



ALEXANDRIA, VA. WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 8.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of Alexandria Gazette) The charges that bribery figured in the election of Senator Lorimer, of Illinois, to the Senate will be considered by the Senate committee on privileges at a meeting to be held on Saturday. There are no well-defined indications of the action that will be taken by the committee.

A caucus of republican senators will be held late this evening. While it is given out that the only purpose is to fill a vacancy in the position of assistant door-keeper, the general impression is that the program for the closing days of the session will be considered. Senate and House leaders, with the cooperation of the president, began a vigorous campaign today for an early adjournment of Congress. Mr. John D. White, the republican whip of the House, returned from the executive office and passed the word around among his colleagues that an early adjournment is desired. Looking toward this end, the president hopes the Senate will accept the postal savings bank bill as it will be passed, in all probability, by the House tomorrow night. The bill now has the right of way, under a special rule, and will be taken up again tomorrow. After seven hours debate the previous questions will be ordered and Representative Week, in charge of the measure, has announced that he will ask for a vote before adjournment tomorrow.

The conference on the railroad bill went on work this afternoon on that measure. Before beginning the initial conference, Senator Aldrich expressed the belief that by working early and late it would be possible to agree upon the new rate law within a comparatively few days. With the railroad bill and postal savings out of the way, it is not believed that any further general legislation will be attempted in the House. The Senate probably will dispose of the sundry civil appropriation bill in short order and the general deficiency bill will be reported to the House and will pass, perhaps within the next ten days. The Senate will consume but little time on that measure. According to the plans being formulated among the House and Senate leaders today, adjournment by July 1 seems quite probable. House members on both sides of the chamber are becoming restless, owing to pressing campaigns at home, and are evidencing a desire to bring the session to a close as soon as possible.

Attorney General Wickersham left today for Zanesville, Pennsylvania, where he will deliver an address at the commencement exercises of the school at which he received his early education. He will be back at his desk at the Department of Justice tomorrow.

Among the public buildings recommended for purchase by the Senate committee on public buildings today was one by Waynesboro, Va., \$70,000.

President Taft today refused a request presented by Senators Jones and Pyles that the 25th Infantry—composed of negroes—be removed from Fort Lawton, upon complaint of a mass meeting of Seattle, Wash., which followed the charge that a member of the regiment had committed an outrage. This regiment was involved in the Brownsville affair. The president declined the removal of the regiment upon an unproved charge would be unwise and would be most unfair. He instructed the commanding officer of the post to make a rigid investigation and ordered an immediate report.

Among senators a great deal of curiosity is expressed as to the basis of the cheerful satisfaction displayed by the railroad presidents over their bargain with President Taft regarding increased freight rates. It is true that pleasure is also exhibited by the administration folks, but the greater interest centers in the other crowd. Views as to the way of the railroad men are various, but one advanced by a senator who has given close attention to the railroad bill is of particular interest. "The railroad presidents are happy," he said "because they have in all probability obtained an amendment to the Sherman anti-trust law. They tried hard to get such a provision into the bill in the section legalizing rate agreements, but the fire was so hot that the sponsors for the bill were obliged to eliminate it. Now the railroads seem to have won their greatest desire by negotiation. The government did not sue the railroads on the charge that they had raised rates. The charge was that they had violated the Sherman law by combining to raise rates and thus forming a conspiracy in restraint of interstate commerce. That was the cause of all the excitement in the railroad world, not the prospect that their new rates would be held up for awhile. Under the arrangement entered into, as it is generally understood, the increases will be subject to the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission, but no question will be raised as to the legality of the action of the railroads in having a common agent file rates with the Interstate Commerce Commission in practice, actually the same letter, rather than the question of railroads, that the railroads were most interested and I miss my guess if they have not gotten under shelter."

It is expected by the progressives and democrats that when the bill has returned from conference it will be found to have been short of several highly esteemed amendments that were inserted in the Senate. With that condition in prospect they will utilize the time during which the bill is in conference to form a strong line up to fight for provisions in accord with progressive ideas.

In order to carry out the contract with the administration to withdraw from the interstate commerce commission the proposed new tariffs which they filed the eastern and western railroads bill will have to go through a lot of red tape.

Insurgent republicans in the House though smarting from yesterday's defeat on the Lenroot motion to adopt the Senate railroad bill, are nevertheless, today admitting that may be it was the best after all. They figure that they still have a club over the conference in the change to reject the conference report if it is not satisfactory. The fight yesterday brought out an emphatic promise from Mr. Mann, who heads the House conferees, that he would stand firm by the wishes of the House, and the vote was so close on

WEDDING.

Guy Montagu George Finch-Hatton, Viscount Maidstone, and Miss Margaretta Drexel, United in Matrimony—Half a Million Dollars' Worth of Wedding Gifts.

London, June 7.—Miss Margaretta Drexel, daughter of Anthony J. Drexel, the millionaire banker of Philadelphia and London, was married to Guy Montagu George Finch-Hatton, Viscount Maidstone, today.

The wedding took place in fashionable St. Margaret's Church, Westminster. The Bishop of London, assisted by Canon Horsley Henson and minor clergymen, officiated. The bride was given away by her father. The bridesmaids were Lady Gladys Finch-Hatton, sister of the groom; Misses Hilda Chichester and Essex Canning, his cousins; Misses Edith Wain, Nellie Post and Mildred Carter, all American girls; Lady Violet Mansers and Misses Rhoda Astley, Sylvia Fellowes and Constance Canning.

Miss Drexel wore a dress of cream satin, draped in wonderful old lace, worn by the bride's mother, grandmother and great-aunt at her weddings. From her shoulders fell a long train of white satin and gold brocade, the gift of Mrs. Lewis Norris, a great aunt. The bridesmaids were costumed in soft, white satin and instead of hats they wore wreaths of marguerites, covered with tulle veils.

Lord Maidstone was attended by his brother, the Hon. Harold Finch-Hatton. The reception was held in the Drexel mansion, at 22 Grosvenor square.

The wedding presents are among the most numerous and costly ever seen in London, estimates of their cost running as high as \$500,000.

Anthony J. Drexel is said to have agreed to give his son-in-law but \$10,000 the first year of his married life with the provision that \$10,000 be added annually to this amount until \$50,000 is reached, "provided the young man makes good."

Five Men Killed. Dover, N. J., June 8.—Five men were killed by the overturning of a car in which they were riding to the surface at the Richard mine, about two miles west of this place at 12 o'clock last night. Coroner Edward F. Törten investigated the accident and released the Thomas Iron Company, in whose mine the fatality occurred, from all blame, it having been shown that the car had been forbidden to ride in the car. The accident happened about midnight just as the night shift was going off duty.

The Earthquake in Italy. Rome, June 8.—Fifty bodies have so far been recovered from the quake ruins in Calitri, San Sese, San Sele and the other towns that bore the brunt of Monday night's shocks. It is now believed that the total deaths will not exceed 75.

The number of injured, however, is far greater than yesterday's estimate. All the hospitals in the afflicted towns are filled with the victims of the quake and scores are being cared for in improvised quarters.

Today's reports indicate that the property loss from the hurricane that followed the quake was tremendous, both in the quake zone and in Sarlines. Crops were destroyed, flocks killed and at least six persons lost their lives.

The Florida Senatorship. Jacksonville, Fla., June 8.—Friends of United States Senator James P. Taliaferro concede today that he has been defeated for renomination by former Governor N. B. Broward by at least 2,000. Broward's friends declare that his vote will exceed Taliaferro's by not less than 10,000 when the complete returns from yesterday's primaries are in. Most of the districts still missing are conceded to be Broward's strongholds.

The election was the most bitterly contested in the history of Florida, personalities being freely indulged in by both sides. As the legislature is overwhelmed democratic, there is no question of Broward receiving the senatorship.

DEAD BESIDE COFFIN. When Timothy Cotter, one of the firemen killed in the fire in Washington street, New York, Monday, was a barefoot boy in County Cork, Ireland, it was his cousin, Nora, twice his age, who looked after him. It was a deep attachment that existed between the two—so deep that when his body was carried into her little home, after it was recovered from the fire ruins, she threw herself across the coffin and died of grief.

Yesterday morning there were two streamers of erape on the doorway, and the two bodies will be laid away today, that of the woman besides her husband, John Williams.

When Mr. Williams died, Timothy Cotter took up the burden of supporting the family. The death of Mr. Williams was a hard blow to the health of the woman and she was never well afterward. When Timothy was home dead she was prostrated and her physician warned her to stay in bed, but she preferred to sit beside the coffin, where she was found dead.

BATTLE OF NEW ROSS. This is the 112th anniversary of the battle of New Ross, County Wexford, Ireland, which resulted in the Irish completely routing the British after being repulsed by the enemy four times amid frightful carnage on both sides. In this battle the Irish were greatly handicapped by lack of proper arms and this made the victory doubly earned.

In after years much was said and written about this battle, and perhaps nothing said of it was more appropriate than the following lines delivered in a speech many years afterward, which follow: "There is no one that has an Irish drop of blood in his veins that needs be ashamed of the heroes of '98. They fought for six days, and with a very poor outfit of war, only when they had captured from the enemy."

The police of Middletown, O., believe they have the slayer of Alma Kellner in the American Rolling Mill in that place.

THE BREWERS' SUE.

Washington, D. C., June 8.—The first formal session of the United States Brewers' Association convened today with the annual address of President Carl J. Hoster. President Hoster opened his speech with the statement that the backbone of the prohibition wave which for two or three years had threatened to annihilate the brewing business of the country, had been broken. Beer he said is without question the popular drink. Its popularity may have been checked by restricted here and there by prohibition hysteria, or local option experiment, or by the folly and shortsightedness of some men in the saloon business; but eventually its sale will be as stable and well organized as any food product or beverage, and beer, he said, is both. He pointed out that that failure of the temperance movement could be laid to the fact that the public was getting to understand and realize that beer is absolutely pure and nourishing and that it is really a temperance beverage.

Representative H. S. Boutell, of Illinois, was the principal speaker before the association today. Mr. Boutell dwelt at length on the importance of the brewers' industry to the country at large. He said that a large part of the revenue of the farmer is directly due to the brewer, and that the United States government derives more from its liquor tax than from any other source other than customs. Last year, he stated the total income to \$246,212,643.59, being over twenty five per cent of the total income for the year. Of this amount the brewing industry contributed to the treasury seven per cent.

According to a report by the board of trustees of the association, made today, beer sales for the fiscal year 1910 increased 2,815,174 barrels. The report says that in spite of the prohibition movement, and of the vain boast of the anti saloon league, that there are now 42,000,000 people living in "dry" territory, the beer sales for the current fiscal year have increased 5 per cent and that the volume of the beer business of this year will prove to be larger even than that of 1908, which was the banner year in the brewing trade of the United States. The report points out that prohibition has promoted moonshine and quotes Commissioner Cabell's own statement to the House committee on appropriations to that effect.

The British Parliament. London, June 8.—The first parliamen- tary session of George V began today. The king, in keeping with their promise made immediately after the death of the late King Edward, announced that they were willing to postpone their campaign against the House of Lords until the new king becomes more familiar with his duties, but they again insisted that the conservatives take no advantage of the truce in an effort to win support for the lords. It is not believed that the agreement between the factions will last more than two weeks. Each side is suspicious of the other and it is believed inevitable that some of the leaders will take a step that will be considered a breach of the truce and thereby launch the old fight which was on before the recess.

Alarming Conditions in Yucatan. El Paso, Tex., June 8.—Alarming reports were received today regarding conditions in Yucatan province where the Maya Indians, assisted by Mexican revolutionists, have risen against the government.

It is reported that the Mayas have attacked the town of Valladolid, completing the ruin caused by their former attack and killing all the government officials who had not fled the city.

Advices from Mexico City do not confirm this report but the government is alarmed and admits the outbreak is the most serious it has had to meet in many years. These advices say the government had sent another gunito to Sarhail, on the coast of Yucatan, with additional troops to quell the disturbance.

William a Bible Reader. Berlin, June 8.—That Emperor William of Germany tries to guide his every action by the precepts of the Bible, was the statement made today in a published interview with the Rev. Mr. Stolte, one of Berlin's leading preachers, had recently with the Kaiser's love to read the Bible. "It lies nightly on a table near my bedside, I cannot understand why so many people do not read this great book. Whenever I have to decide some weighty question, I ask myself what the Bible, in just such a case as perplexes me, would teach me to do. We all have more bitter hours when pride gives way to humility. It is at such times that the Bible affords the greatest consolation."

The Anti-Militarist Movement in France. Paris, June 8.—In order to stop the discontent which is creating a strong anti-militarist movement in the army, Minister Brun announced today that hereafter petty officers in the army and navy will not be allowed to punish soldiers and sailors. They will be permitted to propose men for punishment, but the infliction of the punishment will be left to the superior officers.

Death of Rev. Dr. Dana. Philadelphia, June 8.—Rev. Dr. Stephen W. Dana, pastor of the Walnut Street Presbyterian Church, died at his home here early today. He was suffering from a long illness. He was a member of the church for many years. Dr. Dana held numerous church offices, being for several years a director of the New York Union Theological Seminary and a trustee of the Lincoln University.

New York Stock Market. New York, June 8.—Recessions were noted all through the list at the opening of the market. After sustaining losses ranging from one to three points compared with yesterday's close, they generally displayed a steeper tone. In the last half of the forenoon tone of pronounced strength was developed with vigorous advances in nearly all the leading issues.

Twelve and a half million dollars is the approximate amount that England expects to receive this season from American visitors.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. Moses Ezekiel will attend the unveiling of his Jefferson statue at the University June 15.

The Petersburg Council has fixed the tax rate for the next fiscal year at \$1.40, the same as last year.

Chairman L. B. Warren, of the Virginia committee of the Southeastern Underwriters' Association, is in Newport News to stand trial, tomorrow, of unlawfully conspiring to control insurance rates in Virginia.

The American Savings Bank, of Roanoke, will be absorbed on July 1 by the Colonial Bank and Trust Company, which has an authorized capital stock of \$1,000,000 and a paid-in capital of \$500,000.

The Prince William county circuit court convenes Monday, Judge J. B. T. Thornton, presiding. The trial of Professor J. D. Harris for killing Mr. W. A. Thompson, of the Warrenton Virginia, a year ago this spring, is set for this term, it having been sent there on a change of venue. It is not thought that the case will be reached before Monday 13th.

Miss Muriel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Corron, was married to Henry Caldwell Coe, of the faculty of Randolph-Macon Academy, at Front Royal, Tuesday. The bride was met at the altar by the groom with his best man, Bernard N. Coe. Miss Jean Richards, of Riverton, was maid of honor. The ushers were Messrs. Lester L. Evans, H. W. Thrasher, H. W. Cline and S. Gwynn Coe.

Emphatic and unqualified denial of any improper conduct or conversation with St. Ursula Lane, Mrs. Lucie Reins Jones, or anybody else receiving or applying for relief from the associated charities, was made in Richmond yesterday afternoon by Superintendent James Buchanan. His manner appeared to be convincing to his auditors leaving little doubt, in consideration of the flood of favorable evidence which had preceded his statement, that the charges would be dismissed and the minister sustained.

L. Moore, 60 years old and a widower, residing in Patrick, Chesterfield county, was shot and fatally wounded last night by Edward Bridger, the police officer of Erick, who was also wounded, in Moore's shop. Bridger was remonstrating with Moore when the latter, who is said to have been somewhat under the influence of liquor, became offended and shot the officer, the gun shot entering his abdomen and leg. After he had been shot, Bridger fired at Moore with his pistol, the bullet entering the latter's chest, inflicting a wound which caused death shortly afterward.

A temporary adjustment of the threatening railroad rate situation was reached late yesterday afternoon at a conference held at the White House between President Taft and the railroad representatives.

The eastern and central railroads, represented by their presidents, agreed, it is understood, to file no further increases pending the enactment of the railroad bill. But in view of the fact that the president yesterday sent to Congress a special message urging an amendment to the measure rendering it effective immediately upon its passage, the ground was taken that no withdrawal of the rates proposed by the roads that have not been enjoined by the government is necessary, as they were filed to take effect July 1, and if the bill is itself a law at that time the interstate-commerce commission will have jurisdiction and power to suspend the rates pending investigation. Because he wished to have a provision adopted making the bill take effect as soon as it is signed, the president was anxious to have the bill go to conference. His supporters used every effort to defeat the attempt of the department and insisted to secure the acceptance of the Senate bill by the House.

In conference the amendment urged by him will be incorporated in the bill, which, as it stands now, would not become effective until 60 days after its passage. The understanding reached by the president and the railroad men today is that if anything should occur to prevent the passage of the railroad bill by July 1 the railroads would file their increases with the Interstate Commerce Commission, in accordance with the provisions of the law now on the books. At the conference it was agreed that if the amendment recommended by the message of the president yesterday to the pending railroad bill was adopted and if the bill became a law on or before July 1, no agreement was necessary to bring the rates in question before the Interstate Commerce Commission for investigation and decision before they became effective. But it was further agreed that if the enactment of the railroad law was deferred, or it should otherwise become necessary, the railroad companies would submit the proposed advance in rates to the Interstate Commerce Commission in accordance with the provisions of the new law.

The railroads gave no assurances that they will not raise rates in the compromise effected with President Taft and the attorney general.

THE UPRISING IN YUCATAN. The whole peninsula of Yucatan is in a ferment of terror over the uprising of the Maya Indians. The government troops in Quintana Roo territory and in the territory of Yucatan within 100 miles of Merida are unable to cope with the situation and the hostile bands of Indians are hurrying from place to place with guns and torch, carrying death and destruction before them. It is estimated that not less than 500 soldiers and peaceable Mayas have been killed by the Mayas during the last three days. Mercedians have deserted their homes and joined in the open revolt. More than 7,000 Indians are on the warpath, 5,000 of them being collected in one body. This large force is marching toward Merida, sacking towns and massacring the inhabitants as they go along. The invading body of Indians is reported to be within 75 miles of Merida.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will brace up the nerves, banish sick headaches, prevent drowsiness and invigorate the whole system. Sold by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The town of Harrisonburg is furnishing electricity at two-fifths of a cent per kilowatt hours and Lynchburg at three-quarters of a cent.

Mrs. Arthur Poe Gorman, the widow of Senator Gorman, of Maryland, is critically ill at her home in Washington.

In Washington yesterday Justice Wright ruled that one-sixteenth of colored blood is sufficient to stamp a person as "colored."

A young man of Pittsburg, after falling from a street car yesterday and breaking his neck, walked home before being taken to a hospital.

Richard Parr, his claim having been approved by Attorney General Wickersham, will receive a moiety, possibly \$250,000, for his discovery of the sugar weighing frauds in New York.

President James, of the University of Illinois yesterday admitted the charges of Abraham Flexner, of the Carnegie Foundation, that the medical schools in Chicago are inefficient.

The people will suffer if the railroads are not permitted their own way in increasing rates where needful is the opinion of James J. Hill of the Great Northern.

An anti-Japanese rising of serious proportions is being plotted, it is reported, in North Korea, by Koreans who are opposed to the annexation of Korea by Japan and who are the enemies of the Japanese generally.

The nomination of Robert S. Vesco, progressive, for governor of South Dakota, is indicated by the latest returns received today from yesterday's republican primaries.

Lee O'Neill Browne, democratic minority leader in the Illinois legislature, indicated on the charge of bribery in connection with the election of United States Senator Lorimer, was placed on trial in Chicago, yesterday.

Returns from 35 out of 99 counties of Iowa today indicate that Gov. B. F. Carroll was nominated at yesterday's republican primaries over former Gov. Warren Garst, the progressive candidate. Gov. Carroll now claiming the nomination by 5,000 but Garst has not yet given up hope.

At the primary election in Harrisburg, Pa., last Saturday, Mr. J. A. Marshall, a cousin of Mr. J. A. and C. B. Marshall, of this city, was one of the successful democratic candidates for the legislature, he having run second on the ticket. Mr. Marshall is a native of Fairfax county.

Funeral services for William Sidney Porter, who, under the name of O. Henry, became known as one of the foremost short-story writers in America, took place yesterday in the church of the Transfiguration in New York (the Little Church Around the Corner), around which the author constructed several of his stories.

A man sitting in a box at Columbia Theater, New York, last night shot himself in the right temple with a revolver as the principals and chorus were singing the last concerted number of a burlesque. In a pocket was found a letter addressed to the police and the coroner signed "Charles Talbert" and giving the address, 568 Park avenue, New York.

President Taft yesterday nominated William D. Cram, of South Carolina, to be minister resident and consul-general at Monrovia, Liberia. Cram is the negro whose appointment by Mr. Roosevelt as collector of the port at Charleston, S. C., raised such a storm of protest in the south.

In the hope that his life would be saved, Isidor Grotzloff submitted to an operation for cancer of the stomach Monday. The operation over, the chances for his recovery were good. But yesterday he decided that, although he had suffered so much to save his life, he did not care to live longer, and he jumped from a window on the fifth floor of the hospital. He was killed.

An application for divorce on the ground of alleged desertion and failure to provide was filed in the District Court in Carson, Nev., Monday, by Mrs. Helen Gladys Aoki, against her husband, Gunjiro Aoki, who was formerly employed as a servant in the home of the wife's parents. Mrs. Aoki is the daughter of Archbishop Emery of the Episcopal Church, residing at Corcoran, Cal. Her marriage to the Japanese at Seattle in March, 1909, had been bitterly opposed by residents of various places, where unsuccessful efforts to have the ceremony performed were made. They have one child.

DEFIES UNITED STATES. "At the first shot fired against the American flag or an American vessel, I will level the bluff."

This is the reply made yesterday by Commander Harold K. Hines, commanding the American gunboat DuBuque, to a threat made by Gen. Rivas, of the Madrid force holding Bluefields Bluff, to stop by force any vessels of whatever nationality entering the harbor.

THE EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY.

Great apprehension has been caused again in Italy by seismic disturbances, the official reports showing that the zone affected by the earthquake shocks yesterday is a vast one embracing practically the whole of southern Italy, as well as a portion of Tuscany and Venetia, to the north.

This region has suffered much in the past from earthquakes, and in 1851 800 persons were killed. The number of casualties resulting from the earthquake yesterday has not yet been definitely ascertained, some of the reports estimating the dead at 50 and the injured at several hundred. It is feared that there are many buried in the ruins of the houses which were thrown down in Calitri, while great damage was done at other places, which doubtless caused a considerable loss of life.

CONGRESSIONAL. The public land withdrawal bill was considered all day in the Senate without any conclusion being reached. The president's message on the railroad situation was read and referred to the committee on interstate commerce. The request of the House for a conference on the railroad bill was agreed to. Senators Elkins, Aldrich, and Foster were appointed conferees.

For the first time this session the republican organization in the House forced the adoption of a special rule. This was on the postal savings bank bill raising a law against amendments and limiting debate on the measure to eight hours. The bill will come to a vote on Thursday at 6 o'clock.

With the aid of six democrats, half that many recognized insurgents, and a scattering of republicans who are classified on the borderland of regularity and insurrection, the House organization refused to concur in the Senate amendments to the administration railroad bill and succeeded in sending the measure to conference.

THREW BIBLE AT JUDGE. A victim of a North Carolina prohibition dope compound, suddenly losing his mind, A. P. Courtney, a wealthy young man, son of former former County Treasurer Courtney, started on a rampage in Asheville Monday night, leaving consternation in his trail and ending in jail. He purchased a pipe, immediately hurling it at the storekeeper. Walking down the street he slapped men and women indiscriminately as he went, and upon reaching the postoffice, pulled out a hundred-dollar gold watch and hurled it at a bystander.

When arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning Courtney said: "This is how I plead," and threw a missile at Police Judge Adams. Consternation reigned momentarily, the officers thinking it was a bomb. The missile proved to be a Bible.

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\$1.00 48-inch RAMIE LINEN SUITING 59c

75 pieces of extra quality Ramie Linen—the kind at this time in demand for two-piece suits, etc. The colors are three shades of light blue, pink, dark green, canary, champagne, gray, Copenhagen, terra cotta, brown, mahogany, wistaria, roseola, raspberry, leather, apricot, tan, navy, and black. This is the highest quality of linen hosiery. Think of buying a \$1 quality at the beginning of the season for almost half price. This lot only 59c while it lasts, at yard.

LANSBURGH & BRO. 420-426 Seventh Street. WASHINGTON, D. C.

KEEP COOL An Electric fan will bring cool spring-like breezes into your store or house no matter how the summer may be. The cost of operation of a desk fan is about one half cent an hour. Electricity is also the coolest, most convenient and economical means of illumination. Let us show you what it will do and what it will cost.

Alexandria Electric Co. 524 King St.

VIRGINIA. In the Clerk's office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 2nd day of June 1910, George W. Heilig vs. Carrie Heilig, In chancery.

Memo. The object of this suit is to obtain an absolute divorce for the complainant from the defendant upon the ground of mutual desertion and abandonment for a period of three years prior to the institution of this suit. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Carrie Heilig, is a non-resident of this State:

It is ordered: That said defendant appear within fifteen days after the publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this cause; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the ground of mutual desertion and abandonment for a period of three years prior to the institution of this suit. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Carrie Heilig, is a non-resident of this State:

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