

THE ADVANCE.

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Gen. Booth has no money and relies on a small legacy left him a few years ago. He draws no money from the Salvation army.

Just because he ran over and killed a man, the French court at Marseilles has fined an automobilist \$2,000 and sent him to prison for two years.

According to the governor of Oregon, one man has stolen more than 100,000 acres from that state. However the state still owns a plot large enough to accommodate a penitentiary.

In Iowa there are at present 14 women bank cashiers and 18 women assistant bank cashiers. And these banks are solvent, sound and substantial, and make money. Statistics, moreover, show that no bank directed by a woman in Iowa has ever closed its doors through failure.

The salaries of the heads of the banks of England and Germany combined amount to \$40,000. The salary of the head of one insurance company in this country is \$150,000, to say nothing of the salaries of the rest of the family. And the president of the company is provided with an actuary to do his knowing for him.

The prices of old postage stamps have advanced greatly during the last two years, and the stamp catalogue for 1906, advances sheets of which are already in circulation, show a general increase of ten per cent. for stamps sought by collectors, while in a number of instances stamps have increased in value 100 per cent. or more.

After five years of a lull there is again an agitation in this country and abroad to have all liquid poisons kept in bottles made in such a fashion that the moment any one picks one of them up the dangerous contents will be revealed by the warning sense of touch. This agitation has resulted from the growing number of cases in which persons have got up at night and mistakenly have drunk some poison under the idea they were taking medicine.

Although perfumes have been used by most of mankind for over 3,000 years, their value as a therapeutic agent has only recently been demonstrated. The perfumes of flowers or those coming from plants are said to be the most healthful and soothing to the nervous and those afflicted with diseases of a nervous character. According to the doctors the scent of violets is a natural sedative, having the power of subduing or toning down a nervous system or temperament, whose equilibrium is easily disturbed.

At least this much progress toward civilization has been made by the erstwhile warlike Sioux Indians, nearly half of them are communicants of Christian churches. And so enthusiastic are they in their religion that in far off China and Africa missionaries supported by money contributed by these supposed savages are teaching the Gospel to heathens. From being the subjects of missionary work, they are joining in the task of Christianizing the world.

The last British soldier will shortly take his departure from the continent of North America. The British government, after long negotiations, has recently notified the Dominion authorities that it is ready to turn over the famous Halifax (N. S.) citadel to be garrisoned by Canadian volunteers, as the Quebec citadel already is. The Halifax citadel is a massive stone structure a mile in circumference. It crowns a hill 250 feet high that overlooks the city and the harbor—a natural fortress if there ever was one.

One of the extraordinary monuments of the world is the colossal statue of Christ erected recently on the border line between Chile and Argentina, 13,000 feet above the level of the sea, on the summit of the Andes, to commemorate the remarkable treaty of peace and arbitration which prevented the two nations from plunging into a bloody war. The statue is cast from bronze of the old cannon which the Spaniards left at the time of Argentine independence. The sculptor is a young Argentine, Mateo Alonso.

That considerations of common sense and a decent regard for the health and comfort of a vast number of people are having weight in the determination of the date of future presidential inaugurations is evident from the response made to the efforts of the committee charged with the duty of preparing and urging a constitutional amendment changing the date from March to a later day in spring. Forty-one governors of states and territories have agreed to serve on the committee which will draw the amendment and urge its acceptance by congress.

Prof. Otto Von Stockslager, the distinguished Belgian explorer and adventurer, whose recent gift to the museum of his native town, Herenthals, attracted much attention in Europe, has announced the discovery of one of the strangest races of mankind—a race of amphibians. In Lake Brauser—which Von Stockslager discovered and named in honor of his distinguished co-worker, Frans Brauser—the Belgian discovered a tribe of men, women and children who live practically all the time in the water, eating and sleeping there.

RUSSIA IS TORN BY REVOLUTION

CZAR'S EDICT GRANTING CONSTITUTION COMES TOO LATE TO CHECK IT.

Awful Scenes of Bloodshed Throughout the Empire—Thousands Are Killed and Other Thousands Are Wounded—Finland Wins Freedom.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 2.—Although Wednesday passed in comparative quiet in St. Petersburg and Moscow a flood of dispatches from all parts of the empire report disorders in many cities, with a heavy total of dead and wounded. The people while celebrating their new found freedom were in many instances set upon by Cossacks and police, while sometimes the spirit of mob violence broke forth and the lower elements of the population gave themselves to pillage and destruction.

Horrors in Kishineff.
Odessa, Nov. 4.—A dispatch from Kishineff, says: "A horrible massacre has occurred here. Hundreds have been killed. All the hospitals, pharmacies and hotels are full of wounded and mutilated persons." A telegram from Nicolaeff says: "The whole town is in the hands of bandits, who are devastating the Jewish houses and shops and beating Jews to death without the slightest hindrance." The authorities here have similar news from other southern cities.

A State of Siege.
Odessa, Nov. 4.—The peaceful population is practically under a state of siege. Even the markets and restaurants are closed and it is impossible to get bread or meat. The mob Friday pillaged a number of Jewish shops in the main streets and among others the biggest wholesale grocery, that of Rabinovitch. The rioters also burned three factories and killed a physician and two assistants, who were dressing wounds. Friday evening the rioters pillaged the biggest dry goods store in the city. The loss in this case is estimated at \$175,000. A hardware store was also looted, involving a loss of \$100,000. In addition 12 fur stores were sacked.

Bomb Kills Twelve.
Warsaw, Nov. 4.—Telegraphic communication between Warsaw and Odessa and Botosoff-on-Don has been severed. A bomb was thrown into the telegraph office at Odessa Friday and 12 telegraphers were killed.

Ten Students Killed.
Moscow, Nov. 4.—A procession of students returning with some of their comrades who had been released from prison was set upon by a mob of workmen at the Triumphal arch. Ten of the students were killed.

Odessa Victims Over 10,000.
Odessa, Nov. 6.—With the restoration of order came grewsome proof of the enormous loss of life in the four days of mob rule. The authorities sent to the cemetery six trucks, each containing 30 bodies. It is known that 120 members of the anti-Jewish mob were killed. The total dead is estimated at 900. Up to this time 5,657 wounded are reported—in the Jewish hospitals 3,715, in the municipal hospitals 1,260, and in ambulance houses 682. It is estimated that 3,600 more injured are in their homes, bringing the total casualties to over 10,000. The Jewish quarters are completely devastated.

Scenes of Horror.
The latest accounts of the devastation in the Jewish quarter add horror to the situation. Besides numerous mills, all the bakeries, shops and nearly 600 homes have been destroyed. The Jews killed in every circumstance were treated with revolting barbarity. Heads were battered with hammers; nails were driven into the bodies, eyes were gouged out and ears severed. Many bodies were disemboweled, and in some cases petroleum was poured over the sick found hiding in cellars and they were burned to death. It is alleged that the police and soldiers everywhere marched at the head of mobs, and incited them to destroy the Jews.

Buried in Great Pits.
London, Nov. 6.—The Odessa correspondent of the Standard, under date of November 5, five p. m., sends further sensational accounts of the riots there. He says: "There have been more horrifying massacres and fiendish cruelties, but the districts were those took place are now cordoned by troops. Probably the total killed will number 3,500, and the wounded 12,000. In the suburb of Moldovanka alone a thousand victims remained in the streets from midnight until noon, when the authorities hastened to collect and bury the bodies in great pits in order to conceal their numbers."

Many Fatal Encounters.
St. Petersburg, Nov. 6.—Fatal encounters between the soldiers and the populace, and anti-Jewish excesses are reported from many places in the provinces. Saturday and Sunday at Kremenchug 20 persons were killed and 80 injured. At Kütais a military train was wrecked and nine soldiers killed. After the collision the revolutionaries opened a rifle fire on the train and the troops replied in kind. There were several killed or injured on both sides.

At Berdicheff several persons were killed or injured, and at Minsk serious rioting arose through the troops preventing a meeting of citizens. The troops fired volleys into the crowds and there was intermittent firing for a long time. A hundred were killed and 600 wounded. Indescribable horrors are being witnessed every day. The

massacre and pillage of the Jews continue at Kishineff.

General Strike Raised.
St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—The national holiday Friday in celebration of the anniversary of the emperor's accession to the throne was marked by the formal raising of the general strike in St. Petersburg. While the railroad strike has not yet been declared off, many of the railroad men are returning to work, and trains are being gotten through. The populace is calmer.

The spasm of lawlessness and revolutionary manifestations which everywhere signaled the promulgation of the constitution played into the hands of Count Witte's enemies at court, who momentarily overthrown, are again beginning to talk of the necessity for the sternest measures of repression to prevent the whole country from being drawn into the vortex of a revolution.

Finland Is Freed.
St. Petersburg, Nov. 6.—The czar at one o'clock Saturday morning signed a manifesto restoring to Finland the system of government it enjoyed before the annulment of the constitution in February, 1890. The manifesto cancels all ordinances enacted since that date, including the military laws of 1901, which were the source of greatest discontent. The czar accepts the resignation of the entire Finnish senate, which is a body nominated by the crown, and at the same time convokes the Finnish diet to meet on December 20.

YOUNG GIRL SLAIN.
She Takes Poison, But Is Beaten to Death While in the Last Throes—Sweetheart Suspected.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 6.—The dead body of Winona Charlotte Newton, aged 15 years, daughter of Thomas Newton, a painter, was found beside a bridge over a small stream near Fifty-fifth street and College avenue, on the outskirts of the city. She evidently had been murdered. The face had been disfigured by many cuts, there were finger marks on her throat and a stone weighing 150 pounds weighted down the body. An examination by Deputy Coroner Parker disclosed that the stomach contained a large quantity of acid, but the officers assert that death resulted from violence before the acid had had time to act. Above the right eye was a cut made by a blow delivered with such force that the skull had been fractured.

The theory of the police is that the girl went to the bridge to meet her sweetheart, that they quarreled, and that he murdered her. The detectives believe that after the supposed quarrel the girl swallowed the carbolic acid in an attempt to commit suicide, but that she was murdered before the drug took effect. Another theory is that the two had entered into a suicide compact, but that the man failed to keep his agreement, and killed the girl to put her out of his misery.

Miss Lilly Matney, a friend of the dead girl, said she had confided that Austin Francis, with whom she had been keeping company, had threatened several times to kill her. Francis was arrested. He successfully resisted all efforts of the police to force an admission from him that he was with Miss Newton Friday night.

GREETED BY PRESIDENT.
British Rear Admiral, Prince Louis of Battenberg, Received at the White House.

Washington, Nov. 4.—With great éclat Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg was received by the president and Mrs. Roosevelt at three o'clock Friday afternoon. The prince was the bearer of a personal message of good will from King Edward to President Roosevelt, and was presented to the president by Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador. The presentation was made the occasion for a brilliant reception. At night the British ambassador and Lady Durand gave a state dinner to their distinguished house guest, followed by a large reception and ball. Not since Prince Henry of Prussia was a guest of the German embassy at Washington has a royal visitor been the recipient of greater honors than those with which Britain's admiral prince has been welcomed to the national capital. Save for the absence of military honors the prince's entry to the capital has been invested with as much ceremony as that which made memorable the greeting to the Prussian prince several years ago.

Whaling Fleet Frozen In.
Seattle, Wash., Nov. 6.—A special dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer from Nome says the whaling fleet is frozen in near the mouth of the Mackenzie. Of the 12 vessels only about four are provisioned for the winter. Capt. A. J. Stone, who spent the winter of 1897-98 in the vicinity of the Mackenzie, stated that there was no danger of the whalers starving.

Fall Was Fatal.
San Francisco, Nov. 4.—Louis Theodore Levy, a distinguished French architect, with offices in New York, either fell or jumped from a window of a flat on Macalester street, Friday and was crushed to death on the cement sidewalk, 40 feet below.

Robbed a Post Office.
Ludington, Mich., Nov. 3.—The Ludington post office was entered Wednesday night by burglars, who secured \$700. The safe was wrecked by dynamite. The officers have a slight clew.

Woman Killed.
Lead, S. D., Nov. 3.—Mrs. John T. McNann was instantly killed and her husband perhaps fatally injured here in a runaway.



EXPLOSION OF GAS WRECKS BUILDING

DISASTER IN IShPEMING, MICH., IS THE CAUSE OF THREE DEATHS.

Thirteen Persons Are Injured—Victims Were Passing Along Street on Their Way Home from Church When the Explosion Occurred.

Ishpeming, Mich., Nov. 6.—Three children are dead and 13 people are injured, one fatally, as the result of an explosion here Sunday, which completely destroyed the Miners' national bank. The dead are: Steven Goodman, aged 12 years; Alice McGee, aged ten years; and Edward McGrath, aged 12 years.

The injured: James F. Mullen, fatally; Thomas Flanagan, Lorette McGee, Hans Gunderson, Mrs. E. F. Small, Miss Bruze, Mrs. G. Smeltz, Charles Smeltz, John Dundon, Ray Butler, Fred Anderson, Erick Peterson and Mrs. J. F. Keith.

Caused by Gas Leakage.
The victims were all church attendants on their way home from mass. A gas leakage in the basement of the bank building was primarily responsible for the explosion and loss of life. Anderson and Peterson, steam fitters, had been engaged to make repairs to the heating plant, and as they entered the building they detected the smell of gas. They thought little of the circumstance, however, and as they passed into the furnace room they struck a match to a gas jet.

There was a terrible explosion. The steam fitters were blown through the doorway at the rear of the building, while the building collapsed, falling into the street a mass of ruins. A crowd was switching cars on a side track, near the bank and cars blocked the crossing when the explosion occurred.

Many persons were standing on the walk, awaiting the passing of the cars, and thus were within reach of the explosion. There were a number of narrow escapes from death or serious injury. James Mullen was in his office in the bank building when the accident occurred, and he was not taken from the debris until rescuers had worked for two hours in clearing away the wreckage. The bodies of the killed were fearfully mangled. The safety deposit vault in the bank is uninjured.

BLOODY ROPE FOUND.
Ohio Authorities Believe College Students Had a Hand in Comrade's Death.

Mount Vernon, O., Nov. 3.—Buried beneath a culvert 200 feet from the spot where Stuart Pierson, the Kenyon college student was ground to death by a train, the authorities have found three lengths of blood-stained rope and a wad of absorbent cotton, also saturated with blood. County Prosecutor Stillwell expresses the firm belief that the boy was chloroformed, the cotton saturated, bound across his face, and that then he was tied across the tracks as a part of his initiation into a college fraternity. The authorities believe that the cotton was removed later, and the boy left stupefied. On these grounds the prosecutor will carry the case to the grand jury on November 13. Prosecutor Stillwell stated Thursday that several persons are under surveillance in connection with the case and that they may be taken into custody before the conclusion of the inquest.

Want Better Pay.
Washington, Nov. 3.—A committee representing the letter carriers of the United States waited on Postmaster General Cortelyou and presented a memorial urging better pay for carriers. The memorial calls attention to the fact that there has been no change in the payment of salaries for more than 40 years. The postmaster general told the committee that he would give the memorial his fullest consideration.

Victim of Football.
San Jose, Cal., Nov. 6.—Clarence Von Bokelen, a young student of the Santa Clara high school, died at a local sanitarium from the effects of a crushed skull, which injury he received during a football game between the Santa Clara and San Jose high schools.

Crap Game Ends in Murder.
Cleveland, O., Nov. 6.—In a quarrel over a game of craps in a saloon at No. 669 Central avenue Sunday night, William Watkins shot and killed George M. Gregory, colored, a former member of the Cleveland police force.

HORRIBLE CRIME TO BE AVENGED

COILS BEING DRAWN TIGHTER AROUND PERPETRATORS OF SUIT CASE MURDER.

Arrest of Two Men Who Disposed of Mutilated Remains of Susanna Geary—One Makes Confession—A Boston Physician Also in Custody.

New York, Nov. 3.—Two men are under arrest at police headquarters in this city, charged with homicide in connection with the dress suit case mystery in Boston. One of the men, William Howard, is said to have confessed that he and his fellow prisoner, Louis Crawford, alias Albert H. Emory, were the ones who took the body from a hospital on Tremont street, Boston, and threw the dismembered portions, which were concealed in dress suit cases and a hand satchel, into Winthrop (Mass.) harbor. Howard denies that he knows anything about the cutting up of the body, while Crawford refuses to say a word.

Physician Under Arrest.
Boston, Nov. 4.—Dr. Percy McLeod, of this city, was arrested Friday afternoon on the charge of abortion in connection with the suit case mystery. The arrest was on information furnished by Chief Watts, from New York city. Dr. McLeod is held on the charge that he was the person who dismembered the body of Susanna Geary. A conference between Dr. McLeod and officials lasted until five o'clock. At its conclusion Dr. McLeod was removed to the Tombs and locked up. Capt. Dugan stated that Dr. McLeod is about 35 years of age and is married. Chief Watts informed the officials here that the confession of Crawford in New York included the specific accusation that Dr. McLeod was the person who dismembered the body of the chorus girl. Immediately upon receipt of this message the physician was arrested.

Head of Victim Found.
Boston, Nov. 6.—What is confidently believed to be the head of Susanna A. Geary, the dress suit case victim, was received in a leather handbag from the bottom of the harbor Sunday. It was dragged to the surface very near the point where Lewis W. Crawford and William Howard, who confessed to disposing of the dismembered body of the girl, said they dropped it from the stern of an east Boston ferry boat. The head completes the body of the girl. The trunk was found on September 21 and the limbs were picked up October 27. The head was in a good state of preservation and it is thought by the police that it will be readily recognized as that of Miss Geary.

Held in Heavy Bail.
Boston, Nov. 6.—Dr. Percy D. McLeod, who was arrested in connection with the death of Susanna Geary, the chorus girl whose dismembered body, minus the head, was found in two suitcases floating in Winthrop harbor, was arraigned in municipal court and was craved to furnish bonds in \$20,000 for a further appearance.

DECISION FAVORS STATE.

Wisconsin Wins Tax Fight Against Railroads—The Case to Be Appealed.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 6.—The state of Wisconsin will be enriched many thousands of dollars if a decision rendered by Judge S. D. Hastings, of Green Bay, is upheld by the higher courts. In a suit brought by the various railroads of the state, seeking to set aside a valorem tax assessments on the ground that the law violated the principle of equal taxation, Judge Hastings ruled that the law is constitutional and the assessment valid. It is estimated that the decision will increase by \$600,000 railroad taxes for the year 1903; a still greater sum for 1904, and at least \$1,000,000 more for 1905, compared with the amount assessed under the license fee system. The case will be appealed.

Wounded Robber Dies.
Louisville, Ky., Nov. 4.—A special from Grayson, Ky., says: "The Willard bank robber, giving his name as Smith, died Friday morning from the gunshot wound received in the fight Tuesday. He said his right name was J. H. Rodderick, of Athens, Tenn., that he had a wife and two children there. J. H. Kieffemeyer, of the Cincinnati police department, identified Smith as being an old-time bank burglar of Chicago."

Morton Confers with President.
Washington, Nov. 6.—Paul Morton, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, called at the white house and spent an hour with the president Sunday night. The object of the call was not made public, although it was surmised that the president desired information bearing on the insurance situation.

Father Makes Fatal Error.
Uniontown, Pa., Nov. 6.—Believing that he was shooting a burglar, Hayden R. Craft, a well-known hardware merchant of this place, killed his daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Coddington, at their home apartments over the hardware store in West Main street.

Smallpox Closes Institute.
Janesville, Wis., Nov. 4.—The state institute for the blind was closely quarantined Friday on account of smallpox. The state board of health was summoned to take action to prevent spreading of the disease.