



TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 25, 1904.

THE INCREASED registration in Greater New York, near 50,000, and a large increase in all the cities above the Harlem, in the upper part of New York State, indicates that Parker's chances are most excellent, and Herrick's election for Governor beyond dispute.

If the American people approve a foreign policy compounded in about equal parts of swagger and of mediocrity—a domestic policy which fastens syndicates of capitalists at the expense of the masses of the people, makes extravagant expenditure justify high tariffs and high tariffs justify extravagant expenditure, and in practice makes the general government but the tool of accumulated wealth—a colonial policy now defended by cant about duty and benevolence and the white man's burden, but which in essence is nothing but the use of a weak people to gratify the ambition, the pride, and the cupidity of a strong people—if these be the things the American people favor, it is the republican party they will put in power and no other.

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The speaking in Ohio began at Bridgeport, but Mr. Bryan made a speech at Wheeling, W. Va., before his visit at Bridgeport. It was 9 o'clock when Hamilton was reached, but thousands of persons were present to greet him. Occupants of a special train of coaches from Dayton were among those who were there.

In his speech at Wheeling, W. Va., Mr. Bryan said that while the money question was not the paramount issue this time he had determined to carry on the fight against imperialism, as that was what threatened the people of this country at this time more than any other one thing.

Kept Wife in Cage. The wife of an oil merchant named Kund, at Budapest, was found Friday by the neighbors behind an iron grating of a window, protesting that her husband had imprisoned her there. The police set the woman free and arrested her husband, who gave as his excuse that he had been obliged to take that step because his wife had a mania for making costly and unnecessary purchases, spending a fortune on hats, lace and finery.

The New York Stock Market. New York, Oct. 25.—The stock market developed from speculative vigor and enthusiasm this morning and transactions were on an enormous scale at advanced prices.

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arges, private yachts, fishing smacks and oyster boats may be taken for Japanese warships. What troubles he may bring about between Russia and other countries before he reaches his destination remains to be seen.

THE REPUBLICANS are already making excuses for their approaching defeat in New York and say "Odellism has imperiled Roosevelt in New York" and that "Republicans are in revolt against the corruption of machine rule, and will cut the State ticket." They are evidently in extremis when they prate about revolt against corrupt machine rule!

From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.) Washington, D. C., Oct. 25.

Circular notes of instruction were dispatched by the State Department this morning to diplomatic representatives of the United States at the capitals of all the foreign powers that were represented in the Hague conference of five years ago directing them to sound the various governments in regard to the time of holding a new peace congress. They are also instructed to ask whether or not the Hague will be acceptable as the place of meeting.

The President has directed the appointment of Mrs. James Longstreet, widow of the Confederate general, as postmaster at Gainesville, Ga. The former postmaster, Henry P. Farrow was removed because, upon investigation, it was found that he was not a resident of the district.

A dispatch was received by the State Department this morning from Spencer Eddy, charge d'affaires of the American Embassy at St. Petersburg, stating that the Russian Foreign Office had received a communication from the British government demanding satisfaction for the firing upon the Hull fishermen, and that the Foreign Office is now preparing a reply.

According to a dispatch received today by the Japanese legation from the Foreign Office at Tokio, the total casualties suffered by the Japanese army, killed and wounded, including officers, in the engagements around Shangkai up to today, amount to 15,879.

It is said that in order to escape being a witness in the trial of the government against George W. Beavers, Perry Heath has gone to Egypt where he has taken up a residence for an indefinite time.

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The suit of Warren B. Wilson, a Chicago lawyer, against Secretary Shaw praying for an injunction to prevent the issuing of bonds or payment of any money out of the United States treasury on account of the Panama canal, was heard on demurrer this morning by Judge Stafford.

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News of the Day.

David B. Hill expresses the opinion that the democrats will carry Maryland, West Virginia and Indiana.

Major Delmar established a new world's mark for unpaced trotters at the Memphis Driving Park yesterday, when he circled the track in 2:01. The previous mark was 2:01 1/2, held jointly by Major Delmar and Lou Dillon.

Lady Dilke, wife of Right Hon. Sir Charles Wentworth Dilke, died suddenly yesterday at her residence in Woking, England. She was born September 2, 1840. Lady Dilke died as the result of the rupture of a blood vessel.

Officials of the Catholic University of America in Washington yesterday denied that the Vatican would call the officers of the university to account for any loss that may be sustained through the financial embarrassment of Mr. Thomas E. Waggaman.

Charles E. Stebbins, twenty-three years old, of Luray, Va., a non-union painter, was at work on a ladder at 1116 E. street northwest, Washington, yesterday when an unidentified man, said to be a painter belonging to a local labor union, pulled the ladder. Stebbins fell ten feet to the ground. He was injured about the back slightly, and was treated at the Emergency Hospital.

A great battle is expected south of the Hun river, according to advices from General Oku's headquarters. The advanced forces of the opposing armies are lying in the trenches 700 yards apart. A Japanese forward movement is daily expected. Reinforcements are arriving daily. A snowstorm prevailed at Harbin yesterday, and in the vicinity of Mukden the weather is very cold. Scarcity of fuel will cause much suffering among the troops of both armies.

The Hotel Kanawha, a newly erected seven story building, in Charleston, W. Va., was partially destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Ninety-eight guests escaped uninjured, though the greater part of the baggage was lost or damaged by water. The fire at one time threatened the entire block, but was controlled after several hours by the firemen. The guests escaped in scant attire, and on account of slate falling from the roof were forced to get out through a small baggage chute that was protected. The building cost \$172,000. Damage \$50,000.

Judge Parker was the center last night of the wildest and most enthusiastic demonstration that has greeted him in his campaign for the Presidency. As the guest of the Tam many leaders of the East Side, New York, the democratic candidate for President and William Travers Jerome, the district attorney, attended the performance at the Grand Street Theater. Such was the ovation tendered him that the performance was interrupted for fully twenty minutes. At one period in the demonstration some one shouted for Roosevelt, but it was at once manifest this was not a republican gathering. The shouters were hissed long and loud.

Virginia News.

Rev. Martin Johnson, of Subletts, has declined the call to the Episcopal Church in Wytheville.

Mr. Richard Johnson, of Pluck, King George county, a Confederate veteran, died a few days ago.

The State conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution will be held in Fredericksburg tomorrow.

The vestry of St. John's Episcopal Church at Wytheville has called Rev. E. Courtney Jones, of Old Orchard, Mo. R. B. Somerville, died in Richmond last night. He was 91 years of age, and had been prominent for 40 years. He was a native of Culpeper.

A letter from Culpeper county states that the condition of Mayor T. P. Wallace, of Fredericksburg, who is at his farm, near Winston, is very much improved in the past week.

Mrs. Pitcher, wife of Rev. Dr. John M. Pitcher, general superintendent of the Virginia Baptist Sunday-school and Bible board, died at her home in Petersburg Sunday night. She is survived by ten children.

In Fredericksburg, yesterday, Judge Embrey, in the Corporation Court, decided in the quo warranto proceeding in which the right of Col. E. D. Cole to occupy the position of president of the City Council was involved, in favor of Col. Cole.

James Gorman and Edward Britts, two young farmers, got into a difficulty at a Dunkard church at Johnsville, near Roanoke, Sunday night. Britts drew a knife and slashed Gorman on the head, neck and face, inflicting serious wounds. Britts was arrested. He is in the Salem jail.

In Norfolk yesterday H. M. Boush was elected Chief of Police instead of Chief Vellines, dropped, and Captains Dalton and Cutrell were re-elected. Mr. Boush is a merchant and a new man in the Police Department. There is a general change in the men composing the force, with many of the old men dropped.

Elwood Nixon, a painter, of Sterling, was found dead on Sunday morning in his room, at the Eagle Hotel, in Leesburg. A coroner's jury returned a verdict that the death resulted from alcoholic paralysis. Nixon was about 45 years of age, and is survived by a wife, who is Miss Moran, of Sterling, and by three children.

The meeting of the Virginia Synod at Martinsburg, W. Va., has been crowded with spectators. The entire day on Sunday was taken up with devotional exercises. At 3 o'clock, there was a synodical communion service. The entire forenoon of yesterday was taken up selecting a place for the next meeting. Richmond was decided upon.

Thomas M. Nelson, one of the most prominent farmers of Clarke county, died at midnight Sunday night after an illness of 10 days of typhoid fever. He was 52 years of age and leaves a widow, who is the daughter of Dr. Robert Atkinson, of Baltimore; two daughters (Adelaide and Mary) and one son (William M. Nelson). He was the son of the late Capt. William N. Nelson, and was a descendant of King Carter and Col. William Byrd, of Westover. His father served with distinction in the Mexican and civil wars, and while with the Confederate forces was wounded severely at the First Battle of Manassas. Mr. Nelson owned one of the finest estates in Clarke, which he sold a short time ago to Mrs. Gilpin, of Baltimore, for \$20,000.

The Market. Georgetown, Oct. 25.—Wheat 90s 1/4.

SINKING OF THE FISHING BOATS.

"The situation is one which does not brook delay" is the forcible manner in which Great Britain in an urgent note to the Russian government demands an explanation and reparation for the attack by the Russian Baltic fleet upon British fishing boats at night in the North Sea. King Edward himself in a message of sympathy to the mayor of Hull terms it "the unwarrantable action" of the Baltic fleet commanders.

The czar and his official advisers are awaiting a report from the admiral of the fleet, who is responsible for the terrible blunder. It is said at St. Petersburg that the Emperor will personally express his regret to King Edward, and that an apology and reparation will be made. Should the British, however, demand the punishment of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky or the recall of the fleet the situation may become strained even to the point of rupture.

The only explanation thus far offered by Russian officials is that the inoffensive fishing boats were mistaken for hostile vessels. The Russian Admiral had been cautioned to look out for Japanese spies and secret Japanese attacks.

The temper of the English people is reflected in the London newspapers. The Pall Mall Gazette suggests that British warships accompany the Russian fleet to steady the nerves of the Russian Admiral by a clear intimation that the first shot fired at a British vessel will be regarded as an act of war.

The excitement in London among the masses found vent upon the arrival of Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, an ugly crowd about the Victoria Station hooting him and attempting to break the windows of his carriage.

German officials pronounce the act of the Russian Admiral "a prodigious blunder."

In official circles in Washington the affair has excited the apprehension that it might result in worldwide entanglements. Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, says it has been learned that the Japanese have been planning to inflict damage upon the Russian squadron before it reaches the far East, and the commander coming upon the fishing fleet at night probably mistook the boats for Japanese destroyers.

TODAY'S DISPATCHES.

London, Oct. 25.—It is stated this morning that the situation growing out of the shelling of the British fishing vessels in the North Sea, by the Russian Baltic fleet, has already been adjusted in principle. Russia has agreed to make every amendment within reason. She desires, however, to hear fully the report of her own officers. The main danger at present lies in the possibility of the St. Petersburg authorities failing to fully retract the red heat of English opinion, and, as a result, resorting to dilatory and evasive tactics in adjusting details. The remainder of the fishing fleet has been fully accounted for. Many, however, in their haste to get beyond the range of the Russian guns cut away their nets and other valuable gear, all of which Russia will be expected to make good. Premier Balfour arrived in London early this morning. As soon as his train reached the station he hurried to his office where he answered a mass of telegrams which had collected there. He then conferred with Foreign Secretary Lansdowne and a little later drove to Buckingham Palace, where he had an audience with King Edward. After his visit the King left for Newmarket. This latter fact is taken to indicate that the crisis has passed the acute stage, inasmuch as, otherwise, His Majesty would undoubtedly have remained in London.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—The Russian official coterie is chagrined over the North Sea affair. They are especially upset by the biting sarcasm of the German comments on the incident. It is understood the matter has been placed entirely in the hands of the czar and that his majesty has already made a decision for full apologies and indemnity. The eating of humble pie is just now peculiarly unrelishable and will probably serve to greatly intensify the anti-English feeling in government circles. The newspapers today print bare details of the affair and comment on it in guarded manner. The Novo Vremya takes the most frank position in the matter and says: "It was our own fault and every means should be taken to repair the injury."

London, Oct. 25.—Quotations on the Stock Exchange maintained a firm tone as a result of the belief that an amicable arrangement had been arrived at with Russia.

London, Oct. 25.—Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, had a conference today with Lord Lansdowne at the latter's home. Premier Balfour was present. The meeting was held at the foreign secretary's home, instead of a hostile demonstration against the Russian Ambassador. For this same purpose, the police are especially guarding the Russian Embassy.

London, Oct. 25.—It is now understood that England's note to Russia relative to the firing on the British vessels contained three demands, namely: First—An apology by the Russian government; second—Adequate compensation for the damage inflicted; third—An immediate inquiry by the St. Petersburg authorities to ascertain who the guilty officers are, and impose punishment on them.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—It is learned that Admiral von Voelkerskam commanded that part of the Baltic squadron which fired on the British fishing boats. London, Oct. 25.—Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, today expressed to Lord Lansdowne his personal regrets over the North Sea incident, Ambassador Choate had an interview with Lord Lansdowne today.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—The czar today telegraphed to King Edward expressing deep regret at what had occurred, and extending his sympathy with the families of those killed and wounded.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury, as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE McCUE CASE.

As stated in yesterday's Gazette the jury in the McCue case in Charlottesville was called that day, the two men wanted being selected from the Warrenton venire.

The 12 men composing the jury before whom the case will be tried are L. E. Holmes and U. G. Fewell, of Warrenton; S. B. Quinn, Jr., and Nelson Decker, of Fredericksburg; John A. Traylor, of Richmond, and John Y. Stockell, W. B. Spiers, A. J. Launders, James B. Prentiss, F. F. Parsons, A. S. Johnson and Shelton Chieves, of Petersburg. The clerk, Mr. Duke, then read the indictment charging the accused with the murder of his wife, Mrs. Fannie C. McCue, on September 4 last, and the prisoner's plea of not guilty. The gun with which Mrs. McCue was slain, and other gruesome relics of the tragedy which shocked Virginia from mountains to tidewater, were brought into court. The name of the first witness for the prosecution, Dr. Frank C. McCue, a brother of the prisoner, was called, and it looked as if the actual trial was at last under way.

Before the witness could be sworn, however, John L. Lee, George E. Walker and G. Burnley Sinclair, associate counsel for the defense, were seen in conversation with Mr. Harmon, who appeared to be leaning heavily on the arm of his chair. All four of the lawyers then arose and, asking to be excused for a few minutes, left the courtroom.

In a short time all of them returned except Mr. Harmon, Mr. Lee said that he was very sorry to report that Mr. Harmon's physical condition made it impossible for him to continue in the case. Court then adjourned until today.

The physicians agreed that Mr. Harmon would not be able to go into the case within 30 days, and a great many believe that Judge Morris will grant a postponement for that length of time, although the court has given no intimations of what is to be done. If delay is to occur, it will be very much regretted.

Charlottesville, Va., Oct. 25.—When court convened at 10 o'clock this morning the permanent retirement of Daniel Harmon, chief counsel for McCue, who is charged with the murder of his wife, was announced. Mr. Harmon is ill and an attorney from Lynchburg, Mr. Coleman, will take his place.

Dr. Frank C. McCue, the prisoner's brother, went on the stand as the first witness. He testified to having received a phone message from the prisoner on the night of the murder, saying that he had been assaulted and his wife probably killed. Dr. McCue went into details as to what he saw on arriving at his brother's house. Blood on his brother's undershirt, he presumed, came from a face wound on the ex-mayor's cheek. Dr. McCue's testimony varied somewhat from that he gave at the coroner's inquest and was more favorable to the prisoner.

Frank McCue was on the stand two hours and proved a good witness for the defense, though he was put on by the prosecution. He dwelt with especial emphasis on the dazed condition of his brother the night of the murder.

Dr. S. C. Venable, who helped examine Mrs. McCue's body, was called as the next witness. It is said that he will contradict some statements of Dr. McCue.

THE RECENT LYNCHING.

Berkeley near Norfolk, where George Brent, colored, was lynched early yesterday morning, is now quiet and no further trouble is expected. The town last night was guarded by a provisional company of 50 men from Norfolk. Colonel Higgins, of the Seventy-first Regiment, says he can throw enough men into Berkeley within an hour to cope with any situation that may develop.

It is now stated that the affair at Berkeley was participated in by four masked men only, the actual killing being but one of these. Shortly after noon yesterday W. W. Robertson, a lumber dealer and a leading resident of Berkeley, in front of whose house the killing occurred, called upon Mayor Allan and made a statement to that official.

Robertson was a witness to the tragedy. He saw it from his bedroom window. He was awakened a few minutes before 8 o'clock by screams from some one on the outside. Going to his bedroom window, he saw five forms in the middle of the street. Four of the men were pounding upon the fifth man, who was down. Robertson, up to this time, had no idea that murder was being done. He thought an arrest had been attempted.

Then the cries of the man who was down became so intense that three of the men, presumably taking fright, fled. This left the fourth man leaning over the prostrate form, with the latter face down on the street-car track. The fourth man, who, it then could be seen, was masked, suddenly stopped and, drawing a pistol from his hip pocket, put it to the back of the head of the man who was down and fired. The murderer then fled with the others.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 25.—In Berkeley, the scene of the Blount lynching, early this morning a negro fired on the patrol soldiers. The fire was returned and the negro fell to the ground. The soldiers rushed toward him, but he arose and fled. He may have been hit but his falling is thought to have been a feint. The shooting aroused the town and caused considerable excitement, but quiet was soon restored. Another negro, who refused to move when ordered to do so, was forced at the point of a bayonet. These two incidents caused a ripple in the otherwise quiet night. Additional evidence is being collected for the coroner's jury which convenes again on Friday.

Passengers and Crew Rescued. San Juan, Oct. 25.—The schooner Cordelia Hayes, which arrived here today brought to port the passengers and crew of the British steamer Kelvin which was abandoned at sea on October 7. Her passengers and crew, forty-two in number, manned the life boats and left the vessel. They encountered awful hardships, being at sea in the open boats for seventeen days. Yesterday they were picked up by the schooner.

Loss of a Steamship. Tampa, Fla., Oct. 25.—The Spanish steamship Ontaneda, which arrived here this morning, reported the loss of the steamship Massachusetts 17 miles north of Old Bahama Channel. The Massachusetts was bound from Cardiff, Wales, to New Orleans and was consigned to the Leyland line. Nothing was known of the fate of the crew.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

As was stated in the Gazette of that day, an agreement on the divorce question was reached yesterday by the House of Bishops and the House of Deputies of the Episcopal General Convention in session in Boston after many days of discussion. That section of the canon bearing directly on the remarriage of divorced persons which was amended by the bishops Saturday, assented to by the deputies yesterday and becomes effective at once, is as follows:

"No minister, knowingly, after due inquiry, shall solemnize the marriage of any person who has been or is the husband or the wife of any other person then living, from whom he or she has been divorced for any cause arising after marriage. But this canon shall not be held to apply to the innocent party in a divorce for adultery; provided, that before the application for such remarriage a period of not less than one year shall have elapsed after the granting of such divorce; and that satisfactory evidence touching the facts in the case, including a copy of the court's decree, and record if practicable, with such proof that the defendant was personally served or appeared in the action, be laid before the ecclesiastical authority and such ecclesiastical authority, having taken legal advice thereon, shall have declared in writing that in his judgement the case of the applicant conforms to the requirements of this canon, and provided further that it shall be within the discretion of any minister to decline to solemnize any marriage."

The bishops adopted an amendment to a section referring to the administration of sacraments, providing that if a clergyman shall have reasonable cause to doubt whether a person has been married "otherwise than the Word of God and discipline of this church allows," such clergyman shall refer the matter to the bishop before administering the sacraments. The deputies had made an exception in favor of the "innocent party divorced on the ground of adultery" who had remarried, but the bishops struck out the exception. Their action was accepted by the House of Deputies yesterday.

It is understood that an attempt will be made to have the next convention specifically declare against remarriage under any conditions.

The House of Deputies rejected a resolution to strike out the words "Protestant Episcopal" from the title page of the Book of Common Prayer.

Rev. Francis Tait, of Chester, Pa., was elected assistant bishop of South Dakota. The report of a special committee appointed early in the session to consider the subject of lynching was, with almost unanimous consent, laid on the table.

Boston, Oct. 25.—The Episcopal House of Deputies began this last day's work with a short calendar. Attendance was small, several of the delegates having already left for home. A message was read from the House of Bishops proposing a joint committee on prohibited degrees in marriage. The matter was laid on the table. Dr. Huntington spoke for his resolution to discontinue the commission for work among the colored people and transferring their duties to the new boards of bishops. He thought that a more vigorous campaign could be carried on in the work in the south under the proposed arrangement. The resolution of Mr. Hicks, of Arkansas, concerning proportionate representation was laid on the table.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon, the convention will meet in Trinity Church, where the pastoral letter will be read by Bishop Potter, of New York. The convention will then adjourn.

Bishop Read Riot Act. Buffalo, Oct. 25.—While the Methodist ministers were gathering for their meeting yesterday to take action preliminary to presenting a memorial to the Board of Bishops against the assignment of ministers in the Genesee conference, Bishop Thomas B. Neely, of Philadelphia, who made the appointments swooped down upon them. The Bishop read the riot act to the ministers, in an unsuccessful effort to deter them from their purposes. The memorial will be presented to the Board of Bishops, which begins its session in New Haven, Conn., today. Much anger was displayed and voices were pitched high during the ministers meeting, which lasted four hours, and it left rancor and heat burning on each side. The Bishop announced there would be no revoking of appointments. The preachers do not intend to ask for any changes. They say they are fighting for a principal not for individual men or specific churches.

The meeting came to an end with the Bishops and ministers in an angry frame of mind, and the memorial to the Board of Bishops remaining intact.

Political Troubles in Porto Rico. San Juan, P. R., Oct. 25.—Porto Rico is in the throes of a hotly waged political campaign. The insular government has its hands full preserving order at the registration places. The republican and unionist parties are engaging in acrimonious debates almost hourly and mud-slinging is the order of the day. At some of the registration places judges of election have deliberately refused to accept the registration of voters even when the voter has taken oath to the necessary questions.

All Quiet at Seat of War. St. Petersburg, Oct. 25.—General Kuropatkin reports that yesterday passed quietly at the Shabke river.

Saves Two From Death. "Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but when all other remedies failed, I saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Depend on Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and \$1.00 bottles guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons. Trial bottle free.

THELMA SAFETY and REDUCA SQUARE FOLDING, HOT AIR and VAPOR BATH CABINETS. Latest, best, cheapest. Greatly reduced prices, \$2.50 and \$3.00. For sale by E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS.

LEADBEATER'S EMULSION OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL, combined with hypophosphites of lime and soda. Fourteen ounce bottle 50 cents. For sale by E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS.

"THE LION" METAL POLISH for cleaning and polishing Brass, Copper, etc. Price 25c. For sale by E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS.

LEADBEATER'S Perfected Preparation of the Tonic Extract of COD LIVER OIL. 12 ounce bottles, 75c. For sale by E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS.

Sensational Developments Expected.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The trial by court martial of D'Au-triche, Colonel Rollin, and Captains Mareschal and Francois, who are accused of having been responsible for irregularities in the books of the accountant's department of the War Office, opened in Paris this morning. The four men on trial are said to have connived with the anti-Dreyfus element, and to have made an erasure in the books of the War Office to hide the paying of government funds to an anti-Dreyfus witness. The court martial proceedings ended at the conclusion of the first official report which stated that the Dreyfus amnesty prevented the trial. It was decided, however, to hear the full evidence and pass a regular verdict according to the request of the officers involved. Sensational revelations in connection with the Dreyfus affair, it is announced, will be brought out in the hearing.

The Russian Baltic Fleet. Brest, France, Oct. 25.—Three torpedo boat destroyers and a transport passed Ushant, off the coast of Brittany today, steering west.

Vigo, Spain, Oct. 25.—Five Russian colliers have arrived here and four others have reached Brest. They are waiting the arrival of the Baltic fleet, the vessels of which will take coal from the vessels.

The Russian Consul General at Madrid has arrived at Vigo and assumed charge of the colliers. The Spanish warships Riolata and Estremadura have left Ferrol for Estapa and Arosa to preserve neutrality regulations.

London, Oct. 25.—The Vigo, Spain, correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company, reports that the Spanish government has ordered the authorities at Vigo not to permit the Russian fleet to coal there.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES. Judge Parker spent most of his first day in New York, this week, in conference with local leaders, among them being several representatives of Tammany Hall.

While the manager and two clerks of the branch of the Bank of Hamilton, near Plum Conlee, south of Winnipeg, Man., were transferring \$3,000 to another branch of the bank, they were held up by highwaymen, who secured the money. The highwaymen escaped into North Dakota.

Friction has become manifest between the Chinese and Japanese at Nuchwang due to the acceptance of promissory notes by the Japanese. Twelve leading Chinese merchants have been put in jail. It is reported that Chinese coming from the north to Nuchwang who have Russian money are at once arrested.

The Boston elevated railway car barn, at Forest Hills, was burned early this morning. The building and thirty cars were destroyed, entailing a loss estimated at \$75,000. Conductor Thomas Duff was asleep in his car, which he ran into the barn shortly after midnight, and was suffocated.

Betting on the election in New York today was 4 to 1 on Roosevelt as against 5 to 1 yesterday.

Suicide of a Dowdite. Police authorities of Kokomo, Ind., have identified a well-dressed young man who took arsenic in the Lake Erie and Western Railroad station at Kokomo and afterward died, as Verne Krall, until recently of Zion City, Ill. His father lives at Hoopston, Ill. In one pocket was found the following letter addressed to a Chicago newspaper:

"Will you please put my photograph in the paper so my folks can claim me. They do not know where I am. They live near Chicago. I belonged to Dowdite's church the last two years, but this summer they got hold of my money I had in the bank, and they took it out and I could not get it back. After they got my money they made me leave the church without a cent and so I am not going to try to save any more money. I am going to quit. I had saved up a good deal in the two years and they took every cent. I did not register by my right name. That is the reason I ask you to put this in the paper. Goodbye and oblige."

Krall had a position of trust in one of the Dowdie industries and the handling of considerable money. He had trouble on account of an alleged irregularity, and had been arrested and was to have been tried this month on a charge of embezzlement.

The Races. Jamaica, N. Y., Oct. 25.—Merry Lark won, Escutcheon second, Jerry C. third. Second race—Viona won, Prince Ching second, Funnyside third.

Cause of Lockjaw. Lockjaw, or tetanus, is caused by a bacillus or germ which exists plentifully in street dirt. It is inactive so long as exposed to the air, but when carried beneath the skin, as in the wounds caused by percussion caps or by rusty nails, and when the air is excluded the germ is roused to activity and produces the most virulent poison known. These germs may be destroyed and all danger of lockjaw avoided by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely as soon as the injury is received. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and causes such injuries to heal without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. It is for sale by Gibson & Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

DIED. At the residence, 610 South Fairfax street, at 8 p. m., Sunday, October 23, 1904, CAESAR M. LUDWIG, wife of William C. Chauncey, aged 42 years. Funeral from the residence tomorrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private. [Washington and New York papers please copy.]

At the home of his parents, 1113 Prince street, at 10 minutes past five this morning, JOHN WILLIAM, infant son of Clifton C. and Hattie C. Coffin, 1 year and 10 days old, died tomorrow (Wednesday) evening at 4 o'clock.