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Alexandria Gazette.

VOL. CIII.---NO. 86. ALEXANDRIA, VA., THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 10, 1902. PRICE 2 CTS.

MEDICINAL.

There was a cry in the streets. People rushed from their doors and strained their eyes on the struggling balloonist fighting for life. Even the poor, panting sufferer in the sick room was forgotten while the family gazed breathless at this strange tragedy of the air. Then they went back to the sick room to tell of the terrible struggle for life they had just witnessed. It did not occur to them that under their very eyes a more terrible, more pathetic struggle was going on daily.

There can be nothing more pitiful than the struggle the consumptive makes against disease. The greatest help in this struggle is gained by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures obstinate coughs, weak and bleeding lungs, emaciation, and other ailments which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption.

"In 1898 one of my daughters was suffering on account of a severe cough, hectic fever, wasting of flesh and other symptoms of diseased lungs," writes Rev. Joseph H. Fesperman, of Barium Springs, Iredell Co., N. C. "I promptly gave her Dr. R. V. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with gratifying success, and she now enjoys excellent health. This being true, I hereby heartily endorse your medicines."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach, blood and lungs.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets assist the action of the "Discovery."

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR

Catarrh,

IS

Ely's Cream Balm.

Easy and pleasant to use.

Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed.

Gives relief at once.

It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Inflammation, Heals and Protects the Membrane, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size 50 cts. at druggists or by mail. Trial size 10 cts. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

—On the Market—

THE "3 DAYS" CURE

(For Men.)

The only remedy suited to all cases from the mildest strain to the most inflamed conditions. Your money refunded if it fails. Price, $1. Call and see it and read the guarantee. EBNEST L. ALLEN, oc291y EDGAR WARFIELD, JR.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS.

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

AGRICULTURAL.

JNO. P. ROBINSON, President. GEO. S. FRENCH, Secretary.

Alexandria Fertilizer and Chemical Company,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Fertilizers, Fertilizer Materials and Blue Windsor Ground Plaster,

PRINCESS STREET, BETWEEN UNION AND LEE.

au14 ALEXANDRIA VA

HERBERT BRYANT, President. WILLIAM BRYANT, Sec. and Treas.

The Brvant Fertilizer Company,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FERTILIZERS, FERTILIZING MATERIALS, PURE RAW BONE AND FINE GROUND NOVA SCOTIA LAND PLASTER.

Office—117 King street.

Factory and Wharf—Foot of Duke street Alexandria, Va.

J. MATTHEWS,

Produce and Fish,

113 North Fairfax Street.

1902-FOR SPRING-1902

We will receive fresh supplies of FISH daily and be prepared, as heretofore, to fill all orders with either Fresh, Gross or Fresh Cut and Salted at lowest market rates. Quality guaranteed. Send us your orders. Respectfully,

J. MATTHEWS.

mh26 2m

GEORGE E. PRICE & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Fresh and Salted Fish

Are receiving Fish daily from the shores of the Potomac, and will supply customers in any quantities to suit, either fresh or salted, by experienced packers.

Country orders solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

OUR BRAND OF BARRELED FISH has always stood No 1 in the market.

Term: C. O. D., or best references.

Stall do 2 Royal street entrance to the City Market and Fish House front of Corporation fish wharf. mar17 2m.

Alexandria Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY AT

Gazette Building, 510 & 512 Prince st

TERMS:

DAILY.		TRI-WEEKLY.	
1 Year	$5 00	1 Year	$3 00
6 Months	2 50	6 Months	1 50
3 Months	1 25	3 Months	75
1 Month	43	1 Month	25
1 Week	10		

All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space unless the excess is paid for at transient rates, and under no circumstances will they be allowed to advertise other than their legitimate business in the space contracted for.

Marriage and death notices must be paid for in advance.

Resolutions in memoriam, of thanks, tributes of respect, resolutions adopted by societies or persons, unless of public concern, will only be printed in the paper as advertisements.

The GAZETTE office is connected with the Telephone Exchanges. Advertisements, orders for the paper, news or any information or business can be sent by telephone.

[Entered at the Postoffice Alexandria, Virginia, as second-class matter.]

JUDGE KILLED MURDERER.—A terrible double tragedy took place yesterday in the little town of Fallsburg, 10 miles down the river from Louisa, Ky. Town Marshal Marcum was shot and mortally wounded by George Cook, a returned Philippine soldier. Then Cook was shot and killed by Police Judge Wolfe while resisting arrest for the crime he had just committed. Cook is said to have gone to Fallsburg yesterday morning and been abusively and boistrously drunk. He defied arrest by the Marshal. He and the Marshal had had previous trouble and he is said to have invited Marcum to try to arrest him. The Marshal had not attempted to arrest him till he was about to leave town a little after noon, when he was riding about town, cursing, brandishing a big revolver and asking the whereabouts of the guardian of the peace. Marcum swore in a young man to assist him and slipped on Cook from behind, but before they could drag the prisoner from his saddle he had shot the Marshal in the temple, inflicting a fatal wound from which he died in ten minutes. Edward Wolfe, police judge of the village, armed with a large revolver, went out and halted Cook and demanded that he surrender. He was answered with an oath followed by a shot that just grazed his head. Wolfe returned the fire, using both hands to take deliberate aim. The shot took effect and Cook reeled from the saddle and dropped to the ground, where he died without uttering a word.

DR. TALMAGE'S CONDITION.—The condition of Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage took a decided change for the worse last night. Dr. G. L. Magruder, the attending physician, said last night that Dr. Talmage was suffering from congestion of the brain and severe catarrhal complications. He said that the condition of the distinguished patient was very precarious, and that while there was no actual danger of death within the next twenty-four hours, he could not predict anything that would be in any way hopeful. Dr. Magruder said that Dr. Talmage was almost wholly unconscious; that while he partially recognized the members of his family day before yesterday, last night he was unable to distinguish anyone. The honeymoon trip of Dr. Talmage's daughter and Mr. Fredrick Wyckoff, whose marriage was solemnized yesterday at noon at the Talmage residence in Washington, has been postponed indefinitely. It had been planned that the couple should take a tour to Japan, but these arrangements were set aside on account of the illness of the father of the bride and Mr. and Mrs. Wyckoff left the city yesterday for some nearby point and are in telegraphic communication with their home.

MARRIED AT FUNERAL.—Mrs. Markell, wife of William Markell, died at Wyoming, W. Va., several days ago, leaving three children, the youngest a babe of but eleven days. On Tuesday the funeral was held in the village church, Rev. Amos Cummings officiating. The friends of the deceased woman had gathered to pay their last tribute of respect, and the minister extolled her many virtues. When the benediction was pronounced by the minister the husband of the deceased stepped forward and handed him a document. Silence prevaded the little sanctuary. The congregation was requested to remain seated, and the minister announced that a marriage was about to be consummated. Miss Haidee Richards, a young lady, stepped forward, and Mr. Markell and Miss Richards were made man and wife, to the utter astonishment of the mourning friends of the deceased wife. Explanations were asked for, and it was shown that the marriage was in deference to the dying wish of the late Mrs. Markell, who desired that her schoolmate and bosom friend, Miss Richards, should become the bride of her husband, and exercise a mother's care over her orphan children. The affair created a great sensation.

Neglect Means Danger.

Don't neglect billiousness and constipation Your health will suffer permanently if you do. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure such cases. M. B. Smith, Butternut, Mich., says "DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the most satisfactory pills I ever took. Never grips or cause nausea." For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

CONVINCE YOURSELF that Ely's Cream Balm deserves all that has been said of it as a means of quick relief and final cure in obstinate cases of nasal catarrh and hay fever. A trial size costs but ten cents. Full size 50 cents. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mt. Olive, Ark., May 17, 1901.

Messrs. ELY BROS.:—Please send me one bottle of Cream Balm, family size. I think it the best medicine for catarrh in the world. Very respectfully, J. M. SCHOLTZ.

LIMA BEANS—15 sacks extra choice Lima Beans for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

EVAPORATED CREAM in 1-lb. tins, just received and for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

CALIFORNIA PRUNES new, 5c per lb at W. P. WOOLLS & SONS.

THE CITY LIGHT WORKS.

[The following report of the Committee on Light and the joint Committee on Finance and Light on the proposition of Messrs. Goldsborough, Villard & Warner to lease the city light plant were presented to the City Council April 8, 1902, and adopted by the Common Council and Board of Alderman.]

Alexandria, Va., April 8, 1902.

To the Honorable, The City Council of Alexandria, Va.

Gentlemen: Much has been said about the Alexandria Gas Works not being a paying branch of the city government, and the expenses of operating the city electric light plant (covered by appropriations from the City Council) have been consolidated with the reports covering the operations of the city gas works since the installation of the electric light plant some ten or twelve years back, to make as far as possible an unfavorable showing of the true operations of the Alexandria Gas Works. Your committee claim that at the time of installing the electric light plant there was no thought or expectation of it ever being a revenue producing branch of the city government. It was installed with the understanding and intention of giving the city electric arc lighting, and the expenses of maintaining the same were to be paid by appropriations from the City Council.

Your committee now consider, and have always considered, it separate and distinct from the gas works, and its accounts have no showing whatever on the gas office records.

Your committee claim that it has been demonstrated by the present management that the Alexandria Gas Works has been a paying branch of the city government; that the net revenues have been sufficient to give the city free, without any restrictions as to the amount, all the gas desired for the lighting of its streets, public buildings and charitable institutions, and that the net revenues were also sufficient to pay all the running expenses of maintaining the electric light plant during the past four fiscal years. They also claim, besides doing this, that it has turned in ten cents for every thousand feet of gas sold to consumers during the past four years, and in addition to this has transferred to the General Fund, over and above all those expenses, $1,760,46, and that it has done this with the actual net earnings and still had an excess of $1,593.94 above all these expenses, as a reference to the following statement will show.

STATEMENT.

1. Total am't transferred to general fund during the fiscal years ending May 31, 1898, 1899, 1900 and 1901 (4 years), as per reports of S. L. Monroe, Clerk of Gas.	$31,000.00	
Being a yearly average of		$7,750·00
2 Net earnings upon gas, &c., sold consumers during the four (4) fiscal years ending May 31, 1901, as per reports of S. L. Monroe, Clerk of Gas,	$30,833.48	
Being a yearly average of which is only $41.63 less than the yearly average transferred to general fund.		7,708.37
3. Net earnings upon gas, &c, sold consumers and used by the city during the four fiscal years ending May 31, 1901, as per reports of S. L. Monroe, Clerk of Gas,	$44.979,80	
Being a yearly average of		$11,244.95
4 Value of gas works, as shown by net earnings during the four (4) fiscal years ending May 31, 1901, being six per cent. upon an average yearly valuation of		$187,415.83
5. Net earnings, percentage of earnings based upon the average yearly cost of construction ($157,637 71) during the past four (4) fiscal years ending May 31, 1901,		7.13 per cent.

GENERAL FUND.

Amount transferred to general fund during the 4 fiscal years ending May 31, 1901,		$31,000.00
Expenses of operating the electric light plant during the four fiscal years ending May 31, 1901, per reports of City Auditor,	$24.592.14	
Less amount received from Washington Southern and Southern Railway companies for rent of electric arc lights during the four fiscal years ending May 31, 1901,	$2.800.00	
Actual net running expenses,	$21,792 14	
Ten (10) cents per 1000 feet on 74,474,000 feet gas sold consumers during the four fiscal years ending May 31, 1901,	$7,447.40	
Total,		$29,239.54
Amount transferred to the general fund over and above operating expenses of the electric light plant and ten cents per 1000 feet on gas sold consumers,		$1,760.46

GAS SOLD CONSUMERS

Net earnings upon gas, &c., sold consumers during the 4 fiscal years ending May 31, 1901,		$30,833.48
Net operating expenses of the city electric light plant,	$21.792 14	
Ten (10) cents per 1000 feet on gas sold consumers,	$7,447.40	
Total,		$29,239 54
Net earnings over and above operating expenses of the electric light plant and ten cents per 1000 feet on gas sold consumers,		$1,593,94

GAS SOLD CONSUMERS AND USED BY THE CITY.

Net earnings upon gas, &c, sold consumers and used by the city during the 4 fiscal years ending May, 31, 1901,		$44,979.80
Total amount of gas used by the city during the 4 years ending May 31, 1901, 10,520,000 feet.	$14,146.32	
Net operating expenses of the city electric light plant,	$21,792.14	
Ten (10) cents per 1000 feet on gas sold consumers,	$7,447,40	
Total,		$43 385 86
Net earnings over and above the city gas consumption, operating expenses of city electric light plant, and ten (10) cents per 1000 feet on gas sold consumers.		$1,593.94

Since the fiscal year ending May 31st, 1899, there has been a steady increase in the gas sold consumers. The consumption during the following fiscal year, ending May 31st, 1900, shows according to reports of the Clerk of Gas an increase of 397,900 cubic feet, and the last fiscal year, May 31st, 1901, shows a still greater increase of 2,005,200 cubic feet over the previous year. That this rate of increase still continues, we call your attention to the report of the Clerk of Gas ordered to the City Council in December, 1901, covering gas sold consumers during the six months ending November 30, 1901, of this fiscal year, which are short quarters, and show an increase of 897,100 cubic feet compared with corresponding months of last year

This increase in consumption is about 11 per cent as compared with last year, and your committee feel safe in saying that the increase in this fiscal year will exceed by, at least, 2,000,000 cubic feet, the consumption of last year.

Your committee beg to call your attention to the fact that the above results have been obtained during four years when the gas producing power of the plant was in a most deplorable condition, and it is but safe to assume that better results can be obtained in the future with the latest modern facilities for manufacturing coal gas, as a reference to the following data will no doubt show.

ADVANTAGES AND RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY INSTALLING AT OUR CITY GAS WORKS A MODERN COAL GAS PLANT.

1. Under the present old style system of manufacturing coal gas, we use from 65 to 70 per cent of all coke made at the works, in firing furnaces of retort benches and also boilers, which leaves us from 30 to 35 per cent of the coke to sell.

2. By installing an up to date modern system for manufacturing coal gas, we would receive a guarantee that it would only require from 30 to 35 per cent of all coke made at the works to fire furnaces of retort benches and also boiler. This would mean an increase in receipts from sale of coke alone of about 100 per cent.

3. Under the present old style system we use lime exclusively for purifying our gas. This is an expensive purifying material, and is not considered necessary in gas plants equipped with modern washers, scrubbers and condensers.

4 By the installing of a modern coal gas plant with the latest facilities and equipments for cleaning gas, our consulting gas engineer assures us that iron sponge or oxide would be the proper purifying material to use, and that it would mean a yearly saving of at least 83 per cent in the cost of purification.

5. Under the modern system of making coal gas, the installing of improved scrubbers, washers and condensers and purifying boxes necessarily means the production of a superior quality of gas, thereby enabling us to furnish consumers with a better quality and higher candle power of gas

6. By the introduction of modern half depth regenerative benches, the yield of gas per pound of coal carbonized would be greater and our consulting gas engineer assures us that we can safely calculate on an increase of at least 10 per cent additional yield by carbonization, based on last year's yield of gas, four and one quarter feet per pound of coal. This will naturally decrease the cost of putting gas in holders over the present system and plays an important part in the revenue producing power of the plant.

7. Under the present old style system of manufacturing gas at our works it has required us to run during the winter, 5 benches of 5 retorts each (25 retorts) to enable us to make sufficient gas to meet the greatest demand.

8. By the installing of a modern coal gas plant with half depth regenerative benches our greatest winter output will only require 3 benches of 6 retorts each (18 retorts) based on past and present winter demands.

9. The results to be obtained from three (3) modern half depth benches capable of producing a greater yield per pound of coal than the results now obtained from five (5) of our old benches, means also fewer furnaces and fewer retorts to care for, which naturally calls for a reduction in labor at the works, and a corresponding reduction in the pay roll.

10. By a better and more thorough purification of the gas the impurities are removed, and the damage to the diaphram and brass work of meters lessened, thereby enabling us to get longer service out of our meters which naturally means a saving in our meter account.

11. Proper washing, scrubbing, condensing and purifying of gas also causes less complaint from consumers on account of the gas pipes filling up with napthaline.

An intelligent idea of the value of the gas works, 1864 to 1897, can be formed from notes on the gas fund published in the Auditor's report 1898, page 62, prepared by Mr. James Bayne, expert accountant, from which we now quote as many no doubt have never read it.

THE GAS FUND.

Note "A" The books of the gas office should be a succinct and clearly related history of the operations of the gas department from its beginning to the present time. Among the leading facts set forth should be an account of its yearly earnings and the disposition of the same. Yet of these two important matters they actually tell but little, if anything. The task of supplying that deficiency at this late day is one beset with many difficulties They arise from several causes, among which the following may be specially mentioned:

1. In the early history of the gas works the receipts from and the expenditures upon that account were always included in the general accounts of the city.

2. When the gas fund was finally separated from the other funds of the city, transfers were made from the credit of the former to the credit of the general fund, of which no special account was kept in the gas office.

3. No special account appears to have ever been kept of the cost of lighting the city.

4. The method of keeping the special accounts, which shows the cost of the works, has varied from time to time.

But it seems perfectly clear that the amount at present charged to construction account, and which no doubt fully represents the cost of the works to date, was paid out of the net earnings of the works. It seems equally clear that the $171,340,00 transferred from the gas fund to the general fund, as shown by the records of the Auditor's Office during the years 1864 to 1895, was also obtained from the same source.

It is also clear that the cost of lighting the city during all these years should be added to the two other items in order to complete an account which should accurately show the net earnings of the gas works to date, but it seems an a most hopeless task to accurately determine the amount of such cost.

With the intention and for the purpose, therefore, of supplying as far as practicable the before mentioned deficiency in the books of the office, this special account has been opened, and the two items about which there seems no doubt; namely, the amount earned and expended upon the works to May 31, 1897, and the amount transferred to the General Fund during the years 1864 to 1895, have been transferred to it as representing the net earnings of the gas works to May 31, 1897, leaving the other item; namely, the cost of lighting the city, still an open matter.

In order to determine the net earnings of the Alexandria Gas Works from 1854 up to and including the fiscal year ending May 31, 1901, your committee has caused research to be made of the Auditor's reports, gas office records and files of the Alexandria Gazette, during the past forty-eight (48) years, to enable them to arrive at the true valuation of the gas consumed by the city for lighting streets, public buildings, and charitable institutions during these years.

You will see by referring to Mr. Bayne's notes that he alludes to the necessity of determining the amount of gas used by the city during these years, in order to complete an account which should accurately show the net earnings of the gas works to date. This has at last been accomplished, as the following will show:

NET EARNINGS OF THE GAS WORKS DURING FISCAL YEARS 1854 TO 1901.

Net earnings, amount of gas used by the city for lighting streets, public buildings and charitable institutions during the fiscal years 1854 to 1901		$239,487.00
Net earnings, amount transferred to the general fund during fiscal years 1864 to 1897,	$171,340.00	
Net earnings, amount transferred to the general fund during fiscal years 1898 to 1901,	$31,000.00	
Total amount transferred to general fund,		$202,340.00
Net earnings amount charged to construction acc't representing the value of gas works on May 31, 1901, and paid out of net earnings of the works,		$158,294.05
Net earnings, based upon gas used by the city, amount transferred to general fund, and cost of gas works as per construction acc't representing the total net earnings of the gas works to May 31, 1901,		$600,121.05
Being a yearly average of		$12,502.52
Value of gas works, as shown by net earnings during the forty-eight (48) fiscal years ending May 31, 1901, being six per cent. upon an average yearly valuation of		$208,375.33

Your committee in presenting this report, has no motive other than that of imparting information to your honorable body and the citizens and taxpayers of Alexandria, showing the importance of retaining under city control, one of Alexandria's most valuable assets, its city gas works.

Respectfully submitted,

WM. DESMOND, Chairman,
JNO. T. JOHNSON,
W. H. SWEENEY,
J. H TRIMYER,
THOS. W. CLARK,
} Committee on Light.

Your joint committee beg leave to submit the within additional report upon the proposition of Messrs. Goldsborough, Villard & Warner to operate the city gas works.

WM. DESMOND,
Chairman Committee Light.
ALBERT BRYAN,
Chairman Committee Finance.

1ST. CITY GAS CONSUMPTION.

The proposition to give the city free gas for its own use, the amount not to exceed 3,200,000 feet per annum, should be no inducement for leasing or disposing of the gas plant. The city used more than this amount last year and have always gotten free gas for lighting streets, public buildings and charitable institutions, and has enjoyed this privilege since the installation of the gas plant, for nearly fifty years, without any restrictions as regards the amount of gas consumed.

When Mr. Goldsborough appeared before the joint meeting of the committees on finance and light several weeks ago, he stated that the parties he represented were willing to give the city gas free for lighting the streets, public buildings and charitable institutions.

The proposition as now submitted seems another thing—"give the city free gas for its own use" and restricts the city as to the amount it shall use. The consumption of gas by the city is gradually increasing, and we believe will continue to increase as the population of the city grows larger. For example, the consumption of gas by the city during the past fiscal year was 609,400 feet over the previous year—so if this increase should continue the city will have to pay their successors in the gas business $1.00 per thousand feet for the gas consumed over and above the amount allowed (3,200,000 feet), which naturally means the paying or returning to the new operators considerable of the revenue the city is to receive annually from them; namely the 10 cents on every 1,000 feet of gas sold *private* consumers.

These restrictions as to gas allowed the city simply mean that hereafter the gas donated and consumed by the twenty-two church and hall lamps, Alexandria Infirmary, Widow's Home and addition, Peabody building, Alexandria Light Infantry, and charitable entertainments must cease.

Last year we had in use twenty-three (23) all night street lamps; this year we have thirty-two (32), an increase of nine (9) with every prospect for further increase in public lighting.

These items are given that an idea can be formed of what the city may expect after being restricted to the annual allowance of gas specified in the proposition before the City Council.

CANDLE POWER.

The city now enjoys eighteen candle power gas and has been receiving it ever since the office of superintendent of gas has been filled by officials under an ordinance creating the office and which passed the City Council March 13, 1900.

The gas companies of Washington and Georgetown, D. C., are required to furnish 25 candle power gas to consumers, and a penalty of 100.00 is imposed for each day the candle power is found below these figures. Baltimore City is required to furnish 22 candle power gas, and an effort is now being made to compel them to furnish a still greater candle power.

2ND. CITY ELECTRIC ARC LIGHTING.

We only have eighty-five arc lights now in use as against ninety-three one year ago.

Under the proposition submitted to the City Council it will be seen that hereafter we would be restricted to eighty-five lamps free of charge, and for any additional arc lighting hereafter desired by the city, we would have to pay the new operators, although the price per arc light is not mentioned.

We are led to believe that great efforts are to be made to increase the private consumption of gas and electric lighting by the new operators, but no provisions are made for the city government ever increasing its consumption of gas or electric lighting.

3RD. CASH TO BE SPENT.

The $32,000, the operators say they will spend within one year and a half after the

(Continued on page 2)

DRY GOODS.

American Lady THE CORSET That Fits and Suits Our Southern Women.

NEW LINE

Just Received
Latest Styles

Short Waist,

Straight Front and Girdle at

$1.00 Each.

Medium Short Waist and Girdle at

50c Each.

Lot of Longer Waisted Corsets—$1.00 Goods to Close Out at 75c. 50c Goods to Close Out at 39c.

APPLIQUE BUREAU and WASH-STAND SCARFS and PILLOW SHAMS, Each,

25, 29, 39, 50c to $1.25.

Bed Spreads,

Extra Values at 59c. 85c. $1.00, $1 25 and $1.50 Each

ALLENDALE SPREADS, very light for spring and summer use, at $1.00.

Fringed Table Cloths.

Plain White and Fancy Dark Colors. at 68c, 75c. 85c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 to $2.00 and $2 50 each.

TABLE DAMASK 25c and 50c up.

Napkins.

Fringed, 50c to $1.00; plain, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2 00, $2 50, to $3.00 per dozen.

Full Line

WHITE WAIST GOODS, MADRAS, PERCALES, &c.

Umbrellas,

75c, 98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 $2.50, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Full Line

HOSIERY, NECKWEAR, NEGLIGEE, and DRESS SHIRTS,

A. C. Slaymaker,

429 KING STREET.

CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, &c.

SPRING.

We are ready with our spring line of samples to make you a light weight

Overcoat, Suit or Pair of Trousers

to order. A well assorted line of Cassimeres and Worsteds to select from, and fit guaranteed. Suits and Overcoats at $13.50, $16, $18. $20 and $25. Trousers from $4 up. All goods marked in plain figures.

ONE PRICE.

R. Lee Field,

One-Price Clothier & Gents' Furnisher,

No. 304 King Street.

Auction

Clearance Sale

—AT—

French's Bookstore,

Will Be Continued

SATURDAY NIGHT,

AT 7 O'CLOCK.

REMOVAL.

The office of THE MERCANTILE RAILWAY BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION has been removed to their new office property, corner Prince and Fairfax streets, being the next corner south (old Burns property).

ap2 2w LEWIS HOOFF, Secretary.

See Our Window Display.

THAT IS IF

You wish to form a correct idea of the new spring styles in

MATTINGS.

Our line of fine Japanese Carpet Designs are worth your attention. The line of Fibre Rugs, Art Squares, Grass Carpet and Rugs are the latest for summer use.

M. RUBEN & SONS.

NO. 1 FAT MACKEREL for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

DRY GOODS.

IT'S A DUTY

You Owe Yourself

To Come to Our Place and Get Posted You Will Find Our Prices Way Down.

It's to your interest to save money. We guarantee to do this.

Look at our list. See these bargains that await. Need we offer you more inducements to shop here.

These are money savers. They are sterling values of the most commendable kind.

I. SCHWARZ & SON

518 King Street,

75c Chiffons, all colors	49c
25c Silk Ginghams	18c
35c Mercerized Satines	25c
25 Waistings	19c
50c Wash Silks	39c
$1.50 36-inch Black Taffeta Silks	$1 19
50c 30-inch Silks, all colors	39c
65c Albatross, all colors	42c
50c Serges	39c
25c "	19c
25c Tricot Flannels	19c
25c White Figured Madras	19c
20c Silk Madras	12½c
50c Mohairs, all colors	39c
12½c Plaids	9c
5c Light Calicoes	3½c
6c Mourning Calicoes	4½c
6c Blue and Red Figured Calicoes	4½c
8c Figured Cretons	6½c
8c Silkalines	5½c
12c "	9c
12½c Percales, in remnants	6¾c
10c Dress Ginghams	5¾c
8c Outings	5½c
10c Outing	7½c
10c Vesta Silk Linings	6c
25c Neva Silks	16c
5c Cambrics, all colors	3½c
10c Selicias, "	7c
10c Canvass	7c
5c Hooks and Eyes	3c
5c Spool Silk	4c
10c 40-inch India Linen	7½c
12½c " " "	9½c
15c " " "	11½c
6c Bookfold " "	4½c
8c " " "	6½c
10c " " "	7½c
15c " " "	11½c
20c " " "	16½c
25c " " "	19c
75c Ladies' Shirt Waists, new styles	59c
$1 00 " " " "	78c
$1 25 " " " "	98c
$1.50 " " " "	$1.19
$2.00 " " " "	$1.49
$2 50 " " " "	$1.98
$1.00 " Wrappers	79c
$1.25 " "	98c
$1.50 " "	$1.19
$2.00 " "	$1.49
25c Infants' Lace Bonnets	19c
35c " " "	28c
50c " " "	39c
75c " " "	58c
$1.00 " " "	78c
$1.25 " " "	98c
$1 50 " " "	$1.19
$2.00 " " "	$1.49
5c Ladies' Rib Vests	3c
10c " " "	7c
12c " " "	9c

See our new line of Veilings.

Just received full assortment of Trunks, Suit Cases and Satchels.

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Old Solace Whisky	$4.00	Per Ga
Hannisville "	$3 00	"
Monticello "	$3.00	"
Baker "	$2.50	"
California Wines		
Catawba "	75c	"
Sherry "	$1.00	"
Port "	$1.00	"
Claret "	20c bottle	

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Whiskies from $1.25 per gallon up.

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