

KING CARLOS KILLED

Crown Prince of Portugal Also Victim of Assassins.

ANARCHY REIGNS IN LISBON

Complete Overthrow of the Monarchy Seems Imminent as Result of Dual Tragedy.

Lisbon, Portugal, Feb. 1.—King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiz Philippe were shot dead as they drove into Lisbon today from Villa Vicosa in an open carriage.

A party of regicides had been lying in wait for the royal carriage at the Prado Comercio and the Rua do Arsenal. As the vehicle appeared the conspirators leaped forward, pulled carbines from under their cloaks and fired a volley.

The king and crown prince fell dead. His majesty's second son, Prince Manuel, was wounded.

Queen Amelie sprang from her seat and tried to shield Prince Luiz with



KING CARLOS OF PORTUGAL.

her own body, but was too late. She escaped unhurt.

The police guard instantly opened fire on the regicides, killing three. The others escaped. Their exact number is unknown.

Mobs are sweeping the streets. The city is in a state of anarchy. The better class of citizens are barricaded in their homes. The complete overthrow of the monarchy is imminent.

NEW REGIME IN POWER.

Dictator Franco of Portugal Resigns to Avert Revolution.

Lisbon, Feb. 3.—Premier Franco has relinquished power and a new cabinet has been formed with Admiral Ferreira do Amaral as the president in the place of the late dictator, Franco.

This step signalized the practical withdrawal of Franco from power. He agreed to this measure as one calculated to pacify hostile public opinion at a time when only a spark was needed to inflame the whole country and hurl it headlong to revolution. It is nevertheless believed that Franco will still be the "man of power," but his official prerogatives are at least shorn of real authority.

The opening session of the new council has been held. King Manuel II. appeared before his ministers and with a voice vibrant with emotion said:

"I am yet without experience either in science or in politics. I place myself entirely in your hands, needing and believing in your patriotism and wisdom."

The city is still in the throes of intense excitement and the authorities continue to follow unceasingly the details of the plot which culminated in the assassination of the king and his heir.

Arrests are being made by the wholesale in Lisbon and all suspicious persons still at liberty are under police surveillance.

NINE MINERS KILLED.

Explosion Occurs in Colliery Near Hawks Nest, W. Va.

Charlestown, W. Va., Jan. 31.—Nine miners met sudden death in the New River colliery, known to miners as the Lower Boone mine, forty-five miles from here, near Hawks Nest, in an explosion that partly wrecked the mine. It is stated that twenty-five men were in the mine at the time of the explosion and that eight of the nine dead were instantly killed. The others escaped with only slight injuries.

The Lower Boone mine is the property of the Boone Coal and Coke company, and was a small one. The cause of the explosion has not been ascertained.

All the dynamite and powder in the mine was ignited by the explosion and practically destroyed the shaft.

No Legislation for Ireland.

London, Feb. 3.—All doubt that the government is planning the introduction of legislation looking to home rule for Ireland in the present session of parliament was set at rest when Herbert H. Asquith, chancellor of the exchequer, declared on behalf of the premier that the government had no intention of reintroducing the Irish council bill.

IN SPECIAL MESSAGE

President Urges Necessity of Certain Labor Legislation.

FOR ENFORCING THE LAWS

Refers to the Bitter and Persistent Attacks Now Being Made on the Administration.

Washington, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt has sent a special message to congress in which he again calls attention to the abuse of injunctions in labor cases and urges remedial legislation. The president also recommends the re-enactment of the employers' liability act, recently declared unconstitutional, limited in scope to apply only to interstate commerce. He refers at length to gambling in stocks and futures and urges that action be taken to prevent, at least the making of large sales of what men do not possess and cornering the market. In recommending the strengthening of anti-trust laws he calls attention to the bitter and persistent attacks on the administration now being made by corporations brought to the bar of justice for violation of law. On this subject he says, in part:

The attack by the great corporations on the administration's actions have been given a wide circulation throughout the country, in the newspapers and otherwise, by those writers and speakers who, consciously or unconsciously, act as the representatives of predatory wealth—of the wealth accumulated on a giant scale by all forms of iniquity, ranging from the oppression of wage workers to unfair and unwholesome methods of crushing out competition, and to defrauding the public by stock jobbing and the manipulation of securities. The administration and those who support its views are not only not engaged in an assault on property, but are strenuous upholders of the rights of property. The books and pamphlets, the controlled newspapers, the speeches by public or private men to which I refer, are usually and especially in the interest of the Standard Oil trust and of certain notorious railroad combinations, but they also defend other individuals and corporations of great wealth that have been guilty of wrongdoing. It is only rarely that the men responsible for the wrongdoing themselves speak or write. Normally they hire others to do their bidding or find others who will do it without hire.

Every Honest Measure Opposed. From the railroad rate law to the pure food law every measure for honesty in business that has been passed during the last six years has been opposed by these men on its passage and in its administration with every resource that bitter and unscrupulous craft could suggest and the command of almost unlimited money secure. But for the last year the attack has been made with most bitterness upon the actual administration of the law, especially through the department of justice, but also through the interstate commerce commission and the bureau of corporations. The extraordinary violence of the assaults upon our policy contained in these speeches, editorials, articles, advertisements and pamphlets and the enormous sums of money spent in these various ways, give a fairly accurate measure of the anger and terror which our public actions have caused the corrupt men of vast wealth to feel in the very marrow of their being.

We act in no vindictive spirit and we are no respecter of persons. We seek to stop wrongdoing and we desire to punish wrongdoers only so far as it is necessary to achieve this end. We seek to control law defying wealth; in the first place to prevent its doing dire evil to the republic and in the next place to avoid the vindictive and dreadful radicalism which, if left uncontrolled, it is certain in the end to arouse.

The methods by which the Standard Oil people and others have achieved great fortunes can only be justified by the advocacy of a system of morals which would also justify every form of criminality on the part of a labor union and every form of violence, corruption and fraud, from murder to bribery and ballot box stuffing in politics.

BLOW AT LABOR BOYCOTTS

Supreme Court Holds Them in Violation of Anti-Trust Law.

Washington, Feb. 3.—That section 7 of the anti-trust act awarding to the complainant three times the amount of damage sustained by a combination in restraint of interstate trade can be invoked to prevent a boycott by organized labor was held in a decision by the supreme court of the United States in the case of Loewe & Co., hat manufacturers of Danbury, Conn., vs. Martin Lawlor and 200 other members of the United Hatters' union of that city. The decision of the court was announced by Chief Justice Fuller and reversed the holding of the United States circuit court of appeals for the Second circuit. The opinion of the court was unanimous and no dissenting view was presented. "We think," said Chief Justice Fuller in conclusion, "that a case within the statute was set up and that the demurrer should have been overruled."

The decision, therefore, reversed the ruling of the lower court and the case was remanded for rehearing.

SENT TO AN ASYLUM

Jury Holds Thaw Insane When He Killed Stanford White.

MENACE TO PUBLIC SAFETY

Justice Dowling Declares Evidence in Case Indicates Recurrence of Disease Reasonably Certain.

New York, Feb. 1.—Acquitted of the murder of Stanford White on the ground that he was insane at the time of the commission of the homicide Harry K. Thaw was ordered by Justice Dowling to be committed to the Matteawan asylum for the criminal insane until such time as he can convince the state lunacy commission that his being at large will not endanger the public safety. Thaw was led back to the Tombs across the "bridge of sighs" and several hours later was taken to Matteawan.

Both Thaw and his wife, the latter being the only member of the family in court when the jury unexpectedly returned its verdict after a deliberation of twenty-five hours, seemed pleased and satisfied with the outcome of the case. Thaw stood and smilingly bowed his acknowledgments to the jurors as they filed one by one out of the box. District Attorney Jerome also seemed satisfied, as he has contended ever since the crime was committed that Thaw was medically, if not legally, insane. Thaw's counsel thanked the jurors with a hearty handshake for each one of the twelve. Attorney Littleton also filed an exception to Justice Dowling's decision in retaining Thaw in custody and committing him to the asylum.

The jurymen all refused to divulge the secrets of their deliberations further than to say that fourteen ballots were taken.

Dangerous to Public Safety.

In announcing his decision to send Thaw to Matteawan Judge Dowling said:

"The only testimony in this case upon which a verdict of insanity could be based was to the effect that the defendant is suffering from a manic depressive form of mental derangement. This testimony and the diagnosis of the form of insanity was based upon prior outbreaks of the defendant as testified to by witnesses from London, Monte Carlo, Paris and Albany. It also appears from the testimony, and the court was careful to inquire as to this, that recurrences of these attacks are reasonably certain. There has been no testimony adduced here to show that a person suffering from this form of insanity ever can be permanently cured. It appears, however, that during the maniacal form of the disease the person suffering therefrom is likely to commit dangerous assaults or murder. There is danger also of suicide.

"Therefore, upon all the testimony in this case, the court deems that to allow the defendant to go at large would be dangerous to the public safety. The decision of the court is that the defendant shall not be discharged, but being in custody shall be so held and committed with all dispatch to the state hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan. The sheriff of the county is directed to take custody of the defendant and deliver him to the state authorities at Matteawan."

WILL REPLY TO CRITICISMS

President Preparing Letter on Subject of Appointments.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The excitement aroused by the president's special message to congress will be duplicated within a few days by the publication of a letter from Mr. Roosevelt to William Dudley Foulke of Richmond, Ind., on the subject of nominations sent to the senate. There have been charges that the president has used his power to appoint to boost the political future of Secretary Taft.

Foulke had been chairman of the civil service commission. He read the charges made by senators and came on from Indiana to investigate. He saw the president and the secretary of war and went home to await a letter that he had reason to believe would arrive by an early mail.

FIFTEEN MEN PERISH.

Drowned While Leaving Burning Vessel in a Boat.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 4.—In the midst of a wild blizzard the steamer St. Cuthbert was burned to the water's edge off the Nova Scotia coast. Fifteen members of the crew were drowned by the swamping of a small boat in which they attempted to leave the vessel after fire had broken out. The other thirty-seven members of the crew, including the captain, were rescued by the White Star liner Cymric. After taking off the survivors the Cymric abandoned the burning steamer and proceeded to Boston.

Vote of Sympathy Withdrawn.

Budapest, Feb. 3.—A vote of sympathy with the family of the late King Carlos of Portugal, moved by the Hungarian cabinet in the diet, has been withdrawn because the independents opposed it on the ground that King Carlos had violated the constitution of his country.

WORK OF CONGRESS

Thursday, Jan. 30.
House—Urgent deficiency appropriation bill passed. The total amount, carried by it is \$23,064,450, or \$410,000 less than as reported by the committee.

Senate—Short session held during which Mr. Aldrich reported his banking bill from the committee on finance, which, he announced, he would call up for consideration on Monday, Feb. 10.

Friday, Jan. 31.

House—Special message from president read and its vigorous language brought forth storms of applause, first on the Democratic side of the house, then on the Republican and culminating in a general demonstration by the entire body. Two hundred and eighty-eight pension bills passed.

Senate—President's message read and the balance of the session devoted to routine business.

Monday, Feb. 3.

House—Political debate participated in by Messrs. Townsend (Mich.), Cockran (N. Y.) and Hepburn (Ia.) attracted much attention. Bill passed granting a pension of \$12 a month to widows of all honorably discharged soldiers.

Senate—Day devoted to bills on the calendar, several of which were passed.

Tuesday, Feb. 4.

House—President's recent message again the subject of prolonged discussion. The speakers were Williams (Miss.), Nye (Minn.), Bonyne (Col.) and Macon (Ark.).

Senate—Urgent deficiency bill passed. The measure carries over \$24,000,000. Two hours devoted to consideration of criminal code bill.

FIVE PEOPLE DIE IN FIRE

Twelve Others Injured in Kansas City Rooming House.

Kansas City, Feb. 1.—Five persons were burned to death and twelve others were injured in a fire in a three-story rooming house at 1116 Wyandotte street near the business section. The dead are: Mrs. Jennie Bert, aged twenty-nine, Harrisonville, Mo., waitress; Mabel Porter, aged eighteen, waitress; Nina Graves, aged eighteen, waitress; Peter Rooney, aged thirty-four, cook; Charles Johnson, aged twenty-eight, cook.

The fire started from an explosion of natural gas in the basement. The flames and dense smoke spread quickly throughout the building and before an alarm could be given all means of escape by the ordinary exits had been shut off. The five persons who lost their lives were asleep on the third floor and all save Mrs. Bert were burned to death in their rooms. Evidently they had been suffocated and none apparently had even made an attempt to escape. Before the firemen arrived the building was a mass of flames and the rooms on the upper floors could not be entered. Mabel Porter and Nina Graves, two of the dead, occupied a room together. The injured slept on the lower floors and in the basement. Most of these escaped without aid, fighting their way through the flames and smoke. The firemen were able to rescue others from the burning building.

Former Head of G. A. R. Dead.

Rockford, Ill., Feb. 3.—Colonel T. F. Lawler, postmaster of Rockford and former commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, is dead.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Feb. 4.—Wheat—May, \$1.05½@1.05¾; July, \$1.05½. On track—No. 1 Northern, \$1.07@1.07½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.05@1.05½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.00½@1.03½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Feb. 4.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$5.00@5.75; fair to good, \$3.25@4.75; good to choice cows and heifers, \$3.00@3.75; veals, \$3.75@5.00. Hogs—\$4.00@4.30. Sheep—Wethers, \$4.75@5.10; good to choice lambs, \$5.25@6.75.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Feb. 4.—Wheat—To arrive on track—No. 1 hard, \$1.08½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.03½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.03½; May, \$1.06½; July, \$1.07. In store—No. 1 Northern, \$1.03½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.00½. Flax—To arrive on track, \$1.18; May, \$1.19½; July, \$1.21½.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Cattle—Beef, \$3.60@6.15; cows and heifers, \$1.70@4.60; Texans, \$3.30@4.00; calves, \$5.00@7.00; Western cattle, \$3.70@4.60; stockers and feeders, \$2.60@4.60. Hogs—Light, \$4.10@4.40; mixed, \$4.20@4.47½; heavy, \$4.20@4.47½; rough, \$4.20@4.25; pigs, \$3.50@4.20. Sheep, \$3.25@5.65; yearlings, \$4.90@5.60; lambs, \$5.20@7.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Wheat—May, 97½@97¾; July, 93¾@94; Sept., 91¾@92. Corn—May, 61c; July, 59¾c; Sept., 59c. Oats—May, old, 53¾c; May, 50¾c; July, old, 45c; July, 44c; Sept., 38c. Pork—Feb., \$11.65; May, \$12.20; July, \$12.50. Butter—Creameries, 22@33c; dairies, 21@29c. Eggs—\$1½@22½c. Poultry—Turkeys, 10c; chickens, 11c; springs, 10c.

DIES TO SAVE OTHERS

Heroic Deed of Itasca County Boy Costs Him His Life.

HOME DESTROYED BY FIRE

Rescues His Younger Brother and Sister but is Overcome by Smoke and Cremated.

Clifford Cook, a farmer's son, gave his life in the rescue of his little brother and sister from a fire that destroyed their farm home near Northome, Itasca county.

Awakened by the heat and noise of the flames and the suffocating smoke the lad, with thought only for the others in the home, dashed to the bed of the children, who a few moments later would have perished. Seizing the little ones he groped his way to a window and dropped his precious burden to the ground. But it was too late for him to make the leap to safety. Or perhaps he had turned back again in an attempt to save his parents. He was overcome and was cremated.

Mrs. Cook jumped from the window of the upper floor and was badly cut by glass about the face, hands and limbs.

Mr. Cook attempted to enter the building and was terribly burned about the face and hands. Both parents are in a precarious condition.

The two youngest children, who were thrown out of the window by their brother, were only slightly injured.

Mr. Cook is manager at Northome for the Stone-Cook Lumber company. His farm is a mile from Northome.

POWER FOR THREE CITIES

Plan to Dam the Red River Near Halstad, This State.

A number of prominent men of the Red River valley have formed a company which has as its object the erection of a big dam on the Red river near Halstad, this state, at the junction of the Red river and the Wild Rice river, and if they are allowed to carry out the project it will mean the construction of the biggest power plant in that section of the country.

There is a possibility that the erection of the dam will be frowned upon by the United States government, as it is not clearly demonstrated that this stream is not navigable to that point. However, such is the interest taken in the project by those who have taken it up that they will send a man to Washington at once to ascertain the government's attitude.

The banks of the river at the point of the proposed dam are high and the river is narrow, forming something of a rapids, and a competent engineer reports that enough power can be developed from this one dam to supply all of the power needed in the cities of Fargo, Crookston and Grand Forks.

SUPREME COURT THE ISSUE

Minnesota's Attorney General on the Presidential Campaign.

That the appointments to the United States supreme court are the real bone of contention in the presidential campaign was the argument of Attorney General E. T. Young in a speech before the Fourth Ward Republican club at Minneapolis. Organized predatory wealth, he charged, is seeking the nomination of presidential candidates who will appoint judges sympathetic to the idea of the centralization of power in the federal government. There are four judges on the bench now who on account of age and infirmity will probably retire during the next presidential term. It is important, he asserted, that men be nominated for the presidency who will not appoint judges favorable to the idea of the centralization of government.

FIVE PERSONS INJURED.

Collision of Trains on Minneapolis and St. Louis Road.

A rear end collision occurred in the Minneapolis and St. Louis yards at Waterville between the Twin City local and the North Star limited and five persons were seriously injured.

The first train, which was behind time, stopped to fix a hot box and the second train, running on time, crashed into it. The rear coach of the first train and the engine of the second were heavily damaged, but the track was soon cleared and the trains went on except one sleeper, which had to be sidetracked.

Centenarians Called by Death.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Zejdlik, the two oldest residents of Marshall county, are dead at Warren. They were born in Bohemia and came to this country years ago, being the first settlers in the town of Tabor, Marshall county. Mr. Zejdlik was 102 years old and Mrs. Zejdlik was 105. They had been married seventy-nine years.

Railroad Earnings Show Decrease.

Judging from the railroad reports already received by State Auditor Iverson the state will receive less in the gross earnings taxes this year than it did in 1906. While some roads show an increase in their gross earnings many show decreases and it is probable that the decreases will exceed the increases.

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