

Mower Co Transcript

RATES OF ADVERTISING. One Square Column, one year \$18.00

Cards of five lines or less, five dollars per year. Editorial notices, intruded at advertiser's expense...

BUSINESS CARDS

DENTISTRY. J. BARK, D.D.S. RABE & AVERY, ESIDENT DENTISTS.

F. A. ELDER, CLERK OF THE DISTRICT COURT, Austin, Mower County, Minnesota.

JOHN WALSH, GROCER, MILL STREET, AUSTIN, MINN. 36-14-93

DR. W. L. HOLLISTER, Corner of Main and Winona Streets, Austin, Minnesota, 171

DEXTER HOTEL, Good accommodations for Man and Beast. TERMS REASONABLE.

W. M. HOWE, REGISTER OF DEEDS, Mower Co. Will examine titles, pay taxes for non-residents, etc.

GRANDELL & FRENCH, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Austin, Minn. Office in Bank Block, adjoining Transcript Office.

THE RAMSEY HOUSE, JOHN E. MORRISON, Proprietor. At the junction of the Milwaukee & St. Paul and Southern Minnesota Railroads.

S. M. JENKS, M. D., GRAND MEDICAL, Minn. Phys. and Surgeon.

M. D. BEDAL, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence on Main Street.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, AUSTIN, MINN. J. S. CORNING, Proprietor.

RAILROAD HOTEL, AUSTIN, MINN. J. F. AHERTON & SON, Proprietors.

J. N. WHEAT, M. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office and Residence.

AUSTIN AND RAMSEY STAGE LINE. Stages leave Austin daily, making close connection with Passenger Trains over the Southern Minnesota Railroad.

HALL HOUSE, ALBERT LEA, MINN. W. G. FOSTER, PROP'R.

WITHAM & ROBINSON, House, Sign, and Ornamental Painting, GRADING & PAPER HANGING.

C. B. STAPLES, DENTIST. Office over Cramer & Pomeroy's Drug Store.

D. B. SMITH, DEALER IN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

DORR & WOLD, Druggists and Pharmacists. Stationery, School and Blank Books.

H. LUTHELEN, DEALER IN CONFECTIONERY, of all kinds, including Sweet Meats.

DINING PARLOR in the city, where persons or parties can be accommodated with all the delicacies of the season.

H. GUNZ, in milling are used by us. We make Flour from MIDDINGS.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, HESELS, CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

STORE ON MAIN STREET, Adjoining Jones' new Block.

Mower County Transcript

A. A. HARWOOD, Editor and Proprietor

"With Malice toward None: with Charity for All."—Lincoln.

TERMS \$2.00 per Annum.

VOL. IX.

AUSTIN, MOWER COUNTY, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1876.

NO. 27

Geo. E. Wilbour & Son, MERCHANT TAILORS, and dealers in Ready-Made Clothing.

Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c., &c. 11-17 AUSTIN, MINNESOTA.

BAKEN & JENKS, DRUGGISTS AND GRAND MEADOW.

PHARMACISTS, AT GRAND MEADOW. We keep everything usually found in a first class Drug Store.

PAINTS, OILS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS, LAMPS, AND LAMP CHIMNEYS.

Compounding of Medicines, And the preparation of Prescriptions.

Our stock is new and well selected, and we will make it an object for all in this part of the country to deal with us.

NEW CLOTHING. Personal, Impersonal and Political.

R. DUNKLEMAN, Has received a large stock of Ready-Made Clothing.

AND ALSO A VERY NICE STOCK OF HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, MITTENS, SCARFS, &c., &c.

The selections were made by Mr. Dunkleman in the Eastern Market, and he is sure of giving satisfaction to his old customers.

AUSTIN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP. GEO. D. WRIGHT, PROPRIETOR.

I would inform the people of Austin and vicinity that I have rebuilt my shop, fitted it up with a full line of first-class machinery.

WOOD OR IRON WORK. I MANUFACTURE LAND ROLLERS, DRAGS, DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOWS, EQUALIZERS, MILK SAFES, &c.

CASTINGS of all kinds made to order.

Planing Mill! I have in connection with my Foundry a Planing Mill.

SUPERIOR FLOUR. Made at the MOWER CO. MILLS.

ON THE CEDAR RIVER, Four Miles Below Austin.

ALL THE Latest Inventions in milling are used by us.

We make Flour from MIDDINGS, and use it in RAISING THE GRADE.

OF THE COMMON BRAND. WE MAKE Custom Work A Specialty.

AND BUY WHEAT TO MANUFACTURE. GIVE US A CALL.

W. U. OFFICER.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Crimes, Criminals and Casualties. A hurricane in San Juan, lately, caused immense damage, and killed many people.

Three men fell from a scaffolding of Gore street Methodist church in Montreal, on the 1st, killing them all.

An attempt was made to burn the county court house at Chattanooga, Tenn., last week, but prompt action by citizens saved it.

Neil S. Nelson was caught in a belt and instantly crushed and killed, in the shops of the Union Pacific Railroad, at Omaha, last week.

Dr. Slade, an American spiritual medium, was lately brought up in a London police court to answer to a charge of conspiracy to defraud, and a charge of vagrancy.

Down in Texas, the other day a company of military attacked a band of Mexican cattle thieves, killed five and wounding one. They also captured fifty horses.

The coroner's jury in the case of the terrible accident on the Pan-Handle railroad has returned a verdict that the accident was caused by a broken axle, and that no blame can be attached to the railroad company.

Samuel Harlow, of New York, has been arrested on the charge of conspiracy to defraud insurance companies. His store was burned and Harlow endeavored to secure from the companies an amount largely in excess of his losses.

Frederick Wortman, a German tailor, while attempting to adjust a leather band to a fly wheel in a Louisville tannery, was caught up by the band in some unknown way, and whirled around at the rate of sixty revolutions a minute.

Moody and Sankney opened their meetings in Chicago on the 21st inst., and were greeted with an audience of about 7,000.

Mr. "Bric" Pomeroy's debut will be in the New York academy of music, October 16, in a tragic role.

Goldsmith Maid trotted against time at Watkins, on the 24th, but a heavy track prevented her making her former good record.

General Newton has made a thorough examination at Bell Gate, and reports that the breaking up of the reef is complete, ensuring twenty feet of draft in low water.

Herman Nunnenmacher, a Milwaukee distiller, returned from Europe last week, guilty to a charge of crookedness and was sentenced to three months imprisonment and a fine of \$2,000.

A late dispatch from Rome reports the serious illness of Cardinal Antonelli. His illness, it is said, caused the profound shock among all classes in the city.

James Lick, the eccentric millionaire, died in San Francisco on the 23d inst. It is thought that no effort will be made to have his heirs break up the trust deed which has created so much comment.

The safe burglary case in which General Babcock and Thos. H. Somerville were defendants, was concluded last week and the jury returned a verdict of guilty, in each case. The verdict was greeted by cheers and other demonstrations of approval by those present.

John O'Connor, former member of parliament for Mayo, arrived in New York on the 1st inst., bringing the Irish congregation and the general public on the continental of American independence. He is accompanied by Charles Stewart Parnell, for many years one of the ablest advocates of home rule in Ireland.

Miscellaneous News Items. Twelve's companion turns out to be his own son.

Mephis had a heavy frost on the night of the 24 inst.

Sixteen thousand dollars have been raised in New York for the Savannah sufferers.

The Milburn wagon works at Toledo, Ohio, were burned on the 29th, with a loss of \$250,000.

The Lehigh and Wilkesbarre coal company, on the first of the month, resumed work in all their mines at full stock.

The Reeling railroad stock fell 18 cents, last week, entailing heavy losses on holders, many of whom are foreigners.

The public debt statement for September shows a reduction of nearly three millions, and since July 1st of over seven millions.

A mass meeting of Greeks was held in Athens last week, which was attended by 8,000 persons, and warlike speeches were made against Turkey.

The Northwestern Fair at Winona, Minn., was a complete success. The fruit show elicited the admiration of all, and is the best show ever made in Minnesota.

Pennsylvania's day at the Centennial was the greatest day of the exhibition, the cash receipts being upwards of \$119,000.

upwards of \$200,000. He was sent to prison in default of \$235,000.

The superintendent of general recruiting has been directed to forward three hundred recruits to the department of the South as follows: 150 for the Second Infantry, at Atlanta; 50 for the Third Infantry at Holly Springs, Miss., and 100 for the Sixteenth Infantry, at Huntsville, Ala.

The Savannah benevolent association, formerly the metropolitan fire company, have resolved to ask aid from abroad for the sick and destitute. All contributions, whether of money, provisions or clothing, address J. W. Estell, president of the Metropolitan Benevolent Association, will be acknowledged.

The London times says that \$1,500,000 armed Austrians entered Bosnia on the 1st inst., attacked the Moslems and urged the latter to join them in the attack on the Serbs at last accounts marching against them. The Times also says there are reasons for believing that the Russians will soon openly take the responsibility for the war which they have so long been carrying on under a cloak.

The board of trade of Chicago are taking active measures to raise a relief fund for the suffering in Savannah and other southern cities. Potter Palmer has sent a message to the board of trade, and has offered to send him by telegraph for a hundred dollars and all immediate wants are very great to telegraph him. The citizens are raising funds to send to that afflicted section, and substantial donations will soon be forwarded.

The course of Russia in giving countenance to the Serbian revolution is still a subject of severe criticism by European journals. It is said that accessions are made to the Serbian army by hundreds from Bosnia, and that a popular sentiment is encouraged that promises to continue the recruiting indefinitely. England and Italy are greatly irritated at Serbia for rejecting the armistice.

A four-year-old boy, son of Mason S. O'Brien, at the McLean insane asylum at Somerville, Massachusetts, was engaged in a game of croquet on the green on the northwest corner of the building of the institution, one day last week, when he was struck on the head by the ball, and he fell on his head, and was carried to the hospital, where he died on the 21st inst.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in an address at the Calceonia county fair, in Johnson, Vermont, Tuesday, said, concerning the "moral distress": "This business convulsion our young men and women, many of whom flocked to the cities imbued with the idea that they are too good for manual labor, have been taught a useful lesson. They have learned that hard times, which come once in about a score of years, and when the government takes the truth and pays dollar for dollar, we shall be once more in a flourishing condition."

A Father's Lesson to His Son. One day Robert's father saw him playing with some boys who were rude and unmannerly. He had observed for some time a change for the worse in his son, and now he knew the cause. He was very sorry, but said nothing to Robert at the time.

Eight days afterward he asked his son to open the door and take out the apples. But what a sight met his eyes! The six apples which had been so round and rosy-checked, were now quite rotten, and spread a bad smell through the room.

"Father," cried the boy, "did I not tell you the rotten apples would spoil the good ones? You would not listen to me."

"My boy," said the father, "have I not told you that the company of bad children will make you bad? Yet you do not listen to me. See in the state of the apples that which will happen to you, if you keep company with such fellows as these."

Robert did not forget the lesson. When any bad boys asked him to play with them, he thought of the rotten apples, and kept apart from them.

Parapneumonia in England. It was, if we mistake not, the sagacious Dr. Benjamin Franklin who complained that the church imparts the fragments of the salt, instead of the whole part, as ordered. He was in a condition approaching lifelessness when the doctor arrived, but by the prompt use of the medicine, and bottles to the stomach and other parts of the body, wrapping the legs in warm flannel, and the administration of extract of meat with a little brandy, the patient began to show evidence of regaining his power, the patient was at last completely restored.

A Clergyman Gets Happy and Breaks a Man's Rib. At a camp-meeting held by the Evangelical Association in Janmer township a serious accident happened, whereby it is feared that Mr. Heiple will lose his life. One of the ministers in charge became what is termed in religious circles "overhappy," and, while giving vent to his exuberant feelings in shouts and other demonstrations, he suddenly sprang from the stand over the pulpit to the ground, and fell on his head upon the person of Mr. Heiple, crushing in all the ribs on the side of his body, and seriously injuring him internally.

The James Brother Hit. Dr. Hurd, who has just returned from the chase after the James brothers, believes that the taller of the two men is suffering much, and was gradually weakening. Each report received from the James brothers was severely wounded, and seemingly unable to ride but slowly and then with difficulty. But it is Saturday or Sunday just since the James were seen. McCallum is gaily however, and has been very successful in his searches. He is reported to have captured about three hundred deserters from the United States army, and more horse thieves than any man in the northwest.

Identification by Hobbs Kerry. OFFICE OF SHERIFF, COCKER COUNTY, BOONVILLE, MO., Sept. 21st, 1876.

James King, Esq., Chief of Police, St. Paul, Minn., has received with photographs enclosed, in making my examination of the jail and without any previous notice, I showed the photographs to Hobbs Kerry, and he recognized them as the men of whom he had been told.

He seemed to be a little excited, and I left him for a few moments, when he called me back and Miller and Bill Chadwell. Miller is a large one shot in the point of the shoulder, and Chadwell shot in the breast. I saw him this morning and he still thinks he cannot be mistaken. If he had a description could tell without. He had heard of the attempted robbery and of the men being killed, but never fore believed that the man was connected with it, until he saw the photographs.

He said the James and Youngers were connected with it, they have changed their mode of business; from what I learn from the papers, they are now in St. Louis, and he would like to see them. He will be of interest. Let you know. Yours truly, F. A. ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Savage Attack Upon a Preacher in the Lamatic Asylum at Somerville, Massachusetts, by a Patient.

Shortly before noon on Monday, as Dr. Charles E. Woodbury, first assistant physician at the McLean insane asylum at Somerville, Mass., was engaged in a game of croquet on the green on the northwest corner of the building of the institution, one day last week, when he was struck on the head by the ball, and he fell on his head, and was carried to the hospital, where he died on the 21st inst.

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A Lion Loose in a Circus. About five o'clock yesterday afternoon, the penalty of a circus, a large African lion gave a little entertainment that did not belong to the regular performance, and that proved to be a very serious one.

The lion was in the act of feeding the animals, and the lion, in his anxiety to get at a large round of fresh beef, threw his weight against the bars of the cage with tremendous force, and in a minute more was "miling" with the audience, so to speak. About one-fourth of the audience at the forenoon entertainment were present at the circus, and a stampede followed.

The lion was for a moment master of the situation. He made a lively dash for some camels that were quietly grazing in the opposite side of the tent, but he was promptly met by the small army of keepers and tent men, when a regular battle ensued. He then made the circuit of the enclosure half a dozen times, and finally the hind wheels of the truck supporting the cage were taken off, the cage lowered and the door opened, when the "King of the forests," while making a dash for the right hand side of the tent, ran into his old quarters, and a moment later was a prisoner.

Posing by Chloral. An interesting account is furnished by Dr. Young, of Florence, to one of the medical journals, of a case of poisoning by chloral hydrate, and the complete cure of the victim by very simple means. A gentleman took a large quantity of chloral hydrate, and the result was a complete loss of consciousness, and the patient was in a condition approaching lifelessness when the doctor arrived, but by the prompt use of the medicine, and bottles to the stomach and other parts of the body, wrapping the legs in warm flannel, and the administration of extract of meat with a little brandy, the patient began to show evidence of regaining his power, the patient was at last completely restored.

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Early Printing in America. The first work known to have been printed in America, was a sort of handbook for the Spanish priests, issued in 1540, having the following title: "Christophorus Cabrera Burgenses nec lectorem, facit baptista ministrum. Ecolan leustichon."

The author was Christopher Cabrera, of Burgos, Old Castile. The latter portion of the book is translated as follows: "The Manual for adults was printed in the great city of Mexico, by the command, and at the expense of the most reverend men, Bishops of New Spain, at the house of Juan Comberger, in the year of the nativity of our Lord Jesus Christ one thousand five hundred and forty. On the 13th day of the month of December."

But only a copy of this work, and that sadly mutilated, is known to be in existence; it is in a private library at Madrid. Comberger, who has thus achieved immortality as being the first printer in America, died in Mexico about A. D. 1544. Before leaving Spain, he had been the proprietor of a large printing office at Seville. After his death his foreman, Juan Pablos, succeeded to the master to Mexico, succeeded to the proprietorship of the first American press.

The first book known to have been printed in South America was a vocabulary, issued at Lima, Peru, 1586. The first printing office in the English colonies was established at Cambridge, Mass., in January, 1639. The first book printed in America, was the Psalms Book, "a most barbarous metrical version of the Psalms of David," printed by Stephen Daye. Isaiah Thomas' history of Printing notes, as a bibliography of this book, that the head of every left-hand page the word "Palm" is spelled as it should be; while at the head of every right-hand page it is spelled as it is in the final "Palm."

Copies of the book are rare, and it is said that a perfect one would now bring five hundred dollars.

The crowning achievement of the printing press was the production of Elliott's Indian Bible, in 1663. This is now a book that no man can read, the nation in whose tongue it is written having long since passed away, leaving only three names and has kept himself free of jobs. His hands are as clean to-day as when he entered upon his duties as Governor of Ohio.

He is in favor of keeping faith with the nation's creditors, and redeeming every pledge made in time of war or peace.

He is in favor of free schools and a free press, and of the system free from sectarian influences.

He is earnestly in favor of the highest possible purity in the civil service, and would surround himself, if elected, with men of recognized ability and integrity.

His past record as a man, as an official, as a soldier, is the best proof of his fitness for the high office of President.

His election would secure a sound currency, protect and improve the public credit, advance throughout the world the national flag, and restore to the people prosperity in all the great centers of trade and commerce.

Lastly, Rutherford B. Hayes is a model husband and father, and of qualities which honor the man, and would honor the highest office within the gift of the people.

Can any one doubt the superior fitness of such a man for the Presidency? Can there be a possible risk in calling him to rule over the Republic? Is he not just the man that is needed to shape the destinies of the next four years? Study his character, examine his record, weigh him in all those qualities which go to make up the citizen and the statesman, and he will come out of the examination the same noble man. With such a leader, the Republican party must win; with such a President the nation could not help advance in the path of material progress.

Tilden's Thin and False Explanation. From the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser. "Six weeks ago the grave accusation was made that Mr. Tilden had defrauded the government in the matter of his income tax, and had concealed the crime by perjury. Democratic organs made light of the charge, and not only refused to speak on the subject, but the people took it up, and said everywhere among themselves that no perjury should be elected President. When the defrauder reformer he sent for his former law clerk, before whom he had been used to make his affidavits, and he examined him on the subject, and found the man who had sworn to the truth of his statements, and he will come out of the examination the same noble man. With such a leader, the Republican party must win; with such a President the nation could not help advance in the path of material progress.

St. Louis Debacles. A most deplorable accident occurred at the Missouri gymnasium on St. Charles street, by which one of the members lost his life. Mr. T. W. Cameron, a young man about 21 or 22 years of age, was practicing a very difficult feat on the high bar, consisting of turning a back somersault, and changing face, a feat which he had accomplished on his head, dislocating his neck. His comrades picked him up in a perfectly hopeless condition, and Dr. Kingsley was called in, but nothing could be done for him, and he died about 11 o'clock at night, six hours after the accident. The location seems to have been but partial, and he retained his consciousness until he died. He was unaccompanied, and had often performed it before, and without apparent difficulty, he being one of the most accomplished gymnasts and acrobats belonging to the gymnasium. He was unaccompanied, and had often performed it before, and without apparent difficulty, he being one of the most accomplished gymnasts and acrobats belonging to the gymnasium. He was unaccompanied, and had often performed it before, and without apparent difficulty, he being one of the most accomplished gymnasts and acrobats belonging to the gymnasium.

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POLITICAL. The Democratic Plan of Resuming Specie Payments.

The "platform" of the Democratic party in America is the resumption of cash payments in the repeal of the act which makes that resumption compulsory on the 1st of January, 1879, and this they profess to desire not on "soft money" grounds, but on "hard money" grounds, as a means of accelerating resumption, not of postponing it; and as this is at first sight curious, we have searched the letter of their presidential candidate (excepting his principles) carefully, for a clear explanation, but we regret to say we cannot find one; and this is the more remarkable because Mr. Tilden is known to have studied political economy, and is believed to understand it. He tells us, undoubtedly, that fixing a day for resumption without preparing for that day is very wrong, and very absurd; but then there are still more than two years to the fixed day, and the work of preparation will scarcely take longer than that when the preparation is complete an earlier day can be fixed. The Republicans may have been wrong in fixing a day without beginning to prepare, but the Democrats will scarcely do better in preparing by leaving the resumption sine die. The Republicans, so to say, fixed the hour of dining, though they did not begin to cook the dinner; but the Democrats will scarcely do better in cooking the dinner but not setting when they will dine; and of the two this is the absurd.

Reasons why Hayes should be Elected. 1. Rutherford B. Hayes is a true man of every test, and has kept himself free of jobs. His hands are as clean to-day as when he entered upon his duties as Governor of Ohio.

He is in favor of keeping faith with the nation's creditors, and redeeming every pledge made in time of war or peace.

He is in favor of free schools and a free press, and of the system free from sectarian influences.

He is earnestly in favor of the highest possible purity in the civil service, and would surround himself, if elected, with men of recognized ability and integrity.

His past record as a man, as an official, as a soldier, is the best proof of his fitness for the high office of President.