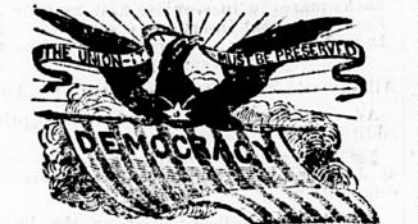


# THE SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED BY  
LITTLEFIELD & MAGINNIS  
RED WING, MINN., OCT. 1, 1899.  
WILLIAM COLVILLE, JR., EDITOR  
AGENTS.—C. H. SORVEN, 68 Dearborn  
street, Chicago, is authorized to receive ad-  
vertisements for this paper.



## DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,  
GEORGE L. BECKER,  
of Ramsey.  
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,  
SYLVAHUS B. LOWRY,  
of Stearns.  
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,  
FRANCIS BAASEN,  
of Brown.  
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,  
JOHN B. BRISHIN,  
of Ramsey.  
FOR STATE TREASURER,  
SAMUEL B. ABBE,  
of Crow Wing.  
FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS,  
JAMES M. CAVANAUGH,  
of Fillmore.  
CHRISTOPHER GRAHAM,  
of Sibley.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

For Senator,  
NORRIS HOBART,  
of Milton.  
For Representatives,  
J. C. WEATHERBY,  
of Red Wing.  
E. WESTERVELT,  
of Westervelt.  
WM. ROCK,  
of Pine Island.  
WM. P. TANNER,  
of Cannon Falls.  
For Auditor,  
WM. FRYBERGER,  
of Featherstone.  
For Treasurer,  
J. C. PIERCE,  
of Red Wing.  
For Surveyor,  
HENRY LAURENTZ,  
of Hay Creek.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

To the free and unpledged voters of Goodhue county, I hereby announce myself as an Independent Republican candidate for Representative to the State Legislature.  
PERRY D. MARTIN.

## DEMOCRATS! BE ON YOUR GUARD!

We have received reliable information that the Republicans contemplate carrying out a great system of frauds, all through Southern Minnesota, and especially through the south part of Goodhue county, and in other localities, where they may have similar facilities. The scheme is with regard to this county, to run loads of voters, between Mazepa in Wabasha, and Belvidere, Zumbrota, Cherry Grove and Kenyon, voting them in all those precincts.

This was the same scheme carried out by the Republicans in 1857, by which the vote of this county was increased over three hundred over the actual number of residents then in the county—saying nothing about the fact that a large number of actual residents did not vote at all. One instance will be recollected, when a prominent citizen of Zumbrota took a load of strangers from this place and voted them at Easterly's and at Zumbrota after they had voted here. The rightous among the Republicans are seduced into this scheme, on the pretended plea that the Democrats will carry out similar frauds in the North, and it will be necessary to counterbalance them in this way. Oh honest Republicans!

The Republicans are now pretending that they will carry Zumbrota by one hundred and fifty majority, and Belvidere, Cherry Grove &c., by a vote in the same proportion—preparing the public mind for a large vote in these precincts—while the actual residents of Zumbrota never have and do not now number seventy-five. There is not that number to be found on the road supervisors' list.

They also boast as they did in 1857, that they have a fund of \$150,000, raised in the east as was at that time, to carry the present election.

Democrats be on your guard. The voice of the people of Goodhue county, must not be again choked down, by the repetition of the enormous frauds of '57. Make it an especial point to watch those precincts—Challenger every person offering to vote who is not a resident of the precinct. Take his name and actual residence if you can discover it and thus be prepared with the evidence to uproot the returns from precincts in which the Republican programme is carried out.

Again we say, look to the polls, and challenge every person not known to be a resident of your precinct, and have the challenge and the answers to the usual questions recorded by the clerks of the election as the law directs.

## GOV. RAMSEY'S CLAIMS FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP.

Since the session of the late Republican State Convention, many facts have leaked out, going to show that that convention was singularly unfortunate in its selection of candidates. We will briefly consider the claims of the greater part of them.

With the character, history and capabilities of Gov. Ramsey most of the intelligent citizens of Minnesota are familiar. As a prominent member and leader of the old whig party, the Gov. advocated (in Pennsylvania) in opposition to Gen. Jackson's pre-emption policy, the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands among the States—a measure calculated and intended to benefit the eastern and southern States—to support their State Governments, without direct taxation, at the expense of the West; a policy which, if carried out, would have proved ruinous to Western interests; and that following out that principle Gov. Ramsey went while in Congress, against the act graduating and reducing the price of public lands for the benefit of actual settlers, which was introduced and urged by Democrats.

In accordance with this same distribution policy, the Republicans at the last session introduced and passed, the "Agricultural College Bill"—a measure designed in the name of a holy cause, that of education, to rob the West, for the benefit of the East and South, for it provided that scrips for the amount of twenty thousand acres of land, for each Senator and Representative it had in Congress should be given to each State—giving to the State of New York with its thirty-five members seven hundred thousand acres; New England over one million, Pennsylvania and Ohio, over one million more and the other States in proportion. Minnesota, would have received for an agricultural college but eighty thousand acres, while her agricultural resources; her advantages, as an agricultural State, are far superior to, and at no distant day, will produce far more, than those of New England and New York combined. And while this measure has thus no reference to the future of the great Northwest, but would sacrifice to the selfish demand of the East and South its present influence upon Minnesota, would be that the scrip, at least three millions of acres would be located in Minnesota, weighing her down, still more heavily, with the greatest curse that has ever been entailed upon the West, that of non-resident land holders.

This bill was voted against by Democratic members generally and was vetoed by President Buchanan. It is fair to infer that as it was supported unanimously, and carried by Republicans, and as it was in accordance with the old line policy, advocated and voted for by Gov. Ramsey when in Congress, that he would have supported it. How well, this policy is adapted to the interest of the West, our readers can readily perceive. It is one that has always been opposed by the West, and which wherever it has been carried into operation has proved a most serious injury to it. As a Republican then, a member of the party that thus favors the same policy that he himself advocated when a Pennsylvania Whig, Gov. Ramsey is certainly not entitled to the support of the settlers of Minnesota.

Gov. Ramsey claims to be the friend of the Grow Homestead bill. The Republicans now seek to disown that bill, but they always claimed it as their pet measure and Mr. Grow, now says he was the author of it. What that measure was, how disastrous to the prosperity of Minnesota it would have been we have frequently shown. That it must have necessarily diverted emigration from Minnesota, and even enticed away some who have already settled here is apparent. We have frequently shown that this measure applied only to lands subject to private entry, and in another article will be found a brief review of the claims set up by Mr. Colfax in relation to it. Now what credit ought Gov. Ramsey or any of the Republican candidates to have for favoring this measure? Why do they not advocate such a measure as is proposed in the Democratic platform, which will cover all classes of Government land—benefit the settlers of Minnesota as well as those of Iowa and Wisconsin?

Again Gov. Ramsey claims the sympathy and support of the people, because he says that he was fraudulently defeated two years ago. We have often shown how base this claim is. That it was his duty if he believed his statements to be true to have the matter investigated before the courts, so that at all events the people could have the evidence of the frauds placed before them in an authentic manner. The Goodhue County Republican and other Republican papers are publishing what they pretend are affidavits, going to prove Gov. Ramsey's charges. All we have to say about them is that not one of them is authentic on the face. Not one, in their present shape could be admitted as evidence in any court, and that a careful examination will satisfy any candid man that the affidavits are throughout forgeries. That the persons by whom they purport to be made—the officers before whom they purport to be taken, are not now and never were in existence. They fabricated the affidavits as the vendors of patent pills and plaster got up certificates of cures. They cannot show that a solitary one of them is authentic. How ridiculous! How dishonest! How base then to be scattering broad cast this pretended evidence—got up in Doctor Foster's office. They are like the one hundred and twenty-five affidavits got up last fall by the Republicans in the case of the celebrated Chaffald frauds in Fillmore County, which affidavits were proven, before a Republican Judge, (Wilson), to be forgeries, and were so decided by him, after a legal investigation. But it is all of a piece with the bastard Republicanism of the present day. It proves however that Gov. Ramsey

## THE CLAIMS OF WM. WINDOM.

We have heretofore published the evidence proving Mr. Windom to have been formerly an active Know Nothing politician, and a member of the Know Nothing State Convention in Ohio, notwithstanding he plants himself upon the Republican platform and declares the charge to be an unmitigated lie.

On our first page will be found an article proving conclusively that William Windom, formerly of Mount Vernon, Ohio, now of Winona, Minnesota, and Republican candidate for Congress, was, while a resident of Mount Vernon, the Vice President of the Know Nothing lodge in that place. The original charter of the lodge, by which Mr. Windom was appointed such Vice President, being now in the possession of the Pioneer and Democrat. Neither the Minnesota or the Times have said a word in defense of Mr. Windom since the publication of that article. Their guns are spiked!

## THE CLAIMS OF JAMES H. BAKER FOR THE OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE.

We have intimated that the Republican State Convention was peculiarly unfortunate in selecting its candidates. It evidently was entirely unacquainted with the character and antecedents of Mr. Baker—for we do not believe it would have nominated a man for such a responsible office, whom no honest man acquainted with his antecedents can conscientiously vote for.

It was Mr. Baker who presented the platform adopted by the Convention. It contains a severe denunciation of Know Nothingism. It turns out that Mr. Baker wrote that portion of the platform because, having belonged to that order in Ohio, and having been elected Secretary of State on the Know Nothing ticket, he knows from experience, what a dirty bird it is.

The platform also makes great professions in favor of honesty and economy in the management of government. On this point Mr. Baker was evidently well qualified to judge, having himself tried all ways of getting along. After his nomination it was charged upon him that while Secretary of State of Ohio, he had swindled that State out of \$132,000, by one operation. We have heretofore published the facts going to prove this charge, to wit: That in negotiating a loan of \$2,000,000 for that State, he conspired with certain parties in New York to let them have it for four per cent. less than market value of Ohio State securities, dividing the difference—\$132,000—with them. The facts were published were elicited by a committee of investigation, appointed by the Ohio Legislature to examine into the matter, and were published officially.

The only objection to this ever raised by the Republicans was, that it was the report of a committee the majority of which was Democratic, interested in disparaging Mr. Baker. Well, it was said the report was also signed by Mr. Reemelin, a prominent Republican, and a man of high personal character and standing, (as one of the members of the committee). But, said the Minnesota, and Mr. Baker, in his speeches, "Mr. Reemelin was fooled by the Democrats on the committee, and did not know what the report contained when he signed it."

Hearing this declaration, Mr. Orrin Densmore, Republican Judge of Probate of this county, wrote to Mr. Reemelin to ascertain the facts in the case. The correspondence has since been published in the Pioneer and Democrat, and effectually sets at rest the case of Mr. Baker. As to how the Pioneer obtained it, appears in an article from that paper, which we publish in another column. Here is the correspondence:

Red Wing, Goodhue Co., Minn., September 2, 1899.  
CHARLES REEMELIN, Esq., Cincinnati.  
Sir: You will at a glance see why I ask as a favor of you, whether the charge preferred in the enclosed which I cut from the "PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT," is true, and the extract therein made is from the "Report" as made by yourself and associates?  
Mr. Baker is our nominee for the office of Secretary of State, and we desire to stand by him if he is worthy, which should be the presumption, and refute all false statements made for electioneering purposes; but if he is unworthy, we would not support him. Your knowledge will enable you, to set us right in the matter, which I trust you will do at the earliest moment, and very much oblige many who in these perilous times desire to look before we leap.  
In Freedom's cause, yours truly,  
[Signed] ORRIN DENSMORE.

CINCINNATI, September 5, 1899.  
O. DENSMORE, Esq., Red Wing.  
Sir:—The extract from the report of the Ohio Treasury Investigating Commission, which you enclose to me with yours of the 3rd instant, and which you say you cut from the PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT, was every word written by me, and I did then, and do now, most solemnly believe every word to be true; and I must add that as Trustee of the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company, I have seen much to confirm, and nothing to deny, any and all impressions previously had of James H. Baker.  
You sign yourself "In Freedom's cause, yours truly," and I accept your salutation; and especially, because you say in your letter, that you will not support unworthy men though nominated—a determination which the friends of liberty should never violate.  
Most respectfully yours,  
[Signed] CHAS. REEMELIN.

Now, then, what excuse has any person to offer for Mr. Baker? Mr. Reemelin, who stated in his report that Baker was notoriously corrupt and venal—that his character in Ohio—now says that since the report of that committee, he has discovered additional evidence on that point, which makes the case still worse for Baker. Now, then, will any of the honest Republicans of this county or State, vote for such a man? Can they do so conscientiously? We know it is said, and by Republicans, too, that "it makes no difference who the Republicans nominate, the party will support him," but we believe that this campaign will disprove such an aspersion upon the character of the Republican masses, by showing as its result that Mr. Baker did not receive one half the Republican vote.

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On our first page will be found an article proving conclusively that William Windom, formerly of Mount Vernon, Ohio, now of Winona, Minnesota, and Republican candidate for Congress, was, while a resident of Mount Vernon, the Vice President of the Know Nothing lodge in that place. The original charter of the lodge, by which Mr. Windom was appointed such Vice President, being now in the possession of the Pioneer and Democrat. Neither the Minnesota or the Times have said a word in defense of Mr. Windom since the publication of that article. Their guns are spiked!

The character of Mr. Windom has received a severe shock in consequence of his emphatic denial of the charge, and to be proved a wilful liar on such a charge is certainly a very disagreeable fix to be put in, and shows Mr. Windom is entirely unworthy of the support of candid men.

## THE GOODHUE COUNTY FRAUDS OF 1857.

We have made mention in another column of the plans now entertained by the Republicans, of re-enacting the frauds of 1857, in this county, and all through Southern Minnesota. Of this we have information from one of our most reliable citizens, who is willing to make oath to the fact.

To show with how much reason the Democracy may expect the enactment of such a swindle, we give below certain facts and figures, we have published before, and which were never denied, and cannot be denied for they are from the official election returns of the county, and the official census returns of the Marshal of the State. Here they are: In 1857, the whole vote polled was 1928 Democratic, 705; Republican, 1223. By the census returns, there was, at that time, in the county, 1632 men over twenty-one years of age. The Deputy Marshals got five cents a head for enumerating them, and made oath that their returns were correct, and no impeachment of them ever has been or ever can be made.

This, then, is conclusive evidence of the fact that a large number of votes were polled in this county over and above the number of bona fide electors in the county—nearly, if not quite 400—for it must be borne in mind that from 100 to 150 of those electors did not vote at all. As further evidence on this point, we give the actual vote polled in 1858, when there had been a large increase in the population of the county, over and above that of 1857. Whole number of votes, 1931—297 votes less than were polled the year before. Of them were Democratic, 715—a slight increase. Republican, 916—a falling off of 307 votes.

The Republicans never have and never can explain these figures, and they can't be explained on any other basis than that of fraudulent voting. It is impossible! Fellow citizens, what had become of the 400 fraudulent votes the Republicans polled in 1857? Where were they? Not in this county. But look out that they don't turn up his full!!! BE ON YOUR GUARD!

## THE HOMESTEAD BILL.

We have frequently published the first clause of the Homestead Bill, showing that it was only intended to apply to lands subject to private entry—in which case it could be of no possible benefit to a single resident of Minnesota, but, on the contrary, the greatest injury; for it would drive the emigration from this State to Iowa and Wisconsin, and other points where they could avail themselves of its provisions. Nay! that it would even draw our own settlers away from us on that account.

Mr. Colfax, in his speech delivered at this place, took a different view of the clause in question, and contended (very briefly, however) that the latter part of the clause excluded its provisions over all classes of Government lands.

In order that our readers may clearly understand the point, we again publish the clause in question:

"That any person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years and is a citizen of the United States or who shall have filed his intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws of the United States, shall from and after the passage of this act, be entitled to enter free of cost, one quarter section of land, to be located in any unappropriated public land, at the time the application is made, be subject to private entry, at \$1.25 per acre, or a quantity equal thereto, to be located in a body, in conformity with the legal subdivisions of the public lands, and after the same shall have been surveyed."

Now the latter part of this clause, to wit: "or a quantity equal thereto, to be located in a body, in conformity with the legal subdivisions of the public lands, and after the same shall have been surveyed," Mr. Colfax said extended the provisions of the Homestead Bill over all the Government lands of Minnesota. We cannot so understand it, for the word "quantity" evidently refers back to the "vacant and unappropriated public lands" which may at the time the application is made be subject to private entry. A "quantity" of what? "of vacant and unappropriated public lands," &c., "equal thereto." Equal to what? Equal to a quarter section. That is, that the settler may locate his "claim" in any shape, in conformity with the legal subdivisions, to the amount of one hundred and sixty acres, or a quarter section.

The whole of the latter portion of the clause refers to the quantity and shape of the claim, and not to the class of lands which may be claimed. The first part of the clause designates that.

## THE CORRUPTION OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

"However improper the influences brought to bear upon the Convention may have been in other particulars we can assure our friend that they had no connection whatever with the nomination of Dr. Garrard." *Republican.*

This is mere assertion on the part of the *Republican*, it has no proof, and can offer none to support the statement. How was it that the nomination of Dr. Garrard was not obtained by influences equally as improper, as you admit, were brought to bear upon the convention in other particulars? Did he not make the requisite pledges, whereby he sold himself, body and soul to Chas. McClure, in order to obtain the nomination? The *Republican* well knows that he did. Did he not sell out other candidates—the candidates for Senator, for Treasurer and Auditor, in order to obtain it? The *Republican* knows that he did. Did he not buy the delegates from his district who supported him. Aaron G. Hudson, said so, openly as we can prove by fifty men.

How is it that Mr. Garrard will not poll one tenth of the Republican votes in that district. That over three hundred of them have pledged their earnest support to Perry Martin. It is because they know those facts and are acquainted with the man, and would support as they all say, even a Democrat in preference to him.

We are glad to see the *Republican* for once frank enough, as appears by the above extract to admit that the Republican convention was controlled to use its usual language by "improper influences." That is it was in reality, corrupt and rotten to the core, and now Messrs. Republicans when your own organ admits this fact, can you conscientiously, by your votes approve of and support such action.

## DISINTERESTED KINDNESS.

It also appears somewhat strange that Mr. Martin should appeal to the *Republican* of the county through an organ of the opposition, when the columns of a journal which probably circulates twenty times as extensively among that class of voters to which his appeal is directed, was equally at his service,—a fact, too, which he was well acquainted.—*Goodhue Co. Republican.*

The *Republican*, proves its disinterestedness, in the same number, by publishing Mr. Martin's announcement as an advertisement. This insult to Mr. Martin, shows conclusively with what a friendly spirit that sheet was actuated, and how kindly it would have been at his service.

Mr. Martin unwillingly came forward as an independent candidate, at the unanimous request of the Republicans of his district, and because he deemed it his duty, and that of the independent Republican voters, thus to rebuke the greatest political iniquity that has ever been enacted in Minnesota.

The *Republican*, in its friendliness, publishes a column leader, devoted exclusively to maligning and falsifying Mr. Martin's position and sentiments, with an attempt to plaster up, and smooth over, the proceedings of the Convention, which it has, however, to admit, was controlled by "improper influences," and then begs its readers not to hazard a U. S. Senator for such a trivial matter. No! Republicans must swallow a ticket conceived and brought forth in the foulest iniquity, and candidates who are in every way unfit and unqualified for the several offices—some of them, in fact, like Mr. Garrard, of doubtful political principles—a Democrat until the last year—because some other interests may be jeopardized.

## THE LETTER FROM REEMELIN ON THE OHIO SWINDLER.

The letter from Hon. Charles Reemelin, to a Republican of Red Wing, has created considerable sensation in Republican circles. It has removed whatever doubts the honest and candid portion of that party may have entertained, as to Baker's guilt. Mr. Reemelin has been active as a Republican since the organization of that party. He attended the Pittsburgh Convention of February, 1866, and took a prominent part in laying down the basis of the Republican organization; he was an able advocate of Fremont's election; has been an unwavering supporter of Grant, of Ohio; and up to the hour of his (Reemelin's) appointment as Trustee of the Ohio Life Insurance & Trust Company, in February of the present year, he held a lucrative and responsible appointment at the hands of Gov. Chase. But Mr. Reemelin will not permit his sympathies as a Republican, to overmaster his duty as a citizen; and, as a consequence, he has been active as a member of the Ohio Investigating Committee, in ferreting out Baker's scoundrelism. In his language, Baker was regarded "as venal and corrupt by all with whom he came in contact."

The letter of Mr. Reemelin was written in response to the interrogatories of Orrin Densmore, Esq., the Republican Probate Judge of Goodhue county. Mr. Densmore, suppressed the letter, but copies of the correspondence were procured from Ohio. The nice sense of honor which actuated Densmore, we trust, will be appreciated by the people of Goodhue county. Had Mr. Reemelin's answer, exculpated Baker, it would have been expressed to every portion of the State, within 48 hours after its receipt. But as it proved and substantiated every charge, we have made against the infamous scoundrel, the Judge of Probate of Goodhue county, concluded to suppress it. He became, by so doing, an accessory after the act.

Gov. Willard of Indiana, the best stump speaker in the world, is announced to address the citizens of Minnesota at various points during the coming week. Arrangements will be made if possible, for him to speak at Red Wing on Saturday the 8th, at which time we are to have a grand Democratic rally.

## MR. MARTIN'S APPOINTMENTS.

Perry D. Martin, Independent Republican candidate for the House of Representatives, will speak at the school house, on Wells Creek, near Wakefield's, on Monday evening, the 3d of October,  
At Pine Island on Tuesday, the 4th Oct.  
At Zumbrota " Wednesday, 5th "  
At Cannon Falls on Thursday, 6th "  
At Featherstone " Friday, the 7th "  
At Red Wing " Monday, " 10th "

## REPUBLICAN MEETING AT CENTRAL POINT.

At a meeting of the republican Club of the town of Central Point, held at the school house, on Thursday evening, Sept. 28th, H. A. Tinkham was selected Chairman, and S. V. Carr appointed Secretary. J. C. Corey, Esq., was called upon to the stand, when he gave a detailed account of the proceedings of the late County Convention of the Republican party—characterizing its proceedings as corrupt, having been controlled by a faction to subvert the honest men, and S. V. Carr appointed Secretary. P. D. Martin was next called to the stand when in a speech of one hour, he reviewed in a terse, pointed and able manner, the condition of the State finances, contrasting in lucid distinction the relative position of the Republican and Democratic parties upon State policy.

In conclusion, the following resolutions were presented, and accepted without dissent: Resolved first, That in view of the factious and unprincipled proceedings which distinguished the character of the late County Convention, we cannot, as independent voters of the great Republican party, acting as men, subscribe to—without a murmur—the nominations made at that Convention; Resolved second, That if the Republican party shall ever meet with a defeat—especially in Goodhue county at the present election—it must be chargeable to those unprincipled demagogues, who, for selfish ends, are actuated by no law save personal aggrandizement;

Resolved third, That in the nomination of L. H. Garrard, as a Representative from this district, the public will be abused and disregarded, and that in his nomination primarily, and in its final consummation, means unworthy of a gentleman, and blackening to the party, were used to foster upon the people for their suffrages, and that we cannot and will not give him our support;

Resolved fourth, That since Perry D. Martin has consented to allow his name to be presented to the free and unpledged Republican voters of Goodhue county as an independent candidate, we hail this innovation as an established usage, as the step-stone in inaugurating a new era, in rescuing from the thralldom of slavish subservience which factions demagogues have attempted to fasten upon it, the free expression of the people's will;

And that we pledge him our support and influence, and pledge the Republican party on his behalf, a faithful, able and wise discharge of all duties incumbent upon him in the discharge of his duty to the commonwealth of Minnesota and the Republican party.  
H. A. TINKHAM, Chairman.  
S. V. Carr, Secretary.

We, Republican voters of Goodhue county, feeling dissatisfied with the proceedings of the late Republican County Convention, and believing that such Convention was controlled by a corrupt influence which degraded an expression of the popular will; and that the present dissatisfaction among the members of our party is the legitimate result of the use of unscrupulous means to attain selfish ends; and that our existence as a party can only be maintained by enforcing fairness, purity of purpose and loyalty to principle, do by our signatures hereto express our acquittal of our countenance of the unprincipled and tyrannical action of the Convention in denying to a candidate an opportunity to remove doubts compromising his position; and of the intrigues and influence exercised in the Convention to gain personal advancement; and the unjustifiable use of slanderous reports to abuse the mind of honest delegates in the Convention; and of trickery and deception whatever, practiced in the late Convention, or in those which may be held hereafter;

And we do earnestly recommend the adoption of some plan, whereby harmony in our ranks may be restored, and the defeat of a Republican ticket at the approaching election may be avoided:  
W. W. Clark, James C. Nixon,  
John M. Ives, Abram Wright,  
Robert Ives, H. B. Richter,  
Avel B. Folsom, Dexter E. Towne,  
L. W. Watson, Francis Ives,  
C. P. Dorset, R. H. Downing,  
Lelroy Doud, Clinton G. Reynolds,  
James Hamilton, J. H. Mues,  
Reason Spates, Hawkins Olson,  
R. C. Todd, T. J. Clark,  
Robert Brown, J. G. Goggin,  
Henry Spates, S. P. Snow,  
G. W. T. Wright, T. J. Cooper,  
Silas Doud, E. P. Leavitt,  
J. B. Vanhook, E. P. Lowrey,  
Perry D. Martin, Clinton Gurnee,  
J. Mathers, M. M. Ingerham,  
W. F. Bailey, Jacob Rymer,  
John W. Epley, Levi M. Phillips,  
Hugh Bodie, Rufus Colbey,  
Silverton Fry, S. V. Carr,  
M. J. Fellows, M. V. Kites,  
F. M. Epley, John Colby,  
J. H. Bailey, Dexter Chadwick,  
O. A. McKee, Joseph Scott,  
A. H. Tairsty, Melchor Fritz,  
A. E. Weston, S. B. Martin,  
H. A. Tinkham, W. Merrill,  
Eber St. John, Moses G. Kelly,  
C. C. Corey, J. E. Norton,  
H. A. Phillips, Heman S. Barrett,  
Hann Bunnell, John W. Bartlett,  
O. A. Phillips, Franklin Taylor,  
James Davies, William C. Knapp,  
William Perkins, Wm. F. Fossander,  
Oliver Sprake, W. D. Long,  
Wm. P. Fossander, And more than a hundred others.

NEWSPAPER DECISION.—The Superior Court of Indiana has made a decision which has an important bearing upon the interests of the newspaper press. A controversy exists relative to a charge for advertising between the Commissioners of Hamilton county and the *Indianapolis* newspaper. It was held by the judge that "the published terms of newspapers constitute a contract. If a work is given to newspaper publishers, without a special contract contravening the published terms, the publisher can charge and receive according to the terms so published. It is not necessary to prove what the work cost or was worth; the publishers have a right to fix the value of their columns, and if so fixed, no other question need be asked, but the price thus charged can be recovered."

"What wise compensation Providence does afford," exclaimed a pretty belle during a severe gale; "the same wind that muzzes our crinoline, blows dust in the eyes of the wicked young men who would take advantage of our admirable confusion." Philosophical young woman that, says an exchange.

CAST STEEL BELLS, for churches, &c., have been made in Sheffield, England, several years, and have been tested in the North of Europe, as also in Canada, and various parts of the United States, in every variety of climate, with marked success. These bells produce a greater volume and purity of sound; are from 30 to 40 per cent. lighter; and cost less per pound than the Bronze or Composition Bells. Their inventor, received at the Paris Industrial Exhibition, in 1855, the large Gold Medal, and the Order of the Legion of Honor.

One of these bells is now on exhibition for a few days at the store of Mr. James G. Dudley, at 93 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y., having been procured by him for Christ Church, Red Wing, Minnesota. This bell weighs 600 pounds, and cost about \$100; whereas a Composition bell of the same size would weigh about 800 pounds, and cost about \$200.

Mr. Dudley is now receiving and filling orders for these celebrated bells at the maker's lowest prices, for all parts of the country, and invites examination of this bell at his store for a few days. He also sells the Composition Bells at foundry prices.—*Buffalo Courier.*

## A HARD ROAD TO TRAVEL.

Judge Cooper and the youthful Woodruff are having an interesting time, preaching repudiation in Winona county. At Stockholm, Cooper's speech was answered by Sam Beman, and Centerville, by Mr. R. P. Smith. Both of these gentlemen were Republican members of the last State Senate; and they openly denounce the Republican repudiation platform and candidates. This is an indication of the way "things are working" in Southern Minnesota.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office on the 30th day of September, 1899.

A.	M.
Anderson John	McCune James
Samuel	Meredith F A 2
Adams William H	McNee Andrew
Arnold James	Miner A
Anderson O	Mohr James
Anderson Carl	Mellott John
Anderson A	Moss John
Auburn O C	Magren N
Ahlstrom Nicholas S	Meyer F G
B	O.
Bail Winard	Olin G S
Barchfield Henry	Olsen Miss Annie H
Brown David W	Olsen Hans H
Barton Ulysses E	Olundstad Miss Randi
Bowne Mrs Sarah B	Olundstad Miss Jo
Barris F J	Olundstad Miss Jo
Collogg M	hane B
Christianson Christian	P.
Collog Peynte	Pahl Andreas
Caldwell John	Preston John
Dow James	Phelps Warren
Dunaway Miss Bridget	Peterson G F
Davis S A	Powel William
Degneau or Dennis Parker	Elyda
Hiram	Quigley Rev John
Euey James L	R.
Fulton Samuel	Robertson Jacob 2
Faith Miss Emily J	Renthal Miss A Char-
Fairbanks M L 2	le to
	Reading Stephen
Graham John	Storm Miss Anna
Gran Nelson 2	Solten J M
Gardner William	Selring John
Grohs Henry	Smith Patrick
Golden Miss Mary C	Simson Mr
H	Smith Mrs E J
Hiles George H	Sawyer James
Harris J B	Shaver H
Hicks A M	Seaborn John
Hardy Samuel B	
Hartman Mrs Cornelia	374rd Ferdinand 2
Haiger Albert	Thacker Rev E G
I	Chadler J S
Ivring James	W.
Irving Paul	Walsh Tom
Irving K.	Wellington Cornelius
Kazenberger Vitus	Webb D T
Klemmerson Knut	Webber J P