



THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 14, 1899

"COL." JOHN HAY, ex-ambassador to London, author of "Little Breeches," and other poems which have not wholly obscured Milton and Shakespeare, and now Secretary of State, is out in a long letter intended to affect the Ohio campaign, but a thousand dollars of his loose cash, properly applied, would do more in that direction than if he were to write a letter every hour from now on till election day. When Mr. Hay was made ambassador to London, although it was notoriously an era of small men and small things, people wondered how he had ever obtained the appointment over others who had rendered some little party service and professed, at least, mediocre ability. Hardly any one could answer the question. The heatbeaten god Plutus, however, is reported to have winked one eye and said that "the and Hanna were running things nowadays," and that Hanna said "Col." Hay had put up a hundred thousand dollars for the campaign fund, and "you had to give the fellow something for his money." And thus some who were puzzled were puzzled no longer and Hay went to London as ambassador to discharge important duties at a difficult time with a minimum of capacity. He was brought back to fill Secretary Day's place, after poor Mr. John Sherman had been forced into the Cabinet so as to make a place for Hanna in the Senate and then turned out to grass when the turn of Day and Hay had come around. Mr. Hay's pretensions letter does not throw much light on the money question or the tariff question, but then nobody expected this from him. It is not probable he ever would have been asked to write a campaign letter at all, but the Ohio republicans found themselves much troubled to meet the charge of an Anglo-American alliance. Mr. Hay, being Secretary of State, was called on to contradict the charge and accordingly he tells us there is no alliance with England except the ordinary treaties and that no formal treaty of alliance exists. Now, it does not require a man to rise from the dead to inform us that a written treaty of this nature does not exist. Nobody has ever asserted that there was one, but it is not necessary to have a written treaty formally signed and sealed in order to constitute an effective alliance. All that is necessary for the bargain is to have the confederation and patronage of Great Britain, the mandates of the London press and the arts of diplomacy on the one hand, and on the other, the spirit of snobbery and self-abasement, the enthusiasm of lick-spittleism, the readiness to forewear the counsels of Washington and Jefferson, and the eagerness to copy British imperial methods and to subordinate American to British interests. This we have in abundance in the present administration, and if Mr. Hay had no other qualification for his high office, except his money, his readiness to play his part alone would make him the proper man to carry out a degraded foreign policy. He is one of a certain class of people in the United States who take naturally to this sort of thing, people who can not stand straight in the presence of an Englishman, especially if he has a title. The administration may find it convenient just now to repudiate this alliance, but the majority of the wealthy class who subscribed the millions to buy the Presidential election in 1896, are heartily in favor of this British alliance and would be very much disgusted, indeed, if they believed the administration was at heart opposed to it. On the other hand, the plain people of America have noted with aversion the gaining subservency to England, and her influence upon this administration, and they propose to stamp it out along with militarism, imperialism and the trusts. We have not only a British financial policy, and the people of the country are not alarmed at a fanciful, but at a real evil in their hostility to a British foreign policy. The Secretary's contradiction comes too late in the day for any one to believe it. It is only a part of the same system of duplicity which now and then informs us that there is no administration imperial policy, no idea of holding on to the Philippines, but they are to have a government of their own in the "Sweet bye-and-bye." As a political letter writer Mr. Hay is as much of a failure as he was in his long, stupid and venomous life of Abraham Lincoln. There two topics, however, that he might treat successfully. One is, "The art and mystery of fortune-hunting and its uses in making something out of nothing." Another is, "A true history of the way John Sherman was bounced out of two places, in two years, a seat in the Senate and a seat in the Cabinet." These are capital themes for Mr. Hay's graceful pen and they would instruct the public delightfully. There's your chance Mr. Hay.

Manila, Morong, about his capture of which he made so much ado. All the American troops in Luzon are now confined to the country immediately surrounding Manila, and that, too, though Admiral Dewey captured the city nearly a year and a half ago, during which time there have been two dry seasons. Judged by what has gone before, the subjugation of the whole of Luzon and of all the other twelve hundred islands in the Philippine group, doesn't seem probable in one more dry season; but what the administration says always goes, that is, according to those who think their profits lies in giving it their support.

FROM WASHINGTON

Washington, September 14. Lawyers Garrett, McCabe and Alexander, of Leesburg, Virginia, are here today to attend a magistrate's court this evening at Farmwell, on the Southern Railway. The shooting case of Bacon and Norman will be tried. A dispatch from Hong Kong, received at the War Department today says the British authorities there have released the U. S. transport Tarrar that was detained for the infraction of the harbor regulations by carrying too many passengers. General Mills and Secretary Root were now on the best of terms, and had just arrived from England. The major had about \$30,000 on his person. Neither party would answer questions when taken to the police station and both were held. Heated discussion and scenes of disorder characterized the first session of the conference on trusts and combinations, in Chicago yesterday. The attempts of the delegates to organize were marked by conflicts that gave every indication of disagreements and divisions to follow when actual work is begun. A Texas' attack on the combination stirred up the feelings of westerners and labor delegates and a shot from a Jerseyman who declared that he doesn't want to be classed with the representatives of the cradle of trusts caused more excitement. THE RED MEN. Only one session was held by the Red Men in Washington yesterday, business being suspended in the afternoon in order that the delegates and families might go to Mount Vernon. Routine business occupied the time of the council at the morning session. A yearly per capita tax of 5 cents was agreed on for the support of orphans whose parents were at any time afflicted with the order. As there are 230,000 persons subject to this tax, the sum obtained will be about \$1,150,000. It is intended that the children shall be sent to institutions near their homes and that their expenses shall be met by the order. A proposition to establish a council of sorrow and grief for each year as a time for obituary services was also discussed. The matter will probably be referred to a committee. Interesting exercises were held by the council at Mount Vernon, Pa. Grand Conclaves Charles O. Conner, of Philadelphia, presiding. Hon. George E. Green, of New York, read a report urging that the Red Men hold special memorial services at the tomb of Washington December 14. Past Grand Conclave Litchman, of Massachusetts, submitted a report from the special committee appointed to draft a programme. The chief event of the exercises was an address by Fredrick H. Roeber, of Albany, on "Washington as a Soldier and Statesman" comparison being made of his career in the latter respect with Jefferson, Adams and other civil rulers. Great Senior Sagamore Wiley, of Iowa, and Great Junior Sagamore Thomas G. Harrison also took part in the services. FRONT ROYAL MONUMENT. The letter, of which this is a copy, was addressed to Mrs. Davis, president of the Front Royal Ladies' Memorial Association, and the writer, Mrs. M. A. Anderson, is the wife of Mr. Thomas Anderson, one of the men who were shot after they were captured, by order of General Custer, and his name is one of the seven inscribed on the monument to be unveiled on the 23d of September at Front Royal. As will appear from Mrs. Anderson's letter she is well aware of the greatly preponderating, if not universal, sentiment of the members of Mosby's men in the counties adjacent to Warren, of which Front Royal is the county seat, regarding the location of the monument. [Mrs. M. A. Anderson's letter.] Markham, Sept. 14. Dear Mrs. Davis.—After writing you in regard to my grandfather, I have redacted a great deal over the location. You know from a published letter of mine that I am opposed to the location in the cemetery and I desire now to emphasize my objection to that location in the cemetery and I sincerely hope that it may be placed in a more suitable spot in Front Royal, as there has been no work done yet. Hoping you will agree, not only with me, but many others, I am very sincerely, M. A. ANDERSON. COURT OF APPEALS. The Court of Appeals, at Staunton, heard the following cases yesterday: Norfolk and Western Railway vs. Marpole; argument completed and case submitted. Kimball and Fink, receivers of the Norfolk and Western Railroad, vs. B. E. Border; argued and submitted. Fitzmayer and others vs. Holsinger; continued until next term. Liskay vs. Pitman's administrator; continued. T. J. Lovett vs. Emma M. Perry, continued. Wisecarver vs. Wisecarver; argued and continued until today. Robinson vs. Moses, from the Augusta circuit, will be heard next in order. FAUQUIER NOTES. Miss Dolly Peyton, of Alexandria, is visiting at the home of Mr. T. E. Saunders in Warrenton. Mr. E. S. Turner has sold to Dr. Turbott, of Pittsburg, Pa., the Melrose Castle property, near Casanova, in this county, containing 688 acres. Mr. Henry M. Scott, son of Maj. Jno. M. Scott, of Upperville, and Miss Duval, of Washington, D. C. were united in marriage on Saturday September 21. While in a dispute over a misunderstanding, in Warrenton a few days since, with Mr. Geo. Smith, Captain Julian P. Lee fell and received a double injury in spraining and breaking his ankle.—[Warrenton Virginian.]

NEWS OF THE DAY

The government has referred to Ambassador Choate the matter of the detention of the army transport Tarrar by the British authorities at Hong Kong. Yesterday afternoon Senator Scott, of West Virginia, called on the President and told him that he deemed General Olin's removal from actual responsibility for the Philippine campaign an imperative political necessity. The gates of the National Export Exposition in Philadelphia were opened to the public at 8 o'clock this morning. The opening exercises began at noon in the Auditorium, admission to which was by special invitation only. A reply of the Filipino congress refusing the American proposals of autonomy has been made public at Manila. The American troops have abandoned Morong on the shore of Laguna de Bay, Luzon, and the garrison has been sent to Calamba. The beef trust has notified all the butchers in greater New York that beef has risen to ten cents a pound by the whole carcass. The beef trust has also raised the price of lamb at wholesale from eight and one-half cents a pound to ten cents a pound. James P. Watson, who described himself as a speculator of Pennsylvania, Va., was arrested in New York last night for assaulting and shooting at William Adams. Adams said he had just arrived from England. The major had about \$30,000 on his person. Neither party would answer questions when taken to the police station and both were held. Heated discussion and scenes of disorder characterized the first session of the conference on trusts and combinations, in Chicago yesterday. The attempts of the delegates to organize were marked by conflicts that gave every indication of disagreements and divisions to follow when actual work is begun. A Texas' attack on the combination stirred up the feelings of westerners and labor delegates and a shot from a Jerseyman who declared that he doesn't want to be classed with the representatives of the cradle of trusts caused more excitement. THE RED MEN. Only one session was held by the Red Men in Washington yesterday, business being suspended in the afternoon in order that the delegates and families might go to Mount Vernon. Routine business occupied the time of the council at the morning session. A yearly per capita tax of 5 cents was agreed on for the support of orphans whose parents were at any time afflicted with the order. As there are 230,000 persons subject to this tax, the sum obtained will be about \$1,150,000. It is intended that the children shall be sent to institutions near their homes and that their expenses shall be met by the order. A proposition to establish a council of sorrow and grief for each year as a time for obituary services was also discussed. 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VIRGINIA NEWS

James H. Tyler, Jr., son of Governor Tyler, is quoted in his home with typhoid fever. A party interested in a proposed beet-sugar mill at Fredericksburg will visit Nebraska next week to investigate the industry. Massanutten Academy, located at Woodstock by the Virginia classes of the R-formed Church, was formally dedicated on Tuesday. The Christian Brothers will open their academy in Newport News next Monday. If the venture is a success they will endeavor to erect their own college. Announcement of the engagement of Miss Gertrude Howard, of Lexington, and Congressman Martin E. Oimsted, Representative from the 14th Pennsylvania district, has been made. Two batteries of artillery which were sent away from Old Point August 11, when yellow fever broke out at the Soldiers' Home, returned yesterday from Plum Point, Long Island Sound. On Sunday night last the prisoners, about 15 in number, confined in the jail at Leesburg, made a desperate attempt to break out and were only foiled in their effort by the stoutness of the cage. The Poe Memorial Association of the University of Virginia will, on the 7th of October, unveil Zolnay's bust of the poet. This ceremony will be held in the library on the fiftieth anniversary of Poe's death. Mrs. E. Eleanor A. Bronaugh, widow of Dr. P. H. W. Bronaugh and daughter of the late Mrs. Jane D. Wildman, died at her home in Leesburg yesterday. Mrs. Bronaugh was in the 83d year of her age, and had been in delicate health for several years. Noah Findley, colored, is under sentence to hang Friday, at Pulaski, for highway robbery and attempt to kill Major Dant at Dublin some months ago. The governor yesterday evening received a request from parties in Pulaski to reprieve the negro. Jules A. Demonet, of Washington, has bought of Mr. W. F. Lynn his half interest in the "Mountain House," on the summit of the Blue Ridge, at Snicker'sville, above Leesburg. This is a popular summer resort, and it is the intention of Mr. Demonet to enlarge and improve it. Mr. Abraham Greenwald, formerly one of Richmond's prominent merchants, died yesterday at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. Julius Sytle. He was born in Danzig, Prussia, and was 95 years of age, and was the oldest member of Beth Ahava Synagogue and the oldest democrat in Richmond. Howard L. Owens, alias Capt. F. C. Ward, who was arrested some time ago in Richmond on the charge of impersonating a United States officer, and who has been in jail ever since, was released yesterday, his father living bond in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance at the October term of the court. Mr. Owens left with his son for his home in Warrenton. "Pagebook," the home of the Peace family in Clarke county for several generations, has been purchased by Mr. Charles Mullanig, of St. Louis, Mo. The farm contains over 300 acres, and \$12,000 it is said was the price paid for the property. The new owner intends to make extensive improvements. No changes will be effected in the plan of the old colonial mansion which he wishes to preserve. THE DREYFUS CASE. A dispatch from Paris says: "Much surprise is felt in this city at the unfounded rumors that in London that Dreyfus had been pardoned. It is fully believed here that he will be pardoned, once the revision court rejects his appeal from the judgment of the Rennes court martial, and it is considered a foregone conclusion that it will be rejected. But President Loubet would act contrary to all precedents if he granted a pardon while his appeal was pending. Furthermore, it is believed that a pardon will be granted promptly if Dreyfus avoids requesting M. Meunier, Minister of Justice, to allow his case to be carried to the court of cassation. The government is anxious to finish the affair in a manner to obtain general appeasement, and to meet the demands of justice as far as it possibly can, consistently with the security of the State. The cabinet feels that the verdict was a just verdict of a properly constituted court, which, presumably, acted conscientiously. Leastwise, the government feels that it is impossible to override the verdict arbitrarily in view of the enemies waiting on all sides for the first false step. The government realizes it is impossible to reconcile the imprisonment of Dreyfus with the interest of the country, hence it seeks a via media for accepting the verdict, while it prepares to pardon the prisoner at the earliest opportunity. French opinion is surprised by the indignation aroused abroad against France for the inquiry committed at Rennes five judges. It is declared that foreigners themselves are blame worthy for the wholesale condemnation of the country, because of the offense of a few Frenchmen and the stubborn fight made by the intellectual portion of the country to obtain redress for a despised Jew is recalled. It is added that a similar campaign would be impossible in any other country. Frenchmen expect that mature reflection will convince foreigners that they have done an injustice to France, and that, though it is true that the verdict against Dreyfus was given in the name of the French people, it was really the work of men seeking to enslave the country in the thrall of military despotism, which danger compels the Government to step warily while seeking to rectify to the utmost the outrageous decision of the court martial. Suffering on the Klondyke Trail. Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 14.—In April 1898, Jim Brewer, N. G. Nelson, C. J. Bagger, and E. Calberg, of Ashland, Wis., made the start on the Edmondson trail for the Klondyke. They reached Vancouver this morning and they looked like wild men. Bagger had not had a hair cut or shave for nearly two years. Bagger said: "We have traveled incessantly for nearly twenty months and were reported by a dozen times that we were not a day last summer that we were not a day last summer that we were not a day last summer, our times to our knees, often up to our waists."

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Dreyfus Affair. Paris, Sept. 14.—It is rumored that a pardon has been granted Dreyfus but it is kept secret until he can be smuggled from the country. Well informed persons, however, do not believe that Loubet would pardon Dreyfus while his appeal is pending. Rennes, Sept. 14.—Diligent inquiry was made to discover any preparations for the removal of Dreyfus from Rennes. The prisoner is reported to be doing fairly well. Paris, Sept. 14.—The Aurora claims to have discovered a new letter written by Col. Scharwitzkoppen exonerating Dreyfus and says it makes the "new fact" necessary for revision. Paris, Sept. 14.—The latest rumor here is that a general amnesty proclamation will be issued releasing Dreyfus and dropping the actions contemplated against Demonet, Zola, Picquart and other persons in the "affaire." The belief is that the government is seeking to conciliate all parties in an endeavor to restore internal peace. Rennes, Sept. 14.—Your correspondent here is assured positively that President Loubet will not grant a pardon to Dreyfus or take any action in the case whatever, until a decision as to an appeal has been rendered by the court of revision. Meanwhile, Dreyfus will remain in prison here. What Influenced the Judges. Rennes, Sept. 14.—Now that the smoke of the Dreyfus trial has cleared away, it is learned from those in the confidence of the generals and the judges that three things turned the scale against Dreyfus. First, the judges were convinced that the accused was not telling the truth, saying he was so fearful of admitting anything that he denied having known points which it is obvious any French officer must have known, and which it would have been harmless for him to admit. Another thing proving this was his denial of having seen the German memorandum at Mulhouse and his subsequent admission that he had seen them. The second point against him not clearly brought out in the evidence, but which was brought to the cognizance of the judges, was that Madame Bidoon, whom Dreyfus admitted had been his mistress before his marriage, kept a house which was a notorious resort for shady military characters both French and German. To say the least, it was the height of indiscretion for any French officer to be seen there. The third point was Loubet's manner in conducting the defense. In his efforts to convince the judges, he made a complete failure and instead irritated and antagonized them. These points, while in themselves not bearing on the innocence of the accused, and trifling in comparison to the evidence in his favor, were weighty in confirming the suspicions of men already bitterly prejudiced against Dreyfus. The Transvaal. Manchester, Eng., Sept. 14.—A dispatch from Pretoria today says that Great Britain's reply has caused intense interest there and that the conviction is general that war is now inevitable. The dispatch adds that Boer recruiting stations are crowded and that war preparations are almost feverish. Pretoria, Sept. 14.—The Boers reply to England's note has been drafted and is now being considered by the Rand sitting in secret session. The reply is reported to be an agreement except on the question of a five-year franchise. Capetown, Sept. 14.—A dispatch from Bloemfontein, Orange Free State, says that the members of the Orange Road have been told to hold themselves in readiness for an extraordinary session of the body. The dispatch says also that at a mass meeting of Burgers at Bloemfontein yesterday it was unanimously resolved to support the Transvaal in case of war. London, Sept. 14.—It is reported that the Boers reply has been received at the Colonial Office. Officials there refuse all information. According to a dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, the Boers reply is "laqueous and blasphemous." The tension here is extreme. Opening of the Exposition. Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—The National Export Exposition, the great enterprise for the advancement of American export trade, was thrown open to the public at 8 o'clock this morning. It had been intended to have the President at Washington, start the machinery by pressing an electric button simultaneously with the opening of the gates, but owing to the incomplete state of the power house this part of the programme was abandoned. The exposition builds and public and private buildings throughout the city were lavishly decorated with flags at the opening. The dedicatory exercises opened with a selection by the Marine Band. When the strains had divided away Rev. Dr. Keer Boyce Tupper, of Philadelphia, led in prayer. At the conclusion of the prayer the entire audience and a chorus of six hundred voices picked from the different church choirs of Philadelphia and accompanied by the Marine Band and the grand organ sang "America." Vice President W. W. Foulrod, of the exposition, then in a brief speech, turned the exposition over to the Governor of Pennsylvania. General W. P. Wilson, president of the exposition, delivered an address, setting forth the purpose and scope of the show. Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, accepted the exposition, and turned it over to the city of Philadelphia. Mayor Ashbridge in turn accepted the exposition on behalf of the city and also extended a welcome. The orator of the day was Hon. W. P. Hepburn, of Iowa. When Mr. Hepburn had concluded Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia pronounced the benediction. The dedicatory exercises were concluded by a rendition of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the chorus, the Marine Band, the organ, and the entire audience. Suffering on the Klondyke Trail. Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 14.—In April 1898, Jim Brewer, N. G. Nelson, C. J. Bagger, and E. Calberg, of Ashland, Wis., made the start on the Edmondson trail for the Klondyke. They reached Vancouver this morning and they looked like wild men. Bagger had not had a hair cut or shave for nearly two years. Bagger said: "We have traveled incessantly for nearly twenty months and were reported by a dozen times that we were not a day last summer that we were not a day last summer, our times to our knees, often up to our waists."

Foreign News.

Berlin, Sept. 14.—It is stated that the Czar and the Kaiser will meet at Wiesbaden October 15. Lentschitz, Poland, Sept. 14.—An appalling disaster occurred here today as the result of a panic in a synagogue which was jammed with people celebrating the feast of Yom Kippur. In the rush for the doors 32 women and children were crushed to death. London, Sept. 14.—The movement to boycott the Paris Exposition has practically collapsed here. There have been 12 new applications for the space left vacant by the twelve firms who withdrew from the English exhibits. Eterhazy, who is stopping at a hotel on the Island of Jersey, has not left his rooms since the Dreyfus verdict was rendered, except for short strolls after dark. Madrid, Sept. 14.—Typhoid fever of a most virulent type is epidemic here. Killed by an Unknown Man. Thomson, Ga., Sept. 14.—The killing of M. B. Butte, a colored preacher, near here, Tuesday, by an unknown white man, has caused considerable excitement. For some weeks the colored people have been conducting a campaigning seven miles from here and last Sunday Butte preached. A few whites were present. The sermon was a tirade on the lynching and criminal assault topics. Yesterday Butte came to town, evidently looking for trouble, for when he returned home he went to work in his field armed with a dirk and revolver. While he was working, his wife says, a white man, unknown to her, began to approach her husband. There was the sound of firing and the white man ran to the woods leaving her husband dead with a bullet hole through his forehead. An Invalid's Voice. Richmond, Va., Sept. 14.—Mrs. Mattie W. Davis, a well-known woman of this city, who, when in good health, was unable to carry the simplest tune, now, while dying, sings sweetly and clearly. For two months Mrs. Davis has been hopelessly ill, and her family are anxiously expecting the end. For weeks she has been unable to speak above a whisper. A few days ago she suddenly raised herself in her bed and began to sing, so that her voice could be plainly heard and the words distinguished in every part of the house. The hymn, "Asleep in Jesus," she sang two stanzas, and then relapsed into a condition of semi-consciousness. Thursday night she again began to sing, rendering three verses of "Good-night." Since then she has spoken only in these words. Conference on Combinations and Trusts. Chicago, Sept. 14.—Attendance on the second day's conference on combinations and trusts this morning was larger than yesterday. Many prominent delegates arrived during the night. W. J. Bryan is expected today, and with his coming the real fight in the conference between the trust and anti-trust men will begin. The protective tariff responsible for the creation of trusts and would its abolition result in destroying their power? was the topic for consideration this morning. Rendered Homeless by Fire. New York, Sept. 14.—One woman was burned to death, several persons were injured and forty families were rendered homeless by a fire which occurred early this morning in three ten-story tenements on Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn. An exploding lamp set fire to the buildings, the occupants of which were sleeping. When the firemen arrived the houses were burning furiously, and a panic was in progress. The firemen had a hard time to restrain the frightened dwellers from jumping. Leaders were raised to the windows and doors of men, women and children were carried to places of safety. The buildings were entirely destroyed; the loss is estimated at \$75,000. Denies He Made Confession. Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—The Times this morning prints an article by two of its reporters, alleging that Eli Shaw, of Camden, confessed to them yesterday that he had killed his grandmother and mother. Shaw was tried, charged with the murder, and was finally acquitted. Camden, N. J., Sept. 14.—Eli Shaw declares that the statement said to have been made by him to two reporters of the Philadelphia Times is an absolute lie. Warrants will at once be issued for the arrest of the reporters and suit be brought against the paper for libel. Mob Lynchs a Negro. Tifton, Ga., Sept. 14.—A negro who was arrested at Tivy and positively identified as one of the two negroes who assaulted Miss Johnson at that place last Tuesday, has been lynched by a mob of two hundred men. He was hanged to a telegraph pole. Search for the other negro continues. The Markets. New York, Sept. 14.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—Dec. 71 1/2; May 72 1/2; Corn—Sept. 28 1/2; Oct. 27 1/2; May 28 1/2; Pork—Sept. \$8 17 1/2; Oct. \$8 17 1/2; Lard—Sept. \$5 40. Georgetown, Sept. 13.—Wheat 65/66. POLITICAL.—Northumberland county, whose 11 senatorial delegates have the deciding vote between Messrs. C. H. Walker, the present incumbent of the Thirty-sixth senatorial district, and W. McDonald Lee, his Martin opponent, declared for Walker Monday in mass meeting. As the issue has been practically decided in the selection of delegates Mr. Walker will have no opposition for the nomination. Mecklenburg county democrats on Tuesday nominated Herbert F. Hutcheon for the house of delegates and endorsed Thomas S. Martin for the U. S. Senate. LIVELY VIRGINIANS.—Robert Fletcher and H. P. Jones, both of Accomac county, were before Justice Grannan in Baltimore yesterday on the charge of making a general "rough house" in Bernard Riley's Hotel, corner of Calvert and Pratt streets. Mr. Riley stated that the Virginians had come to the place and, because they announced that they were first cousins of George Washington, Patrick Henry and General Robert E. Lee, had thought that they owned the house. Trouble followed, and chairs and windows were smashed. Each of the pair was fined \$10 and costs, and, after paying for the damaged windows, in addition, they found that they were put out \$33.90. Good Enough to Take. The finest quality of loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to that of maple syrup, making it very pleasant to take. As a medicine for the cure of coughs, colds, la grippe, croup and whooping cough it is unequalled by any other. It always cures, and cures quickly. For sale by all Druggists. Chester H. Brown, Kalamazoo, Mich. says: "Kolik Dyspepsia (I cured me of a severe case of indigestion) can strongly recommend it to all dyspeptics." Digests what you eat without aid from the stomach, and cures dyspepsia. Edgar Wardfield, Jr., corner King and Pitt streets.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVETS.

Junius P. Watkins, one of the proprietors of the Hotel Waterman in Charlottesville, West Va., is missing. When last heard from he was in Baltimore. L. S. Day, son of ex-Secretary of State E. D. Dry, fell from a boat in a pond at Easton, Md., yesterday. The water was shallow, but he went down in the muck up to his shoulders. For three hours no one came to his assistance and all the time he was sinking deeper. Finally his cries attracted attention and he was rescued after a much struggle. Little Gladys Perot, who was recently kidnapped in Baltimore and carried to London by her mother, arrived in Boston this morning in the custody of her grandfather, Wm. H. Perot. She said to a reporter that she did not want to return to Baltimore, but would rather have remained with her mother in London. In sympathy with C. H. Walker, who it is claimed, was unjustly condemned the people of Wichita, Kansas, have elected Miss Sadie Joseph, a Jewish girl, for queen of the carnival to be held there next month. A Pittsburg, Virginia, and Charleston train collided with a coke train at Easton, Va., 20 miles south of McKeesport, last night, killing two men and injuring five. Fire destroyed the cigar store of Harry Wilson 634 Ninth avenue, New York City, this morning, and Wilson, who was asleep in the place, was burned to death. The town of Milltown, Ind., is so badly communicated is cut off by the rains. THE TYLER FAMILY.—At the meeting in Washington yesterday of the Tyler family the following officers were elected: President, Governor J. Hope Tyler, of Virginia; First Vice President, Professor Lyon G. Tyler, of Williams and Mary College; Second Vice President, Moses F. C. Tyler, of Cornell University; Historian and Secretary, W. I. Tyler Brigham, of Chicago; Treasurer, Major W. N. Tyler, of Wakefield, Mass. At a meeting of the State Board of Agriculture in Richmond yesterday, Major Hine, of Fairfax, proposed that the legislature should create a State board of equalization. He said that the farming lands are assessed too high. BASEBALL.—The following is the result of the National League games played yesterday: Baltimore 3, Louisville 2; Baltimore 5, Louisville 4; Brooklyn 4, Pittsburgh 3; Philadelphia 5, St. Louis 3; Cincinnati 14, Washington 6; Chicago 9, St. Louis 13. The following is the standing of the clubs: Won-Lost Per Cent. Brooklyn..... 80 37 68.90 Philadelphia..... 82 37 68.76 Boston..... 77 43 64.16 Baltimore..... 73 51 58.90 Cincinnati..... 72 52 58.00 St. Louis..... 71 53 57.00 Chicago..... 66 63 51.12 Pittsburgh..... 62 61 50.80 Louisville..... 58 69 45.37 New York..... 52 73 41.58 Washington..... 49 74 39.69 Cleveland..... 49 115 34.2. Today's Schedule.—Louisville at Baltimore; Pittsburg at Brooklyn; St. Louis at Boston; Cleveland at Philadelphia; Cincinnati at Washington; Chicago at New York. The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It also heals injured parts more quickly than any other treatment, and without the use of very severe doses of medicine. For sale by all Druggists. HOW'S THIS? We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all his business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best. "They are simply perfect," writes Belle Moore of La Fayette, Ind. Dr. Wm. L. E. Early, Bismarck, the "famous little pills" are the best for all ailments. None else. Edgar Wardfield, Jr., corner King and Pitt streets. REDUCED RATES TO DETROIT. On September 15 and 16 the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its lines to Detroit, Mich., at the rate of \$1.00 for the round trip, on account of the meeting of the overland Grand Lodge 1,300, 0. F. M. at Detroit on September 18 to 21. Tickets are good to return until September 22, inclusive. BANK STATEMENTS. [No. 1716.] REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Citizens' National Bank OF ALEXANDRIA, IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPT. 13, 1899. RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, \$274,000.00. Overdrafts, secured and unsecured, 10,000.00. U. S. bonds to secure circulation, 200,000.00. Stocks, securities, etc., 25,000.00. Banking-house furniture, and fixtures, 17,000.00. Due from National Banks and reserve agents, 10,000.00. Due from State banks and bankers, 4734.14. Due from approved reserve agents, 11,000.00. Checks and other cash items, 2,400.00. Notes of other National Banks, 1,000.00. Fractional paper currency, notes, and coins, 100.00. LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE. Total, \$690,000.00. LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, \$100,000.00. Surplus fund, 100,000.00. Undivided profits, less expenses, 100,000.00. National bank notes outstanding, 200,000.00. Due to other National Banks, 10,000.00. Due to State banks and bankers, 4734.14. Individual deposits subject to check, 100,000.00. Demand certificates of deposit, 100,000.00. Total, \$690,000.00. State of Virginia, City of Alexandria, I, Wm. H. Lambert, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Wm. H. LAMBERT, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of September, 1899. J. JOHNSTON GREEN, Notary Public. Correct—attest: R. WHEAT, Director. FRANCIS L. SMITH, Jr., 14