



THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 8, 1900

No right thinking Southern man denies, or has any reason to do so, that there are honest, true, brave and reliable republicans in the North; but the trouble is, that few of them become prominent in politics.

When a democrat becomes so "independent" as to imagine that he knows better what is good for his party than it does, and to go his own way, irrespective of the course it takes, he has taken the first step toward radical and partisan republicanism.

Every thing that hurts this country must necessarily help England, it is only natural that the latter should do all she can to promote the scheme by which the United States will throw away three or four hundred million dollars in the construction of a worthless inter-oceanic canal through territory in Nicaragua.

That the people of this country are as gullible as geese is made plain by the facts that the majority of the men they elect to Congress tell them that trade, as well as civilization, humanity and christianity expands, at equal pace with the scope of the flag, and that they swallow such transparent humbuggery with apparent avidity.

FROM WASHINGTON.

W. M. Bickford, of Butte, was again placed upon the stand this morning in the Clark contest. The prosecution questioned him carefully regarding certain mortgages which Clark held against newspaper people and others.

The body of General Lawton arrived at the Sixth street station this morning. A troop of cavalry from Fort Myer was there to receive it and accord it military honors. The body was at once escorted to the Church of the Covenant, where the funeral services will be held tomorrow.

Clara Mitchell, a handsome girl of fifteen, who left her home in Philadelphia to join a company of orientals dancers which stranded here, was located in this city last night and turned over to her mother, who had followed her here under the guidance of two newspapermen who worked up the case.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Mrs. Susan B. Anthony has resigned as president of the Woman's Suffrage Association and will be succeeded by Mrs. C. C. Catt.

The mortality in Bombay on Tuesday was unprecedented. There was a total of 408 deaths. The situation is aggravated by the advent of feminine refugees.

According to a report current in Wall street Andrew Carnegie and other capitalists contemplate the erection of an immense shipbuilding plant along the North river at New York.

Governor General Wood, of Cuba, has sustained General Ludlow in the contention that General Ludlow's authority as to the finances of Havana is superior to that of Civil Governor Nunez.

While taking a rat from a trap at Parkersburg, W. Va., yesterday, Ben Stewart's finger was seized by the rodent and bitten through. The animal's jaws remained fixed after his head was severed by a bystander, and had to be pried apart.

The leading topic of discussion in Washington is the Hay-Panncote treaty. By many it is thought that the Secretary of State has been outwitted by agreeing to the fortification clause, as well as by recognizing the existence of a treaty that has been declared abrogated.

W. M. Bickford, said to have been Senator Clark's right hand man during the contest in Montana, testified for the defense before the Senate investigating committee yesterday. He made general and specific denials of all testimony implicating him in the alleged wrongful use of money.

The remains of Mr. Goebel were taken to Frankfort, Ky., yesterday and lay in state in the Capitol Hotel. All soldiers were withdrawn from the Capitol grounds to avoid disorder.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The Fredericksburg waterpower has been sold to northern capitalists.

Leading business men of Suffolk are considering a proposition for the location there of a large silk mill.

Mr. Henry Clagett Bennett, a well-known citizen of Waterford, Loudoun county, died on Saturday of consumption.

The committee appointed by the legislature to invite Wm. J. Bryan to address them received a telegram from Mr. Bryan yesterday naming February 12 as the date.

Miss Edgar Mattie Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Smith, was married to Mr. Albert Landon Moffett, at the home of the bride, near Rectortown, yesterday.

John Conway, a well-known citizen of Winchester and a former prominent railroad contractor, died in Richmond Tuesday night at the Catholic hospital, where he had gone for treatment for cancer.

The Morton-Lewis-Wiley Lumber Company, of Bristol, has purchased a 1,000-acre tract of timber land in Holston Valley, 10 miles east of Bristol, for which it paid \$32,000.

Mr. James B. Doherty, of Richmond, was yesterday appointed by Governor Tyler as commissioner of labor and industrial statistics, to succeed Mr. A. P. Montague, resigned.

Little progress was made yesterday in the trial of Justice of the Peace Fleming, at Norfolk, charged with the murder of Clarence Snyder. There is much uncertainty as to when the case will be concluded.

Mr. William Wertenbaker and Miss Imogene Peyton, of Charlottesville, went to Washington on Saturday where they were married.

There is talk of a railroad from Mineral City, Louisa county, to deep water, on the Potomac river, as an outlet for the products of the pyrites mines near that place.

The trial of Taylor Shuffelbarger for the attempted assassination of J. F. Meyers last November, yesterday, in the county court of Pulaski, resulted in an acquittal, as was expected.

The remains of Mrs. Dine Fontaine Corbin, widow of the late S. Wellford Corbin, of "Fairlyale," in King George county, who died at the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. James R. Werth, in Richmond on Tuesday, were buried in Fredericksburg yesterday in the city cemetery.

A meeting was held in Culpeper Tuesday evening to advocate making the town a dispensary community. The meeting was called by the Social Safety Club, which announced a desire to "improve the morals of the town."

COURT OF APPEALS.

The following were the proceedings in the Court of appeals yesterday:

Morgan vs. Commonwealth. Argued and submitted. Hirth vs. Hirth. Argued and continued. The next cases to be called are Vashon vs. Vashon and Carpenter vs. Virginia-North Carolina Chemical Company. Nos. 46 and 47 on the argument docket.

THE LEGISLATURE.

THE SENATE.

Consideration of the bill to provide for recordation by clerks of courts of conveyances was begun, and after considerable debate an amendment was offered, ordered printed and made the special order for Friday.

The special order—the amending of the land-grabbers' law—was commenced at 1 o'clock and the debate of Tuesday was resumed. Senator Mann offered his substitute of Tuesday, which had been rejected, and which he so amended as to make its consideration possible.

The substitute of Senator Mann was rejected by a vote of 17 to 16, and the consideration of the committee bill was begun, when another flood of amendments showed up.

Mr. Munford offered an amendment to provide that all parties holding an interest in the land delinquent shall be notified of the intention to purchase the land.

A final vote on the bill was not reached. The Senate took up the act designed to give a certificate of the old general court—the records of which were removed by act of the Circuit Assembly to the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond, and hurried at the evacuation of the city in 1865—the force and effect of a deed.

Senator Opie found fault with the provisions of the bill. It went over until today in order that the bill, with the amendment, might be printed.

Senator Glass offered a bill to amend the code, to provide that the capital stock and shares of stock of corporations engaged in the business of a merchant shall not be taxed in any case where the said corporation pays a license tax, which amounts to as much as or more than the capital stock would be under the laws of the State.

The Senate passed the State bill to give the consent of the State of Virginia to the purchase of land near Portsmouth by the United States.

HOUSE.

When Mr. Whitehead's bill to provide stripes for wife beaters was reached on the calendar Mr. McAllister moved to dismiss the bill. Mr. Whitehead appealed to the House not to sustain Mr. McAllister's motion.

The bill to legalize primary elections and conventions in the county of Prince William was passed. The debate on the repeal of the land-grabbers law continued. Captain Parks brought to a close his argument.

The legislature elected Mr. John Randolph Tucker, jr., to the judgeship of the Eighteenth judicial circuit, to succeed Judge Dupuy.

Dr. A. Nash Johnston, elected to the Senate to fill the vacancy created by the death of Hon. Charles E. McCorkle, was sworn in.

The Senate committee on general laws reported the child labor bill of Senator Lyle adversely. A similar bill offered by Mr. Bland was recently reported adversely by the House committee.

The House committee on courts of justice took up two bills offered by Mr. Boaz—one to incorporate the Virginia Immigration Company and the other incorporating the Albermarle Orchard Company. Both were favorably reported.

The sub-committee appointed by the Senate finance committee to draft an amendment to the Parks bill on taxing stocks and evidences of debt, so as to provide against double taxation, such as is bitterly combined of by domestic corporations, agreed on an amendment which it is certain will meet the case.

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The Senate committee on fish and game agreed to report, with important amendments, the bill permitting dredging on oyster grounds. This is one of the bills recommended by the fish commission. The original measure permitted dredging on all holdings of fifty acres or more.

There are very serious doubts about the passage by the House of the bill appropriating \$100 for the enlargement of the penitentiary.

The opposition is due to the growing and pressing needs of the Confederate Veterans and their dependent widows for support.

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THE WAR IN AFRICA.

Gen. Buller's army has begun another advance to the relief of Ladysmith, and, according to the latest advices, the advance has been checked, at least temporarily.

Delayed dispatches received last night state that Gen. Buller began his advance on Monday. He made a feint at Potgieter's drift, 16 miles west of Colenso and 22 miles southwest of Ladysmith in a direct line.

He made his main advance at Molonoer Skiet drift, further down the river towards Colenso, and succeeded in throwing a strong column across the stream.

The feint at Potgieter's was executed by sending a brigade commanded by Col. Wynne and accompanied by six field batteries across the river and towards the Boer position at Brakfontein, four miles to the north.

The Boers made a hot attack on this body of troops and, according to a Boer dispatch, the British recrossed the river "in great confusion."

The main movement resulted in the occupation of Vaal Krantz hill on the north side of the river. The Boers, a British dispatch states, attempted to retake the hill but were repulsed.

The Boers admit the capture, giving their casualties at four killed. Up to this point the movement was successful. A late dispatch sent from Spearman's Camp in Buller's headquarters, states, however, that the further advancement of the British is at the moment prevented, as the Boers entrench themselves from positions on Spion kop and Doorn kloof.

These latter are high hills, and if, as is supposed, the Boers have planted their modern cannon from the Pretoria and Johannesburg forts, an entrenchment or raking fire on the British would be a severe ordeal.

The British losses, so far known, are estimated at 250 killed and wounded. Important developments have also occurred at other scenes in the theatre of war.

Field Marshal Roberts and Gen. Kischener have left Capetown for the front. It is believed that Buller's headquarters, states, however, that the further advancement of the British is at the moment prevented, as the Boers entrench themselves from positions on Spion kop and Doorn kloof.

The Boers have attacked General Gatacre at Potgieter's drift, 16 miles west of Colenso and 22 miles southwest of Ladysmith in a direct line. At last accounts fighting was still going on there.

STREET RAILWAYS AT ODDS.

Arguments in the case of the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railroad Company against the Anacostia and Potomac River Railroad Company, in which the former prays that the latter be enjoined from using its underground conduits and electrical apparatus on Fourteenth street, between E and B streets northwest, occupied the attention of Equity Court, No. 2, of Washington, yesterday afternoon.

The matter came up for consideration on the answer of the defendant, filed by Attorney J. J. Darlington. The answer contends that under the reciprocal trackage clause of a certain act of Congress respecting street railways in the District, that it has a right to run its cars over the tracks of the complainant company.

It charges that the monopolization of the entire space between the tracks was for the very purpose of embarrassing and preventing another company from using the motive power then coming into vogue under legislative requirement.

The defendant admits that it claims the right to occupy the use of the complainant company's conduits, conductors, bars, and connections upon "fair terms" to be determined by a referee. It is the contention of the Mount Vernon Company is willing to enter into such an equitable arrangement for compensation, or otherwise to be determined by the court.

Mr. Darlington, after reading the answer, supported it by a number of affidavits showing that the entire underground space was occupied by the Mount Vernon Company's conduits so that it was entirely impossible for the defendant to construct a conduit beside it.

Mr. Nathaniel Wilson appeared for the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway and argued that the use of the conduits was not contemplated in the reciprocal trackage law, and that for the defendant company to make use of the complainant's underground equipments would be the same as to take and make use of its property.

The argument continued before Justice Barnard, presiding in Equity Court, No. 2, in Washington.

JR. O. U. A. M.

Virginia Council, Union Order United American Mechanics, which includes 143 subordinate councils, with a membership of 9,000, has been suspended by the national council of the order.

The official notice was received last night by State Councillor Floyd A. Huggins, of Newport News, who is in Richmond urging the granting by the legislature of a charter which will give the State council an independent existence.

The order of suspension alleges insubordination, which consists mainly in the refusal of the State council, decided upon at its last meeting, to pay the per capita tax of 25 cents for the support of the national council.

The Virginia branch claims to have other grievances, including the alleged extravagance of the national council and unfair distribution of representation in the national body.

The charter, in which State officers and other officers corporations, has passed the House and will get through the Senate without delay.

Many of the local councils own property or have money which they expect to be able to prevent from reverting to the national council in the event of fiscal expulsion.

The final result of the contest between the national and State councils cannot be foretold. And, because of this, the members of the order are somewhat apprehensive.

The order holds assets in the State amounting to tens of thousands of dollars. Many of the subordinate councils have money in bank, some own their halls, others own real estate.

The laws of the order would forfeit all the assets of the State council to the national council should expulsion follow the order of suspension. The State council, through its executive committee, is fighting now for a means of protection.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Buckner's Arnica Salve cured it in ten days.

For Ulcers, Coughs, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles, it is the best salve in the world. Care guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Drugists.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

From Richmond.

[Special Dispatch to Alexandria Gazette.] Richmond, Feb. 8.—Senator Fairfax today scoured the passage by both houses of the bill to prohibit the sale of cider in Loudoun.

Senator Donohoe secured the passage by the Senate of the bill for the relief of the Kretol Chemical Company of Alexandria.

The Kentucky Political War.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 8.—Governor Taylor has not yet signed the peace protocol, and although many leaders believe he will not sign yet the document may bear his autograph before night.

There was no doubt that Taylor was weakening but the hundreds of telegrams that have poured into his office the last twenty-four hours from men of prominence have helped to stiffen his spinal column.

Although the national administration is plainly against Taylor and many of the leaders of his party in this State have deserted him the great mass of republicans seem to be with him and are determined to carry on the fight, through blood if necessary.

Taylor is playing for time, but today will most likely settle the matter. Taylor again counseled with his advisors last night. He said the democrats had not been explicit enough in their efforts to provide a better election law and he thought he should remain governor long enough to sign the bill passed by the assembly as to the new election law.

Taylor also said that he was not certain that he had the right to give away an office given to him by the people. "I am sometimes tempted to declare that I have been elected by the people that I will be governor" he said.

"I realize that such a stand would mean bloodshed from one end of Kentucky to the other, but it would not be my doing."

London, Ky., Feb. 8.—The round robin sent yesterday by the London legislators to Governor Taylor, warning him not to sign the Louisville protocol, was dispatched to Frankfort without either knowledge or consent of some of the older and more prominent members of the assembly.

When they learned that the round robin had been sent out they did not attempt to conceal their displeasure. Last midnight Representative Kelday received a telegram from Gov. Taylor saying: "I have positively refused to sign any agreement. Stay there until you hear from me."

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 8.—Gov. Taylor began another conference with his advisors this morning and it was said he might take action after the Goebel funeral at 12 o'clock.

The democratic leaders sent Taylor word they must have his final answer before noon. At 9 a. m. the conference adjourned and Taylor seemed between two fires in his own party, one element being for surrender and the other insisting that he remain firm.

Bradley and Beckleridge are furious because Taylor even considered the agreement. The counter proposition Taylor and his advisors have under consideration is for the legislature to reconvene at Frankfort at once, repeal the Goebel election law and enact a new law acceptable to the republicans and then take up the gubernatorial contest, hear the arguments of attorneys on both sides and decide the case immediately.

Taylor to reserve all rights as to the court proceedings. It is said Taylor has submitted two counter propositions to the democrats, the second one being that after repealing the Goebel election law, all legislators resign on the ground that at least 25 democrats sitting are not entitled to their seats.

Cincinnati, Feb. 8.—Ex-Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, presented injunction papers in the Kentucky gubernatorial contest in the federal court at noon today.

Judge Taft refused to accept the injunction papers for filing, saying that if they wished to file an injunction, they must notify the defendants and appear before him Monday at 2 o'clock, to which they agreed.

Judge Taft refused to see the document and its contents were not made known. It is supposed the injunction is against the democratic legislators preventing them from interfering with Taylor or holding sessions.

Governor Goebel's Funeral.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 8.—This was an ideal day for Gov. Goebel's funeral. Every train was crowded with excursionists and the City of Louisville was his office under heavy guard.

The Capitol building and grounds were crowded with soldiers. None of the republican State officials made any preparations for the funeral.

The crowd of mourners is the greatest ever seen at a funeral in this city. It is estimated between 15,000 and 20,000. Crowds of people viewed the remains. The streets in front of the Capitol Hotel on either side were blocked for squares away.

At 11 o'clock the doors were closed against the throngs and private services with only the Goebel family and immediate relatives took place. The services were brief and simple.

RAILROAD WRECK.

Williamsport, Pa., Feb. 8.—Three men were killed and three others seriously injured in a freight wreck near Peale Tunnel on the Beach Creek division of the New York Central Railroad this morning.

Two freight trains, moving at high speed, met head-on and both engines and thirty seven cars were either piled up or demolished. The engineers and firemen stuck to their posts and three of the four men in the cars were killed.

The accident was caused by a misunderstanding of orders. It is reported that several other hands are dead under the wreckage.

The Molinex Trial.

New York, Feb. 8.—Recorder Goff's court room resembled a bargain counter this morning. There was a struggle of the crowd of women and an excited jostling of the court officials.

It was 10:45 before court was opened and the jury filed in. After 10 minutes of delay, the roll of the jury was called and then Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Osborne resumed his closing address to the jury.

An Editor's Life Saved by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. During the early part of October, 1896, I contracted a bad cold which settled on my lungs and was neglected until I feared that consumption had appeared in an incipient state.

I was constantly coughing and trying to expel something that I could not. I became alarmed, and after giving the local doctor a trial bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the result was immediate improvement.

And after I had used three bottles my lungs were restored to their healthy state.—B. S. EDWARDS, Publisher of The Review, Wyand, Ill. For sale by all druggists.

Foreign News.

London, Feb. 8.—Hon. Gerald Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, who has been ill for some weeks today suffered a relapse and is in a critical condition. His condition is caused by a clot of blood in the heart.

In the House of Commons today Mr. Wyndham stated that the army totals to South Africa were: Regulars, 180,000; navals, 1,000; militia, 9,000; yeomanry, 5,000; colonials, 28,000. Of the last division 20,000 were local troops.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—Influenza is epidemic here and the victims of the disease can be numbered by thousands. There are no vacant beds in the hospitals.

Madrid, Feb. 8.—Serious floods are reported in the Huerva river valley in Seville. In many places farms and houses have been destroyed. Today a train was wrecked by running into a washout and two persons were killed.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—The naval increase bill came up for its first reading in the Reichstag today. Vice Admiral Tirpitz, imperial minister of marine, made his first speech and urged the passage of the new measure.

Herr Schaeffer, of the centrist party, attacked the bill declaring, "Our strength lies on land; we cannot be defeated in a sea war." Herr Von Levetzow and Herr Bassano said the conservatives and national liberals would support the bill.

London, Feb. 8.—Interest in the Paris Bank robbery of over a year ago was revived today by the announcement that the bank discovered \$100,000 worth of the stolen notes among customers' "washbooks" this morning. There has never been any doubt of the robbery of the Paris Bank. The notes were taken from the cashier's drawer at midnight while the bank was in operation.

Buller's Advance.

London, Feb. 8.—Interest today centered on the Tugela river where Buller is fighting his way toward Ladysmith. So far, Buller appears to have achieved some success. The news that he crossed the Tugela on Monday weakens England to the fact that a concerted advance from all points has been planned.

This plan of advance against the Boers from all points at once is credited to the genius of General Lord Roberts, who will personally direct the operation. According to the dispatches Buller's advance has reached Vaalkrantz and holds two kopjes which the Boers unsuccessfully attempted to recapture.

According to one report, Vaalkrantz is on the most direct route to Ladysmith. According to reports from Boer sources the advanced position of the British at Vaalkrantz is unimportant.

Describing the fighting at the British centre, it is said that on Tuesday afternoon the Boers took the front British trenches north of Potgieter's, but were driven out again by Lytleton's brigade at the point of the bayonet. This action is believed here to be the British reversion reported in the Boer dispatches. At last accounts reinforcements were being gotten to the advanced British position over a second pontoon bridge under cover of artillery fire.

General Buller has sent in the casualties in the fighting at Potgieter's drift up to noon Tuesday. The list shows that 2 officers were killed and 16 wounded. The losses in the rank and file in killed and wounded were 216.

From South Africa.

Sterksroom, Feb. 8.—The Boers today captured a British patrol consisting of a sergeant and six men of Brabant's cavalry. Major Brabant's force constitutes General Gatacre's advance guard.

Mouder River Camp, Feb. 8.—The Boers today tried to rush the British trenches but were driven off. The British had no casualties. General Hector MacDonald holds the top of the Kooledersberg kopje but the sides are too steep to get up field guns with which to begin an artillery attack on the positions the Boers hold.

Sterksroom, Feb. 7.—The Boer attack on Gatacre's force on the Bird's river was a feeble one and easily repulsed. The British pursued the retreating Boers.

Reusburg, Feb. 7.—The enemy facing General French's forces here keep up a steady bombardment but thus far have inflicted no damage.

London, Feb. 8.—A dispatch from Spearman's Camp under today's date, printed here this afternoon, says that Buller is holding his position and that the relief of Ladysmith is certain.

A Chicago Tragedy.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Highwayman last night held up and robbed A. Van Winkle of \$25. They left him his revolver and they fled without a word to him. The police attracted Frank O'Neill, a wealthy contractor, his son James and Harry Bowden, a neighbor, into the street from their homes. The O'Neills and Bowden have had trouble owing to the attentions said to have been paid Mrs. Bowden by young O'Neill. Bowden recently fired two shots at the young man. Last night as they were all talking to the victim of the highwayman, young O'Neill said: "There seems to be getting to be like Kentucky." Bowden noticed the sarcasm, drew a revolver and shot the eldest O'Neill through the back of the head. He died this morning. Bowden ran away coatless and shoeless.

The Markets.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—May 68 3/4, July 68 1/2, Corn—May—, Pork—May—, Georgetown, Feb. 8.—Wheat 68 3/4.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County. FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Prop. Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists. 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Beauty is Blood Driven. Clean blood means a clear complexion, beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, clean your blood and keep it clean. It is stirring up the lazy liver and driving out the poisons. Buy Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, mail order guaranteed. 10c. 25c. 50c.

"I had dyspepsia for years. No medicine was so effective as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It gave immediate relief. Two bottles produced marvelous results." writes L. H. Warren, Albany, Wis. It digests what you eat and cleanses the system.

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