

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Wm. D. Hooper

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS

Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Fac-Simile Signature of Wm. D. Hooper, NEW YORK.

AT 6 months old 35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

D. C. SNYDER,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

Berryville, Clarke County, Virginia.

Buy Sell and Rent Farms, Lots, and Houses.

NEGOTIATE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE

Clarke county lies at the head of the noted Shenandoah Valley. Jefferson county, West Virginia, is its northern boundary; the Blue Ridge Mountains form its eastern boundary; dividing it from Loudoun and Fauquier counties. Warren county is to the south and Frederick on the west. The Shenandoah river flows through the eastern part of the county, at the foot of the Blue Ridge. In aggregate agricultural wealth Clarke county is probably the richest county in the State. The exhaustless fertility of her soil, the healthfulness of her climate, and the beauty of her diversified landscape, are subjects that charm the tongue and admiration of all who have ever visited this county. The surface of the county is gently undulating—just sufficiently for drainage. The soil is limestone and peculiarly adapted to the growth of wheat and corn, clover and timothy. Blue grass is indigenous, and soon forms on uncultivated fields a soil equal to the far-famed fields of Kentucky. Large numbers of cattle, sheep and hogs are grazed and fed, and sold in Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York markets, and many fine horses sold to city buyers.

Good roads traverse the county in every direction, and four macadamized turnpikes center at Berryville, the county seat, which contains a population of about 1500. Pure mountain water from the top of the Blue Ridge is piped into the town by the gravity system and the town is lighted by Acetylene Gas. There are eight churches in the town, and several private and public schools—school houses supported by county and state being located at convenient points all over the county. Taxation at a cash valuation of property is about \$1 on the \$100 for all purposes—State, county, schools and roads.

The Shenandoah Valley division of the Norfolk and Western Railroad extends through north or south. Besides this railroad, the Southern Railroad from Washington and Alexandria with terminus at Bluemont, eight miles from Berryville, runs 3 trains daily to Bluemont, which will cross the county from east to west, placing us within 60 miles of the national capital.

For reasons best known to owners, I do not advertise many of the most desirable properties I have for sale, but if parties desiring to buy will send me a description of the kind and size of farm wanted, it will prove a guide in selecting from my list—or enable me to negotiate a purchase for them. Should applicants by letter, or parties coming here, be unable to suit themselves, and desire to look around at properties in the adjoining counties of Frederick, Warren, Loudoun or Jefferson, I will be pleased to accompany them, or to give them letters of introduction to real estate agents in those counties with whom I have reciprocal relations.

To Land Buyers.

I request, as a matter of courtesy, that after I have introduced you to the owner of real estate through my advertisement or otherwise, and you have determined to purchase, that you will close the contract through me, so that my commission will be secured.

- ### PARTIAL LIST OF FARMS.
- 430 ACRES—On Shenandoah river, 3 1/2 miles from railroad station, post-office and store—miles from Berryville; turnpike half the way. Large comfortable dwelling house and barn; house, barn and stable; ten horses; two large granaries with hay-mow above. Fencing good; 75 acres of river bottom. Lake of clear water near barn and house stocked with fish. Good land and a good investment for money, paying an annual cash rent of \$750. Long time will be given on deferred payments. Price \$12,000.
 - 140 ACRES—First quality limestone land, near to town and turnpike road. Modern built brick dwelling on elevated site, barn, outbuildings, good orchard, running water through the farm, spring and well of good water. A nice, cheerful situation. \$15,000.
 - 225 ACRES—Nice, smooth land, one half mile from turnpike, two and half miles to post-office. Brick house, desirable neighborhood, running water. Price, \$55, an acre.
 - 80 ACRES—A desirable small farm. House of 6 rooms; good orchard. \$4,000.
 - 182 ACRES—No. 1 farm, near post-office, stores and depot. Large stone mansion, large barn, spring and running water; fencing good. Price, \$14,000.
 - 100 ACRES—This is one of the best producing, best located and desirable small farms in the county. Fairly good house, good orchard, well and running water. \$7,500.
 - 144 ACRES—Near turnpike, new house, barn, well, orchard. \$6,500.
 - 620 ACRES—Three miles from Millwood on east side of Shenandoah river; 100 acre bottom and most of the upland good limestone land. Improvements fair. \$20,000.
 - 225 ACRES—Very desirable and well improved farm, located on turnpike at depot, store, near churches and school house—plenty of pure spring water. \$18,000.
- I have several good business and residence properties in Berryville for sale. Part wanting a home or desiring of engaging in business in the town, would find it to their interest to confer with me.

KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE

DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT

The \$1.00 bottle contains 24 hours' trial size, which sells for 50 cents.

PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Economy.
"Economy," said a Wyoming man, "is always admirable. A Cheyenne hunter, though, was disgusted the other day with the economical spirit of a visitor to his shop."
"This visitor, a tall man with gray hair, entered with a soft felt hat, wrapped in paper, in his hand."
"How much will it cost," he said, "to dye this hat gray, to match my hair?"
"About a dollar," the hunter answered.
"The tall man wrapped the hat up again."
"I won't pay it," he said. "I can get my hair dyed to match the hat for a quarter."

Taking a Rest.
"Church—I saw your clerk on the car yesterday. He had a child on one arm, a basket on the other, and he couldn't find a seat."
"Gotham—Yes; he said he was overworked, and he wanted to take a day's rest.—Yonkers Statesman."

"Nine times out of ten," says a philosopher, "trouble is what we blame the world for when we did it all ourselves."—Atlanta Constitution.

Poverty wants some things, luxury many, avarice all things.—Cowley.

LOST COINS IN THE MAIL.

They Cause Much Trouble and Worry to Postal Clerks.

Ordinarily no man is rich enough to escape that certain sense of elation which comes from picking up a nickel on a sidewalk, but when a railway postal clerk finds such a coin in a mail pouch where it has worked out from insufficient wrappings not only does he miss this elation, but it may provoke profanity.

For a nickel lost in a pouch of mail in transit becomes a matter for national concern. It comes to view perhaps just as a pouch of mail is emptied upon a sorting table, and when it has broken away from the bunch of letters and cards and circulars, rolled to an open space on the table and there settled down, heads or tails, with a noisy spinning dance, the clerk who first sees it is "it."

A neocomer could have no more idea than the man in the moon as to what particular package it rolled out of, and if he had and should tell the postal clerk the clerk wouldn't dare try to find the coin to the original package. That would be too easy altogether.

No, it is a lost nickel from the moment the clerk has to see it spinning there before his eyes, and according to the tender governmental conscience the clerk has to get ready for the inauguration of about \$18.43 worth of fuss over it.

For himself he doesn't dare to go to bed for a short nap until he has got rid of his 5 cents' worth of responsibility to the government for the action of the fool person from whom the nickel was parted. He digs up his printed form for such occasions, printed and provided and at once fills out a long blank, describing the coin, telling the circumstances of its being found and whether it landed heads or tails on which it was emptied, the number of the train carrying it, the date and a few other details.

This report, with the nickel, goes to the headquarters of the postal division in which the car was operated, and from these bonded officials, by the same general red tape route, the small coin finds its way to the fund representing the great constituency of the postoffice department, which persists in sending money in envelopes through the unregistered mails of the service.—Chicago Tribune.

PITH AND POINT.

The man who changes jobs frequently never has a good one.

When company goes there is a feeling about the house that suggests an easy old shoe.

It is the opinion of every mother that a boy never loses an opportunity for attempting to break his neck.

Because a friend shows a desire to be sympathetic don't pull the family skeleton out of the closet to entertain him.

As a man gets older he finds that more of his friends are visiting the cemetery when they go riding than formerly.

The people who are used to good things when at home are very patient with the poor accommodations met away from home.

It often happens that a girl who is not disciplined enough by her parents gets the kind of a husband who disciplines her too much.—Arlington Globe.

There was one who did not laugh. Mark Twain once expressed the following sentiments to a young woman who had not smiled at a thing that he had said during an impromptu reception in his honor at Bryn Mawr college, to which his daughter had invited him. All the young ladies but one were in a state of great glee during the humorist's address; all but one had laughed heartily at every witty remark. Just as Twain finished he turned to the young woman who had not laughed and said in an undertone: "You are the only sensible one here. I have not said a single amusing thing. If it were not for the conspicuousness of it I would like to press your hand."—Success.

Direct Evidence.

The lawyer shook his finger warningly at the witness and said: "Now, we want to hear just what you know, not what some one else knows or what you think or anything of that kind, but what you know. Do you understand?"
"Waal, I know," said the witness, with emphasis, as he lifted one limber leg and laid it across the other. "I know that Clay Grable said that Bill Thomson told him that he heard John Thomas' wife tell Sid Shuford's gal that her husband was there when the fight took place and that he said that they slung each other around in the bushes right considerable."

The Man Who Attracts Business.
A sunny man attracts business success. Everybody likes to deal with agreeable, cheerful people. We instinctively shrink from a crabbed cross, contemptible character, no matter how able he may be. We would rather do a little less business or pay rather do a little less business or pay with an optimist.—Success.

Had Tried Electricity.

A New York senator relates that he was riding in a car next to a motherly old lady, who asked him a question. He answered, but found the old lady very deaf. He repeated his answer in a shout, and conversation was thus established. "You are very deaf, aren't you, madam?" bellowed the senator.
"How much will it cost," she asked, "to do a thing for it?"
"Have you ever tried electricity?" asked the senator.
"Yes," she said, nodding vigorously. "I was struck by lightning last summer."

As His Wealth Grew.
Ascum—Have you seen anything of Jiggins lately?
Dr. Swellman—Yes, I just prescribed a trip to Europe for him this morning.
Ascum—Indeed? He's getting wealthy, isn't he?
Dr. Swellman—Well, I can remember when I used to prescribe for him simply doses of sodium bromide for the same complaint.—Philadelphia Press.

Happiness when at a distance appears so great as to touch the sky. When it enters our door it so dwindles that very often we no longer recognize it.

TOO MUCH MEDICINE

The system continually wrought by over-eating and over-drinking, and the debilitated condition aggravated by dosing with harsh nauseous drugs and medicines.

The excessive and indiscriminate use of medicines, in these days, cannot be too strongly condemned. The food you eat if properly digested, is all the tonic you need.

Only common sense is needed. The food must be digested and the bowels must not be allowed to clog. Preserve your health by preventing these conditions.

Constipation surely leads to indigestion, biliousness, etc., and these conditions when neglected affect the condition of the blood, debilitate the system, rendering it susceptible to more serious ailments, and less able to resist such attacks.

If your stomach has been abused by over eating, weakened by drugs or sickness, you won't have to stop eating or dieting yourself. All you need is something that will aid the stomach in its functions and relieve it from being constantly irritated by undigested food. The purest and simplest remedy for this purpose are the California Prune Wafers, a natural dissolvent made from the pure, fresh fruit, a general laxative and sweetener of the stomach—no other medicine is necessary.

When you are bilious, it is a sign that your liver is out of order, and the poisonous bile, instead of being excreted from the body through the intestines, is taken up in the blood. As a result of biliousness, the entire system suffers. There are gripping pains in the abdomen.

Headaches, Dizziness, Constipation, Pain in the Right Side, and sometimes the skin becomes sallow and yellowish, and itchy. Take two or three California Prune Wafers after meals, and in a short time your liver will be performing its proper function, driving the bile from the system. Use nothing but California Prune Wafers—no other medicine is necessary.

California Prune Wafers if taken as directed, will positively cure the most obstinate cases of indigestion, Torpid Liver, Constipation, Biliousness, etc., so as to stay cured.

CALIFORNIA PRUNE WAFERS do the work without the slightest pain, gripe or nausea. They produce natural and easy movement of the bowels, are easy to take, pure and healthful.

They are nature's own remedy, better than pill or purge, better than cathartic teas that gripe and nauseate, better than anything for moving the bowels, because CALIFORNIA PRUNE WAFERS are a NATURAL DISSOLVENT and not a purge, acting gently and naturally on the contents of the Bowels, producing easy movement. They regulate the Liver and Stomach, cleanse the system and Purify the blood, cure all Bowel Troubles, Bad Breath, Bad Blood, Wind on the Stomach, Foul Mouth, Headache, Pimples and Dizziness, a Liver Tonic from Nature's Laboratory. 100 Wafers for 25 cents. Irving Drug Co., Sole Proprietors, Philadelphia, Pa.

PORTABLE GASOLINE ENGINES

For Running SHREDDERS, THRESHERS, COTTON GINS and ALL HEAVY FARM MACHINERY.

Sizes 8, 12, 15 and 20 Horse Power.

One Team can take it Anywhere. Absolutely Safe, Simple and Satisfactory. No Noise. No Fire. No Danger. No Engineering.

No Hauling of Water or Fuel Necessary. The Most Economical and Convenient Power Known.

WRITE TO DAY TO
White-Blakeslee Mfg. Co., Birmingham, Ala.
Stationary Sizes 8 to 36 Horse Power.

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appreciate, use and advise Life Insurance. The advice of successful men is worth following. Insure in

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Blackstone Female Institute

A Christian Training School for Girls

MOTTO: Thorough Instruction Under Positive Christian Influences at Lowest Possible Cost

The Aim At Blackstone is to make of the girls sent there healthy, helpful, happy women.

Modern brick building, with electric lights, water on every floor, best methods of heating and sanitation, campus of 25 acres; faculty of 29, trained in the best schools, all living in the building with the girls; unusual advantages in music; normal department for the training of teachers; cheerful, wholesome christian influence.

(1) A continuous extraordinary growth (from 29 to 255 boarders in ten years), every place taken every year, total enrollment last session 334. (2) Hundreds of young ladies and their parents are enthusiastic witnesses. (3) Students enter classes of the Randolph-Macon Woman's College on our certificate without examination.

For Catalogue and Application Blank, address
JAMES CANNON, Jr., A. M., Principal,
BLACKSTONE, VA.

For the session of 1904-5 twenty scholarships, worth \$75.00 each, will be given to those young ladies who are found to be suitably prepared and who are willing to assist in the house-keeping department of the school in order to help defray their expenses.

A Dutch Fishing Village.
At Marken, a fishing village of Holland, few men are to be seen, as they are nearly always out at sea in their boats. Those whom one does see are like Dutchmen in a play, in queer headgear, in the most voluminous knickerbockers that ever delighted the heart of a caricaturist and having on clattering wooden shoes, which are, as a coasting skipper once said, the "coldest preventive of colds and of 'cold feet'" (which he spoke of as if they were a disease) he is found in the world, dumsy enough these Dutch fisher folk, but they are handy in a boat. But there is agriculture, too, of a simple kind at Marken. Not a man usually is to be seen working in the hay harvest or at other employment in the fields. The women do the farm work.

The Juvenile Japanese.
There are no children in Japan. They are dignified berlesques on the grown-ups. The little girls of the family take care of the babies by having them strapped to their backs. Nearly every maid of five or six has a baby tied to her back, and perhaps that accounts for the bent back and tottering gait of the Japanese woman. Though one never hears a Jap baby cry, if one begins to make a mouth and wrinkle up its funny little face, its child mother quiets it by raising her body on her toes and heels as fast as she can, and placidly reigns in short order. A man would feel like a fool quoting "Mother Goose" to a Japanese child or trying to amuse it as one does our children. As for chucking one under the chin, that's unthinkable.

THE SKYLARK'S SONG

AN ASTONISHING FEAT FROM MANY POINTS OF VIEW.

Not Alone is it a Wonder of Melody, Tone and Quality, but its Volume is Astonishing and its Circumstances of Utterance a Physical Marvel.

For its music alone the song of the lark is almost the most melodious of any bird's. The tone and quality are admirable and the volume of sound astonishing. It can be heard clearly when the lark has mounted as it sometimes does, beyond recognition by normal eyesight. The volume of sound is also most noticeable when a caged lark is heard, singing as it does far nearer to the hearer than the bird in the sky. But apart from the quality and music of the song the circumstances in which it is uttered render it an astonishing feat.

Every other considerable songster is quite aware that singing entails much physical effort. Consequently it takes care to secure a good platform to sing from. A thrush or a blackbird or a robin nearly always selects a top shoot or projecting branch and sings there, one, on which it sits at a steady angle, sometimes singing when descending and moving its position, and without any objects round it to hinder the carry of its voice. The blackcap and nightingale and some of the warblers sit in a bush to sing, but the whitethroat and even the hedge sparrow choose the topmost twig and sing there, and sometimes sings when descending and some of the plovers and the wood lark do the same, the meadow pipit singing a feeble little song as it makes a short ascent and descent.

But to the strain on its lungs of long projected song the lark adds the great muscular exertion of the steady upward flight, usually carried out not by winging the air in gentle circles, as in the soaring of the larger birds, but by a vertical climb made by the incessant beating of its wings. Wordsworth's recognition of it as the Type of the wise who soar, but never roam True to the kindred points of heaven and home.

It is often almost literally correct. After two or three spirals the bird goes up almost as if it were drawn heavenward by a cord, and then, closing its wings, descends like a falling stone to the very point from which it rose. The strain upon the muscles and the lungs would be great if during all this time it were silent. But it chooses to add to the exertion of soaring that of pouring forth a continuous flood of sweet notes with no intermissions or breaks whatever.

A lark will soar and sing during a space of ten minutes consecutively. The rapidity with which the pectoral muscles are working during this period may be judged from the fact that the bird makes not less than from five to six beats of the wing per second. The beats are usually in sets of from three to five, the bird pausing for a moment as if to take a fresh start after the interval. When chased by the merlin falcon, skylarks make their finest exhibition of flight, ascending into the air to heights which have been estimated as being not less than a thousand feet. Sometimes the bird uses the same means of ascent as when it is soaring and singing, rising vertically by incessant beats of the wing. In the language of the falconer, these are termed "mounting" larks, and their object is to outdo the hawk directly, shaking off its pursuit during the ascent. Others prefer to rise by flying in a spiral, which the falcon imitates.

Mr. E. B. Meehl, in his volume on "The Art and Practice of Hawking," says: "The one bird may be circling from right to left and the other from left to right, and neither seems to guide the direction of its rings by any reference to those which the other is making. It is now a struggle to see which can get up fastest, and it is astonishing to see to what a height such flights will sometimes reach. As soon as a lark is 800 feet high it can drop, almost like a stone, any distance from the spot just under it, allowance being made for the effect of the wind. But 800 feet is not high for a ringing flight; at least there is nothing unusual about it. A lark does not go out of sight until it is much above that height, and it is no extraordinary thing for it to do this." The lark seldom sings late in the day. It can be tempted to rise in bursts of melody for one final ascent if the evening sun breaks through the clouds after rain, but as a rule it is silent long before the sun has descended into the western bed of cloud. We have Milton's authority that it is up and in song before dawn. But those who have heard the lark begin its flight, and sing and startle the dull night are not easily found, though in the height of the pairing time it may very possibly be beforehand with aurora in greeting its mate. But as a rule the lark sings at sunrise, as the orlolan does. Darkness depresses it and keeps it mute, but if a ray of sun is the signal for it to ascend. Obviously rain would make it most difficult for it to soar, both by adding to the weight of its body from the moisture caught in the feathers and by wetting the webs of the pinions, so the lark only soars in the dry as a rule. It is one of the most sensitive and best of nature's weather gauges, for when the lark begins to sing it is almost certain that rain has ceased for some time, if not for the day. It is the cock lark which sings. William Cobbett noted that one was just soaring and beginning to sing when the hen flew up and evidently told him to stop, for she fetched him down again—"an instance," says Cobbett, "of that pettish government which is universal."—London Standard.

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Letter Heads,
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Tags, Etc.

Remember, that good printing brings business, that it is the only kind we do, that our prices are right, and that we never disappoint.

A FEW WORDS ABOUT THE COURIER

The COURIER, as you are aware, is the only newspaper in Clarke county, and there is no need of another, because this journal covers the local field so completely and promptly with universal satisfaction, that it has long since been recognized as a permanent institution.

We are endeavoring to get the COURIER into every Clarke county home, and our efforts are meeting with a great deal of success.

It will cost just ONE DOLLAR to have the COURIER mailed to your address for a whole year. You will then get all of the county news.

Send for a free sample copy.

DIRECTORY

—OF THE—
TOWN AND COUNTY
CIRCUIT COURT.

Hos. T. W. HARRISON, Judge,
Winchester, Va.
Meets Fourth Monday in January, March, May, July, September and November.

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Superintendent of Water Company.

COMMON COUNCIL.
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John H. Shackelford, Ward No. 2.
Conrad Kowslar, Ward No. 3.
C. M. Brown, Ward No. 4.

BERKLYVILLE FIRE COMPANY.
Meets first Friday in each month, 7:30 p. m.
John H. Enders, Captain, First Lieutenant, James W. Ware, Second Lieutenant, Nathan Smith, Third Lieutenant, L. V. Stollie, Chief Hoseman, W. E. Hoffman, Assistant Hoseman, L. G. Hoffman, Chief Engineer, G. C. Richmond, Assistant Engineer, James Dickman, Secretary, Ellis Jackson, Treasurer, S. F. Baughman, Jr., Surgeon, Dr. C. McCormick, Chaplain, A. E. Jackson.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH.
Rev. J. M. GREENE, Pastor.
Preaching, Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Epworth League meets Sunday at 7 p. m.
Sunday School, Sunday, 9:30 a. m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.
Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society meets on the first Saturday in every month at 3 p. m.
Ladies' Aid Society meets on the first Saturday in every month at 4 p. m.
The "Little Lights" Missionary Society meets the first Sunday in every month at 3 p. m.
Woman's Christian Temperance Union meets every third Tuesday in every month at 7:30 p. m.
The Mother's Meeting in connection with the W. C. T. U. meets on the first Tuesday in every month at 8:30 p. m.
The Royal Temperance Legion meets every Wednesday at 4 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, NORTH.
Rev. G. W. STALLARD, Pastor.
Preaching every First, Third and Fifth Sundays at 11 a. m., and every second and fourth Sundays at 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School each Sabbath at 10 a. m.
Class Meetings every Second and Fourth Sundays at 11 a. m.
Prayer and Song Service on First, Third and Fifth Sundays at 7:30 p. m.
Prayer Meeting on Thursday of each week at 7:30 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Rev. D. H. SCANLON, Pastor.
Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock.
Sunday School every Sabbath morning at 9:30 o'clock.
Ladies' Aid Society, first Friday evening of each month at 8 o'clock, at Mrs. Isaac Bowman's residence.
Children's Missionary Society, second Sabbath each month at 3 p. m., at church.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. H. BARNARD, Pastor.
Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m.
Prayer Meeting every Wednesday at 7 p. m.
Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Rev. E. W. WALL, Rector.
Divine Services and Sermon every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday School, S. J. C. Moore, Superintendent, at 9:30 a. m.
Bible Class, Monday, 4 p. m.
Ladies' Aid Society, Mrs. J. M. G. McGuire, President, Mrs. Ida Morgan, Secretary and Treasurer, meets every two weeks, on Thursday, at 3:30 p. m.
Woman's Auxiliary Missionary Society, Mrs. Edw. Wall, President, Miss Annie C. Moore, Secretary and Treasurer, meets every two weeks, on Thursday, at 11 a. m.
Chapel Society, Mrs. B. Page, Treasurer, meets on call when necessary.

PROTESTANT CHAPTER, DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY.
President, Mrs. Ann Brown, Vice President, Miss Laura W. Gold, Treasurer, Mrs. George N. Hardesty, Secretary, Miss Lucy N. Gold, Historian, Miss Annie C. Moore.
The following orders meet in Masonic Hall, Berryville, Va.
TREADWELL LODGE, A. F. & A. M. No. 213, meets every Thursday, at 7:30 p. m. full moon, and second Thursday thereafter at 7:30 o'clock.
SEMINOLE TRIBE, I. O. O. F. No. 33, meets every Tuesday night.
BATTLETOWN TENT, No. 21, Knights of the Macabees, meets every Friday night at 8 o'clock.
THE MODERN WOODMEN meet first and third Monday nights of each month.

Good Investment.
We have for sale a paying business in a live Virginia town. Total stock carried from \$1,800 to \$2,500. Cleared \$900 last year. Reason for sale, owner desires to retire. Will sell at cost for cash or will accept one third cash and two interest-bearing notes due in two and three years for the balance. This business is the very thing for a young married couple, and if you are not interested yourself perhaps you will know of someone who will be. Address Lock Box 777, Berryville, Virginia.