ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 3, 1908.

THE Richmond News Leader of last Saturday published a carefully prepared editorial on wet and dry counties in Virginia in which there was a comparison of conditions of certain counties in 1897 and 1907, an interval of ten years. The exhibits in this article show that the wet counties pay the state a revenue of $800,785 more than the dry counties pay, while the comparative decrease in criminal expenses of wet and dry counties shows no very material difference in the revenue respectively yielded. This article furnishes a very strong argument against prohibition and in favor of a wise regulation of the liquor traffic in this state. Commenting upon it the Petersburg Index Appeal, one of the most conservative papers in the state, says:

There is nothing to warrant the inference that Virginia is different from other states where prohibition has not prohibited beyond the range of police vision. Prohibition will, of course, eliminate the saloon, and the revenue derived from the saloon also, but it will not materially reduce the amount of drinking in the state. The jug traffic will enormously increase, and so will the burden on the tax payers of the state. As a question of morals, the revenue argument should have no weight. But whatever moral objection there may be to the saloon, we believe it can be removed and the saloon made not only harmless, but a convenience and a comfort to the public by proper regulation. It is only necessary to do two things and the fangs of the saloon will be drawn: Prohibit them from selling liquor to drunken men. Forbid them, under severe penalties to both parties, to sell intoxicating drinks on credit to any man, drunk or sober.

REPRESENTATIVE CARTER GLASS, of the Lynchburg district, who it was announced yesterday had entered the gubernatorial race, says:

I have not announced myself a candidate for governor, nor authorized any one to state that I will be a candidate. I am considering the matter with friends with a view to an early decision, but have reached no positive conclusion. When I shall have decided upon my course, and particularly should I conclude to be a candidate, I will make a definite and direct announcement of the fact, stating what I stand for and what I stand against in state affairs.

Should Mr. Glass decide to enter the field he would add ginger to the campaign. He is able, brainy and resourceful, and, being a newspaper man, is of course a jolly good fellow. He was one of the leading lights in the state constitutional convention and has most efficiently represented his district in Congress for several years.

THE Kentucky Court of Appeals held in an opinion recently rendered in the case of City of Bardwell vs. Southern Engine & Boiler Works, that where a city, in purchasing an engine for the operation of its electric light plant, created a debt in excess of the constitutional limit, while the court could not compel the city to levy a tax to pay the debt because the purchase was in violation of the constitution, the vendor of the engine under its contract having a lien thereon for the payment of the debt, the court had the right to enforce the lien and order a sale of the engine to pay the debt due thereon. Members of city councils who are prone to vote for every appropriation suggested, regardless of debt or anything else, should remember this decision.

AT THE first meeting of the House committee on interstate and foreign commerce the suggestion will be made that the committee visit the Panama canal zone this winter. Several important questions affecting the government of the zone will probably come before Congress, and as the committee has jurisdiction over new legislation for that territory it will be urged by those who want to take a junketing trip at the government's expense that the entire membership acquaint itself with recent developments there!

Now that the United States and Japan have come to a most amicable and full understanding concerning their policy in the far East the jingoes and those who wish to furnish government supplies, &c., will have to find another pretext for increasing the navy and making preparations for war.

From Washington.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, Dec. 3.

With reference to the charge made before the ways and means committee of the House that S. N. D. North, present director of the census, on behalf of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, assisted the senate finance committee in the preparation of the wool schedules of the Dingley bill, Dr. North said today: "I think the matter of explaining, if explanation is needed, the tariff 'episode,' rests entirely with Senator Aldrich and Mr. Whitman, president of the association. I do not feel that an apology is required in explaining my activity in connection with the Dingley bill. I rendered service, the hardest service that I know of in my life, and merely received compensation therefor. Senator Aldrich felt the necessity for assistance when the tariff matter came up, and I suppose, because my work with him in 1894, in connection with the Wilson bill was satisfactory, he asked the wool manufacturers' association to permit me to serve. This they very reluctantly did." Dr. North was not connected with the census bureau at that time. Mr. Whitman's testimony before the committee was concluded last evening, and the matter did not come up when the committee resumed its session today. Senator Aldrich declined to make any statement when questioned today.

Request for a lower duty on imported sheep skin, was submitted to the ways and means committee today by H. Schmidt, of Buffalo; Henry G. Reincke, of Philadelphia; and Patrick McGraw, of Pittsburg. They said formerly the supply of sheep skins was obtained in this country, but they were obliged to go abroad for supplies four years ago, when the meat packers entered the wool pulling business. They asked for a reduction in the duties of from 11 to 5 1-2 cents a pound.

Congressman C. C. Carlin and Mr. A. J. Wedderburn, secretary of the Washington Monument Association, today called at the Agricultural Department where Mr. Carlin requested that the department select a landscape architect to lay off a design for George Washington Park. Professor Corbett was assigned the duty and he will shortly visit Alexandria and the park prior to undertaking the work, which will be done under his supervision.

Herbert L. Satterlee, of New York, took the oath of office today as Assistant Secretary of the Navy, succeeding Truman H. Newberry, who vacated the post to become secretary, Wednesday. An informal reception was held in the office of the secretary, at which the officers on on duty at the department were introduced to Mr. Satterlee.

Arthur I. Vorys manager of the Ohio campaign and one of the closest political friends of Mr. Taft has arrived in Hot Springs this morning and left no doubt of the fact that he is for Charles P. Taft for the Ohio senatorship and that he believes Rep. Theo. E. Burton will be defeated in the races.

Congressman Burton's attention was called today to the report that he had under consideration an offer from President elect Taft, of a place in his cabinet as Secretary of the Treasury. Burton said his name had been mentioned in connection with several positions, quite to his embarrassment, and that there was only one for which he could now be regarded as a candidate; namely, the senatorship from Ohio. If Mr. Burton does not go to the Senate he will probably be in the cabinet.

Governor Magoon arrived in Washington from Cuba today to confer with the president and Secretary Wright on the details withdrawing the United States troops and provisional government from the island.

The government's case for the dissolution of the alleged Harriman railway combination is now in shape for the taking of evidence, which will be begun in this city January 5.

The Haitian revolutionary forces, under General Simon, are expected to enter and take possession of Port au Prince today, according to despatches received from Minister Furniss, at the State Department. This will be accomplished it is believed without hostility. He says that the city is in the hands of a committee of public safety, which took charge upon the flight or President Alexis to the French war vessel, and is disposed to turn over affairs to Gen. Simon when he enters. There is no intention on the part of the United States to intervene in Haiti. The deposition of Former President Nord Alexis and the establishment of a new provisional government under General Legitime, with all of the spectacular and tragic features which accompanied this change in the affairs of the "Black Republic" are regarded by State Department officials here as purely an international affair which outsiders have no right to interfere. The charge against Henry M. Furniss, the American minister there, that he encouraged Nord Alexis to resist to the last in the hope that a clash would come which would necessitate American intervention and possibly result in the annexation of Haiti to the United States, is regarded by the State Department as without foundation.

A difference of opinion as to the desirability of changing the rules of the house was closed today at the White House, Representative Jenkins, of Wisconsin, chairman of the judiciary committee, declared he was opposed to any change. Representative Foster, of Vermont, said he favored a change in rules and that the majority of New England delegations sided with him.

"The Congressman will not raise a hand against the President's order placing the fourth class postmasters undes civil service regulations," said Representative Campbell of Kansas, today, and he added: "On the contrary, nearly every member will be mighty glad that he took the action, and will welcome the day when all the postmasters are under the same blanket."

The appointment of Robert G. Valentine, of Mass., as assistant commissioner of Indian affairs, vice Major Larabee, resigned, was announced today.

Representative Campbell, of Kansas, admitts that the fight against the Standard Oil Company in Kansas has failed.

Plenty of talk, but few laws. This, in a nutshell, is likely to be the record of the final session of the 60th Congress, which will open next Monday and close March 4, according to reports learned in this city.

The session of the Conservation Commission today brought forth the statement that during the past summer farming on the whole returned a profit of twenty-three per cent on the money invested.

Bloodhounds to be used in the outskirts of the city to trace criminals, were ordered from Belgium today by Major Richard Sylvester, superintendent of police of the District of Columbia.

DOWNFALL OF ALEXIS.

With the French tri-color about his shoulders and the French minister at his side, President Nord Alexis yesterday fled from Haitian soil to the French warship in Port au Prince harbor.

His escape was made through a mob which not only reviled him, but even attempted his life, despite the protection of the French flag.

All Port au Prince rose up against the fallen administration and the revolutionists took possession without the firing of a shot.

General Legimate has been proclaimed president.

The American and French warships are ready to land forces to protect the legations and to guard against riot and pillage.

Japanese Drowned.

Tokio, Dec. 3.—Between 300 and 400 Japanese fishermen are today believed to have lost their lives in the sinking of a number of small fishing boats in yesterday's typhoon off Hatsu Island. Thirty-five fishing boats are already known to have been wrecked and many others are missing.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Dec. 3.—There was a general rush to sell at the opening and first transactions were at material declines. The tone proved steadily and at the end of the first hour prices for nearly everything traded in showed some amount of gain.

News of the Day.

Germany and the United States have arranged for a two-cent postal rate, to go into effect at the beginning of the year.

Twenty horses were cremated in a fire which destroyed the livery stable of Goff Bros., at Charleston, W. Va., yesterday.

The flood situation of Pine Bluff, Ark., is improved, and it is now hoped the town may be saved. The crest of the high water was reached yesterday.

John D. Archbold testified in New York, yesterday, that after the Standard Oil Company was ordered dissolved by the courts of Ohio it moved to New Jersey as the state having the "most reasonable" corporation laws.

J. Walls Brill, of Mutton Run, Hampshire county, W. Va., has purchased for A. Reymann, of Wheeling, 48 Austrian partridges and 12 English pheasants, which he liberated on land recently purchased by Mr. Reymann in Hampshire county. The birds cost nearly $300, and are intended for the public.

Miss Eulie Johnson, a stenographer, has brought a suit against G. C. Ricketts, a wealthy merchant of Huntington, W. Va., for $15,000 because the latter, as she alleges, slipped his arm about her waist and stole a kiss. At the trial yesterday the young woman testified she had had nervous dyspepsia for eight months as a result. She was awarded $360 by the jury.

Southern men in Congress greatly regret the fact that President Roosevelt has seen fit to announce his intention of reappointing W. D. Crum, the negro collector of the port of Charleston, S. C. Booker T. Washington, president of Tuskegee Institute, recommended Crum for reappointment, and it is understood that his recommendation carried weight with the president.

Ed Chavis, the negro hack driver, the last man arrested in Raleigh, N. C., in connection with the alleged murder of Dr. Edgar W. Smith, of Richmond, confesses that after the latter had been "doped" and placed in a carriage, he drove him from the cafe of Earl Cotton, in the tenderloin, to the State stone quarry, where Tim Holderfield, a white man who was in the carriage with Smith, dragged the latter out, hung his clothing on a bush, and left him on the side farthest from the city. The police now say that Smith, when he partially recovered, fell into the quarry.

Count Boni's record was attacked in Paris yesterday by the Princess de Sagan's lawyer and a lively session followed. Money and vengeance it was claimed were De Castellane's real motives in bringing suit, declared M. Clemenceau, who hinted at hidden baseness. He declared that intrigues with women do not constitute the worst charge against Castellane. Among yesterday's sensations was the assertion that for eleven years Boni dissipated his wife's fortune at the rate of $1,000,000 a year.

WOODWARD DEFEATED.

James G. Woodward, twice mayor of Atlanta and the regular democratic nominee for another term, was defeated yesterday by Robert F. Maddox, the independent candidate.

About 12,000 votes were cast, and Maddox won by a majority of about 3,500. Maddox ran on a "purity" platform, which demanded decency in office conduct and insisted that no "jags" should be shown by the mayor of Atlanta.

The women took part in the fight on Woodward, and hundreds of them, wearing "purity" badges on their breasts, pleaded with men to vote for Maddox. Practically all the preachers urged their congregations to vote for Maddox and purity.

Yesterday all over Georgia the W. C. T. U. fasted and prayed for the defeat of Woodward. Maddox also had the support of business men, who thought Woodward had disgraced the city by his actions.

Woodward, who has served two terms as mayor, made one of the best officials the city ever had, but during both terms he drank heavily. Notwithstanding his bibulous record, he defeated two reputable business men in the recent primary.

Maddox, who defeated Woodward, supported him in the primary.

THE TWO-CENT RATE MATTER.

It is reported in Richmond that Virginia will probably not again have the old 3-cent passenger rate by the railroads, in spite of the recent decision of Judge Jeter C. Pritchard of the Federal Circuit Court, that the 2-cent rate promulgated by the State Corporation Commission is confiscatory. Virginia has really just begun fighting the case, which fight will be renewed at every point until the people of the State have secured what has been declared by the corporation commission after two years of thorough investigation, based upon records submitted in evidence by the railroads themselves, to be a just and fair compensation for the handling of passengers.

The State of Virginia is not, it is affirmed, without remedy. If the decision shall be found to impair the standing or usefulness of the corporation commission there is provision in the State Constitution, which declares that all powers given to the commission in the matter of fixing rates may be amended by the General Assembly on the recommendation of the commission, so that if any amendment in the existing laws is deemed wise they may be suggested by the commission to the Assembly, which body may make the desired change, vesting the desired power in the commission to the end that the much-desired result may be possible to the State.

SUIT DISMISSED.

The suit recently instituted in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia by George W. Drury to discover what became of the $85,000 left by his sister, Ida Drury, known as "Mrs. William Siebs" against another sister, Mrs. Jennie D. Moulton and her husband, Clarence Moulton, was dismissed yesterday in a decree signed by Justice Wright. Drury in his suit alleged that the couple obtained the property from his sister while she was insane. "Mrs. Siebs" died April 30, 1902, in an asylum in Pierce county, Wash., her brother says, after having left all her property to Mrs. Jennie D. Moulton. At the time the claimant and the father were living. It was also said that the testatrix was taken from Bridgeport, Conn., in June, 1889, by Mr. and Mrs. Moulton. The defendants answered that the woman had gone with them willingly, and asserted that she was of sound mind when she made the will.

Virginia News.

Dr. L. L. Chamblin, a prominent physician of Loudoun county, died of paralysis at Philomont, yesterday, aged fifty-seven years.

Mrs. Rachael Smith, wife of J. Walter Smith, a Loudoun county dairyman, died near Lincoln, yesterday, aged thirty-six years. She was a Miss Irish, of Frederick county.

Mrs. Clarence Walker, of Fleeton, Northumberland county, who for the past three weeks had been ill with typhoid fever, while delirious escaped from her nurse and walked overboard from the steamboat wharf and was drowned at 12:30 yesterday morning.

Messrs. Davis & Davis, Washington patent attorneys, report the grant this week to citizens of this state of the following patents: M. L. Brauer, of Richmond, supporting means for maul-sticks; G. O. Seward, of Holcombs Rock, water-cooled mold; and, J. Wissler, of Lyndhurst, rail and railway.

The report of Labor Commissioner Doherty, which will be made public next Monday, will contain startling disclosures relative to the sanitary conditions prevailing in the bakeries in the larger cities of the state. Not only will the report show that many of these bakeries are unsanitary but that they are a menace to life.

A warrant has been sworn out for the arrest of Archie Vaughan, the young Richmond druggist charged with being responsible for the death of Mary Murphy the immigrant girl who died in a cab while on her way to a hospital following an operation. Vaughan has left Richmond. The police of all larger cities have received a description of him, and Mayor Richardson has offered a reward of $100 for his apprehension. Fannie Pope, a negress, who is alleged to have perfomed the operation, has been arrested as an accomplice.

COURT OF APPEALS.

The Court of Appeals at Richmond yesterday granted a writ of error and supersedeas in the case of Elijah Wright, of Dickinson county, who was sentenced to hang and whose sentence was commuted to January 8 of next year by the governor. Wright would have been the last man to hang under the old law of Virginia. He was convicted of the murder of William Sciphers.

As stated yesterday the court also granted an appeal and supersedeas in the case of Beard of Handley, trustee, against Ward, from the Circuit Court of Alexandria city. This case grew out of the will of a millionaire, who left $25,000 with which to build a library in the city of Winchester.

The court refused to allow an appeal in the case of the Norfolk and Western Telegraph Company against Turner, who had obtained a verdict for damages against the company for a small amount.

Proceedings of the court were as follows:

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company vs. Hoffman. Fully argued and submitted.

Monarch Laundry, Inc., vs. Westbrook. Argued and submitted.

Next cases to be called:

Saunders et al. vs. Saunders administrators, et al.; Jordan and Davis vs. Mahoney; Norfolk and Portsmouth Traction Company vs. White; Bowe vs. City of Richmond; Wood vs. Wood, and Rolley and Rolley.

BOLD THIEF.

While the principal business street of the North Side, near the Pennsylvania Railroad station in Pittsburg, was crowded with people hurrying to or from suburban trains last night, a robber fastened from the outside the door of Theodore Frey's jewelry store, 409 Federal street, imprisoning the proprietor and his clerks, and then smashed the big plate glass show window, secured two trays of diamonds and jewelry valued at $12,000, and ran away with them.

The robber had a peculiar iron device that fitted the thumb latch of the door and held it so that it could not be opened from the outside.

John A. Livingston, a young man in his teens, witnessed the theft, and immediately pursued the man, giving the alarm and attracting policemen, detectives and pedestrians.

The fleeing man was cornered in an alley. He had a gun in his hand when halted, but, seeing the case was hopeless, made no resistance. He gave his name as Edward Jones. The alleged thief had the lining of his overcoat so cut as to admit the trays. Most of the jewelry was recovered.

UNDESIRABLE PERSONS.

Seventeen houses in the district south of Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, have been cleared of their occupants as the result of a crusade on the part of the authorities to rid that section of undesirable persons.

This action is only the beginning of a sweeping reform, which has for its ultimate object the driving of a certain class of men and women from the seat of the nation's government. A few months ago the word was passed by city officials that the residents of the district in question would be permitted to make their homes in a designated part of Delaware avenue, not far removed from the Capitol, but even this "merciful" plan now appears to have been abandoned. The latest edict is that no designated "homes" in the city of Washington for this class of persons will be allowed to exist under the shadow of the dome of the Capitol or anywhere else within the confines of the District of Columbia.

BATTLE WITH A NEGRO.

A hand-to-hand battle between a negro desperador and the signal tower operator at Relay, one of the most important signal stations on the B. and O., 9 miles from Baltimore, at the junction of the main line with the Washington branch, at 2:30 a. m. yesterday, landed Perry Mahoney, the negro, in Mt. Winans jail with a stab wound in the neck and serious injuries about the head, while the operator, Alex Hobbs, is at his home in St. Denis with his scalp cut open, bruises about the head and his left arm bitten by the negro's teeth until the flesh stands in a bloody, swelling mass. The trouble was caused by the negro's repeated refusal to leave the signal tower, where he had stopped for shelter, when ordered to do so by Hobbs. The negro had evidently tried to kill the operator because he thought Hobbs was going to turn him over to the police.

Today's Telegraphic News

The Trial of Mme. Steinheil.

Paris, Dec. 3.—What the police consider one of the strongest cords in the network of evidence that is being woven around Mme. Steinheil, charged with complicity in the murder of her husband, Adolphe Steinheil, and her mother, Mme. Japy, on the night of May 31, was completed today by Dr Archeray, whose testimony, the authorities say, shows that the murders were premeditated.

Doctor Acheray, who lives in the Impasse Rosin, close to the Steinheil home, was called to the Steinheil apartments to treat Mme. Japy on the day before the murder. Mme. Steinheil and her mother were planning to leave Paris on the afternoon in question for Bellevue. All arrangements for their departure had been made, when Mme. Steinheil suddenly called in Dr. Acheray to attend her mother. Acheray says that he examined Madame Japy, but could find nothing the matter with her. Madame Steinheil stoutly insisted, however, that her mother was indisposed, and, despite his reassurance, she abandoned the trip to Bellevue. The murder took place that night.

Acheray expressed the opinion that plans for the murder were made after the trip to Bellevue had been arranged, and that the alleged indisposition on the part of Mme Japy was a mere ruse on her daughter's part to have an excuse for abandoning the trip.

The statement of Acheray, following the medical examination of Mme Japy's body, which disclosed the fact that her spleen was intact, which is virtually proof that she did not die of strangulation, has convinced the authorities that Mme Steinheil's story of the crime is a fabrication from beginning to end.

The police are convinced that M. Steinheil and Mme Japy died from the effects of poison, and that, after death, their murderers bound the bodies with cords and wires to support the story that they were strangled to death by the "robbers."

M. Andre, the examining magistrate, was undecided whether to recall Mme Steinheil today. She is still on the point of a physicial breakdown and Andre may wait until she regains her strength.

Mme. Steinheil admitted during her examination today that she has received 150 marriage proposals since her arrest.

Fighting in Port au Prince.

Port au Prince, Dec. 3.—The loyal troops who have been keeping order in the city under the direction of the newly formed commitee of safety, have been obliged to fire on bands of looters who were robbing the big warehouses, and a dozen persons are reported killed. The city is now virtually under martial law.

The fact that the troops protected the deposed president and permitted him to secure a refuge on a foreign warship inflamed the enemies of the late administration. Nord Alexis and his advisers fought bitterly against political refugees being given a haven under a foreign flag at the last revolution and this was not forgotton. So when he was taken under guard to the wharf and permitted to depart unscathed, the riff raff of the city were angered.

Bands from the outlying sections of the city invaded the business district and marched up and down, breaking into the establishments that promised the best loot. Doors were smashed in with rifle butts and goods were hauled into the street and divided among the mob. Fighting over the spoils then became general and word was sent to police headquarters that the contestants were threatening to set fire to the stores that they had looted.

Members of the committee of public safety and detachments of loyal troops were pressed into service and sent against the mob.

No order was given to disperse. Instead the troops fired down the streets so soon as they came within range, and the thieves fled in all directions. Eight men were killed at the first volley and a number were wounded.

This took the spirit out of the mob and they put up but a weak resistance, but in the fighting four others were killed.

The Czech Uprising.

Prague, Dec. 3.—The Czech uprising throughout Bohemia is today rapidly assuming the proportions of a full fledged rebellion.

The proclamation of martial law in this city has had the reverse effect from that anticipated, and reports from over the province today indicate that thousands of Czechs are rushing toward the city to aid the anti-German element.

It is estimated that 30,000 Czechs are now warring against the police and troops throughout Bohemia, and the number is being rapidly increased.

The riots which have plunged this city into tumult for the last week are now being repeated at Bruenn, where hundreds today clashed with the police and were beaten back by sabers. Scores were badly cut and many of the officers were injured by stones thrown by the infuriated Czechs. The entire country near Bruenn is seething with revolt.

Kodol is made of natural digestive juices found in a healthy stomach, and it digests all food completely. Kodol is pleasant to take, and is guaranteed to give relief in any case of stomach trouble. Sold by W. F. Creighton & Co.

Murder of a Turkish General.

Constantinople, Dec. 8.—Practically the entire police force of Constantinople is today trying to run down the murderer of General Ismail Maher Pasha, former aide de camp of the sultan, who was assassinated last night. The assassination is said to be the result of a political plot and to involve persons in high places. Ismail was the sultan's representative at Samos during the disturbances of last May. He was also Abdul Hamid's agent at Salonica during the army uprising that preceded the revolution which wrested from the sultan the new constitution. His assassin shot him five times, killing him instantly.

GEORGE WASHINGTON'S QUEUE

It Hid a Luxuriant Suit of Straight and Very Dark Hair.

The Father of his Country concealed a luxuriant suit of hair beneath his queue wig. Many now wish the old fashion were in vogue, to conceal thinned hair or baldness. Yet no one need have thin hair nor to be bald, if he cure the dandruff that causes both. Dandruff can not be cured by scouring the scalp, because it is a germ disease, and the germ has to be killed. Newbro's Herpicide kills the dandruff germ—no other hair preparation will. "Destroy the cause, you remove the effect." There's is no cure for dandruff but to kill the germ.

Sold by Ernest L. Allen & Co., agents. Two sizes 50c and $1.00. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. 127

LOVERS OF MUSIC are divided into two classes—those who produce it and those who listen.

YOU can be one of those who PRODUCE MUSIC if you own a

Pianola Piano

WHY remain longer satisfied merely to hear others play the piano, when you can just as well be the player yourself.

THERE can be no question but that the pleasure of playing is vastly greater than that of listening.

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PIANOLA PIANOS are genuine only when they bear the names of the Weber, the Steck, the Wheelock, or the Stuyvesant Pianos. No other so-called Player-piano contains the Pianola or is equipped with such vital improvements as the

Metrostyle and Themodist.

Pianola Pianos, $550 to $1,050.
Pianolas, $215 to $350.

Moderate Monthly Payments.

Sanders & Stayman Co.,

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Hand and Feet Frozen.

Johnstown, Pa., Dec. 3—With one hand and both feet frozen stiff, as the result of a ride of 83 miles on the fast "Manhattan Limited" from Pittsburg to New York, a well dressed young man, who gave the name of Daniel Sweeney, of Philadelphia, was found more dead than alive here today on the roof of a postal car. He was sent to a local hospital. His condition is serious. The young man pleaded with the train crew to take him to Philadelphia where he said he has wealthy relatives. When the train passed the "track troughs" the young man was saturated with water and his clothes were frozen stiff. Sweeney boarded the train at Pittsburg.

Suicide Identified.

New York, Dec. 3—After lying nearly all night in the Brooklyn morgue the body of the young woman who shot and killed herself in her room at the Clarendon Hotel was identified early today as that of Mrs. Lillian Falconer Doty, who had just returned from Sioux Falls, S. D., where she had obtained a divorce from Mansfield M. Doty, a wealthy New York broker.

Mrs. Doty was only 26 years old and the mother of a five-year-old son. She was married in 1902 at the Little Church Around the Corner. The couple's marital troubles culminated last January, when Mrs. Doty went west to secure her divorce.

Flood Subsiding.

Pine Buff, Ark., Dec. 3—With the Arkansas river flood curbed by the dynamiting last night of the levee that turned the current towards this city, and the crest of the flood believed to be near, hope is entertained today in Pine Bluff for the first time in a number of days. Serious danger, however, still threatens many of the costly buildings undermined by the flood, and they may yet collapse. The whole town rejoiced last night when heavy reverberations told that despite the government prohibition, desperate men were taking the matter into their own hands. The flood here appears checked and the current is losing its swiftness.

The Pope Recovering.

Rome, Dec. 3.—While the pope has virtually recovered from his indisposition of the last few days, according to a statement today by Dr. Petacchi, the latter induced the pontiff to agree to remain in his apartments for the remainder of the week in order to insure against a relapse. The pope was anxious to take up his duties again today, but Petacchi pleaded with him to remain absolutely quiet for three days longer. It was out of regard to his physician's wishes, rather than for fear of the consequences, that the pope consented to keep to his rooms.

Death of a Priest.

Baltimore, Dec. 3.—Rev. Francis H. O'Donoghue, formerly pastor of the Catholic Church of the Immaculate Conception in this city, and one of the best known priests in this section, is dead today at St. Agnes Hospital. Father O'Donoghue had been in failing health for some time, and before coming to St. Agnes he had been confined in Providence Hospital, Washington. The body will be taken to Germantown, Pa., for interment. He was 59 years old, a native of Rochester, N. Y., and a graduate of Niagara University.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup stops the cough and drives the cold from the system. Children like it. Sold by W. F. Creighton & Co.

Three Men Asphyxiated.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 3.—David Read, aged 25, of Pittsburg, and two unknown negroes were smothered to death in a coal hopper under the Central bridge early today. The men went into the coal hopper to sleep and lighted a charcoal fire. The fumes from the fire killed them while they slept.

For that Dull Feeling After Eating

I have used Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for some time, and can testify that they have done me more good than any tablets I have ever used. My trouble was a heavy dull feeling after eating—David Freeman, Kempt, Nova Scotia. These tablets strengthen the stomach and improve the digestion. They also regulate the liver and bowels. They are far superiour to pills but cost no more. For sale by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

IN MEMORIAM.

In sad but loving remembrance of our darling daughter, MARION E. GROVER, who left us December 3, 1907—one year ago today.

Marion was our little darling,
Pride of all our hearts at home,
When an angel came and whispered
"Darling Marion, do come home."

BY HER PARENTS.

[Washington papers please copy.

Malt Beverage Decision.

[Special dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.]

Richmond, Va., Dec. 3.—The Court of Appeals today upheld the Corporation Commissioner's decision in the case of the Portner Brewing Company against the Southern Express Company growing out of the refusal of the Express Company to handle and deliver malt beverage in this territory.

The commission held that the railroad did right and declared against the shipment of intoxicants in wholesale quantities in dry territory though advising that retailers might ship same quantities in jugs and like receptacles. This view the Court of Appeals endorsed.

Standard Oil.

New York, Dec. 3.—John D. Archbold put the Standard Oil Company on record today as opposed to "tariff tinkering" in one of the most sensational bits of testimony gleaned from the present hearing of the federal dissolution suit.

In subscribing to the conditions which make it impossible for the Russian Oil producers to compete with the Standard Oil Company's product in the United States, the witness averred that the remedy lay in the Russian producers, own hands, since, by the removal of the duty, thus giving Standard Oil free access to Russian consumption, Russian producers could obtain like privileges in the United States.

Protestant Council.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec 3.—Live issues were taken up at the very beginning of the Federal Council of the Protestant Church in America when the 450 delegates, representing every protestant denomination in the country, gathered for their first business session today. The purpose of the conference, which will be in session a week, is to create a closer union between the different denominations.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Hundreds of the unemployed of New York were driven by the cold wave to seek alms of the city and charitable societies.

The Friesland, of the Red Star Line, and the New Pioneer collided today in the Mersey, both sustaining serious damage. The collission was due to the fog.

Talk of $1.50 wheat is rife in Chicago, and the prediction seems justified by the events of the day on the Board of Trade and the general trend of talk and prices. At the opening yesterday May wheat jumped to $1.10.

An open clash between Emperor Franz Josef and Franz Ferdinand, his warlike nephew, over the policy to pursue in the Balkan dispute, is inevitable in the near future, according to expressions today from diplomats high in the goverment service.

More than a hundred officers and fully 1,000 enlisted men who accompanied the Alantic fleet to the Far East will not return with it. In their place an equal number of officers and men who have been on duty on the Asiatic station for two years or more will return on the battleships to Hampton Roads February 22 next.

DIED.

Wednesday, December 2, at 6:10 p. m. ALLEPHA, the little daughter of James and Sarah Murphy, at her parents' home, 805 south Washington street, after a lingering illness of three months, aged 2 years and ten months. Funeral Saturday evening at 3.00 o'clock.

A bud the gardener gave us,
A pure and loving child;
He gave it in our keeping
For just a little while.
But just as the bud was opening,
At the close of day,
Down came the heavenly gardener
And took our bud away.

BY HER PARENTS.

VIRGINIA.—In the Clerk's Office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 18th day of November, 1908.

Dora Bordner, complainant, vs. John S. Bordner, Samuel Groh, William E. Gilbert, W. Gywnn Gardner, E. N. Hopewell, A. T. Smith, trustees, and John C. Brooke, defendants.

Memo. The object of this suit is to sell house and lot on west side of Alfred street, between King and Cameron streets, in the city of Alexandria, Va., and satisfy a judgment lien of the complainants.

It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that diligence has been used on behalf of the complainant to ascertain in what county or corporation the defendant, John S. Bordner, is, without effect, and his whereabouts is unknown and that the defendants, William E. Gilbert, W. Gywnn Gardner, E. N. Hopewell, A. T. Smith and John C. Brooke, are non-residents of this State: It is Ordered, That said defendants appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the city of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the court house of this city. A copy—Teste:

NEVELL S. GREENAWAY, Clerk.
Oliver & Brumback, p. q. nov18 w4w-w

Mt. Vernon Violet Borated Talcum Powder, a 25c powder for 10c.
E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS,