

C. L. PETERSON.*I have got too many Fall and Winter***CLOAKS, SHAWLS, BOOTS,
SHOES AND MITTENS,**And for the next FIFTEEN DAYS will give
unheard of Bargains

Call and be convinced that I can save you money.

15 per cent Discount *ON ABOVE
GOODS.*I have an immense stock of Gloves, Dry Goods
and Groceries which have been marked
down to the very Lowest Price.**C. L. PETERSON.****NEWTON, CHANEY & CO.,
ROLLER FEED MILL.**Custom work done at any time. Ground feed for sale cheap for
Cash. Highest market price paid for**CORN AND OATS.**

Will Pay 21 cents for Oats at S. F. Junction.

Threshers! Binders! Mowers!Minnesota Chief Threshers,
Aultman & Taylor Threshers,
Champion Binders & Mowers,
Osborne Binders & Mowers,
Standard Mowers, Etc.Wagons, Buggies, Carts, Plows, Harrows,
Corn Tools, Hay Rakes.

H. C. Shepard, Worthington, Minn.

WM. E. DEYO,**Real Estate****DEALER,****Worthington, Minn.**If you wish to sell your farm, buy or rent,
call and see me

OFFICE OVER HUMISTON'S HARDWARE STORE.

The following is a correct list of the lands I have sold
since March 1st, 1893:

NOBLES COUNTY, MINN.		
S. E. 1/4 Section 33-104-40	N 1/2 of N 1/2	31-104-39.
N. W. 1/4 " 32-104-40.	S W 1/4 of	33-104-40.
N. W. 1/4 " 34-104-40.	S E 1/4 of	32-104-40.
S. E. 1/4 " 4-104-41.	S 1/2 of N 1/2 of	31-103-20.
S. E. 1/4 " 10-103-41.	N W 1/4 of	30-104-39.
N. E. 1/4 " 25-104-42.	MURRAY CO., MINN.	
N 1/2 of S W 1/4	S E 1/4 of	27-105-42.
E 1/4 S E 1/4 of	S W 1/4 of	22-105-42.
25-104-39.	N 1/2 of N 1/2 of	32-105-39.
	L W 1/4 of	21-105-39.

I also handle

SOUTH DAKOTA LANDS.**FERRIN & JAMES,****Hardware & Farm Machinery.**

Stoves, Ranges, Pumps, Tools, Etc.

When you build let us figure on your hardware.

Rushmore,**Minn.****WASHINGTON NEWS**The diplomatic and consular service of
the United States costs the country only
\$500,000 a year.Senator Mitchell will try to have the
judiciary committee take action on the
bankruptcy bill.It is announced that Gorman and fellow
objectors to the tariff bill have secured
what they wanted.Senators fear Great Britain is trying to
get a footing on the Nicaragua coast in
violation of treaty.Failing to comply with its contract, the
Pacific Mail Steamship company will lose
its customary subsidy.Business by the full bench of the su-
preme court will be delayed a month by
Justice Jackson's absence.Test of the boats for the Wellman arctic
expedition has resulted in a favorable
report by the naval officers.The ordinance bureau is determined the
sailors shall be provided with small arms
equal to those of the soldiers.A tax of 40 per cent ad valorem on
sugar is said to have been agreed on by
the senate finance committee.A crank, who said he had been directed
by God to turn the white house over to
the Jews, was put under arrest."Farmer" Hatch says the objections
that were urged against his antioption bill
last year have been removed.Col. Dye and State Senator Youmans,
of Iowa, are spoken of for the place of
Interstate Commissioner McDill.Freethinkers sent in a protest against
the house resolution providing for recogni-
tion of God in the constitution.A vote on Bland's bill for the coinage
of the silver seigniorage will be taken in
the senate Thursday at 2 o'clock.Gen. Howard reported to the war de-
partment that Atlantic port cities are
without modern means of defense.The resignation of Senator White of
Louisiana, to take effect March 12, was
announced in the senate Thursday.A total of \$1,513,738 is carried by the
diplomatic and consular appropriation
bill which was introduced in the house.Representative Kiefer pleaded with the
river and harbor committee for the sur-
vey of a Lake Superior-Mississippi canal.W. P. Miller of North Dakota has been
appointed a special assistant United
States attorney for the district of North
Dakota.The new cruiser Montgomery came in to
the possession of the government
Tuesday. She will be sent to Norfolk in
a few days to be fitted out.The house has adopted a resolution
providing for an investigation of Judge
Jenkins' order preventing the Northern
Pacific railroad employees from striking.The Supreme court has advanced the
Indiana tax which involve the constitu-
tionality of the law of 1891 for hearing
March 23. Railroads are the appellants
against the state treasurer.A proposition for a constitutional
amendment to enable the president to
veto items in appropriation bills is con-
tained in a joint resolution introduced in
the house by Representative De Armond
of Missouri.There seems to be no reasonable doubt
that one of the results of the investiga-
tion by the Dockery commission into the
methods of doing business in the several
executive departments of the government
will be the abolition of the offices of the
commissioner and deputy commissioner
of customs.The clerks of the treasury department
have received notice that they must not
criticise the administration under pen-
alty of removal. They are also forbidden
to furnish information to newspaper cor-
respondents concerning events that occur
in the department and official business
generally.The land office decided nearly 60,000
Michigan acres were wrongfully given
the Portage Canal company. Holdings
of the Michigan Land and Iron company
and other corporations are also being in-
vestigated. The titles of most of the iron
mines developed in recent years are af-
fected by the prospective contest.President Cleveland has returned from
his fishing trip looking as well and strong
as at any time since he first came to
Washington, nine years ago. His step
was noticeably more elastic than when
he went away. To some friends the pre-
sident said he had never in his life had a
more enjoyable hunting trip. Every mo-
ment of it had been a delight to him.

GOLD IN THE TREASURY.

The amount of gold paid out by the
treasury during February in the redemp-
tion of United States and treasury notes
was \$19,192,509 and the amount paid dur-
ing the five days of the present month
was \$229,016. The total amount received
at the treasury in payment of principal,
premium and interest on the bonds is
\$38,263,512. The amount of net gold in
the treasury is slowly but regularly in-
creasing. The figures at the close of
business Monday were \$107,305,879.

WANT BLACK'S PENSION REDUCED.

Congressman Hopkins of Illinois filed a
petition in the house signed by fifty or
sixty old soldiers of Aurora, Ill., asking
congress to equalize the pensions of Judge
Long of Michigan and Representative J. C.
Black of Illinois by raising the pension of
Judge Long to \$100 a month and reduc-
ing Congressman Black's pension to
\$50 a month. Mr. Hopkins explained that
no reflection was intended upon Gen.
Black receiving a pension, but it was in-
tended to make a protest on the Long
case.

TO PAY DEBTS WITH COIN.

Mr. Bryan of Nebraska has introduced
in the house a bill to construe the law
which gives the secretary of the treasury
the right to redeem coin obligations in
gold or silver at his discretion. It pro-
vides that all obligations incurred by the
government, whether they bear interest
or not, which, according to their terms,
call for payment in coin, shall be payable
in gold or silver coin at the discretion of
the secretary of the treasury, and the
right of the holder to demand payment
in any particular kind of coin is expressly
denied.

PENSION BILL PASSED.

After five days of debate the pension
appropriation bill carrying \$151,000,000
was passed Wednesday without division.
Throughout the debate there had been
no criticism of the amount carried by the
bill, debate being on the one hand con-
fined to an assault on the manner in
which the present commissioner of pen-
sions had administered the office and hisalleged unauthorized suspension of pen-
sions, and on the other to a defense of
the attempt of the commissioner to purge
the rolls of those who were not entitled
to a place upon them.

NOTICES OF PENSION REDUCTIONS.

Hereafter all notices of reduction of
pensions will be sent to pensioners by
registered letters. The first batch of
these was sent out Wednesday. The
number mailed Thursday was 800, but
after that the daily arrangements are for
between 125 and 200. It was stated at
the bureau that a margin of nine or ten
days in addition to the required thirty
days from the time of receipt of notice in
which additional evidence could be filed
would undoubtedly be allowed. Further
time will be given if asked for by the
pensioner.

SOME INTERESTING POSTAL FIGURES.

Interesting facts concerning the postal
service are embodied in the unusually
complete report upon the appropriation
bill, compiled by Representative Hender-
son of North Carolina, chairman of the
committee on post offices. The estimates
of the department on which the bill is
based amount to \$20,339,485, exclusive
of special facilities on trunk lines, an
item amounting to \$196,614. The bill re-
commends an appropriation of \$87,470,509,
which is, in round numbers, \$3,000,000
less than the estimates and about the
same sum in advance of the appropri-
ations for the current year. The esti-
mated postal revenue for the fiscal year
1895 is \$4,327,748, so that the postal ser-
vice is nearly self-supporting. Instead of
depending upon the future action of con-
gress to make good deficiencies, the bill
provides that a sum equal to whatever
deficiencies may arise shall be appropri-
ated.

ARMOR-PLATE CONTRACT FIGURES.

Chairman Cummings of the house naval
committee has letters from the bureau of
ordnance of the navy department show-
ing where armor plates have come from
and on what war vessels they were used.
The department had an unexpended bal-
ance of \$10,000,000 in February, 1893, which
permitted extensive purchases of armor-
plate. This balance has since been re-
duced to \$2,438,864. The contracts with
the Carnegie Steel company were for
8,973 tons at the aggregate cost of \$5,445,-
923, and with the Bethlehem Iron com-
pany for 10,527 tons at the cost of \$5,569,-
717. The total of steel plate thus far
furnished is 8,632 tons at \$4,562,345. The
amount still to be furnished is 10,735 tons
at \$9,978,607. Of the armor yet to be fur-
nished 4,089 and the Bethlehem Iron com-
pany 5,975 tons. It is estimated that
the whole of this will be delivered by
July 1, 1895.

IMMIGRATION STATISTICS.

The report of the bureau of statistics
concerning immigration for the last year
contains a very interesting review of the
arrival of immigrants since the beginning
of the records, which date from Oct. 1,
1820. Since that time the total number
of immigrants landing on the shores of
the United States from foreign countries
has been 17,113,907 souls. Of these the
greater number came during the period
from 1881 to 1890, the total for that decade
being 5,246,613, or nearly one-third of the
whole. Germany stands first in the num-
ber of subjects she has contributed to the
population of the United States, 4,484,480,
or more than one-fourth of the entire
number. Ireland comes second with 3,-
641,480, England next with 2,592,503, and
then comes Norway and Sweden, 1,086,-
344; Canada, 1,046,875; Austria-Hungary,
645,296; France, 589,096; Russia and Poland,
521,047; China, 299,047. The other countries
contributed in the following order:
Switzerland, Denmark, Holland, the
West Indies, Belgium, Spain and Portu-
gal, the islands of the Pacific, Mexico,
Japan, the islands of the Atlantic, South
America and so on.

SENATE TARIFF BILL IS OUT.

The democratic members of the senate
finance committee laid before the full
committee Thursday at 11 o'clock the
Wilson bill as they have amended it.Iron ore, which the Wilson bill put on
the free list, must pay a duty of 40 cents
a ton. The duty on pig iron, iron in
slabs, and blooms, rails, and iron and
steel in several other forms is raised from
2 1/2 to 5 per cent, and the duty on cast
iron pipe and boiler tubes is reduced 5
per cent.The Wilson bill made coal free. To
oblige the senators from Alabama, West
Virginia, and Maryland a duty of 4c
a ton is recommended.The Wilson bill as it passed the house
had both raw and refined sugar on the
free list. The amended bill puts a duty
of a cent a pound on raw sugar and the
sugar trust has secured protection to the
extent of a quarter of a cent a pound,
which was the figure in the Wilson bill
as originally drafted.The whisky tax is advanced from a dol-
lar to \$1.10, and the bonded period is ex-
tended from three years to eight.The duties on china and glass are raised
from 5 to 15 per cent.The Wilson bill put a duty of 15 per
cent ad valorem on lead ore, with the
proviso that in ores containing silver and
lead where the value of the former was
greater than of the latter the lead should
be admitted free. The subcommittee
more than doubles the duty, and provides
that duty shall be paid on all lead in the
silver and lead ores.The Wilson bill has a provision that
the duties of all woolen manufactures
except carpets be lowered 1 per cent an-
nually, beginning July, 1896, and ending
July, 1900, at which time the duties will
be 5 per cent lower than those fixed for
1895. The subcommittee recommends
that this be stricken out and also that
the duties on the most expensive woolen
and worsted yarns be reduced a little.
The cotton and other schedules remain
unchanged.Various increases in the metal schedule
are made, apparently as a result mainly
of the withdrawal of free raw materials
from the manufacturers. Free lumber
remains.Municipal elections were held in a
number of cities throughout Iowa Mon-
day. Des Moines and several other cities
with special charters held no election.
The weather all over was extremely
disagreeable, and in most places the vote
was light. There were few contests.
Party lines were not closely drawn. The
Republicans made gains in several cities
that have been steadily republican and
in some others gained slightly in con-
currence. The largest gain was in Iowa
City, where they carried every ward but
one.**LATEST NEWS.**There will be a clash between the con-
tending forces on the biennial session
question and it now looks as if Governor
McKinley would be defeated after all in
his message recommendation. The poli-
ticians have control and they are inter-
ested in having the legislature meet as
often as possible and remain in session as
long as they will possibly stand it. The
people of all parties are disgusted at the
probable compromise upon annual ses-
sions that now seems absolutely neces-
sary.After being out six hours the jury found
Daniel Coughlin, of Chicago, not guilty
of the murder of Dr. Patrick Henry
Cronin. The verdict of acquittal, al-
though not entirely unexpected by the
prisoner, was evidently a big surprise to
him, for he seemed for a moment or two
not to fully realize it, but when he did
his face lighted up and a smile passed
over it. The friends of Big Dan at once
surrounded him, and he whose life was
at stake but a moment before was show-
ered with congratulations over his es-
cape from the gallows.Mr. Gladstone is seriously ill as the re-
sult of a chill. According to the state-
ment made in connection with the sick-
ness of the ex-premier, the latter, walked
home from Brooks' club, after dining
there with his late secretaries. He walk-
ed through St. James park, though the
night was a chilly one for even a young
and robust man to venture out into after
dining at a heated club. As a result he
contracted a chill, and upon reaching his
home had to be hurried off to bed. In
spite of Mr. Gladstone's desire that a
physician should not be summoned, claim-
ing that his indisposition was only a
slight matter, a doctor was called and
Mr. Gladstone put under treatment.A row has been precipitated among
western roads that is likely to break up
every western traffic association to which
the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe rail-
road company is a party. The with-
drawal of this company from the agree-
ment to restrict the issue of free trans-
portation stirred up the angry passions
of some of the managers of western roads
to such an extent as to make themselves
culpable of actions which the receivers and
managing officers of the Santa Fe con-
sider a deadly insult. It is their deter-
mination to get even with the perpetra-
tors of the act by serving notice of with-
drawal from every association of which
they are members unless full retraction
of the alleged slanderous accusations
against them is made at once.The election returns from the various
counties of New York show republican
gains. They have made gains in some
districts that the democrats held to be
essentially their own. In Geneva the
republicans made a clean sweep. Every
one of their candidates was elected by an
overwhelming majority. In Rochester
the republicans are jubilant over the
outcome of the election, their candidate
for Mayor having been elected by a ma-
jority of 3,000. In Little Falls not a dem-
ocrat was elected. Every town in Wayne
county shows republican gains. In
Gloversville the board of aldermen is en-
tirely republican. The returns from
Rochester, Washington, Essex, Clinton,
and Greene counties all show that the re-
publicans have either held their own or
made large gains. Lansingburg elected
the entire republican ticket by over 1,300
majority. Last year the democratic ma-
jority was 565. Saratoga county went re-
publican by increased majorities. In
Ithaca the republicans gained a decided
victory.A statement has been prepared by the
immigration bureau showing the number
of immigrants arriving at the ports of
New York, Philadelphia, Boston and
Baltimore from foreign ports during the
calendar year 1893. The whole number
is 431,712, and these, it is said, represent
at least four-fifths of the whole number
which arrived at all American ports.Thirty-two buildings in the center of
Deadwood, S. D., were destroyed by fire
Monday. A good deal of suffering in all
probability will be felt for a time, but in
the end the fire will be a benefit to the
city, for most of the buildings consumed
were owned by eastern syndicates and
were veritable fire traps and will soon be
rebuilt with brick. The lessees are real-
ly the losers, for their all was lost.Developments prove that the transac-
tions of the Michigan Mortgage company,
which recently assigned, covered some re-
markable financial mismanagement. About
\$70,000 of the liabilities of the com-
pany consists of money paid by mort-
gagors who supposed that their mort-
gages had been discharged, when in fact
they were not discharged, neither was
the money so received turned over to the
mortgagees.The Great Northern contest over
wages, which has been going on the last
two months, was adjusted Wednesday by
General Manager Case of the Great
Northern, Grand Master Sargent of the
Locomotive Firemen and Chief Arthur of
the Locomotive Engineers, the confer-
ence lasting several hours. The firemen
and engineers get certain concessions as
to hours of labor, but accept the uniform
cut of 10 per cent in wages.A death blow has been dealt the no-
torious Goodman gang in the arrest of
Isaac Goodman, father of Dick Goodman,
the leader of the gang that has intimi-
dated and victimized the people of the In-
diana gas belt for the last year. Isaac
Goodman was placed under arrest on in-
dicements charging him with keeping a
rendezvous for the gang and receiving
and keeping stolen property, as well as
being one of the organization.The Iowa senate ways and means com-
mittee has agreed on a bill for the com-
plete revision of the revenue laws of the
state. The bill provides that there shall
be a tax on direct inheritances of 1 per
cent above \$50,000 and 5 per cent above
\$1,000,000; all other inheritances 5 per
cent on sums of \$5,000 and upward to
\$100,000, above which figure it is 10 per
cent. A most elaborate and searching
system is provided to reach the elusive
item of "moneys and credits."

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**S. A. Hildreth's
BARBER SHOP**FOR A NICE, EASY SHAVE.
Bath Rooms in Connection.Basement of Minnesota Loan and
Trust Co's Building.**WORTHINGTON, MINN.****JAS. NOLAN,
CONTRACTOR***And BUILDER.*

WORTHINGTON, MINN.

Furnish plans and estimates on
Brick, Stone and Wood buildings.
Correspondence solicited. 22tf**SAMUEL ALLEN.****CONTRACTOR***AND***BUILDER.**Estimates furnished for Wood
Brick or Stone buildings.
(24 3mo. pd)**J. H. BLY**

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STAPLE AND FANCY**GROCERIES,****FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN****AND SEED**

All Kinds of Produce Wanted.

I Want 10,000 Bushels of Potatoes
for which I will pay cash or trade.

FOR WHICH I WILL PAY CASH OR TRADE.

I want 10,000 Bushels of Potatoes
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