



SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1902.

WILLIAM H. TRUESDALE, president of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, has issued the following statement concerning the coal strike: "Let it be understood, once and for all, that there will be no compromise or settlement of the anthracite coal strike, through political or other influence. The anthracite coal properties will not be made a football in the game of politics. The mistake of 1900 in this regard will not be repeated. The presidents of the anthracite companies have the absolute and unqualified support of their respective boards of directors and stockholders in the position they have taken that these great properties shall be controlled and operated by their owners, and not by outsiders. This is the only real issue in this controversy, and it is vital. It will be fought to a finish on the lines already drawn, no matter how long it takes."

The reason President Truesdale gave out the statement was that a number of newspaper men had called upon him and questioned him relative to the return of J. Pierpont Morgan from Europe, and whether his arrival in this country would not bring about a settlement of the strike. Mr. Truesdale then dictated the above statement, which will probably put at rest further reports to the effect that the coal companies would compromise. "The mistake of 1900," to which Mr. Truesdale alludes, was when the republican politicians settled a strike with but one object in view—that to win an election.

THE CAREER of the Vesuvius as a dynamite cruiser is to be ended. A board of officers will be appointed to determine whether she shall be sold or whether it is worth while to take out her big pneumatic guns and convert her into an ordinary gunboat or dispatch vessel. The Vesuvius was built at a big expense and it was said that she would fear an enemy to pieces if she ever got at one, but she didn't live up to that reputation when she was sent to Santiago in 1898. There she would steal in at night until within a mile of Morro and fire her three guns toward the Spanish lines. Then she would cut and run, for, being full of dynamite, a Spanish shell would have marked the end of her. So she proved a greater danger to friends than to foes. According to what was learned afterward, the shells from the Vesuvius tore up things pretty badly wherever they struck, but they failed to strike the Morro or any other fortified place, and helped the Americans only to the extent of making the Spaniards frightened.

MR. LEWIS NIXON, who has just been elected president of the big-ship-building combine, in an interview in New York Thursday said: "I want to bring the shipbuilding of the world to American yards. Last year England built 1,800,000 tons to cross the ocean and we built 40,000 tons. I'm after the difference in business in favor of England and I think we will get it." If some of the ridiculous shipping laws were repealed and the excessive tariff removed from the various articles which enter into the construction of ships, then would the United States become a great-shipbuilding country. The yards are here as are also the mechanical facilities, while American shipbuilders are the equals of any, but the shipping laws and high tariff militate against that industry and these must be corrected before any decided improvement can be expected.

THE SUMMER of 1902 is drawing to a close, and numbers who have spent the heated term in more congenial places than cities will soon return to their accustomed haunts. As is always the case, a large majority have remained at home and borne the heat and burden of the day and at times the sultriness of the night. They are probably about as well off as if they had whiled away the season in other latitudes. While at times the sun has been scorching and perspiration profuse, the general health of the city has been good. There have been but few storms savoring of severity and they left comparatively little in their wakes to remind us of them. The days are now perceptibly shorter than a few weeks ago, the nights have become cooler and in a few days early fall will be upon us again.

THAT the late Senator McMillan held his seat in the United States Senate by virtue of his millions is generally admitted. Michigan has for some years been regarded as a purchasable State and Senator McMillan being now under the sod, ex-Secretary of War Alger, with his millions, will enter the race for the vacancy. Politicians say that so far as Michigan is concerned the longest pole knocks the persimmons.

This morning rear Admiral Taylor and Civil Engineer Rousseau, who are on a trip over the great lakes, in search of the most suitable site on which to establish a naval training station arrived at Buffalo on the light house tender Haze. It is said the station will go to Chicago, Erie or Buffalo.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Ex-Congressman R. T. Thorp, formerly of Mecklenburg but now of Norfolk, is in the city to confer with the commissioner of internal revenue relative to some fruit-brandy cases. Mr. Thorp will be a candidate for United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, to succeed Edgar Allan, whose term will expire in a few months. His friends are already getting their support ready, and will present it to President Roosevelt at the proper time. It is said that Mr. Thorp has no reason to fear that the influence of the Virginia republican "organization" will be thrown to Mr. Allan, who will be a candidate to succeed himself. The Navy Department has received a dispatch from Commander Nickels, of the Topeka in regard to the situation at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela. Commander Nickels says that the government shall hold the city and that everything is quiet there. A previous dispatch from him was misinterpreted to read that the city had been captured by the revolutionists. The Topeka is now at Caracas. Nickels reports that everything is quiet at Puerto Cabello and that he has made arrangements with the German commander to work in conjunction in the matter of protecting foreign property in the threatened city.

Secretary Root in addition to other troubles is called upon frequently, particularly since the increase of the army, to play the role of arbiter in the love affairs of his young officers. A recent case is that of Lieutenant Louis Van Shaick, of the 27th Infantry. According to papers now on file with Secretary Root it would seem that he was engaged to Miss Mabel Crouse at Altamont, New York. The day was set for May 15. Then clouds obscured the sky of matrimony and Van Shaick decided he wouldn't marry. Dr. Crouse, father of the former bride to be, brought the matter to the attention of the Secretary and sent to that official a complete file of the correspondence which had passed between the young people. Now it is up to Secretary Root to decide whether Van Shaick's conduct really was that of an officer and gentleman. Lieutenant Van Shaick is a brother of Rev. John Van Shaick of this city. He was wounded while on duty in the Philippines and is now taking rest at Cableskill, New York.

It is reported here that Dr. David J. Hill, assistant secretary of State, will be appointed ambassador to Germany, to succeed Andrew D. White, and that Bellamy Storer, minister to Spain, will succeed Dr. Hill in the State Department. Minister Bowen at Caracas, Venezuela, crossed the State Department today that he is reliably informed that there is no blockade of the ports of Campano, Cano, Colorado and Guiriva. At Ciudad Bolivar, however, the blockade is effective. Minister Bowen reports that the government troops have shown great courtesy to non-combatants in the Orinoco region and that the revolutionists have been equally magnanimous at Ciudad Bolivar where food supplies are plenty.

INTERVIEW.

The following interview with a Catholic gentleman, well-known and esteemed in this city, will probably be interesting to those who are interested in church matters.

"I do not think that very many American Catholics will agree with Archbishop Ireland in the views expressed by him with reference to religious matters in the Philippines. I do not wish to criticize his remarks because of my respect for the sacred office he holds, but I feel sure that they will greatly diminish his influence, not, of course, with the administration, but with Catholics generally.

"It may be well to explain to your readers what the 'irresponsible societies,' of which he speaks, are. They are not, properly speaking, Catholic societies, for these are organized for the purpose of promoting the spiritual welfare of their members and others, and in many cases as that of the great Society of St. Vincent of Paul) of doing so by relieving the distresses of their fellow men of any religion, or no religion. They have the official approval of the church. Then there are besides, especially in this country, many societies comprised of Catholics only which have a variety of objects; some the promotion of total abstinence from intoxicating drinks, others aid in sickness; still others life insurance, and others again, social union. These have not the special approbation of the Pope, but, by their own laws, their members must comply with the law of the Church as to communion at Easter, if not more frequently, and their chaplains see that in their forms and ceremonies, if they have any, nothing is taught, directly or indirectly, which is not in accordance with Catholic faith and morals. Societies of this latter class it is which form, through their representatives, the Federation of Catholic Societies. This is in no sense a political organization. Its purpose is to ascertain the exact truth of complaints made by individual Catholics as to invasion of their rights in religious matters, or public wrongs done to the church in contravention of its right to perfect equality with other denominations under the constitution of the United States and of the several States. After having obtained the evidence of wrong, their next step is to lay it, before the proper authorities to have it righted. Then, if justice is refused, the facts are to be published and an appeal made to all fair minded people to see that it is done. A very large majority of American Catholics are not satisfied with the manner in which their co-religionists in the Philippines are being treated by the present administration, and whilst they are, of course, perfectly satisfied to leave to the Pope, as his peculiar province as visible head of the church, the settlement of matters of religion there, as well as everywhere else, they do not want demands to be made upon him which they believe to be unjust and with which, of course, he cannot comply. This has been done (if we may believe uncontradicted statements) in the instructions given to Gov. Taft to demand the wholesale expulsion of thousands of friars upon the unproven charge that they are bad men and hostile to American rule. Archbishop Ireland says truly that the Catholic body will never prosper in America unless it be thoroughly imbued with the spirit of the country and a deep love for its welfare, but the administration is not the country, nor is its welfare promoted by imperialism."

The large iron furnace at Buena Vista has been sold to the Allegheny Iron and Ore Company. The price paid is said to have been \$275,000.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Columbian rebels have captured the Government gunboat Boyaca.

The turning over of the city of Tientsin to the Chinese authorities was completed yesterday with considerable ceremony.

The Chinese Government has issued an imperial decree directing the officials who are collecting the indemnity to stop filling their own pockets.

Coal-carrying roads are hurrying cars to the Pennsylvania anthracite region, from which fact it is assumed decisive action is about to be taken.

Owing to the high price of coal, some people are looking around for a substitute as fall approaches. It is claimed that peach stones have been used for fuel with satisfactory results.

At Portsmouth, England, yesterday, King Edward marked the spot occupied by the coffin containing Queen Victoria's body on the deck of the royal yacht Victoria and Albert. King Edward, replying to an address from the Mayor of Portsmouth, advised Britons to "work with renewed earnestness for the maintenance of our noble heritage."

A large number of important pastorates and other clerical positions in New York and Brooklyn are vacant this summer, more than at any other time in recent years, and as most of them will be filled between now and the 1st of January, the city will see fifteen or more clergymen come to take positions paying from \$2,000 to \$10,000 a year.

For 30 minutes yesterday afternoon Louisville, Ky., was plunged into inky darkness by ominous clouds, which occasioned great alarm. These conditions preceded one of the worst storms of the year, and it broke over the city about 2 o'clock. The wind blew at the rate of 58 miles an hour, nearly an inch of rain fell in 15 minutes and the temperature dropped 20° in as many minutes. Many telephones were burned out by lightning and shade trees were blown down in all parts of the city.

An attempt upon the life of Robert E. Pattison, former Governor of Pennsylvania and present candidate for the same office upon the democratic ticket, has been made by persons whose identity is yet concealed. A package containing several pounds of gunpowder in a concentrated and highly powerful form was sent to Mr. Pattison, but by a chance the powder was not ignited. Mr. Pattison was greatly surprised when the nature of the contents of the package were communicated to him. He is of the opinion that the powder was sent to him by an insane person.

While passing over a dark road Thursday night between Glendale and League, W. Va., with a large sum of money in his pocket, Rev. C. E. Chalfant, of the United Brethren Church, was waylaid and held up by highwaymen, who ordered him to throw up his hands. His answer was a leaden one from his revolver, and another quickly followed it and the man ran, disappearing in the darkness. Another man then grabbed Mr. Chalfant and he fired at him. The man dropped, and Mr. Chalfant thinks he killed him, and so reported to his neighbors, but a search failed to reveal any person dead or alive.

CUBA RETALIATES.

The failure of Congress to enact a reciprocity treaty with Cuba has been followed by commercial retaliations on the part of the new republic. A serious blow has been delivered at American products in the proposed revision of the Cuban tariff authorized by the Cuban senate, and this is causing much comment among officials in Washington. It is declared that an examination of the revised tariff shows that it is directed at American imports, and it is in many cases absolutely prohibitive. On corn, at which the United States sold Cuba \$817,000 worth last year, the duty is increased 333 per cent. On many articles the increase is 100 per cent. This is true of wheat flour, of which our sales amounted last year to \$2,000,000. Should President Palma approve the changes authorized by the senate, it will seriously interfere with American trading with Cuba, as the prohibitive duties are applied to those articles coming principally from the United States. It is pointed out by the officials who have been interested in the fight for Cuban reciprocity that only a short time ago Cuba was ready to reduce the duty on the same articles that are now subjected to an increase running from 25 per cent. to over 100 per cent. It is declared that the failure of Congress to adopt a reciprocity agreement is the cause of the action of Cuba in now retaliating. The purpose of the increased tariff is admittedly to provide an increased revenue, which Cuba failed to procure upon the sugar crop upon a reciprocity agreement. It is now proposed to raise this revenue at the expense of American products, and the talk of an extra session of Congress is said to be due to a consideration by the President of the serious and threatening situation involved by the proposed revision.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

As a result of accidental shooting in the 8th regiment camp at Shenandoah, Pa., this morning, Private Frank Wolf, of Company B, Tamaqua, was injured, possibly fatally. He occupied a tent with Company Clerk Guy Aleck, who, in cleaning a revolver, accidentally discharged the weapon. All was quiet again today. Late last night, after the disturbance, the streets were cleared of all persons except the sentries.

The New York republican State committee met at the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning and fixed September 23 and Saratoga as the time and place for the meeting of the republican State convention at which to nominate a governor and other State officers.

A dispatch from Duluth, Minn., says that Capt. Oberlin M. Carter, appealing to the American people to suspend judgment, declares his innocence of the crime of which he was convicted and likens himself to Captain Dreyfus of France. Adjutant General Corbin and General P. B. M. Young, sailed from New York today for Europe. They will represent the United States at the German military review. Reports from various collieries and washeries in the Wilkesbarre region indicated everything quiet this morning. The miners' strike in the Clarksburg, W. Va., field is practically ended.

THE SHIP FOG-BOUND. Calais, Aug. 15.—A dense fog overhung the channel all night, and a heavy sea was running. The Shah of Persia, who intended to cross to England this evening, is considering the advisability of postponing his departure till next week, thus giving the fog time to disappear and the sea to go down. Should he so postpone his sailing the arrangements for his reception in England will be entirely upset.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mrs. Nancy J. Seal, died in Winchester yesterday.

Mrs. J. E. Janney, wife of Dr. Janney, died in Winchester on Thursday.

Several persons are taking the anti-rabic treatment at the Pasteur Institute, in Richmond.

Thomas M. Wood, a prominent citizen of Loudoun, died in Leesburg yesterday after a long illness, aged 73 years.

James A. Wheeler, son of the late Charles W. Wheeler, died at his home in Fredericksburg on Thursday night of erysipelas, aged 30 years.

The State Court of Appeals will meet in Staunton on September 3. The term will probably be a lengthy one in which several cases of importance will be decided.

Rev. Elliott B. Meredith, of Urbana, has accepted a call to a large Episcopal church in Eloko, Nev., and will leave for that place September 1. Mr. Meredith is a son of Rev. J. M. Meredith, of Widewater.

At the last meeting of the Upperville Horary and Colt Show Club, Col. R. H. Dulany was re-elected president and P. S. Goehman secretary and treasurer. The same executive committee was selected. Mr. Jas. A. Gibson resigned, the position of chief marshal.

Mr. Thomas M. Wood, a prominent and widely known citizen of Loudoun county, died in Leesburg at the residence of his niece, Miss Fannie Edwards, early yesterday morning. He was the son of the late John W. Wood and Ann S. Wood, of Leesburg, and had reached his seventy-third year. Mr. Wood, though a great sufferer for many years from a fall in infancy, was a successful teacher.

THE SUFFRAGE CLAUSE.—The negroes of Virginia are said to be making preparations to fight the suffrage clause of the new constitution. They have raised \$5,000 for the purpose of paying counsel to make up a case and carry it to the United States Supreme Court, and they expect on Monday to have all the money needed for these expenses. On that day the Virginia Educational Association will meet in Richmond and be addressed by leading men of that race. There are 600 delegates to this body, representing every section of the State. Letters have been received from Mr. John S. Wise and ex-Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, who have been, with others, retained as counsel. These letters are to be read before the association when the appeals are made for contributions for money to fight the constitution. It is understood that Mr. Wise's letter is particularly strong in urging reasons why the suffrage provision of Virginia's new organic law should be defeated. Booker T. Washington will be in Richmond on the 23d and address a meeting of educators. Governor Montague will make an address on the same occasion. Both will speak plainly on the negro question, it is expected.

DAMAGE FROM STORMS.—There have been a series of severe electrical, wind, hail, and rain storms in the section of Charlotte, N. C., for three nights past. At Statesville a hotel was struck by lightning and destroyed. At Concord, S. Andrew's Lutheran Church was not only blown down, but its timbers scattered. The horses drawing an omnibus filled with passengers, ran into a broken wire on the way from a hotel to the depot, and one of the horses was killed. The O'Del Cotton Mills were damaged to the extent of \$6,000. The Lippard Mill was unroofed, and the Cannon Manufacturing Company was damaged to the extent of \$2,500. In Concord, chimneys and trees were blown down, and buildings unroofed. The property damage in the town is estimated at \$25,000. One life was lost, that of Fetzy Morris, colored, who was drowned in a swollen stream.

ELOPES MARRIED.—The culmination of a romantic courtship, pursued under adverse and strenuous conditions, was made public in Winchester yesterday when it was announced that Mr. Elmer Logan and Miss Lona Farmer, of Berryville, had been married at Charlestown, W. Va. The bride's father objected to the match so strongly that when his daughter left home early in July he had a warrant sworn out for her arrest as an incorrigible minor, and procured a warrant for the young lover for abducting the girl. She was arrested in Winchester and taken back home. Officers from two counties kept up a search for Logan, who kept hid in the woods. Frequently he was shot at and often chased, but he always eluded his pursuers. After a pursuit of a month the authorities gave Logan up as too elusive. Then he communicated with Miss Farmer, and eloped to Charlestown, where they were married by Rev. J. H. Wolf.

KILLING OF MR. AND MRS. FAIR.—Jean Raimond, who while traveling in his automobile saw the accident to Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair, who were killed in a similar machine near Eveux, France, Thursday said yesterday: "The Fair automobile was going at breakneck speed, making over 60 miles an hour, when the front tire exploded with a loud report. Mr. Fair, attempted to stop straight, but it was impossible to stop and the machine struck a tree, rising like a horse on its hind legs. The heads of both Mr. Fair and his wife struck the tree with such force that splinters entered the flesh of their foreheads. Both died in a few moments." M. Raimond saw the dead bodies, whose faces were badly damaged, but still recognizable.

[COMMUNICATED.]

HE. [Suggested by lines to "She."] He is not a gay fellow, He has no exp'd'g whigs, He's a jolly kind of fellow, He says such pleasant things. I love to have him call, He's not at all afraid, That pictures on the wall, Tell what he did and said. He sits right close beside me, He'll kiss me if he can, I tell him mother I'll chide me, Then, he wants to hold my hand. He has mischief in his eyes, He's as nice as the can be, When he takes me by surprise, I'm glad that I am she. Who he is, you must surmise, For we both agree, I must speak of him as He! He'll mention me as She. GRASBY. The Market. Georgetown, Aug. 16.—Wheat 62.65.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NAVAL REVIEW.

London, Aug. 16.—Today's review was not as impressive nor as indicative of Britain's great naval strength as would have been the postponed one of seven weeks ago. There were fifteen less ships in line and the absentees included all England's examples of present-day naval architecture. The most modern of the battleships was launched five years ago and an American boat of the Kentucky type would have a match for any two of them. Of all of the 100 vessels only one, the armored cruiser Satej, was really representative of England's new navy. With her nine inch guns and eleven inch armor and complement of seven hundred men she is almost a battleship. The ships were a mass of waving flags and banners, and the quick murmur of bands and the joyful boom of salutes all reflected the great gala occasion of the new reign. The ships taking part in the review were anchored in line after line parallel to the Portsmouth shore. The rows of ships stood up one behind the other like seats in an amphitheatre. Twenty-four small, low-lying torpedo boat destroyers were extended out next to the shore with seven torpedo boats and a number of training ships at the end of line. Then behind them rose twelve gunboats somewhat higher out of the water; then came a line of twenty-four majestic cruisers and towering above them twenty one battleships. Beyond these monsters lay representatives of England's merchant marine and the warships of foreign nations. Patrol boats kept a clear space all about this great fleet. At some distance toward Southampton were vessels almost without number, bearing spectators. They were of all sizes and kinds from big Atlantic greyhounds, hired by speculators especially for the occasion, to small launches and dinghies, and they represented nearly every port in the British Isles. Along the Isle of Wight "standing room" space was reserved for yachts and small vessels and to the east, off No Man's Fort, for craft bearing spectators from that direction. There were more than two hundred large excursion boats and at least five hundred smaller vessels. A few of the big ships had as many as two thousand sightseers aboard and from that number they dwindled down to mere row boats with half a dozen. Estimates agree that there are at least one hundred thousand spectators watching the review from the water. When the review began, the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, with the invalid king on her deck, cast off her moorings and proceeded down one line and up another. As the king approached the iron lined sea slides a small signal went up from the semaphore on the bridge of the Royal Sovereign. It was taken up and passed along by the subordinate flagships and cries went out from vessel to vessel to "man ship." The yards, the rails, the bridges and the fighting tops, which a moment before had been naked, were now covered as if by magic with the sailors of the squadron. There were thirty thousand of them and they stood immovably while the Victoria and Albert came along. No sooner did the king's yacht, however, face each ship than there was a quick sharp order and every man as if moved by machinery, came to salute. When the king had passed on they resumed their position of attention and remained so until the Victoria and Albert returned to her moorings. When the royal yacht was anchored a small boat was unshipped from the Royal Sovereign and Admiral Hotham entered this with his immediate staff and proceeded to pay his respects to the King. The other commanders and foreign admirals made similar official calls and the afternoon was spent in this way. This evening from 9:30 o'clock until sharp midnight all the ships will be illuminated and the night promises to be a wonderful one. The king and queen will stay on their yacht until Monday morning when all the ships in the fleet will file past in stately procession. The review went off without a hitch, not the slightest accident to mar it being reported.

OVATION TO BOER GENERALS.

Southampton, Aug. 16.—The steamer Saxon, from the Cape, with the Boer generals Botha, De Wet, and Delany aboard, arrived in Southampton harbor at 9:45 o'clock this morning. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Lord Roberts and Kitchener as well as other distinguished English men were waiting for the Boer generals to express a desire to be presented to them. Many Boers had arrived in Southampton from Holland before the Saxon was sighted, one of whom was said to be the bearer of a letter from former President Kruger, urging the three Boer leaders to snub Chamberlain, "Bobs," and Kitchener by refusing to see the latter, and to offer an affront to King Edward by declining to attend to-day's review. If such a message was sent, it was ignored. The Boers were received with a great ovation. The crowds cheered them to the echo. The Colonial Secretary and the British general received their defeated foes with every evidence of cordiality. They clasped their hands and shook them long and heartily. An invitation was extended to the Boer leaders by the King, that they visit the royal yacht, be presented to his majesty, and view the review from aboard the yacht as the King's guests. The Boers seemed at first inclined to agree, but after an animated talk, declined the King's invitation, stating that they were too tired to witness the naval review, besides which they are very busy with a number matters awaiting their attention. After giving out this statement, the Boers held another conversation and then issued another statement saying they had now decided to go to Cowes tomorrow and have an audience with the king. They intend visiting America before returning to the Transvaal.

EXPECT SHOWERS OF GOLD AND SILVER.

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Showers of gold and silver will fall upon the labor day parade if the expectations of officers and members of the local unions of carpenters are realized. They intend that the citizens of Chicago shall be given an opportunity to show their sympathy for the striking miners by bombarding the paraders with a volley of coin and have made preparations accordingly. Hence the carpenters' division of the parade promises to be the one that will attract the most attention. It is to be ten wagons into which spectators are expected to cast their spare change. These wagons are to be in charge of a committee of prominent business men of the city and will be selected by carpenters' unions. This committee will collect the money and forward it to the officials of the United Mine Workers' Union.

SWEEP BY A TIDAL WAVE.

Culliacan, Mex., Aug. 16.—The lower portion of the City of Atlatlan on the Pacific coast just west of Culliacan has been completely destroyed by a tidal wave and not less than thirty people are known to have been drowned. The loss of life may be several times that number. The property loss is heavy. It is reported that several smaller coast towns situated above Atlatlan were completely washed away by the same tidal wave and that the loss of life in these smaller places is very heavy.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Major Putnam Bradlee Strong and May Yohé arrived at the Hotel Maurice, Paris, this morning. They refused to see any reporters. The Russian town of Czernakow was the scene of a disastrous fire today. One hundred and fifty houses were burned and several children perished in the flames. Count and Countess Boni de Castellane will go to America on August 30. Count Boni will return to Paris in the autumn, but the countess will remain in America until next January. The remain of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair, who were killed near Paris, on Thursday by the colliding of their automobile with a tree, are expected in Paris this afternoon, and will be shipped to America probably tomorrow. When the present agitation over the carrying out of the congregation decrees in France is more calm, the Vatican statesman will publish a statement showing what the Pope has done to soften the situation, and to come to a satisfactory arrangement with the French government.

How's This?

Whoever One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. West & Traut, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WARDING, KRISMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle, sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

DRY GOODS.

LANSBURGH & BRO.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

Until further notice, our store will close at 5 p. m.—Saturdays excepted.

Special in Neglige Shirts.

Manufacturers are anxious at this season of the year to dispose of their stocks. We bought these at our own price. The greatest bargain of the summer.

Woven Madras Shirts—all sizes—separate cuffs—dollar values, 47c for 50 dozen. Thin White Gauze Shirts—40 sizes, long or short sleeves for 21c. Washable Madras Four-in-colors, reversible, best quality, white and colors, 25c for 2 dozen. Men's Popperell Jean Drawers, well made, all lengths, 39c Only.

Sale of Hosiery.

Ladies' Fine Black Cotton Hose, with high-graded heel and toe, Herford dye. Regular 25c. value. Special for one day, 15c. Children's Fine Ribbed Black Cotton Hose, with double knee, heel, and toe; warranted first black. Spec. 12 1/2c.

Lansburgh & Bro.,

420 to 426 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PLOT TO KILL CZAR AND KAISER.

Berlin, Aug. 16.—The police are greatly excited over some unsigned letters which have been found on a criminal in court at Frankfurt. The letters contain information concerning a plot to assassinate the Kaiser during his stay at Homburg.

Vienna, Aug. 16.—The Neue Wiener Journal today reports that five anarchists attempted to board the German imperial yacht Hohenzollern off Reval, Russia, recently, while the Kaiser and the Czar were dining aboard the yacht. According to the paper a vessel which appeared to be a launch from a Russian warship came alongside the Hohenzollern. In it were five men, one of them dressed as a Russian naval officer, and the others as seamen. The one disguised as an officer boarded the Hohenzollern and stated that he belonged to the Imperial yacht Standart. He brought, he said, important dispatches requiring the Czar's immediate attention and asked to be taken to the Czar without delay. The captain of the Standart, who was aboard the Hohenzollern, appeared by chance at this moment, and was informed that one of his officers wished to see the Czar. The captain saw that the man was a stranger, and demanded an explanation of his disguise. The anarchist attempted to regain the launch, but was seized. He confessed his intention, so the story goes, to kill both rulers with one blow. The other anarchists steamed away and disappeared.

GOODS DELIVERED IN ALEXANDRIA.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Hosiery Department.

We offer one lot—about 25 dozen—manufacturer's samples of Women's Lisle Thread and Cotton Hose, in a variety of fancy stripes and polka dot effects, at the special price of 25c pair. Usually 35c and 50c pair.

Books for Gifts.

Our Book Store is an attractive place for the book lover and the book reading public in general. Here are gathered the very best of the immense output of the leading publishers—more than 50,000 volumes are represented. Broad aisles, convenient display tables and the works subdivided are classified on easily accessible shelves and other up-to-date appliances make the selection of your gift books or works a pleasure rather than a tiresome task.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

Yes, August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of indigestible food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and heavy in head and other organs. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. You can get Dr. G. Green's reliable remedies at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Get Green's Special Almanac.

A Necessary Precaution.

Don't neglect a cold. It is worse than unpleasant. It is dangerous. By using One Minute Cough Cure you can cure it at once. Allays inflammation, clears the head, soothes and strengthens the nervous system. Cures coughs, croup, throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Children like it. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

DIED.

At his late residence, No. 207 Duke street, at 8:25 A. M., Saturday, August 16, 1902, JOHN P. CLARKE, aged 76 years. The funeral services will be held at the Masonic Temple Monday, 18th inst., at 4 o'clock.

IN MEMORIAM.

In sad but loving remembrance of my dear husband, WILLIAM HENRY NALLS, who entered into rest August 17, 1901—one year ago tomorrow.

Precious darling, he has left us. Left us, yes, for evermore. But we hope to meet our loved one On that bright and happy shore. Lonely the house and sad the hours Since our dear one has gone; But oh! A bright and long tomorrow, In heaven is now his own.

BY HIS LOVING WIFE.

He has gone from his dear ones—his children and his wife.

Whom he willingly toiled for and loved as his life;

Oh, God! How mysterious and how strange are thy ways.

To take from us this loved one in the best of his days.

BY HIS DEVOTED CHILDREN.

WANTED.

WANTED—A well-dressed WHITE WOMAN to do general house work. A good home to the right party. Address, J. H. C. Gazette Office. au14.31

Here's Another One

of our special offerings for this month. It's a good investment, too! 10% Off On Fine Diamond, Watches and Jewelry. The finest watches are included in this sale.

Acton's Precision Watches

R. C. Acton & Son. TEAS, TEAS.—Having purchased largely, I am still selling Good Tea at former prices, 50c and 60c. J. C. MILBURN.

GOOD COFFEES for sale at 12c, 15c, 20c and 25c roasted at my store. J. C. MILBURN.

Call and see the new style SUNBURST. Price \$1.00, \$1.50, and \$1.75, etc. H. WILDT'S.

DRY GOODS.

Woodward & Lothrop,

10th, 11th & F Sts. N. W.

During the heated term the store will close at 5 o'clock P. M. each day except Saturday—that day at 1 o'clock.

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