



MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 12, 1904.

After about three months' labor Mr. Roosevelt has sent forth his letter of acceptance as the candidate of the republican party for President of the United States. Its extreme length will necessarily impair any force or logic it may be supposed to contain in this day of bustling and activity, and the fact that the writer asserts that, if elected, he will continue the policy he is now pursuing should be a sufficient reason for the public declining his services next November. The letter is a mass of assumption from beginning to end, and should have little weight with the millions of Americans who have for the past three years kept themselves posted in the freaks of the present occupant of the White House. A synopsis of the paper will be found elsewhere in the Gazette. This contains all there is in it. There are however some strange utterances in the letter, among them one to the effect that "no one can accuse the republican party of trickery and insincerity." The writer bases his appeal to voters on what the republican party has done and is doing and the avowal that it is the intention of that organization to conduct the government upon the same lines in the future. Mr. Roosevelt, as may have been anticipated, justifies the part this country played in precipitating the war with Spain and the acquisition of the Philippine Islands, Porto Rico and the Sandwich and Samoan Islands, and makes the ludicrous assertion that "the administration behaved throughout the Panama incident with good faith." He says the administration has been the object of misrepresentation in its procedure in the latter affair. Quotations from speeches delivered by Mr. Roosevelt on recent occasions add to the voluminousness of his letter. The assertion that "the expenditures of the nation have been managed in a spirit of economy as far removed from waste as from niggardness" in the face of the fact that in 1900 there was a surplus of \$90,000,000 in the treasury and that now a deficit of more than \$40,000,000 appears, needs no comment. Taken as a whole, it is an epistle of straw and adds nothing to history or literature.

It is generally understood now that when Chairman Babcock, of the republican congressional committee, came to Washington recently, with the declaration that he enjoyed republican tariff legislation. During more recent years, as the presidency has gone so has the House. During Grant's second term administration scandals so shocked the country that in 1874 the democrats gained control of the House and made Sam R. Randall Speaker. Chairman Babcock, who is thoroughly conversant with the scandals of the Roosevelt administration, the post-office frauds and corruption, doubtless had these matters in mind when he made his cry for boodle.

Boss rule among the New York republican politicians has become a recognized fact and the conventions held in that State are simply to ratify the action of the bosses. That this is true is shown by the statement that Governor Odell offered the republican nomination for Governor of New York to Henry W. Taft, brother of War Secretary Taft, last Tuesday. Mr. Taft, however, declined the offer and would not allow his name to be presented to the State convention. From the attitude of the Governor there can be little doubt that he regards himself as the official mouthpiece of his party, and expects to be able to control a majority of the delegates.

**From Washington.**  
[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]  
Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.  
President Roosevelt's letter of acceptance moves chairman Cowherd, of the democratic congressional committee, to words of criticism. Mr. Cowherd says: "He says the party came in in 1896 and retained its place in 1900 on pledges scrupulously fulfilled. It came in on the false pledge of international bimetalism, which it never intended to carry out. He talks about the democratic party being 'shifty, uncertain, and changing its convictions.' Roosevelt began political life as a free trader and upheld the doctrine in his numerous works, notably the Life of Benton. He only changed his principles as announced in his speech withdrawing from the Tariff Reform Club, because he could not get promotion in the republican party on those principles. He does not announce, because he has none, his policy in regard to the trusts. Notwithstanding his long discussion of the tariff, it is impossible to discover what position he occupies today in regard to revision. He exclaims that expenditures have not increased under republican rule. Then he explains why they have increased. He repeats the statement about how honestly the departments have been administered, although he sent a message to Congress in which he said that frauds, forgeries, bribes and corruption, such as had never before been equalled, obtained in the postal service, and when under, his direction, for the

**News of the Day.**

Mr. Francis White, who was a director in numerous financial, educational and charitable institutions of Baltimore, died yesterday after a lingering illness.

The Canadian Pacific west-bound Continental Express was held up Saturday night by four masked men, four and a half miles west of Mission Junction, in a wooded district. They robbed the mail and express cars and escaped. They secured \$6,000 or more without firing a shot.

The Russian transport *Lena*, carrying 23 guns, arrived at St. Francisco yesterday from Vladivostok. Her captain declares she is a transport in need of repairs. Her arrival has been reported to Washington. An officer of the ship admitted she had been on a cruise expedition, hoping to capture some trans-Pacific vessel carrying contraband.

Anti-Semitic rioting took place in Rovno, in the government of Volhynia, Russia, September 4, during which many persons were injured and shops were pillaged. A similar outbreak occurred at Smeld, in the government of Kieff, where troops were called. Ninety-eight houses and 145 shops were pillaged, and several persons were seriously and many slightly wounded by the troops. The affair lasted two days, September 4 and 5.

William J. Ferguson, 38 years old, a theatrical advance agent, is dying in a New York hospital from a pistol shot wound said to have been inflicted by Mrs. Gertrude Roberts in the Metropolitan Hotel yesterday morning. The woman says Ferguson attempted to assault her. There is some mystery about the affair. Ferguson at first did not accuse the woman of shooting him, but said he shot himself. He subsequently reproached Mrs. Roberts for shooting him. Gertrude E. Roberts was arraigned before Magistrate Moss today, and was committed to the Tombs without bail for 48 hours.

A singular affair took place in Westminster Abbey in London yesterday. At the middle of the morning series of loud explosions came from the north transept and started the kneeling congregation to its feet, causing an almost dangerous rush for the doors. The Rev. Canon Duckworth succeeded in reassuring the people and in preventing a panic. It was discovered that the cause of the explosions was a firecracker, the label attached to which showed the outrage to be the work of a fanatical adherent of the late John Kensit, the anti-ritualistic crusader. The culprit escaped in the confusion following the explosions.

**TURNING TO PORT ARTHUR.**  
While General Kurapatkin's soldiers are resting and his engineers are strengthening the rear Russian position at Tie Pass, the commanders of three Japanese armies are reported to be planning another flanking movement with a view to cutting off some of the Russian forces before they reach the Pass. General Kurapatkin reports to the Czar that there were no hostilities Saturday "except insignificant patrol encounters."

The scene of active operations is once more transferred to Port Arthur, where another general assault by the Japanese is daily expected. The Japanese army before the Russian Gibraltar numbers 80,000 men. It is reported that the Japanese now control Louisa Bay to the northwest and Pigeon Bay to the east of Port Arthur.

Russia is again ready to meet Japan on the sea. The Baltic fleet, consisting of nine battleships, four cruisers and several torpedo boats and torpedo-boat destroyers, in command of vice Admiral Rojstvensky, has sailed from Cronstadt. The fleet will touch at Libau, where it will be joined by 12 transports, colliers and supply ships, and proceed thence to the far East. The Czar and Grand Duke Alexis, the High Admiral and other naval dignitaries saw the fleet depart and wished the officers and men good luck.

Now that the war correspondents are evading both the Russian and Japanese censors by sending their descriptions of the great battle of Liaoyang from China, the truth of the military condition previous to and during the seven-days' struggle is made public. Foreign observers and correspondents are of the opinion that the Russian reverse was caused by demoralization, the result of four months' failure in the field. Russian officers underestimated the strength and fighting abilities of the Japanese and throwing aside responsibilities plunged into reckless dissipation in the city of Liaoyang.

A report from St. Petersburg states that "in view of the paramount military exigencies in the far East" Viceroy Alexieff has tendered his resignation to the Czar. It is believed that the differences between him and General Kurapatkin have been revived.

An official report of the Japanese losses at Liaoyang states that the killed and wounded aggregated 17,589, including 136 officers killed and 464 wounded.

**Will Be Asked to Intervene.**  
A dispatch from St. Louis says the powers of the world, signatory to the Hague convention, will be asked by the Interparliamentary Union at its twelfth conference to intervene in the Russo-Japanese war; President Roosevelt will be requested to call a second session of the Hague convention; compulsory arbitration will be advocated; the use of submarine mines in time of war will be deplored, and many kindred resolutions will be presented during the deliberations of next week.

**LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.**

The long-looked-for letter of acceptance from Mr. Roosevelt has at last appeared, and it may be truly said that the mountain has labored and brought forth a mouse. It consists chiefly of assumptions and attempted depreciation of democratic principles. It is elongated, making 62 pages in pamphlet form. Comparatively few will have either the time or patience to peruse it in its entirety. The following is substantially what the writer desires the people of the United States to swallow:

No other administration (then the present one) in our history, no other government in the world, has more consistently stood for the broadest spirit of brotherhood in our common humanity, or has held a more resolute attitude of protest against every wrong that outraged the civilization of the age, at home or abroad.

Pension Order No. 78 (directing that any veteran of the civil war who has reached the age of 62 years should be presumptively entitled to a pension of \$6 a month) is justified, not merely on legal grounds, but also on grounds of public morality.

The record of the last seven years proves that the party now in power can be trusted to take the additional action necessary to improve and strengthen our monetary system and that our opponents cannot be so trusted.

The action of the Attorney-General in enforcing the anti-trust and interstate commerce laws, and the action of the last Congress have for the first time opened a chance for the national government to deal intelligently and adequately with the questions affecting society because of the accumulation of capital in great corporations.

When they (the democrats) speak of protection as robbery, they of course must mean that it is immoral to enact a tariff designed to secure to the American workman the benefit of the high standard of living which we desire to see kept up in this country. To speak of the tariff in this sense as robbery is on its face false.

From time to time schedules must undoubtedly be rearranged and readjusted to meet the shifting needs of the country, but this can with safety be done only by those who are committed to the cause of the protective system.

At no time in the history of this or any country has there been an era so productive of material benefit alike to workmen and employers during the seven years that have just passed.

The army as it is now is as small as it can possibly be and serve its purpose as an effective nucleus.

The expenditures of the nation have been managed in a spirit of economy, as far removed from waste as from niggardliness.

The public work of the United States has never been conducted with a higher degree of honesty and efficiency than at the present time. We have known no party in dealing with offenders.

Any abandonment of the policy which we have steadily pursued in the Philippine islands would be fraught with dishonor and disaster.

Our government has been true to the spirit of the fourteenth amendment in the Philippines.

There is not a policy, foreign or domestic, which we are now carrying out, which it would not be disastrous to reverse or abandon.

We hold ever before us as the all-important end of policy and administration the reign of peace at home and throughout the world.

The purchasing power of the average wage received by the workman has grown faster than the cost of living, and this in spite of the continual shortening of working hours.

There has been an enormous increase in the annual agricultural output and in the value of farm property.

The diminution in the amount of the surplus is due to expenditures on account of such highly desirable improvements as rural free delivery, irrigation, pensions to veterans and the purchase of the Panama canal. There has been rigid economy in the administration of public business and all offenders have been held to strict accountability, no mercy being shown to wrongdoers, who have been hunted out and prosecuted with the utmost vigilance.

The republican party's achievements in the past afford a prophecy for the future.

**RUSSIANS STILL RETREATING.**

St. Petersburg, Sept. 12.—General Kurapatkin's army has again taken up its retreat. The forces which have been resting at Mukden for several days past, are now retreating on Tieling, the pass is now to the north of Mukden, where it has been stated on several occasions, a stand will probably be made against any advance which the Japanese might attempt.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 12.—Lieutenant General Sakharoff reports that the Japanese have not started north of the Yentai in any considerable numbers. They have, he says, several large camps on the railway south of there toward Liaoyang.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 12.—An official dispatch received today denies the report that General Mitschenko, who commanded the Russians east of Liaoyang, was killed to the eastward of that city on September 3.

**The Maine Election.**  
Augusta, Maine, Sept. 12.—Maine's voters will today choose a governor, four members of Congress, a State legislature and county officers. The campaign has been quite spirited and it is expected a large total vote will be polled. Politicians of both parties agree that the majority for the republicans will not be as large as it has been in recent years.

Mr. Cobb, republican candidate for governor, expects not less than 15,000 plurality. Democrats as a rule are hopeful that the republican plurality will fall as low as 10,000. The democrats expect to increase their membership in the lower branch of the legislature by 30, and in the Senate by three.

Portland, Me., Sept. 12.—Reports received from various points throughout the State indicate unfavorable weather conditions for today's election. It is feared that unless the conditions change later, the vote polled will be small.

Later the skies cleared and everything pointed to a heavy vote. The voting up to noon indicated that the republican plurality would not fall off from that of two years ago.

**Delaware Republicans.**  
Wilmington, Del., Sept. 12.—Addicks republicans are dismayed over the result of the primary election as union republicans refused to vote. Out of nine thousand registered republicans only 1,020 voted. Negroes refused to vote the Addicks ticket and former stalwart workers of the Addicks party were found inducing the voters to stay away.

President Roosevelt and the national committee must now take a hand to straighten out the tangle. The Newcastle county officers are fat ones, and are filled by anti-Addicks republicans. With the Addicks ticket in the field the county officers will go to the democrats.

The Addicks people are using county conditions to force the acceptance of Conrad for Governor. This would give the Secretary of State the patronage, including voters assistants. There are men who make it possible at election to buy voters.

**Crown Prince to Visit England.**  
Manchester, Eng., Sept. 12.—It is learned here that Crown Prince Frederick William, of Germany, before his marriage to the Duchess Cecilia, will visit England as the guest of King Edward.

The prince is expected toward the end of October. The Kaiser, it is said, will allow the prince \$40,000 a year, and the Reichstag will vote him \$50,000 additional.

It is also reported that the relations between Kaiser Wilhelm and King Leopold, of Belgium, are strained. The Kaiser tried to reconcile Leopold and his daughter, the Countess Lonyay, and Princess Louise, of Coburg, Leopold, in a discourteous letter, bluntly told the German emperor to mind his own business.

**Assaulted His Wife.**  
Richmond, Va., Sept. 12.—John Warrenton, a painter and athlete, attacked his wife in the street in Petersburg today. He slashed the back of the woman's neck from side to side. It is expected that Mrs. Warrenton will die. On August 15th, the woman left her husband, of whom she was mortally afraid, and went to live with her mother. This morning Warrenton tried to persuade her to return to him. She refused, and when Warrenton drew his razor, she started to run. After his attack on his wife, Warrenton walked to the jail and coolly surrendered. He refuses to talk.

**Jew-baiting Riots.**  
Berlin, Sept. 12.—Word was received here today of a fierce Jew-baiting riot in Poland. At Sosnowick the Jew-baiters, armed with revolvers, knives and stones, attacked the synagogues and many of the worshippers were wounded. The mob then proceeded to plunder the Ghetto. The authorities gave the Jews but half-hearted support. Ten persons were arrested. Another outbreak occurred at Kown, Poland. The soldiers of the town attacked the Ghetto and were not subdued until the municipal fire hose was turned on them.

**German Military Maneuvers.**  
Berlin, Sept. 12.—One hundred thousand men, composed of two army corps, a brigade and several regiments, today engaged in military maneuvers. The area extends from the Baltic six miles inland. The emperor has ordered several of Germany's most important battles reenacted for the instruction of the German officers. Crown Prince Frederick William will make his military debut at these maneuvers. The emperor intends to entrust him with most difficult tasks.

**Strike at Marseilles Settled.**  
Marseilles, Sept. 12.—The strike of the marine reserves, which has seriously blocked steamships traffic at this port for three weeks, past, is considered as ended, the shipowners having consented to modifications in their reply to the strikers. It is estimated that the two strikes have cost Marseilles an average daily loss of \$600,000 or a total of \$12,500,000.

**The New York Stock Market.**  
New York, Sept. 12, 11 a. m.—Continued activity characterized the stock market this morning, but the course of prices developed considerable irregularity. There was a sensational advance of over six points in New Jersey Central, based upon a revival of the rumors of a dividend increase. The other high priced anthracite coal stocks declined 1/2 percent. Southern Railway scored an advance of over a point on the excellent corn prospect reported by the government.

**What is Life?**  
In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in Constipation, Headache or Liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly readjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons' drug store.

**TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.**

President Roosevelt and Senator Fairbanks will receive reports together at Oyster Bay, N. Y., from the Maine election this evening.

While a large steel plate was being removed last night in the Homestead Steel Works, at Pittsburg, Pa., it struck three men, one of them being so badly injured that he died a few hours later.

Fire at ten o'clock this morning, destroyed the Block ice and cold storage plant at Manassquan, N. J., in which was stored 1,000,000 pounds of fish valued at \$80,000. The building was valued at \$75,000.

The first session of the interparliamentary union for the promotion of international arbitration, was held this morning, at the Worlds Fair at St. Louis. The Congress elected Congressman Barthold, as its president.

Nan Patterson, under indictment in New York for the murder of Caesar Young, today celebrated her 22nd birthday. Among her visitors were her father and her younger brother, of Washington, D. C. The young actress received many letters of congratulation. The letters also wished her a speedy trial.

The White Star line steamer *Germanic*, which ran aground last night, off Sandy Hook, while inward bound, from Southampton and Cherbourg, was floated this morning and proceeded to her pier. The vessel sustained no damage. The *Germanic* has been running in the American line service in place of the *New York*, which was laid up for repairs.

The explosion of a bomb in a house on Third Avenue, New York, at 1:40 o'clock this morning, caused considerable damage to the building, and great excitement among the residents in that and neighboring tenements. Flames followed the explosion but they were soon drowned out. Only one person was injured. An Italian who kept a barber shop on the ground floor of the wrecked building, was arrested on suspicion of having caused the explosion.

Henry G. Davis, democratic nominee for Vice President, held an important conference in New York this afternoon with Chairman Taggart, of the democratic national committee, August Belmont, former Senator James K. Jones, William Rodie and other democratic leaders, and went over the situation carefully with the plain purpose of prosecuting a more vigorous campaign. Senator Arthur Pue Gorman, of Maryland, will reach New York tonight and the conference will be continued throughout tomorrow. David B. Hill went to Rosemont today. He had lunch with the Parker family and held a conference with the nominee.

It is said that Lieut. Gov. Higgins, of Olean, will be the candidate of the republican State convention for Governor of New York.

**FOREIGN NEWS.**  
The British steamers *Investor* and *Goolistan* were in collision off Lisbon today. The *Goolistan* sank, and seven of those aboard her were drowned.

The Russian consul at Nyberg, today, sailed to meet the Russian Baltic fleet, which was reported yesterday as sailing from Kronstadt for the far East.

The French mail steamer *Tamise*, bound for Haiphong, a port of Tonquin, has been wrecked on the east of Anram, and is a total loss. All on board were saved.

The Dominion and the Canadian Pacific steamship lines announce a further reduction in their steerage rates from Liverpool to Quebec, from \$15 to \$10.

It is stated that genealogical researches which have been conducted lately, have disclosed the fact that Richard Wagner, the late famous German composer, was a Jew.

The Right Hon. James Lewther, member of the British parliament since 1888, and a well known sportsman is dead. He was the oldest of the prominent British protectionists.

Max Regis, the former Mayor of Algiers, who has figured in a record number of "affaires d'honneur," fought another duel with swords near Paris this morning. His opponent was a sportsman named Fontaine. Regis wounded his adversary in the forearm. The duel resulted from a quarrel during a production of a play.

Two Japanese were arrested at St. Petersburg today. One of them had joined the Greek Catholic Church, and married a Russian lady. From documents seized at their residences, both are believed to be naval officers acting as spies.

**Democratic Committee.**  
State Chairman J. Taylor Elyson has named his executive committee. It is composed as follows: J. Taylor Elyson, Edward Echols, Staunton; E. J. Harvey, Stuart; John D. Horsley, Lynchburg; W. A. Jones, Warsaw; A. P. Thom, Norfolk; Henry I. Wickham, Hanover; A. A. Campbell, Wytheville; James Hay, Madison; Thomas F. Ryan, Nelson; A. D. Watkins, Farmville, and Joseph E. Willard, Fairfax.

The chairmen of the district committees are as follows: First district, Lloyd T. Smith; Second, C. Fenton Day; Third, E. L. C. Scott; Fourth, A. D. Watkins; Fifth, R. A. James; Sixth, W. A. Glasgow, jr.; Seventh, R. T. W. Duke; Eighth, George S. Shackelford; Ninth, P. F. St. Clair, and Tenth, Jos. Britton.

**Grand Camp Confederate Veterans.**

Arrangements have about been completed for the meeting of the Grand Camp of Confederate Veterans of Virginia, the United Sons of the Confederacy and the United Confederate Veterans, Virginia division, in Lynchburg this week, and it is expected that 2,000 or 2,500 persons will be in Lynchburg during Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the days of the camp. The parade will take place on Thursday afternoon.

A german tender by the Garland-Rodes United Sons of the Confederacy to the sponsors and their maids will take place on Friday night. On Wednesday night the Kirk-wood-Otey Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, will receive the sponsors and maids, and on Thursday night the Old Dominion Chapter will tender a similar reception.

The address of welcome will be delivered by Mr. N. C. Nanson, of Lynchburg. Grand Commander George L. Christian, of Richmond, will respond. Gen. Thomas T. Munford will welcome for the Garland-Rodes camp and Col. Williams H. Stewart, of Portsmouth, will respond. The report of the history committee will be presented on Thursday by Senator John W. Daniel. Among other addresses will be those of Gen. Irvine C. Walker, of South Carolina, on "The Women of the South," and Rev. Dr. Randolph McKim, of Washington, on a theme not yet announced.

The parade of the veterans on Thursday afternoon will be reviewed by the officers of the Grand Camp, and it is expected that Governor Montague will be on the reviewing stand.

Already a large number of business houses have decorated, the Confederate colors predominating everywhere.

**Killed by Trains.**  
Harry Stoner, aged 35, married, fell asleep on the tracks of the Western Maryland Railroad, on Main street, in Smithsburg, Md., Saturday night, and early yesterday morning was run over and killed by an extra westbound freight train. The engine man saw him lying on the track and reversed the engine, but could not stop the train in time. Stoner was the son of Peter Stoner, of Fairfield, and, with his eight-year-old son, was visiting Edward Miller, in Smithsburg. Saturday night he became intoxicated, and instead of going home with his host, wandered around town, and finally fell asleep on the track.

Thomas Shroder, a partially deafman, was almost instantly killed yesterday morning by being struck by a westbound freight train on the Western Maryland Railroad near the Potomac avenue station, Hagerstown, Md. He was employed at the station for many years. He was about forty-eight years old.

John Pardyke, aged twenty-two years, went to sleep on the track of the Cumberland and Westernport Electric Railway at Eckhart, Md., early yesterday morning, and was run over and killed. He was a miner and lived at Eckhart. He leaves a family.

**Forced to Kill Himself.**  
Given the choice of killing himself or being killed by an enraged brother, Claus Michael, a bookkeeper living with his wife in New York, chose suicide, and late Saturday afternoon shot and killed himself while the enraged brother was standing at the door. The man who drove Michael to self-destruction escaped as soon as the fatal shot rang out. He is now being sought by the police and the suicide's frantic wife. She knows him only as the brother of the young woman who came between her and her husband. The tragedy occurred just after Mrs. Michaels had answered the ring of the front door bell. The man who confronted her asked if her husband was in, and upon learning that he was, cried loudly through the hallway: "Have you finished that job yet? If you haven't I will." Instantly a shot rang out from within the house, and rushing to the parlor Mrs. Michaels found her husband lying upon the floor, a deep wound in his right temple and a revolver clutched in his hand. Michaels was still conscious when his wife cried out to him, asking why he had shot himself. His only answer was: "I had to do so or he would have killed me."

**The Races.**  
Brighton Beach, Sept. 12.—First race, Collector Essup won, Duchess Ollie second, Aduntho third.  
Second race—Walter Clary won, Paulaker second, Flying Buttress third.  
Third race—Pulsus won, Ostrich second, December third.  
Kenilworth Park, Buffalo, Sept. 12.—First race, Athel won, Ben Fensco second, Benckurt third.  
Second race—Peggy won, Congress second, Miss Morgan third.  
Third race—Shrine won, Columbia second, Odel Trembler third.  
Hawthorne, Chicago, Sept. 12.—Mad Mullah won, Dragon second, Julia M third.

Seven business blocks were destroyed by fire at Idaho Falls, Idaho, early this morning, causing a loss of \$300,000. In all, forty-four buildings burned.

You are liable to an attack of some form of Bowel Complaint and should provide yourself with the best known Remedy, DR. SETH A. BROWN'S BALSAM. Warranted by W. F. Creighton & Co., Warfield & Hall, Edgar Warfield, Jr., Alexandria.

**FOR SALE.**—The famous LEE COAL at the lowest market prices.  
W. A. SMOOT & CO.  
SUGAR CORN.—50 cases Canned Corn, new pack, just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
COX & GORDON MISSOURI HAMS small sizes, just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
Twelve mats very fine OLD JAVA COFFEE just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
NORWAY SMOKED SARDINES, in oil just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
SMALL HAMS, winter cured and mild cured, for sale by J. C. MILBURN.  
20 boxes High Grade ADAMANTINE CANDLES (full weight), just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
GREEN GINGER.—One barrel selected Green Ginger just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
A full line of BROOMS, HEATH BROOMS and WHISKS for sale by J. C. MILBURN.  
GALVANIZED TUBS, BUCKETS and OIL CANS just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
1 barrel of HEINZ'S SWEET MIXED PICKLES just received by J. C. MILBURN.  
LEAVES BAKED BEANS, vegetarian plain and with tomato sauce, just received by J. C. MILBURN.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.  
LUCAS COUNTY,  
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, Ohio and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.  
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898.  
A. W. GLEASON,  
Notary Public.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

**Has Sold a Pile of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.**  
I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for more than twenty years and it has given entire satisfaction. I have sold a pile of it and can recommend it highly.—Joseph McElhiney, Linton, Iowa. You will find this ready a good friend when troubled with a cough or cold. It always affords quick relief and is pleasant to take. For sale by Gibson & Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

**The Market.**  
Georgetown, Sept. 12.—Wheat 90 1/2c.