

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Free trade between Porto Rico and the United States will be proclaimed today.

Democratic National Chairman James K. Jones says he thinks the next President will be a democrat.

Capt. F. A. Cook, who commanded the cruiser Brooklyn at Santiago, says the ship came near being destroyed to insure victory.

Michael Kelly, an insane man, killed one man, probably mortally wounded another and shot four others and was himself killed in Leavenworth, Kan., yesterday.

Edgar W. Abbott, professor of languages at Butler University, Indiana, was drowned Tuesday night in Broad Ripple creek, just above Indianapolis. He went in bathing alone.

Rev. Mr. Todd, an American clergyman, was robbed \$5,000 while on the Paris Geneva express yesterday. He is one of numerous victims of two fashionably dressed women and two presentable men.

There was a general resumption of coal mining in the Wyoming, Pa., region yesterday. All the striking firemen and pump runners were back at work. Those who could not get their old positions were given other work. There are still a few engineers idle.

It is said that a complete agreement has been reached by the Vatican and the United States government, with regard to the religious orders in the Philippines. According to this agreement, the Dominicans and Augustinians will remain for the present, but the Spanish monks will be replaced from time to time by others. Moderate compensation will be given for the property handed over.

Chicago is being deluged with orders for ice from the drouth-stricken regions of the west and southwest. The dealers in those sections telegraph their orders without asking the price, apparently being concerned only with the time in which their demands can be satisfied. It is estimated that from 30 to 40 cars of ice are being shipped out of Chicago daily, which is a larger amount than ever before in the history of the trade. Thus far the prices have not been advanced, and the manufacturers decline to discuss the possibilities of the future.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Newport News is suffering from an invasion of mosquitoes.

A Russian mob attacked Jockey Sloan yesterday in Moscow because his mount did not win the race.

The shoemakers of Vienna have protested against the establishment of American shoe houses in that city.

Mrs. William H. Hoover fell from a second story window of her residence near Winchester yesterday and was fatally injured.

The Spanish Premier has announced that the army of Spain is to be reorganized, and new bases for naval operations are to be established.

The strike at the J. P. Houck Canning Company, Harrisonburg, is at an end after only a two days' lay off. The men will go back to work at the same wages.

Robert Alley, a well known resident of Petersburg, died suddenly yesterday morning. Mr. Alley was one of the largest men in the city. For years he had been a sufferer with his heart, and the physicians in attendance upon him pronounced his heart trouble as the cause of his death. He was a member of A. P. Hill Camp, Confederate Veterans.

A. S. Modesitt, ex-sheriff and ex-treasurer of Page county, died yesterday morning of paralysis at his home on Mill Creek, four miles from Leno, aged 72 years. He was sheriff of the county under the Confederacy, and was the first treasurer after reconstruction, being elected by an overwhelming majority. As a mechanic and business man he was also prominent.

An enormous porpoise that strayed to Richmond from the sea, and was apparently unable to find its way back, and possibly irritated by fresh water and the narrow confines of the city harbor, Tuesday night attacked two bathers. They swam rapidly and beat him off, though the fish followed them to the shore line. Yesterday a party was organized with two boats to capture him. The mighty porpoise rose between the boats and received the contents of a dozen guns loaded with buckshot. The men tried to tow him to the city, but his carcass was too heavy.

A dispatch from Wymore, Neb., says: "What appears to have been a deliberate attempt to burn a Burlington bridge across the Blue River, and thereby wreck a train, was averted late Tuesday night. Frank Crawford returning from the country about midnight, found the approach to the bridge in flames. He hurried along to give the alarm, when he was stopped by a stranger, who told him to go no farther. Crawford broke away, when the man shot at him three times without effect. The supposed incendiary had disappeared when Crawford returned with assistance. Much of the bridge was burned and there was no traffic on the line yesterday."

TRIBUTE TO MR. JEFFRIES.—Colonel George S. Shackelford, of Orange county, has been unanimously nominated for the State Senate, and will doubtless be elected in November. In speaking of the candidacy of the Hon. John L. Jeffries for the nomination at Norfolk for attorney general, Colonel Shackelford says: "I believe Mr. Jeffries will win easily on the first ballot. The drift of public sentiment is strongly in his favor. He has made his canvass before the people on his merits, and deserves to win. I say, by Mr. Jeffries under John B. Minor at the University of Virginia, and my knowledge of him since but adds to my belief that he is a lawyer of most marked ability. He has met the obligations of life with force and determination, and as the architect of his own fortune has fixed for himself a place not to be displaced by any man in the State. He is worthy of the highest recognition, and I believe will be given a most enthusiastic reception at Norfolk."

When you want a modern, up-to-date physiology Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Richard Gibson's drug store.

These famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers compel your liver and bowels to do their duty, thus giving you pure, rich blood to regenerate your body. Easy to take. Never gripe. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

these may be regarded as sporadic the malady might assume graver proportions and become a terrible accompaniment to the hot wave.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, July 25.

The President this morning issued a proclamation establishing free trade between Porto Rico and the United States under an act of Congress, approved April 12, 1900. It was provided that, "whenever the legislative assembly of Porto Rico shall have enacted and put into operation a system of local taxation to meet the necessities of the government of Porto Rico, and shall so notify the President, he shall make proclamation hereof, and thereupon all tariff duties on merchandise and articles going into Porto Rico from the United States or coming into the United States from Porto Rico shall cease, and such merchandise and articles shall be entered at the several ports of entry free of duty." By the same act it was provided, "that as soon as a civil government for Porto Rico shall have been organized all collections of duties and taxes in Porto Rico under the provisions of this act shall be paid into the treasury of Porto Rico, to be expended for the government and benefit thereof, instead of being paid into the treasury of the United States." The President says that in pursuance of the provisions of the law and upon due notification, he declares and makes known that a civil government for Porto Rico has been organized in accordance with the provisions of said act of Congress. He further declares that the Legislative Assembly of Porto Rico has enacted and put into operation a system of local taxation to meet the necessities of the government of Porto Rico.

Secretary Long has designated as members of the Sibley court of inquiry Admiral George Dewey, president; Rear Admiral Lewis A. Kimberly, retired, and Rear Admiral Andrew E. K. Benham, retired. Secretary Long's selection of the officers to constitute the court of inquiry is enthusiastically approved by both Sibley and Sampson partisans. It is regarded as the fairest court that could possibly have been chosen and evidences the secretary's desire that the investigation shall be of the most impartial character. Admiral Dewey at the time the Santiago campaign was in the height was busily engaged at Manila. Although he has undoubtedly read the official records of the West Indian campaign he has never, so far as known, expressed any opinion as to the merits of the Sampson-Sibley controversy. Rear Admiral Kimberly, the second member of the court, is at present residing at West Newton, Mass. He went on the retired list April 2, 1892, after having attained the age of 62 years. Rear Admiral Benham, the third member of the court, is a resident of Washington, D. C. He went on the retired list April 10, 1894, after reaching the required age limit. A dispatch from New York today says that Rear Admiral Sibley with John B. Dos Passos, a confederate of the latter's law office. It is understood that Mr. Dos Passos will represent the admiral both in the court of inquiry and in his libel suit against Maclay.

Congressman Livingston, of Georgia, said today that if the court of inquiry convened to hear the Sibley case did not give the Marylander justice that Congress would take up the matter next December. "I do not hold Maclay as guilty in this matter, as I do Sampson," said Representative Livingston. "Sampson knew the facts, while Maclay might possibly have been misinformed, as he was not an eyewitness of any of the events around Santiago."

Papers for the extradition of John Thompson Hall, alias John Francis Harris to Darlington, England, were issued by the State Department today. He is at present held at New York. He is wanted in England for the embezzlement of trust funds amounting to \$6,000 in one case and \$10,000 in another.

AFFAIRS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The Manila Libertad is authority for the statement that Senator Paterno will leave the federal party and will organize what he calls the nationalists, on a platform resembling that of the conservatives, with Aguinaldo as president and former insurgent military officers and former members of the federal party as leaders. The purpose of the new party will be the ultimate independence of the Philippines. This coincides with Senator Paterno's policy, as he has been making efforts to induce Aguinaldo to unite with the new party.

Correspondence from the Hongkong junta, dated June 26 and addressed to the insurgent leader, Ballarmino, who has been recently captured, says the junta has received messages of sympathy and assurances of support from Messrs. Winslow and Levison, anti-imperialists, urging the Filipinos to continue their resistance in the hope of eventual independence, saying the American people are groaning under war taxes and that the democrats will win at the next election.

Col. Zarbano, with 29 officers, 518 men and 243 rifles, had surrendered to Lieut. Hickman, of the First Cavalry in Tayabas province. These former insurgents have taken the oath of allegiance to the United States, and their surrender clears that district of the revolutionary element.

AFTER COUNTY COURTS.—A countless company of members of the re-entrancement committee of the constitutional convention sat for several hours last night discussing the social features of County Court days, and figuring on what could be saved the State were these courts abolished. After considerable talk and much scratching with pencils, it was agreed that about \$150,000 would be saved annually were the offices of county treasurer and sheriff consolidated, and something like twenty district judges appointed to hold court at least once every three months in each county. There was some division of sentiment about the wisdom of abolishing these courts, but one member said he thought it was preferable to take away an opportunity for farmers to trade horses than to be hauled over by the republicans. A sub-committee of three was appointed to draw up a scheme.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

No material change is reported in the condition of Mrs. Jefferson Davis, who is at Portland, Me. She is reported to have felt the effect of the recent hot wave, but not to a dangerous degree.

Dr. M. A. Anshod, one of the oldest and best known physicians on the South Side, Pittsburg, Pa., committed suicide in a hotel at 5:30 o'clock this morning by shooting himself through the chest.

Those who read Captain Cook's description of the battle of Santiago and the destruction of Admiral Cervera's fleet, no matter what their personal feelings may be, will be forced to acknowledge that it is a sufficient refutation of all the criticism that has been heard during the past three years concerning the mastery manner in which Admiral Sibley handled the United States fleet which led to such a signal victory—a victory which has no parallel in history. Captain Cook commanded the flagship Brooklyn. He is an experienced naval officer, and his testimony alone should be sufficient to bring all controversy to an end. The American people will never acknowledge that a man miles away from the battle and out of all danger had any more to do with the achievement of that victory than the man in the moon. The present administration may bedeck Admiral Sampson with many medals and place all the epulettes on his shoulders they will bear, while admirals and egyptophants may laud him to the sky, but in the light of cold facts it will be impossible to make the people of this country regard him as hero. He will doubtless go into a decided eclipse by the time the pending investigation is over.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL convention in guilty of a cruel act in entertaining propositions for the abolition of the county court. This relic of medieval times, along with coroners' juries, the jury system generally and the cry of the sheriff, "oh yez," generally pronounced in a nasal tone, which not one in fifty thousand understands, are institutions of which every behind-the-times individual in the Old Dominion should be justly proud. Besides, what will the countryman do when he finds he has no mouthy meeting point with which to interchange notes on "crap" prospects and the thousand and one other matters suggested when neighbor meets neighbor? There are some Alexandrians who have not ceased lamenting over the disappearance of the bell which formerly called Council together, the abolition of sperm oil for lighting the streets, the relating to junk shops of our time-honored hand-engines and firebuckets and the many other ruthless acts of those bent upon destroying darling institutions. This class naturally sympathize with their rural friends in the terrible calamity which is about to befall them in the gradual smash-up incident to the march of iconoclasts.

THE PREVAILING torrid weather is no doubt trying, and the discomforts and dangers incident thereto are many. The heat wave remains as powerful as it was a month ago when it first settled over the country, and from present indications there is no telling when it will relax its hold. But like similar works of nature in years gone by, it is designed sooner or later to weaken and may pass away to a night. Those who are blessed with physiques hardy enough to withstand the transitions of temperature in this portion of the north temperate zone instead of manifesting impatience should rejoice over uninterrupted good health and immunity from the variations of the season. Besides at this very time, surrounded by all the discomforts of the heat, there are some who are watching with terrible apprehension the tossings of little ones who are struggling with diphtheria. There are a number of cases of this terrible disease in the city, and while

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Convention.

Richmond, Va., July 25.—The convention was in session only thirty minutes today. There were a number of resolutions of more or less importance. Judge Robertson, of Roanoke, presented a long memorial for the associated merchants of Virginia asking for a change in the clause relating to home-stead exemption. He introduced a resolution in conformity therewith reducing the exemption in amount from \$2,000 to \$1,500. Captain Parks, of Page, presented a clause providing property and educational qualifications for voters. Mr. Gorman, of Rockingham, offered one making sweeping changes in the public school system and requiring compulsory education of children between certain ages.

Foreign News.

Lemberg, Austria, July 25.—Floods caused the collapse of a tenement house here today. Thirty-three persons were killed.

Vienna, July 25.—The Tagblatt reports an explosion of fire damp in a mine at Doneg, Russia. Six persons were killed and fourteen others died later as a result of their injuries.

Berlin, July 25.—On account of recent bank failures in Germany the government will shortly propose a new and rigorous semi-annual inspection of the standing of all banking houses in the Empire.

Amsterdam, July 25.—The Boer league here states officially that another general invasion of Cape Colony has begun, and that a large body of Boers is marching south. The invading force is presumably that of Gen. De Wet.

London, July 25.—A dispatch from Cape Colony states that local British forces today attacked and drove northward the Boers in the vicinity of the Vintageba, Jansenville and Willowmore districts of Cape Colony.

Amsterdam, July 25.—Former President Kruger left Hilversum suddenly today for The Hague. It is believed that he has gone to have a consultation with the new premier, Dr. Kuyper, relative to affairs in South Africa.

The Brooklyn Bridge Disabled.

New York, July 25.—Regular traffic was not resumed on the Brooklyn Bridge this morning. The northern driveway, where the twelve suspender gaws were, is entirely closed. The project was opened for foot passengers and thousands of persons walked over the span. Engineers who have examined the breaks declare that much careful work will have to be done before the bridge can be called safe again and that it will take many days to do it. The suspenders that gave way are located on the north side of the bridge, near the center. They consisted of two inch ropes of twisted wire and hang vertically from the extreme northern cable. They hold up the girders that support the floor. In some cases the steel bands holding them to the main cable also snapped in two. The breaking of the suspenders caused the north roadway to sag, and the strain on the unsupported girders caused the side stays or trusses which hold them together, to buckle. The general opinion is that the doubling of the bridge is due to overloading. It was never built with an eye to carrying the enormous traffic that has been put on it. The addition of trolley cars, it was predicted some time ago, would prove the last straw. This seems to be the case.

Mysterious Death.

West Chester, July 25.—Anna H. Pratt, wife of William H. Pratt, a truck farmer of this place, was found dead yesterday afternoon at the bottom of a flight of stairs in her home, with a bullet from a revolver in her head, a dozen stab wounds in her neck, and her throat cut from ear to ear. The supposition is that the wounds were self-inflicted while she was suffering from despondency. Mrs. Pratt and her husband did not live happily together, according to witnesses at the inquest. A son of the dead woman tells a story which seems to conflict with that of his father. The latter testified that he found the body after returning to the house from work. The son says he saw his father with his mother at the top of the stairway when he came to the house from the field. The coroner's jury has not yet rendered its verdict.

Death Panic at Funeral.

McKeesport, Pa., July 25.—While in a room crowded with friends taking a farewell look at little Annie, the infant daughter of George Budah, one of the mourners accidentally upset one of the incense burners, and the little white coffin was blown to the women in the room became frantic and a number fainted. The mother pulled the corpse from the burning casket and ran frantically about the room. Her clothing caught fire from the dead child's dress and she was fatally burned. Water was thrown on the burning corpse, but not until the child's face and head had been burned black.

Killed by a Train.

Easton, Pa., July 25.—While his two daughters looked helplessly on, Julius Dupont, a Frenchman, was killed at the Alpha station of the Lehigh Valley Railroad yesterday. Dupont and his daughters were on the station platform awaiting a train to take them up the road on an outing, when the special train of President Walters, of the Lehigh Valley, came thundering along at lightning speed. So fast did the special train pass that the suction drew Dupont under the wheels and he was ground to bits. Had not his daughters been present, Dupont's body could not have been identified.

Yachts Race in a Gale.

New London, Conn., July 25.—The forty-mile run of the New York Yacht Club today from New London to Newport, in which the Columbia and Constitution will race, will be made in half a gale, and a driving rain. The race will be a best time. This is the kind of weather that the skippers of Columbia have been wishing for in order to show their boat to best advantage.

Cure for Cholera Infantum—Never Known to Fail.

During last May an infant child of our neighbor was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctors had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days the child had fully recovered. The child is now vigorous and healthy. I have recommended this remedy frequently and have never known it to fail.—MRS. CHARLES BAKER, Bookwater, Ohio. For sale by Richard Gibson.

Trouble Apprehended.

Madisonville, Ky., July 25.—The union miners will hold a celebration here Saturday, when President Mitchell will speak. Operators employing non-union miners profess they have information that or that day the union men, several thousand strong, will march on their mines and force the men at work out. These men have appealed to the sheriff and mayor for protection, and a large number of special police and deputy sheriffs will be sworn in. The men at work carry pistols and shotguns to the mines with them. Union officials say they will hold a peaceful celebration. Miners from southern Indiana and western Kentucky will be present, and will attempt no violence. The operators are uneasy.

The Drought in the West Broken.

Chicago, July 25.—Reports received this morning indicate that the drought has been broken in at least one state in the corn belt—Iowa—and that some relief has come to Nebraska, northern Illinois, the Dakotas, southern Minnesota and Michigan. In Iowa last night and this morning a heavy rain fell and the corn that survived the weeks of dry, hot weather is safe unless such an unprecedented period of dry weather as Nebraska has believed to be safe, despatches at 2:30 a. m. indicating that a heavy rain had fallen throughout that section.

Consecration of a Bishop.

Newark, N. J., July 25.—Rev. John J. O'Connor, formerly pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic Church in Newark, was consecrated bishop of Newark diocese today. The ceremony was imposing.

TO KEEP THE BABY HEALTHY.

In terribly warm weather, such as the country has been experiencing, it is the babies that suffer the first and the worst, and even the ordinary heat of the summer is apt to go hard with them. The vital statistics compiled by the Health Departments show that one-third of the deaths that occur during the summer months are those of babies less than one year of age. If the baby can pass through the first summer the chances of its surviving the second, third and fourth are greatly increased, but even for babies two or three years old the summer, if it be at all hot, is a very trying time, and in weather such as we have been having the suffering and mortality among them are something appalling.

There is something terribly pathetic about a baby that can only make its sufferings known by wailing, and in many cases relief must be a matter of guesswork with the young mother or the nurse. Since babies do not, as a rule, have mental worries, their fretfulness is usually due to physical causes and if these are not immediately relieved it is humbly Health Commissioner Bayley yesterday gave some general hints that may be of service in making the babies comfortable, and, perhaps, be the means of saving life among them.

"The secret lies," he said, "in feeding and dressing the babies properly; bathing them at intervals, and giving them fresh air, while at the same time keeping them out of the sun. The mid-day heat of even a mild summer day is too trying for them to be out in, and not until the evening shadows have begun to lengthen should they be allowed out of doors."

"In this hot weather babies, as well as older children, and grown people, too, for that matter, should be lightly and loosely clad. Anything tight is not only most uncomfortable for the baby, but is harmful, in being liable to check the circulation. For very young babies modified milk is the only thing in the way of food—the ordinary cow's milk is too rich and heavy for them. As they grow older they may be given farinaceous foods, oatmeal, etc. No child should be given much meat during the hot weather, and they should not have beef's meat at all, but chicken and other poultry are the proper things in that line."

"Bathing is an important thing for young children. The baby should be sponged off with cool water just after waking, and just before being put to sleep in the evening. In excessively warm weather they may be bathed much oftener, say every two or three hours, which will not only make them much more comfortable, but may prevent heat strokes. Let them sleep all they can, for they are never happier than when asleep. Keep them in cool, darkened rooms, with a free circulation of air."

TO MAKE WOMEN TALLER.—Word comes from Paris that the fair Parisiennes are consumed with a desire to rival their Anglo-Saxon sisters in stature. Inasmuch as stature cannot be added to "by taking thought," a Parisian doctor has come to the rescue with a new operation. He has elaborated an ingenious process by which the joints of the ankles and knees are to be daily operated on with an electric bulb. He claims that the osseous matter at the joints will thereby be expanded and the growth of the bones stimulated. The bulb is also to be applied to the spine. The doctor claims to have succeeded in obtaining on patients who have already been lengthened that he can add two-fifths of an inch per month during six months' operating. After six months the continual treatment is stopped temporarily and is resumed later if necessary. The patients should be young and supple, otherwise the effects of stretching their joints might be grave.

The Chinese authorities are making no attempt to interfere or check the robbers who are swarming in the vicinity of Canton. The foreign consuls have been warned to prepare for an uprising.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists Toledo, O. WARD, KIRKMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup for soothing babies, Full-size bottle, 10 cents. Cures Wind Colic, Diarrhoea, Loss of Sleep, Griping, Teething, Sour Stomach, Fever, Cholera Infantum. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup also promotes the digestion and soothes the baby. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

The piles that annoy you so will be quickly and permanently healed by our DeWitt's Counter-irritant. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

MASACRE THEIR PRISONERS.—Albanian insurgents and Turkish regulars have had several encounters on the Turkish frontier. Many have been killed and wounded on both sides. It is reported that the Albanians cut off the heads of their prisoners and triumphantly carried them on poles through Albanian towns. It is also reported that the Turkish massacre their prisoners. The Albanian revolutionary committee has called a congress of Albanian delegates at Dulcigno, in Montenegro, to decide as to future action. A band of marauding Bulgarians near Ghevgjeli, entrenched in a farm house, were stormed by Turkish troops and killed to a man.

The Markets.

Georgetown, July 25.—Wheat 68 3/4.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

New York, July 25.—Stocks opened quiet and firm.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA.

Flour Extra..... 2 75 a 3 15
Family..... 3 00 a 3 90
Wheat, longberry..... 0 60 a 0 68
Mixed..... 0 60 a 0 66
Fruit..... 0 60 a 0 68
Damp and tough..... 0 54 a 0 56
Corn, white..... 0 58 a 0 60
Mixed..... 0 54 a 0 56
Yellow..... 0 54 a 0 56
Corn Meal..... 0 52 a 0 56
Oats, mixed..... 0 26 a 0 35
White..... 0 36 a 0 40
Eggs Print Butter..... 0 18 a 0 20
Butter, Virginia, packed..... 0 16 a 0 17
Choice Virginia..... 0 14 a 0 15
Common to middling..... 0 10 a 0 12
Edge (Chickens)..... 0 13 a 0 14
Lard..... 0 9 a 0 10
Spring oil..... 0 16 a 0 17
Veal Calves..... 0 5 1/2 a 0 6
Potatoes, Va., bush..... 0 85 a 1 00
Sweet Potatoes, bush..... 1 05 a 1 75
Onions, per bushel..... 0 55 a 0 60
Dried Peaches, peeled..... 0 5 a 0 6
Porto Rico..... 0 18 a 0 28
Sugar Syrup..... 0 16 a 0 24

DRY GOODS.

LANSBURGH & BRO.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

Close at 5 p. m., Saturdays 9 p. m.

JUST NOW

is the time for Bathing Suits. Just now we are offering special values in lines that will be appreciated by the thrifty people. For instance:

Good Bathing Suits Cheap.

Ladies' Black Mohair Bathing Suits, full waist, sailor collar, trimmed with five rows of soutache braid, skirt and belt trimmed to match. Sizes 32 to 44. Worth \$3.75.

Now \$2.98.

Ladies' Blue Seidlitz Bathing Suits, made with V vest and a large sailor collar of red, skirt, trimmed with five rows of white braid, gored skirt trimmed to match. Sizes 32 to 42. Worth \$5.

Now \$3.98.

Gentlemen's two-piece Jersey Bathing Suits. Worth \$1.50.

98 cents.

Bathing Shoes, Stockings and Caps.

Free Daily Deliveries to Alexandria.

Lansburgh & Bro.,

420 to 426 Seventh street,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

is now receiving a hearty welcome from all who have good investments to offer.

A WATCH FOR \$100

we offer, guaranteed for one year.

Save your good Watch and buy a Dollar Watch. Fleets cool enough to go in the country, or on a Hunting, Fishing or Wheeling trip.

Send to any address by mail for \$1.05.

HENRY W. WILDT,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

NO. 106 NORTH ROYAL STREET

Correct time furnished by Home Telephone No. 32.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE INTER NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

located at No. 716 Fourteenth street, in the District of Columbia, at the close of business June 30, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Real estate loans, \$297,742 00
Stock loans, 6,880 00
Cash on hand and in bank, 14,301 06
Real estate, 27,087 27
Interest, fees, premiums, delinquent, and in process of collection, 9,216 25
Insurance and taxes advanced, 623 24
Due from agents and collectors, 19,600 00
Bills receivable, rent, etc., 9,235 24
Furniture and fixtures, 1,235 32
Semi-annual dividend, prepaid stock, 36,147 37
Total, \$424,088 35

LIABILITIES.

Installment stock, \$147,938 05
Paid up stock, 111,273 65
Prepaid stock, 78,886 60
Due on loans, 2,000 00
Bills payable, 301 60
Undivided profits or balance, 79,156 72
Insurance revenue fund, 2,727 45
Dividends credited prepaid stock, 1,804 88
Total, \$424,088 35

District of Columbia, ss:

J. E. Quinley Smith, Secretary and General Manager of the above named Association do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. QUINLEY SMITH, Secretary and General Manager.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of July, 1901.

PAUL E. SLEMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

CHARLES LYMAN, F. H. SMITH, E. F. PRESTON MILLER, } Directors.

J. 25 32

FINANCIAL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank,

AT ALEXANDRIA, IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

At the close of business, July 15th, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, \$702,834 11
Overdrafts secured and unsecured, 900 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation, 50,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits, 63,