



FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 31, 1902

ON TUESDAY next every man in this city, State and nation, who has registered and desires to participate in choosing the men to whom will be delegated the power to control the trusts and check the arrogance of the republican party, which party if not halted in its imperialistic tendencies will make the nation a monarchy in fact if not in name. That the republicans are somewhat alarmed is obvious. If no let up is allowed in the next three days the scare will end in a rout. What are the toilers going to do? How will they vote? This much concerns them. The plain people, the workmen of the country, have the power to make the policy of the government what they please. It is to the individual interest of every workman in the country to have the price of the necessities of life—his clothing, fuel, house rent, medicines, and most every article of food, such as meat, rice, sugar, flour, coffee, canned goods and his tobacco, reduced as much as possible. They can force such reduction, if they choose, by electing congressmen who will reform the tariff, for it is the tariff that protects the trusts and monopolies and makes the workingman pay a double price for everything he consumes. The democratic party has been, is now, and will continue to be, the only party that can be relied upon to carry to a successful ending the great battle for tariff reform.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND made his one speech of the campaign last night at Morrisstown, N. J., in the interest of the democratic candidate for Congress in the Fifth district of that State. It was devoted almost entirely to the tariff question, with incidental reference to the trusts. He declared with emphasis that tariff reform was the great issue of the election and urged democrats everywhere to unite to accomplish it. Mr. Cleveland attributed most of the evils of trust oppression and extortion to the favor shown by the republican tariff, and declared that with this barrier swept away great corporations could not longer defy public opinion and rob the people with impunity. He complimented the democrats of the district upon the candidacy of Mr. Flanagan, and said that with such men in Congress the interests of the country would be faithfully and wisely served. It is Mr. Cleveland's theory that had Congress taken the advice given by him in one of his reform messages prosperity would have come to the country and this is now the belief of a majority of the people of this country. Tariff revision is bound to come.

THE SPEECH of ex-President Cleveland at Morrisstown, N. J., last night has by this time been read by millions throughout the broad domain of the United States. His arguments on the injustice of the trusts and the baneful influence of the present tariff laws are unanswerable and appeal to the good judgment of every citizen of the country. He portrayed facts as they exist and with prophetic eye showed the inevitable result of a continuance of present conditions. The ex-President, like many others who have risen high on the political ladder, has had his critics in years gone by. He has them now among some still smarting at his apathy during two previous campaigns, but that his utterances last night concerned rock-ribbed democratic principles none can gainsay nor resist.

PROF. GUSTAV MEYER, who urged the Navy department to forbid the departure from ports of naval vessels on October 30 and 31, has lost his standing as a weather prophet. He said that an eclipse of the sun would occur at 1 o'clock, a. m., today and that in consequence some of the greatest of ocean calamities in history would occur. He asserted that tidal waves, floods and great earthquakes would predominate throughout the South and that London would be particularly affected. The weather today has been fair and serene throughout most of the United States and London seems to have suffered from no meteorological disturbance.

THE BALTIMORE Supervisors of Elections yesterday completed the tabulation of the party affiliation statistics of the registration for this fall, and made an official announcement of the result. The official returns, as compiled by the supervisors, completely vindicate the claims of the democratic leaders made immediately after the close of the registration and show that in the entire city the democrats have a majority on the declared vote of 4,685. It used to be said, "as goes Baltimore so goes Maryland," and from present appearances this saying will be verified at Tuesday's election.

THE BRUSSELS correspondent of the London Telegraph says that Mr. Kruger, formerly president of the Transvaal, has decided to give up his irreconcilable attitude toward the British. He will take the oath of allegiance and will ask for permission to return to South Africa.

party and then called the democrats a motley crowd of vote hunters. In denouncing the republican tariff he asked, "Is it worth while to destroy trusts to make manufactures unprofitable?" This is about as weak a proposition as could possibly have been suggested. Aresubsidized manufacturers and protected trusts to be made richer any longer at the expense of the people of this country?

MR. CARL SCHURZ, in an interview in New York, yesterday, took the same ground as ex-President Cleveland, and urged democrats to secure a majority in the House of Representatives, which he believes can be done. He gave many logical reasons why the democrats should put forth their best efforts to elect a majority in the coming House of Representatives and said protection has matured a crop of social contrasts of corruption and political demoralization. In reference to the opinion of Senator Morgan, of Alabama, who believes it would be better if the democrats did not control the lower house of Congress, because under the present circumstances they could only act as the part of obstructionists, Mr. Schurz sensibly said:

"This opinion seems to me utterly untenable. It is tantamount to saying that whenever one party controls one branch of the legislature and the executive power, the opposition is bound to yield the rest, too, to the unlimited control of the dominant party. This is simply nonsense. It should be the endeavor of every opposition to win whatever strategic advantage it can. In every constitutional government a strong opposition, able to command respect, is a need."

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] President Roosevelt at his first breakfast in the remodeled White House this morning. As none of the other members of the family was in town and no guests were present the chief executive ate alone. After his breakfast the President held a little reception for the 190 workmen engaged upon the mansion. The new executive offices will not be ready for occupancy until next week.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Ailes didn't mean to be conspicuous at a colored wedding last night, but he couldn't avoid it. The high contracting parties were Andrew Payne, a messenger in Mr. Ailes' employ, and Marian T. Green, the daughter of one of his old retainers. He attended as a special mark of honor, but he sought to attract quietly. The deep-chested announcer had other views on the subject, however, for when the Secretary's carriage stopped before the church he bellowed forth in stentorian tones: "Secretary Ailes' carriage!" There was some quiet amusement among passing acquaintances, but Mr. Ailes was unembarrassed. The bride is a sister of the little Green boy who was shot some years ago by Gen. Flagler's daughter. Miss Flagler sent the sister of her little victim a check for \$100 as a wedding present.

The aspirations of a young man from New York to serve his country in the railway mail service at \$800 per annum have been rudely shattered. The downfall of the youth was caused primarily by neglectful Nature denying him the standard of weight required by the postal service for its railway clerks. After the mental examination at which he did well, his physical proportions were taken. Stepping confidently upon the scales he tipped the beam at two pounds in excess of the requirements. His features beamed with joy, but the look was suddenly frozen by the "dull, sickening thud" of a weight which, slipping from beneath his coat, fell to the floor. With a grim smile the examiner laid the iron bar upon the scales. It weighed four pounds. The enterprising youth was summarily rejected.

President Roosevelt, Secretary of War Root, Dr. Rixey, Surgeon General of the Navy, and Secretary Cortelyou will go to Manassas, Va., this evening for a two days' outing. The battlefields of the neighborhood will be visited and if the game seems plentiful the President may do a little hunting. A special train over the Southern Railway will convey the party to Manassas, leaving Washington at 9 o'clock this evening. The President will return here Monday morning, but will remain only long enough to change cars for his journey to Oyster Bay.

Secretary Cortelyou made the following announcement this morning:—"The President is watching with the keenest interest and the most earnest desire for republican success the various congressional canvasses and the State canvasses in States like New York and Pennsylvania where governors are to be elected."

The new issue of thirteen-cent postage stamps is out. The issue bears the portrait of the late President Harrison. A new mail train, saving 7 hours between New York and New Orleans will be put in operation on the Southern railroad on the 22nd of November to carry all mail from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington to New Orleans. The line between New York and New Orleans by the new train will be 33 hours, the best hitherto having been 40 hours.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

It is said that in view of Colombia's attitude the United States contemplates opening negotiations with Nicaragua and Costa Rica for canal concessions.

On the charge of embezzlement Cornelius T. Griffiths, cashier of the Equitable Insurance Company, of New York, was arrested last night. The deficiency is said to be \$3,500.

Mgr. Falconi, apostolic delegate to Canada, yesterday received official information by cable from Rome of his selection as the successor to Cardinal Martinelli, late apostolic delegate to the United States at Washington.

Private messages received in Washington from New York from conservative men express the opinion that Coler will be elected governor. Democratic victory "is in the air" according to Washingtonians who have visited that city this week.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Howard H. Shacklette was yesterday appointed fourth-class postmaster at Stafford Store.

A young son of Mr. George T. Hicks, of Fredericksburg, was bitten slightly by a dog about ten days ago. Wednesday symptoms of hydrophobia were noticed, and yesterday the disease developed fully. The boy is in a critical condition.

Senator Martin addressed a large and enthusiastic gathering of democrats at Winchester last night. He made a clear and forcible exposition of the principles sustained by the democratic party, and dwelt at some length upon the trusts and tariff.

After a trial lasting three days, the Ninde-Rogers \$10,000 libel suit, transferred from King George, came to an end in the Corporation Court in Fredericksburg yesterday. The jury was out only a short time and returned a verdict that Rogers was not guilty of libel. There were four other cases against Rogers to follow, but as this case failed, the others will probably be abandoned.

Gov. Montague and Mr. Eugene Withers spoke at Danville last night to a large audience. Mr. Withers introduced the Governor and the latter acknowledged the courteous terms of the introduction, and stated at once that he was there in the interest of Hon. Claude A. Swanson as a candidate for Congress. The announcement was received with hearty applause. He said he did not entertain a single doubt of Mr. Swanson's election, but that it was not well for the democrats to be overconfident. There was danger in overconfidence. The governor then proceeded to a discussion of the issues involved in the contest, and assailed the trusts and the policy of the republican party. When some one in the audience said: "We are all Swanson men," the governor replied: "I am glad of it, and I am here to try to increase the number of Swanson men at the polls next Tuesday."

MR. CLEVELAND SPEAKS.

Former President Grover Cleveland spoke at Morrisstown, N. J., last night. His visit to Morrisstown was in the interest of Dr. W. C. Flanagan, who is running against Representative Charles W. Fowler in the Fifth Congressional district. In his speech Mr. Cleveland turned to the tariff and quoted long extracts from a message of his, advocating a reduction of tariff taxation. After dealing with the tariff at some length he fell to a consideration of the trusts. He said:

"Is it not true then that the encroachment of the doctrines of high protection have been constantly progressive? Is it not true that the heedlessness of its exponent beneficiaries and their disregard for the welfare of the great mass of consumers is more and more impudently exhibited, and is it not true that all other reasons for a reform in our tariff laws there is added the birth and growth of their cruel and unmerciful progeny of trusts and combinations which stand guard against all attempts to seek relief in the field of competition?"

"The last exploit of the so-called friends of the tariff in its revision should amply satisfy any citizen that the spirit of a high protective tariff grows by aid and that its progressive greed and ruthlessness is becoming more and more a menace to the welfare and happiness of our people."

"How long has it been thought safe to cheat consumers of coal by putting it on the free list, but honestly providing for its customs taxation in another cunningly constructed provision of the law? How recently have 'friends of the tariff' had the boldness to perpetrate such a trick and taking the chances of facing the people when, in the painful stress of a threatened coal famine, it should be exposed."

"A high protective tariff defends the trusts against foreign competition, and, by confederacy in production and price, they defend themselves against competition at home. Under the broad wings of high protection and fattened by unearned accumulation they complacently close their ears to the troublesome cry for easier living from the everyday consumer."

"I need hardly refer to the prevalence just at this time among the supporters of high protection of declarations and professions in favor of readjustment. They see the handwriting on the wall as they have never seen it before. Does it mean that they are sincerely willing to do something for the people as against old comrades who have heretofore paid well for the neglect of the people?"

"How can we believe this when we see still paraded up and down before our sight the hoary-headed, bloated and malicious old fraud and pretense that the tariff should be 'revised by its friends'?"

"What have these 'friends of the tariff' done that they should again be trusted? They have quieted the people's fears and professed solicitude for their welfare and promised to lead them to pleasant places, and now that shoals and rocks have been struck they seek, by another promise, to amend the whole affair and retain the confidence and trust of those they have deceived."

He closed as follows: "If you believe in giving the consumers of the land a better chance, if you believe in removing the fetters of trusts and combinations from the limbs of Americans, giving freedom to individual endeavor, and if you desire to enforce in public life more unselfishness, more fairness, more equality and a more sensitive regard for the people's well being, you can be well and ably represented in all these things by the election to Congress of the young, vigorous, and intelligent nominee of the democracy of the district."

MANAGER ATTACKED.—Addison W. Maupin, manager of the Richmond Telephone Company, was the victim of a discharged lineman's wrath yesterday afternoon. The man came into the office and demanded an explanation of his discharge. He finally attacked the manager, got him down on the floor and pummeled him severely. Mr. Maupin is a small man of delicate build. The telephone girls working at the switchboard in the large room adjoining were frightened from their posts by the turning over of chairs and desks, and they gathered at the door of the room where the men were rolling over and over, and consternation reigned until help came to Mr. Maupin, and the angry lineman was removed.

Ex-Judge Logan, for a number of years past general solicitor for the Pennsylvania Railroad died on Wednesday at his home at Bala, Pa.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Miners.—Tamaque, Pa., Oct. 31.—There is an ugly feeling in the Panther Creek Valley over the alleged discrimination of the officials of the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company, against labor leaders. The men declare openly that unless the company takes back all its former employees, they will lay down their tools on Tuesday. There are six thousand men employed in this valley and the military authorities believe that that body of men on strike trouble would surely occur, and for that reason, it would not be prudent to relieve any more soldiers in this section, at present. Orders were issued yesterday, recalling the remainder of the Sixth regiment, on duty here, but they were rescinded later because of the unsettled state of the valley. With 5,000 men out in the Luzerne and 6,000 in this region threatening to go out, General Schall said this morning that as long as this state of affairs exists, the troops in the field now will remain indefinitely.

Mahanoy City, Pa., Oct. 31.—After a service of four months in various parts of the coal field, Company E of the Eighth regiment returned to this city last night to be hooted and jeered as they marched through the streets to the armory. Several times it looked as if a clash between soldiers and citizens would occur, but the company managed to reach the armory without molestation.

The Arbitrator Commission.—Scranton Pa., Oct. 31.—The commissioners began their second day's investigation this morning by going to the Manville mines of the Delaware & Hudson Company. This mine is considered one of the hardest places in the entire region to operate. The veins of coal in this mine are very thin and dirty. The party after reaching the colliery donned overalls and jumpers and were lowered into the mine. It was stated this morning that the commission would probably visit the miners' homes today. The commissioners have decided that, if, at the conclusion of their hearings and deliberations, any awards are made, affecting the existing rate of wages, such awards shall take effect from November 1st, 1902. The recorder of the commission states that this resolution was adopted by the commission because it felt that it was important to make its investigation deliberately, and that it might be well, in order to relieve itself from pressure from any source which might cause undue haste, to inform the operators and miners that should the investigation and the deliberations following it warrant any change whatever, either in the way of increase or reduction of wages, such should be made from a certain date, thus enabling all parties to facilitate their calculations.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 31.—All the members of the commission with the exception of Carroll D. Wright, inspected the Manville mine today. The members of the board were lowered into the mine at ten o'clock. They went down four hundred and sixty feet and then explored the working. This afternoon the commission will visit a number of miners' homes. Their plans for tonight and tomorrow have not been made known.

Manchester, Oct. 31.—The Dispatch hears that the Danish government has decided to try for a commercial agreement with England for the development of the Danish West Indies. This agreement, it is said, may include not only free trade between the Danish and British West Indies, but also cheap rates for Danish produce in Europe.

FOREIGN NEWS.

It is stated that the Grand Duke of Hesse will shortly marry the Princess Xenia, of Montenegro.

A Constantinople dispatch says that three of the Red Sea pirate leaders have been captured and handed over to the Italian authorities.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg states that the Czar is suffering from a nervous complaint and has summoned Dr. Merzjewski, one of the foremost specialists in nervous troubles, to attend him.

After a short interval the emigration of Roumanian Jews to the United States has recommenced with more activity than ever. On Tuesday and Wednesday 400 of them, mostly artisans, arrived at Vienna en route to the United States.

W. K. Vanderbilt, sr., has been condemned by default to two days' imprisonment and the payment of a fine of two dollars for speeding his automobile in Paris recently. Vanderbilt is now in New York, and will have to appeal to the French Supreme Court to have his sentence remitted, or submit to arrest when he returns to France. Mr. Vanderbilt will certainly appeal and there is every reason to believe that the condemnation will not be maintained.

RIOTS IN PORTO RICO.—Political rioting at Ponce, Porto Rico, was renewed Wednesday evening. From 9 until 11 o'clock the city was in the hands of a republican mob, alleged to have been aided by municipal police. The Federal Club was fired on. One man was killed and several were wounded, but not fatally. The rioting was renewed yesterday when another man was killed during the attacks of the republicans. The disturbances began early that morning, and a number of men were severely wounded. The rioters announced that they intended to attack the Federation of Labor Club and another club during the day. This caused the closing of all the stores in Ponce and business was suspended. A Spanish dramatic company which had been playing at Ponce applied to the Spanish Consul for protection, and it is reported that the Consul communicated with the Spanish Minister at Washington. Shooting and rioting occurred inside the theatre Tuesday evening and since that day the company has been unable to perform.

REPLY TO T. V. R.

In the midst of improvements we are in despair, for our visions of progressiveness have been rudely shattered by the hoarse caw of the "hooter." The "conservatives" have risen in their wrath, and their doughty champion has again buckled on his armor, and with lightning in his eye and indignation rioting in every lineament of his classic countenance, has hurled a literary thunderbolt at the Business Men's League for their dastardly impudence in actually encouraging the "Octopus" to locate in our midst. What matters it to these hoary patriarchs that the proposed venture, if successful, will bring into our midst two or three thousand people, and most of necessity increase the trade of our local merchants? Of what importance is the fact that the "Octopus" must make extensive improvements before it can possibly begin the manufacture of its product, and that these improvements will furnish employment to our local mechanics and laborers? All these considerations sink into insignificance when compared to the appalling visitation which is about to come upon us. Alexandria is no longer to be celebrated for its somnolence. The sacred strongholds of stagnation and retrogression, ever stoutly defended and upheld by the "fossils," are at last to be sacked and razed. When they make so bold as to gaze into the future, the timid souls of the "conservatives" and their garrulous representative who rushes into print upon the slightest provocation are filled with fright. The sweet serenity of their existence is to be disturbed by the busy hum of machinery, and the venerable cobwebs which have so long and so lovingly nestled around Alexandria's relics of a better and brighter day that is past, are at last to be ignominiously cast aside, to make way for fresh paint and modern improvements.

With delightful inconsistency the "kickers" tell us in one breath that "Octopus" will employ children, and in the next they gravely inform us that the result of these children's unskilled labor will be the closing up of our local cigar manufacturers. In the very improbable event of the trust employing mainly children, our local cigar makers have nothing to fear; and even with the most skillful cigar makers, the "Octopus" will have to use its best efforts to wean us from our "Plantations," Captain Billys, "Queen of the Roses," and "Orientals."

Let us have more of these amusing literary outbreaks. They afford a safe means for the expenditure of surplus energy, which the "conservatives" possess but have never been known to use in building up their business, or improving the condition of the city. Besides, those of us who are blessed with a sense of humor, will always welcome such ebullitions with unbridled delight.

FARMERS' CLUB NOTES.

The October meeting of the Woodlawn Farmers' Club was held at "Huntley," the residence of A. W. Harrison, and was called to order by F. H. Wilkinson, president. The critical committee reported the premises in good condition and crops looking well; some fifty odd cows and young stock well cared for with a well-filled silo to feed from and recommended a little better protection for farm implements.

Mr. Strickland opened an interesting discussion about the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon Railway by calling attention to the poor service they render and the condition of the road. It seems that the trains are almost invariably behind their scheduled time, and many complaints are made by milk shippers about the loss of milk. It appeared that the authorities have repeatedly had their attention called to these things and have replied with smiles only.

Several suggestions were made as to means to better the service. Among them were the formation of a railroad association, appealing to the State and Interstate Railroad commissions and having the old bridges condemned, followed by an injunction from the courts to stop the company from using the bridges which even to the inexperienced eye are rotten and unsafe.

The president appointed the following committees: Critical committee—A. L. Lukins and A. H. Roberts. Committee on subject for discussion, E. E. Mason and J. N. Gibbs.

After some talk on the subject of milk production and feeds the club adjourned to meet at "Forest Home," the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Munroe, November 15.

WANTED.

We would like to ask, through the columns of your paper, if there is any person who has used Green's August Flower for the cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and Liver Troubles that has not been cured—and we also mean their results, such as sour stomach, fermentation of food, habitual costiveness, nervous dyspepsia, headaches, despondent feelings, sleeplessness—in fact, any trouble connected with the stomach or liver. This medicine has been sold for many years in all civilized countries, and we wish to correspond with you and send you one of our books free of cost. If you never tried August Flower, try a 25 cent bottle first. We have never known of its failing. If so, something more serious is the matter with you. The 25 cent size has just been introduced this year. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

G. G. Green, Woodbury, N. J. Change in Schedule Washington Southern Railway.

Effective November 2nd, the schedule of train leaving Alexandria, Sunday at 11:50 A. M., for Washington, will be changed to 11:45 A. M., due in Washington 12:01 P. M. South-bound train leaving Alexandria 11:35 A. M., daily and north-bound train arriving at Alexandria 9:13 P. M., daily, will be withdrawn November 2, 1902. W. P. TAYLOR, Traffic Manager.

DIED.

At Townsend House, Kilmarnock, Scotland, on Monday, September 29, 1902, Miss MARGARET GREGORY THOMSON, niece of the late William Gregory, of this city.

DRY GOODS.

Lansburgh & Bro., Washington's Favorite Store. Business Hours 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Open Saturdays till 9 o'clock.

An Unusual Gathering of BARGAINS.

We have made up a list of grand bargains special for one day's selling. Genuine price-surprises in all departments. Here are a few of the leaders:

We offer 700 yards of Colored Stripe Wash Taffeta, of the best quality, which formerly sold at 75c a yard; your choice for, 49c a yard.

Black Camel's Hair Zibeline of medium weight; very stylish; 50 inches wide; our 85c value, which is worth \$1.00; for one day—your choice for, 65c a yard.

We offer you one piece each Navy Blue and Black Thibet Cloth, for unlined Suits and Skirts, 56 inches wide; \$1.50 value; to be sacrificed for, 90c a yard.

In our Flannel Department on a separate table we offer 250 Waist Patterns of French Printed and Scotch Serge Flannels—also plain colors and silk striped. These are \$1.48 and \$1.73 waist patterns. Special \$1.25 for one day only—each.

Lansburgh & Bro., 420 to 426 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D. C. TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES. Edwaid C. Perkins, a prominent New York lawyer, died of pneumonia at his home in Plainfield, N. J., this morning. He was a son-in-law of Senator Evarts.

H. C. Christensen, president of the Sharpsburg, Iowa, bank, has been arrested on the charge of embezzling the bank's money. The amount is said to be more than \$50,000.

Marconi arrived at Sydney, N. S., on the Italian warship Carlo Alberto today. An attempt will be made early next week to send messages by the Marconi system from the United States to England.

The probate of the will of the late Mrs. Susan D. Brown, of Princeton, N. J., shows that Princeton College, is to receive about \$150,000 from her estate valued at between \$300,000 and \$400,000.

Sneak thieves broke into the house of David Canter, at Garfield, N. J., last night, chloroformed the members of the family, and got away with \$500 in money and several suits of clothes. The family were discovered in a semi-conscious condition by a neighbor this morning.

The old Absinthe House, in New Orleans, erected in 1752 and celebrated all over the United States as one of the world's most famous drinking places, has gone into bankruptcy by petition of Felix Fearer, the proprietor, by whose family it has been owned since 1826.

Burglars last night entered the store of E. R. Willard at Steeles, Ohio. The postoffice is located in the store. They completely wrecked the safe with nitre glycerine, and secured \$200 in cash, \$35 in stamps, and \$4,000 worth of government bonds and other securities.

John E. Redmond, the Irish leader, sailed from New York for England today. John Dillon and Michael Davitt, will remain until Christmas. Mr. Redmond said that the \$100,000 fund which will be raised by the United Irish League of America, will be used in Ireland to protect the tenants.

The Molineux trial attracted a large crowd to the court room in New York today. Hundreds were unable to obtain admission. Ex-Gov. Black, counsel for the accused, began his address to the jury. Subsequently he turned to the prisoner and placed him upon the stand, after which he propounded question after question to Molineux, all of which were answered in a firm and collected manner. A rigid cross-examination followed.

It is said that all the coal mines in western Kentucky will be consolidated within the next few weeks. J. B. Atkinson, of Earlington, who has recently had much trouble with the union miners, and who owns 14 mines in Hopkins and Webster counties, is managing the deal for a number of eastern capitalists. The union miners fear if the deal goes through Atkinson will be in control and will substitute non-union for union labor.

In Paterson, N. J., today Judge Scott sentenced William McQueen, the English anarchist, and Rudolf Grossman, a New York "red," both convicted of rioting on June 18th last, at Robert Casse's dye house, and the Hall mill, each to eight years hard labor. The counsel for the accused applied for a writ of error which was granted. This will act as a stay and keep the men out of prison until the Supreme Court hears the case and gives a decision.

Frank Barnes, a farmer, living in the lower section of Allegheny county, Md., heard what he supposed was a wild turkey calling on the mountain. Securing a gun he crept up until he saw an object and then fired. Instead of killing a turkey, he fatally wounded Scott Morgan, a neighbor.

PRESENTMENT OF DEATH.—Mr. John L. Whiteman, a wealthy resident of Fairfax county, living on the Hackwood's farm, two miles northeast of Winchester, went to Winchester on Wednesday and settled up all his business affairs. Going home that night, he gave to his wife all of his important papers and told her he was going to die. He was apparently in the best of health when he retired that night, and yesterday morning at 10 o'clock he was a corpse. Death was due to cerebral hemorrhage. At 5 o'clock yesterday morning his wife was awakened by his choking gasps, and a physician was at once summoned, but he continued to grow worse until death came.

The Worst Form. Multitudes are singing the praises of Kodol, the new discovery which is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by digesting what they eat, by cleansing and sweetening the stomach and by transforming their food into the kind of pure, rich, red blood that makes you feel good all over. Mrs. Crawford of Troy, T. T., writes: "For a number of years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia which grew into the worst form. Finally I was induced to use Kodol and after using four bottles I am entirely cured. I heartily recommend Kodol to all sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia. Take a dose after meals. It digests what you eat. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

DRY GOODS.

Woodward & Lothrop, 10th, 11th & F Sts N. W.

Boys' School Clothing.

Reciprocity Suits are the best suits made for the price. Are strictly all wool cloth; silk sewed throughout; unrippable; doubled in seat and knees and strengthened in parts liable to hardest wear; necessary alterations made without charge; sizes 8 to 17 years.

\$5.00 each, for all sizes. Norfolk Jacket Suits are now very popular and will be all the season. We show a splendid assortment in all sorts of materials. The Norfolk Suit is becoming to almost any boy. Sizes 4 to 17.

Special value, \$10.00. New Caps in Rob Roy, golf, and yacht styles. 50c and 75c each.

All-wool Heavy-weight Winter Suits which will wear splendidly; double-breasted, two-piece suits; sizes 8 to 16. \$7.75 each.

Fine Dress Suits in the popular 2 and 3-piece short pants style—black or blue chevrons, worsteds and serges. \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.00 each.

Girls' School Clothing. Winter Coats, in heavy rough cloth, with satin lining; tastefully trimmed on sleeves, cuffs, and storm collar with strappings of Hercules braid—brown and black; sizes 10, 12 and 14. \$18.50 each.

For general wear this winter Norfolk Jackets promise to take the lead; for the school girl is shown a pretty navy blue rough cloth jacket, having a comfortable storm collar and useful patch pockets; sizes 6 to 14. \$8.75 each.

Three-quarter Box Coats, made of fine kersey, satin-lined throughout—made for winter wear; with storm collar fastening high at the neck; sizes 8 to 14. \$15.00 each.

Girls' Blue Serge Sailor Dresses, with the usual large collars artistically trimmed with silk and braid; sizes 4 to 10. \$4.50 each.

Girls' School Reefers, in chevrons and covers—tan, brown and navy blue; sizes 4 to 12. \$5.00 each.

Girls' NEW WALKING SKIRTS. Wide self-strapping and rows of tulleta bands are tastefully arranged. Oxford gray, black, navy and maroon are the colors most used. \$3.00 and \$5.00 each.

Woodward & Lothrop.

10th, 11th and F Sts., N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

MR. GORMAN.

In conversation with a member of the Baltimore Sun's staff at his Howard county home yesterday Senator Gorman discussed the present political situation at some length. "I believe," he said, "that the next House of Representatives will be democratic by from 20 to 30 majority. This is a somewhat off-hand opinion, as I have not made any examination into details. The trend of sentiment throughout the land is toward the democratic party. Conservative men are looking to the democrats to curb the excesses of the party in power.

"Do you think it would aid the democrats in the presidential campaign to be defeated at this election?" Mr. Gorman was asked.

"That proposition is too absurd to admit of any discussion," he replied. "Mr. Cleveland has stated the case accurately when he said that a political contest must be continual and all along the line. It does not benefit a party to be beaten."

Concerning Maryland he said: "The democratic party in the State is in better condition, more harmonious, more determined than it has been for many years, and I think that the result of next Tuesday's election will show it." Senator Gorman commented on the present attitude of ex-President Cleveland, which, he said, has given much satisfaction and which will induce many thousands who have been hostile to the ex-President to forget their hostility in welcoming his support. "The trusts and the tariff" he continued, "will be the issues in the next presidential campaign. They are the living questions. The free silver issue has been lost to sight. Of course there is nothing in President Roosevelt's trust remedy to have the constitution amended. But a law can be framed which will accomplish the result desired by the people." It looks now, he said, as though Roosevelt will be the republican nominee. To the mention of his own name in connection with the democratic nomination he said he had not given a thought.

Monetary and Commercial.

New York, Oct. 31.—The stock market opened fairly active with prices generally higher. General commission business is a little improved. Professional sentiment on the floor, however, shows a marked improvement.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA. Flour Extra..... 275 a 315 Family..... 325 a 400 Fancy brands..... 400 a 490 Wheat, longberry..... 075 a 075 Mixed..... 075 a 075 Fultz..... 075 a 075 Damp and tough..... 065 a 070 Corn, white..... 068 a 070 New..... 060 a 065 Mixed..... 067 a 068 Yellow..... 024 a 025 Corn Meal..... 065 a 070 Rye..... 065 a 070 O