to-day: Bigtunnel, Montgomery county, George W. Jewell was appointed postmaster vice Mattie W. Camper removed; Brights, Pittsylvania county, Mrs. Ida Rorer vice A. A. Chumley resigned; Foster, Mathews county, Leroy F. Hunley vice E. L. Billups resigned.

Wm. M. Cooper this evening filed a bill in equity for an injunction and the appointment of a receiver against W. A. Porterfield, R. D. Hassler, J. M. Hill, R. H. Taylor and T. F. Young. This action grew out of the assignment a few days since of Porterfield & Co., brokers of this city.

The chairman of the river and harbor committee of the House promised Mr. Lamb of the Richmond district to-day, that he would have the river and harbor bill so amended that the improvement of James river, provided for by it, shall be continued up to the Richmond docks.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, February 2.

SENATE.

Mr. Elkins presented the credentials of Senator-elect Scott, of West Virginia.

A number of petitions were received by senators for the speedy ratification of the treaty.

Mr. Chandler called attention to the general demand in the country for early action and he added that the resolutions of the New Hampshire legislature were unanimously adopted.

Mr. Nelson called up the bill to extend the navigation and commerce laws of the United States over the Hawaiian islands, but it went over under an objection from Mr. Pettigrew, who said he wanted to examine the measure.

Mr. Chilton presented the credentials of Senator-elect Culberson, of Texas.

The Senate adopted a resolution offered by Mr. Tillman, calling upon the President to inform that body whether or not any franchises to corporations had been granted in Cuba since the island had been under the military rule of this government; if so, to state the names, etc.

Mr. Spooner then spoke against the Vest anti expansion resolution.

At the outset Mr. Spooner stated that the Philippines proposition was one of the fruits of the war, and to him it was one of the bitter fruits of the war. He contended that Congress had no power to acquire territory by purchase or otherwise. But that territory could be acquired, however, through a treaty. He had no doubt of the power of the government to accept the Philippines by cession.

Mr. Tillman interrupted him several times with questions.

He wanted to know that in the event of annexation could the United States make any laws to prevent the inhabitants from going from one territory or state to another, and insisted that if the Philippines were annexed, the ten million Asiatics all would have a perfect right to take ships and come at once to this country to compete with American labor. If manufacturers and planters saw fit they could import as much of this cheap labor as suited their purposes.

Mr. Spooner admitted that this was the most perplexing future of the whole question. He was not prepared to say how such an embarrassing problem could be solved; but he thought Congress had a right to restrict immigration and to enact import laws that would prevent the Asiatics from ruinously competing with our trade. He did not know what interpetation the courts would put upon the future laws. The Philippines, he went on to explain, were lost to Spain, and the conquered nation had a perfect right to cede the islands; and the United States had the power and right under the treaty to acquire. There were nothing else to do.

Mr. Tillman said Aguinaldo returned to the Philippines with a big fund for the insurgents, and he was specially invited by Admiral Dewey to assist in the capture of Manila. He was recognized as an ally and his followers supplied with arms and ammunition, and it was also conceded that the Filipinos had a government of their own and had been in open rebellion against Spain.

Mr. Spooner appeared puzzled and did not reply for some moments. Then he reminded Mr. Tillman that he had made public information belonging exclusively to the executive session. It was admitted by the South Carolinian. Mr. Tillman complained that Mr. Spooner was attacking Aguinaldo unjustly and had alluded to Aguinaldo sneeringly. Mr. Spooner later spoke of Mr. Tillman as "the Senator from Aguinaldo, and withdrew the language and said it should not have been used in the debate, and then proceeded with his speech.

Mr. Sponner will vote for the treaty, but does not want the Philippines annexed. He wants Porto Rico annexed because this country needs that island and should accept it as a war indemnity. He believes Cuba will be free and independent, and that the United States will not annex the Philippines. "This silly jingle we hear about hauling down the flag," he remarked, "does not dazzle me. We will haul it down just as we did in Mexico and would do if our fleet had crossed the Atlantic and taken Barcelona." In closing Mr. Spooner declared himself a commercial expansionist only. He wanted an inter-oceanic canal, cables everywhere, subsidized ships, naval and coaling stations throughout the world, commercial resting places, an ample army and a great navy.

HOUSE.

Mr. Butler introduced a joint resolution requiring unanimous consent to advance a soldier on the retired list.

"I object to promoting a man who is doing no work," cried Mr. Bailey. "If this soldier was wounded I'll cheerfully vote for it, but otherwise I won't."

Mr. Butler in revenge then objected to another resolution requiring unanimous consent for the erection of a government building at Albuquerque, New Mexico.

After several private pension and railroad bills had been passed, the House went into committee of the whole to consider the river and harbor appropriation bill.

The bill was rapidly pushed along, each effort to amend it by members who demanded more money for their localities being met with uniform defeat. Mr. Moon and Mr. Gibson, assisted by General Grosvenor, made a fight in behalf of the Tennessee river, but failed as others had before them. The vote against each amendment was generally about three or four to one. Mr. Hepburn made a fierce attack upon the committee, explaining in the course of his remarks that he knew it to be useless. He said the members who did not have influence with the committee or were not lucky enough to be members of that committee itself, found themselves uniformly frozen out. He pointed to the millions squandered in years gone by in useless improvements by the committee, mentioning specifically a case twelve years ago when Ohio presented the government with a rotten, worn out improvement in the Muskingum river that became a huge expense to the government annually. General Grosvenor leaped to his feet to defend the Muskingum. Mr. Hepburn proceeded to give more anti committee history, but was finally suppressed by Mr. Burton's efforts and the bill was proceeded with.

All the Ohio river improvements went through as recommended by the committee.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Umbrella Hardware Company, with $2,000,000 capital, was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., to-day.

The thirty-first ballot for United States Senator was taken to-day in the Delaware legislature without result.

The famous Lattimer cases against the deputies of ex-Sheriff James Martin have all been dropped at Wilkesbarre, Pa., and thus the echoes of the famous cases technically die away.

Gas which escaped from an open jet killed two persons in a house in Brooklyn this morning. Two other persons, who were made unconscious by the gas, are now in the hospital in a dangerous condition. It is supposed that one of the men accidentally opeded the gas jet.

The big transatlantic liner Rhynland, which plunged into the sand of Cotton Patch Shoal off Delaware Breadwater Tuesday night, is still hard and fast and the opinion is general that she will only be floated with the greatest difficulty. The work of lightering her cargo was begun this morning.

The transport Sherman sailed from New York for Manila via the Suez canal this afternoon with the 3d U. S. Infantry and a battalion of the 17th Infantry on board. The former hospital ship Solace also started today on her voyage to Manila. She will stop at Norfolk for a few days to take on ammunition for the fleet in the Philippines.

Clough & Warren's big five-story piano and organ factory at Detroit, Mich., was partially destroyed by fire this morning. The loss aggregates $155,000. The 150 employes had narrow escapes from the flames, One man jumped from the fourth-story window and is fatally hurt Three others were injured.

Ex-Congressman Tom L. Johnson intends to retire from active business life and devote his time and attention to promoting the single tax theories as taught by Henry George. His business interests will be taken care of by his brother, Al Johnson.

The strike at the Crown King mine, Arizona, exceeds all expectation. George Harrington, manager of the company, is authority for the statement that the vein has been developed for 12 feet and the ore has averaged $1,170 per ton.

Miss Hester Parker, who was housekeeper for ex-President Buchanan at Washington during his administration, died at Lancaster, Pa, to day from old age. She was in her ninety-fourth year.

Another jump in the price of copper occurred in the New York market this morning. The metal was quoted at 18 cents a pound, compared with 17½ cents, yesterday's price.

The San Francisco Examiner says that Tod Sloan has received a telegram from New York stating that he has cleaned up $250,000 as a result of speculation in Wall street.

While bathing her two-months-old baby at St. Louis yesterday afternoon Mrs Mallray fainted. When she recovered she found that her child had been drowned in the bath tub.

Dr. A. J. Kauts, of Berryburg, who died last evening, aged 62, was united in marriage to Miss Ella Keamer on his death bed. It was his third marriage.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Reichstag at Berlin has passed the third reading of the motion to repeal the anti-Jesuit law.

The former home of Gen. Winfield Scott, in New York, was nearly destroyed by fire yesterday.

The War Department has issued an order for the mustering out of 15,000 volunteer troops, including the First Maryland regiment.

It is predicted that the conditions in the northwest promise a continuation of the existing cold snap until the end of this week, with freezing weather.

The Pope received Archbishop Ireland yesterday. At the end of the audience the archbishop presented to the pontiff two ecclesiastics of his diocese.

Rev. Dr. Parkhurst declares that New York is more "wide open" than ever before, blames the police and will ask Governor Roosevelt to investigate.

A caucus of the republicans of the House has been called for to-night at eight o'clock, to decide upon the question of considering a currency bill at this session.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, and Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, will succeed Senator Gorman, of Maryland, as democratic leaders in the Senate after March 4 next.

M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, who resigned from the French Court of Cassation, charges that judges of the court decided to declare Dreyfus innocent before examining the documents in the case.

It was learned to-day that the administration is endeavoring to arrange with Gen. Maximo Gomez for the disbandment of the Cuban army of liberation on the basis of the payment to each Cuban soldier of $100.

The Senate committee on naval affairs has decided to report favorably the joint resolution reviving the rank of admiral in the interest of Rear Admiral Dewey. The resolution was so amended as to extend the time of his retirement ten years.

The most serious conflagration which has visited Columbus, Ohio, since the million dollar Crittenden Hotel fire of 1893, visit that city last night. Half a block of fine buildings in the heart of the business portion of the city was destroyed causing a loss of $750,000.

The House committee on public buildings yesterday decided to favorably report a bill setting aside Mount Vernon Square in Washington as the site for the public library building, the money for which is to be given by Mr. Andrew Carnegie. The Senate has refused to adopt this site, the sentiment of the members of that body being against using public reservations as sites for public buildings.

THIEVES USE CHLOROFORM.

Plucky resistance by Mme. Constance Mallmann and her daughter rendered futile a daring attempt to rob their home, on Gwynne's Hill, New Brighton, S. I., on Saturday night.

Awakened by the touch of a sponge saturated with chloroform, Mme. Mallmann screamed and aroused her daughter. Two men were in the room. Miss Mann struck a lantern from the hands of one of the burglars, and both fled Workmen from a factory near by responded to the women's calls for help, and put out a slight blaze started by the falling lantern.

Mme. Mallmann is a member of one of the proudest families of Prussia, the Westhoff-; is a woman of wealth and refinement and a devout Catholic. She came to America in 1876, and built a handsome house in New Brighton. Her daughter, Gabrielle, is a nun in the Order of the Sacred Heart. Her other daughter, Marie, lives with her in New Brighton.

Two women servants are the only occupants of the house besides the mother and daughter. Mme. Mallmann, who slept in a room on the second floor, was awakened shortly before midnight on Saturday by feeling something cold pressed against her face. She saw a man bending over her, while another stood near with a dark lantern. There was an oppressive odor of chloroform. She screamed, and her daughter, Marie, sprang to her feet. The man with the lantern approached her and she knocked the light from his hand. Both men dashed out of the room and escaped from the house. The women threw open the window and called for help.

About two hundred feet to the westward of the house is a factory. Louis Glaser and Charles Kline were at work and heard the cries. They saw the women leaning from the window. They were admitted by a servant and ran to the room where Mme. Mallmann and her daughter were. They found that the lantern had set fire to some clothing. The blaze was soon extinguished. They found in the room a sponge saturated with chloroform.

The intruders obtained no plunder and there is no clue to their identity.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY DEAL.—It is positively stated in Birmingham, Ala., that the Southern Railway has consummated the deal whereby it gets possession of the Northern Alabama Railway running from Parish, on the main line of the Southern between Birmingham and Columbus to Tuscumbia in the northern part of the State. Through this road the Southern now has a connecting line between its system of roads in the central part of the State and the old Memphis and Charleston in the northern part. The Southern will now have a direct line between Birmingham and Memphis, and one only 27 miles longer than that of the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad. The Northern Alabama runs through a country rich in minerals and in valuable timber lands.

SUPREME TRIBUNAL OF PYTHIANS.—The Supreme Tribunal, Knights of Pythias, began to arrive at Indianapolis, Ind., yesterday, and will hold sessions lasting until the last of the week. The body is composed of Judge Sea, of Dallas, Tex.; Edward Realm, of Montgomery, Ala.; John H. Alexander, of Leesburg, Va; W. A. Gale, of Boston, and A. B. Gardenier, of New York. The supreme chancellor of the order, T G. Sample, of Allegheny, Pa., and Recorder W. D. Kennedy, are also there. It is expected that a number of litigants will be in attendance. The tribunal will take up a number of cases appealed from the State divisions, but no docket has been issued. The body composes the court of last resort for the Knights of Pythias.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP will cure croup and whooping cough. No danger to the child when this wonderful medicine is used in time. Mothers, always keep a bottle on hand.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Two colored regiments which have been serving in Porto Rico will be landed at Newport News in a short time. They will be mustered out.

Marriage licenses were issued in Washington yesterday to George Merkle and Lelia Perry, both of Fredericksburg, and Luther L Tucker and Matilda W. Hicks, both of Great Falls, Va.

Dr. C. W. Hardin, aged eighty five years, died Monday night at his residence, near Longwood, after a very brief illness of several hours. He was, perhaps, the oldest practicing physician in the State.

A general meeting of incorporators of the Fredericksburg and adjacent National Battle Fields Park Association of Virginia was held in Fredericksburg yesterday. Besides other business transacted, fifty-seven new members were added to the association.

William H. Calvert, a leading hotel man, dropped dead in Winchester yesterday while shoveling snow in his yard. The deceased was fifty-nine years of age, and is survived by six children. During the war he served in Company A, Fifth Virginia Infantry, Marion Rifles, of Winchester.

Mr. J. H. Tyler, jr., has resigned the position of assistant secretary and messenger to his father, the Governor, to accept a clerkship in the office of the auditor of the Virginia Carolina Chemical Company. He will enter upon the discharge of his duties to day. The Governor has appointed his youngest son, Hal, to fill the vacancy.

Colonel Jo. Lane Stern, the assistant inspector general of the Virginia volunteers, is contemplating a trip to Cuba. He is going with General Nalle and Captain Barrow as a delegate to the military convention at Tampa. The party will leave next Sunday or Monday. Colonel Stern will probably continue his trip to Havana and remain ten days or two weeks in Cuba.

BISHOP WHITTLE'S LETTER TO THE CHILDREN.

To the Children of the Diocese of Virginia:

My Dear Young Friends—The time has come for me to write you a letter and beg you to make and save all the money you can get in the six weeks of Lent, which will soon be here again, to help our missionary society to support its missionaries.

You know there are ministers of our church preaching the gospel in China, Africa, Brazil and other heathern or far off lands. These are called foreign missionaries. Others are laboring in our new and great western States, and are called domestic missionaries. But there are others doing the same work in that part of our State called the Diocese of Virginia, and are supported by our diocesan missionary society. It is this society, which has no money except what is given it, that you are asked to help in its work.

There are in this Diocese of Virginia about one hundred and fifty church buildings, and nearly one hundred ministers. In the towns and cities every church has its own minister. But in the country among the farmers, where the people are few, scattered and poor, a minister, to be supported, must have charge of two, four, and even six churches, and then he helped by the missionary society. Without this help the people must be left without a minister to preach the gospel, baptize the little children, visit the sick and suffering and bury the dead. What a very sad state for any of our own people to be in! I know you will gladly help them all you can.

For these and for us all the blessed Saviour was sent by the Father—that is, He came to be a missionary from heaven—and taught and labored and suffered and died on the cross and rose again from the dead. If He were now a missionary on earth, as He once was, going about and doing good, and so poor that He had not where to lay His head, you think you would love to do all in your power to feed and clothe Him and give Him all that He might need. Well, dear children, this is just what you may, and I am asking you to, do. For He tells us that, if we do any good to the least of His brethren or disciples, He sees it as being the same as if done to Himself.

Your gifts for several years past have been noble and a very great help, and I sincerely thank you. Let us all try during this coming Lent to do as well as, and even better than, we have ever done before.

Your loving friend and Bishop,

F. M. WHITTLE.

Richmond, Va., January, 1899.

MAY ATTACK MANILA.—Secretary Alger received a long cable dispatch from Major General Otis yesterday evening, in which he states that the situation around Manila is more threatening, and that he feared that all the diplomacy he and Admiral Dewey could bring to play might not prevent an armed collision with Aguinaldo's forces. Secretary Alger took the message to the White House and laid it before the President.

General Otis is ready for an attack at any time, and states that he would not be surprised if it came at any hour. He is confident that he can repulse the insurgents quickly. General Otis describes the attitude of the insurgents as ugly.

THE SMOKE NUISANCE.—A hearing was given to Messrs. O. G. Staples, George A. Myers and John Leetch by the District of Columbia commissioners yesterday on the House bill providing for the prevention of smoke in the District of Columbia. They asked that the bill be held in abeyance for a year in order to give the owners of small plants opportunity to adjust their machinery to the provisions of the law.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Staples made the assertion that not over five per cent. of the business concerns of Washington are earning one per cent. on their investments.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Situation at Manila.

HONG KONG, Feb. 2.—The Filipino members of the joint commission at Manila have formally demanded the release of the launches seized by the Americans and also that they be permitted to fly the Filipino flag in the waters of the Philippines. General Otis is reported as being favorable to granting these concessions but Admiral Dewey refused, not wishing to put himself in a position obliging him to employ search lights in order to discover the movements of the Filipinos, to prevent the smuggling of arms or avert a possible torpedo attack. The use of the Filipino flag is permitted on shore. The police almost daily find small quantities of rifles or ammunition, all of which are seized. The Filipino telegraph office in Manila, connecting with all parts of the Island of Luzon, has been closed by the Americans and the operators arrested upon the discovery that the wires were being used for the transmission of General Otis's secret orders and dispatches to the Filipino government at Malolos. How these were obtained is a mystery. There is no evidence that the Filipinos intend to begin hostilities, but it is practically certain that they will resist if the Americans force matters.

Sold for a Song.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Feb. 2.—By auction here the property of the Green Mountain Home Company, consisting of about 1,000 acres of forest land, two hotels, large barns, a clubhouse and sixteen cottages, all located in the town of Woodford, has been sold by the trustees for the bondholders to Aldrich C. Smith, of New York, for $1,910. Camp Comfort, located on this property, is one of the most popular summer resorts in southern Vermont, and has had a large patronage from a wide section of the country during the past ten years. The principal bondholders were New Yorkers, although some bonds are held in Boston. The property cost fully $70 000.

From Havana.

HAVANA, Feb. 2.—General Brooke has issued a proclamation confirming the appointments made by the governors of the provinces, but ordering that hereafter no appointments shall be made except by himself. The people of the provinces of Santiago and Matanzas, in which Generals Wood and Wilson, the respective governors, are very popular, are greatly discontented over General Brooke's order.

General Sanger, military governor of the city of Matanzas has addressed a letter to the mayor of Matanzas forbidding political demonstrations in the streets.

Preparing for War with England.

ROME, Feb. 2.—A report is published here of an interview with M. Lockroy, the French minister of marine, in which he is represented as saying that the French naval programme includes the construction of the most powerful battleships, cruisers, torpedo boat destroyers and submarine vessels. "We shall be ready," M. Lockroy says, "to maintain a sea war with England and likewise to maintain a great blockade." M. Lockroy further expressed his belief that England's war organization was overrated and also that France would be willing that Italy should occupy Tripoli.

The Panama Canal.

PARIS, Feb. 2—The promoters of the Panama canal have begun desperate negotiations with capitalists in various European cities for raising a vast sum to push the completion of the Panama canal and forestall the United States project for a Nicaraguan waterway. They claim that the present state of the Panama canal gives it a lead of several years over any competitor and that rapid work on it would discourage rivalry. The powers are urged to lend semi-official aid and thus prevent American control of an isthmian canal.

A Big Lumber Deal.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 2.—Negotiations for the purchase and consolidation of the pine lumber interests of Virginia and North Carolina have reached such a stage that a successful and early consummation of the profect is now expected. The total amount required in the transaction is estimated at $20,000,000. Included in the deal, besides the hundreds of thousands of acres of pine timber land, are twenty-five mills and several hundred miles of railroad. The purchasing syndicate is composed of Boston and Canadian capitalists.

A Funereal Mission.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The U. S. transport Roumania will sail to-day for Porto Rico and Cuba, and among her passengers will be twelve undertakers, with assistants and gravediggers to the number of seventy-five, whose mission is to bring home all the bodies of United States soldiers and sailors who died on those islands either in battle or from disease. On board the Roumania are 500 metallic coffins, disinfectants, etc., to be used in removing the bodies.

The Kaiser and the Berliners.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—A conflict between the Berlin municipality and the Kaiser appears to be imminent. The election of chief mayor of Berlin, which took place last August, is still unconfirmed by the Emperor. It was reported that this was because of the disapproval of the mayor's political views. To-day comes the startling rumor that, as a solution of the difficulties a bill is about to be introduced in the Prussian diet abolishing self government for Berlin and putting the city under the so-called president of the government, who is the head of the provinces. It is related that the Kaiser said recently in private: "The Berliners will be stupified at the solution of the mayorship question."

A New Smokeless Powder.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 2.—Ansil Moffatt, a chemist, claims to have invented a smokeless powder, the secret of which is only known to himself and another. He claims it to be safer than nitro-glycerine or black powder, and that it can be exploded in a frozen condition. He says it can be made cheaper than blasting dynamite and is cheaper for firearms than any other smokeless powder preparation. He has named his new discovery "azo."

Non-Union Man Wins.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—Fred Hess, jr., who sued the San Francisco Typographical Union to recover $25,000 damages for having been forced out of employment by the union, he being a non-union man, has been awarded $1,200 in the Superior Court.

BUCKLIN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Ernest L. Allen

A Too Willing Bride.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Annie Krojewski, a young Hungarian woman, who landed at the barge office on Tuesday from the steamship Brasilia, from Hamburg, had the impression that she was going to marry Johann Blavelskie, of Bridgeport, Conn. He had known her from childhood. More than a month ago she got a letter from him, inclosing money to bring her to New York. He said in the letter: "I have no wife yet." She construed this as a proposal. Blavelskie called at the barge office yesterday and the young woman launched herself upon him, kissing him a dozen times. After she had become calm he told her that he had married two weeks ago. She fainted. When she revived he asked her to accompany him to Bridgeport, saying he would be a brother to her. The barge office officials decided not to let him. The young woman was committed to and after the Hungarian Society had promised to find work for her.

Foreign News.

VIENNA, Feb. 2.—A pamphlet by Count Von Buckler, a high official, has been widely circulated in Silesia declaring that the Jews are plotting against the existing European governments and that they say one of their number named Cohen will soon ascend the throne of Europe.

BERLIN, Feb. 2—The Russian Ambassador here, Count von Osten-Sacken, at the conclusion of a conversation which he had with Emperor William at the court ball yesterday evening, was carried to his home in a critical condition, suffering from a paralytic stroke.

Archbishop Ireland.

ROME, Feb. 2.—Archbishop Ireland declines to be interviewed at present. He said to-day that if any interviews with him were published they were false. The archbishop's audience with the Pope yesterday was gratifying to him. At its conclusion he introduced to His Holiness Rev. Lynch, of Utica and Rev. Mullaney, of Syracuse. They say that the Pope appears in excellent health. He blessed them and their congregations. Ambassador Draper gave a grand dinner to-day in Ireland's honor to which Mgr. McConnell and Archbishop Keane were invited.

Quay's Fight.

HARRISONBURG, Feb 2.—The 16th ballot for U. S. Senator to-day resulted: Quay, 104; Janks, 89; Dalzell, 15.—Scattering 34. When the Senate and House met in joint session to-day it was rumored that the disintegration of the Quay forces would begin without further delay, but before the roll was called, Senator Martin, of Philadelphia, denied that there would be any break at this session. It is intimated, however, there this will be an important change on Tuesday next when a break will be made for Magee.

The Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—July 72⅞@72⅞; May 74⅞@75. Corn—July —; May 38⅛@38¼. Oats—July —; May 28⅛@28⅜. Pork—May $10 45@10 52. Lard—May $5 85.

GEORGETOWN, Feb. 2.—Wheat 65@67.

STATE DINNER.

The Presipent and Mrs. McKinley gave a State dinner last night in honor of the Supreme Court, there being invited to meet them other distinguished guests. The great white and gold East room was tropical with palms. Garlands of smilax swung from the ceiling and were caught in graceful loops at the base of the chandeliers. The mantels were banked with orchids, roses and red carnations, and the mirrors above them were draped with feathery green. The dinner was served in the main corridor, which, as usual, was superbly decorated with cut flowers and palms. A mass of pink orchids mingled with ferns formed the centre mound of the table, which was adorned with alternate plates of pink Japanese primroses and scarlet carnations, the base of each fashioned of smilax and fern. The gentleman's boutonniere consisted of single red roses and the lights burned under red and silver shades. From each chandelier swung ropes of smilax that sparkled with tiny red, white and blue lights and clusters of the same national colors twinkled at either end of the table. The President escorted Mrs. Hobart into dinner and Mrs. McKinley was attended by Chief Justice Fuller.

Mrs. McKinley wore satin of delicate lavender brocaded with waves of a deeper tint and Mrs. Hobart's gown was of rich cream trimmed with Vat Dyke panels of black lace.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Fowlkes vs. Southern Railway Company. Argued and submitted.

Dawes vs. New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad Company. Argued and submitted.

Tate vs. Commercial Building Association. Passed to March term.

Cottrell vs. Watkins. Argued and continued until to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lee, of Richmond, Va., who were the guests of Admiral Dewey, on his flagship, the Olympia, for a week, in the early part of December, are in Chicago. The report was current a short time ago that Mr. Lee was the bearer of a message from Rear Admiral Dewey to President McKinley urging for state reasons that he be appointed admiral. Mrs. Lee pronounces the story to be without the slightest foundation.

Poultney Bigelow, in a letter on the Samoan situation, intimates that Germany is seeking full sway there.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP is a true friend to all suffering with coughs or colds. This reliable remedy never disappoints. It will cure a cold in one day and costs but 25 cts.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Insure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Stapped, Publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo., says: "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take. Quick in act. Edgar Warfield, jr., corner King and Pitt streets.

Frank Sherwood was down town to-day, the first time since he had been taken sick with cholera morbus. He says he drove thirty miles after he was taken sick and never came so near dying in his life. After this when he goes out of the country he will take a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with him.—Moscow Valley (Iowa) Times. For sale by H. Janney, Druggist, 701 King St.

Mr. S. A. Fackler, Editor of the Mascotte (Fla.) Hustler, with his wife and child suffered terribly from La Grippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a cure for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects. Insure or fails. Edgar Warfield, jr., corner King and Pitt streets.