

# NO ANSWER AS YET

## THE ANTHRACITE OPERATORS ARE STILL SILENT.

Miners Hopeful That Concessions Asked for Will Be Granted—It All Depends on the Big Companies as the Others Will Fall in Line—Charges of Bad Faith Are Made.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 16.—The striking miners of the Wyoming valley are anxiously awaiting to hear what answer the operators will make to the demands of the Scranton convention. There is a hopeful feeling among the men that the concessions asked for will be granted, but no one feels sure of an early settlement and there will be no relief from the present anxiety until some definite information is received from the coal magnates in New York. If the big coal carrying companies fall in line and conclude to accept the counter proposition made by the men, the individual operators will acquiesce and there will be resumption of operations in a short time. The representatives of the coal companies in this section say they have no news to give out beyond the fact that the 10 per cent increase in wages offered by the companies some time ago still holds good. One operator said:

Have Lost Faith in the Miners. "This offer is still open to the strikers if they wish to accept it. It is safe to say, however, that the operators will make no agreement with the miners. In the first place the operators have lost faith in the men since they have quite recently broken agreements made with their employers. The owners can have no assurance in case an agreement was entered into President Mitchell would not come along some day and declare it off."

At strikers' headquarters it was given out that the men would not return to work until they had been notified to do so by the executive board of the United Mine Workers. If the companies did not meet the men half way and accept the decision of the strikers' convention as final the strike would go on. One of the officials of the United Mine Workers said the strikers were in good shape and could carry on the battle for some time yet without entailing much suffering to the men or their families.

## ACCEPTED BY STRIKERS.

Will Agree to the Ten Per Cent Advance Under Certain Conditions.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 15.—The miners' convention adjourned sine die after unanimously adopting the following resolution:

"We would recommend that this convention accept the 10 per cent advance, providing the operators continue its payment until April 1, and will abolish the sliding scale in the Lehigh and Schuylkill regions. The scale of wages in the two last named districts to remain stationary at 10 per cent above the present basis price, and that the companies agree to adjust other grievances complained of with committees of their own employees. "Should this proposition be unacceptable to the operators, we recommend that the convention propose that all questions at issue be submitted to a fair and impartial board of arbitration. "We would further recommend that under no circumstances whatever should there be a resumption of work at any of the collieries until the operators signify their acceptance of this proposition, and you are notified officially that the strike is ended and all return to work in a body on the same day."

## WANTS TO GET AWAY.

General Gobin Anxiously Awaiting the End of the Strike.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Oct. 15.—General Gobin in charge of the state troops located here since the strike riot of Sept. 21 is anxiously awaiting the verdict of the operators in regard to the terms of settlement agreed upon at the Scranton convention. He is anxious to get away and to send the troops home, but the outbreaks at Oneida and Latimer last week and the condition of affairs in the Panther Creek region cause him to hesitate. It is possible that there will be no movement of troops until it is known whether the proposed terms of agreement are acceptable to the operators.

## SECOND FATAL CLASH.

Officers and Strikers Come Together Near Hazleton, Pa.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 11.—A special policeman was instantly killed, another was wounded in the head, a striker was probably fatally shot and 10 non-union men were more or less seriously wounded at the Oneida colliery of Coxe Bros. in a clash between the officers and 500 strikers. The dead man is Ralph Mills, aged 50 years, of Leaver Meadow. He was shot through the back.

## AMERICAN CURRENCY.

Secretary of Finance Favors Its Introduction Into Cuba.

HAVANA, Oct. 15.—Senor Cancia, secretary of finance, urges the introduction of American currency into Cuba and the doing away altogether with the Spanish coin. He says that on account of there being four different kinds of currency, all having different rates of exchange and none regulated by law, serves to complicate the financial situation and really interfere with commercial interests. He recommends a commission to deal with the question.

King Oscar Confined to His Bed. STOCKHOLM, Oct. 16.—King Oscar is confined to his bed with bronchial catarrh, complicated by an accretion of phlegm in the right lung.

# REBELS VICTORIOUS

## DEFEAT A FORCE OF IMPERIAL CHINESE TROOPS.

Kill Two Hundred—Sun Yat Sen Has Taken Kian Shan and Is Investing Hui Chou—Great Activity in Canton in Making Preparations to Send Troops to the Disturbed Districts.

HONG KONG, Oct. 16.—Sun Yat Sen, according to reports from Canton, has taken the town of Kian Shan, on East river, and is now investing the prefectural city of Hui Chou. A force of imperial troops from Canton was defeated by the reformers, 200 being killed. The advice says also that there is great activity in Canton in preparations for dispatching troops to the disturbed districts.

## IT IS WIDESPREAD.

Indications That the Uprising in Southern China Will Not Down Easily.

HONG KONG, Oct. 16.—A column of troops has been dispatched to the Kowloon frontier, with the object of barring armed refugees, either rebels or imperial troops, from entering British territory when defeated. The rebels are reported to be 8,000 strong 30 miles north of the British frontier. A thousand of Admiral Ho's troops are in pursuit of them, while 2,000 Chinese troops have left Canton overland to intercept the rebels. Admiral Ho has informed the governor that the rebellion was carefully planned. The rebels are anxious to conciliate the villagers and gain the respect of foreigners, hence the absence of outrage and pillage. All indications point to the rising being widespread. Outbreaks occurred simultaneously in several centers of Kwang Tung and Kwang Si. Apparently, Kang-Yu-Wei, Sun-Yat-Sen and the Triads have amalgamated their forces in the common cause—the overthrow of Manchu rule in South China. Some positive indications of the attitude of the foreign powers is anxiously awaited.

## ESCORT WAS SMALL.

Count von Waldereese and Staff Leave Tien Tsin for Peking.

TIENTSIN, Oct. 14, via Shanghai, Oct. 15.—Only a small escort accompanied Count von Waldereese and his staff, who left for Peking at 5 a. m. The length of the field marshal's stay at the capital has not been determined, but he expects to return to Tien Tsin before cold weather sets in. Possibly he will make Shanghai his headquarters for the winter as it is understood that the Germans do not contemplate active operations after the winter has begun. The rapid fall of the Pei Ho is causing the allies to redouble their efforts to rush supplies to Peking.

## PAO TING EXPEDITION.

Official Information Regarding the Purpose of the Alliance.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The Japanese legation is in receipt of a dispatch from the foreign office at Tokio containing a report of the Japanese consul at Tien Tsin to the effect that the allied forces of Great Britain, France, Germany and Italy would, on the 12th instant, march upon Pao Ting in three columns, the right under the British commander, the center under the German and the left under the French and Japanese commander would take charge of the defense of Peking.

## KAUMI OCCUPIED.

German Troops Said to Be Following the Russian Plan.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—According to a dispatch from Berlin, the German navy league has received a telegram from Tsingtau which states that the work of constructing the railroad from Kiao Chau to Kaumi has been resumed under German military protection. General Yuan Shi Kai retired 50 kilometers from the railroad when requested to do so by the government. The Germans have occupied Kaumi. They seem to be following the methods adopted by Russia in Manchuria.

Earl Li Thanks Americans.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A special dispatch from Peking, dated Oct. 12, says: "At the American legation Li Hung Chang expressed regret for the recent occurrences and thanked the Americans for their good treatment of the Chinese. He promised to request that negotiations be begun at the tsung li yamen two days hence and to exclude Yung Ln from them."

Will Last Forty Days.

ROME, Oct. 15.—According to a dispatch from Taku to The Tribune the expedition to Pao Ting Fu aims to assure, in addition to the chastisement of the Boxer chiefs the exploitation of the railways. It is expected to last 40 days.

Court's Progress Delayed.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 15.—The progress of the Chinese court toward Sian Fu, the new capital, has been delayed in consequence of the presence of supposed Mohammedan rebels in the province of Shen Si.

Li Hung Chang at Tung Chou.

PEKING, Wednesday, Oct. 10.—Li Hung Chang has arrived at Tung Chou escorted by Russians. It is expected he will arrive here tomorrow.

Mexicans Lose Many Men.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—A dispatch to The Record from Oaxaca, Mex., says: The advancing column of the government troops who are making their way towards Chan Sonta Cruz, the stronghold of the Mayi Indians, have been subjected to a series of attacks from Indians in ambush during the last 10 days, and these attacks have resulted in considerable loss of men on the part of the government troops.

# NEWS IN MINNESOTA

County Attorney Hammons of Anoka county is dead.

Seven hundred Iowa merchants and farmers visited the Twin Cities Sunday. Frank Dowdle, a pioneer resident of Hennepin county, is dead, aged 88 years. The Minnesota conference of Daughters of the American Revolution was held in St. Paul last week.

The state labor commission proposes to ask the next legislature for an inspector to look after the mines on the range.

Frank J. Haberman, a young farmer residing near Fulda, was killed by being thrown off a load of lumber while on his way home from town.

Cholera is raging among the hogs in Southern Minnesota, and the farmers in that portion of the state are much excited over the condition of affairs.

The trial of Miller and Elmer, indicted for the Wise murders at Anoka, has been set for Monday, Oct. 22. The boys pleaded not guilty when arraigned.

The second annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Benefit association of Minnesota was held Sunday in St. Paul. About 100 men and women attended.

The plant of the Mora Milling and Electric Light company has been destroyed by fire. The only thing saved was the dynamo. Loss \$12,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A test of the current transmitted from Apple River, Wis., to St. Paul for the St. Paul Gas Light company, shows that it is the most powerful ever transmitted through an underground cable, 30,200 volts.

Arthur E. Commers, teacher at the Sucked Point Indian school, near Tower, who accidentally killed an Indian pupil named Charles Eagle Sept. 20, has been exonerated by the United States grand jury.

Otto Hobs of Royalton, while hunting, accidentally shot himself and died instantly. He was standing on a log and fell off and the hammers of the gun struck the log, both barrels being discharged, hitting him in the head.

E. L. Williams, a dock laborer employed by the Northern Pacific at Duluth, has received word from Cornwall, Eng., that he has fallen heir to \$40,000. Williams is only 21 years of age and came to this country from Cornwall.

Floyd Lundun, a laboring man, was held up near the Milwaukee depot at Appleton by two tramps, and in the struggle to get away was shot in the right hip, the ball penetrating the bowels. He will die. One of his assailants has been arrested.

It is reported that the Ann Arbor railway has purchased the Wisconsin and Michigan from the Chicago creditors and will use it as a connection with the Soo, to take care of the grain traffic from Minneapolis to Eastern points via the Menominee car ferry route.

Frank Sellinger, residing near Spring Valley, had a stick of dynamite which he said he intended to use at a charivari. His wife became scared and ran out of the house, and immediately an explosion occurred, wrecking the house and blowing the man to pieces.

The Duluth school board reduced the tax levy recently made from 11 mills to 6 mills, cutting down the city tax rate to less than 20 mills, as against 24.1 mills last year. As the valuations are reduced below those of last year, the taxes will be very little increased.

Typhoid fever has assumed alarming proportions throughout Northern Minnesota. While Duluth has very little of the disease, her hospitals are crowded with it, most of the cases coming from the woods and the iron range towns where there is an abundance of it.

One shipment from Two Harbors during September were nearly 400,000 tons. The total shipments for the season were about 4,000,000 tons. Had it not been for the severe rains during the past two months the record would have been 300,000 tons more than that figure.

The \$480,000 explorations by the Minnesota Iron company at Minnesota Station, on the Duluth and Iron Range road, have been discontinued, the work not being up to the hopes excited by the first discoveries. Still there is ore there, and some million tons or more have been opened into.

The Duluth police are determined to run all the vagrant negroes out of the city. During the past year a large number have arrived from the South and never made any pretense at working. The better class of colored people of Duluth refused absolutely to have anything to do with them.

There is a shortage of nearly \$5,000 in the public funds that were in the hands of A. H. Wegner, the Cook county commissioner who died suddenly a couple of weeks ago. Of this amount \$1,650 is from the county and \$3,141.61 is from the Beaver Bay school district, where Wegner lived.

Several Filipino students may soon be enrolled on the books of the Winona normal school. President J. M. Paugh has received a letter from Superintendent F. W. Atkinson, department of instruction of the Philippines, asking permission to send some of the natives to the Winona institution.

Lewis Lilly of Winona county has appealed to the supreme court from the order of Judge Snow in the matter of laying out the road in Winona and Houston counties. The order from which the appeal is taken was filed last week, and awards damages to the property owners for the laying out of the road.

Ground will soon be broken for an underground mine in the village limits of Virginia. The shaft is to be sunk on the Wyoming company's forty, upon which Captain Harry Roberts of Duluth has a lease. The property is also known as the Humphrey forty. The Duluth and Iron Range road is building a spur to the new property.

# NEWS CONDENSATIONS.

Wednesday, Oct. 16.

John Patrick Crichton-Stuart, marquis of Bute, is dead. The people of Honolulu have sent \$3,300 to the people of Galveston, Tex. Charles Wheeler, treasurer of the Colorado Southern railroad, is dead at Denver.

Employees of the Terre Haute electric street railway are on strike. The men demand increased pay and shorter hours.

James J. Corbett has decided to challenge Champion James Jeffries to again meet him in the ring for a 25-round or a finish fight.

The strike of the Denver woodworkers, which threatened to tie up all the mills in that city, has been settled and the closed mills have resumed work.

The result of the first day of registration in Chicago for the presidential election shows that 285,361 voters entered their names on the registration books.

Thursday, Oct. 11.

Roland Reed, the actor, has cancelled his engagements owing to sickness.

The average condition of cotton on Oct. 1 was 67, as compared with 62.3 last month.

The Modern Brotherhood of America has decided to hold the next convention at Sioux Falls, S. D.

The United States secured 2,475 prizes at the Paris exposition; more than the grand total of prizes distributed to other nations.

The announcement is made of the appointment of F. A. Miller as general passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, vice George H. Heafford, who resigned to engage in other business.

The South African league has passed a resolution in favor of a preferential tariff on British manufactures and adopted a resolution adverse to the German language being abandoned, which was a suggestion of Cecil Rhodes.

Friday, Oct. 15.

It is asserted that Archbishop Martinelli will be raised to the cardinalate at the next consistory.

E. L. Williams, a Duluth dock laborer, has received word that he has fallen heir to \$40,000 and he has thrown up his job on the dock.

The Australian legislative council has rejected the bill of the legislative assembly providing for a referendum on the woman suffrage question.

Albert R. Green of the general land office has been selected as chief of the new division of forestry of the interior department authorized by the last congress.

Rev. Sam P. Jones, the famous evangelist, is broken down in health, having been compelled to cancel all his dates for lectures in South Carolina and Mississippi.

Saturday, Oct. 13.

The official trial of the battleship Wisconsin proved that vessel to be the fastest of that class in the world.

Henry E. Youtsey, whose illness has caused a halt in his trial on the charge of being a principal in the shooting of Governor Goebel, is reported somewhat better.

W. V. Powell, for seven years head of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, has been expelled from that organization for conduct unbecoming a member and officer of the order.

As the result of monetary disturbance abroad, Austria wants to float a large loan in the United States. It is reported that this loan will be in the neighborhood of \$20,000,000.

Driven from the Transvaal by force of British arms, eight American citizens, who recently arrived penniless in New York city, have petitioned the government to present claims for indemnity against Great Britain.

Monday, Oct. 15.

King Leopold of Belgium has arrived in Paris to visit the exposition.

Charles Fargo, second vice president of the American Express company and an old resident of Chicago, is dead.

The first day's registration for all boroughs of New York far exceeds that of last year and of the last presidential year, 1896.

A minor official of the Vatican has been arrested on the charge of giving the thieves access to the room from which the sum of about 500,000 lire was recently stolen.

Rev. Rowland Hills, the English clergyman convicted at Blair, Neb., of bigamy in marrying an American while he had a wife living in England, was sentenced to four years.

Rev. Father William H. Ketchum of Antlers, I. T., has been appointed and will soon take charge of the entire Catholic Indian missions of the United States, with headquarters at Washington.

Tuesday, Oct. 16.

The ninth annual convention of the Master Horsehoers' association is in session at Milwaukee.

A dispatch from Madrid says the Spanish government is greatly concerned at the revival of the Carlist agitation.

# AMERICAN DAIRYWOMEN.

Influence of Women Upon a Mammoth Industry.

I think it is not too much to say that the wives and daughters of farmers in this country hold the fate of dairying in the hollow of their hands, says George E. Newell in The American Cultivator.

Unless one stops to think seriously of the subject the fact of what a tremendous influence woman exerts in dairying is not appreciated.

No matter how wise a breeder and feeder of milk stock a man may be, he is not apt to be fully successful in the home manufacture of milk without the intelligent co-operation of his wife.

It is she who keeps the dairy department scrupulously clean and generally watches with the solicitude of an expert the delicate processes of butter making.

I sometimes think that there is an intuition in regard to dairy cleanliness in woman that man does not possess that fits her naturally for the better dairy work of the two.

What a large proportion of farmers' wives and daughters need, however, is a better appreciation of modern scientific dairy principles.

For instance, woman by nature is a tender and sympathetic nurse, but educate her as a trained nurse and she is ten times better.

Science perfects the inherent aptitude. It is so with the faithful, conscientious dairymaid of the land. Let her grasp and put into practice the scientific principles of milk care and milk manufacture, and she becomes an invaluable factor in the march of dairy progress.

The wives and daughters of farmers all over the United States should be encouraged to study the technical side of fine butter making, to enhance the value of their labor and increase their emoluments.

The task of the average American farmer's wife is none too easy, and one of the most prominent signs of dairy improvement would be to see the dairymaid trying to lighten the burdens of the dairymaid.

Give her a modern, up to date dairy house or room in which to perform her tasks, and one profitable step has been taken in the right direction.

Dairymen, co-operate with your better halves in their efforts to produce an improved quality of butter. If you send your milk to a manufactory, co-operate with them in caring for the product and see that they are furnished with the best of utensils and appliances for this purpose.

Do all these things with two objects in view, first, because it will be easier for your wife, and second, because it will pay.

Value of Warm Milk.

Dr. D. J. Kendall of Saratoga Springs is trying, with marked success, a food treatment of especial value, which he describes as follows:

The last quart of the milking, or "strippings," taken immediately after milking, before it has parted with any of the animal heat, is the most valuable thing known to build up a person who is thin and emaciated from any disease.

My theory for years has been that the "strippings" was nearly all cream, which I have demonstrated to be a fact. I also believed that when taken immediately after milking, while it contained all the animal heat and before any change had taken place, it would be absorbed at once into the circulation without going through the ordinary process of digestion. This I have also found to be true.

I direct my patients to begin with one-half pint and gradually increase the quantity until at the end of a week they are taking a quart at a time or as much as they can possibly drink without causing too much discomfort. This should be followed up regularly twice a day.

I have known of many cases where the patient could not drink cold milk or even milk which had stood for an hour or two, and yet these persons could drink a quart immediately after milking without the slightest derangement of the digestive organs.

It is not an uncommon thing for my patients who have followed my instructions to gain five pounds a week in weight. No other plan I have heard of has proved so successful.

I have tested this plan in hundreds of cases in the last few years, and I know that there are thousands of persons whose lives might be saved if the above instructions were faithfully followed.

Weedy Milk.

There are weedy pastures in the land, and there are pastures free from weeds, says The Creamery Journal. It is plain that the more milk from clean pastures and the less from weedy pastures we have in the creamery the better the chance to get a good flavor.

The creamery manager, in order to manage, must know the farm conditions of each and every patron, and the weedy milk must be separated so as to run as little milk as possible into the cream. As it is not practicable to keep all the milk from clean pastures separate from that coming from weedy pastures at the weigh can—at least it may not be practicable—the proper care is to separate all the cream, thick and rich, running the minimum of milk into the cream, then take same cans of milk from patrons with pastures free from weeds, patrons who are neat and tidy, who keep the milk pure and uncontaminated, and dump this milk straight into the cream vat in sufficient quantity to insure the right percentage of fat in the cream and cause it to ripen in time. This is a winning method—a winner because it is founded upon nature and common sense.

# Lamb Lumber Co.

The place to buy good, clean and dry lumber. All kinds of building material. Our first-class plaster is the best. Remember, we give votes on the piano contest.

F. L. BABCOCK, AGENT.

# LATE MARKET REPORT.

Duluth Grain. DULUTH, Oct. 16. WHEAT—No. 1 hard 78½c, No. 1 Northern 76½c, No. 2 Northern 75½c, No. 3 spring 84½c. To Arrive—No. 1 hard 78½c, No. 1 Northern 77½c, October 76½c, December 77½c, May 80½c. FLAX—Cash \$1.78, October \$1.77½, November \$1.72½, December \$1.65, May \$1.66.

Minneapolis Grain. MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 16. WHEAT—In Store—October 78½c, December 75½c @ 76½c, May 78½c @ 79½c. On Track—No. 1 hard 78½c, No. 1 Northern 76½c, No. 2 Northern 75½c @ 76½c.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards. ST. PAUL, Oct. 16. HOGS—Market 10 @ 10½c lower. Range of prices, \$4.75 @ \$5.85 for hogs, \$2.00 @ \$2.50 for cows, bulls and mixed, \$1.50 @ \$2.75 for stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ \$4.50 for calves and yearlings. SHEEP—Market 5 @ 5½c lower. Range of prices, \$4.75 @ \$4.75.

Chicago Union Stock Yards. CHICAGO, Oct. 16. CATTLE—Market steady. Sales ranged at \$4.80 @ \$5.10 for good to choice butcher steers, \$1.80 @ \$1.90 for fair to good, \$2.75 @ \$3.50 for good butcher cows and heifers, \$3.00 @ \$3.00 for choice veals, 3.75 @ 4.10 for choice feeders. SHEEP—Market steady. Feeding stuff in demand. Sales ranged at \$4.00 @ \$4.00 for choice butcher lambs, \$4.40 @ \$3.60 for good to choice wethers.

Chicago Grain and Provisions. CHICAGO, Oct. 16. WHEAT—October 78½c, November 75½c, December 75½c @ 76½c. CORN—October 40½c, November 37½c @ 37½c, December 35½c, May 35½c @ 36½c. OATS—October 21½c, November 21½c @ 21½c, December 21½c, May 23½c @ 23½c. PORK—October \$16.00, November \$10.90, January \$11.25. FLAX—Cash Northwestern \$1.73, Southwestern \$1.73, October \$1.73, November \$1.68 @ \$1.70, December \$1.63, May \$1.65.

BUTTER—Creameries 16 @ 21c, dairy 18 @ 19c. POULTRY—Turkeys 8½c, chickens 8½c @ 9c. EGGS—Fresh 17 @ 17½c.

Austin Markets. CORRECTED BY ALEX CAMPBELL. Wheat, No. 2, 66c to 67c per bu. CORRECTED BY SMITH-WALSH ELEVATOR CO. Oats, 18½c per bu. Barley, 30c-45c per bu. Timothy, \$3.25 per cwt. Clover, \$4.00 to \$4.50 per cwt. Flax, \$1.58 per bu.

CORRECTED BY M'BRIDE, THE GROCER. Butter, 20c per lb. Beans, \$1.50 to \$2.00 per bu. Eggs, 10c per doz. Potatoes, 25c per bu. AUSTIN PACKING HOUSE MARKET. Young Hogs, \$4.25 to \$4.50 per cwt. Brood Sows, \$5.00 to \$5.50 per cwt. Cows, \$2.50 to \$3.00 per cwt. Sheep, \$2.50 to \$3 per cwt. Lambs, \$3.00 to \$3.25 per cwt. Veal Calves, \$4.00 to \$4.50 per cwt. Spring Chickens, 6c per lb. Hens, 4c per lb. Roosters, 3c per lb.

FUEL—CORRECTED BY A. S. DICKER. Hard coal, \$9.25 per ton. Iowa coal, \$5.00 per ton. Illinois coal, \$5.00 per ton. Indiana black coal, \$5.00 per ton. Hoeking Valley coal, \$5.75 per ton. Oak Wood, \$6.50 per cord. Maple Wood, \$7.00 per cord. Soft Wood, \$5.00 per cord. Slabs, \$4.50 per cord. 25 cents less on each ton of coal or cord of wood for cash.

Order to Examine Accounts. STATE OF MINNESOTA. COUNTY OF MOORE—ss. In Probate Court. Special term, October 8, 1900. In the matter of the estate of Wm. E. Undergraff, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of J. M. Undergraff, administratrix of the estate of Wm. E. Undergraff, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this Court on Saturday, the third day of November, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the city of Austin in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the MOORE COUNTY TRANSCRIPT, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the city of Austin in said county.

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