



MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 18, 1906.

During the debate in the Senate last week on the Panama canal bill, Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, predicted that the canal work had begun the cost of its completion would exceed \$400,000,000. He charged that the first three years were equal to reckless extravagance and exorbitant salaries to the first three years of the De Lesseps project, and every word he said was absolutely true. This canal almost bankrupted France and it bids fair to seriously disturb the finances of the United States. In his testimony before the Senate committee last week Secretary Taft admitted that although 17,000 men were now employed by the canal, not a shovel full of earth had been moved since last July. The next day two employees of the canal who returned to New York said they did not understand such statements as those made by Secretary Taft for, they said, five thousand feet of earth had been removed every month since last July. Setting Secretary Taft's testimony aside, for argument sake, and giving full credence to the statements of the two returned employees, it is shown that it takes at an average of 3,400 men a month to move 1,000 feet of earth, or a little upwards of 33 tons a day. As millions upon millions of tons are to be moved, it will be seen that at this rate the canal could not be built in hundreds of years. No wonder the canal people wanted an emergency appropriation of \$16,000,000 to run them from the time Congress met till it reassembled after the holidays.

A DISPATCH from Annapolis, Md., says it is rumored among the midshipmen that when the congressional investigation of hazing begins, the whole of the upper classmen will, as a body, admit that they have participated in hazing. This is good. Now, should they pursue this course (which, however, it is feared they will not) let every one of them be promptly dismissed from the service and be turned over to the Maryland civil authorities by whom they should be tried for assault and battery with intent to maim, disfigure, disable and kill.

IN THE HOUSE Saturday a resolution was introduced by Mr. Pearce, of Maryland, blaming the officers for hazing and similar evils at the naval academy at Annapolis, and providing for an investigation. Mr. Pearce has at last struck the key note. The officers at the academy are the men to be hauled over the coals. If they don't know that hazing is carried on there, they are fools, and if they do, and don't stop it, they are knaves—and neither fools nor knaves are fit to be at the head of naval, or any other kind of academies.

THE ESCUES of democratic Senators has re-elected without opposition Mr. Gorman, of Maryland, as chairman. No better selection could have been made. Mr. Gorman is a leader of men and his four years' absence from the Senate was seriously felt by every democrat in that body.

From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.) Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.

Comptroller of the Currency Bridgely left here on Saturday for Chicago, having been hurriedly summoned by parties interested in the financial institutions whose suspension is announced this morning. Deputy Comptroller Kane received a long distance phone message from the Comptroller at 4 o'clock this morning acquainting him with the plans for the winding up of the concerns' affairs and the pledge to depositors made by the Chicago Clearing House Bank. An official statement regarding the affair is expected to be made by Comptroller Bridgely in Chicago.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw this morning received the following telegraphic report from Comptroller Bridgely at Chicago in reference to the suspension of the Chicago banks: "Clearing house banks guarantee the payment of all liabilities of the three banks, which will liquidate and pay everything in full. The officers and directors will resign and be replaced by a clearing house committee and examiner Bosworth who will run the bank and conduct the liquidation. This should relieve the situation and prevent further trouble here or elsewhere."

There was another Panama canal conference at the White House today, at which were present Secretary of War Taft, Attorney General Moody, Chairman Shonts and Senator Kittredge, of South Dakota, member of the Senate canal committee.

Congressman Smyser, counsel for Mrs. Grace Taggart, denies emphatically that Mrs. Taggart is hiding in Washington, also the story that he is pushing for court martial proceedings against Captain Taggart before the War Department. "Mrs. Taggart is not here, nor within five hundred miles of here," he said. "She has not left Wooster either to be in contempt of the court or for any other sinister purpose. At the proper time she will return here."

Two dispatches were received at the State Department this morning from the American Consul General at Shanghai telling of riotous conditions there, as a result of which several foreigners and two Chinese have been killed, and

a police station and several other buildings burned. The trouble arose from a strike, which had caused a suspension of Chinese business. The mixed International Court is said to have been involved in the trouble, but how it is not stated. According to the 2nd dispatch, the situation is very serious. Naval forces from foreign ships are preserving order in the streets. So far as has been learned no American has been killed or injured.

Dispatches received from the American by the State Department consulate at Shanghai describing the situation there up to two o'clock this morning indicate the gravity of the riots among the Chinese there. Many persons have been injured, while some thirty foreigners and Chinese are killed. Americans so far are unharmed. British marines have landed and according to the last dispatch the Cruiser Baltimore is expected to send assistance. This has probably been done by now. The streets are guarded by volunteers, which is taken to mean that foreigners from the quarter of the city in which they live are maintaining order in that section of Shanghai. The English ships in the harbor, beside sending marines ashore, have cleared their decks for action. This means that in case of necessity the Chinese portion of Shanghai may be shelled. The legation has wired the American ships near Shanghai, beside the Villalobos, Eleanora and the Quiros, the latter being at Kiukiang-Eioano is at Tsang. The three vessels besides the Baltimore are gunboats. The cause of the strike of Chinese laborers and the consequent riots is still undisclosed here. Dispatches merely say that the trouble arose over the mixed court.

A resolution appropriating \$31,000,000 to construct a fourteen foot water way from Chicago to St. Louis was introduced in the House today, by Representative Lorimer, republican, Illinois. The proposed route is through the Chicago Ship and Drainage canal which has already cost \$50,000,000 and which will cost \$25,000,000 more to complete through the Desplaines river to the Mississippi. A survey of this route has just been completed.

This government has been informed of the proposed change of the meeting place of the international Moroccan conference from Algiers to Madrid. It is understood that the change is caused by the lack of accommodations at the former place. The battleship Louisiana, which is now back at Newport News for her finishing touches after speed tests and standardization trials on the government coast of Bookland, Me., promised to be one of the best warships in the world. The Louisiana was built to develop 18 knots, with 16,000 horse power and 120 revolutions of the screws per minute. She attained this speed with between fifteen and sixteen thousand horsepower on 113 revolutions. She can make close to 19 knots even in her present unimbered shape. Although the Louisiana's contrast horsepower is but 16,000 she can develop all but a fraction under 20,000.

Chairman Shonts of the Panama Canal Commission denies the report that he has resigned from the Presidency of the Clover Leaf Railroad. He says, however, that he has relinquished active control in the management of the affairs of that road which is now being conducted by George H. Ross, the vice-president. With reference to the conference at the White House last night on canal affairs at which Chairman Shonts, Senators Allison and Hale, and former press agent Bishop were present, Mr. Shonts says that the President will make a statement as to its results within a day or two. Only matters of policy were discussed, he says. There will be no changes for the present in personnel or salaries.

The bill for the erection of a Memorial Bridge over the Potomac, recently introduced in the Senate by Senator Daniel and referred, was today favorably reported to the Senate by Senator Martin with the recommendation that it be passed. Both the Virginia Senators will urge the passage of the bill, but it is feared that after it gets through the Senate it will have a hard road in the House.

In the Supreme Court of the United States today Justice Harlan, presiding, in place of Chief Justice Fuller, who was absent, an order was announced, setting for argument on January 15 case brought to review the case of Caleb Powers, three times sentenced in Kentucky for complicity in the assassination of Governor Goebel, the endeavor of counsel for Powers being to take the case out of the State court and into the federal court.

Congressman Rixey has received a letter from Abington stating that the employees of the internal revenue office, which was removed there from Alexandria, are very much dissatisfied with that place and urging him to use all his endeavors to have the office brought back to Alexandria.

Harry Hamilton, about 55 years old, was found dead in bed at the Merchants' Hotel this morning. He was a stranger in the city and did not register from what city he belonged. Death was due to natural causes. Washington W. Bulcher, former secretary and treasurer of a symposium in the government printing who disappeared sometime ago with a shortage in his accounts, has returned to the city. He claimed that he tried to help a friend in trouble. It is probable that the matter will be satisfactorily adjusted.

News of the Day.

Evidence of a plot to seize and carry off Premier Witte has been reported. It is again rumored that Chauncey M. Depew will resign from the United States Senate and that ex-Governor Black will succeed him.

Geo. Huffman, representing himself to be the "true prophet" of Christ, was tarred and feathered at Perth, Kan., Saturday night by a mob. In an attempt to suppress a revolt in Kutais, Transcaucasia, the troops fired upon the people, killing many persons, including Turkish subjects. It is practically certain that Lord Curzon, former viceroy of India, will represent the city of London in the House of Commons, in succession to Sir Joseph Dinsdale. Paul Morton, president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, has issued an appeal to policy-holders in all States to use their influence to prevent adverse legislation by State legislatures.

Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, himself under sentence of death for the murder of Millionaire Rice, gained a respite for

a fellow-prisoner who was to have been executed tomorrow by acting as his counsel and invoking the law's delay.

The international warships that took part in the demonstration to enforce the demands of the powers in regard to the Macedonian reforms have been ordered to return to their respective stations, the Porte having agreed to the demands.

Miss Daisy Wilkinson, a popular young schoolteacher, of Logan county, W. Va., shot and killed Herman Nolan, colored, who attempted to assault her, on Saturday. The shooting occurred on the highway running through a woodland.

Dr. W. S. Forbes, professor of anatomy and clinical surgery at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, died yesterday of angina pectoris. He had been ill but a short time. Dr. Forbes was born in Falmouth, Va., seventy-four years ago.

Charles A. Herlich testified in a New York court Saturday that Attorney Abe Hummel paid him to act as a "dummy" in the Dodge-Morse divorce case, when he was to stand and be identified as Dodge, one of the principals in the case, in order to annul the divorce between Dodge and his wife.

Four persons, employees, were cremated and a number of others rescued by desperate means in a fire of unknown origin which destroyed the Verbeck Theatre at Larain, Ohio, early yesterday morning. The efforts of the imprisoned tenants to escape when they discovered the fire were pitiful.

Five men were killed by an explosion Saturday at the Dupont company's dynamite works near Marquette, Mich. About fourteen hundred pounds of nitroglycerine exploded in the mixing house of the company's factory, which is three miles distant from Marquette. The explosion badly damaged the plant and caused much excitement in Marquette.

Open acknowledgment by the government of the right of corporations to combine and form trusts under the supervision of the federal statutes, with all due safeguards provided for the public, is the remedy advocated for present industrial ills of the nation by Commissioner Garfield, of the Bureau of Corporations.

Secretary Root is anxious concerning the threatened German tariff imbroglio. He is giving earnest thought to the most practical means to be adopted to induce the Senate, at as early a date as possible, to agree to some tariff concessions to Germany. If this is not done within the next two and a half months all the signs indicate that there will be a heavy loss in American trade in that part of the world.

President Roosevelt, in justification of his course regarding the non-prosecution of Paul Morton, makes public his correspondence with Mr. Moody in the Santa Fe rebate case. The correspondence consists of two letters, one from Attorney General Moody to the President's response, in which he approves Mr. Moody's decision that there was no warrant for the prosecution of Mr. Morton.

The bodies of Martin Alhast and John Salkis, mine workers, of Port Griffith, Pa., were found yesterday morning near their homes. They had been shot and clubbed to death and robbed of their two weeks' earnings, which they received at the mines Saturday. They were not together, but the police believe that they were murdered and robbed by the same gang, which has committed several robberies recently on pay day nights.

After binding the railroad watchman, William Jones, and his twelve-year-old son to chairs in the railroad station at Suffolk, Conn., yesterday morning before daylight, six bank robbers pried their way into the Suffolk Savings Bank, on Main street, blew open the safe after the fourth attempt, and made away with about \$50,000 worth of registered bonds and stocks not negotiable, according to President M. T. Newton, of the institution. They overlooked \$8,000 in cash and negotiable bonds in a drawer near by. The robbers made their escape, leaving no clew whatever.

A gold cross set with diamonds, suspended on a gold chain, was cut from the vestments of Rev. Charles H. Colton, bishop of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Buffalo, while he was attending the dedication of St. Nicholas Greek Catholic Church yesterday. The cross was valued at more than \$1,000. The cross hung about the bishop's neck over all his robes. While in a crush immediately after the service the cross disappeared. Police were summoned quietly, and while no one was searched, everyone was closely scrutinized leaving the church. The bishop has offered a reward for the return of the cross.

The North Coast limited, westbound, on the Northern Pacific Railroad, was held up and robbed 15 miles west of North Yakima, Wash., Saturday night. Two masked men compelled the engineer to stop the train and run the locomotive, the mail and the express cars half a mile west of the train. The robbers dynamited the express cars, shattered the through and local safes and escaped with the contents. The amount of plunder from the through safe is unknown to the messenger. The contents of the local, it is said, were not of great value. Passengers were not molested and no one was injured, according to reports.

As the result of the agitation in Congress and in the press of the employment by the Panama canal commission of a press agent, and especially as a result of the severe criticisms of that act by Senators of both parties, it was authoritatively announced on the floor of the Senate Saturday by Senator Hale, before the administration's emergency appropriation bill for the canal was passed, that the press agency would be abolished. Mr. Hale had an interview with the President on the subject earlier in the day, and before he made public announcement of the decision arrived at by the President on this point he assured Senators privately that it would be done.

Albert Miller, an athlete, 19 years old, met death in a peculiar way in a hotel at Windsor, Pa., Saturday night. Miller, who prided himself as a heavy hitter, was striking an automatic punching bag in an apartment of the hotel. In aiming a blow at the bag he missed the object entirely and, losing his equilibrium, fell over, his head coming in contact with a blunt projection to which the bag was suspended. The blow fractured the youth's skull and he fell to the floor limp and unconscious. A physician was summoned, but Miller died despite all efforts to revive him. A justice of the peace, acting for the coroner, is making an investigation, as there is said to be some mystery surrounding the man's death.

Virginia News.

Colonel George C. Cabell, jr., will run for congress in the Norfolk district against H. L. Maynard next year.

Fire broke out Friday night in Front Royal in the frame wing of the Afton Inn Hotel and caused slight damage.

The storm which raged Friday and Saturday was one of the severest ever experienced in Virginia this early in the season.

While calling on the daughter of a friend John P. Strode, of Stephen City, was stricken with heart disease and fell dead yesterday.

Virginia is the second State in the Union in the total number of postoffice, having 3,426, a fairly close second to Pennsylvania which has 4,377.

The Gladys Inn, at Clifton, the largest hotel on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, was damaged \$5,000 by fire yesterday. This is the third time the Gladys Inn has been on fire in the past three months.

James Walker, a traveling salesman of Richmond, was shot through the neck at Catlettsburg yesterday, by Henry Price, city attorney of that place. Jealousy of a young woman is said to have been the cause of the shooting.

Mr. Heber Ker dropped dead at his residence in Staunton yesterday, aged 69 years. Mr. Ker was a prominent republican leader of that section and had been employed as chief deputy United States marshal under Col. S. Brown Allen for years.

The marriage of Miss Louise Patton Baker, formerly of Winchester, but now of Washington, to Mr. William Wood Glass, of Waynesboro, took place Saturday at the Church of the Epiphany in Washington. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Randolph McKim.

Lelia Baker, a young unmarried woman, who had been on trial charged with the killing of her infant child by suffocation at her home near Waterford, last September, was acquitted on Friday and released. The accused, who is about 22 years of age, was of respectable parentage.

The sleet storm that raged for 18 hours at the end of the week left the State under a coating of ice that will cost thousands of dollars. Wires were prostrated in every direction and travel was interfered with, especially for pedestrians in many of the cities, who were in continual danger of live wires torn from their places.

Henry Michie, one of the three men accused of participating in the crime of blackmailing Robert Ballantine, who killed himself a week ago, surprised the Charlottesville authorities Saturday by voluntarily returning to the city and giving himself up to the officers of the law. He was released on bail and declared he knew nothing of the affair.

Janie Laws, a domestic employed by Town Sergeant George C. Ricamore, of Berryville, was found yesterday evening suffering from a wound in the stomach caused by a bullet from a 32-caliber revolver. The girl stated that she was shot by an unknown white man wearing blue overalls. The revolver was later identified by Sergeant Ricamore as belonging to him. The girl's condition is serious.

The Hotel McAden, at South Hill, was burned to the ground early yesterday morning, its thirty or more guests being turned out into the blizzard-like weather which has prevailed in Virginia since last Friday. The town was saved only by heroic work on the part of the citizens, who were greatly aided by the cool-headed direction of the Rev. Mr. Hall, the new Methodist minister, whose power of organization was marked.

Instead of getting out an injunction against Rev. Father Guzzardi, the Italians of Norfolk who are opposing him have telegraphed to Bishop Van De Vyver, at Richmond, to direct Father Guzzardi to deliver the keys of the Italian church. The object is to prevent Father Guzzardi from holding a meeting in the church this afternoon to see whether the congregation want the gifts with the keys of the church to Father Doherty, of St. Mary's, as directed by the Bishop. The opponents of Father Guzzardi insist that the meeting will not be held in the church today. They contend that the proposed meeting may break up in a row.

Richmond was in a heavy coating of ice Saturday. Every policeman in the city and every fireman, including the regular reserves and call men, were on duty that night patrolling the city to warn people away from fallen wires and to watch out for fires. The fire alarm system is a wreck, except in the business section of the city, and the telephone and street car systems were seriously crippled. Richmond was almost wholly cut off from telegraph and telephone communication with the north and south. The handsome old trees in Capitol square have been broken and fallen in all directions. Trees in old St. John's Church yard have also succumbed.

Fifty-ninth Congress.

Washington, Dec. 18.

SENATE.

Mr. Cullom announced that he had received a number of personal letters urging the ratification of the reciprocity treaties. As they were in the form of petitions, he said, he did not feel at liberty to file them. The House resolution fixing the holiday recess from December 21 to January 4, was passed without objection.

Mr. Bailey raised the question of the status of Senator Burton, of Kansas, now on bail pending an appeal to the U. S. Supreme Court for violation of the laws prohibiting Senators from accepting fees or conducting legal business before the departments. He declared that the Senate should take such a case in its own hands and decide upon the right of a Senator under charges to perform the functions of his office.

The discussion arose over the announcement of the committee assignments upon which Mr. Burton's name did not appear.

Mr. Hale declared that the omission of Mr. Burton's name was upon his own request. Mr. Bailey referred to the failure of the Senate to have been officially informed of the death of Senator Mitchell. Mr. Teller, Colorado, defended the memory of the late Senator Mitchell, declaring that he could not bring himself to agree with the court which convicted him. He pointed to the fact that the Senator had died almost a pauper.

HOUSE.

The House disagreed to the Senate amendments to the urgent deficiency ap-

propriation bill of \$11,000,000 for the Panama canal, the main one being the elimination of the House provision that the canal bonds be placed on the same footing with other two per cent. bonds. The bill was sent to conference.

The debate as to the proper committee reference of the insurance recommendations in the President's message, was whole.

Fred Landis, republican, of Indiana, made his maiden speech. He discussed the question of insurance from the viewpoint of a policyholder. "Publicity," he said, "is the cure for the evils, and Congress can secure it."

Today's Telegraphic News

Reign of Terror in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 17. (via Elytkuhnen, Dec. 18).—An awful reign of bloodshed prevails in the Saratoff and neighboring provinces where General Maximovitch, the successor of General Sakharoff, is trying to stamp out the peasant rebellion. The Cossacks under Maximovitch's command have been given a free hand to murder and plunder everywhere they have gone, and awful outrages have been committed. At Pavlodar fifty-seven persons were flogged to death. At Lipnyak nine persons suffered a like fate, and at Alcocki five persons were beaten until they died. All the inhabitants of Alexandrowak, including women and children, were publicly flogged. Hundreds of peasants with mutilated bodies, their injuries being the result of the Cossack outrages, are lying ill in the neighboring villages. Every person even suspected of holding advanced political views is flogged. The whips used by the fierce Cossacks were coils of copper wire which are lead balls. With these the peasants are lashed brutally. The following order has been issued to the Cossacks to govern them in dealing with the peasants: "Never enter a village without first reconnoitering. If you suspect the villagers are not loyal, set fire to the outskirts at once, and demand that all grain shall be given to you for the troops. If the villagers refuse, shoot with ball cartridges. You must terrorize all the peasants. Kill the swine when necessary and always destroy their cottages and farms."

Berlin, Dec. 18.—Dispatches brought by couriers from the frontier of the Baltic provinces of Russia, state that the rebels dynamited a military train, which was carrying reinforcements of troops from Riga to Orel. Over 200 Cossacks were killed outright and 400 others were terribly injured, their bodies in many instances being horribly mutilated.

Other dispatches brought in the same way give some figures on the casualties reported to have occurred in the Baltic provinces as follows: At Riga, 700 killed and 1,500 wounded; Mitau, 200 killed and 600 wounded; Dorpat, 150 killed, and 400 wounded; Shavly, 50 killed and many wounded; Wenden, forty killed, and over 100 wounded; Wolmarixen, 100 wounded.

Eytkuhnen, East Prussia, Dec. 18.—The guards on the St. Petersburg express which arrived this morning state that the troops at Riga have gone over to the rebels. The town is being bombarded and is a fire in many places. The St. Petersburg train brought here more than 200 refugees, all well-to-do people, who are fleeing from St. Petersburg. Every place along the line from St. Petersburg to this city the passengers on the train saw fires burning.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 17 (via Eytkuhnen, Dec. 18).—A train bearing 12,000,000 roubles which should have arrived here at 11 o'clock Saturday night has not yet reached the city. Although it is guarded by a strong military patrol, it is feared some serious accident has occurred to the train.

St. Petersburg, via Eytkuhnen, Dec. 18.—The city today is like an armed camp. Troops are visible at many points and strong patrols are stationed everywhere. During the night just closed carriages drawn by four horses each were passing through all the streets carrying prisoners to the prisons and fortress. The workingmen's delegates have been unable to hold a meeting anywhere owing to the strict guard kept upon them. Premier Witte is determined to crush the revolutionary agitation now at any price, and has adopted the plan of preventing the workingmen from holding conferences. A general revolt of the army is expected. An incident occurred yesterday which shows that the Preobajeski regiment, which has been reported to be discontented, is still loyal. The regiment was reviewed by the Czar, who appeared carrying his young son, the Czarевич, in his arms. The soldiers manifested the greatest enthusiasm over the monarch and the young heir to the Russian throne, this disproving all the reports of their alleged dissatisfaction.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 18.—Absolute civil war is now about to commence. The authorities are panic stricken on account of the growth of the insurrection at Riga, and are determined to make one gigantic effort to crush the revolution once for all. It is reported that all the troops in the capital, except the guards, will be sent to Riga and they will be given orders to suppress the insurrection at any cost, and to resort to any measures, even to the extermination of the populace if necessary. It is stated that 60,000 armed rebels, including the former garrison of the town which has joined the rebels and additional reinforcements, are ready to give battle to the troops when they arrive at Riga.

The issue of the expected conflict is regarded as being more than doubtful. Admiral Dubassoff has left St. Petersburg for Moscow, and he is invested with extraordinary powers to deal with the situation there.

Two manifestos will be issued tomorrow dealing with the subject of martial law and the improvement of the army.

A Bad Scare.

Some day you will get a bad scare, when you feel a pain in your breast, and fear appendicitis. Safely lies in Dr. King's New Life Pills, a sure cure for all bowel and stomach diseases, such as headache, biliousness, constiveness, etc. Guaranteed at E. S. Leadbeater & Sons' drug store, only 35c. Try them.

IN MEMORIAM.

In memory of IDA A. ENTWISLE, who departed this life December 18, 1899—six years ago today.

Not far in a lonely graveyard, Where the trees their branches wave, Lies our dear beloved mother In her cold and silent grave. Six years have passed and still we miss her, Some may think the wound is healed, But they little know the sorrow Within our hearts concealed. BY HER DAUGHTER AND SISTER.

The Market. Georgetown, Dec. 18.—Wheat 65.81.

DRY GOODS. Lansburgh & Bro. Washington's Favorite Store. UMBRELLAS Are Standbys as Christmas Gifts. Women's Umbrellas, 26-inch Paragon frame, cover of silk Gloria, with pretty gilt handles. Special \$1.00. Women's Fine Silk Gloria Umbrellas; 26-inch Paragon frame; pretty handles of silver and pearl, gold and pearl, horn \$1.50. Women's All-silk Tape-edge, Black and all colors, 26-inch Umbrellas. Special on wearing materials \$2.25. Children's English Gloria Umbrellas; 22 and 24-inch frame; fancy or natural wood handles 49c. Men's Umbrellas; 28-inch Paragon frame; cover of silk Gloria, horn and natural wood; plain or trimmed handles. Special on wearing materials \$1.00. Men's Fine Silk Gloria 28-inch Umbrellas; natural wood, plain or trimmed and horn handles \$1.50. Men's Silk Gloria 28-inch Umbrellas; handles of horn, natural wood, plain or trimmed \$2.00. Men's Union Taffeta 28-inch Umbrellas, of the best wearing material; made; natural wood and horn handles \$3.00.

DRY GOODS. Lansburgh & Bro., 420 to 426 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D. C. Bank Failures. Chicago, Dec. 18.—The failure of the Chicago National Bank, the Home Savings Bank, and the Equitable Trust Company was announced early this morning by the representatives of the Chicago Clearing House Association, after a long session of 18 hours. The depositors of the three institutions will be paid in full, the Chicago Clearing House banks pledging themselves to this purpose. John R. Walsh is head of the three institutions involved, and the trouble was brought about by investments in coal and railway enterprises of Mr. Walsh. The deposits of the Chicago National Bank are estimated at more than \$16,000,000, and the Home Savings Bank has deposits of more than 8,000 persons. The deposits of the Equitable Trust Company amount to more than \$4,000,000. In addition to the formal statement of suspension and the announcement that the banks involved would not open their doors this morning, an announcement was made, signed by the clearing house committee of the Chicago Associated Banks, to the effect that deposits will be paid in full upon public monies on deposit in the Chicago demand. As early as 8 o'clock a crowd began to gather in front of the banks waiting for the doors to open. John A. R. Walsh has resigned as president of the Chicago National Bank, and was succeeded by Charles H. Bosworth, National Bank examiner, whose investigations brought about the crash.

DRY GOODS. Lansburgh & Bro. Cotton Dress Patterns. For the Holidays. The new 1906 designs in Printed and Woven Cotton Dress Fabrics and dress in time for the Holidays. Cut in dress lengths, neatly folded and banded, ready for presentation, as follows: 8 yards Percale \$1.00 the Pattern 10 yards Percale \$1.25 the Pattern 10 yards Gingham \$1.25 the Pattern 12 yards Gingham \$1.50 the Pattern 10 yards Printed Sateen \$1.25 the Pattern 12 yards Printed Sateen \$1.50 the Pattern 12 yards Batiste Lawn \$1.50 the Pattern Colored and Black Wool Dress Patterns. Colored Wool Dress Patterns, in plain colors, fancy mixtures, and novelty effects. \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.25 to \$7.50 the Pattern. Black Wool Dress Patterns, in plain and fancy weaves, including novelties. \$3.50 \$4.00 \$5.25 to \$7.50 the Pattern.

DRY GOODS. Lansburgh & Bro. Colored and Black Dress Goods. Very Much Below Regular Prices. We will cut any length desired and inclose same in neat box for Christmas. The Black Goods Include: Zibelines, all wool at 50c the yard. Regular Price, \$1.00. Diagonals, all wool at 50c the yard. Regular Price, \$1.00. Herringbone Cheviots, all wool, at 50c the yard. Regular Price, \$1.25. Fancy Cheviots, all wool, at 50c the yard. Regular Price, \$1.25. The Colored Goods Include: Fancy Woven Checks, all wool, at 75c the yard. Regular Price, \$1.25. Tailor Suitings, in mannish effects, \$1.00 the yard. Regular Price, \$1.75. We are now displaying Spring of 1906 Foreign and Domestic Novelties in High-grade Wash Goods. Consisting in part of the following: Plain Silk and Cotton Mousseline, 25c the yard. Plain Silk and Cotton Eolienne, 35c the yard. Plain Silk and Cotton Banzi Silk, 50c the yard. Second floor—G street.

DRY GOODS. Lansburgh & Bro. For Sale. Business Property. The owner of one of the finest business corners on King street has authorized us to offer the property for sale. Terms, price and location will be given at our office. Store and Dwelling, with four lots at St. Elmo, Postoffice in Building. Store and Dwelling, N. E. corner King and West streets, containing one large store room and seven rooms with modern conveniences. This will make an excellent stand for most any kind of business. Dwellings: Brick dwelling, containing 8 rooms, modern conveniences, large yard, near Christ Church. Cottage containing 10 rooms, with 21 acres of land, in one of the choice residential sections of Seminary Hill. Cottage containing 10 rooms, with one acre of land, stable, at Braddock Heights. For Rent. Dwellings: 116 S. Royal, 7 rooms, s. m. l. \$30 00 114 Prince, 8 rooms, s. m. l. 15 00 131 N. St. Asaph, 7 rooms, s. m. l. 18 00 139 Prince, 8 rooms, s. m. l. 13 00 412 N. Patrick, 8 rooms, s. m. l. 15 00 128 N. Payne, 5 rooms 9 00 132 N. Payne, 6 rooms 9 00 1405 King, 6 rooms 9 00 Stores and Dwellings: 1406 King, 3 rooms \$12 00 N. E. Cor. King and West, 7 rooms 20 00 MONEY TO LOAN in sums to suit on Alexandria city and county property. Harlow Building, 119 S. Fairfax St. 'PHONE: Capital City, 175.

The Best BUTTER. Proposition in all Alexandria today is YATES & CO'S BUTTER for cake. This Butter at 25 cents a pound is just what you will need in a few days. Our Franklin Brand Mixed Nuts, 15c, 7 lbs for \$1.00. These Nuts are all large and fresh. We sell the ordinary kind of Mixed Nuts for 10c lb. CHRISTMAS GOODS. Cluster Raisins, Malaga Grapes, Florida Oranges, Candies, Lowmy's Xmas pounds and half pounds. BOURBON COFFEE. Pleases both palate and purse. C. R. Yates & Co., Groceries and Provisions, No. 300 South Fairfax Street.