



FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 22, 1909.

The scarcity of work in some of the larger cities of the world is causing apprehension. The scenes in front of the Parliament House in London Wednesday were object lessons. Thousands of the unemployed in the British metropolis, hungry, scantily clothed and many virtually homeless, fought with the police. The recent seizure of lands belonging to the nobility in Wales, which are still held by men driven to desperation by hunger, is significant. Three thousand men swarmed in and about a building on Second avenue in New York Wednesday, demanding work tickets permitting them to clean streets, and as only 1,000 men were needed, they fought until the police reserves had to clear the premises. The unemployed men fought fiercely to get near the foreman, who was giving out tickets. Heads were pounded, faces punched and a furious battle was under way when the reserves broke down on them. The world swarms with dissatisfied people who chafe under real or imaginary troubles, most of their sore places, however, having been superinduced by disappointments or envy. In the face of the above facts, it would be well if all adopted the wholesome advice, "Having food and raiment, let us therewith be content."

In the Senate yesterday when the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was taken up, Senator Rayner took a snapshot at Mr. Roosevelt, and created a rattle by commenting upon the president's proposed hunting trip to Africa. "Only six weeks ago," he said, "it was announced that a great faunal naturalist was about to proceed for a distant continent in search of animals which so far as I have been able to discover, have never existed in all time. Continuing he said:

I am not a game butcher, but I am a sort of zoologist, and I know there never has been such a thing as a white rhinoceros or an orangoutang with a nose three inches long, so far as any researches into natural history extend. I want to say if these animals do exist there is no earthly doubt that they will be exterminated by this great faunal naturalist. I do not object to it because I think the donation of \$25,000 by the Smithsonian Institution to meet the expense of that expedition will be conducive to the peace and general welfare of the nation, temporarily at least.

When the democrats placed in their national platform last summer a plank providing for the guarantee of bank deposits a howl went up from the republicans and "Roosevelt democrats" who proclaimed that such a measure was populism pure and simple and if enacted into law would destroy the banking interests of the country. Already, however, bills have been introduced in the New York and the New Jersey legislatures for the guarantee of deposits in banks and trust companies, patterned on the Bryan plan. These bills authorize the state treasurer to collect an insolvency fund to be drawn upon to liquidate losses of failed banks and trust companies. Whether practical or not, there is no question of the favor with which the plan of guaranteed deposits has been received by the general public.

Mr. HAYES, a republican member of the House of Representatives from California, said yesterday: There is just one way to settle this question. That is, to keep all Orientals out of the country. What objection can there be to that? Every country has the right to say what aliens shall or shall not reside within its borders. It is rather humiliating to think that we have to jump when Japan pulls the strings. The question has got to be settled, whatever the cost, now as well as any other time.

Mr. Hayes is a jingo of jingoes. Should Japan pass a law excluding Americans from that country he would be one of the first to get this country into a war with Japan—provided he did not have to fight himself.

From Washington. [Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] President Roosevelt today sent to Congress a special message upon the subject of the conservation of the country's natural resources, together with the report submitted to him by the National Conservation Commission. The report is the result of the labors performed by the commission since the great gathering of governors at the White House and proves conclusively that the forests, the minerals, the lands and the waters of the United States, are being exploited for present-day gain, and that the end of all things that go to make our country's greatness is not only fast approaching, but is practically in sight.

The Cabinet meeting today. The president explained what action he had taken and told of his discussion with members of Congress as well as with ex-Mayor Phelan today. The president is convinced that the extreme gravity of the situation has passed, at least for the time being.

Pay Inspector Mudd in charge of the shipments of the 2,500 houses to Messina, reported to the Navy Department today that the first shipment will be made tomorrow night. This will consist of 500 houses which will be sent on the steamship Eva from New York. Mr. Mudd says that four vessels have now been chartered, three to sail from New York and one from New Orleans.

President Roosevelt has sounded a call to arms to prevent an attack upon the general staff of the army. He had a special conference today with several Representatives from New York. He asked them to fight on the floor of the House the report from committee which practically cuts in two the general staff, when the army bill comes up for action.

Orders have been issued by the Navy Department for the examination of candidates for appointment as second lieutenants in the Marine Corps on January 28th and February 23rd. There are fourteen vacancies.

James P. Phelan, known as the "earthquake mayor" of San Francisco, told President Roosevelt today that without doubt the California legislature would postpone action on the objectionable anti-Japanese measures until the next regular session two years hence, in order to enable "a count of noses" by the state and probably the federal authorities as to whether Japanese immigration was decreasing or increasing. Phelan further declared that it would be the part of wisdom for the legislature to wait a reasonable time for a fuller demonstration of the operation of the agreement between the two governments and said he believed a census might be ordered under the auspices of the state commissioner of labor.

The fortification appropriation bill carrying \$17,268,151 was completed by the House committee on appropriations today. It gives the War Department \$7,920,000 less than was asked.

A thrilling story of the horrors of the Messina earthquake, the destruction of the American consuls and its occupants, and his own remarkable escape, is told in a mail report received today by the State Department from Stuart K. Lupton, who was at the time vice-consul, and who has since been appointed consul succeeding Arthur L. Cheney.

Senator Knox and Assistant Attorney General Russell gave the main testimony before the federal grand jury in the government trial proceedings in connection with the Panama canal story today. They refused to make any statement after they left the jury room. It is stated that the grand jury will examine into all the papers from the Department of Justice relating to the canal purchase.

A hitch has unexpectedly developed in the government's plans relative to the federal grand jury's inquiry into publications bearing upon the purchase of the Panama canal. Attorney General Bonaparte, who had expected to make public today a formal announcement of what was to be contemplated by the president, after a hurried visit to the White House, declared in response to inquiries that the contemplated announcement might not be made until next week. He said that the postponement was due to causes which he could not explain.

Sixtieth Congress. SENATE. The Senate today adopted the resolution offered by Senator Culberson calling upon the attorney general for all of the correspondence in connection with the alleged loan by the American Sugar Refining Company to one Segal of the Pennsylvania Refining Company in consideration of which the latter company agreed to go out of business. Senator Culberson said that this was in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law and that he understood that formal complaint had been made to the Department of Justice to this effect. He wanted to ascertain the position of the department on the subject.

The Dick resolution providing for the appropriate commemoration of Abraham Lincoln's centennial anniversary on Feb. 12 was further considered. The Carter amendment recommending that a suitable memorial be constructed for Lincoln's memory instead of a monument in this city, was adopted.

Mr. Knox offered an amendment appropriating \$50,000 for a survey for building a highway to be known as "The Lincoln Way" between Washington and the battlefield of Gettysburg.

Mr. Teller did not believe the building of a highway anywhere would be a proper tribute to this great man. He said if \$50,000 were appropriated for preliminary work, Congress would be virtually committed to the project. He also disputed Mr. Knox's statement that the Appian way was built as a memorial to the Roman emperor, but said that Appian Claudius began it himself as a military road.

After a long debate, the resolution went over until tomorrow without action.

HOUSE. A lively attack on the proposition to increase the navy by the addition of two first-class battleships opened the proceedings in the House today. The House was sitting as a committee on the whole. Mr. Finley moved to strike from the naval appropriation bill the section providing for the battleships.

Mr. Bartholdi, who is one of the great lights in the inter-parliamentary peace union, could see no good reason for booming the navy at this juncture. "If there ever was a time to reduce military armaments one is at hand now," he declared.

Then he went on to say that the United States had plenty of peace when it had practically no navy. The best assurance of peace, he said, was "our love of peace and justice, our stout hearts and love of liberty."

Mr. Tawney made a bitter attack on the proposed building of two battleships. He said he was tired of hearing talk of threatened war with Japan annually when the naval appropriation bill was under consideration. He declared that Japan could not carry on a war against this country, on account of lack of finances, and the wide distance separating the two countries.

News of the Day. It is costing \$100,000 a day to care for the thousands made destitute by the earthquake in Italy.

The Senate committee on printing has decided to favorably report the nomination of Samuel B. Donnelly for public printer.

The Venezuelan envoy and the Dutch foreign minister reached an agreement on the points at issue between Venezuela and the Netherlands.

Attorney General Bonaparte's refusal to appear before the Senate committee on the subject of the steel merger has caused tension with that committee.

Some of the delegates to the International Naval Conference in London say the American delegates have adopted an uncompromising attitude, and it is feared the conference will have no results.

Cardinal Gibbons today announced the appointment of the Rev. Thomas J. Shahan, of Hartford, Conn., as the next rector of the Catholic University in Washington. Dr. Shahan now holds the chair of church history at the university.

The services of Brown and Baldwin, the private detectives who were paid \$15,000 for their work in following up members of the discharged battalion of the Twenty-fifth Infantry and secured a "confession" from Byrd Goyens, one of the number, have been dispensed with.

The second of the evening receptions given by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt was held last night in the White House. This was in honor of the judiciary, and it was the most interesting occasion, with a suggestion of the staidness and dignity of the justices of the supreme court. The mansion had its customary decorations of white blossoms, pink blossoms and quantities of palms and ferns. The Marine Band, stationed in the outer corridor, played throughout the reception. The guests asked to the Blue Room formed a large and distinguished company.

The Senate yesterday voted to raise the salaries of the circuit judges to \$9,000 and district judges to \$3,000. Senator Dick's resolution to proclaim a holiday in honor of the Lincoln centennial anniversary on February 12 led to a prolonged debate, which resulted in the measure being laid on the table. Items of \$1,200 in the urgency deficiency bill for the purchase of automobiles for Mr. Taft were stricken out by the appropriations committee. Senator Warren's bill to regulate examinations for promotion in the medical corps of the army was passed.

That President-elect Taft has decided to abolish the referee system for the distribution of federal patronage in the south is the report among his friends. This means that in his endeavor to strengthen the republican party south of the Mason and Dixon line he has come face to face with the proposition that at the most thoroughly revolutionized political conditions which have prevailed in the party in this section for the last forty years. Under the referee system two or three men have dictated the personnel of the federal officeholders in each southern state.

The Duke of the Abruzzi. Rome, Jan. 22.—Positive information came from the Quirinal today, that the Duke of the Abruzzi has not offered his resignation as a naval commander. He has declined for the time being the merited promotion to rear admiralship because his acceptance would prevent an early leave of absence, which the duke desires for his Himalayan expedition.

Fire in a hotel. New York, Jan. 22.—Fire early today in the Creek Hotel caused a panic among the fifty guests and drove them down the fire escape. Many found their exit checked when they reached the hotel portico and they remained there until rescued by firemen. Mrs. Mary Well Jennings went out safely. She had a premonition of the fire last night, and caused the clerk to change her room to another on the second floor near the stairway. At dinner last night, Mrs. Jennings told others that the hotel would be barred before morning, and it did.

Bishop McQuaid's Funeral. Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Rochester today buried its first bishop when with imposing ceremony of the Catholic Church, the body of Rt. Rev. Bernard J. McQuaid was laid at rest in Holy Sepulchre cemetery. Archbishop John M. Farley, of New York, officiated at the solemn pontifical requiem mass at St. Patrick's Cathedral. The eulogy was pronounced by Rev. Phillip R. McDevitt, of Philadelphia.

Drowned by Flood. San Francisco, Jan. 22.—The storm that raged here during the past twenty-four hours, extended from Oregon to San Diego and was one of the most destructive in a quarter of a century. At Stockton the San Joaquin has been inundated the suburbs. A wall of water six feet high swept through Angeles Camp drowning several Chinese and carrying away thirty houses.

The Earthquake at Smyrna. Valletta Island of Malta, Jan. 22.—Lately reports increase the seriousness of the recent quake at Smyrna and it is now believed there has been heavy loss of life besides the known destruction of several million dollars worth of property. Relief parties have been sent out from Smyrna, but their reports are still meagre.

Miners and Natives Drowned. Johannesburg, Jan. 22.—Ten miners and 150 natives were drowned today by the flooding of the Knight Mine, in the Witwatersand District. The mine was flooded by the bursting of several dams, used for gold washing.

POLL TAX CASES. The hearing of the famous poll tax cases from Norfolk, fixed for yesterday in the supreme court of appeals, was not taken up. This was because of the absence of Judge James Keith, the president of the court, who is detained by sickness, and the death of Mrs. Cardwell, of Hanover, at her home yesterday morning. No announcement was made by the court when the cases will be taken up, though it may be that the court will determine to hear the matter at this time. This, however, is conjectural, as the lawyers are anxious that a full court shall hear the case, which means so much to the people of the state and the final adjudication of a question which has been attracting much attention from all parts of the state and which is attended with so much of interest to the voters and to the politicians.—[Richmond News Leader.]

WANT PAYING RATES. Presidents and other officials of the Southern Railway, the Atlantic Coast Line, the Seaboard Air Line, the Norfolk and Southern, the Norfolk and Western, and other railroads yesterday had a conference in Raleigh, with the governor, declaring the present reduced passenger rates as unremunerative and as confiscatory, and asking that power be given the corporation commission to arrange paying rates. Gov. Kitchin replied that no facts given showed the rates unjust or confiscatory, and that it had been understood that the compromised rates agreed upon in 1907 with Gov. Glenn were to continue. He advised the railroads against any procedure, and agreed to a further conference on January 30.

The Market. Georgetown D. C., Jan. 22.—Wheat 97-106

Today's Telegraphic News

The Anti-Japanese Agitation. San Francisco, Jan. 22.—Many advocates of the anti-Japanese bill who have heretofore remained silent during the agitation over the bills began to rush into print today, to rouse the people of California in their favor.

The Asiatic exclusion league in a fiery letter to Gov. Gillett, today, declared the statement of President Roosevelt that the number of Japanese in the United States is decreasing is not true. The letter quotes the last report of the immigration bureau, for the fiscal year ending October 1908, to back up its assertions. The league charges the governor to stand firmly by the anti-Japanese bills, and pay no heed to the president and to permit no federal interference in the behalf of Japan. "There will be a show down sooner or later," the letter continues, "and the sooner it comes the better."

In the meantime the local Japanese papers remain silent with respect to ailing consul General Takasaka's request that the anti-Japanese measures be killed. The papers profess to believe that the legislators will not pass the bills, and that the present "deplorable conditions" will soon be over. They give much praise to President Roosevelt and Gov. Gillett, and predict that the enactment of the bills would mean "an alienation" between the two countries which "could only result in the death of commerce."

Eight members of the local Chamber of Commerce who recently visited Japan, on a commercial mission, have sent a protest against anti-Japanese legislation to both Houses of the Assembly.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 22.—Assemblymen who are anxious to avoid trouble with Japan and wish to kill the pending anti-Japanese bills, stated today that it was very unlikely that the bills would ever be enacted into laws.

Tokyo, Jan. 22.—At the reopening of the Japanese Diet today, Premier Katsura, in an address read to the Upper House expressed his deep appreciation of the recent exchange of notes between Japan and America, which sought to rest the source of all misunderstanding and furnish a ground for settling all incidental questions. He voiced his conviction that Japan's alliance with England and the entente cordiale between France and Russia enhanced the Japanese foreign relation and assured future peace in Asia. The premier expressed his determination to carry out the home and foreign policy of the emperor for the benefit of the people of Japan.

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WASHINGTON'S SWORD.

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, the New York banker, has purchased from Miss Virginia Taylor Lewis, of Baltimore, the sword worn by Gen. George Washington when he resigned his commission as commander-in-chief of the Continental army in Annapolis in 1783.

Mr. Morgan will make a contribution of this historic relic to the Mount Vernon Association, to be permanently kept at George Washington's old home on the banks of the Potomac, eight miles below Alexandria.

The price paid for the sword will not be divulged by either the buyer or the seller. One thing can be stated, and that is that Mr. Morgan made the full payment agreed upon by his personal check.

The value of the sword may be gleaned from the fact that some years ago the United States Senate passed a bill appropriating \$25,000 for its purchase from the owner. This bill, however, failed of passage by the House of Representatives. It never became a law and was never afterward brought up.

This sword has a double historic interest from the fact General Washington also wore it on the occasion of his inauguration as president in New York, April 30, 1789.

A brief sketch of how it came into the Lewis family is interesting. In General Washington's will he bequeathed to his son George Washington, the only son of his son George W. Lewis, and by him to his brother, Henry Howell Lewis, the father of Miss Virginia Taylor Lewis, who received it from her father as a personal gift.

PROHIBITION BILL KILLED. The Sims bill for absolute prohibition in the District of Columbia was killed by the House committee on the District at its regular weekly meeting yesterday. Eleven members voted to table the bill. Two voted to keep it alive. Before the vote was taken the committee discussed the matter of prohibition in the District of Columbia at considerable length. Most of the members of the committee expressed the opinion that the excise laws of the District are excellent in themselves and well enforced, and that if anything is to be done in the near future it should deal with some possible amendments to these laws and not with the general subject of complete prohibition.

DIED. In Alexandria, on Thursday, January 21, THOMAS TERRY, of Fairfax county, in the 67th year of his age. His funeral will take place from St. Paul's church, Bailey's Cross Road, Fairfax county, on Sunday evening at 1:30 o'clock. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

CURES CATARRH. The W. P. Taylor Drug Co. Will Furnish the Medicine Free in Every Case Where They Fail to Cure Catarrh.

Neglect or pessimism we believe is the greatest enemy the public have to contend with when applied to the loss or recovery of health. Practically every case of consumption might have been cured if hope had been maintained and proper treatment had been resorted to at the first symptoms of the disease. Until the advanced stage is reached, consumption is curable. Catarrh is no exception, we believe, for every case of consumption. It is about Catarrh we want to talk to you today, incidentally consumption, since the two are so closely allied.

We have a medicine made from the prescription of one of the most successful catarrh specialists known. This medicine has a record of 95 percent without an equal. We are so satisfied that we are right, that we will supply the medicine free in every instance where it is used according to directions for a reasonable length of time and fails to cure and give satisfaction in every particular. We want everyone in Alexandria to try this medicine at our offer. We put the use under no obligation to us whatever.

The medicine we want you to try is Rexall Mucuo-Tone. It is a catarrh remedy that goes direct to the seat of the trouble. It is carried by the blood to every part of the system. It seeks out and destroys the germs or parasites which cause Catarrh. It purifies and enriches the blood, tones up the mucous cells and heals the tissues that were ravaged by the catarrhal parasite, and brings about a condition of health and strength that prevents the germs of consumption from ever getting a start. Besides this, Rexall Mucuo-Tone is a wonderful appetizer, digestive and blood-builder. Its good effects are felt from the very first dose. It is one of the largest and most satisfactory selling medicines that we ever had anything to do with. We know so much of the great good that it has done that we personally back it up with our reputation and money, which fact should be ample guarantee to satisfy anybody.

Rexall Mucuo-Tone comes in two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00. We urge you try it. W. P. Taylor, 616 King Street.

FOR SALE—Desirable brick dwelling on Duke Street, 7 rooms and bath; modern improvements; well rented. Apply to jan22 3t A. J. Y., Gazette

WANTED—Three unfurnished ROOMS for light housekeeping. Address X, Gazette office. jan21 3t

ATTRACTIVE AND APPETIZING Our Cakes and Pastry are always attractive because they are always delicious and wholesome. The busy woman who entertains can place before her guests the products of our Bakery, and feel assured that they will please the most critical. Special orders receive special attention.

H. BLOCH, Confectioner, 615 King Street Both Phones.

WANTED—A young man as STENOGRAPHER. NORTON & BOOTHE, 128 south Fairfax street, jan20 1w

GOLD WATCH FREE. Any Boy or Girl may earn a handsome Gold Watch absolutely without cost, as a premium for supplying information of a genteel character. Will require only spare moments of your time during the next few weeks.

Watch Premium. Room 74, HomeLife Building, WASHINGTON D. C.

LET'S GET ACQUAINTED! THE AUTH STAND. For the Auth Products. They're simply delicious. Read this: The Auth Sausages are popular because they always satisfy the palate and they won't make you sick!

Sylvan Blondheim. The Auth Stand. City Market.

A PLACE FOR A PUFF is your morning or afternoon stroll, when the height of enjoyment may be reached if you are smoking one of our excellent cigars. Pure, Fragrant Habana Tobacco, made in the most perfect manner, and kept as moist and sweet as when new. If a man is judged by his smokes you will be all right when you smoke ours.

NO CLAIM FOR SMALLPOX LOSS. In the Supreme Court of Appeals on Thursday two opinions were handed down. The first was that of the county of Louisa against Yancey's trustee, from Louisa Circuit Court. This is the case in which Yancey Brothers, merchants at Green Spring, appealed. In 1902 smallpox developed in the family of Lewis Yancey, who occupied as a dwelling room in the same building as the store. The county authorities at once declared quarantine and Yancey and his family and several employees were detained in the house. During the life of the quarantine the inmates of the house, including Yancey and his family, were supported from the stock in the store. Then, when the quarantine was lifted, much of the stock was so damaged that it was disposed of at reduced prices and great loss. Yancey, the surviving partner, brought suit against the county, claiming damages of \$2,777.78, for goods used, for loss by reason of closing of the store, for loss to stock by reason of use of building for hospital purposes. The case was tried in the old county court and a verdict for \$466.42 was awarded. An appeal was to the Circuit Court, and a reduction of \$115 was made by the Circuit Court and as amended the verdict was affirmed. From the judgment of the Circuit Court, the writ of error was awarded, and the court yesterday reversed both of the courts below and remanded the case for a new hearing. "It be had not in conflict with the views expressed in this opinion."—[Richmond News Leader.]

REAL ESTATE. For Sale. One of the most desirable building lots in the city; location within close proximity to Christ Church; dimensions 45x105. For price and terms apply to M. B. Harlow & Co., Inc., 119 South Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Va.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES. Mine Workers in convention at Indianapolis today appropriated \$2,500 to be used in the defense of John Mitchell and the contempt proceedings.

Paul J. Holman, of Washington, D. C., died in the St. Pancras Hospital in London today. He was at one time a member of the Geological Survey.

Mrs. Ruth D. Bryan Leavitt, daughter of Wm. J. Bryan, today filed suit in Lincoln, Neb., for divorce from William Homer Leavitt, a painter. She charges desertion and non-support.

J. R. Kenly, third vice-president of the Atlantic Coast Line, declared there was no foundation for the report that the Florida East Coast Road had been purchased by the Atlantic Coast Line.

FOR RENT—Frame BLACKSMITH SHOP at 906 Duke street. Complete set of tools for blacksmith, wheelright and paint shop. For price apply to JOHN D. NORMOYLE, Corner King and Royal Streets. jan20 3t

FOR SALE—Six room frame DWELLING at New Alexandria, renting for \$5.00 per month. Price \$400. JOHN D. NORMOYLE, Corner King and Royal Streets. jan20 3t

WANTED—Two or three first class city SOLICITORS for the best and fastest selling household necessity of the day; excellent opportunity for one who will meet business. Address Box 10, Gazette Office. jan21 3t

NOTICE—ALVA FERRE No. 871, will hold a called meeting at the Azrie in the Alexandria National Bank building on FRIDAY EVENING, January 22, at 8 o'clock. JOHN RICE, President. jan21 3t

WANTED TO RENT OR BUY sight in room HOUSE. Good location. Apply V. L. EMBESON, Fairfax Apartments, 1121 E. jan21 3t

Mr. Vernon Violet Borated Talcum Pow der, a 25c package for 10c. E. S. LEADBEATER & SONS, jan21 3t

The Breakfast Problem is Solved if You Have Good Flour and Good Coffee. There is perfect satisfaction with Cream Flour, and its sale increases daily. We offer also exceptionally good values in Coffees at 20c and 25c lb. Ground to Your Order. Satisfaction always or money back. Henry F. Robertson.