ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

THURSDAY EVENING, FEB. 20, 1908.

REV. DR. CYRUS CORT, a retired minister of the Reformed Church, now living at Overlea, near Baltimore, declares that prohibition is unscriptural and ineffective, and that to indorse it would be to nullify and pervert many passages of the Scriptures. At the same time he declares prohibition contrary to the aim of free constitutional government. Among other things he says:

These views are confirmed by the history of prohibitory legislation and the inexorable logic of events. As a practical measure of temperance reform prohibition has been largely a failure, and tends to create a community of spies, informers and hypocrites, the most abominable state of society that we can conceive. High license is self-enforcing, but prohibition cannot be made effective without an army of paid detectives, who obtain evidence by falsehood and treachery. So-called temperance advocates of the prohibition persuasion are the most intemperate and unreasonable people in the world. In Iowa at one time every saloon was out of business, and every drug store was a saloon. Druggists made fortunes by selling liquor, and physicians made money writing prescriptions for it. As much was sold as ever, but the community derived no revenue from the sale. Wine and corn and oil were recognized as among the choicest gifts that God could bestow upon the children of men in response to their honest industry. All reliable commentators, Oriental scholars and travelers agree in declaring that such a thing as unfermented wine was unknown in Bible lands. Wine was not true wine until it was thoroughly fermented, and we have the word of our Saviour in saying that the old wine is the better. There is something significant in the fact that the first miracle of Jesus was the changing of a large quantity of water into excellent wine at a wedding festival, and in the institution of wine as a principal element in the observance of the sacrament.

IMPRESSED by the present high price of anthracite coal, the Trades League has started an investigation of its causes, especially in regard to the exorbitant freight rates, and it is altogether probable that the matter will be placed before the State Railroad Commission of Pennsylvania. Among the glaring inconsistencies of present prices is the fact that Philadelphia pays $5.45 per gross ton for coal transported 100 miles, while Buffalo, which is approximately 260 miles from Pennsylvania's coal fields, pays but $5.50 per ton. Consumers in Philadelphia pay $7 a ton retail, while those in Canada, despite their much greater distance from the coal region, pay but $7.25 a ton. In view of these conditions the committees on law and freight transportation of the Trades League will go into all phases of the price question. While admitting that there is more expense attached to the mining of coal than in former years, the league contends that conditions do not warrant the present prices. Dealers declare that the high freight rate is largely responsible.

SENATOR TILLMAN'S vagrant law, published elsewhere in the Gazette, might be adopted with profit in other places as well as the District of Columbia. The bill is aimed at whites as well as blacks. The Senator very truly says that widespread vagrancy in Washington is the cause of criminology. This, he believes, is owing to the overeducation of some negroes who are made to have higher aspirations than it is possible for them to attain. Mr. Tillman's bill defines, among other forms of vagrancy, "a man who lives on the earnings of his mother, wife or minor child." Senator Tillman says that the cause of crimes ought to be removed, if it is possible to find the cause, rather than go to the expense of attempting to stamp it out by arrests after the crimes are committed. He further says that from his knowledge of the negro race the widespread vagrancy which is evident in the District of Columbia as well as in other cities where the negroes live in large numbers, is the cause of this criminality.

From Washington.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, D. C., February 20.

With a promptness that emphasizes the close bond of sympathy between the President and the Interstate Commerce Commission, over the execution of the administration's policies, Martin A. Knapp, chairman of the latter organization, today started the machinery for the investigation of the operation of certain railroads contemplating wage reductions, in accordance with the President's directions made public yesterday. Every effort will be made to discover, beyond cavil, whether the proposed reductions are due to "natural causes," "unfriendly legislation, or misconduct," on the past financial other operations of any railroad. The Interstate Commerce Commission has already an abundance of reports on hand to aid it in the investigation. By the terms of the rate law, railroads are required, under penalty, to submit monthly statements to the commission, and they must submit such further information of a business nature, as the commission from time to time calls for.

Although the Senate is in the habit of adjourning over from Friday to the following Monday, an exception will be made this week, in honor of Washington's birthday. The Senate will assemble on the 22nd. to listen to the reading of the farewell address of the first American President, Senator McCumber of North Dakota having been selected for that duty.

The United States is not arranging to sell the Philippine Islands to Germany or to any other power. Officials here who would know if any such plan was in contemplation as out-lined in a story purporting to come from Paris declare that it is but a repetition of a silly canard, which is not worth dignifying with a formal denial. Some curiosity was expressed as to the possible motive for the periodical publication of the story that the United States has the Phillippines on the bargain counter, ready to sell to the highest bidder. All responsible officials of this government, from the President down, have repudiated the idea in the most emphatic terms and the reason for the continued reiteration of the yarn is hard to see.

W. B. Ridgely, Comptroller of the Currency, now practically admits that he will take the presidency of the National Bank of Commerce, of Kansas City. He is now in that city making arrangements for the release of the bank from the receivership.

The question of the establishment of postal savings banks was under consideration today by the Senate committee on postoffices and post roads. It is expected that the Knox bill will be reported favorably, possibly with some modifications.

The Washington Mercantile Association has sent an argument to the District Commissioners in opposition to the enactment of the prohibition bills now pending in Congress. They say there is no need of new or additional liquor legislation, and that the people of the District do not demand new laws. The statement is very comprehensive and includes copious extracts from Bishop Satterlee and Cardinal Gibbon's interviews on the subject. All persons, especially those who do not derive a pecuniary benefit from the liquor business, are asked to use their influence against prohibition in Washington.

Consideration of the Brownsville case was today postponed by the Senate committee on military affairs until Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock. Senator Foraker wanted the meeting to be held this afternoon so as to get the matter disposed of as early as possible. It is expected at that meeting to take the final vote upon the question whether the President was justified in discharging from the army a whole without honor [illegible] troopers of the 25th battalion of colored soldiers of the Infantry, on charges that some members of the companies were guilty of having "shot up" the town of Brownsville, Tex., and that the others were equally culpable in refusing to deliver up to justice those actually engaged in the fracas which, it will be remembered, resulted in the killing of one man and the wounding of the chief of police of the town. The majority of the committee will sustain the course of the President on the ground that the evidence taken furnishes circumstantial proof that members of the army battalion did the shooting. Senators Foraker and Bulkeley will make a minority report.

A prayer was offered in the House of Representatives today by Chaplain Couden for the army of unemployed in the land. "We find ourselves in the rigors of winter with hundreds forced to idleness without the means of subsistence. Give us light that we may solve the economic, social and industrial problems that thousands who will may work."

Sixtieth Congress.

Washington, Feb. 20.

SENATE.

In a voice broken with emotion, Senator Tillman made announcement to the Senate, soon after it met today, of the death of his colleague, Senator Latimer.

Then Tillman arose and stated that he had been startled this morning by the news that the surgical operation performed upon his colleague, Latimer, had resulted fatally. He never seemed to rally or to make any headway after the operation, said the Senator, and he died this morning shortly after nine o'clock. He then offered resolutions expressing "the deep regret and profound sorrow" of the Senate, asking the appointment of a committee of ten senators to take charge of the remains and escort them to South Carolina, requesting the co-operation of the House and that as a further mark of respect the Senate adjourn, all of which were adopted.

Vice President Fairbanks appointed as the Senate committee the following:

Senators Tillman (S. C), Proctor (Vt.) Frazier (Tenn.), Foster (La.), Overman, (N. C.), Johnston (Ala), Carter (Mont.), Dillingham (Vt.), Dixon (Mont.), and Smith (Mich.)

The Senate then at 12:12 adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE.

Immediately upon the convening of the House today, Representative Waldo (rep. N. Y.), after gaining recognition, announced that he desired to have Judge L. R. Wilfley, of the United States Court at Shanghai, a Missouri man, impeached for malpractice and corrupt conduct in his office. He sent to the clerk's desk articles of impeachment. Mr. Waldo's plan is to have the House instruct its judiciary committee to take proper action.

At 1:10 the House adjourned as a mark of respect to the late Senator Latimer, of South Carolina, which Representative Finley of that State announced.

Previous to adjournment Speaker Cannon announced the following House committee to attend the funeral:

Finley, Lever, Patterson, Ellerbe, Legare, Johnson and Aiken, all of South Carolina; Bennet, of New York; Burnett, of Alabama; Cock, of Colorado; Rodenberg, of Illinois; Hinshaw, of Nebraska; Pollard, of Nebraska; Lee, of Georgia; De Armond, of Missouri; Fairchild, of New York; Webb, of North Carolina; Kustermann, of Wisconsin; Stafford, of Wisconsin, and Wilson, of Illinois.

The spring fashion number (March) of the Woman's Home Companion has been received from its publishers. In its editorial columns Dr. Ed. E. Hale asks "What have you been reading?" Among the many special articles are to be noted, "Women of the Revolt," "The music of today," "Mental growth of babies," "Review of new books," Opening of the garden season," etc. "Household" and "Fashions" will interest women. The special departments are entertaining, as are the articles "For younger readers," and the fiction consists of five short stories and Elizabeth Stuart Phelps' Serial.

News of the Day.

Threats of a strike if wages are cut were made yesterday by officers of several railroad unions.

The German government is considering the expenses of buying out the Standard Oil Company and establishing a government monopoly.

Representatives of the various railroads made arguments before the House committee yesterday against the employers' liability bill.

Brigadier General Francis J. Dodge, U. S. A., retired, died in Washington late last night. Gen. Dodge was born in Massachusettes in 1843.

The suspension of J. E. Sherwin, a broker transacting a general brokerage business was announced on the New York Consolidated Exchange today.

A dispatch from Brussels says natives have sacked a Belgian factory in the Kassi district of the Congo and the uprising is spreading. Troops are being rushed to the scene.

The Court of Appeals at Albany, New York, has fixed the date for the execution of Chester Gillette, murderer of Grace Brown, for the week beginning Monday, March 30.

Praying the Almighty to forgive him, a sinner, William L. Handy, a negro, was hanged at Easton, Pa., today for the murder of Policeman Schuman, at South Bethleham last September.

Twenty-six midshipmen were yesterday recommended to be dropped from the rolls of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, as a result of the semi annual examinations at the Naval Academy.

Ensign Charles Ullmo, of the French navy, a distant relative of Dreyfus, was formally pronounced guilty today by the court-martial at Toulon, France, which tried him, of attempting to sell naval secrets.

The Rossiter report, which will be presented to the President early next week, will disclose a deficiency in the running expenses of the Government Printing Office of over half a million dollars.

In response to a Senate resolution introduced by Mr. Tillman, Secretary Cortelyou yesterday sent to the Senate a report showing that 306 national banks were placed in charge of receivers between January 1, 1893, and January 31, 1808.

That Harry Thaw's relatives will soon endeavor to secure his transfer from Matteawan to a private sanitarium, but that no move is contemplated to set him entirely at liberty is asserted in an article published here today and credited to the highest authority.

Senator Tillman charged in the Senate yesterday afternoon that the St. Paul and Pacific land syndicate, of Portland, Ore., was fraudulently using his name in its circular, urging people in Connecticut, Wisconsin, Virginia and other States to buy lands at present held by the Southern Pacific.

William and Alzina Birmingham, kidnappers of Lillian Wulffe, may live long behind penitentiary walls to regret their crime. Both were found guilty in Judge Kertzen's court in Chicago last night. The punishment of the man was fixed by the jury at thirty years in prison, and that of the woman at twenty-five years.

Several masked men entered the town hall at Daimiel, province of Ciudad Real, Spain, during a session of the municipal council and shot the mayor, and, according to one story, six councilors, killing them and wounding others. The murderers escaped. It is supposed they were actuated by a desire for political revenge.

Friction between Rev. J. Henning Nelms, rector of the Pro-Cathedral Church of the Ascension in Washington, and its choir and choirmaster, Ernest E. Leigh, culminated last night in the acceptance of Mr. Leigh's resignation by the vestrymen, gathered in special session, as a result of differences that occurred between the two men at choir rehearsal Tuesday evening.

Having brought death to ten persons in Chicago and its immediate vicinity, serious injury to scores, and tied all kinds of traffic, the worst storm of recent years abated yesterday and hurried eastward. All previous records in the Chicago weather bureau had been broken when the snow finally ceased falling. The official record shows a fall of 12 6-10 inches in twenty-four hours. The list of deaths was increased by eight yesterday, making ten in all who had succumbed to the storm in various ways.

Virginia News.

Charles Waller, a brakeman on the Potomac, Fredericksburg and Piedmont Railway, was yesterday cut in two at Tinders station by falling between the train.

Miss Lucy Allen, aged seventy-seven, died last night at her home, "Clifton," near Gaylord, after a short illness, due to general debility. She is survived by two sisters.

J. Henry Rives, who was for fourteen years after the war collector of internal revenue in Lynchburg, died at his daughter's home, in New York, Tuesday, aged seventy-four. He is survived by his wife and two sons and three daughters.

The Continental Trust Company, of Maryland, yesterday filed a bill of foreclosure in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in Richmond against the Seaboard Air Line Railroad and its allied interests. The bill was filed before Judge Pritchard. The proceedings are declared to be merely formal. The bill asks that the receivers of the road continue in charge of its affairs. An amendment to the original bill has been agreed upon and filed.

DIAMOND ROBBERY.

A $15,000 diamond robbery in broad daylight in the heart of New Orleans, with hundreds of persons passing at the time, was perpetrated in that city yesterday afternoon at the jewelry establishment of M. Waldhorn & Co.

Two men drove up in front of the store in a buggy. One of them alighted and smashed one of the large plate-glass windows in the front of the store. He quickly seized two trays filled with diamonds, and jumping back into the buggy was driven off. A large crowd started in pursuit, but the man, buggy and horse were soon lost to sight in a cloud of dust in the old French quarter. The proprietors of the jewelry store say the trays contained 112 diamond rings.

The Market.

Georgetown D. C., Feb. 20.—Wheat 90-95.

The Legislature.

SENATE.

Senator McAlexander has introduced a bill which amends the code in relation to the appointment of members of the electoral board. The amendment provides that the circuit judges in the counties and corporation judges in the cities shall select the members from the two political parties which cast the highest and next highest vote in the election preceding their appointment. The amendment provides for appointment during the month of February—one for one year, one for two years, and one for three years, and one to be appointed each year thereafter.

The bill to establish a new female normal school at Harrisonburg was passed.

HOUSE

A bill providing for the appointment of female wardens for jails in cities of more than 30,000 inhabitants was offered by Mr. Montague. The bill provides that the warden shall have charge of the female prisoners.

The Massie child labor bill, mutilated almost beyond recognition, was passed in the afternoon by a vote of 49 to 37, following a scene of the wildest confusion. The fight became so involved that it was hard to keep an accurate run of the thing. The House has not witnessed such a scene in a decade.

Mr. Houston offered a bill "to exclude suicide as defense in suits on life insurance policies, unless the time of the application for the policy."

A bill to provide for the establishment of a national negro museum in this State was offered by Mr. Glenn and referred to the finance committee. The measure, which is the result of the negro exhibit on the Jamestown Exposition grounds, provides that the sum of $14,000 be appropriated out of the sum to be returned by the Jamestown Exposition Commission to the State, to the negro development corporation, to be used by it for the removal of the negro building, now at the Exposition, and the erection and maintenance of the same at or near Richmond as a national negro museum.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senator Johnston, of Alabama, addressed the Senate yesterday upon his proposed amendment to the Aldrich bill, to increase the proportion of reserves required to be maintained in the vaults of national banks.

Senator Tillman offered a bill to regulate vagrancy in the District of Columbia, and blamed the negroes for the wave of crime which has troubled Washington.

Senator Hale submitted reports of Admirals Converse and Capps on the condition of the navy, and outlined the proposed investigation by the naval affairs committee.

Senator Hale, in asking the printing of the reports of Admirals Converse and Capps, in defense of the navy, assured the Senate that his committee would investigate every matter leading up to the Brownson accident. He suggested that the recent magazine criticism of the navy was based upon information that came from naval officers inspired by jealousy.

A bill authorizing the purchase of property on Georgetown Heights for a park was favorably reported by Senator Heyburn.

In executive session an arbitration treaty with France and a naturalization treaty with Peru were ratified.

At 4:50 p. m. the Senate adjourned until noon today.

Mr. Henry, of Texas, addressed the House for ten minutes in reply to the remarks of Representative Boutell, made on Tuesday.

The House, in committee of the whole, proceeded to the further consideration of the census bill. But little progress was made.

A petition for the impeachment of Judge L. R. Wilfley, of the U. S. Circuit Court at Shanghai, China, was introduced by Representative Waldo, of New York.

BOTHERED ABOUT THE DEBT.

Both houses of the West Virginia legislature took a recess yesterday at noon and at 2 o'clock a joint executive session was held, at which the Virginia debt question was discussed, as a result of which it was decided to appoint a non-partisan commission, composed of citizens and property holders, to advise the board of public works as to the best means of protecting the interests of the State in the suit now pending.

This plan was urged by Governor Dawson, Attorney-General May and Attorneys Wesley Molehan and George W. McClintic and seemed to meet with the approval of a majority of the members.

Following the executive session a resolution appointing the commission was introduced in the Senate and House and passed the Senate by a vote of 16 to 8. In the House the effort to pass the resolution under a suspension of the rules met defeat and the matter goes over until tomorrow.

SIX THOUSAND OUT OF WORK.

The Detroit, Michigan, Peninsular and Art Stove Manufacturing Companies, of Detroit, which employ between 6,000 and 7,000 men, yesterday issued a joint statement to the public pointing out that the demands of 280 stove mounters which they consider unreasonable are keeping 6,000 other men out of work. Ordinarily the stove works open for the season about January 10. In the conference with employes at the close of last year agreements were reached with all branches of them except the mounters, who, the companies say, demanded that the full force must be employed in shifts instead of the number the concerns had employment for. The companies unite in stating that as soon as the mounters' union concedes them the right to lay off men for whom there is no work the four establishments will open.

The Metropolitan for March has been received from its publishers in New York. It is an issue of unusual excellence. "The Influence of the stock exchange on the development of America" is of utmost interest. "Americanizing the world's food products" will be widely read. Other good articles are "The Greenheart fleet," "The Scouts of progress, "The Motor Boat as a pleasure craft and the "Drama of the mouth." The fiction is strong and varied and "The world at large" illustrates and condenses the important news of the month.

Use DeWit's Little Early Risers, pleasant little pills. They are easy to take. Sold by W. F. Creighton & Co.

Today's Telegraphic News.

The Labor Situation.

New York, Feb. 20.—That the present critical labor situation on the railroads of the country will have an evil effect on the stock market for some time to come is the generally accepted belief in financial circles today. President Roosevelt's action in demanding an investigation of conditions and knowledge that he is determined to learn whether or not wage reductions are warranted has been a strong bear document, but men who should know assert the real trouble is the embarrassment of certain men popularly rated as millionaires.

The belief is general that the present depression in the market is due to the desire of powerful interests to punish those who opposed them successfully in the past. It is claimed by operators that the forcing down of the so-called Gould shares has been accomplished by a coterie of men whose interests have been in days gone by attacked by the Goulds.

These men now control to a certain extent the money market, and they are said to have refused loans to persons directly interested. Another strong bear argument is the investigation being made by the special grand jury named to look into the financial situation by Justice Dowling of the affairs of the Delaware and Hudson Railway. Delaware and Hudson has been under pressure for some time and it was a generally accepted belief that outsiders were trying to wrest control of it from Harriman and his friends. The news that the grand jury was looking into Delaware and Hudson was a distinct surprise to the market and inasmuch as the matter under investigation is a closely guarded secret many wild rumors are being circulated.

Affairs in Hayti.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Feb. 20.—President Nord Alexis is nearer a clash today with the French and German ministers and Spanish consul at Gonaives than at any time since leaders of the recent Haytien rebellion took refuge with the diplomats. Alexis is not prepared, indeed, to go to the extent of violating the sanctity of the diplomats' home, but, learning that attempts are likely to smuggle the refugees out of the country, he has so securely bottled up the ports that their escape is virtually impossible. The diplomats are inclined to regard this as a grave affront, and indications are that they will take a high attitude with the President. The latter says he considers the security of his government at stake, and thinks he may as well risk French, German and Spanish anger as the certainty of the revolutionary outbreaks which he is sure will follow if malcontents consider themselves safe from punishment.

San Domingo, Feb. 20.—The authorities have failed to account for the gunpowder explosion at Couty in which forty guests at a christening were injured. There was no reason why the explosives should have been in or near the house and suspicions are entertained of an assassination plot. Communication with Cotuy is slow, however, and full details have not yet been received. General Gusbyn, the host, and Governor of Macoris, and General Tejera, governor of the city of San Domingo, are said to have been so seriously hurt that they may die.

Death of Senator Lattimer.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Senator Lattimer, of South Carolina, who had been at Providence Hospital, following an operation for appendicitis, died this morning at that institution. The immediate cause of his death was peritonitis.

Asbury Churchwell Lattimer had been a Senator since March 5, 1903, when he took his seat as the successor of John L. McLaurin, with whom Senator Tillman once had a fist-fight on the floor of the Senate. Previously to becoming a Senator Latimer served five terms as a member of the House. He was born in Abbeville, S. C., 57 years ago, and spent much of his life in active farming. Quiet and unobtrusive, Lattimer seldom was heard in debate, but he was recognized as a useful and hard working committee member. He served on some of the most important committees of the Senate. His hobby was "good roads," and a bill of which he was the author and which proposed government aid in the development and improvement of the roads of the country, has attracted considerable attention. Senator Lattimer always stood high in the councils of his party.

Victory for Harriman.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—Judge Ball today decided the Illinois Central controversy in favor of E. H. Harriman. Judge Ball sustained the right of the Railroad Securities Company, a foreign corporation, to own and vote stock in the Illinois Central, an Illinois corporation, and thereby clinched Harriman's control of the road. The decision, while coming from a court of minor jurisdiction, is far reaching in effect. Had it gone against Harriman the rule laid down would have involved a large percentage of the corporations in Illinois. Judge Ball ordered dissolved the temporary injunction granted Fish to prevent Harriman's interests from voting the contested stock in the election of officers of the Illinois Central. Harriman's victory was complete. By the decision Fish, the former president of the line, will be ousted from power, for it is conceded that with the Union Pacific and Railroad Securities Company shares, Harriman controls enough to give him more than the balance of power.

The Fleet of Callao.

Lima, Peru, Feb. 20.—All preparations have been completed for the reception of the American battleship fleet in Callao harbor at 9 a. m. today. The celebration and series of entertainments to the visitors will be on the grandest scale ever given in Peru. Not only will this be a holiday, but a fiesta has also been declared by President Pardo for Saturday, George Washington's birthday. Message from the fleet indicate that Admiral Evans is still in such poor health that he will probably be unable to leave his cabin during the vessels' stay here.

Lima, Feb. 20.—The United States battleship fleet was sighted from Callao harbor just before 8 a. m. today and an hour later steamed into port, the ships in single file and fluttering with bunting while the guns thundered an exchange of salutes with the forts ashore.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup acts upon the bowels and thereby drives the cold out of the system. It contains no opiates—it is pleasant to take and is highly recommended for children. Sold by W. F. Creighton.

Fire in Cotton Yarn Mill.

Philadelphia, Feb. 20.—With the firemen handicapped by danger of falling walls and 250 girl employed thrown into a wild panic, the cotton yarn mill of Thomas Henry and Sons was a raging furnace this morning and the fire threatened to spread to adjoining structures. In their flight to escape twenty of the operatives were overcome by the dense smoke. None was fatally hurt. The fire was confined to the hosiery mill which was completely gutted, only the walls remaining standing. Loss $200,000.

Anti-Bryan Movement.

Boston, Feb. 20—The first definite movement to send a New England State delegation to the democratic convention favorable to the nomination of Governor John Johnson, of Minnesota, is now on foot among city and county organizations of Massachusetts. This effort is not so much pro-Johnson as anti-Bryan. Bryan is too intimately identified with the present leaders to satisfy those who believe the salvation of the party in Massachusetts is to throw the old crowd everboard and refit.

Snow Bound.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 20.—Thirteen passenger trains are today stalled in the snow at various points throughout the lower peninsula, while no freight is being moved, on account of the worst snow storm in Michigan since 1884. In western Michigan two feet of snow fell in 30 hours and the hamlets are completely cut off. Near Kalamazoo a fast flyer is stalled with five moguls trying to extricate it.

LETTER TO SAMUEL H LUNT

Alexandria, Virginia.

Dear Sir: The hardest climate for paint is Florida; and Devoe is the longest wearing paint in that State.

D G Smith, of Madison, Fla., says: "I painted my mother's house Devoe 11 years ago, and today it looks better than other houses in town that were painted 3 or 4 years ago." Three or four and eleven.

This shows two things: (1) the low standard of paint in that part of the country; and (2) that Devoe is the paint that wears.

It doesn't show the whole fact; which is: Devoe is the paint that takes least gallons to do the job, makes first cost by a ratio of 2 to 3, 2 to 4, 2 to 5, 2 to 6, for the job.

Smith wasn't thinking about the cost of the job; it was done a long time ago. He was thinking how well the house loooks after 11 years wear in that hot climate, and how long it will be before painting again.

Yours truly,

F W DEVOE & CO.

P. S.—E. S. Leadbeater & Sons sell our paint. 71

Receivers Appointed.

New York, Feb. 20—Supreme Court Justice Platzek today appointed Joseph J. O'Donohue and Joseph Day temporary receivers of the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company on application of Attorney General Jackson. An order to show cause why permanent receivers should not be appointed was set down for hearing March 2.

THE HAIR BRUSH.

Breeds Dandruff, Which Causes Falling Hair and Finally Baldness.

Prof. Unna, Hamburg, Germany, European authority on skin diseases, says that dandruff is as contagious as any other malevolent disease, and that one common source of the spread of dandruff is the use of the same hair brush by different persons. The way to avoid catching dandruff or any other disease from another's brush, is to insist on the use of Newbro's Herpicide. It not only kills the dandruff germ, but it is also an antiseptic that will prevent the catching of any disease whatever through contagion of another's brush.

Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Bro., agents Sends 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. 118

New York Stock Market.

New York, Feb 20.—There was buying by semi-banking interests in the market again this much of the same character as appeared yesterday and orders through these houses induced the trading element on the floor to take the bull side during the first hour and help along a fair upward movement.

Neglected Colds Threaten Life.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

"Don't trifle with a cold," is good advice for prudent men and women. It may be vital in the case of a child. Proper food, good ventilation, and dry warm clothing are the proper safeguards against colds. If they are maintained through the changeable weather of autumn, winter and spring, the chances of a surprise from ordinary colds will be slight. But the ordinary light cold will become severe if neglected, and a well-established ripe cold is the germs of diphtheria what honey is to the bee. The greatest menace to child life at this season of the year is the neglected cold." Whether it is a child or adult, the cold slight or severe, the very best treatment that can be adopted is to give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is safe and sure. The great popularity and immense sale of this preparation has been attained by its remarkable cures of this ailment. A cold never results in pneumonia when it is given. For sale by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

A WIFE'S ALLEGATION.

Under the head of "To Whom It May Concern" in the Deposit and Hancock, N. Y., papers, Mrs. Bertha Crawford, residing near the former village says:

"I, Bertha Ella Crawford, hereby state that I have left Ford W. Crawford's bed (of rough hardwood boards), also his board (of dry potatoes and ginger snaps) with just cause and provocation. When a man will store his money away in a trunk and lock it up, while his wife takes care of three cows and horses, with summer underclothing on, rather than to take some of his old coins and buy her some clothes, ask a wife then if she has just cause to leave her husband."

Wholesale Prices of Produce

Flour Extra	4 00	a	4 25
Family	5 00	a	5 25
Fancy brands	5 50	a	5 75
Wheat, longberry	0 98	a	1 02
Mixed	0 93	a	0 95
Fults	0 93	a	0 95
Damp and tough	0 80	a	0 85
New Cob Corn, per bbl	3 00	a	2 75
Corn, white	0 73	a	0 75
Mixed	0 70	a	0 73
Yellow	0 70	a	0 73
Corn Meal	0 80	a	0 82
Rye	0 00	a	0 80
Oats, mixed, new	0 58	a	0 60
White, new	0 63	a	0 65
Elgin Print Butter	0 32	a	0 34
Butter, Virginia, packed	0 16	a	0 18
Choice Virginia	0 23	a	0 26
Common to middling	0 14	a	0 16
Eggs	0 30	a	0 31
Live Chickens (hens)	0 11	a	0 12
Spring Chickens	0 14	a	0 15
Dressed Hogs	0 8	a	0 9
Potatoes, per bu	0 75	a	0 80
Sweet Potatoes (barrel)	2 80	a	3 00
Yams	1 00	a	1 25
Onions, per bushel	1 00	a	1 25
Dried Cherries	0 12	a	0 14
Dried Apples	0 04½	a	0 06
Apples, per bbl	0 00	a	3 50
Dried Peaches, pealed	0 10½	a	0 14
Pork, per 100 lbs	7 50	a	8 50
Bacon, country hams	0 15½	a	0 16
Best sugar-cured hams	0 15½	a	0 16
Butchers' hams	0 16	a	0 16
Breakfast Bacon	0 12½	a	0 13
Sugar-cured shoulders	0 10	a	0 10½
Bulk shoulders	0 10½	a	0 11
Dry Salt sides	0 9½	a	0 10
Fat backs	0 08	a	0 8½
Bellies	0 9½	a	0 10
Sugars—Brown	4 35	a	4 44
Off A	4 40	a	4 45
Conf. standard	0 00	a	4 85
Granulated	4 95	a	5 25
Coffees—Rio	0 10½	a	0 14
LaGuayra	0 15	a	0 16
Java	0 18	a	0 26
Molasses B. S	0 9	a	0 14
C. B	0 17	a	0 22
New Orleans	0 20	a	0 45
Sugar Syrups	0 16	a	0 28
Porto Rico	0 18	a	0 35
Salt—G. A	0 62	a	0 65
Fine	0 82	a	1 20
Turk's Island	1 00	a	1 00
Wool—long, unwashed	0 28	a	0 29
Washed	0 28	a	0 29
Merino, unwashed	0 28	a	0 29
Do. washed	0 28	a	0 29
Herring, Eastern per bbl	6 75	a	7 50
Potomac No 1	3 50	a	4 25
No. 1 Cut Potomac Herring	4 25	a	4 50
Potomac family roe	4 50	a	5 00
Do. half barrel	2 25	a	3 00
Potomac Shad, per half bbl		a	7 50
Mackerel, small per bbl	13 00	a	14 00
No. 3 medium	14 00	a	14 50
No. 2	15 00	a	16 00
Plaster, ground, per ton	4 50	a	5 00
Ground in bags	5 00	a	5 50
Lump	3 50	a	3 75
Clover Seed	6 50	a	7 55
Timothy	2 25	a	2 0
Hay	21 00	a	22 00

DIED.

At 5:30 a. m, Thursday, February 20, 1908, RAYMOND L. BELEW, infant son of Geo. and Lula C. Belew, aged seven days. Funeral from the residence, 124 north Pitt street, tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

MEMBERS of the FRIENDSHIP VETERAN FIRE ASSOCIATION are notified to meet at their hall TONIGHT at 8 o'clock to make final arrangements to participate in the parade on the 22nd. A full attendance is desired.

By order of the President.

It J. Y. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

REAL ESTATE.

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DEL RAY AND ST. ELMO

The attention of persons having a few hundred dollars for investment is called to the rapid enhancement in the value of building lots in the growing subdivisions

Of Del Ray and St. Elmo,

and to the large number of dwellings now under construction and in course of completion. These lots have a frontage of 25 feet and a depth of 115 feet, and are being rapidly purchased by the many hundreds of employees in the new Potomac yards. I have a large number of lots in

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J. D. Normoyle.

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For Rent

DWELLINGS.

507 Prince, 10 rooms, $30.
716 Queen, 6 rooms, $22.
423 south Washington, 6 rooms, $20.
120 north St. Asaph, 6 rooms. $20.
114 Prince, 7 rooms, $12.50
1312 Princess, 6 rooms, $12.50.
1314 Princess, 6 rooms, $12 50.
417 Queen, 6 rooms, $10 50
402 south Lee, 6 rooms, $10
126 north Payne, 5 rooms, $9.
117 Prince, 8 rooms, $8.
415 south Alfred, 6 rooms, $7.50.
417 south Alfred, 6 rooms, $7.50.
629 south Patrick, 5 rooms, $7.00.

STORES.

208 King, $25.
319 Cameron, $20.
Apartments in "The Colonial" and "The Swann."

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