ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER.

Alexandria Gazette — Sic Semper Tyrannis — And Virginia Advertiser

MONDAY EVENING, OCT. 1, 1900.

MR. CARNEGIE though he still says he deprecates Mr. McKinley's course in the case of the Boers, and his expansion and imperialistic policy, has come home to join his fellow millionsires, who have acquired fortunes by the republican high tariff in, re-electing him, but he does so, for the alleged reason that the democratic platform "makes an insidious attack upon the U. S. Supreme Court." Mr. Carnegie is a second Daniel come to judgment. Why, the only reference to the U. S. Supreme Court made in the democratic platform, is opposition to its unauthorized and unwarranted assumption and extension of jurisdiction. But the tariff on steel is so high that to Mr. Carnegie, it obscures everything else.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE great ado the republicans are making about the coinage of silver at sixteen to one, all the mints in the country are now coining silver dollars at that rate as rapidly as possible, and the Treasury presses are also turning out all the small notes they can print, nominally to "move the crops," but really for the purchase of votes next month. There is no department of the government that is not now actively engaged in the work of re-electing Mr. McKinley, and that too, utterly irrespective of the means that may be employed.

IT IS NOW printed in the newspapers that the creditor class of the country's population have come to the determination to press their democratic debtors for a settlement, and to grant them no more indulgence unless they manifest a change of mind and show a disposition to vote for gold monometallism. It really seems as if the rich are doing all they can to widen the breach that always exists between them and their poor fellow citizens, though, if they have good sense, they must know that such a breach is not conducive even to their own interest.

WERE it not for their anxiety concerning the result of the contemplated attempt of the republican managers to bribe the election judges, democratic as well as republican, with the millions of dollars Mr. Hanna has raised for that purpose, the democrats would be perfectly contented with the political prospect, and go to sleep every night with the assurance that their ticket would be elected next month. But they naturally feel the horror of the malign influence of money, and dread its baneful effect.

THE SHUTTING down of the Illinois Steel Company's works at Joilet, last week, and the discharge of all the many hands employed there, at the commencement of winter, is not conducive to belief in the republican idea that prosperity is prevalent everywhere throughout the length and breadth of this land. Rich people are prosperous in this country now, as they are every where else, and at all times, even during famines, but that other people are not, is realized by them to their great sorrow.

LAST WEEK the U. S. flag was taken down from another large slice of Alaskan territory over which it had previous waved, by British soldiers there, and American owners of claims there were compelled to take out new grants under the British government. But Mr. Roosevelt and the other warriors bold, who continually cry that "the flag" shall never, no never, be taken down after it has once been raised, forget the reported secret alliance that Mr. McKinley has made with the British government.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, October 1.

The Secretary of State signalized his return by making public telegrams which he has received. The first is from Minister Conger showing that China has appointed five officials to conduct negotiations for peace including Yung Lu, who is in command of the northern Chinese army. The dispatch is dated Pekin, September 27, by way of Taku September 30, and says: "Have received notice today from Prince Ching that he, Earl Li, Yung Lu and Chang Chip-Tung will act in concert in negotiations for peace. Yung Lu is in the interior, Li Hung Chang is at Tientsin." The other dispatch is from Consul McWade at Canton and confirms the report sent Saturday by Consul General Goodnow about the degradation of Prince Tuan and other officials. It is dated October 1 and says "Decree just issued. The emperor blames the ministers for the whole trouble and orders Tuan, Kangi and other officials degraded and punished by the imperial court. The emperor holds Tuan and others entirely responsible for the bloodshed."

Minister Conger's message announcing the appointment of additional Chinese peace negotiators is satisfactory in all but one respect. The two southern viceroys who are to assist Prince Ching and Earl Li Hung Chang in the negotiations are friendly to foreigners. They are respectively the Viceroys of Nankin and Wuchang and will be acceptable to the United States Government. General Yung Lu is named as the fifth negotiator. He is the man who was in charge of the imperial troops in Pekin throughout the attacks upon the foreign legations. The statement has been made by Minister Conger and others of the foreign colony that the imperial troops assisted in these attacks. They probably did so at the command of Yung Lu. The United States has already laid down the principle that it will not negotiate with any one who was responsible in any degree for the assaults. Yung Lu is therefore not acceptible and Minister Conger will be instructed to protest against his appointment as one of the negotiators.

Another dispatch from Gen. Chaffee to the War department reads as follows: The 9th Infantry, 3rd Squadron of 7th. Cavalry and a light battery will constitute legation guard.

Officials here deny the statement cabled here from Tientsin that Gen. Chaffee is preparing to take part in the proposed expedition to Shan-hai-Kwan by assigning a battalion of marines to the expedition. Secretary of the Navy Long says that would be in direct opposition to the spirit of the instructions that have been sent both to Chaffee and to Admiral Remey. These were that all the military forces of the United States, including the marines, are to be withdrawn from China at once with the exception of the legation guard that is to remain in Pekin. That Chaffee has received his instructions is acknowledged by him in his dispatch to the War department this morning, in which he designates the constituent parts that are to compose the foreign legation guard. These are the Ninth infantry, under Colonel Daggett, the Third squadron of the Sixth cavalry, and Reilly's light battery. The others are being prepared for withdrawal as rapidly as possible. Under these circumstances it is not believed that Chaffee intends to take any part in the expedition to Shan-Hai-Kwan.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, said this morning, when asked his opinion of the move of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal Company in offering a 10 per cent. advance in wages to returning miners, said: "I consider the action of the Philadelphia and Reading Company in offering an increase, while they at the same time refuse to acknowledge the existence of the United Mine Workers of America as an an organization, a most unwise move. This organization is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. It was as a body that they made the demand upon the operators, and it must be that body as an organization which demands recognition. The action of the operators in ignoring this fact, and coupling it with an offer of increased pay, is ill advised. It will probably be found that the organized body will remain true to its first principles."

Lewis A. Yorke, a retired paymaster of the navy living here, was arrested today on a warrant charging him with false pretenses. A fashionable dressmaker is the complaining witness and the warrant alleges that on the statement he made that he was an officer of the navy, he secured goods from her to the amount of $222. The police, admitting that he is a retired officer, say that he represented himself as an officer in service. Mr. Yorke furnished bond and the case will be heard in the police court tomorrow morning.

It is said here that Senator Elkins is so alarmed about his State that he has importuned ex-President Harrison, of whose cabinet he was a member, to come to his assistance, and that to help him in his hour of extremity, Mr. Harrison has agreed to change his determination to take no part in the present campaign, and has promised to go to West Virginia and do what he can for him.

At democratic headquarters here, today, it is said that the fact that the Philadelphia Times has at last declared in favor of Bryan, though it is owned by republicans, shows that even in that ultra republican city, with its immense republican majority, the trend of public feeling is toward Bryan, and that the Times has had its ear to the ground.

At the brokers' offices here today stocks, cotton, and wheat and corn were all quoted as strong.

A pension of $8 a month has been granted to Anna E. Atkinson, of Purcellville, Virginia.

The labor people here say that the workingmen's political union of New York expressed the sentiment of the majority of their friends last Saturday night when they declared that the interference of Mark Hanna in the case of the strikers miners is solely "for the purpose of obtaining an increased labor vote, and we firmly believe that if his efforts are successful it will be but a short time after the coming election when the republican trusts will renew their hostility toward labor and precipitate other troubles or strikes." Dispatches received here today from the mining regions are to the effect that though the mine owners were ready to resume operations this morning the miners did not go to work.

People from Leesburg here today say Congressman Rixey will speak there next Monday and Mr. C. C. Carlin of Alexandria, on Friday, the 12th inst.

The following changes in the fourth class postoffices of Virginia were made today: Experiment, Amherst county, T. B. Pleasants appointed postmaster, vice D. S. Turner, resigned; Shellville, Montgomery county, H. A. Kiester, vice M. E. Keister, resigned; Stratton, Dickinson county, N. C. Sutherland, vice D. B. R. Sutherland, resigned.

Congressman Myer of New Orleans is here today, on his way home from New York. He says the democrats of his State are now in good condition and will elect a democrat in every one of the six Congressional districts of that State at the coming election. The democrats of New York, he says, are confident of carrying their State.

CENSUS BY STATES IS NEXT.—The Census Bureau on Saturday finished the enumeration of all the cities in the United States of over 25,000 inhabitants with the exception of Los Angeles, Seattle and Tacoma. The work of announcing the States will come next, beginning with Arkansas probably next Monday or Tuesday. The States will be announced in short bulletins giving the total population, the increase over the two preceding census reports, the population by counties and the population of each of the cities under 25,000, including all the incorporated towns within the State limits. So far as the work has progressed it appears likely that the present census will cost in the neighborhood of $15,000,000.

Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, who possesses $50,000,000, arrived in New York yesterday from Newport where he spent the summer. He says he intends to go to work and will start in today in the employ of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad. He says he is tired of society and since he is soon to marry Miss Elsie French he proposes to work for his livelihood.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Marquis Ito is forming a new Cabinet in Japan.

The British in India are alarmed by movements of Russian troops on the Afghan frontier.

Ninety Filipinos were killed in engagements with General MacArthur's soldiers last week.

Dr. H. M. Wilkinson and Miss Josephine Packard, the Dover, (Del) elopers, are in Buffalo, N. Y., where Wilkinson has opened a drug store.

Colonel David H. Elliot, land agent Charleston division of the Southern Railway, died at Charleston, S. C., suddenly, yesterday. He was a native of Alabama.

It was officially announced in London yesterday that Lord Roberts had been appointed commander-in-chief of the British army, succeeding Lord Wolseley.

Denver democrats, in mass-meeting, adopted resolutions declaring that Senator Wolcott provoked the disorder at Victor, Col., during Governor Roosevelt's visit.

The engagement of Gov. C. Beckham, of Kentucky, and Miss Jean Fuqua, of Owensboro, has been announced. November 21 is the date set for the marriage.

Rev. Young Reeder, pastor of the Columbia, (S. C.) Baptist Church, who had been warned by an opposing faction not to hold services, was shot dead while praying on Saturday, and Rev. H. B. Williams, who assisted him, was wounded.

Sexto Lopez, formerly secretary and confidant of General Aguinaldo, arrived in New York yesterday. Lopez is said to have come at the invitation of Fiske Warren, and he expects to explain to the people the Filipinos' side of their fight with this country.

Thomas Gaskell Shearman, who was Henry Ward Beecher's attorney of record in the Tilton case, died on Saturday night, at his home, in Brooklyn, four hours after a surgical operation had been performed for enlargement of the left kidney and abscess.

James J. Corbett, at one time champion of the prize ring, returned to New York from Europe yesterday. He declares himself to be perfectly willing to meet any charges, but declines to be more specific. He admits that he had a falling out with George Considine, but says they are good friends now.

Sharp rebel attacks were made at Las Rinas and Pargnaque, south of Manila, on Wednesday night, and there was outpost firing at Insus, Bacoor and Munten Lupa. The American officers are satisfied that the alleged amigos living in and around the towns in question participated in these attacks.

The British tramp steamer Glengoil arrived at New York yesterday, bringing the crew of the British ship Nonpareil, belonging to the Standard Oil Company, which had foundered at sea. Buffeted by tremendous seas, the Nonpareil had been thrown upon her beam ends, and all efforts to right her were unavailing.

With Bishop Potter, of the Episcopal Church, as a powerful antagonist the New York police department has the battle of its life. Clergymen of nearly all denominations will unite in the crusade against the police, who, it is alleged are receiving more than $2,000,000 blackmail yearly. Other ministers, it is expected, will join, until every denomination is represented.

At Frankfort, Ky., on Saturday, the motion for a new trial in the case of James Howard was overruled by Judge Cantrill and Howard was sentenced to hang December 7. It was agreed that the attorneys should be allowed to file their bill of exceptions in the appeal to the Court of Appeals any time between now and the third week of October. The case of Henry E. Youtsey, also charged with being a principal in the Goebel murder, will be taken up at Georgetown today.

During the progress of a quarrel on a Pullman palace car, attached to the Florida express, which arrived in Philadelphia yesterday afternoon on the Pennsylvania Railroad, Pullman Conductor Albert H. Hendle was shot and probably fatally wounded by Julius Washington, an enraged colored porter, just as the train had passed Chester. Washington had been surly and insubordinate since he left Memphis and Hendle had telegraphed to have him removed. The result was the latter being shot.

THE STRIKE SITUATION.

The Philadelphia Record of yesterday published the following:

The great strike in the anthracite coal fields, which has kept 130,000 men idle for two weeks, has been settled by concessions made by the coal carrying railroads and by the operators.

The terms of the agreement, which will be ratified at a miners' convention in Wilkesbarre tomorrow, include the following:

1. An increase of ten per cent. in wages on a fixed basis.

2. A reduction of five per cent. in the cost of blasting powder to the miner.

3 The abolition of the sliding scale of wages.

The recognition of the union has been waived by the officials of the Mine Workers, they saying they have no desire to stand in the way of a settlement.

Work at the mines will probably be resumed this week. Brigadier General Gobin decided yesterday that he did not need all of the 2,000 State troops which are now at Shenandoah, Penn., and he will send some of them home today.

In anticipation of the settlement of the strike the price of anthracite coal in New York and Philadelphia fell yesterday 50 cents on the ton.

The Record of today says:

The United Mine Workers demand that the contract of settlement shall fix the rate of wages and other conditions of mine labor for a period of one year from date, without which agreement the settlement will be rejected. The convention of mine workers' delegates to ratify the agreement has been fixed for Thursday, instead of tomorrow.

Press dispatches from the coal regions today say: Notices were posted at all the mines of the Philadelphia and Reading Iron and Coal Company giving notice of a 10 per cent. increase in wages. Beneath was posted another placard, signed by an officer of the United Mineworkers' Union, urging the miners to take no notice of the proposed increase until they heard from their unions.

President Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers' Union, said the operators had evidently not taken him into consideration, but they would wish they had. He insisted there would be no break in the strike on account of the Reading's notice.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Dr. James W. Bryant died at his residence in Richmond on Saturday, in the eightieth year of his age.

The annual convention of the American Bankers' Association will be held at Richmond October 2, 3 and 4.

It is reported that the old Exchange Hotel in Richmond will be torn down and a large department store erected on its site.

H. H. Dyson, of Nottoway county, who was Second Auditor of Virginia under the Mahone regime, filed a petition in bankruptcy in Richmond on Saturday.

The U. S. lighthouse board has given notice that it will establish light-vessel No. 71 at the Tail of the Horse Shoe. The vessel will be placed in position on or about October 15.

A serious cutting affray occurred at Williamsburg Friday night between two young white men, Allen Casey and William Badkine, in which Badkins was wounded in the abdomen. The cause of the difficulty was the rehearsing of an old feud.

The Constitutional Rights Association, composed of colored people, has prepared a statement to be presented to the Richmond council, on the ordinance called the "separate street car ordinance," entering a protest against the proposed passage of the measure.

An enraged posse of negroes was on Saturday afternoon deterred from lynching Jim Copeland, also colored, only when Hurrycane Branche who had him under arrest, threatened to shoot into the crowd. Copeland had, it is alleged, committed a criminal assault on the nine-year-old daughter of John Reynolds, colored, near Suffolk. About seventy armed negroes joined the posse of Hurrycane Branche, who had two large bloodhounds, and when Copeland was captured they swore he should be lynched.

SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

When the case against George A. Fowle, the insurance agent arrested Friday, in Washington, charged with obtaining money under false pretences from Mahlon A. Winter, of the M. A. Winter Company, was called in the police court in Washington on Saturday, Attorney Charles Bendheim, representing the defendant, asked for a continuance, which was granted until Thursday next. At the suggestion of Assistant District Attorney Mullowny bond was fixed by Judge Kimball at $2,000. Mr. Bendheim petitioned for bond in the sum of $500, but Mr. Mullowny demurred, saying that it was expected that other cases against Fowle would by brought into court by Thursday. When court adjourned Fowle had not been able to secure the $2,000 bond required and was committed to jail to await the hearing Thursday.

As stated in the Gazette on that date, Ada Marshall Fowle on Saturday filed suit against her husband, George Addison Fowle, for divorce on the ground of cruelty, habitual drunkenness, and non support. The parties, it is claimed, were married in Pennsylvania on August 6, 1898, and soon after went to Washington to live. In December following her marriage to the defendant, Mrs. Fowle alleges she was compelled to leave him because of his cruelty to her. She however returned to live with him again in April, 1899. Mrs. Fowle also declares that her husband assaulted her with a stick, and knocked her down in the street and also threatened to kill her with a razor. A few days ago while she was leaving the census offices, Mrs. Fowle alleges that her husband met her and compelled her to accompany him and forced her to cash two checks signed by him, which she declared were not honored by the bank on which they were drawn. The complainant asks to be allowed to resume her maiden name.

THE CHINESE TROUBLES.

The Emperor and Empress Dowager have issued a decree blaming the Chinese ministers for encouraging the Boxers. Prince Tuan and four other princes have been degraded. This is in line with the demands of the United States.

Great Britain, Russia and France stand with the United States as opposed to the German proposition making punishment of the Chinese ringleaders a condition precedent to peace negotiations.

M. de Giers, the Russian minister, and the entire Russian legation have left Pekin for Tientsin. A cable mes- from General Chaffee is daily expected in Washington announcing the departure of the American troops from China for Manila.

A dispatch from Tientsin states that General Chaffee has ordered the Fifth marine battalion to prepare to accompany a combined land and naval expedition of the allied forces to Shan Hai Kwan, on the Gulf of Liao Tung.

The American naval fleet in Asiatic waters, when reenforced, will assemble about Amoy to impress upon the powers that American trade interests will be protected.

The orders to General Chaffee to send troops from China to Manila, when announced in Tientsin, caused a sensation among the representatives of the other powers.

Sir Ernest Mason Satow, recently appointed British minister to China in succession to Sir Claude MacDonald, has arrived at Shanghai on his way to Pekin.

Chinese officials say that the Emperor and the Empress Dowager, in their flight from Pekin, suffered great hardships.

The Russians have invested Mukden, the capital of the province of Liao Tung.

A SHERIFF SENT ON.—The preliminary trial of Edwin T. Shea, sheriff of Prince George county, Md., William Shea, Herbert Batcher, William Tod Fox and Leo Smith, charged with criminal assault upon Miss Lucy Hart, was held on Saturday in the county court house at Upper Marlboro, Md. The result of the hearing was the committment of the accused to the county jail at Marlboro, in the custody of Samuel P. Sweeney, elisor of Prince George's county, to await the action of the grand jury, which was to have met today.

Miss Hart in her statement said that on her way homeward she met the men, and that Tod Fox dragged her into the bushes, with threats. She said she screamed and the men choked her and threatened to kill her if she ever told anything about the affair.

MARRIED.

Saturday afternoon, Sept. 29th, at the parsonage at Fortress Monroe, by Rev. Father Mercer, Miss LOUISE NAECK, of Alexandria, Va. (formerly of Carlsruhe, Baden), to Sergeant OTTO KOENIG, of the U. S. army.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Strike.

Hazelton, Pa., Oct. 1.—This has been the most exciting morning of the strike. Over 500 men gathered at dawn near Lattimer and marched to the town. They were confronted by Sheriff Harvey and 100 deputies drawn up across the road. Harvey commanded the marchers to stop but one of the leaders cried: "We are unarmed; we demand the right of the highway." At the same time he raised his arms above his head and the whole crowd of marchers did the same. With their arms upraised they marched down the road and into the single street of Lattimer. They were careful not to step off the road, but they called to the sleeping miners not to work today. They stopped at one place and Harvey came up. "You have demanded the right of the highway" he said, "but you must not loiter. I am compelled to tell you to move on." The men marched on out of the town, then wheeled and with upraised arms they again marched the length of the town, urging all the miners to remain idle. This performance was repeated a third time, and then the crowd set off for a long tramp to Jeddo. Lattimer was opened but few men went to work. Only the cool sense of Sheriff Harvey prevented a serious clash. Marches were also made to Jeddo and at half a dozen other places. The marches occurred while a driving rain was falling.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 1.—This city will see the biggest celebration of miners tomorrow in the history of mining. Men of the entire district will be in town to welcome President Mitchell, "Mother" Jones, District President Nichols, General Organizer Dilcher, and Father Ducey, of New York, who has promised to come if he can. It is expected that the parade will include about 25,000 men and 43 towns will be represented. After marching about the town the mine workers will go to West Side Park. Here they will hear the speeches of President Mitchell and others.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 1.—The first general conference of operators to discuss the strike question will be held this afternoon in Wilkesbarre. Both railroad and individual operators of three districts will be represented. According to Superintendent Loomis of the Lackawana the entire ground will be gone over; the powder question, questions of weighing and dockage, company store, per cent. of increase to be granted, and all questions of difference.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 1.—The notice of a ten per cent. increase in wages issued by the Philadelphia & Reading Company had no effect here. The situation is unchanged. The men are determined to remain out until officially notified by President Mitchell that the strike is off. A conference between President Harris and the district superintendents was held this morning. It was decided to resume the operation of the pumps at the local Reading collieries which disproves the report of abandonment

Hazelton, Oct. 1.—President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers' Union said today: "I can say positively that this strike is no nearer a settlement this morning than it was a week ago. The United Mine Workers have no official knowledge of any offer of a 10 per cent. raise, nor any other conditions nor can this strike be settled except by a general delegate meeting of all the miners in the anthracite region."

New York, Oct. 1.—The failure of the striking coal miners to be influenced by the notice of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company granting a ten per cent. increase in wages, was a suprise to the big coal men. If it had been successful, the idea was that the big coal concerns, one by one, would make the offer to their employees. In this way, it was believed, work would be resumed throughout the region without the necessity of recognizing the miners' organization. An endeavor to wind up the strike through the influence of the mine superintendents will probably be the next move. The superintendents could deal directly with their own men, and thus save the operators from treating with the national union.

The English Elections.

London, Oct. 1.—Balloting in the English general elections for members of parliament began today, and will continue for about fifteen days. Mr. Chamberlain, who is the acknowledged political leader of the conservative party, has managed to keep but one issue to the front during the campaign. It is whether or not the electors approve of the war and a frankly aggressive imperial policy. The liberals have found it difficult to disapprove of a successful war and there has been no serious opposition to Mr. Chamberlain on that ground. The campaign therefore has degenerated to a large extent into personal abuse of Chamberlain. Chamberlain's triumph has been from the first a foregone conclusion and most enthusiastic liberals have simply tried to keep down the conservative majority.

The southern part of England will be almost solidly conservative and London with 59 members with probably elect only six liberals. In the north of England there are numbers of strong liberal districts that even if the conservatives gain heavily they cannot carry them. The same is true of Scotland where opinions do not change easily, war or no war. Gladstone's old district, Midlothian, is, however, likely to go conservative. Wales will be almost solidly liberal. Ireland, except in northern Ulster, will go solidly nationalist, probably electing 82 members. The voters are on the old register made six years ago, and not changed since, so all those under 27 years of age and all who have changed their residence in the meantime are disfranchised. Soldiers in the field do not vote, but stay-at-homes, Englishmen who are on the old register, may vote in every constituency where they hold property. Many are thus able to vote five or six times. The old parliament elected in 1895 consisted of 340 conservatives, 71 conservative-unionists, 177 liberals, and 82 Irish nationalists. The returns from all the districts will not be in for two or three weeks.

The Church in Cuba and the Philippines.

London, Oct. 1.—Archbishop Ireland, who is now in London, in an interview today, described an audience with the Pope and quoted his holiness as saying: "I am well pleased with the relations of the American government to the Church both in Cuba and in the Philippines. The United States has given proof of good will and exhibits a spirit of justice and of respect for the liberty and rights of the Church. Difficulties over details, of course, occur as a consequence of war, but we understand such things. We have confidence in the intelligence and the spirit of justice of the United States and believe that the future will not lead us to change our sentiments. Under the American government, there will be due respect of the rights of property and of conscience."

The Situation in South Africa.

London, Oct. 1.—Lord Roberts reports a number of small engagements in one of which Campbell, commanding one of Rundle's brigades, recaptured a gun lost at Nicholson Nek, together with a quantity of ammunition.

Komatipoort via Lorenzo Marquez, Oct. 1.—While Boer ammunition was being destroyed here by the British troops a quantity of it exploded killing 20 of the Gordon Highlanders. During a review of the troops a train ran into some cattle which had strayed onto the line and was wrecked. Many of the passengers were injured.

Capetown, Oct. 1.—The Canadian contingent from Roberts' army which arrived here a few days ago en route home, sailed this morning.

Foreign News.

Southampton, Oct. 1.—Carl F. Weiter, a naturalized American from Easton, Pa., shot and killed himself here today. Nothing was found on the man's body except his naturalization papers.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 1.—The Official Messenger today states that reports of the annexation of Manchuria by Russia are devoid of foundation.

The Markets.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—The market closed at follows: Wheat—Nov 76½a76⅝.

Georgetown, Oct. 1.—Wheat 68a73.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

President John E. Hudson, of the American Bell Telephone Company, died this morning at his summer home near Beverly, Mass.

The "Philadelphia Times" which in 1896 opposed Mr. Bryan now announces its purpose to advocate the election of Mr. Bryan and henceforth promote the cause of democracy.

It was announced in New York today that Mrs. Frank Leslie had withdrawn from the management of Leslie's Popular Monthly of which she had been the editor for many years. Mrs. Leslie, it is stated, has surrendered none of her holdings in the property.

The Seminole Indian Tribe is offering a reward for white men to marry girls of that nation. With every Seminole girl will be given 200 acres of land and $500 in cash. The girls are warranted to be civilized, kind and true. They are a little dark but that does not count much, the officials of the nation think.

Mr. W. Bourke Cockran, in opening his western campaign itinerary in Chicago on Saturday, spoke to an audience that crowded the Coliseum, built to seat twelve thousand persons. The speech was made under the auspices of the anti-imperialist league and attracted thousands who were unable to enter the auditorium. Imperialism was his subject.

Frank Campbell, the chairman of the New York democratic State committee, said today that if Bryan carried New York city by 80,000 his chances for carrying the State would be as good as those of McKinley. He said that he had received the canvasses of several counties and they showed that Bryan had gained anywhere from 50 to 60 per cent. over his vote in 1896.

Robert Holmes, a wealthy insurance man of Reading, Pa., died during the night of heart disease. The attack was caused by an explosion of a lamp in his bath room. He was sixty-six years old.

THE LATE LORD FAIRFAX.

John Contee Fairfax, eleventh Baron Fairfax of Cameron, in the peerage of Scotland, died at his country residence, "Northampton," Prince George's county, Md., Friday night last, and his funeral took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock, at Rock Creek Cemetery, near Washington.

The Episcopal burial services were read by the Rev. Mr. Buck, rector of the chapel at Rock Creek, the remains being in the cemetery grounds surrounding the chapel.

Few men lived in a more unostentatious manner than Lord Fairfax, and yet he was widely known and universally respected. Death came to him without warning. He was seated at the supper table when a man on the place came to him concerning a matter connected with his farm. He suddenly clutched his breath and exclaimed that he was in dreadful pain. He was persuaded to lie down, and although physicians did all in their power to save his life Lord Fairfax expired about 9 o'clock.

He married a daughter of Colonel Kirby, of the United States army. He leaves six children. The sons, Albert Kirby Fairfax and Charles Edmund Fairfax, and a daughter, Mary Cecelia, live in New York city. Another daughter, Josephine, now Mrs Tunstall Smith, lives in Baltimore, and two others, Caroline Snowden Fairfax and Frances Marvin Fairfax, reside at the old mansion. Mrs. Burton Harrison, novelist, and her brother, Clarence Cary, a lawyer of New York city, are cousins of the Fairfaxes. Major N. S. Hill, of Baltimore, is also a cousin.

DR. MCGUIRE'S ESTATE.—The will of Dr. Hunter McGuire was admitted to probate in Richmond, on Saturday. The will bears date of March 21, 1895, and is written on a sheet of Dr. McGuire's office paper in his own handwriting. The estate, valued at $150,000, is left to his wife, Mrs. Mary S. McGuire, to be disposed of as she may see fit. His library and surgical implements are to be divided equally between his sons, Drs. Stuart and Hugh McGuire. His widow is appointed executrix with full powers of every kind and it is requested that she may be allowed to qualify without giving security.

ARMY OF PILGRIMS IN ROME.—On Friday and Saturday the Pope beat the record of holy year receptions, granting audience to 80,000 pilgrims, including French, Germans, Spaniards, Belgians, Poles and Italians. He also led 40 bishops and archbishops in a solemn procession. The Pope was exceedingly moved by the demonstration, and Saturday afternoon was reported to be suffering from attack of nervous prostration. Prof Lapponi recommends absolute rest, but the Pope refuses to interrupt the receptions. Rome presents a unique spectacle, being crowded with thousands of pilgrims who are visiting the basilicas barefooted. Prof. Lapponi says the Pope's health is marvelous, but he fears a reaction when the excitement of the jubilee year shall have ceased.

The most dainty and effective pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are unequaled for liver and bowel troubles. Never gripe.

Meeting Grand Camp Confederate Veterans, Staunton Oct. 10-12.

Account of the above occasion the Southern Railway will place tickets on sale to Staunton, Va., and return on basis of one first-class limited fare for the round-trip from all points in the State of Virginia; tickets on sale October 8, 9 and 10, final limit Oct 15.

COMMUNICATED.

ARE WE?

Are we in the hands of the Philistines? Where are the brave, true men—the square man? The Mayor is attacked and knocked down because he vindicated himself. What man lives that is not entitled to a hearing, especially so when one is in authority? How long would such insolence be tolerated in military affairs? It is time for the people in this old town to rise up and assert their rights—yes, to demand them—and see that the men who "dare to be a Daniel and dare to stand alone" will find the best of our citizens ready to stand by them and as immovable as the rock of Gibraltar

X.

Large sun spots, astronomers say, caused the extreme heat this summer, and doctors delare nearly all the prostrations were induced by disorders of the stomach. Good health follows good digestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. If you have indigestion or dyspepsia it will quickly relieve and permanently cure you.

Meeting Mississippi Valley Medical Association, Asheville, N. C., October 9-11.

For this occation the Southern Railway will sell tickets from all stations to Asheville, N. C, and return at rate of one first-class fare for the round-trip. Tickets to be sold October 6 to 9 inclusive, final limit October 15.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

New York, Oct. 1.—The stock market opened moderately active and after a slight degree of irregularity prices showed an upward tendency generally. Some of the improvements that were recorded were substantial.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA

Flour Extra	2,75	a	3 15
Family	3 50	a	3 90
Fancy brands	4 00	a	4 50
Wheat, longberry	0 72	a	0 74
Mixed	0 70	a	0 73
Fultz	0 72	a	0 74
Damp and tough	0 60	a	0 65
Corn, white	0 51	a	0 53
Yellow	0 50	a	0 53
Corn Meal	0 50	a	0 52
Rye	0 45	a	0 50
Oats, mixed	0 30	a	0 32
White	0 33	a	0 35
Butter, Virginia, packed	0 19	a	0 20
Choice Virginia	0 21	a	0 22
Common to middling	0 12	a	0 14
Eggs	0 18	a	0 19
Beef, hind quarters	0 7½	a	0 08
Fore quarters	0 4	a	0 5
Live Chickens (hens)	0 8	a	0 9
Spring do	0 12	a	0 13
Veal Calves	0 5½	a	0 6
Potatoes, Va., bush.	0 60	a	70
Sweet Potatoes, bbl	2 00	a	2 50
Onions, per bushel	0 65	a	0 75
Dried Peaches, peeled	0 7½	a	0 8
Porto Rico	0 18	a	0 28
Sugar Syrups	0 16	a	0 22
Herring, Eastern per bbl	6 00	a	7 00
Potomac No. 1	2 75	a	3 00
Potomac family roe	4 00	a	4 50
Do. half barrel	2 00	a	2 25
Potomac Shad	9 00	a	10 00
Mackerel, small, per bbl	15 00		18 00
No 3 medium	22 00	a	23 00
No. 2	24 00	a	25 00
Plaster, ground, per ton	4 50	a	5 00
Ground in bags	5 00	a	5 50
Lump	3 50	a	3 75
Clover Seed	6 00	a	6 50
Timothy	2 05	a	2 20
Old process Linseed Meal	31 00	a	32 00
Salt—G. A.	0 65	a	0 70
Fine	0 90	a	1 25
Tuck's Island	1 00	a	1 10
Wool—long, unwashed	0 18	a	0 19
Washed	0 24	a	0 26
Merino, unwashed	0 14	a	0 15
Do. washed	0 20	a	0 22
Cottonseed Meal	20 00	a	21 00
Hulls	6 50	a	7 00
Cotton Seed Mixed Feed	12 00	a	13 00
Sumac	0 70	a	0 75
Hay	15 00	a	17 00
Cut do	13 00	a	15 00
Wheat Bran per ton	14 50	a	15 50
Brown Middlings	15 00	a	16 00
White Middlings	16 00	a	17 00
Unpeeled	0 6	a	0 7
Dried Cherries	0 8	a	0 9
Dried Apples	0 3	a	0 4
Bacon, country hams	0 11½	a	012
Best sugar-cured hams	0 12	a	0 12½
Butchers' hams	0 12	a	0 12½
Breakfast Bacon	0 11½	a	012
Sugar-cured shoulders	0 8½	a	0 9
Bulk shoulders	0 7½	a	0 7¾
Dry Salt sides	0 7½	a	0 8
Fat backs	0 0	a	0 7
Bellies	0 0	a	0 8
Smoked shoulders	0 0	a	0 8½
Smoked sides	0 0	a	0 8
Lard	0 0	a	0 8
Smoked Beef	0 14	a	0 18½
Sugars—Brown	0 0	a	0 5½
Off A	0 0	a	5 75
Conf. standard A	0 0	a	6 00
Granulated	0 0	a	6 19
Coffees—Rio	0 8½	a	012
LaGuayra	0 14	a	0 16
Java	0 18	a	0 26
Molasses B. S.	0 9	a	0 14
C B.	0 17	a	0 22
New Orleans	0 26	a	0 45

Chicago, Sept. 29.—Cattle.—Market nominally steady. Natives—Good to prime steers, $5.45a5.85; poor to medium, $4.50a5.40; selected feeders, $3.80a4.50; mixed stockers, $2.50a3 65; cows $2.70a4.20; heifers, $2.00a4.85; bulls, $2.75a4.50; calves, $4.50a6 50.

Hogs—Best light steady; others 5c lower; top, $5.55; mixed and butchers', $5.05a5.55; good to choice heavy, $5.05a5.47½; rough heavy, $4.90a5; light, $5.15a5.55.

Sheep and Lambs.—Market steady; good to choice wethers, $3 90a4.20; fair to choice mixed, $3.50a3 90; Western sheep, $4a4.15; native lambs, $4.25a5.50; Western lambs, $4 75a5.35.

Philadelphia Cattle Market, Sept. 29—Beef Cattle.—Market dull and lower. Extra $5 25a5.50; good, $5a5 25; medium, $4.50a4.75; common, $4a4 25

Sheep and Lambs.—Ample receipts of dressed stock depressed the market, sheep—Extra 4½a4¾c; good, 3¾a4c; medium 3a3½; common, 1½a2½c; spring lambs, 3½a6c.

Hogs steadily held; best Western, 5¾c; other kinds, 7¾a8c. States hogs not in market.

Fat cows in moderate request at 2½a3¾; thin cows sold from 2a2½. Veal calves active at 5a7c. Milch cows, in good condition, held at $35a55. Dressed steers sold steady for 8½a9c. Dressed cows ranged from 6a7c.

OPENING AND CLOSING OF MAILS

Northern mails, week days, close at 7 30 a. m. and 1 15, 2 50, 6 50 and 7 55 p. m. Open at 8 00 a. m., 12 00 m. and 4 30 p. m. On Sundays Northern mails close at 1 30 p. m. and 7 20 p. m.

Southern mails via Charlottesville, close at 7 50 and 10 55 a. m. and 2 45 and 7 55 p. m. Open at 8 00 a. m. and 2 30 and 4:30 p. m.

Southern mails, via Richmond, close at 11 30 a. m. and 2 50 and 7 55 p. m. Open at 8 a. m. and 1 and 4 p. m.

Manassas Division mails close at 7 50 a. m and 3 45 p. m. Open at 1 p. m.

Alexandria and Round Hill mails close at