THE RED WING SENTINEL.

Minnesota Forever.

VOLUME 5, NUMBER 35. WHOLE NUMBER 243.

RED WING, GOODHUE COUNTY, MINN., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1861.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

PROSPECTUS.

THE SENTINEL.

W. W. PHELPS, Editor.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

BY

MARTIN MAGINNIS:

AT

RED WING, MINNESOTA,

An Independent Democratic Journal.

DEVOTED

TO THE INTERESTS AND RIGHTS OF THE MASSES.

As a Political Journal it will try all measures and men by the standard of Democratic principles, and will submit to no test but that of Democratic truth.

CONTENTS:

The *Sentinel* will contain Congressional and Legislative—Foreign and Domestic—River and Commercial News—Literary Matter—Tales—Biographical—Historical Sketches, &c., &c., &c. &c.

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AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

Red Wing, Minnesota.

Particular attention paid to Conveyancing and Collecting. 157-y

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Red Wing, Minn.

☞ Office with Smith, Towne & Co. 82-

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AND

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RED WING, - - MINNESOTA.

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Attorney at Law.

RED WING, - - - MINNESOTA.

51y

HORACE WILDER.... ....ELI T. WILDER.

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RED WING,.....Minnesota.

Money loaned. Exchange & Land Warrants bought and sold. Land Warrants, or Money loaned to pre-emptors, on long or short time, and on favorable terms.

☞ Lands bought and sold on commission &c.
Red Wing, Jan., 1860.

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TOWNE & PIERCE,

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REAL ESTATE.

RED WING, - MINNESOTA.

Will attend to locating Land Warrants, payment of taxes, collection of notes, and to the purchase and sale of Real Estate throughout the State. Surveying, Mapping, and Platting of every kind done to order by a practical surveyor. Copies of township maps furnished.—Deeds drawn and acknowledgements taken.

☞ All business intrusted to them, will receive prompt attention.

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CHAS. H. CONNELLY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

RED WING, MINNESOTA.

Office in Phelp's brick block over Foot's store—entrance on Bush street. 206tf

ALLEN SWAIN,

SURGEON AND MECHANICAL DENTIST.

Rooms—at Rich's Picture gallery.
Red Wing. 70tf

TO RENT! TO RENT!

The Stone Store on Bush street next to the Red Wing House. This is one of the best stores in town, in as good a location as can be found in the place, and will be rented on very good terms, apply at the Red Wing House to

JACOB BENNETT.

March 7th 1861. n24tf

HOTELS.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

Levee street, immediately opposite the Steamboat Landing, Red Wing, Minnesota,

A. A. & E. L. TEELE, PROPRIETORS.

THIS new, spacious and commodious house is now open for the reception of guests. It has been constructed under the immediate supervision of the proprietors, and nothing has been omitted to insure the comfort and convenience of those who may favor them with their patronage. The numerous rooms are all well lighted, ventilated and furnished in a superior manner. In connection with the house is a good and commodious stable.

Red Wing, March 1, 1861. 83tf

KELLY HOUSE.

DAVID KELLY, Proprietor.

Near the corner of Main and Plum street.

The proprietor, who has just taken possesion of the House has furnished it in the most elegant and comfortable manner.

The Table—Is set with every necessary and luxury the market affords.

All the appointments are excellent, and the position of the House, both as regards the Levee and the business part of town is better than that of any other hotel.

A good stable, offering every convenience to the teams of farmers and travelers is connected with the house.

Red Wing, March 1st, 1861. 239

RED WING HOUSE.

JACOB BENNETT, Proprietor,

RED WING, - - MINNESOTA.

☞ Connected with the House is a large and convenient Stable. Stages leave daily for the interior. Teams and Carriages on hand to convey Passengers to any part of the country.

April 24, 1861. 90-tf

CHILLSON HOUSE.

CORNER OF BROAD AND THIRD STREETS

A. B. MILLER, Proprietor.

THIS new Hotel is now open for the reception of the traveling public, where they will find the best of accommodations. There is a good stable attached. Passengers and Baggage conveyed to and from the Boats free of charge. 171-1y

GOODHUE HOUSE.

JOHN WILLIAMS, Proprietor.

This new and commodious House is situated on Plum street, Red Wing. It has been built and furnished under the special supervision of the proprietor, all the rooms are well lighted ventilated and furnished, and all persons wishing to get the worth of their money are respectfully invited to give him a call, and no pains will be spared to make comfortable all those who may favor him with their patronage. In connection with the House is a good stable, and well of water. Ostler always in attendance.

January 2nd, 1861. 179tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THOMAS J. SMITH,

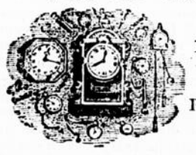
FASHIONABLE TAILOR!

Next door to Smith Meigs & Co.'s Bank.

RED WING MINNESOTA.

BOND & ESPING

WATCH MAKERS



AND DEALERS IN AND REPAIRERS OF

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

Red Wing, Minnesota.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED. ☜

Aug. 13, 1859. 156-tf

FAIRBANKS'

PATENT

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

FAIRBANKS & GREENLEAF,

35 Lake street, Chicago.

THE SIGN OF THE SADDLE

J. H. BRAND,

Saddle and Harness Maker.

(Next door to the Red Wing House.)

Main STREET,..... RED WING.

Will keep constantly on hand the very best Harnesses, Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Fly Nets, Whips, Cards, Combs and Brushes, and everything in the Harness line necessary to rig out a Horse or Team. All kind of work made to order, and

REPAIRING

of all kinds done in a most superior manner and at the shortest notice.

T. L. ADAMS, Foreman.

1859. RED WING 1859.

STEAM PLANING MILL.

—AND—

SASH, DOOR AND BLIND FACTORY

(One Block above Freeborn's Saw Mill.)

WE SHALL BE PREPARED TO FURNISH at all times, anything in the above line of business, and shall keep on hand all kinds of planed and matched Lumber, Mouldings, etc.

Orders promptly attended to, which may also be left with Brown & Betcher.

Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work. COGEL & BETCHER.

Red Wing, April 19, 1859. 142-1y

HAWKINS & CO.

Painters, Glaziers

AND

PAPER HANGERS,

All orders promptly attended to and faithfully executed.

Red Wing June 1860.

BLACKSMITHING

BY

GEORGE W. PARKER,

At the new Shop on Main street, within 10 rods of the crossing of Jordon.

RED WING, MINNESOTA. 879

THE REASON WHY.

"And so ye have accepted Pat,"
Said Bridget to her sister:
"Ye sayed before ye wud do that
Ye hoped your tongue would blister."
Then Rose replied--but first she sighed
As pensively she sat—
How cud I say to Patrick nay?
My heart said *Pilly-Pat.*"

AN INCIDENT IN THE BAY OF NAPLES.

The march of civilization, with the wonderful discoveries of modern times, have given a fatal blow to Superstition. One by one, the extraordinary stories our simple fathers so implicitly believed in, and handed down from generation to generation, have been explained on natural grounds; and the huge superstructure of Ignorance prostrated by the "sling and stone" of Science. The Giants of the Hartz Mountains have disappeared forever; the Rip Van Winkles have awoke from their sleep of centuries; Witches and Warlocks no longer take their midnight aerial journeys on broomsticks in "Merrie England," nor Ghouls haunt kirk-yards to "glower" at affrighted rustics in "Bonnie Scotland." The "Good People" too, have forsaken the "froths" and secluded glens of the Emerald Isle, and in their place, the "schoolmaster is abroad." The armed hosts seen fighting in the air by the ancients, with the phantom-ships sailing on the clouds, so much dreaded by the superstitious mariner, are now fully accounted for by simple science.

But though Superstition has received its death-blow, and lingers feebly in the haunts of Ignorance, still there *are* some things that have occurred even in modern times, which cannot be accounted for on natural grounds, and which possibly may never be revealed on this side of the grave, or till the matured sciences of after ages will have made those things as plain to our descendants as the errors of our forefathers in the superstitions are palpable to us now.

The following narrative will be found a case in point: and, as it was attested to by many witnesses, we will relate the incident as told us by an aged relative many years ago, and leave the reader to form his own conclusions as to the cause.

At a time when Liberty is raising her head in centuries oppressed Italy, anything connected with that "land of song and sunny skies" will be read with interest by the liberty loving people of this vast continent; and hence a few introductory remarks respecting the ancient villiage of Sorrento. near the scene of our adventure, may not here be out of place:

On the southern shore of the Bay of Naples, lies the celebrated village of Sorrento, renowned in classic lore.—Within its limits once stood the dwellings of emperors. Here the great Cæsar sought retirement from the cares of state, and the bloody Nero luxuriated in the warm springs which are yet called Nero's Baths. It was here Caligula attempted to build his ambitious bridge, and the vile Nero had his own mother's life attempted. It is asserted that St. Paul landed here, when he journeyed a prisoner to Rome. The small island fronting it is called Nisida, where Marcus Brutus retired after the deed at the foot of Pompey's statue, and from whence he and Cassius embarked, to meet the shade of the murdered Cæsar at Philippi.—Virgil, the father of Italian classics, is said to repose here; and not far removed from Sorrento, lies the buried city of Pompeii, which, in one night, by an eruption of Mount Vesuvius, was entombed for centuries, and whose sight was, seventeen hundred years after, revealed, by accident, to a peasant, who was tilling the ground.

Some fifty years since, an English merchant vessel, after discharging her cargo in Naples, lay becalmed in the bay. The breezes which had wafted her to her destination had ceased to blow, and not even a gentle zephyr ruffled the placid waters, which lay like a sheet of glass underneath, save when some agile member of the finny tribe caused a few eddies to move around, in his atempt to catch the flies that sported a few inches above the surface. The sun blazed down with a fiereeness little removed from the tropics, which caused the sea to sparkle, like precious gems, from the reflection of his rays. Although some miles distant from the burning mountain, scoriæ and ashes fell in showers on the deck, and the air was hot and suffocating in the extreme. And this will not be wondered at, when we are assured that Vesuvius has thrown its ashes as far as Constantinople, Syria, and Egypt, and that it hurled stones eight pounds weight, to Pompeii, a distance of six miles!

Day after day, the captain and crew had been hoping that a favorable breeze would spring up, that they might proceed on their homeward voyage, and again behold those loved ones from whom they had been so long seaparted; but day after day were they disappointed. Steam, with all its modern improvements, was then unknown, or, if heard of, was only laughed at as the wild chimera of a madman. The crew amused themselves—some fishing, some reading, and others gazing lislessly at the volumes of ashes and smoke that were ejected from time to time, from the mouth of Vesuvius, or at the sun reflected-waters underneath.

Many days had thus elapsed, with their consequent monotony, when an incident occurred as extraordinary as it is unique. The captain had gone below a few minutes, but feeling annoyed at the prolongued calm, came up again, and was impatiently pacing the deck, fore and aft, now glancing up to the clouds, and anon down at the barometer; when the look-out-man reported to the captain, that he had just described two objects, like very large birds, on the verge of the horizon, which seem to be wending their way in the direction of the becalmed ship.

The captain, procuring his telescope, brought it to bear on the yet far-distant objects, and, after a long and steady survey, said in answer to a question form the mate.

"Well, this is most extraordinary, certainly, I can scarcely believe the evidence of my own sences, and I will come to no conclusion on the matter, till I have got a nearer view of these strange objects."

In a few minutes, however, the figures became visable enough to the whole ship's company, who congregated, with amazement, at the stern of the vessel, and gazed with dilated eyes, at the rapidly approaching objects.—Many were the surmises of the old tars at the phenomêna, but all agreed that it was something which had no parallell in their sea-faring experience. Nor longer time had they for speculation, as the figures made rapidly for vessel, and passed closely over the topmast, revealing the forms of two men, in strange habiliments, one evidently in chase of the other. They piercing the air quick as the eagle, yet did not appear to have any wings, but dashed on, as if the sky was their native element.

The captain who was a native of Liverpoole, and who, as we said, was standing with his telescope, brought to bear on the mysterous visitors, exclaimed, as the figures passed over the ship:

"Great Heaven! one of those flying things looks like old Mr. Booty, of Liverpool, the rich merchant, and the other is—the devil!"

Awe-stricken, the captain and crew continued to gaze at the retreating figures, and watched till they ultimately disappeared at the mouth of Mount Vesuvius, at the exact place where Pliny, the naturalist, is siad to have perished, in A. D. 79. Both figures plunged into the yawning abyss of liquid fire, and were lost to view forever!

Horrified at the spectacle, it was sometime before the captain could withdraw his eyes from the place where they disappeared, as if expecting to see then again winging their way with bird-like rapidity. But at length he turned round, and entered his cabin, and after he had made a careful and truthful statement, in his log-book, of the extraordinary affair, time, date, etc., he summoned his crew, and asked them all to witness to its truth, which they did very willingly; and when the captain read the "Form of Prayer to be used at sea," provided by the Episcopal Church, many a strong heart quailed, and was softened at the thought, that "those that go down to the sea in ships, and occupy their business in great waters, these men see the works of the Lord, and his wonders in the deep." The remembrance of that scene never faded from any of their minds, and various were the effects produced by the recurrence of it on the rough seamen.

A breeze springing up a day or two after, they sailed for England, and in a short time, had the pleasure of again seeing the white cliffs of Old Albion.

On his arrival in Liverpool, the captain was waited upon by the owners of the vessel, and nearly the first news which met his astonished ears was the astounding announcement of the death of old Mr. Booty, one of the owners of the vessel, also! On reference to his log-book he found, to his amazement that at the exact moment he had seen the flying figures at the Bay of Naples, old Mr. Booty had breathed his last in Liverpool.

It is unnecessary to repeat that this extraordinary statement was sworn to before the Mayor of Liverpool, and may yet remain on their books, as one of those mysterious occurrence, which occasionally happen, but of which we, in this generation, can never hope to solve the mystery.

For years after, the extraordinary story of "Clooty and Booty" was familiar as the household words (having gone the rounds of all the papers of that day), but it is now forgotten, even by the "oldest inhabtants.

Cheerfulness is like a sunny day, it throws a light over every thing; and is the soother of toil.

COLORADO—NEVADA—DAKOTA.

The first of these Territories, Colorado, includes parts of Kansas, Nebraska and Eastern Utah. Its boundaries run as follows: Beginning at a point where the 102d degree of west longitude from Greenwich crosses the 37th parallel of north latitude, thence north along said 102d parallel to where it intersects the 41st degree of north latitude, thence west along said line to the 109th degree of west longitude, thence south along said line to the 37th degree of north latitude, thence east along the 37th degree of north latitude to the place of beginning. The Territory contains about 100,000 square miles, and at this time a population of some 25,000 persons. The Rocky Mountains divide the Territory into two parts, westward from them flow a large number of rivers, tributary to the Colorado, and eastward others equally numerous and large, tributary to the Arkansas and South Fork Platte Rivers. It includes the famous mining region, Pike's Peak, rich in gold and other metals, cut off by deserts from the more fertile Western States, but destined to be the home of advancing civilization, and to give up its treasures at the summons of the enlightened toil.

Nevada is taken from Western Utah and California. Its boundaries are as follows: Beginning at the point of intersection of the 42d degree of north latitnde with the 39th degree of longitude west from Washington; thence running south on the line of this 116th degree of west longitude, until it intersects the northern boundary of the Territory of Mew Mexico; thence due west to the dividing ridge separating the waters from Carson Valley from those that flow into the Pacific; thence on this dividing ridge northwardly to the 41st degree north latitude; thence due north to southern boundary line of the State of Oregon; thence due east to the place of beginning.

In general terms, Dakota lies between late. 42 degrees 39 minutes and 49 degrees north, and long. 86 degrees 30 minutes and 103 west. It is bounded on the north by British America, east by the States of Minnesota and Iowa, south and west by Nebraska Its length from north to south is 450 miles, its average breadth is about 200 miles, and it has an area of 70,000 square miles.

WAR TERMS.

The Columbiad or Paixhan (pronounced payzan) is a large gun, designed principally for firing shells—it being far more accurate than the ordinary short mortar.

A mortar is a very short cannon with a large bore, some of them thirteen inches in diameter, for firing shells. Those in use in our army are set at an angle of 45 degrees, and the range of the shell is varied by altering the charge of powder. The shell is caused to explode at just about the time that it strikes, by means of a fuse, the length to which is adjusted to the time of flight to be occupied by the ball, which, of course, corresponds with the range. The accuracy with which the time of a burning of a fuse can be adjusted by varying its length is surprising; good artillerists generally succeed in having their shells explode almost at the exact instant of striking. In loading a mortar, the shell is carefully placed with the fuse directly forward, and when the piece is discharged, the shell is so completely enveloped with flame, that the fuse is nearly always fired. The fuse is made by filling a wooden cylinder with fuse powder, the cylinder being of sufficient length for the longest range, to be cut down shorter for shorter ranges as required.

A Dahlgren gun is an ordinary cannon, except that it is made very thick at the breech for some three or four feet, when it tapers down sharply to less than the usual size. This form was adopted in consequence of the experiments of Captain Dahlgren, of the U. S. Navy, having shown that when a gun bursts it usually gives way at the breech. The Niagara is armed with these kind of guns; and at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, there are sixty, weighing about 9,000 pounds each, and six of 12,000 pounds weight each, the former of which are capable of carrying a nine inch, and the latter a ten inch shell a distance of two or three miles; and there is one gun of this pattern which weighs 15,916 pounds, and is warranted to send an eleven inch shell four miles.

A casemate is a stone roof to a fort made sufficiently thick to resist the force of the cannon balls, and a casemate gun is one which is placed under a casemate.

A bardette gun is one which is placed on the top of the fortification.

An embrasure is the hole or opening through which guns are fired from fortifications.

Loopholes are openings in wall to fire musketry through.—*The Scientific American.*

☞ Sound policy is never variance with substantial justice.

BANKRUPTCY.

Two merchants were standing in Wall street discoursing on bankruptcy, when one of them saw a live Yankee lumbering down the street, with a knife and sitick in his hand.

"Now for some sport," said one of the merchants. "We'll ask his opinion on bankruptcy, or rather his ideas." He hailed the Yankee with—

"Hallo, friend, can you tell me the meaning of bankruptcy?"

"Wal, I reckon I kin—and skin me if I don't."

"Please explain."

"Wal, you just lend me a five for about three minutes?"

"Here it is—now proceed."

"Wal, now, I owe Zeke Smith five cents, Sam Brown, the tailor five dollars for this 'ere coat, and you five.."

"Well," said the merchant, "now give me my five."

"Oh, git out, I'm bankrupt, and you come in for a share with the rest." and he left the astonished merchant to whistle for his five.

MRS. LINCOLN AND MRS. DOUGLAS.

The Washington correspondence of the Philadelpha *Press* (Republican) writes:

Senator Douglas and his accomplished lady were amongst the notable visitors present at the White House levee. After the dense crowd had gradually thinned off from the corridors, and the reception room had become comfortable enough to permit human motion from one part of the large room to another, the lady of the White House escorted by the President's private Secretary, made the tour of the oval room, pausing every moment to recognize and speak with the many friends around her.

Of the incidents of this part of the evening, perhaps the gratifying interview between Mrs. Lincoln and Mrs. Douglas was the most interesting.—The controlling emotions that animated either party to this episode may well be imagined. After all that had passed—after the special relations which Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Douglas have sustained, not simply in the Illinois chapter of their lives, but more recently in the grander sphere of the national politics, the scene alluded to gains historic significance. Both the ladies were fully equal to the occasion, and the only strife on either side seemed to be which could show the greater kindness, the greater magnanimity.

PHARAOH'S LEAN KINE AT WASHINGTON.

We select the following gem from the Washington special despatch in the Richmond *Enquirer*:

"The inferior appearance, pinched and cunning features, and scanty wardrobe of the thousand visitors here, is the subject of general remark. The conductors of the various railroad trains say that on an average there is only one trunk to every hundred passengers. The rest are supplied with carpet bags. The hotels and boarding houses ask pay in advance. The hackmen grumble at the meanness of visitors. The barbers and boot blacks are momentarily asked for the loan of razors and brushes, without even receiving thanks in return; all of which plainly exhibits the difference between the new patrons and priney Southernors."

PER CONTRA, AT MONTGOMERY.

We are sorry to hear that the beggars have fairly "come to town" in Montgomery. Let President Davis swear by the horns of the altar that no man who asks office of him shall get it, and the evil would abate. We shall charge nothing for that prescription.

We copy the above from the Macon *Telegraph*, and most heartily say amen. But, per contra,, in conversation on the cars a few evenings since with a gentlemen just from Montgomery, in answer to our supposition that Montgomery was Washington on a *small* scale, he assured us that it was Wasington *enlarged*, but *not improved.*—*Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle.*

P. M. G.—Mr. Colfax's Register edited during Congressional sessions by Mr. A. W. Wheeler, concludes a lenghty leader on the Cabinet, as follows:

"Never in the history of our Government has there been manifested such a strong and unanimous desire for the appointment of any man in any Cabinet as there has been for the appointment of Mr. Colfax as Postmaster General. Why has Mr. Lincoln chosen to so, utterly disregard and defy the sentiment and wishes of the whole Nation in this respect, we are unable to explain. It will be difficult to solve the mystery on any grounds of public considerations or of public duty."

The first sentence is true as preaching—the other two are just. Can it be that Mr. C's known and undisguised friendship for Mr. Douglas in the Lecompton *melee* earned him the ill will of Mr. Lincoln.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Business Cards of five lines, per year ... $6 00
do do ten lines ... 10 00
One column per year ... 100 00
do six months ... 60 00
Half column per year ... 60 00
do six months ... 35 00
Fourth column per year ... 35 00
do six months ... 15 00
Each square (10 lines or less) first insertion ... 1 25
Each subsequent insertion ... 25
Legal Notices, per sq. (first insertion) ... 1 00
" " each subsequent " ... 25
All advertisements continued until ordered out.

Advertisements set in double column, 50 per cent additional.

☞ Advertisements will be changed as often as desired, by paying 25 cents a square for composition.

Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance; continued advertisements quarterly and legal advertisements before the day of sale.

THE UPS AND DOWNS OF LIFE.

About five years ago among the fashionable boarders at one of our prominent Hotels in this city, were two fascinating and well-dressed ladies and their husbands, who mingled in the good society of that day, apparently the happiest and most attractive of the circle in which they moved. The husbands of both being, in the common parlance of the times, clever or whole-souled gentlemen, always "hail fellow, well met" with everybody, and occupying prominent positions, their society was courted in their circle of friends and associates. Every lavishing expenditure was indulged in to gratify the wish of the ladies, in extravagant dressing, and entertaining their friends in the rounds of fashionable dissipation. Life moved along seemingly all sunshine, and to the less favored, not a cloud could be seen to mar the pleasure of their gay and happy enjoyment. A few short years passed, and one of the enchanting and once happy wives, in her girlish days the pride of a doting father and mother, resident of a Southern city, educated in all the accomplishments of one of the first Female Seminaries, after dragging out a miserable existence of sickness and disease, the result of former imprudence and dissipation, became the inmate of our county poor house, where death terminated her career. Her husband, an actor of considerable reputation throughout the country, who years before separated from her, last season, in a bar-room altercation in New Orleans, was shot dead. The husband of the other lady, a few years ago, was detected in a forgery, or swindling operation, for which he is now serving out a term of years in the Auburn prison. And now comes the last actor in this domestic drama. A few days ago, in passing through the Workhouse, on a tour of inspection, among the inmates of that institution, our attention was called to one who bore the appearance of having seen better days, and, on inquiring, we found it was the unfortunate wife of the imprisoned confidence operator, and, the last of the once favored quartette. Reared in wealth and luxury, she left her happy home and parents, in Philadelphia, to follow the fortunes of one she had sworn to love, honor, and obey. She, who once shone so conspicuously at concerts, balls, and amid the festive scenes, and by her accomplishments, beauty, and all that goes to make up a bewitching woman, sunk so low seemed almost impossible! Step by step, she had fallen in her career of dissipation and vice, until from the former enviable position she occupied in the gay world of fashionable life, through the influence of the intoxicating cup she had become the associate of the vulgar and abandoned characters, such as fill our prisons.—Her health being so bad, through the humanity of those who execute the laws, on Saturday she was removed to the County Poor House, there to recieve the kind attentions of those who minister to the wants of the poor and unfortunate.

This is no exaggerated, sensation item, but a plain, simple story of facts, as hundreds who read this paragraph can testify to. It is one of the every day acts in the drama of life, and illustrates its ups and downs. To-day occupying a high round in the ladder, to-morrow, who knows where?

HOW THE PLOT TO ASSASSINATE LINCOLN WAS GOTTEN UP—INTERESTING DEVELOPMENT.

Police Superintendent Kennedy of New York has recently charged officer Alvin H. Williamson with neglect of duty, disobedience of orders, intoxication and grossly improper conduct—the latter in using improper language to the complainant. The case is now before the Police Board. Mr. Williamson has brought forward nine witnesses to testify that he was perfectly sober both before and after the interview with the Superintendent alluded to, and meets the other charges by a statement, in which he says the charges "were the result of malice on the part of Jno. A. Kennedy," and narrates the following conversation, which he says took place on an evening in the latter part of December last, at the Police Headquarters:

On the occasion referred to, the said Kennedy summoned this respondent to the appartment of the said Kennedy, who then and there said substantially as follows: "I understand that you are a pretty good Republican," to which the said respondent replied, "Yes, I understand myself to be so;" that said Kennedy then said, "I intend to send one or more detectives to the cities of Baltimore and Washington, for I have understood that they are organizing a plot, or plots, there to assassinate the President elect; at all events I desire it to appear so, so that I can do the President a service; I have been spoken of as a candidate for United States Marshal of the southern district, and I don't know but that I shall be a candidate;" that this respondent then said that he did not think himself very smart at that kind of business, and that he (Kennedy) could find some one to do it who was more capable; that the said Kennedy then replied, in a short tone, "Very well," when this respondent left the room."

DEFECTIVE PAGE