ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

Alexandria Gazette — Sic Semper Tyrannis — And Virginia Advertiser

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JAN 31, 1900

IT IS NOT at all surprising that some of the most ultra republican newspapers qualify their expressed abhorence of the assassination of Governor Goebel, by saying that foul crime might have been expected, and was only a natural result of his own previous action. And yet the action to which they refer was simply his appeal to the highest constitutional and legal tribunal in his State for a decision in his case. For just as good as a reason any man who may appeal from one court to another for what he believes he is entitled to, could be shot down, from ambush, while on his way to the court house. The murderer is the one of course, most to blame, but that the acting governor is a party to the crime is plain to be seen, as he permitted an armed body of his partisans to march to the State House and make a barracks of that building; and that some of the republican press are also implicated, is made patent by the fact that they advised the victim's removal.

WHILE THE United States are shooting civilization and Christianity into the people of the far off Philippine Islands, a thousand armed men from distant counties take possession of the Capitol of a State within a day's ride of Washington and shoot down in his tracks the Governor of that State, simply because he is a democrat. Hawaiians, Samoans, Cubans, Porto Ricans and Filipinos might have done such a thing—but not for so slight a cause. But republicans always could see a fly on a barn door, but not the door itself.

A REPUBLICAN newspaper says the Monroe doctrine prevents the United States from offering their services as mediators between the British and the Boers. Why certainly! But as the Philippine islands are more in the eastern hemisphere than South Africa is, why the Monroe doctrine doesn't prevent this country from interferring with the people of those islands, can only be told by Mr. McKinley and his supporters.

WHILE SOME of the soldiers of Gen. Otis were engaged in looting near Subig and in other sorts of benevolent assimilation, they were attacked by some of the outraged people of the Philippine Republic, and an officer and some of his command killed and others wounded. The war in the Philippines is over, but only in the immediate vicinity of American camps, and there, the peace that prevails is only that of woe to the vanquished.

THAT THE assassination of Gov. Goebel, of Kentucky, was a deliberately planned conspiracy, is made plain by the fact that the armed republicans who were invited into the State House by the man who has usurped the Governor's office, not only shot him, and shot at the men who were with him, but, by obstructing the doors of the building, prevented the detection and arrest of the murderer.

THE republican party is in such an unfavorable condition now that its wiser members of Congress are striving to avoid anything that would tend to make that condition worse, and so, at their party's caucus yesterday, they refused to consider a resolution for the restriction of Southern representation. The republican party is sorely in need of votes now, and can ill afford to lose any more of its supporters.

WHILE Great Britain is wasting her men and money in a war with the republic of Transvaal, Russia has availed herself of the favorable opportunity by which she will be enabled to obtain her long sought outlet on the Persian Gulf. When war has once commenced there is no telling in what direction it may extend or what its consequences may be.

DECIDES FOR GOEBEL.

While William Goebel lay at the point of death as the result of an assassin's bullet, the contesting boards, which for two weeks had been listening to the evidence in his contest for the governor's chair, last night at Frankfort, Ky., declared him entitled to the seat.

The boards having in charge the contests between Goebel and Taylor for governor, and Beckham and Marshall for lieutenant governor, met at seven o'clock last night in the City Hall to consider the evidence submitted to them and prepare their report to the legislature. A few legal authorities were read to them at the request of Senator Allen.

The vote was then taken, and, by a strict party vote of 10 to 1, William Goebel was declared to have been legally elected governor of Kentucky.

The Beckham-Marshall contest was then voted upon, and a strict party vote of 9 to 2 settled this matter. No announcement was made of the reasons leading up to the report made last night, the board taking everything at one leap. Each one of the members of both committees announced that he had made up his mind as to the merits of the case, and voted promptly as his name was called.

It is a certainty that Goebel will be made governor by the legislature today if he is alive.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, January 31.

Congressmen Rixey, Swanson and Otey, of Virginia, judges of a debate at the National Law School here last night on a resolution that suffrage be restricted to those who can read and write the English language, decided in favor of the debaters on the negative side.

The House insular committee this morning agreed to report a bill removing the tonnage tax on Cuban vessels.

The annual ball of the Confederate Veterans' Association of this city, for the benefit of the indigent Confederates here, will be given tonight.

The Trigg Shipbuilding Company at Richmond is a bidder for the two new naval vessels, one of which is to cost $165,000 and the other $225,000. It is said at the Navy Department that while 75 per cent. of the work ordered at the Trigg works is completed, only about 7 or 8 per cent. is, at the other yards.

The House today, at the instance of Mr. Rixey, unanimously passed the bill to set apart four hundred acres of the river or flat land of the Arlington reservation for experimental agricultural purposes, where all that pertains to the different branches of agriculture, including animal industry and horticulture, may be promoted and practically illustrated. Mr. Hay of Virginia got the military committee to report it favorably, and for two weeks Mr. Rixey has been trying to get the Speaker to allow him to call it up. The Secretary of Agriculture is to have entire control of the whole farm.

One of those interested in the Barytes Works at Alexandria here today says the same people who bought the old Vulcanizing property for their works, have also bought the old Cotton Factory in the same city, for which they paid $12,000, and will use it for making the bags in which their barytes will be shipped.

The republican members of the House ways and means committee are trying to agree upon a bill by which a tariff tax may be imposed upon the products of Porto Rico. That island is now a part of the United States and such a tax would be an export tax, which is unconstitutional. But the Constitution is of little consequence to republicans.

An officer of the Southern Railway company, here today, says now that that company has been allowed to extend its Henry street track so as to connect with that on Wilkes street in Alexandria, the company, to show that it is thankful for small favors, will at an early day substitute a new and modern depot building for the old one at the intersection of Duke and Henry streets.

The condition of Mrs. Platt, wife of Senator Platt of New York, is considerably improved this morning.

Secretary Long received the following dispatch of today's date from Cavite this morning: Charles Arnold Campbell, gunner's mate, third class, killed; Albert Nelson, gunner's mate, wounded, probably fatally; Samuel Freeland Long, yeoman, second class; David Conroy, gunner's mate, first class; Arthur Browne, gunner's mate, first class; Ernest Beicht, gunner's mate, third class, wounded; Lieutenant Commander Frank E. Beatty, slightly wounded, by explosion of blank cartridges while firing salute; cause not yet determined; injured men not yet able to testify.

Mr. Roberts, of Utah, has written a letter to the Sergeant-at-arms of the House demanding that he be paid his salary up to January 25, amounting to $763, and his mileage amounting to $998. He says unless it is paid he will enter suit for the money including the cost of bringing suit.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mr. Bryan addressed ten thousand people in Mechanics' Hall, in Boston, last night and fully that number were unable to gain admission. His remarks on imperialism in connection with the Philippine war were enthusiastically received. The other speakers expressed sympathy with the Boers in their struggle with England for independence, which was also greeted with cheers. The Bryan party left Boston this morning and proceed to North Lawrence where Mr Bryan addressed a large crowd. He left there this evening for Portland.

The safe belonging to the United States Leather Trust Company at Cumberland, Md., was dynamited this morning and the office wrecked. Considerable money and valuable papers were taken. The night watchman heard the report and rushed to the office only to find the burglars gone.

Manuel Perry this morning shot Fanny Reni, a woman with whom he was living, at Taunton, Mass., took a dose of rough on rats and then shot himself. Perry is dead but it is thought the woman will live. Despondency rum and jealousy are given as the cause of the deed.

The firm of Tunstalt & Co., members of the New York stock exchange, suspended today.

THE WAR IN AFRICA.

The most important news from the seat of war in South Africa is a dispatch indicating an early move by the British troops northward through the Orange Free State.

General Kelly-Kenny, commanding the Sixth division of the British army—11,000 men—has seized Thebus, a village on the line that it is proposed to form to connect Generals French and Gatacre in Northern Cape Colony. Such a junction would be a necessary step for a northward advance in force. The troops now arriving are being landed at Capetown instead of Durban, which points to the same probability.

A dispatch from Spearman's Camp, dated January 27, states that many wounded were arriving there in ambulances. It also brings the important report that Boer sharpshooters have been harrassing the British retreat.

General Buller, according to a dispatch from Capetown to the London Daily Mail, told his men on Monday that in his opinion they had gained the key to the road to Ladysmith, in which place he hoped to be within a week. It is said in London that if General Buller is accurately quoted he must be a very hopeful man.

Overdue Steamers Reach Port.

New York, Jan. 31.—The Allan line steamer State of Nebraska arrived safely in port today. The steamer was nine days overdue and anxiety regarding her safety had been felt. The Nebraska carries 50 passengers and a crew of about ninety men.

The steamer Ethiopia was sighted off Sandy Hook at 2:25 p. m. She was proceeding under her own steam and apparently all right.

YOUTHFUL ELOPERS RETURN.—Rhue Cavanaugh, aged 15, and Belle Morris, aged 14, who eloped from Muncie, Ind., last Wednesday returned Monday evening almost frozen. The girl ran away, taking her father's horse and buggy, met the lover, and the two drove to Greenfield to procure a marriage license. They were headed for Kentucky, but a cousin of the boy induced them to drive home. The boy was jailed and an attempt will be made to send him to the reformatory to prevent any more trouble though the girl assumes the theft of the rig.

The Century Magazine for February has been received from its publishers in New York. Its contents are: Cole's Engravings of Old English Masters, Paris Revisited, Old English Masters; The West, and Certain Literary Discoveries; The Yearning God, "A Thing Apart," Midwinter in New York, Eliza Hepburn's Deliverance, The Military Element in Colonel Waring's Career, The Tattling Witch, "A Touch of Sun," Gordon's Reprieve, Oliver Cromwell, Sailing Alone Around the World, Billy Lappin's Search for a Fortune, The Hoosier Youngster, Talks with Napoleon, Topics of the Time, Short Essays on Social Subjects, and in Lighter Vein.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

There have been twenty-seven deaths from the plague at Honolulu, and the situation is reported to be serious.

The naval bill presented by the French ministry in the Chamber of Deputies asks for $180,000,000 to carry out its provisions.

The House committee on ways and means yesterday decided to construe the Constitution as not given to Puerto Rico and the Philippines the rights of territory as laid down.

The republicans of the House and Senate met in joint caucus in the Hall of Representatives last night and selected the members of the congressional campaign committee.

The report is discredited in London that Portugal, according to the forthcoming Delagoa Bay Railroad decision, will have to transfer the port and railroad to Great Britain.

A scouting party of the Twenty-fifth infantry was surprised by insurgents near Subig yesterday, losing a lieutenant and three privates. The insurgent loss was forty killed and wounded.

At the meeting of the Brirish Parliament yesterday the chief topic in the Queen's speech and in the address in both Houses was the war in South Africa. Prime Minister Saulsbury defended the government's policy, and Lord Rosebery bitterly attacked it.

Senator Bacon made his long-expected speech on the Philippine question in the Senate yesterday. He pointed out the injustice of the present war and showed the dangers of imperialism. To keep the people of the islands in subjection, he declared, would cost the people of this country $100,000,000 a year, without adequate return.

Abdurrahman Pasha, the Minister of Justice, has refused the request of Italian Ambassador Pansa that the Italian girl, Sylvia Gemeli, whom a Turkish officer placed in his harem, be surrendered. It is alleged that the girl is of age and has embraced Islamism. It is expected that the matter will cause a rupture of diplomatic relations between Italy and Turkey.

The determination of the administration not to offer mediation between Great Britain and the Transvaal republic has been made very plain, and Senator Mason's further efforts to force this government into an attitude of sympathy for the Boer farmers will be useless. Mr. McKinley and his cabinet are firm on the proposition not to cause Great Britain any occasion for regret.

Horace Slingluff and Henry V. D. Johns of M., copartners, trading as Slingluff, Johns & Co., wholesale boot and shoe dealers, of Baltimore, made application yesterday for the administration of their copartnerships and individual properties under the provisions of the national bankruptcy act. Their liabilities are said to be $282,116.37 and assets not pledged to secure creditors $87,618.59.

At Narrows station, on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, a few miles south of Bluefield, W. Va., just across the border in Giles county, Va., Rebecca Fitzgerald and John Wright were shot to death Monday night on a crowded depot by Christopher Fitzgerald, a wronged husband. For years past Fitzgerald has suspected that intimate relations existed between his wife and Wright. Fitzgerald, after the shooting, escaped. The latter and Wright had previously had a difficulty.

It is semi-officially announced that the Russian government, at the request of the government of Persia, has authorized the loan bank of Persia to take up the loan of 22,500,000 rubles, about to be issued in Persia under the designation of the 5 per cent. Persian gold loan of 1900. Russia guarantees the bonds of the Persian loan. There is a widespread idea in London that the Persian loan has finally accomplished Russia's long-laid plans to obtain complete political and financial control of Persia, with the double object of ousting the British and assuring Russia an outlet on the Persian Gulf.

The supreme court of Ohio yesterday handed down a decision which sustains what is generally known as the Valentine-Stewart anti-trust law, which prohibits the combination of companies or firms for illegal purposes which are therein outlined.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Dr. Gerard F. Mason, an aged and prominent physician, of Charlestown, W. Va., died of general debility yesterday. He was a native of Stafford county.

The city of Fredericksburg will make an effort to secure the location of the epileptic institution there, if the bill creating one passes the Virginia legislature.

Mr. Edward H. Brian, of Washington, and Miss Josephine B. Turner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James N. Turner, of Fredericksburg, were married yesterday at the home of the bride.

Col. Carter, proctor of the University of Virginia, is in Richmond to appeal to the legislature for the restoration of the University's annuity to the original amount. The allowance was reduced last year.

Capt. Francis W. Southall died Friday at his residence, "Dunboy," Prince Edward county. He was born in 1837 at the old family homestead, "Selma," Amelia county, and was the son of Dr. Philip T. Southall.

Bettie Lewis Chapter, Daughters of the Revolution, named for Bettie Lewis, the only sister of Gen. George Washington, organized at Fredericksburg yesterday, in the Kenmore house, where Bettie Lewis lived and died. Mrs. John T. Goolrick was elected regent.

The dwelling of Mr. George Hay, near Ashburn, 6 miles below Leesburg, was burned Monday afternoon. The fire originated in a defective flue. Part of the furniture was saved. The property was only partially insured. Mr. Hay estimates his loss at about $4,000. The property was insured in the Loudoun Mutual Company, of Waterford, for $2,000, with $500 on the contents.

Mr. O. A. Eubanks is preparing to put up a stave factory near Round Hill, Loudoun county. The plant will be run by steam, and will include a kiln for drying timber. Barrel staves and heads will be the principal output.

The Richmond Grays will be mustered in next Friday night at the Regiment-l Armory in that city. It is proposed to celebrate the muster-in with an elaborate banquet, and a committee is now at work arranging the details.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Bradley vs. Patch. Dismissed.

Covington vs. Griffin's administrator et als. Argued and submitted.

Nalle vs. Farish et als. Argued and continued.

The next cases to be heard are Southern Railway Company vs. Cooper, and Poindexter vs. May—Nos. 39 and 40 on argument docket,

Wadley vs. Commonwealth to be heard February 9.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THE SENATE.

A communication was read from the Secretary of the State of Texas asking the concurrence of the General Assembly of Virginia in a petition to the federal government to hold a constitutional convention, which is provided for when two-thirds of the States of the Union shall unite in such a call. The letter was referred to the committee on privileges and elections.

The Senate bill to amend section 4017 of the code as to presence of accused on a trial for felony was so amended as to require the records to show that the accused was present or absent. The bill was reported adversely by the committee, and the vote on ordering the bill to its engrossment resulted 13 to 10.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

To prohibit the sale of liquors within one mile of a school house or church within the Commonwealth. The provisions of the act are not to apply to any incorporated city or town, or to any village in which there is police protection.

To regulate the sale of cider in Loudoun county.

The following bills were passed:

To amend section 726 of the code so as to authorize county courts to commit party.

To amend section 3214 of the code in relation to the county and corporation in which actions at law or suits in equity may be brought.

To incorporate the Piedmont Lumber and Warehouse Company.

To authorize New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad to consolidate.

In relation to railroads enclosing their roadbeds.

In relation to fourth-class postmasters acting as justices.

The Senate bill to increase the salaries of certain officers at the penitentiary was ordered to its engrossment, but the amendment to increase the salary of the superintendent of the State farm from $50 to $75 per month was rejected.

There was a lively discussion on Senator Barksdale's bill making it a misdemeanor to entice servants to leave employers, Senators Barksdale and Morris participating. There were a number of humorous threats. The bill was defeated on roll call by a vote of 17 to 11.

HOUSE.

Mr. Melton, of Louisa, made a speech in advocacy of the passage of the Employer's Liability bill. The House passed a bill incorporating the Citizen's Relief Association of Richmond. The first open step in the big fight being made by the Richmond, Fredericksburg, and Potomac and Pennsylvania Railroads against the Seaboard's bill for a charter to build a line from Richmond to the Potomac paralleing the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac, was taken when Mr. Boaz, presented a bill to repeal the act of March 3, 1894, empowering the board of sinking fund commissioners to sell the State's interest to the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac and invest the proceeds in century bonds. The introduction of this bill was quickly followed by a resolution, offered by Mr. Patterson, patron of the Seaboard's bill for the Richmond and Washington charter, calling for full information as to how the State's investment in the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac was paid. The resolution was adopted.

The House concurred in the joint resolution of the Senate, appointing a joint commission to meet a similar body from Maryland, with a view to permanently settling the disputed question as to the boundary line between the two States, in Chesapeake Bay.

Mr. Pilcher made a speech against the resolution, which, he declared, only meant the waste of State money. He had served on a similar commission, and all they did was to meet in Washington, have a good time at the expense of the two States, and then draw up a report which meant nothing.

The passage of Mr. Pilcher's bill to incorporate the Virginia Transportation Company was arrested by Speaker Saunders, who thought its powers entirely too broad. Mr. Pilcher consented to abridge these, but objected to reducing the authorized capital stock. Pending discussion the bill went over.

Mr. Pollock introduced a bill to require Commonwealth's attorneys to prosecute misdemeanor cases, and making their fees payable by the defendants. It is expressly provided that these fees shall not become a charge upon the State treasury.

The House passed the Senate bill to amend section 3044 of the code in relation to the counties and districts of the County Court judges.

Evidence given last night before the committee investigating the extension of the contract with the Davis Shoe Company, for the hire of the convicts in the penitentiary, indicated that Virginia gets the best price for her convict labor of any State in the Union. Maryland, with fewer negroes, gets a higher per diem, but makes less clear money.

There is a growing sentiment in the legislature in favor of the election of Mr. J. Rand. Tucker for the judgeship of the eighteenth judicial circuit. His competitor is Judge Dupuy, of Roanoke.

The House committee on roads yesterday were entertained by a delegation from Alexandria on the bill which requires the electric railway company operating between Alexandria and Washington to stop their cars at all stations, in both directions. Messrs. Caton, Colvin, Carlin and others spoke on the subject. The committee, as stated yesterday, decided to report that the bill pass.

The bill to compel said electric road to erect and maintain safety gates at their crossings was passed by for further consideration.

The Barksdale-Gravely anti-trust bill was reported adversely by the House committee on general laws. The vote was five to four against the bill. The advocates of the measure declare that they will carry the fight on with renewed vigor before the two houses.

The committee reported favorably on the Le Cato bill, incorporating the Imperial Union of the city of Richmond. A sub-committee was appointed to consider the Dupuy insurance bill, and report to the full committee as early as practicable.

The Senate committee on counties, cities and towns reported the bill, with the recommendation that it pass, amending section 3179 of the code in reference to the keeping the offices of of clerks of courts open every day except Sunday.

Size doesn't indicate quality. Beware of counterfeit and worthless salve offered for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. DeWitt is the only original. An infallible cure for piles and all skin diseases.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Mr. Goebel's Condition.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—Dr. Morgan Vance, of Louisville, at five o'clock this morning, said the fact that Mr. Goebel had not rallied during the past six hours, shows his condition to be desperate in the extreme. He is bleeding internally, which is a most serious aspect of the case. The indications are that the right lung, which was perforated, had bled profusely. Goebel's pulse at 5 a. m. registered 120 beats a minute, the normal rate being about 76. The physicians have been pouring opiates into the man all night and artificial blood has been injected twice. Every effort possible will be made to prolong Goebel's life until the legislature can declare him Governor.

The contest committee was prevented from meeting in the Capitol building last evening by the militia, and at 7 o'clock met in the City Hall and declared Goebel to be the rightful Governor of Kentucky, and then an attempt was made to have the legislature convene at once to declare Goebel Governor as it was feared he would be dead before morning. The soldiers drawn up around the Capitol refused admission to all. The democrats, seeing this, and together with the fact that half of their assemblymen had left town during the evening, it was decided to abandon the meeting until 10:30 this morning.

The democratic members of the assembly gathered in the Capitol Hotel lobby and at 9:45 this morning started in a body to march to the Capitol building. Just before they filed out of the hotel Adjutant General Collier at the head of 100 soldiers marched up in front Governor Taylor got word that the legislators would attempt to hold a joint session in the Capitol Hotel lobby and, it is said, determined to disperse them.

Adjutant General Collier informed Manager Weltzel of the Capitol Hotel that if he allowed the legislature to meet in the building he (Collier) would take charge of the hotel with the militia.

A report gained currency that Gov. Taylor had issued a warrant for the arrest of Speaker Trimble. Adjutant General Collier gave out an official denial and said no arrests would be made unless it became absolutely imperative.

The Capitol building is in the hands of soldiers today. The State House and grounds swarm with soldiers. Two Gatling guns are stationed in front of the Capitol and no one is permitted to pass through without a permit.

Fifty soldiers spent the night in the reception room, guarding Governor Taylor's private office, where he spent the night with ex Governor Bradley and a guard in citizens' clothes.

Neither Governor Taylor nor ex-Governor Bradley has left the building since Goebel was shot. Governor Taylor refuses to be interviewed.

O. M. James, a democratic leader and one of Senator Goebel's counsel, said today: "When Goebel is sworn in today he will at once begin the performance of his duties as Governor by calling upon the State militia to obey his command."

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—Gov. Taylor has refused to allow the legislators to meet in the Capitol building and has adjourned the legislature to meet at London, Laurel county, Feb. 6.

The State constitution confers upon the Governor, in cases of pestilence and insurrection, the power to adjourn the assembly to some city or town in the State.

The proclamation of Gov. Taylor is as follows:

"Whereas, a state of insurrection now prevails in the State of Kentucky and especially in Frankfort, the capital thereof, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of Kentucky, I do hereby by this proclamation adjourn at once the General Assembly of the State of Kentucky to meet at London, Laurel county, Ky., Tuesday the 6th day of February, 1900, at 12 o'clock m."

State Senator Howard said today: "I know positively that Gov. Taylor had no advance knowledge of any attempt to assassinate Goebel. Taylor said to me that if Goebel won he would gracefully submit although he would be branded as a coward forever."

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—General Collier and Col. Williams read the Governor's proclamation, issued last night to the legislators, who were cut from the Capitol by the troops. The legislators seemed awe stricken. Clerks Leigh and Williams shot past Collier and Col. Williams rushed into the hall of the House and grabbed the record books.

Speaker Trimble immediately called the legislature to meet in the Frankfort Opera House, ignoring the Governor's proclamation.

E. Barton, a democratic member of the Kentucky gubernatorial contest committee, made the following statement: "The proclamation of Taylor is unwarranted in fact and in law. There is no insurrection, unless the presence of the militia and what they are doing constitutes an insurrection. But if an insurrection did exist the Governor has no power to adjourn the General Assembly on that account or any other except where the houses fail to agree on adjournment."

Speaker Trimble led the legislators down Main street, but they were met by another detail who headed them off from the Opera House. The assembly members then filed back to the hotel, followed by a large crowd of citizens who shouted loud and long for Goebel. When the legislators stopped in front of the Opera House, General Collier marched his soldiers to the door and defied any one to enter.

"All right boys, we will go to the Court House," shouted Trimble.

"No you won't," said Collier. "You will not meet there."

Collier halted the clerks and demanded that they take back the records. Clerks Leigh and Williams defied the military authorities, but Colonel Williams forcibly took from Clerk Williams the records he held. The legislators finally returned to the Capitol Hotel, followed by the troops. By this time some of the legislators were becoming weak in the knees, but Trimble, Charlton, Cantrill and others cheerily shouted "Come on." Democratic leaders then went into Speaker Trimble's room. They have proposed a plan for their party, consideration that the legislators go to Louisville, Lexington or Newport to hold a session.

General Collier says troops will follow wherever they go and prevent any session except the one adjourned to London.

Republican detectives are spotting the legislators and every move is reported to General Collier.

Goebel's room is directly above and he can distinctly hear the rabble in the lobby. He is in great pain.

Two companies of militia with General Collier in personal charge are lined up in the street in front of the hotel.

It is certain now that the legislature will seat Goebel at the first session which it holds.

At 11 o'clock Willard Mitchell, Speaker Trimble, ex-Governor McCreary and other democratic leaders conferred in the democratic headquarters. Collier thought a meeting of the legislature was being held in secret and dispatched a message that he did not want to bring soldiers into the hotel on account of Goebel, but if such an attempt was made he would bring a detail of men to prevent them even if he had to pursue them into Goebel's room.

All republican members of the legislature and part of the managers on Taylor's side will leave on afternoon trains for London where Governor Taylor has called the legislature to meet February 6.

11:45.—Goebel appears to be sinking. He is breathing heavily. Constant hot water applications are administered to give his body warmth.

1 p. m.—Colonel Chinn just came from Goebel's room and said: "I believe Goebel is dying."

1:05.—Revs. Talierferro and L. G. Wallace were summoned to Goebel's bedside to administer the last religious rites.

1:10 p. m.—All of Goebel's friends have given up hope. Strong men stood on the Capital Hotel steps and cried as if their hearts would break.

At 4 o'clock Goebel was still alive but was sinking fast.

No progress has been made towards apprehending the man who shot Goebel. The police have practically abandoned the case. The force of mountaineers are in the building from which the shots were fired and nobody has been allowed to enter it.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—Several judges of the court of appeals, Circuit Judge Cantrill, Speaker Trimble and other prominent democratic leaders were in consultation at noon as to law points brought up by Taylor's action today and as to what course the democrats will take. Democratic leaders say there is no insurrection and therefore no cause for adjourning the general assembly. Democratic members will not recognize Taylor's proclamation, but will carry out their own plans to be decided upon by the steering committee. It is possible that there will be two legislatures, the democrats probably sitting in Louisville and the republicans in London. Everything and everybody are at the mercy of the militia. General Collier's movement's indicate that he has for some time been planning today's work.

Foreign News.

Paris, Jan. 31.—Some of the admirers of Paul Derulede who went to Spain after his banishment from France, sent him a cartload of French turf recently. This has been held up at the Spanish frontier and the customs officers are puzzled as to what sort of tax to impose on the shipment.

Portsmouth, Eng. Jan. 31.—It is reported that the commanders of the war vessels here have been warned to hold themselves in readiness for duty at instant notice. The order is believed to foreshadow the mobilization of the British fleet.

Constantinople, Jan. 31.—The Italian Ambassador has notified the Porte that if the Italian girl, Sylvia Gemeli, held at the Turkish Ministry pending an investigation of her alleged abduction, is not released today, Italy will break off diplomatic relations with the Turkish government.

Barcelona, Jan. 31.—The provincial government has prohibited the holding of a pro-Boer meeting which was scheduled to take place tonight on the ground that it would be a breach of Spanish neutrality.

Margate, Eng., Jan. 31.—An unknown Norwegian bark, is ashore off this place and a total wreck. It is believed the crew, which numbered fifteen men, have been drowned.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—The Countess Shuwalaw, of St. Petersburg, has sent a memorial containing 40,000 signatures to President McKinley, asking him to mediate in the South African conflict.

London War Gossip

London, Jan. 31.—It appears from press dispatches published here that the British campaign is taking on a new phase. The Boers evidently expect an advance in force on the Orange Free State soon, as a dispatch from Lorenzo Marquez states that Col. De Villebois-Mareuil has proceeded to the Orange river near Colesburg. General Villebois-Mareuil is the French officer who is credited with having directed the Boer campaign north of the Tugela, as head of the board of strategy. It seems likely that a third attempt to relieve Ladysmith will be made and this belief is strengthened by the dispatch from Churchill, saying that Buller's troops are resolved to try again. Nothing has been received from General Buller thus far today further explaining the position of his forces. He is believed to have only an advance guard north of the Tugela.

In the House of Commons today Francis S. Stevenson, liberal and home ruler, interpellated Mr. Balfour, the government leader, as to what would be England's terms of peace with the Boers. The Speaker of the House overruled the question. In reply to questions by the opposition as to the government's under estimate of the cost of the war, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, made a speech denying that he had ever in the smallest degree stinted the money necessary for war preparations.

A report is current in the lobby of the House of Commons that Mafeking has been relieved.

From South Africa.

Spearmans Camps, Jan. 28.—(Delayed).—As the last of Warren's force was crossing the Tugela yesterday, the Boers opened fire with a big gun directed on the pontoon bridge. The shelling did no damage. Many of the Boers who were opposing Warren appear to be moving off in the direction of Ladysmith.

Ladysmith, Jan. 28.—(Delayed).—News of Buller's failure on upper Tugela has reached the besieged garrison and causes great disappointment but little despondency. The Boer laager beyond Ladysmith is refilled with men returning after Buller's retreat. The enemy around us has increased in force. There is a noticeable movement of the Boers toward the southwest.

Capetown, Jan. 31.—One hundred and fifty American scouts have arrived here disguised as muleteers and enlisted in the British service.

Capetown, Jan. 31.—A heliographic message from Kimberley to Modder river says that all British subjects in the Barkley west district of Cape Colony, are being ordered to take up arms for the Boers, under penalty of 37 pounds fine or three months' imprisonment. About three hundred men are affected by the order.

Pretoria, Jan. 29.—(Delayed).—The Boer losses in the battle of Spion Kop last Wednesday were 53 killed and 120 wounded.

London, Jan. 31.—General Buller reports to the War Office under date of yesterday (Tuesday) that Captain Thorneycroft was the officer who ordered their retirement from Spion Kop. The report continues: "It is due to say that I believe his personal gallantry saved a difficult situation early on January 24. Under a loss of at least 40 per cent of his forces, he directed the defense with conspicuous courage and ability throughout the day. He is not to blame whatsoever for the withdrawal attributed to him. His conduct throughout was admirable."

A Chaplain's Downfall.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—Ex-U. S. army chaplain David Shields, who was recently tried by court-martial for conduct unbecoming an officer and discharged from service, was found dying on the water front Tuesday, and was taken to a hospital. Since his discharge Shields had been drinking heavily. He is far advanced in consumption.

The Molineux Case.

New York, Jan. 31.—This morning every appearance indicates that there can be no decision in the Molineux case. To secure another jury here is considered almost impossible because the story of the crime has been so thoroughly circulated. Juror Brown is so much worse that his doctor has ordered him to the mountains. It was the impression today that if the case is not resumed on Monday the whole task would have to be begun over again.

Colorado Marriage Licenses.

Denver, Col., Jan. 31.—Governor Thomas is giving some attention to a bill that will, if passed, place the granting of marriage licenses in the hands of a board of medical examiners. The board shall have to examine all persons seeking to marry, and refuse permission to all who are not mentally and physically equipped to enter the marriage state.

The Markets.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—May 68⅛; July —. Corn—May —. Pork—May —.

Georgetown, Jan 31.—Wheat 66a72.

J. I. Bevry, Logantown, Pa., writes, "I am willing to take my oath that I was cured of pneumonia entirely by the use of One Minute Cough Cure after doctors failed. It also cured my children of whooping cough." Quickly relieves and cures coughs, colds, grippe and throat and lung troubles. Children all like it. Mothers endorse it.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At a called meeting of the Board of Aldermen of Alexandria, Va., held January 30, 1900, there were present:

Wm. H. Marbury, esq. President, and Messrs. Dobie, Ballenger, Clark, Curtin, W. H. Sweeney and J. T. Sweeney.

A communication from the Mayor, giving his reasons for calling the meeting of Council, was received from the Common Council, and a resolution appropriating $800 for street cleaning purposes was received from that board and their action concurred in by a vote of ayes, 7; noes, none.

An ordinance granting permission to the Southern Railway Company to lay a standard guage railroad track on the west side of Henry street, from the north side of Duke street to the south side of Wolfe street, on certain conditions, was read three times and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, Messrs. Dobie, Ballenger, Curtin, W. H Sweeney, J. T. Sweeney and Mr. President—6. No, Mr. Clark—1.

The board then adjourned.

W. H. MARBURY, President.
Teste: LUTHER H. THOMPSON, Clerk.

COMMON COUNCIL.

At a called meeting of the Common Council of the city of Alexandria, Va., held January 30, 1900, there were present:

Messrs. Burke, Snowden, Moore, Latham, Baader, Harrison, Smith, Lawler, Ficklin and Kelly

The Clerk called the board to order and Mr. Snowden was elected President pro tem.

A message from Hon. George L. Simpson, Mayor, convening the City Council for the purpose of considering appropriation for street work was received.

The Finance Committee reported favorably a resolution appropriating $800 for street cleaning for the present fiscal year, and the report was unanimously adopted.

An ordinance granting permission to the Southern Railway Company to lay a standard guage railroad track on the west side of Henry street, from the north side of Duke street to the south side of Wolfe street, on certain conditions, was reported favorably by the Committee on Streets, and read the first, second and third times and passed by the following vote:

Ayes, Messrs. Burke, Snowden, Latham, Baader, Harrison, Smith, Lawler, Ficklin and Kelly—9. Noes, none.

The joint Committee on Streets and General Laws to whom was referred a resolution requiring the Washington Southern and the Southern Railway Companies to keep the crossing open at the intersection of Wolfe and Payne streets, and place gates at the crossing, submitted a report which, upon motion of Mr Lawler, was laid on the table.

The board then adjourned.

HUBERT SNOWDEN, President pro tem.
Teste: D. R. STANSBURY, Clerk.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Druggists.

G. H. Appleton, Justice of Peace, Clarksburg, N. J., says "DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills made for constipation. We use no others." Quickly cure for all liver and bowel trouble.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

DIED.

On Tuesday, January 30, EMMA J., wife of Walter M. Donnelly, aged 30 years. Funeral from St. Mary's Church Friday, Feb 2, at 10 a. m. 2t

HEINZ'S SWEET and SOUR PICKLES and Mustard, just received and for sale in quantities to suit by
J. C. MILBURN

CURRANTS in 1-lb cartoons received to day by
J. C. MILBURN

CRANBERRIES.—Fancy Cape Cod Cranberries just received by
J. C. MILBURN.

2 TIERCE'S Cox & Gordon Missouri Hams, very fine quality, just received by
J. C. MILBURN.

COFFEES have advanced, but we are still selling them at old prices.
J. C. MILBURN.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S FINE PICKLES just received by
J. C. MILBURN.

HORSE RADISH in bottles, 10c each, received today by
J. C. MILBURN

SUGAR LOWER.—Best Fine Grain Granulated Sugar for sale at 5⅛c by
J. C. MILBURN.

A LOT OF CHOICE FAT NO. 2 MACKEREL just received by
J. C. MILBURN.

1899 COD FISH just received by
J. C. MILBURN.