



THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 7, 1904.

THE SPEECH of Mr. John Sharp Williams at the democratic national convention in St. Louis yesterday, was forcible, logical and incisive. It dealt with the history of the republican party, its claims compared with bald facts, the reckless of the organization since the days of Lincoln and the gross injustice it has inflicted upon the masses by high tariffs, protection to trusts, violence to the Declaration of Independence and many other dark deeds. The speech was mainly aimed at the utterances of ex-Secretary Root at the republican national convention in Chicago recently, and is a sufficient refutation of Mr. Root's baseless assertion, Mr. Williams' clear-cut pictures of the credit mobilizer scandal, the operations of the whisky ring traced directly into the White House and the panic and prolonged business depression which began in 1873, under republican rule, were vivid and incontrovertible. They are matters of history that none can gainsay or resist, and there is every reason to believe that, with all the boasts of the present administration, breakers are ahead in the shape of commercial troubles. Straws are now showing plainly from which quarter a storm is soon to burst. Railroad and other corporations are discharging armies of men, and even in our own midst no little apprehension exists as to when furloughing will cease hereabouts. Already a number of railroad men have been laid off and others are fearing a similar fate. The spurt in business which followed the declaration of war upon Spain was but the natural consequence of that overt act, but any one with a modicum of discernment can see it will prove short-lived. The result has been the rapid advance of nearly every necessary of life, and the rank and file of the nation have not been materially benefited by the abnormal conditions. Should Mr. Roosevelt be re-elected "rainy days, extending over large areas," may be predicted with reasonable certainty.

THE CAPRICIOUSNESS of this world and the uncertainty of the fickle dame Fortune were never more apparent than in the case of Mr. W. J. Bryan, whose meteoric course eight years ago was one of the wonders of the age. Today his partial eclipse is apparent, and thousands who were doing him homage in the exciting campaigns of 1896 and 1900 are now circling around new orbs who in time will be obscured by the ephemeral brilliancy of others. Such is fame, a vapor which endureth but for a moment. There is an evident purpose on the part of many members of the convention to wound the ex-standard bearer, and that, too, in the house of his friends. With this end in view everything he has championed so far has been decided against him. In the case of contests the claimants whose cause he espoused have lost and it is believed that such will be the case throughout the sessions of the convention. It may be politic to omit certain planks from the new democratic platform, but in doing so unnecessary violence should not be meted out to those who still hold certain principles. In other words, war should not be declared on individuals whose opinions remain unchanged concerning matters on which all were agreed in by-gone years. The majority at this time believe the democratic creed should be revised in some minor matters, and in accomplishing this due deference should be shown to those who may honestly differ with the masses. According to some accounts sent from St. Louis, Mr. Bryan says he will support whoever is nominated as well as the platform which is approved by the majority. This is the language of all good democrats. There is no reason to suppose Mr. Bryan is not of the same spirit.

BY GENERAL CONSENT among democrats Representative John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi, and Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas were yesterday named for the respective positions of temporary and permanent chairman of the democratic national convention. There could have been no better selections. Both of them by their great abilities and by the soundness of their political principles are qualified for the highest position in the councils of the democratic party and of the country. Senator Bailey, who did not know that Mr. Champ Clark, of Missouri, was being urged by his friends for permanent chairman, declined in favor of Mr. Clark, who was subsequently unanimously elected to the position. He is a true and tried democrat and an able man, and will make an excellent presiding officer.

MR. J. F. RYAN has decided to retire from public life and will not be a candidate again for the legislature. He has faithfully and well represented Loudoun county in the House of Delegates for over sixteen years, during most of which time he has served as Speaker, and his strict integrity and conservative course have won for him the respect and confi-

dence of all his associates. The State can ill afford to lose the services of such men as John F. Ryan.

THE report of the last year's earnings of the International Mercantile Marine Company shows that the net profits exceed all fixed charges by about \$2,000,000. Of this \$1,500,000 is carried into the insurance fund, leaving a surplus for profit and loss of \$500,000. Still the shipowners are insisting that Congress should pay them subsidies out of the treasury!

From Washington.

Washington, D. C., July 7. The weather is hot here and the exodus from the city to summer resorts continues. But few politicians are here today, and the St. Louis convention is the chief topic of conversation among them. Most people here believe that Parker will be nominated for President. Mr. Snyder, United States Charge at Bogota, has cabled the State Department that General Reyes was declared elected President of Colombia yesterday. Policeman Jacob J. Smith, who while on duty at Aqueduct bridge Monday night was shot in the stomach by Saml. R. Young, a cavalryman from Fort Myer, died this morning from his injury. Every passenger carrying boat in the New York harbor is to be inspected by the United States steamboat inspectors. This is the direct result of the General Slocum disaster. Mrs. Morgan J. Smith of New York, a sister of Nan Patterson, which is charged with the murder of Caesar Young, is in Washington. Mr. Smith, who was in the second auditor's office before her marriage, will probably be reinstated in her old position and not return to New York. The weekly report of the health department, submitted today, shows that during the week ended July 2 there were 161 deaths in the District.

FOREIGN NEWS. Stirling scenes were witnessed this morning when the strikers, armed with every conceivable weapon, proceeded to the steel works at Sydney, N. S., determined to prevent non-union men going to work. Troops cleared one entrance but only a handful of men went to work. The strikers present read the riot act but the men at a signal all separated into small groups. Information has reached an official quarter in England from St. Petersburg to the effect that a Russian political officer, with an escort, will be sent to Lhasa, Tibet, as soon as the British arrive there. The officer will be present at the negotiations between Great Britain and Tibet. Russia is most anxious to maintain her influence in Tibet. The stevedores of Havana inaugurated a general strike as a result of the customs house issuing an order that they must wear badges. The shipping of the port is tied up as a result. It is probable the strike will be long one, as the government is determined not to yield, and the strikers are equally determined to stand their ground. Notices were posted today at the mills of the J. & P. Coates' Thread Company, limited, at Pawtucket, R. I., that the mills would be shut down from August 19 to September 1. This plant, which employs over 2,000 hands, had been running on short time for several weeks. The British government has abandoned its bill restricting alien immigration.

Threat from Negroes. Chief of Police Farnam, of Baltimore, yesterday detailed detectives to investigate a negro secret organization which, according to an anonymous letter received by the chief, threatens the lives of Senator Gorman, Governor Warfield, ex-Governor Smith, Governor Montague of Virginia, and Senator Tillman, of South Carolina. The heading of the letter is "Headquarters Baltimore Lodge, 373, Black Brotherhood," and the writer in bad English, says: "You little think what animosity you whites are causing; we will be revenged. Not only will we kill men, but we are teaching our women to kill white babies, and it necessary to kill whole families. Our motto is death, our aim justice and vindication; our field is the South. Death to all negro haters. Our brotherhood has 921 lodges, with a membership of three hundred thousand determined men and women. We are not yet completely fully armed, that is the southern lodges are not, but in another year you whites will have cause to tremble. We will stop this lynch law if we have to sweep the whites off the face of the earth. Our lodges in Georgia, Mississippi and Tennessee are getting their arms as fast as we can spare the money to buy them. Our lodges in the north and east are sending encouragement. We have noted negro-haters marked."

Battle in Progress. The Liao-yang correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph, in a dispatch dated July 7, at 1 a. m., says: "A battle is in progress twenty-five miles from here. Numbers of wounded are being brought in from the mountains. Evidently the engagement is a severe one. It is believed that the Japanese are continuing their advance with the object of cutting off Mukden." Advices have been received that at 9 p. m. on last Sunday four Japanese destroyers made a determined attempt to enter Port Arthur and attack the Russian fleet. The destroyers were discovered by the shore batteries. One of the destroyers was sunk under Golden Hill, another under shore battery No. 22, and a third one had its funnel shot away. The fourth one succeeded in effecting a retreat.

"It was Summertime in Dixie Land." "It was Summer Time in Dixie Land" written by Edwin Kendall, has been received by its publishers. This song is now being sung nightly with great success, in all the principal theatres from Maine to California. There were nearly 300,000 copies of this song sold in less than thirty days from the date of issue. Upon receipt of 25 cents in postage stamps, a copy of this song will be mailed to any address by the Theatrical Music Supply Co., No. 46 W. 28th St., New York.

Former Saloon Man Baptized. In the presence of a large throng in which were many drawn by curiosity, Mr. J. P. Haddock, a well known Winchester business man, was baptized in the Oposson, on the Berryville turnpike, five miles from Winchester, on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Julian Broadus, of Berryville, officiated, and Mr. Haddock's three handsome daughters sang "Down to the Waters," as he was led down and immersed. Mr. Haddock was formerly a city councilman and captain of the Friendship Fire Company. Until a year since he conducted a saloon in Winchester, and his baptism and reception into the Baptist Church is the cause of much rejoicing among the faithful.

News of the Day.

On March 4, 1906, 85,000 red men in the Indian Territory will give up tribal rule and become American citizens. Herms won the Test Handicap at the opening of the Brighton track yesterday and equaled the track record of a mile in 1:35. Russell Harrison and Mrs. Mary Harrison McKee, son and daughter of the deceased ex-President, have lost their case against their stepmother. Premier Balfour announced yesterday that there would be no dissolution of Parliament this year unless he should fail to receive the support of his colleagues. The fiftieth anniversary of the birth of the republican party was celebrated at Jackson, Mich., yesterday. Secretary of State John Hay and Senator Fairbanks made speeches. Brig. General Peter C. Hains was retired yesterday and Major Theodore A. Bingham will be appointed to succeed him and be retired immediately in favor of Col. Constant Williams. The French parliamentary committee investigating the charges made of bribery in connection with the monks of Chartreuse has exonerated Premier Combes and his son, Edg. Combes. The Department of Agriculture has referred to the Department of Justice the matter of the right of the government to conduct experiments in Texas with a Guatemala ant in destroying the cotton boll weevil. The Chicago Tribune yesterday said: From a total of 25 persons killed and 1,384 injured reported on Tuesday the casualties resulting from the country's celebration of the Fourth of July yesterday reached 62 killed and 3,049 hurt. Gen. Joseph H. Lewis, famous as commander of the "Orphan Brigade" in the Confederacy, dropped dead in Frankfort, Ky., yesterday. He was Chief Justice of the Kentucky Court of Appeals for more than 20 years. Two of the negroes implicated in the assault and robbery of Mrs. Elsie T. Biddle, wife of Charles Biddle, a farmer living on the Rancocas road, near Burlington, N. J., are now under arrest, and the authorities hope to have the others within a short time. Two cars of the Richmond Light and Railroad Company crashed in Castleton avenue near Bard avenue, Richmond, Staten Island, last night, and fifty passengers on one of the cars received a severe shaking up and some of them were severely injured. One man was so badly hurt it is probable that he will die. Captain Lamb, of the Danish navy, says no fault could be found with the captain or crew of the steamer Norge, which was wrecked off Rockall reef, and officers of the United States Steamship Company, which owned the steamer, deny the statements made by the survivors that the strings of the lifebelts were rotten. By the bringing of grass-fed cattle from Lancaster county into the local market, Philadelphia dealers in live stock succeeded yesterday in forcing a break in the high prices of beef which followed the beef trust's corner in distillery-fed cattle. The appearance of grass-fed cattle was unexpected, and the effect was immediate.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING. During a violent electrical storm which passed over Caroline county, Md., Tuesday evening, Eddie Gillis and Richard Saunders, two colored men, of Kent Island, were struck and killed by lightning. The men had been assisting at wheat threshing near Ridgely and were returning to the town when struck. They were walking along the county road a few feet apart and about one and one-half miles from Denton. The hat of one of the men was torn up, the clothing on his right side burned and his right arm slightly charred. The other unfortunate was not so scorched, but five eyelids in his right shoe were torn out. Four or five fence posts nearby were shattered. One of the most destructive electrical storms in Norfolk's history swept over that section yesterday evening, doing considerable damage and resulting in two fatalities, so far as known at present. The storm was as severe as it was unexpected, and it was followed by a heavy rain. The electric car lines suffered heavily, many cars having fuses burned out, and traffic was generally disturbed on all of the systems. John Tanner and an unknown negro, while plowing on the farm of Mr. W. J. Backus, near Norfolk, were struck by lightning and instantly killed. One of the mules the men were driving was killed, while the other was stunned. Tanner had a big hole burned in his right arm, and the rain, which followed the lightning, quickly extinguished his burning clothing, which caught fire when the bolt struck.

THE United States and Thibet. A dispatch from London says it is learned from a high British source that exchanges of views are taking place between the United States and Great Britain with respect to Thibet. Being a dependency of China, the fate of Thibet is of considerable importance, especially to America, not because Americans have any interests of value in that country, but because its acquisition by any power would mean a violation of the principle of the integrity of China, which is the keynote of Secretary Hay's far eastern policy, to which Great Britain has given adherence. Mr. Hay, therefore, has watched with closest attention the British treatment of the Thibetan question, and, it is believed, through Ambassador Choate, has delicately presented the possible bearing of the British military procedure on Chinese integrity. It is understood that the British government frankly disavowed any ulterior purpose regarding Thibetan territory, reiterating that it has no intention to permanently occupy Thibet and that Great Britain's motives are those already proclaimed to the whole world. In view of this declaration the British government announced that Brigadier General Macdonald's expedition is expected to retire as soon as the purposes for which it was organized have been achieved.

STARTLING EVIDENCE. Fresh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption Coughs and Colds to be unequalled. A recent expression from T. J. McFarland, of Brentsville, Va., serves as example. He writes: "I had Bronchitis for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles 'wholly cured me.' Equally effective in curing all Lung and Throat troubles, Consumption, Pneumonia and Grip. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, druggists. Trial bottles free, regular sizes 50c and \$1.00.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out all obligations made by him. W. WALDRON, KINSA & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE MARKET. Georgetown, July 7.—Wheat 80c.

Virginia News.

Wheat harvest is about over in Loudoun county. The farmers generally, are not pleased with the crop. After evading the officers for 10 days Albert Boyd, who shot and killed another man named John Galloway, near Bristol, was captured yesterday. Dr. Alderman has postponed for several days his answer to the University of Virginia as to whether he will accept the presidency of that institution. Mrs. Nannie Danson, widow of the late Thomas Danson, died in Fredericksburg on Tuesday night at the home of her son-in-law, Robert Perry, aged fifty-six years. Mr. Bryant Glascock, son of Mr. Henry Glascock, near New Baltimore was bitten by a rattle-snake on Friday last. The proper remedies were applied and he has recovered. Dr. Frank Anthony Walke, one of Norfolk's best known and among her most highly esteemed citizens, died at his home in that city Tuesday night, after a protracted illness, aged 73 years. The marriage of Miss Mary Buck to Rev. Henry Bryant Stoneham took place at the home of the bride's parents at Front Royal yesterday. Miss Buck is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas N. Buck. In their answer to the suit for a receiver for the Virginia Passenger and Power Company, of Petersburg, Frank and Miss Helen Gould yesterday made sensational charges against George E. Fisher, of New York. One of the worst freshets that ever occurred in Fauquier county took place on Wednesday of last week when the crops and roads were seriously damaged and the water was higher than during the Johnstown flood, though the area affected was nothing like so extensive. A petition in bankruptcy was filed in the clerk's office of the United States District in Lynchburg yesterday by Milton Cohen, a leading clothier there, doing business under the firm name of Joseph Cohen & Sons, with liabilities of \$44,725.75; assets of notes, debts and stock in trade of \$45,650.83. The Spotsylvania Mica Mining Co., composed of capitalists of Homestead and Charleroy, Pa., who are interested in mining, have purchased a part of the Boggs property in Livingston district in Spotsylvania county, and are working the old mica mine, which was operated for sheet mica before the civil war. An order which will effect 1,800 employees of the Roanoke shops was posted yesterday reducing time from nine to eight hours a day. The men were placed on nine hours' time about six weeks ago. This means a 20 per cent. reduction of wages and the earning capacity of the shops employees. The new order becomes effective at once. Messrs. Davis & Davis, Washington patent attorneys, report the grant this week to citizens of this State of the following patents: Walter E. Ellis, of Norfolk, for a window screen; John Fraiser, of Columbia, for an acetylene gas generator; George M. Hanger, assignor of one-half to D. S. Thomas, of Bridgewater, for a hand plow; William H. Kelly, of Brownsburg, for a carriage top. To avoid threatened lynching, the acting chief of police removed James Goode from jail in Richmond at 6 o'clock yesterday morning and kept him secreted in his private office until the examination in the Police Court. A large crowd assembled at the jail. Goode was arraigned on the charge of the murder of George Fox, colored, and Police Inspector Shinberger. Examination was waived. He was escorted to the police van, handcuffed to two police sergeants, with drawn revolvers and hustled into the vehicle among a squad of officers and hurriedly driven back to jail. A colored girl by the name of Ella Dawson, a servant at the home of Mrs. James Dickerson, near Summit, in Spotsylvania county, was sent Monday evening to the railroad camp near Summit, the headquarters of a large force of laborers, who are doing the double-tracking work at that point. The girl did not return promptly, and by her time much uneasiness was felt as to her whereabouts. Early Tuesday morning search was instituted and the authorities were notified. After diligent search for some hours the body of the girl was found in the bushes near the county road. An investigation disclosed the fact that she had been brutally assaulted and then murdered. Suspicion points to some of the negro workmen on the railroad.

TAMMANY FOR PARKER. A dispatch from St. Louis says: "A truce has been declared between the Tammany leaders and the Parker managers, and an agreement made which is to result in the withdrawal of all Tammany opposition to Parker's nomination and subsequent election. Charles F. Murphy, the head of the Tammany organization, has been conceded the right to name the next candidate for Governor of New York, and an alliance between the Tammany leader and Hill is to be formed by which they will control the democratic situation in the State. To some extent, Murphy has obtained what he wanted, and has driven the Parker men to recognize him as one of the political dictators in New York State politics. From the first, this is what he has been playing for. It will be announced that Mayor McClellan is Murphy's choice for the Governorship and that Hill will aid in his nomination. This announcement is intended to be misleading, inasmuch as Tammany now hopes to continue McClellan in his present position for another term, and will select another man for the gubernatorial chair. As a result of the deal Tammany will be expected to work hard for Parker in the campaign, and the chances in favor of the latter's carrying New York have unquestionably been improved."

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NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Gazette's report of the proceedings of the national democratic convention at St. Louis yesterday closed with the speech of Mr. John Sharp Williams, the temporary chairman of the convention. Owing to the difference in time, 3 o'clock in St. Louis is 4 o'clock in Alexandria, consequently the proceedings of the convention published in the evening papers must of necessity be meagre. As stated yesterday a remarkable burst of enthusiasm in honor of ex-President Cleveland was an incident of the day. A demonstration in honor of Mr. Bryan, lasting about a minute, came later. After the announcement of committees to form the permanent organization and prepare the platform the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning, when it is expected the platform will be adopted. The committee on permanent organization selected Senator Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas, for permanent chairman, defeating Champ Clark, of Missouri. Neither wished to oppose the other and Mr. Bailey declined in favor of Mr. Clark. The rules committee, by 24 to 4, voted down a proposition to amend the two-thirds rule and nominate by a simple majority. When the committee on resolutions met Mr. John P. Poe of Maryland presented a complete draft of a platform, which, he said, embodied the views of Senator Gorman. John Sharp Williams presented another draft. Mr. Bryan said he had no proposals. Senator Tillman advocated a plank declaring that this is a "white man's government." All the proposals were submitted to a committee of 10, of which Senator John W. Daniel, of Virginia, the chairman of the full committee, was chairman. This subcommittee met at the New York headquarters. Senator Daniel said "the silver issue is a thing of the past. We have lost and the issue is settled." The Poe draft, a combination of the Maryland and Mississippi platforms. The Maryland delegation in response to Senator Gorman's request, decided to cast its votes for Judge Parker on the first ballot. When ex-Senators Hill and Murphy, William F. Sheehan and other Parker leaders heard the news, they called at the Maryland headquarters and expressed their great gratification. It is expected that Mr. Gorman will be one of Judge Parker's closest friends and advisers throughout the campaign, but he does not wish to take the chairmanship of the national committee. There was a rush of other State delegations to declare for Parker, and his nomination is now regarded as fully assured. The Delaware delegates decided to vote for Judge Gray until some candidate gets enough to win. If the successful candidate should be Parker they will then change to him. Among those oftenest mentioned in connection with the vice-presidency yesterday were ex-Senator George E. Turner, of Washington State; Gen. John C. Black and Marshall Field, of Illinois; Judge Judson Harmon, of Ohio; Edward C. Wall, of Wisconsin; John W. Kerns, Indiana; Daniel J. Campau, of Michigan; David R. Francis, of Mississippi; John Sharp Williams, of North Carolina. Most of the talk is still for Turner, though his former record as a republican and late a fusionist is being used against him. A dispatch from St. Louis says: Senator Daniel's selection to head the committee on resolutions was at first thought to portend a radical declaration on the money question. The Virginia delegation is practically unanimous in favor of an open declaration for the gold standard. An effort was made to get the delegation to adopt a resolution to that effect, coupled with the declaration in favor of tariff for revenue. The subject was discussed at a meeting specially called for that purpose, but the plan was abandoned. Members of the delegation say that a poll would show a considerable number favorable to the nomination of Cleveland. The Parker resolution was adopted only after a rather animated scene. Five or six members, formerly for Gorman, were outspoken for Cleveland. Their suggestion to substitute Cleveland for Gorman as the united action of the delegation was opposed by both the Senators, and Parker was finally agreed upon by the majority. Governor Montague was sick yesterday and could not attend the convention, and Representative Flood took his place as one of the delegates at large from Virginia. Governor Montague was made one of the vice-presidents of the convention by the action of the Virginia delegation yesterday. Mr. Bryan will not bolt the convention. He admits that the platform will be quite different from that adopted at Chicago in 1896 and at Kansas City in 1900, but he will support the nominee. He told Ollie Jones, member of Congress from Kentucky, that he would stand by the ticket, no matter who is the nominee. The convention programme for today is as follows: Convention met at 10 a. m. Prayer. Report of committee on permanent organization. Committee to report its selection for permanent presiding officer of the convention; permanent chairman will assume gavel and deliver address. Report of the committee on rules. Report of the committee on credentials. Recess. Debates on the platform. Probable evening session for nominations.

TODAY'S PROCEEDINGS. St. Louis, July 7.—The platform makers of the democratic party are proceeding with the utmost deliberation. At 10 o'clock this morning the subcommittee on resolutions which was set from late last night until 10 this morning, went to work again. It is their expectation to be able to present the platform to the full committee this afternoon, to secure its speedy endorsement and give it to the convention today, even though it should be necessary to have a night session of the convention for that purpose. Members of the subcommittee give out but little information. It is believed, however, that the Gorman tariff plank has been approved and that in the matter of finance, and of the trusts, the platform submitted by Temporary Chairman Williams has been followed. No concessions have been made to W. J. Bryan, who is a member of the subcommittee. The platform will be a strictly conservative one, without reaffirmation of any of its predecessors. Congressman Champ Clark, of Mis-

sonri, was the unanimous choice of the committee on permanent organization at its meeting this morning for permanent chairman. The New Jersey delegates had a session this morning and was late at the convention. They finally decided to cast New Jersey's 24 votes for Parker. This decision had a string to it, and the delegation reserved for itself the right to vote for Grover Cleveland anytime the delegation sees an opportunity to do so. In view of the letter received by Senator Smith from Cleveland, forbidding the use of his name under any circumstances, the ex-President's name will not be formally presented. The platform committee this morning approved planks dealing with irrigation, separate statehood for the territories and the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. The interstate commerce plank, as submitted by S. H. Cowen, of Fort Worth, Texas, follows: "We favor such amendment of the act to regulate commerce as will afford to the public and to the shippers, a speedy adequate, effectual and inexpensive remedy against unreasonable or otherwise unlawful transportation charges."

CONVENTION HALL, ST. LOUIS, JULY 7.—Crowds began flocking to the Coliseum early this morning in anticipation of the second session of the convention. The reports of committees, several of which have involved strenuous fights, will be presented today, including the announcement of the proposed platform of the party. When the latter is reported it will be accompanied by a minority report offered by W. J. Bryan and an interesting contest is expected to occur on the floor. The galleries filled up much more quickly than the floor. Even the officers of the convention were tardy. At 10 o'clock, which was the hour set for the meeting, not one-third of the delegates had arrived. Many of them had been sitting up with the committees during their late sessions last night and were disposed to take their time in reaching the hall. The Michigan delegation which was deprived of their seats yesterday, because of their late arrival, were present bright and early today. The Texas people, too, were on hand in good season. It was 10:10 o'clock before Temporary Chairman Williams appeared. There was no demonstration, and apparently the crowd did not recognize him. Two minutes later he rapped for order and the crowd cheered. Archbishop Glennon, of St. Louis, offered prayer which took just one minute to deliver. The report of the committee on rules was then presented to the convention. The announcement that the committee on rules had given the delegates from Porto Rico votes in the convention was received with cheers. Senator South, of Arkansas, proposed an amendment giving the same rights to the Philippines. His statement that the Philippines were as much entitled to vote as Porto Rico was loudly applauded. He moved to reject the report of the committee seating the Porto Rico members and to withdraw his own amendment so that both would be excluded. Mr. Gray, of New York, chairman of the rules committee, denied that the committee had exceeded its authority. Gray said that the courts had decided that Porto Rico was a part of the United States. "Once a part of the United States," he said "it will never be a part of any other country." (Loud applause.) The Supreme Court of the United States had declared the Philippines not a part of the United States. It was for these reasons that the committee had taken the action it had. South declared that the opinion of the courts had never been approved by the democratic masses of the country (applause) and said that Porto Rico, the Philippines and Hawaii were all entitled to receive the same recognition. Gray again took the stand to argue the point and when he said that the democratic party hoped the Philippines would in time elect their own President the convention cheered lustily. The question of adopting the report of the committee as made was put to the convention and carried by viva voce vote but Arkansas demanded a roll call. The demand for a roll call was voted down and the head of the delegation from Porto Rico, Senor Molina, proceeded to the platform and addressed the convention. The minority report in the Illinois contest is not yet ready, and the credentials committee has agreed to allow Mr. Bryan further time in which to complete it. It is announced that the report of the committee on permanent organization is not yet ready to report and the members have been called to another meeting. The committee on credentials announced they would not be ready to report until 2 o'clock. At 11 o'clock Mr. Sheehan, of New York, moved a recess until 2 o'clock and the convention adopted the resolution recessing till 2 p. m. The convention reassembled shortly after 2 o'clock. As Mr. Bryan entered the hall he was given an ovation, the cheering lasting for 22 minutes and the band was directed to play so that order could be had. Cries of "speech" came from all parts of the building. Parker banners were hurried to the front and a tremendous effort was made to stem the Bryan stampede. The committee on credentials was called upon for their report. Mr. Bryan then took the platform amid great applause. Mr. Bryan's appearance on the platform was in connection with the report of the committee on credentials which had been called for. When this report closed the band was playing and no business had been transacted.

Judge Parker. Esopus, N. Y., July 7.—Judge Parker today is leading the most quiet and retired life of any public man in America. He is seeing nobody except the members of his family and one or two intimate friends and is a recluse in his handsome home at Rose Mont. The morning mail brought more than a bushel of letters containing congratulations. Up to eleven o'clock he had received no telegrams either personal or containing news from St. Louis. His news of what had happened there after the convention adjourned yesterday was received only through the New York papers. No personal messages are expected at Rose Mont today, but bulletins furnished by the telegraph company will be telephoned from Kingston as usual.

THE RACES. Brighton Beach, N. Y., July 7.—First race; track fast; selling; 2-year-olds and upward; 6 furlongs. Blue Coat, 25 to 1; Martha German, 34 to 1, second; Fleur de Marie, 7 to 1, third. Second race—Three-year-olds; 6 furlongs. Mineola, 3 to 5; Joccud, 2 to 1, second; Et tu Brute, 41 to 1, third. Fort Erie, Canada, July 7.—Track fast; 3-year-olds; 7 furlongs. Zarkee, 8 to 5; won; Singspre, 15 to 1, second; Super, 5 to 1, third. Second race—Selling; 2-year-olds; apprentice allowance claimed. Oddelette, even; won; Bazil, 9 to 5, second; Handy, 4 to 1, third. Hypodermic Needle Conquers Crazy Man. New York, July 7.—Maurice Gardner, of Jamaica, a blacksmith, went crazy yesterday, and friends locked him up and then sent for the ambulance from St. Mary's Hospital. Doctors Rorke and Mitchell came, and Gardner threw them out of the window. Four blacksmiths went to his rescue. Gardner threw them out of the room. Then he attacked Dr. Rorke again. The doctor snatched the hypodermic syringe from his pocket. It was filled with morphine. As the blacksmith rushed on him again he plunged the needle into his side and gave him the full charge of morphine. In five minutes the drug conquered.

THE HENLEY REGATTA. Henley, England, July 7.—L. F. Scholes, of Toronto, won the sculls at the regatta today. His time was 8 minutes 23 seconds, which is six seconds below the previous record for the race. The finals in the Grand Challenge Cup were rowed today and won by the Leander Rowing Club. The Stewards' cup was won by the Third Trinity Crew of Cambridge which beat the Winnipeg crew.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. New York, July 7.—A natural outpouring of stock for realizing purposes checked the advancing impetus which was felt so strongly in the stock market at the close yesterday, and generally throughout the list prices suffered an impairment of the strong undertone which has been in evidence of late. Stocks were well taken at the declines and there were occasional rallies from the low prices made in the initial declines. Sued by His Doctor. "A doctor here has sued me for \$12.50, which I claimed was excessive for a case of cholera morbus," says R. White, of Coachella, Cal. "At the trial he praised his medical skill and medicine. I asked him if it was not Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy he used as I had good reason to believe it was, and he would not say under oath that it was not." No doctor could use a better remedy than this in a case of cholera morbus, it never fails. Sold by Richard Gibson and W. F. Creighton & Co. MARRIED. At the Baptist Church at Village, Richmond county, by Rev. Mr. Edwards, on Tuesday, July 5, JOHN W. ENNIS, of Alexandria, and Miss NELLIE L. ROCK, of Richmond county. DIED. At her home, 500 Gibbon street, July 5, 1904, MARY, beloved wife of Martin Lawler. Funeral from St. Mary's Church on Friday at 9 o'clock a. m. Requiem mass. Friends and acquaintances of the family are invited. FOR SALE.—The famous LEE COAL at the lowest market prices. W. A. SMOOT & CO. MICO, a table water of unsurpassed purity, retains its qualities for an indefinite period. Absolutely free from ORGANIC MATTER. HUTCH, HUTCH, HUTCH.—Try HUTCH or indigestion. It will cure you. 25 cents per box. For sale only by WARFIELD & HALL, Corner Prince and Fairfax streets. LEADBEATER'S EMULSION OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL, combined with hypophosphites of lime and soda. Fourteen ounce bottle 50 cents. For sale by E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS. LEADBEATER'S YEAST POWDER. Guaranteed absolutely pure. 40c per pound. For sale by E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS. GOLDEN WAX STRINGLESS BEANS. Just received by J. C. MILBURN. 20 boxes High Grade ALDAMANTINE CANDLES (full weight), just received by J. C. MILBURN. ARK, PAY-DAY and CHIC SOAPS, two cakes for 5c, at J. C. MILBURN'S.

JAPANESE GUNBOAT SUNK.

Tokio, July 7.—The Japanese gunboat Kai-Mon was sunk by a mine in Taikou Wan bay on Tuesday last. The Kai Mon is a wooden vessel and has a register of 1,360 tons. She carried one 6.4 inch Krupp gun and six smaller guns. London, July 7.—The Central News reports a fight between the Russian troops under General Kashtalynsk, and a force of Japanese near Lantysan (?). The Russians made a sudden attack in darkness and in the midst of a heavy downpour of rain, on the Japanese outposts. The Japanese casualties are reported to have numbered 1,000. Strong Japanese reinforcements came to the aid of the Japanese but they were thrice repulsed. Finally the Japanese made a flanking movement, and the Russians narrowly escaped being surrounded. Russian reinforcements then came up and the Czar's forces were enabled to retire. The Russian casualties were 300. Another report of a battle in which the Russians were commanded by General Keller, is also at hand. It is apparently the same fight. The Russian casualties in this second report are given as thirteen officers and three hundred men killed and wounded. St. Petersburg, July 7.—A dispatch received this evening confirms the report of a fight between the Russians under General Keller and a force of Japanese. The Russian loss were 100 killed, and 17 officers and 273 men wounded. The Japanese lost heavily. The battle was fiercely fought between the riflemen who were at close range.

To Oppose Chamberlain's Policy. Liverpool, July 7.—It is learned that as soon as Lord Devonshire, the leader of the liberal unionists, is convinced that the bulk of the Cabinet members intend to support Joseph Chamberlain's Zollverein he will again become the avowed leader of the free traders and conduct the campaign against Chamberlain and his policy in far more active form than heretofore. One of the first steps in this direction will be the calling of a monster meeting at Albert Hall at which speeches will be made by Right Honorable George J. Goschen, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Lord Rosebery and Lord George Hamilton. Such a coalition as represented here would be the most notable event since the days of the home rule bill discussion.

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