

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

- SECRETARY OF STATE WILLIAM W. ARMSTRONG. SUPREME JUDGES: PHILADELPH VAN TRUMP. NACHAS C. WHITELEY. ALEXANDER S. BOYS. LYMAN R. CRITCHFIELD. WILLIAM S. Y. PRENTISS. ALEXANDER S. RAMSEY. WILLIAM LARWILL. CHARLES BOESSEL.

News Items.

General Wistar writes to General Dix, from Yorktown, that an extended spirit of desertion prevails among the recruits recently sent from the North—especially among those who were drugged, and enlisted while they were not conscious of what they were doing.

Stonewall Jackson sends word through A. J. Davis, the seer, that after six more battles, two of which will be hand to hand encounters, the war will be over.

Counterfeit fifty-cent fractional notes, so well executed as to be difficult of detection, have made their appearance.

The formal call for the Fremont Convention at Cleveland, it is announced, will be published in a few days.

The State, County, and Township taxes of Ohio, will amount this year to over twenty-five millions of dollars.

Eleven States, the same number which originally seceded, are still out of the Union. We have not made much progress in subjugation as yet.

General Grant, by a majority of sixteen thousand, has obtained the Sanitary Fair award at New York.

It is conceded in New Orleans that the late battles in Louisiana have been against General Banks, inasmuch as he retreated while the enemy held the field.

Plymouth, North Carolina, has been taken by the Confederates. From 1,000 to 2,500 prisoners were taken; 30 pieces of artillery; 100,000 pounds of meal; 1,000 barrels of bread, and a full garrison outfit.

The Queen of England, it is asserted by a correspondent of the New York Herald, is quite crazy.

General Scott is engaged on a work entitled his "Life and Times," which will be published in a few weeks.

Gold closed at \$1 82 to-day. We once thought the Black Republicans would always hate Mr. Vallandigham. It looks now like they will all love and honor him before Long.

"Men gathered around Garfield." So says a Republican reporter, of the crushing consequences of Mr. Long's speech. "Men gathered around Garfield," imploring him to reply. But Garfield was as mute as a garfish.

The Call for Troops. The Cincinnati Commercial says that the actual orders for the militia of the Northern States to take the field, caused a great deal of discussion and not a little diversity of opinion in that community.

The grand joint stock company for blockade running on a large scale—of which I gave you an account last week, in advance of all the journals here—have got out their prospectus. There is not a name attached to it. So you see the parties are playing like ostriches, with their heads in the sand.

(Original) COLFAX. The Gallo, piling, driving, pebbles, creature, measuring used in every look and feature. One of the fifty, riny, creeping spaw, By reptilian on the surface thrown, Doomed soon to sink, in native silt to rot, All that he said, and all he did forgot, Had he not chosen infamy of fame, And linked his name to an immortal name— Frome, coming ages, instead of his wrong, Will curse man's Obitus, while they reverence Loss.

The Huesman Forgery.

We made a brief notice the other day, of the trial of Samuel John of this city, charged with forgery, and arrested upon the affidavit of a young lawyer of this city, by the name of Huesman. We also notified our readers of the subsequent arrest of Huesman himself, at the instance of V. Winter & Son, Huesman had drawn between three and four thousand dollars at the bank of Winter & Son upon a mortgage note bearing the signature of a well known farmer of this county by the name of Hittel. The forgery was detected, and Huesman, claiming to have acted in good faith in the premises, pretended to identify Mr. John, and a woman named Mary Clark, as the guilty parties who had personated Hittel and wife in the transaction.

The trial did not disclose a particle of evidence against them in the world, except what was given by Huesman; on the contrary, the signature to the note was proved to bear a close resemblance to the hand of Huesman. However, the parties were held over—John in a sum of \$900, the woman \$200. They could have given \$100,000 without going outside of the Justice's office if it had been required, so well assured were the posted ones present not only of their innocence, but of the guilt of Huesman. They knew that that case was but one of a dozen or more of the same sort for which Huesman would have to answer.

He was arrested immediately after the conclusion of the trial of John, by V. Winter & Son, and held to appear on the Monday following, (last Monday) in the sum of \$500. He forfeited his recognizance, and is now somewhere, doubtless, but echo answers "where?" and so do all of us. The inference is now plain that he was guilty of the crime himself, that he had wantonly, wickedly, and deliberately sought to fasten upon Mr. John and Mary Clark. Let it be so recorded.

Too Late. Now, when it is too late, leading Republican papers are loud in giving alarm at the condition of the currency. The N. Y. Post says we are in a boat, which a rapid current, like that of the Niagara, is hurrying to the precipice. It predicts the ruin of many, general loss of confidence, and the practical destruction of commerce. Democrats told you all this, at a time when warning, if heeded, would have been avail—but just then General Burnside had proclaimed that it was disloyal to criticize the measures of the Government, and threatened the arrest of all who should dare to do so. Now, when it is too late, Republicans see their great error, and would fain escape its consequences.

In view of the order calling into active service the independent Militia, and that following immediately, to proceed with the draft for 18,000 or 20,000 of the citizens of Ohio, together with the terrible uncertainty which shrouds the results of battles soon to be fought, let us ask every candid Republican if it would not have been better in the beginning to have adopted the Democratic policy, and compromised upon some fair basis, our trouble with the Southern States? What a measure of peace, of prosperity, of National greatness and glory we might have been enjoying this day, if the counsels of such men as blood letting Chandler, Wade, &c., had been spurned as they deserved to be!

Collax was not without distinction, as some people seem to think, before he was elected to the Speakership. He was distinguished as editor of the dullest, stupidest country paper in Northern Indiana.

Some of the Democratic papers are moving for a postponement of the Chicago Convention. [From the New York Herald.] Additional from Europe—Arrival of the Kangaroo—Our London Correspondence.

London, April 9, '64. The New Association of Blockade Runners—Who are the Speculators and what they Calculate for Profit—Immense Trade to Wilmington—Fortunes Made by British Houses.

The grand joint stock company for blockade running on a large scale—of which I gave you an account last week, in advance of all the journals here—have got out their prospectus. There is not a name attached to it. So you see the parties are playing like ostriches, with their heads in the sand. They are just as well known as if their names were placed on the front of the Royal Exchange, Stringer, Soniter, Lindsay, the Lairds, Spence, McRae and Dudley Mann, are the principal operators. They reckon that if each one of ten steamers makes two successful trips, their investment of £200,000,—a million of dollars—will bring them £380,000. Whatever profits or losses different speculators may have made on the average, or in the aggregate, there can be no doubt that their efforts have been the mainstay of the secession war. There

are certain essentials, like small arms, improved cannons, and beyond all these, articles like sulphur, saltpetre, percussion caps, medicines, &c., that they could no more do without than a gun can shoot without powder. What in the name of common sense your people at Washington can be doing not to go and capture Wilmington, cost what it will, is more than I can see. It would be a greater loss to the rebels than the capture of an army of a hundred thousand men. If you will send a force over the dry, sandy plains of North Carolina, and a naval force to co-operate at sea, and take this devouring mouth that supplies the rebels with two thirds of their necessary foreign supplies, your navy could then virtually close up the remaining leaks and break up the work of the English speculators, who are growing rich at your expense and at the expense of an immense prolongation of the war. These shrewd, money-making Britishers are laughing at your government.

One successful run in and out pays for the steamer and also for the cost of the next cargo, if she is captured during the second trip. I have lately learned that one firm, with some associates—Alexander Collier & Co.—has been running a line of ten steamers for a long time, and only had three or four captured. They have realized in profits over four millions sterling, and their trade has been entirely through the port of Wilmington. If such facts as these won't wake up your government to the importance of capturing Wilmington, nothing will.

The Draft to Take Place Immediately.

Colonel Potter received instructions to-day from Colonel Fry, to take the veteran cadres as made out by the Adjutant General Cowen, and assign them to the proper wards and towns and when this is accomplished, to proceed with the draft without delay. It is positively known how much Ohio is behind, but it is not less than 17,000 or 18,000 men.

The order calling out the National Guards, created considerable excitement to-day among those particularly interested. Numerous applications for exemption have already been made to the Adjutant General. But one, however, was successful, and that was from a man who was more for the hospital than the field. The call is generally regarded as the right thing, and is looked upon as indicating an intention to begin the coming campaign in earnest.

Mr. Grinnell, genuine Abolitionist, in his speech on Tuesday night, in the House debates on expulsion, remarked: "I would rather see a thousand times, let the country be divided—the South go their way all slave and the North all free—rather than to see the country once more under Democratic misrule."

This Grinnell is loyal, and voted for the expulsion of Mr. Harris for treasonable language.

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The rebel ram at Kingston, on the Neuse river, it is ascertained moved towards Newbern and is expected to make an attack in a day or two. More gunboats and reinforcements are immediately required here and at Washington. Two companies belonging to the 2d North Carolina Union Volunteers were among the captured at Plymouth, most of whom were taken out and shot by the enemy after our forces had surrendered.

All the negroes found in uniform were shot. The funeral of Commander Plesser taken place here to-morrow. The rebel ram at Plymouth, which came down the Rappahannock, is expected to act in concert with the other rams in the attack on Washington and Newbern. She carries three rifled guns and one sixty-four pounder. With the aid of a few boats these rams could be readily run down, as their sea-going qualities are bad, under the cover of night. The ram at Plymouth sunk two of our gunboats, but it is not expected that she will attack any respectable number of our gunboats in the day time.

St. Louis, April 25.—Cairo dates yesterday by mail says the steamer Von Puhl, from New Orleans, 18th, had arrived. It seemed to be generally conceded that the battles in Louisiana had been against Banks, as the enemy remained on the ground after Saturday's fight.

The report that there was another fight on the 10th is a mistake. The rebels were still in the vicinity of Pleasant Ridge. Our army was at Grand Ecore, fortifying both sides of the river. General Banks and Admiral Porter were both there. Only five feet water at Grand Ecore. The gunboat Eastport is aground there. All large boats are below, but light draughts above.

Prisoners say that Kirby Smith and Sibley were killed in the recent battles. Galveston dates of the 4th say that the schooner Mary Lovely, with 250 bales of cotton, was captured on the night of the 3d, while attempting to run the blockade.

Messrs Wade and Gooch of the Committee on the conduct of the War, arrived at Cairo on the 21st, to investigate the Fort Pillow massacre. Generals Hurlbut, Chetham and Leggett were also there. Memphis dates of the 22d say Forrest's entire force is moving towards Alabama, followed by Grierson. Polk's are said to be marching north. Grierson's cavalry came upon some of Forrest's troops near Hudsonville, Mississippi. A sharp fight ensued. The rebels retreated in the direction of Jackson, passing through Lagrange. A number of prisoners, horses, mules and wagons were captured and taken to Memphis. General Price evacuated Camden, Arkansas. General Steele occupied the place.

North Carolina Items. Fr. Monroe, April 24.—The steamer Moonlight has arrived from Newbern. No news of importance. The powder mills at Raleigh exploded on the 6th killing several. General Wm. P. White of Georgetown, South Carolina, was assassinated by his own men.

From Arkansas. St. Louis, April 26.—Late Little Rock dates say that Mr. Allie, of Jefferson county, was elected Speaker of the Arkansas Legislature. Mr. Carrson, member of the House, recently captured by guerrillas, escaped and

By Telegraph.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY EMPIRE NIGHT DISPATCHES.

The Plymouth Disaster—Rebel Accounts. ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, April 24.—A Herald special states that the Richmond Sentinel of April 23d says the following dispatch has been received by Gen. Bragg: PLYMOUTH, N. C., April 20.

"To Gen. Braxton Bragg: "I have stormed and carried this place, capturing one brigadier, 1,600 men, stores, and twenty-five pieces of artillery. (Signed) "B. T. HOPE, Brigadier General.

A telegram was received by the President from Colonel J. Taylor Wood, dated Rocky Mount, April 21st, giving further particulars of the capture of Plymouth by the force under Gen. Hoke, with the naval co-operation. He says 2,500 prisoners were taken, 300 or 400 of them negroes; 30 pieces of artillery, 100,000 pounds of meal, 1,000 barrels—and a full garrison outfit. Our loss about 300 in all. Col. Price is among the killed. Two gunboats were sunk and another disabled, and a small steamer captured.

FEDERAL REPORT. FORTRESS MONROE, April 24, } via BALTIMORE, April 25. } An officer just arrived from Roanoke Island makes the following report: Gen. Weasel surrendered Plymouth on Wednesday, the 26th, after four days' fighting. Our loss is 150 killed, and 2,500 prisoners; rebel loss 1,500 killed.

NOTE.—The above would have been received last night, but Government has prohibited the transmission of dispatches to the press from Fortress Monroe. The reports here are said to have been brought by a colored sutler that colored troops at Plymouth, after the surrender, were murdered by the rebels. The rumor is probably untrue.

NEWBERN, N. C., April 22.—The battle which had been going on at Plymouth from Sunday the 16th to the 28th resulted in the capture of the city by the enemy on Wednesday noon, including General Weasel and his force, consisting of 1,500 men. The enemy obtained possession of the town at 8 o'clock this morning. Gen. Weasel and his troops retired into the fort and held out until noon, repulsing the enemy in seven desperate assaults, whose loss is said to be 170, while our loss is slight. Gen. Weasel has made a most desperate resistance with his little band of veterans.

Several weeks since he called for 5,000 men, stating in the most solemn manner that it was impossible for him to hold the city with a less number. Gen. Peck, who says he had given Gen. Weasel all the assistance in his power, in the same solemn manner, time and again, called for reinforcements. It is reported that the enemy has left Plymouth, and is now moving on Washington, and also on the city.

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arrived at Little Rock. The Legislature will immediately provide for the organization of the State Militia, raise men and adopt measures to render it impossible for rebels to grasp the reins of government.

Dayton Market.

- HARSHMAN'S FLOUR—Red whe 6 00 retail 6 50. WHEAT—\$1 25@1 28. CORN—100, Shelled 90@94. OATS—68. RYE—1 10@1 15. BARLEY—\$1 20. COFFEE—45@50. SUGAR—19@27. EGGS—13@15 per doz. WHISKY—1 30. CHEESE—16@17. DRIED PEACHES—16@18. DRIED APPLES—9@12. BEANS—Per bushel \$2 50@3 00. HAY—Timothy \$2 25 per ton. TRASH—\$1 00@1 50. BUTTER—9@11 per lb. BITTER—40@45. LARD—12@15.

New York Market.

- New York, April 26. COTTON—Quiet and steady and upward tendency at 50. FLOUR—Dull 00 c higher at 7 80 for extra State. Round Hoop 8 15@8 30. WHEAT—Nominally 1,16@1 17 Chicago Spring 1,73@1,78 Milwaukee Club 1,77@1,83 Winter Red. CORN—Shade firmer 1 33@1 33 1/2. OATS—In very fair demand and steady at 37@38. PORK—Firm—25. BEEF—Firm and steady. BUTTER—28@32. LARD MEATS—Firm. LARD—A shade firmer, 13 1/2@14 1/2. WHISKY—Quiet at \$1 25@1 30 for Western. PETROLEUM—Firm, 40 Cents; 55 refined. Bond, 63@65 Free. New York, April 26.—Stocks irregular closing firmer. Money 6 and 7 per cent. Sterling quiet and steady at 110 1/2. Gold 52 1/2. Coupons 112 1/2, 6's '61 Coupons 11 1/2. One year Certificates 95. New York Central 135 1/2. Erie \$1 1/2. Reading \$1 43. C. & O 40 1/2.

DIED. DAVIS—Departed to "Bright Life" at one o'clock A. M. to-day, 26th inst., Elias A., the son and only child of D. A. and Estelle E. Davis, aged six years, six months and six days. He was the son of the late Mrs. Davis, and was a member of the Baptist Church. He was a very bright and promising child. He was buried at 10 o'clock to-morrow, the 27th, at the residence of Mr. E. H. Dolph, Miami City. Place of burial—Woodlawn.

For Sale.

Real Estate at Auction. WE will sell, at auction, on SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1864, at two o'clock p. m., at the Court House, the splendid property last known as the "WILKINSON JACKSON PROPERTY," on Jackson street, between Fifth and Sixth. The lot is 114 feet front, with a fine three-story brick house, containing fifteen rooms and a bath; room like garden, fruit, stable and other necessary out-buildings; also, a double frame house and out-buildings. This is one of the most desirable pieces of property in the city of Dayton, and will be sold with out reserve to the highest bidder.

TERMS—One-third cash; the other in one year; one third in two years; the deferred payments to be secured by mortgage at six per cent interest. C. F. HUBER & SON, Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF REAL ESTATE—SIX LOTS AND TWO HOUSES. WE will sell, at the Court House, on SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1864, at two o'clock p. m., the following described property: One lot on Wilkinson street, 49 feet front by 113 feet deep, running to two streets, with a frame house on it, containing four rooms and a summer kitchen. The lot, the east half of lot No. 3493, on the corner of 5th and Howard streets, with a business room and three dwelling rooms, with a frame house on it, containing four rooms and a summer kitchen. The lot, the east half of lot No. 3493, on the corner of 5th and Howard streets, with a business room and three dwelling rooms, with a frame house on it, containing four rooms and a summer kitchen.

TERMS—One-half cash, when the deed is given; the balance in one and two years; back payments secured by mortgage on the premises, at six per cent interest. C. F. HUBER & SON, Auctioneers.

FOR SALE—Three farms, lying about nine miles west of Dayton, one mile south of the Wolf Creek Pike, and half a mile south of Amity, adjoining each other. One of 140 acres, on which is a good stone building and frame barn, and a good stone quarry, with plenty of timber. One of 115 acres, on which is a good brick house, with a reasonable barn; also, one of the best springs in the county, and a steam saw mill; about two acres of good timber. One of 75 acres, of good soil, and well watered for stock cattle.

The above farms will be sold altogether or separate on reasonable terms. For information inquire of DAVID T. MILLER, on the premises.

Splendid Farm for Sale. ONE-HALF MILE FROM MIAMI, OHIO. THIS desirable well situated farm, between 1/2 mile and the first day of April, next, the well known farm belonging to the estate of Mrs. B. G. G. Hart, deceased, containing one hundred and forty-seven acres. Said farm has upon it two dwelling houses—one a large commodious brick structure and other necessary out-buildings. The soil is of the richest quality, particularly bottom land, and has also a fine lot of timber. Terms reasonable. Inquire of the subscribers in Miami. SAMUEL GRUBBART, ISAAC DISSINGER, Executors.

A Country Residence for Sale. A DESIRABLE country residence, with fifteen acres of good land, lying one mile north of Dayton, on the old Troy road, is offered at private sale. There is a large and comfortable brick structure and other necessary out-buildings; also, an orchard of fine grafted apple, pear and peach trees; a large assortment of sweet berry vines, of the Wilson, New Albany and Florida varieties; also, about three acres of young current bushes, for wine purposes. Any persons desiring to purchase are requested to call and examine the property, if they desire, as the proprietor is confident that it will bear inspection. Also, ten and a half acres of timbered land, four miles north of Dayton, near the old Troy road. JAMES KNOP, outdew.

Reward. A FUGITIVE FROM JUSTICE. \$200 00 REWARD. THE above reward will be given for the arrest and delivery to me, at Brookville, Franklin County, Indiana, within six months from this date, of William A. Knave, formerly of the county of Franklin, Ohio, who was arrested in November last. Said Knave is about 5 feet 10 inches high, light build, weighing about 120 pounds; light complexion; brown hair; light blue eyes; has a loose, swinging walk; right arm somewhat crooked from having been dislocated; stammer in his speech; is about twenty-two years old; has but little beard on his face, and is remarkably very pale in his conversation. He has a hard, villainous look. JOHN B. MOORMANN, Sheriff of Franklin County, Indiana. Brookville, Indiana, March 26, 1864—1212awt.

Capenter. BUILDING. THIS undersigned has made arrangements to erect and complete a good building on fair notice that will warrant those having reason into unimproved to invest, as the demand is daily increasing for them. Best plans, with cost of building, ready for investment. JOHN H. THOMAS, Agent. Alder Shop on Wayne st. near Baptist Church.

Hair Restorer.

PROFESSOR DE MUNN'S ONLY GENUINE HAIR RESTORER!

DISEASES OF THE SCALP. THIS skill of the medical faculty in treating diseases of the scalp has, in a majority of cases, been defeated by the most powerful diseases of the human frame. It is not to be wondered at, as it requires great study, deep research and a careful investigation of the causes which produce the disease. Unless the cause is discovered, it is an utter impossibility to cure the disease and effect a permanent cure. Diseases of the scalp have been produced innumerable by some of the most eminent physicians. I have derived

YEARS OF STUDY. To this peculiar part of the human frame, and I am satisfied that I possess THE ONLY REMEDY. Be first known, that would permanently eradicate those loathsome diseases of the scalp, i. e., SALT RHUM, SCALD HEAD, And other cutaneous diseases, and restore the hair to those who have become bald. To those who have the good fortune, I will furnish FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. If I fail to cure the worst cases of diseased scalp of the longest standing with THE ONLY GENUINE HAIR RESTORER.

Read the following: (Testimonial of Dr. S. S. Southwell.) ALBANY, New York. Prof. De Munn: Two years ago my scalp became diseased, and my hair commenced to fall out very fast. The disease spread until my scalp was one complete sore. It became very painful; my rest at night was broken, the burning and itching sensation was insupportable. I would apply remedy after remedy, but only momentary relief. I consulted several physicians of this city. I was informed by them that the disease with which my scalp was affected was a "salt rhum," and that they could not benefit me. I read your advertisement and concluded to consult you. You assured me that you would eradicate the disease and restore my hair, which had become very thin. With that assurance I placed myself in your hands, and the result you see. I have a luxuriant head of hair; my scalp is perfectly healed, and my hair has commenced to fall out. Respectfully yours, MRS. SARAH SOUTHWELL, No. 117 South Pearl street. It is a fact acknowledged by all who have used the Hair Restorer, and their name is Legion, that it is THE ONLY PREPARATION That would effectually and permanently restore the hair of those who are bald, and prevent THE HAIR FROM FALLING OFF.

The large and rapidly increasing sale of Restorero is the strongest evidence of the merit of the medicine. THE HUMAN FAMILY. The confidence of the public has been obtained, and they all unite in attesting to its merit and vast superiority. GENUINE PREPARATIONS. Ever introduced. I do not recommend my preparation because it will show six feet in truth as many months, as it is simply and easily applied, and is consistent with the laws of Nature. To those who are skeptical or incredulous, I will make a bold offer: I will forfeit \$1,000 (One Thousand Dollars) if I fail to cure the worst cases of partial baldness, under fifteen years' standing with THE ONLY GENUINE HAIR RESTORER.

This wonderful remedy is sold by druggists generally. IF YOUR DRUGGIST HAS NOT GOT IT SEND FOR IT. N. B.—Cures guaranteed in every case where the directions for its use are implicitly obeyed. Sent Free, \$1 per bottle, the lot of six bottles for \$5. PROF. H. A. DE MUNN, Sole Proprietor, No. 29 Orange street, Albany, New York.

Dyeing House. DYEING HOUSE. NO. 22, ST. CLAIR, BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH, Dayton, Ohio. THE undersigned informs the public that he is a practical dyer, and has established a dye house at the above place, and is now prepared to color all kinds of Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Woolen and Cotton Goods any color that may be desired. Greases and stains removed from all kinds of fabrics. He warrants to finish all goods in a manner to give satisfaction, having all articles necessary to perform his work in the best possible style. HENRY ANN WIRCHOLD, 2219.

Dissolution. DISSOLUTION. THE partnership heretofore existing Miller & Church, in the Merchant Tailoring Business, was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of February, 1864, and is now ready to color all kinds of Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Woolen and Cotton Goods any color that may be desired. Greases and stains removed from all kinds of fabrics. He warrants to finish all goods in a manner to give satisfaction, having all articles necessary to perform his work in the best possible style. HENRY ANN WIRCHOLD, 2219.

Wanted. WANTED—Carrage Woodworkmen, Blacksmiths and Painters wanted immediately. The best wages paid either by the piece or by the month. W. W. PHILLIPS, Fourth street. WANTED—A first class Carrage Smith, for which I will give \$25 per month. Apply to F. D. HALL, made at West Liberty, Logan county, Ohio.

Notices. NOTICE TO THE TAX-PAYERS OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY. THE books for the collection of the balance of the taxes of 1863, due June 30, 1864, are now ready in this office. Those owing such taxes can pay at this office between this date and the 1st of June next. Delays are dangerous. JOHN H. THOMAS, Auditor Montgomery County, Ohio. Dayton, April 19, 1864—1212awt.

Notice to Bridge Builders. CLEARED PROPOSALS for building a bridge over the Millcreek, near Harrisonburg, in this county, will be received until noon on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1864. Separate proposals to be made for the masonry and superstructure. Bidders are also to state what they will allow for the old bridge. The Commissioners, as heretofore, reserve the right to reject any and all bids if they think fit. The plans and specifications can be seen in this office. THOMAS B. HARRISON, Auditor Montgomery County, Ohio. 1212awt.

Notice. J. A. WALTERS has disposed of his drug stock, J. A. WALTERS, No. 100, to James B. Walters. The old business will be settled by either of the parties, and the firm name of Walters & Kelso will be discontinued from the present. made.

Dress and Cloak Making. FASHIONABLE DRESS & CLOAK MAKING. MRS. ANNA MURPHY, fashionable Dress and Cloak Maker, begs to inform her old customers and the public generally that she has opened a shop on Third street, over McDonald's store, (third story) she solicits custom, and will furnish dress and cloak trimmings if desired. 1212awt.

Clothing. MERCHANT TAILORING. HENRY MILLER. THANKFUL for numerous testimonials extended to the firm of Miller & Co., respectfully solicits a continuance of the same to be had at the old stand, Heston Building, corner Third and Jefferson streets, where he will always be found with a full assortment of goods in his line. 1212awt.