



THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 6, 1902.

THE QUESTION of the District of Columbia requiring from Virginia the portion of the old District, on this side of the Potomac, was laid before the Senate yesterday evening in a joint resolution introduced by Mr. McMillan, chairman of the Senate District Committee "by request," but as those request it is not stated.

The resolution was referred to the committee on the judiciary of which Mr. Hoar is chairman to determine the question of the power of the United States to maintain such a suit. The resolution in its body contains the "reasons" that are supposed to make the recovery of the territory advisable. It is recited:

"That for purposes of military defense, public parks, sanitary safeguards and improvements, police protection, control of the river shore, and the general welfare of the city and suburbs of Washington, it is desirable that the city and county of Alexandria should be restored to the control of the government of the District of Columbia, that it is just and equitable that the State of Virginia may be compensated for the loss of revenues incident to the recession, and that for this reason the question should be referred to the Supreme Court that count having decided that such a case can be decided only in a case between the United States and the State of Virginia."

This subject has frequently been before Congress. During the second Cleveland administration an effort was made to have the Department of Justice bring such a suit as is contemplated by this bill, but action was never taken. Before that a bill had been introduced in the Senate providing for a friendly negotiation between Congress and the Legislature of Virginia to accomplish this purpose. The bill then introduced by Mr. McMillan declared the willingness of Congress to have a retrocession of the territory in question, but before the bill had been acted on by the District committee a strong disapproval of it was expressed by the Virginia Senators, and in view of that opposition the matter was dropped. On the part of the Virginia delegation in Congress there has never been any disposition to look with favor on this proposition and there never will be. The city of Alexandria is in the part of Virginia that formerly was a part of the District, and in order to meet the opposition resulting from the loss of this city to Virginia a proposition was at one time made that instead of a retrocession of the whole of that part of Virginia that was formerly a part of the District there be a retrocession of only a strip of land on the south bank of the Potomac opposite Washington extending as far back as the southern line of the Arlington estate, which is now owned by the Virginia Senators but had been others in relation to the same matter. The attitude of the State of Virginia is such that if the bounds of the District are ever re-established as they were originally it must be done by legal procedure, and for that purpose the bill of Senator McMillan was introduced yesterday. There is not the slightest likelihood of the courts ever deciding in favor of the retrocession of Alexandria to the District, but in the improbable event of their doing so, the whole question would come up of the despoiling of one-third of the territory of Virginia against her protest, to form the State of West Virginia, in face of the constitutional provision that a State cannot be organized out of the territory of another Commonwealth except by the consent of its people. In reference to the retrocession question the Lynchburg News says:

The power of Congress to relinquish territory once granted to the federal government has recently been questioned. In 1790 Virginia ceded to the government thirty-six square miles, including the city of Alexandria, to form a portion of the federal district. In 1845 this territory was ceded back to Virginia and the validity of this transaction has never been questioned until the present time. Now it is contended that though Congress has the power to accept territory it has no power to relinquish it. This is rather a singular doctrine, for it seems natural that the one power carries with it the other. Here is a transaction that was completed fifty-six years ago and now it is proposed that Congress reverse its action and take back this portion of Virginia territory. No other reason is given for the assumption than that Congress had no constitutional authority to cede the territory

back to Virginia. If that be true, it is rather remarkable that the wise statesmen of 1845 did not find it out. Quiet cession for fifty-six years ought to validate a title, even if there was some little irregularity in its acquisition, but, however, is not admitted. There is no apparent public necessity for re-asserting the claim of Congress at this late date. The District of Columbia, with its present boundaries, is sufficient for all the purposes of the federal government. So far as appearance of the surface, nothing would be gained by enlarging the district to its original proportions. There may be something to be gained to the public. If so, it is due to the country, and especially to Virginia, that the facts or motives prompting the movement should be made known.

It was stated in the Gazette's Washington correspondence yesterday that the committee on rules of the House would bring in a bill for the repeal of the war revenue tax "not germane," particularly the Babcock bill, which would make manufacturers of steel on the free list. Later on, it was stated, there will be a republican caucus at which the Babcock plan and kindred plans of tariff revision will be discussed, and Mr. Babcock, it is said, is agreeable to this plan. And he has to be, for the protectionists have said it. These fellows humor an obstinate congressman to a certain degree, but when he will not be good they make him so. At a recent meeting of the committee on ways and means Mr. Babcock with the aid of the democratic members came near securing the adoption of his measure, whereupon Chairman Payne is quoted as having said with feeling to Mr. Babcock that the committee would "go up into Wisconsin and take the day of lumber." This and similar threats had, on Monday, not affected Mr. Babcock, but on Wednesday, the announcement was made that Mr. Babcock is "agreeable" to the plans of the committee which will sidetrack his measure. The protectionists are powerful enough to sway stronger men than Mr. Babcock from their course.

REMARKS TO U. S. OFFICERS have become so unpopular that after much talk the President and Secretary of War have come to the conclusion that Gen. Leonard Wood committed no offense for which he should be censured when he wrote to several Senators urging Congress to grant tariff concessions to Cuba.

The Weather Bureau after predicting snow for the past two days has changed its "probabilities" and now predicts fair weather. Some times it hits and some times it misses.

FROM WASHINGTON. [Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, February 6.

Today at noon, in the Church of the Covenant, on Connecticut Avenue, Helen Hay, elder daughter of John Hay, Secretary of State, became the wife of Payne Whitney, second son of William C. Whitney, of New York. The ceremony was witnessed by the President, the entire diplomatic corps, representatives of the army and navy, and hundreds of distinguished members of the social set in the national capital and other American cities. Members of Congress, the judiciary, and nearly all the high officials of the government in Washington were present. The marriage service was conducted by the Rev. T. Dennis F. Hamill, pastor of the church, assisted by Rev. H. C. Hayden, of Cleveland. Exquisite flowers filled the church with delicate fragrance. Ropes of roses surrounded the section occupied by the Presidential party, and the bridesmaids were likewise garlanded with floral strands. The ceremony was of the simplest character, and the costumes of the bride and her attendants were charmingly simple. The bride being in mourning for her father, Albeit Hay, her gown was in keeping with the conditions, being of plain white satin on train, a veil of tulle, caught with a spray of orange blossoms, falling to the hem. She wore neither lace nor jewels. Her maids, Misses Alice Hay and Dorothy Whitney, were exquisitely gowned in pale crepe de chine over white tulle, and wore picture hats of white felt with ostrich plumes. They carried white roses, as did the bride. Payne Whitney, as he stood at the altar waiting for his bride, was attended by Ebenezer Hale, of Senator Hale of Maine, immediately after the ceremony a breakfast was served at the residence of the Secretary of State and Mrs. Hay, at which only the immediate relatives and friends of the families of the bride and groom were present, with the exception of President and Mrs. Roosevelt. President Roosevelt toasted the bride at the breakfast. The room in which this part of the festivities took place was elaborately decorated with white roses, as was every room in the white house, as was every room in the white house, as was every room in the white house.

The gifts of the bride were said to be the most costly and numerous ever received in this city, even surpassing those given to Hattie Blaine at the time of her marriage to Truxton Beale. The couple will leave for the south on the evening train, traveling to Thomasville, Georgia. They will remain at the cottage of Col. Payne in the south for a month, returning then to Washington, where they will spend a few weeks with the parents of the bride, going thence to Europe for the summer. In the fall they will be at home in New York. Mrs. Payne Whitney is one of the most accomplished young women of Washington society. She is also a very handsome girl, a brilliant conversationalist and a linguist, and talented in many ways. Payne Whitney, the second son of former Secretary of the Navy, is a graduate of Yale. He is said to inherit his father's financial mind to a large degree. He is fond of athletics and is well known and liked in Washington. He will inherit the immense fortune of his uncle, Oliver Payne, and is destined to be a leader of the financial world of New York.

The hearing of Internal Revenue Collector Agnew, U. S. Marshal Treat and other Virginia officeholders by the civil service commission on charges preferred by some Virginia anti-organization republicans in the nature of "offensive partisanship" took place today. The charges, as heretofore stated, are that Messrs. Agnew and Treat collected, or allowed to be collected, money to defray the expenses of the last election in their State. The result of the investigation was not known at 3 o'clock this evening.

The House committee on labor today reported favorably to the House the Bartholdt bill prohibiting musicians enlisted in the army, navy, or marine corps, from accepting private engagements.

Senator Hoar today presented a petition from the American peace society asking Congress to adopt a resolution

declaring that the United States will grant independence to the Philippines, as soon as they shall establish, and prove their ability to maintain, stable civil government.

The "shin-plaster" currency of our forefathers will be in vogue again with certain modifications, if a bill introduced by Mr. Griffith becomes a law. He would have the Treasury Department issue "coupon currency" of five and ten cent denominations, the size of the coupon being one inch by two and a half inches, and issued five to a sheet. Mr. Griffith believes that there is great need of coupon currency especially where it is desired to send money by mail.

F. M. Stickney, today filed with the Senate committee on military affairs additional paper protesting against the appointment of Captain McKimley to be chief of the militia with the rank of Brigadier General. He says that it is unjust to promote him over the head of 28 other officers and that he has had no record in the field to justify it.

Director of the Census Merriam is prominently spoken of as a Cabinet officer should the bill to create a department of Commerce and Industries become a law. Gov. Taft was prepared to take up the subject of the proposed tariff for the Fall session when he was called to the Philippines by the committee on the Philippines this morning. Before he could do so, however, Mr. Carmack quoted from General MacArthur's report saying that the continuation of the guerilla warfare was due to the unity of action of the Philippine people, and asked his opinion on that statement. "The commission" said Gov. Taft, "considered that statement. We do not agree with it. Since the election of the commission, a great majority of the people are unquestionably peace and anxious to accept the government of the United States." In preferring his statement on the tariff question, Gov. Taft said that the plan of the commission had been to have no tariff systems of taxation to contribute to the general fund. The great objection to the Spanish rule had been their collection of taxes in the various provinces and the expenditure of all the money in or in the neighborhood of Manila. Representative Sulzer, of New York, received word today that his youngest brother, Lieutenant Thomas E. Sulzer, 10th U. S. Infantry, died of fever at Cuba, P. I. The body is to be brought to the States.

A large steam laundry is to be established at Leesburg.

Governor Montague left Richmond last night for Charleston to attend the Good Roads Convention.

The cadets of the Virginia Military Institute will visit the Charleston exposition during the month of April.

A telegram received yesterday in Winchester says that James M. Adams, wanted there for arson, has been captured in Massillon, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Cunningham died in Fredericksburg yesterday within a few hours of each other. Mr. Cunningham was 82 years old and his wife 80.

W. P. Bubb died at Sherwood Forest, his home, in Stafford county, yesterday of apoplexy. He was 72 years of age. He leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters.

Miss Lizzie Settle, daughter of the late John H. Settle, of Rappahannock county, was married to Mr. Thomas E. Benson, of Marlinton, in the Baptist Church at Flint Hill, near Front Royal, yesterday. They left for Washington and other cities.

Mr. Sournay Miles and Miss Virginia Almond, both full-blooded Indians, of the famous Powhatan tribe, were married yesterday at the Pamunkey Indian church at Lector Manor. The bride, who is conceded to be the prettiest maiden of the tribe, was attended by several bridesmaids and groomsmen.

Mrs. Fauste, of Lunenburg county, was murdered at her home, near Tinkling, Tuesday night. The object of the murder is supposed to have been robbery. Mrs. Fauste's husband was absent in Petersburg, where he had gone to sell his tobacco. It is understood that the neighborhood is greatly excited, but there is no clue to the robbers.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION. The minority side of the committee on corporations had their day before the constitutional convention yesterday.

Mr. Epps Hunton presented the views of the minority committee. He explained that he and Judge Brook had only presented a minority bill to such portion of the committee's recommendations as dealt with transmission and transportation companies. Those sections relating to general corporations and the employers' liability bill they thought best to leave for amendment on the floor of the convention, if it was decided to put this purely legislative function in the constitution. Mr. Hunton first reminded the convention that there was nothing on earth so timid as capital, and never in the history of Virginia was capital more needed to develop and continue in the development of great industries already begun. He pointed out wherein the adoption of the majority report would be an injustice to capitalists; that Virginia proposed to embody in her fundamental law a principle inimical to capital and one which might amount to confiscation of vested rights and invested capital. Mr. Hunton called attention to the fact that one provision of the majority report was exactly the same that Senator Culom incorporated in his interstate commerce bill, in 1893, and which was defeated in Congress for the reason that it was impracticable. In concluding his remarks, Mr. Hunton referred to the common practice of discriminating against an argument made because the advocates happened to be a corporation lawyer. He declared that men who were thoroughly conversant with corporation law were entitled to the highest consideration, provided they were men of integrity of character. Judge Ingram, of the committee, made reply to Mr. Hunton's argument, and was speaking when the House adjournment was reached. He referred to Mr. Hunton's report as "cainip tea." He held that Virginia should take the lead for efforts to regulate the giants of commerce. Virginia, he maintained, had always been a leader in the radical departure from beaten paths in great movements.

During the morning hour Judge Orr presented a new suffrage plan, which was ordered to be printed and referred to the committee on elective franchise.

The conference of democratic members of the constitutional convention yesterday evening determined that they would meet at 4 p. m. today and commence voting on the various suffrage propositions which now are before it. The first contest will be on the proposition of Mr. Barbour, which, in effect, will test the judgment of the conference as to the merits of the "understanding" and "grandfather" clauses.

Dr. Bull's Celebrated Pills cures many ills. One pill a dose. Box, 50 pills, 10 cts. Cure Constipation, Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Impure Blood and Poor Blood, Female Complaints, Stomach and Bowel Disorders. Dr. Bull's Pills never fail. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Bubonic plague has reappeared in the city of Manila. Hadda Mullah, a prominent Afghan, is preaching a holy war in his country. The bill permitting a man to marry his deceased wife's sister has passed the British House of Commons again.

The consolidation of the Metropolitan and the Columbia Railway Companies of Washington was effected yesterday. Lord Salisbury, in a speech in London yesterday, said the Irish, as well as the Boers, were a menace to the British Empire.

The Senate yesterday confirmed Dr. Rixey to be chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery in the Navy, with the rank of rear admiral. Representative Newlands, of Nevada, has introduced in the House a joint resolution inviting Cuba to become part of the United States and promising citizenship to the island.

The President will start for the Charleston Exposition on Monday night on a special train of elegant cars via the Southern Railway and will return to Washington February 14.

Prince Henry, during his visit to Washington, will stop at the German Embassy, and his suits will stay at the New Willard Hotel, occupying the entire floor above the office and lobby.

It was stated last night that the President's response to the appeal of Admiral Schley would be made public next Saturday. It is understood that the response will be adverse to Schley. Senator Mason, has introduced a bill in the Senate providing for the transmission in the mails of sums of money of one dollar or less by postage stamp certificates to be used in lieu of postage stamps.

Senator O. H. Platt, of Connecticut, a staunch protectionist, in expressing his views on the question of reciprocity with Cuba, says that reasonable tariff concessions would not appreciably injure any American industry.

Senator Hoar yesterday introduced a bill to increase the salaries of members of Congress to \$7,500 a year, and the salaries of the Vice President of the United States and Speaker of the House of Representatives to \$15,000 a year.

Throughout yesterday's session the Senate had under consideration the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, and, just before adjournment, passed it substantially in the shape in which it was reported to the Senate by the committee.

Secretary Long has granted Civil Engineer Robert E. Peary, of the navy, the noted Arctic explorer, an extension of six months in his leave of absence, in order to permit him to make another try for the North Pole during the coming spring.

Senator Quay yesterday introduced a bill providing for the establishment of a national park and peace monument at Appomattox. The measure is similar to one recently introduced in the House and favorably reported by the committee on military affairs of that body.

Marble Salisbury unveiled a life-size marble statue of Queen Victoria at the Junior Just National Club. Speaking at a dinner, Lord Salisbury said that the statue was the result of an assault upon her by a negro last evening. Miss Powell, in company with the Misses Braden, attended the school in this city. When she arrived at the Braden home last evening Miss Powell walked to the home of her brother, a distance of half a mile. When she reached the negro sprang upon her. When she arrived home her condition was such that she could not give the account of what happened, but described her feelings. Half an hour after a posse of 200 men with bloodhounds was in hot pursuit of the fellow.

Nicholsville, Ky., Feb. 6.—Tom Brown, the negro who assaulted Miss Powell last night, was lynched this afternoon.

Victims of the Gas Explosion. Chicago, Feb. 6.—The bodies of eleven victims of last night's natural gas explosion were taken from the ruins this morning. The search is being continued but it is not thought that any more bodies will be found. All of the bodies were found in the ruins of the first explosion occurred. At 8 o'clock all of the missing, with the exception of one of Trostle's employees, had been accounted for.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES. This morning Mrs. Kate Soffel is in a weaker condition than at any time since her admission to the hospital at Butler, Pa. Every time the patient sleeps she suffers from nightmare, waking in a terrified and exhausted condition.

Three men were injured by a carless dynamite blast near Park avenue and 42nd street, New York, this morning. One of the men directed to the recent dynamite disaster and ran in every direction for safety.

The steamship Navar, which went ashore on Long Beach, N. J., during the recent severe storm, was floated with the tide at 4 o'clock this morning, and, in tow, came up to New York. The favour does not seem to be badly injured.

Juror Campbell was still too ill to attend to his duties in New York today, and the reporter therefore adjourned the trial of Lawyer Patrick for the alleged murder of Wm. M. Rice until Monday.

Brower's gas factory, in Gloversville, N. Y., the largest of its kind in that section, is in flames. The flames are hampered by a heavy fog, and the entire plant will be destroyed.

The plant of the Winton Heating Company at Wirtwood, Illinois, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The foundry, covering an acre of ground, was wrecked. The loss is about \$75,000.

Philip Green, removed from the office of City Treasurer of Buffalo, N. Y., for a default of \$44,000, was arrested this morning. Green has been at large since his dismissal from office.

"Little Joe" Blackburn, is thought to be dying of heart trouble at Frankfort, Ky. He was brought to Washington yesterday from Washington, and is at the bedside of his son.

Two more bodies from the wrecked coal barges Antelope and Belle of Oregon came ashore at Fire Island, N. Y., this morning. Five bodies in all have been recovered.

Developments last night led to the belief that a woman who committed suicide in a St. Louis, Cal. hotel, Thursday in Mrs. Hammond Moore, of New York.

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TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Liverpool, Feb. 9.—The Warren liner Kansas, from Boston, arrived today with seven cases of smallpox aboard. The patients were removed to the quarantine hospital and the ship disinfected.

Rome, Feb. 9.—Vicar General Ryan of the diocese of Dubuque, Iowa, arrived here today. His visit to Rome is in connection with the division of his diocese. He will be a candidate for the new bishopric of Sioux City, Iowa.

Paris, Feb. 6.—Clemence Royer, aged 72, the translator into the French language of Charles Darwin's famous work, "The Origin of Species," died today.

Sofia, Feb. 6.—Kansheff, the Bulgarian minister of public instruction, was assassinated today while sitting in his library by a Macedonian who obtained entrance by stating that he wished to place a petition before M. Kansheff. The assassin escaped but later committed suicide by shooting himself.

Unionists Elect Their Candidate. Dublin, Feb. 6.—The East Down parliamentary election yesterday resulted in the choice of Mr. Woods, the independent candidate, by a vote of 3,576. His opponent, Wallace, received 3,425 votes. The successful candidate favors the radical scheme of wholesale compulsory land purchase for the whole of Ireland, with a view to displacing the estate landlord class. The district has been returned landlord candidates by an overwhelming vote. Woods was supported by T. W. Russell, who gave up a cabinet office to fight the land question. Wallace, the unsuccessful candidate, is an officer serving in South Africa. After the declaration of the poll Russell and Woods were carried on the shoulders of the hilarious unionists to a hotel where an ovation was tendered them. Russell in expressing his joy over the victory of his candidate said: "We have beaten the Carlton Club, the landlords, the bailiffs, and the parliamentary heads of the Union; and we have beaten the government."

When the Pie Was Opened. Paris, Feb. 6.—Madame Ratazzi, a noted French woman aged 71, the editor of Nouvelle Revue, is dead. Madame Ratazzi was the wife of three different prime ministers and was once a famous beauty. She became notorious during the second empire by being served up nude in a big pie at a banquet.

Lynched the Negro. Nicholsville, Ky., Feb. 6.—Miss Emma Powell, a 15-year-old student of the Jesamine Institute, in this city, lies in a critical condition at her brother's home, three miles west of here, as the result of an assault upon her by a negro last evening. Miss Powell, in company with the Misses Braden, attended the school in this city. When she arrived at the Braden home last evening Miss Powell walked to the home of her brother, a distance of half a mile. When she reached the negro sprang upon her. When she arrived home her condition was such that she could not give the account of what happened, but described her feelings. Half an hour after a posse of 200 men with bloodhounds was in hot pursuit of the fellow.

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The Last Heard of It. "My little boy took the croup one night and soon grew so bad you could hear him breathe all over the house," says F. D. Reynolds, Mansfield, O. "We feared he would die, but a few doses of One Minute Cough Cure quick relieved him and he went to sleep. That's the last we heard of him. Now let's a cough cure like that valuable!" One Minute Cough Cure is absolutely safe and acts immediately. For coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, all other throat and lung troubles it is the best remedy. It is pleasant to take. The little ones like it. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 6. SENATE. In the Senate this morning Mr. Platt, of New York, introduced a joint resolution authorizing the President to invite the Government of Canada to join in the formation of an international commission to examine and report upon the diversion of the waters that are the boundaries of the two countries. At the conclusion of the morning business Mr. Scott called up his resolution providing for a board to investigate the practicability of constructing a canal across the isthmus of Darien and spoke at length in advocacy of the resolution. Mr. Scott concluded his remarks at one o'clock. The resolution was referred to the committee on Territories and Canada.

Mr. Hanabrough had laid before the Senate a bill appropriating the receipts from the sale and disposal of public lands in certain states and territories to the construction of irrigation works for the reclamation of arid lands. He spoke at length in advocacy of the measure. At the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Hanabrough asked unanimous consent that his bill be made the unfinished business. This was agreed to, as there were not half a dozen Senators in the chamber, and none of them seemed to be giving attention to the matter. The bill has a standing now only exceeded by that of the Philippine tariff measure.

A bill was passed increasing the limit of cost for the public building at Newport News, Va.

At the conclusion of the morning hour the Philippine tariff bill was taken up.

The committee amendment reducing the Digley tariff rate 25 per cent, with a deduction of the amount of export duty, and providing that articles coming into the United States free of duty, not liable to an export tax, be exempt from export duty, was agreed to.

Mr. Patterson of Colorado, in submitting an amendment to the bill, providing that at the expiration of one year all laws applicable to the coastwise trade shall apply to all American vessels engaged in the Philippine trade made his maiden speech. He was opposed to subsidies.

The amendment was defeated by a strict party vote of 34 to 18.

HOUSE. The House took up the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill immediately after the opening of Mr. Hemenway, chairman of the subcommittee having the bill in charge, desired to limit debate to two hours.

Mr. De Armond objected to this limitation and the debate proceeded without any limit in time being fixed.

Mr. Hemenway opened the discussion by explaining the measure.

Mr. Talbert made a speech of half an hour against the proposed reduction of representation in the South.

Consideration of the oil bill which has been temporarily side tracked by the taking up of the appropriation bill pending will be resumed as soon as a vote on this shall have been reached.

GENERAL LEE NOT THINKING.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, who went to Louisville yesterday to deliver a lecture last night, says an officer in the United States army just at this time does not dare to think. A crowd had gathered at the Galt House to greet him. "I am looking for the barber shop," said the General, as he escaped for a moment from the eager crowd. "Will some one please show me the barber shop?"

At this juncture General Lee was held up by two reporters and capitulated with a look of resignation.

"What do you think?" began they. "I don't think at all," responded General Lee. "The fact is that I am not allowed to think. I am an officer of the United States army, and, though I have an opinion of my own, an essential part of the fact that it is discreet not to parade it before the public in the newspapers."

"How about the Cuban reciprocity question?" "Well, there is where you are getting beyond the limit. As I have said, I cannot talk on affairs of State. Concerning Cuba, however, I will say that I think the island has a great future."

If you would have an appetite like a bear and a relish for your meals take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They correct disorders of the stomach and regulate the liver and bowels. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Richard Gibson's drug store.

PATENTS.—The following patents granted to residents of Virginia Tuesday, were reported to the Gazette by Davis & Davis, Washington, patent attorneys: Machine for welding links, William Springmeyer, Jr., and John Burt, Portsmouth, assignors of one to Robert A. Carter, Pittsburg, Pa.; Fire cracker, Antonis Delgrande, Petersburg; Pyrotechnic compound, Antonis Delgrande, P. Petersburg, assignor of two-thirds to Robert H. Seabury and Nicholas Delgrande, Petersburg.

Mr. G. W. Hevener, of Augusta county, has purchased the fine farm of Capt. J. W. Foster, near Leesburg, containing 485 acres, for \$25,000.

No one can reasonably hope for good health unless his bowels move once each day. When this is not attended to, disorders of the stomach arise, biliousness, headache, dyspepsia and piles soon follow. If you wish to avoid these ailments keep your bowels regular by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when required. They are so easy to take and mild and gentle in effect. For sale by Richard Gibson druggist.

A CARD. We desire to tender our sincere thanks to the firemen, policemen and all other citizens who worked so strenuously and with such good results at the fire on our plant on Sunday morning. We fully endorse every word of Chief Petty's card published in last night's paper. We have never seen more work harder or with more system. We appreciate the many kind words and offers of assistance which have been tendered us by our friends since the fire. Very truly, THE OLD DOMINION GLASS CO.

DIED. In Belimors, Md., at 8 p. m., Wednesday, February 5, 1902, of apoplexy, WILLIAM ANDREW HART, aged 76 years, husband of Nancy Craig Hart, daughter of James Hart, of Alexandria (Friday). Interment private in Alexandria.

LIMA BEANS.—15 sacks extra choice Lima Beans for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

ELGIN BUTTER and FRESH EGGS just received by J. C. MILBURN.

DRY GOODS

LANSBURGH & BRO., Washington's Favorite Store. Business Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Saturdays 9 o'clock.

Special Offerings.

Muslin Underwear and Corset sales are booming. Such sterling values have never been offered before in Washington. The sale will continue until the end of the week. Among the specials are— Ladies' Marten Muffs that have sold for \$15, \$13.50, \$11.50, and \$10. Reduced for one day to \$7.98. Marten Muffs that have sold all season at \$12.50. For one day \$6.98. Ladies' 26-inch Paragon from Silk Girls Umbrellas; good values at \$1.50. For 94c one day.

Odds and Ends in Tea Gowns—made of Russian Fleece—in choice Persian designs made with full front of all wool cashmere in rich shades of Navy Blue, Garnet Red and Black edged with fancy revers neatly trimmed with braid, high standing collar. The new shaped sleeve with cuff excellent width airt finished with deep full flounce; sizes 34 to 48. Act 1298. Value for one day only \$1.19.

Free Daily Deliveries to Alexandria.

Lansburgh & Bro.,

420 to 426 Seventh street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

New York, Feb. 6.—The stock market opened strong with a revival of speculative interest all along the line. The speculation in general showed decided vigor although the transactions were not on a large scale.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA. Flour Extra..... 2 75 a 3 15 Family