

Washington Advance

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Calendar for August 1897, showing days of the week and dates from 1 to 31.

Out of the enormous number of women in Constantinople—the population is nearly a million—not more than 5,000 can read or write.

Alabama has provided for coeducation in the state university. The only difficulty about coeducation is that the boys are compelled to work pretty hard to keep up.

A clergyman says that "to possess \$100,000 may be legal, but it is wicked." Well, there's some satisfaction under that indictment in the reflection that wickedness is so far removed from us.

This question as to what becomes of all the pins that are made is more or less absurd. Many a young man who has tried to put his arm around a summer girl's waist can tell what becomes of some of them.

A well-known physician says excessive tea drinking shatters the nervous system, weakens the brain, injures the appetite, disturbs the digestive organs and causes cold feet, but the people will go right on drinking tea.

Two branches of New York's pneumatic tube mail system will be opened in October. The time seems to be coming when the delivery of parcels throughout a large city will be performed in a few minutes.

An eastern scientist has discovered that "love is a disease." He doesn't say whether it is contagious, or whether the treatment will come best under "similia similibus curantur," or some other "bus." Science, with its "survival of the fittest," will get at the bottom facts doubtless if it keeps on and escapes a lunatic asylum.

In Florida, the land of the hungry alligators and phenomenal snakes, the idea of humor differs slightly from other states. The other day a man there asked two boys if they wanted to see something funny. On being told that they did he called them into his room and there cut his throat in their presence. Unfortunately the account does not tell how the boys enjoyed the treat.

The new gold discoveries in the north may not add to the gayety of nations, but it makes trouble for the philologists. The difficulty is to know how to spell the name of the region which has suddenly become famous. There appears to be no rule governing the matter, and therefore it is a go-as-you-please, Klondike, Klondyke, Klondyck and Klondyck are the principal variations. As the simplest way is always the best, Klondyck seems most likely to find favor.

There are no remaining public lands in any of the states of New England, in New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Kentucky or Texas. There are 25,000,000 acres of public land in Ohio, 37,000,000 in Florida, 32,000,000 in Alabama, 26,000,000 in Louisiana, 36,000,000 in Michigan and 34,000,000 in Wisconsin. The other public lands are in the western states and in the territories.

As Europe's wheat crop in 1897 will be from 100,000,000 to 120,000,000 bushels smaller than that of 1896, and as the areas of the region which has suddenly become famous, there appears to be no rule governing the matter, and therefore it is a go-as-you-please, Klondike, Klondyke, Klondyck and Klondyck are the principal variations. As the simplest way is always the best, Klondyck seems most likely to find favor.

The death of Mrs. Aldrich, of San Diego, Cal., removes another of the women who are widows of revolutionary soldiers. A few years ago there were no less than 13 such drawing pensions from the government. Now there are but six, and it cannot be long before the last one is gone, for they are, of course, all very old. Mrs. Aldrich was born in 1810, and died at the age of 87 years. Her husband was, therefore, at least 40 years her senior. It is only such a discrepancy of ages which would permit a woman whose husband was one of the original patriots to survive to this day.

Had it not been for Mrs. Amelia Kohler, who died recently in Mount Vernon, N. Y., aged 92 years, Tom Moore might never have written "The Last Rose of Summer." The poem was from her lips. She was early in the century a close friend of Moore's sister, who kept a private school in London. While walking in the garden of the school with the poet one day Mrs. Kohler, as the story runs, plucked a rose, remarking: "Tis the last rose of summer; why not write about it, Mr. Moore?" The incident suggested the thought that was afterward woven into verse.

The anxiety of some medical men at St. Louis that a murderer sentenced to be hanged should die a sane man resulted in his death before the time for his legal execution had arrived. He had received an injury to his skull which had rendered him insane. The medical men were greatly shocked to think that the law should hang an insane man and they proposed to perform an operation which would restore his reason. The operation was a success, but the man died. Tender-hearted people are thus consoled by the knowledge that if the murderer had survived the experiment he would have been hanged.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The president has amended the civil service rules so that no removal shall be made from any position subject to competitive examination except for just cause and upon written charges, and has included within the classified service the employes of all custom house offices.

For the year ended June 30, 1897, the total receipts from internal revenue were \$146,619,508, a decrease over the previous year of \$21,106.

Tariffs and copies for circulation have been received at the document rooms of the senate. The law makes a pamphlet of 70 pages.

President McKinley has appointed a board of engineers to make surveys and examinations for a deep waterway from the great lakes to the Atlantic tidewater.

In the United States there were 236 business failures in the seven days ended on the 30th, against 227 the week previous and 281 in the corresponding period of 1896.

On account of increased imports in anticipation of the increased tariff duties imposed by the new tariff act the loss to the government is estimated at \$32,666,427.

The seventeenth annual camp meeting of the National Temperance society began at Ocean Grove, N. J.

In New Jersey heavy rains flooded Rahway, Fanwood and other places and did great damage to property.

Gen. Sheridan's chief of scouts during the war, Capt. John H. Johnson, died in Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 51 years.

Freight trains collided at Depew Junction, N. Y., killing George Ellensbee, engineer, and Charles Eddy, fireman.

Estelle and Mamie La Point, aged ten and fourteen years respectively, were drowned in Mill river at Northampton, Mass. Their home was in Fort Dodge, Ia.

At the leading clearing houses in the United States the exchange during the week ended on the 30th aggregated \$1,043,068,903, against \$1,097,646,291 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of 1896 was 28.7.

John H. Love, of Mount Clair, one of the best-known physicians in New Jersey, fell dead while assisting in a surgical operation.

In the National league the percentages of the baseball clubs for the week ended on the 1st were: Boston, 700; Baltimore, 667; Cincinnati, 653; New York, 603; Cleveland, 559; Philadelphia, 476; Pittsburgh, 463; Chicago, 440; Louisville, 435; Brooklyn, 423; Washington, 372; St. Louis, 250.

At Scottsdale, Pa., William Cummings, the leader of the non-union miners, was shot dead in a quarrel with union men. W. C. Hubbs was arrested for the crime. There was no material change in the strike situation.

In an interview in New York Gen. A. W. Greely, the Arctic explorer, said he thought Prof. Andrew A. Henson, voyager, would never be heard from.

Advices received from the New England, middle and western states say that the hay crop will be the largest in years.

At Ridgewood, L. I., Frank Donohue, of Fort Wayne, Ind., 28 years old, a slack-wire bicyclist, fell from the wire and was killed.

At her home in Morristown, N. J., Mrs. Christiana French celebrated her one hundred and third birthday.

WEST AND SOUTH.

While bathing two cousins named Anderson were drowned at Foster, Ia. Joseph Dollar and John Johnson were killed by falling timber in a mine at Athens, Ill.

In a mountainous region 20 miles south of Ashland, Wis., gold in paying quantities was discovered.

Rev. E. L. Eaton, nominated for governor of Iowa by the prohibitionists, is ineligible for the office, not having lived in the state the required two years.

In session in Detroit the United States League of Building and Loan Associations elected as president L. W. Sanborn, of Leburg, Ill.

At Florence, Tex., Maximino Martinez was hanged for killing Jesse Carrillo and wife and Juanita Acosta on June 6.

Flames destroyed over one-half of the business portion of Hillsboro, Kan. At Toledo, O., the Glaw-Anderson bicycle race for the female championship of America was won by Lizzie Glaw, of Chicago.

Mrs. Wallace J. Scoby and her son were burned to death at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Near San Jose, Ill., a cyclone did great damage to property and A. C. McDowell and his grandson, Miss Jessie Groves and Mrs. Samuel Brownlee and her three children were killed.

In Rock and Noble counties, Minn., a hailstorm destroyed 1,000,000 acres of crops.

At Thornton, Ind., train wreckers threw an express train from the track and Engineer Seth Winlow and Fireman B. Crickmore were killed and two other persons were fatally injured.

In the Danville (Ill.) district miners are in destitute circumstances, over 400 families being without means.

At Livingston, Ala., John Johnson (colored) was hanged for the murder of A. F. Clarke, a white man, and "Pig" Newell was executed at Selma, Ala., for murder.

Dispatches show an improvement of business without exception in every northern city of importance.

Fifty per cent of the small grain was ruined by a hailstorm in the vicinity of Rock Rapids and Sioux Center, Ia.

Albert Schultz shot his wife at Watertown, Wis., because of family trouble and then killed himself. The woman may live.

Margaret LeLong arrived at her home in San Francisco from Chicago on a bicycle, being the first woman to ride a wheel from Chicago to the Pacific ocean.

Grant Hammond and wife and Abner Morris and wife were drowned in the Washab river near Carlisle, Ind., while bathing.

George and Willie Young (brothers) and Henry Hall and Fred Bridgford were drowned at Kansas City, Mo., while bathing.

July, just closed, smashed the heat record for the past ten years.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

In a dense fog off Newfoundland the steamer Scandinavian cut in twain the barkentine Florence of St. John's, and four seamen of the latter and the captain's wife were drowned.

The republics of Guatemala, Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador have signed a treaty to go into effect September 15. The union is named "The Republic of Central America," and the countries forming it will take the name of states.

The outpost of Havana was attacked by a large body of rebels who, before the Spanish troops could be gathered to resist, swept through the suburbs, carrying all before them.

Advices from Constantinople say that the signing of the preliminaries of peace awaits only the reply of the Greek government fixing the dates for the payment of the indemnity.

Near Napier, N. Z., the steamer Tasmania struck rock and sank and six of the crew were drowned.

Germany and Russia having counseled Greece to submit to the conditions imposed by the powers, M. Ralli, the premier, replied officially that Greece would never entertain the idea of financial control proposed, and that she would help herself.

One hundred and fifty persons perished in the recent floods at Kertch in the Crimea.

In Silesia and Bohemia floods caused a loss of many million marks and over 100 persons were drowned.

LATER NEWS.

Hall Bros., of Muncie, Ind., large fruit manufacturers, are preparing to introduce machines for blowing fruit jars. This will let out a large number of workmen.

Gen. Weyler has ordered Eduardo Garcia, correspondent of the New York Sun, and George Eugene Bryson, of the New York Journal, to leave the island of Cuba.

The Granite Ware works at East St. Louis, Ill., were obliged to close for lack of coal.

A band of moonshiners attempted to enter the house of Frank Simmons, at Conrad, Ala., and the leader, Dudley Johnson, was killed.

During an electrical storm at Webster City, Ia., not less than 25 buildings were struck by lightning. Minnie Luppuss, aged 5, and Carl Luppuss, aged 4 years, were killed.

The monthly statement of the public debt for July shows that the debt increased \$6,790,569 during the month.

The corn crop of Kansas will not be over 50 per cent of last year.

Mort Steward, a blacksmith of Winslow, Ill., while throwing up bricks to his home at Finleyville, Gastonville, Snowden, Whitehall and Banksville. These same men, after reaching home and recuperating somewhat, have formed new divisions and are returning to the seat of war in order to attend the big meeting in the morning. While the old guard was fitting new men were taking their places, and took charge of the watch that is being kept up until all of the New York & Cleveland men quit work.

Saturday's guard was noticeable for the absence of foreigners. The gathering on watch now is just the reverse and is composed almost entirely of the foreign element, which is much more excitable than the others and much harder to control. This phase gives to the situation a more serious aspect. Over 1,000 weary strikers were quartered at Camp Determination Sunday, about 100 at Camp Desperation and the balance at the other camps. When first about 650 marchers arrived on the scene they were very hungry and clamored for food. There were provisions enough left for 200 men, and a grand rush was made for the provision wagon, and the result was many went hungry.

About this time Organizer Miller argued in the same manner as the organizers at a Pittsburgh baker had donated 1,000 loaves of bread, and a grocer had given a dozen cheese. To prevent another rush Miller organized a guard, and all were satisfied for the time being. As large donations of food have been promised, there is not likely to be a repetition of the scramble.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 2.—There has been a decrease in the amount of coal coming out of the Kanawha region, and on the Baltimore & Ohio road week. Last week the average number of cars received at Bellaire was 200; now the average is probably not over 100. Last week the Wheeling & Lake Erie was handling 75 to 100 cars daily; now not more than 50 cars are handled.

Cleveland, Lorein & Wheeling companies are the same as the Wheeling & Lake Erie. In the Wheeling district the condition is full of uncertainty.

Sent to Prison.

Simla, Aug. 2.—Maulvi Sidayat Raza, who was recently arrested at Lucknow on the charge of insulting Queen Victoria and the British government, called at a meeting of Mohammedans, called to congratulate the sultan on his victories over Greece, on which occasion Maulvi told the assembly that "But for the sultan's forbearance, the old woman's ribs would have been broken years ago," has been sentenced to a year's imprisonment.

Four Boys Drowned.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 2.—Four small boys were drowned here Sunday while swimming. Willie and George Young, brothers, aged 16 and 18, were drowned in Brush creek. Henry Hall, aged 11, perished in the Kaw river, and Fred Bridgford, aged 14, was drowned in a little creek emptying into the Missouri.

Not a Candidate.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 2.—Congressman J. A. T. Hull has declined to be a candidate for governor. A. B. Funk has downed opposition in his home county and was endorsed for governor at the convention.

Advances Wages of His Laborers.

New Orleans, Aug. 2.—Mr. Leon Godchaux, the owner of seven sugar plantations in Louisiana, and the largest producer in the United States, has telegraphed to the managers of his several places to advance the wages of all field labor 16 2/3 per cent, the advance to commence August 1.

Dropped Dead.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 2.—Col. James F. Gregory, United States engineer in charge of the improvement service of the Ohio river and tributaries, dropped dead from heart disease. He was formerly on Sheridan's staff.

UNDER ARREST.

President Dolan Charged with Riot and Unlawful Assembly.

Army of Strikers in Camp at Turtle Creek, Pa., Greatly Increased, and Trouble is Threatened—The Situation Elsewhere.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 2.—Patrick Dolan, district president of the miners' organization, has been arrested by the order of Thomas P. de Armit, superintendent of the New York & Cleveland Gas Coal company. The charge against him is riot and unlawful assembly and the warrant was served at 1:15 o'clock this (Monday) morning as he was at the head of a marching column of strikers, proceeding to the Pines.

District Secretary Warner, Organizer Cameron Miller and other leaders of the strikers were included in the warrant, but Mr. Dolan was the only one arrested.

Mr. Dolan was leading 500 strikers to the Sandy Creek mines when the warrant was served. Five hundred more were marching to the Pine creek mines by another route. The deputy who served the warrant was surrounded by threatening strikers as he did so, and for Mr. Dolan's counsels a conflict might have occurred. He told his companions he would soon be free, and went away with the deputy, while the strikers continued their march. A citizen found Hubbs ready to go to jail for the arrested Dolan, and it is presumed he will soon be released. The incident has caused a very ugly feeling among the strikers, and if the other leaders included in the order of arrest should be stopped in their work decidedly vigorous action will probably be taken at the big meeting this morning.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 2.—All roads led to Turtle creek Sunday. Marching miners from all over the district were converging toward Camp Determination, and if all those reported as being on the march reach the scene there will be at least 6,000 diggers present at the big meeting which is scheduled for 11 o'clock this morning at McCrea's schoolhouse. The miners expect 8,000 to be on hand. The borough of Turtle Creek experienced the heaviest day in its history with its large tensies and a number of miners and curious visitors, but the day passed without trouble of any kind. Burgess Teats, of the borough, visited the miners' camp Sunday and said he had no reason to order the crowd to disband, and as long as peace prevails he will not disturb them.

There was a complete shift in the attitude before two other juries had declared him innocent of a crime in cases that were practically the same as the present. It was the third attempt the state had made to secure 12 men who would believe that Spalding became guilty of embezzlement at the moment when, as treasurer of the state university and custodian of its funds, he hypothesized its bonds to raise money. The particular indictment under which Spalding was tried charged him with embezzlement in the hypothesizing of 32 Macoupin county bonds on September 14, 1896, with the First National bank to secure a loan of \$25,000. This loan was also secured by his own note, and the aggregate value of the bonds was \$28,000.

FELL FROM A GREAT HEIGHT.

Terrible Fate of a Trick Bicycle Rider at a Brooklyn Park.

New York, Aug. 2.—A man known as Prof. Arion, but whose real name is supposed to be McDonald, was killed at Ridgewood park, Brooklyn, Sunday night. As a part of the entertainment which was being given during a Hawaiian festival the professor was advertised to ride a bicycle on a wire strung about 75 feet from the ground. When half way across the wire the professor lost one of his pedals, causing the bicycle to topple over. The bicyclist fell to the ground, bringing with him an electric wire which he carried with him for the purpose of giving an electrical display. In the fall he fractured several ribs and sustained internal injuries. He died soon after his removal to a hospital.

DETERMINED TO DIE.

Desperate Attempt at Suicide of a Cleveland Man.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 2.—Thomas Cushing, a molder, aged 33 years, Sunday afternoon stood before the mirror in his room at a boarding house and cut his throat with a razor. When taken to the operating room on the third floor of a hospital, he made a rush for a window and threw himself out, falling 50 feet to the roof of the engine-room. His body crashed through the skylight, struck an iron bar in its descent and rolled to the floor of the engine-room. Cushing is still alive but it is believed he will die.

A SAD FATE.

Two Indians, with Their Wives, Drowned at Carlisle.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 2.—Carlisle, a town about 30 miles south of here, is in mourning. It was a tragic Sabbath for the quiet place, four of its inhabitants meeting death by drowning. The dead were Mr. and Mrs. Grant Hammond and Mr. and Mrs. Abner Morris. The Hammond and Morris people were seen to go bathing, and later their clothing was found on the river bank. It is believed one of the women was seized with cramps, and the others were drowned in trying to rescue her.

Pierce War in Africa.

Cairo, Aug. 2.—The Egyptian intelligence department has received word of heavy fighting on the Nile between the dervishes and the Jaalins. The dervishes, under one of the generals of the khalifa, defeated the Jaalins in a pitched battle and occupied Metemneh on July 1. The losses on both sides were very large. The Jaalins are said to have lost 2,000 killed.

Six Killed.

Berlin, Aug. 2.—As a result of a mountain slide on the southern slope of the Koppeln, one of the Risen-Gebrige peaks, six persons were killed.

Wonderful New Gun.

New York, Aug. 2.—The national government is building a new ten-inch wire gun for coast defense that will astonish the world. It will weigh 30 tons and hurl a 600-pound shell with a muzzle velocity of 2,988 feet per second. It will be wrapped with 75 miles of wire weighing 30,948 pounds.

Nominates Grant's Successor.

New York, Aug. 2.—Mayor Strong has announced the appointment of Col. George Moore Smith, of the Sixty-Ninth regiment, to succeed Col. Fred Grant, as police commissioner. The new commissioner will be sworn in to-day.

BLOOD IS SHED.

Nonunion Iron Workers Killed at Scottsdale, Pa.

Scottsdale, Pa., Aug. 2.—William Cummings, the leader of the nonunion men brought here by the Scottsdale Iron and Steel company to take the places of the strikers, was shot and instantly killed Saturday night in front of the Commercial hotel. Cummings and three companions, all nonunion men, encountered a number of strikers as they came out of the barroom, and a war of words ensued. Some one fired a revolver and a dozen shots followed in quick succession. Cummings dropped dead with a bullet in his right temple and his three companions fled to the mill, hotly pursued by an angry crowd. When the nonunion men reached the inclosure the deputies on guard surrounded them and the mob was forced to retreat. Reports to how the shooting occurred are conflicting. James Dolan, one of the nonunion men who were with Cummings, was arrested and other arrests will follow. The situation is very much strained and no one can predict the outcome.

Coroner Owens held an inquest over the remains of Cummings. A large number of witnesses were examined, but the only one who gave positive testimony was Constable Longnecker, who testified that he was standing within a few feet of the parties when the shooting took place, and plainly saw the flash and smoke from the revolver beside William C. Hubbs. The jury found Hubbs guilty and he was at once arrested. Hubbs was a member in the employ of the Scottsdale Iron and Steel company before the strike, and is one of the best-known young men in the town. While opinions differ as to the effects of Cummings' death, it is generally believed that the trouble will end the rioting and bloodshed, and that both sides will be more guarded in their actions.

FOUND GUILTY.

Charles W. Spalding at Last Convicted by a Chicago Jury.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Charles Warren Spalding has been declared guilty of embezzlement. A verdict to this effect was returned before Judge Horton Saturday, and the only thing that stands between the former president of the Globe savings bank and a term in the state penitentiary is the intervention of the supreme court. The length of his imprisonment depends upon the clemency of the board of pardons. Under the indeterminate sentence law he cannot serve less than one year nor more than 15.

His conviction was not attained before two other juries had declared him innocent of a crime in cases that were practically the same as the present. It was the third attempt the state had made to secure 12 men who would believe that Spalding became guilty of embezzlement at the moment when, as treasurer of the state university and custodian of its funds, he hypothesized its bonds to raise money. The particular indictment under which Spalding was tried charged him with embezzlement in the hypothesizing of 32 Macoupin county bonds on September 14, 1896, with the First National bank to secure a loan of \$25,000. This loan was also secured by his own note, and the aggregate value of the bonds was \$28,000.

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HEAT AND DROUGHT.

They Have Nearly Ruined the Corn Crop in Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 2.—Reports as to damage to the corn crop in Kansas, Oklahoma and the Cherokee strip as a result of drought and the prevailing hot winds are pouring into headquarters here of the Santa Fe and Rock Island roads, whose lines practically cover the state. A summary of these reports indicates the conditions to be as follows: In Oklahoma it is estimated that the damage will amount to 20 per cent. The damage in southern Kansas east of Winfield is slight, upland fields being the only ones hurt. West of Winfield the damage is estimated at 50 per cent. Along the Santa Fe for 100 miles west of Emporia, on the main line, a 60 per cent. damage has been sustained. The Hutchinson branch reports 50 per cent. loss. From McPherson to the Nebraska line and in eastern and northeastern Kansas the railroad reports state that the crop has not been seriously injured. It is estimated that the damage to the crop generally throughout Kansas, Oklahoma and the Cherokee strip is about 40 per cent. Railroad officials here state if the hot winds continue two days longer the damage will amount to 60 or 70 per cent.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Extreme heat prevailed Sunday throughout the country. Rain in the Rocky mountain region and showers in Springfield and Cincinnati reduced the temperature in those places somewhat. The temperature in different parts of the country ranged from 64 degrees at San Francisco to 102 degrees at Kansas City. For three days Kansas City has sweated with thermometers at 102 degrees. Throughout Kansas intense heat has prevailed, and reports as to the condition of the corn crop are gloomy. Hot winds have swept across the state, and in the southern and western parts, where rain has been needed for many days, farmers are losing hope. In addition to the damage from the heat, chinch bugs have made their appearance and threaten the crop.

St. Louis, Aug. 2.—Ninety-eight degrees in the shade was registered by the weather bureau at four o'clock Sunday afternoon. This was the maximum temperature for the day. On the streets where the full force of the sun was felt the thermometer showed 100 and over. There were several prostrations, the most serious being Herman Moss, aged 23, and Arthur Guinness, aged 43.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—A gale of 56 miles an hour, carrying with it a terrific thunderstorm and some hail, swept across from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi valley early Sunday morning, damaging crops, wrecking buildings and causing loss of life. It was followed later by extreme heat, which resulted in many prostrations. The storm extended only from the eastern border of Lake Michigan through the lower part of Minnesota.

Telegraphic reports show the storm to have been unusually severe at several points. At Baraboo, Wis., wheat and corn fields were laid low and washouts occurred on railroads. The residences of William Marriott and William Wallace were considerably damaged by lightning. At Berer, Ind., the steady downpour ruined the crops, which were suffering from drought. At Vavara, Ind., residents claimed that never before had there been so severe a storm. In the city 500 trees and telephone poles were blown down. Many head of live stock were killed by lightning and the crops suffered greatly.

HE SEEKS THE TRUTH.

Government Expert Dunham Of for the Gold Field.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Expert Samuel C. Dunham, of the federal bureau of labor, left here Saturday for the gold belt of Alaska, where he will make an investigation and report in time for the projected