The Jeffersonian.

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FINDLAY, OHIO,
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TO OUR PATRONS!

The election over, we expect now to devote our time to making our paper of more interest to the general reader. We ask our friends to interest themselves from the present time until the first of the coming year to extend the circulation of the JEFFERSONIAN. City papers are now getting out flaming prospectuses with large promises for the year 1873. We will promise that our paper shall "take no step backward" so far as improvement is concerned. We believe our past will guarantee what our future will be in this respect. We hope no one—and certainly no Republican—will interest himself in procuring subscribers for a foreign paper until he has done all in his power for his local paper. We are often complimented by strangers on the size and fine appearance of our paper. The patrons of the paper may rest assured that further improvements will be forthcoming.

Again, the elections over, and we expect to give our attention to our outstanding accounts on subscription, advertising, &c. We wish to commence 1873 with a clean balance sheet. There are four thousand dollars scattered over the county in small sums, which in our pockets would be very useful to us. Between now and the first of January next an account will be made out and presented to every one indebted to us.

And still again, our terms read "$2 per annum in advance." If the 2000 subscribers of the JEFF. would between now and Jan. 1st, renew on that plan (and that is the only way in which they can get a city paper) we should be able to introduce greater improvements in our paper than the most sanguine could expect.

There are few laggards on our list, and we expect there will be none after the next sixty days. As you drop in to pay your taxes, call and see us. Those in Findlay can drop in during the week as they come to the Postoffice. Let us settle up until 1874 on subscription accounts, and the coming year will be brighter and lighter for us both.

ELECTION IN HANCOCK.

Below we give the reported majorities in the several townships in this county:

	Rep. Maj.	Dem. Maj.
Amanda		91
Allen		53
Biglick		22
Blanchard	72	
Cass	23	
Delaware	56	
Eagle		54
Findlay	99	
Jackson		46
Liberty	43	
Marion		5
Madison		26
Orange		30
Portage		Tie
Pleasant		3
Union		38
Van Buren		56
Washington		16
Totals	292	468
		292
Democratic Majority		156

*Was error discovered in the count of the vote of Findlay township, the Republican majority is reduced to 93.

THE LATEST RETURNS.

We are indebted to Messrs. Totten Bros., telegraph operators, for the following returns, being the latest up to the time of going to press:

FOR GRANT.

State.	*Majority.*
Ohio,	40,000.
Indiana,	23,000.
Maine,	30,000.
Massachusetts,	73,000.
North Carolina,	10,000.
Alabama,	10,000.
Wisconsin,	15,000.
California,	6,500.
Oregon,	1,000.
Pennsylvania,	125,000.
Illinois,	35,000
New Hampshire,	5,000
Connecticut,	4,786.
Nebraska,	7,000.
New Jersey,	8,000.
Minnesota,	30,000.
South Carolina,	30,000.
Mississippi,	35,000.
New York,	35,000.
Delaware,	1,500.
Rhode Island,	8,300.
Iowa,	5,500.
Michigan,	5,000.
Florida,	3,000.
West Virginia,	1,000.
Virginia,	500.

FOR GREELEY.

State.	*Majority.*
Georgia,	2,000.
Louisiana,	1,000.
Missouri,	30,000.
Kentucky,	10,000.
Maryland,	2,000.
Tennessee,	20,000.
Texas,	20,000

Virginia and West Virginia may go Greeley, but stand for Grant up to date. These figures show a majority on the popular vote for Grant of over 500,000.

THE RESULT IN THE COUNTY.

The figures which we present in another column, showing the result of the election in this county last Tuesday, are encouraging to all friends of honest reform and good government, as they are also, we hope, instructive to all political trimmers. It was demonstrated in October that the Democrats of Hancock were true to their party organization. While they showed this by coming up zealously to the support of their State ticket, they at the same time showed their suspicion of the Deme-Liberal coalition movement by allowing Mr. Sloane to fall behind the Democratic vote by over 100 votes. Taking from Mr. Sloane the Republican votes he received in Amanda township, and his majority fell behind that of the State ticket by 150 votes. But the disgust of the masses of the Democracy at the trimming of their leaders, culminated last Tuesday, when scores of Democrats disfranchised themselves by remaining away from the polls rather than stultify a consistent record by voting for Horace Greeley. As a result we have a majority of 344 in October, reduced to 156 in November, and this in the face of the fact that the Republicans, through over confidence, allowed their vote to fall off a very considerable in the county.

If the moral of this lesson be not lost on the politicians of the future, then shall Horace Greeley and Rush R. Sloane not have lived in vain.

The notorious Woodhull and Claflin have been indicted by the grand jury, and bench warrants were served upon them. They were unable to find bail again, and were remanded to jail, where they will remain until their trial, next week

THE ELECTIONS

The Peoples' Verdict

Stupendous Republican Majorities!

MAINE, 18,000!

New Hampshire, 5,000.

Vermont, 30,000!

CONNECTICUT, 3,000!

Rhode Island, 5,000

New York, 40,000

NEW JERSEY, 3,000!

Pennsylvania, 125,000

OHIO, 40,000!

Indiana, Illinois, Delaware, and North Carolina O. K.

Republican Gains Everywhere

Maryland Probably for Grant

ALAS! POOR HORACE

It is impossible at this writing to definitely State the figures under which the people of this country buried the mock reform coalition. It suffices to say that the rebuke of the corrupt coalition is decided, and the majorities in favor of Republicanism are simply stupendous. Horace Greeley is undoubtedly the worst beat candidate that ever ran for Presidential honors. The fiat of the people has gone forth, and we rejoice that Political treachery and demagogueism has received so stuning a blow.—From a mass of Associated Press dispatches we glean the following:

The New England States go solid for Grant, by largely increased majorities. Maine gives 18,000; Vermont, 20,000; New Hampshire, 5,000; Rhode Island 5,000; Connecticut, 3,000. Banks is defeated.

New York gives Grant from 30,000 to 40,000. Greeley's majority in New York City will not exceed 25,000. Dix for Governor and the whole ticket is elected. Havemeyer, the Republican nominee, is elected Mayor of New York. New Jersey is claimed for Grant by 3,000 majority.

In Pennsylvania the majority for Grant is so large that it can scarcely be enumerated. It is generally reported at 100,000.

Indiana reports Republican gains all over the State. Delaware, North and South Carolina, and Maryland are reported for Grant.

The mysterious photograph on the on the window pane is a sensation which had its run years ago. The last heard of it was in San Francisco, whence it disappeared, and it was supposed to have gone over to the Sandwich Islands. But it seems to have returned, as will be seen by the following from the Zanesville *Courier*: "One of those curious phenomenons of nature, so seldom seen, and been discovered upon lights of glass (for there are two of them), in a front window of the residence of T. J. Taylor, Esq., on North Fifth street. The pictures can only be seen from the opposite side of the street, in the early part of the day, before the sun has risen above the tops of the houses, or late in the afternoon, when the sun has sunk low. One of the pictures has been readily recognized as that of a young man, a relative of Mr. Taylor's, who visited the family, and made his home with them for some considerable time. The picture discloses the young man's head and face, and is said by those who have seen it to be an excellent likeness. The other picture is a profile, and so indistinct as to be unrecognizable."

Reports come from New York and Boston that the horse disease is diminishing, and many horses are again at work. On the other hand, in Cleveland, Chicago, and other Western points it has spread very rapidly. Six hundred cases are reported in Cleveland, and the infection has reached Pittsburg, Louisville and Lexington.

The very latest news of the disease show that it is spreading far and wide on this continent, and has even broken out in England. Chicago and Philadelphia at present appear to be suffering most. In Baltimore and Washington the disease is extensively spread, but mild in form, and in New York its ravages have almost wholly cessed.

Wednesday afternoon, Mr. P. C. Culbertson, a switchman in the employ of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Railway at Crestline, was run over by a switching engine and instantly killed. He was about twenty five years old and leaves a wife and one child.

The attempts to close the liquor saloons in Liverpool, on Sunday, causes great excitement in that city.

ELECTION RETURNS.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 5.

Election returns are coming in slowly. The thirty-two Townships and Wards heard from show a net Republican gain over the vote for Hendricks, for Governor, in October of 603. The comparisons on Presidential votes will all be made on the vote for Governor in October, which gave Hendricks, Democratic, 2,148 majority. In the returns thus far received, twenty-nine Townships and Wards, the Republicans gain 641 and in three Townships and Wards the Democratic gain was 33.

SOUTH BEND, Nov. 5,

The vote in this city fell off from the October election 63 votes. The vote for Grant is 1,403, Greeley 985 Republican gain over October 202. Clay township, St. Joe county, gives Greeley a majority of 37, a Republican gain of 32 since October. German township, same as in October.

Braceville township, Grundy county, Illinois, Republican majority 89. Yorksville township, Kendall county, Illinois, Grant 96 majority. Oglesby 96 majority. Hallenback and Ray are elected to the Legislature by a full vote. Corwin 96 majority for Congress. There was a light vote Somesuk township, first precinct, DeKalb county, Illinois, Grant 415, Greeley 16, O'Conor 3, majority 373 Williams township, Sangamon county, Grant's majority is 15, a liberal gain of 71 over the vote of 1868.

SOUTH BEND, Nov. 5.

Reports in from the largest towns in St. Joseph county, gives a Republican gain of 401 over October. The Republican majority in the county is one hundred.

EVANSVILLE, Nov. 5

Grant's majority in this city is 464, a gain of 137 over the vote for Browne for Governor.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 5.

In 126 townships, precincts and Wards heard from, the net Republican gain is 3,498. Montgomery county, semi official, Grant's majority 50, Republican gain 168. The Republican Central Committee claim a majority in the State of 10,000 to 15,000. The Democratic Central Committee concede the State by 5,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 5—10:30 P. M.

Returns have been received from 196 townships, in 186 of which the Republican gain is 5,717 and townships, the Democratic gain is 108 About one-fifth of the State has been heard from.

SOUTH BEND, Nov. 5—11 P. M.

Vice-President Colfax is at the telegraph office, receiving telegrams and making figures, making 25 States for Grant, with 261 electoral votes.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 5

Rhode Island gives Grant an increased Republican majority and elects both Republican Congressmen. This city complete gives Grant 4,224, Greeley 1,511.

Rhode Island complete, except Black Island, Gives Grant 13,578, Greeley 5,305.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Nov. 5.

The indications are that Michigan will give a Republican majority of at least thirty thousand.

DELAWARE.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 5.

The Republicans claim the State by 1,500 to 2,000 majority.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Nov. 5.

Returns received from all the prominent towns in Nebraska give majorities for Grant in every case, and a Republican gain over the October election. Grant's majority in the State will probably be ten thousand.

PLATSMOUTH, Nov. 5.

This city gives Grant twenty-four majority.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.

Returns from forty four towns and districts in various parts of the State out of the city of New York, gives a net gain for Grant, compared with the Presidential vote of 1868, of 1,248.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5—7:20 P. M.

One hundred and two city districts give Greeley 4,000 majority, indicating that his majority in this city will not exceed 25,000 Kiernan runs largely ahead of Greeley, and has probably received the bulk of Apollo Hall vote. Both undoubtedly defeated in the State. Grant probably carries the State by from 30,000 to 40,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.

240 towns and districts give Grant a net gain of 3,556. His majority in the State will be about 40,000. Dix is elected Governor with the rest of the Republican State ticket by 25,000 to 30,000. Tremaine is chosen Congressman at large by a similar majority. Outside of this city and Brooklyn, the Democrats hardly secured more than two Congressional Districts.

Greeley's majority is 22,928 against 60,000 for Seymour in 1868.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.

Notwithstanding the rain which at intervals prevailed to day the full the full vote appears to have been polled. In some localities an increase over the State election is reported.

Returns from twenty wards and precincts of the city show five hundred and sixty two Republican gain. Similar changes in the remainder of the county would reduce the Democratic majority about 1200.

Fourteen wards and precincts of this city gives 639 Republican gain. The Republican gain in every ward ane precinct heard from but one.—There was an increased vote in the city.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 5.

Cuyahoga county gives 6500 ma for Grant.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 5.

278 townships and precincts show a net Republican gain of 25,000 to 30,000 in the State.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NASHUA, Nov. 5.

The Republicans claim New Hampshire by 1,500 to 2,000 majortly.

CONCORD, Nov. 5

Eighty towns give Grant 17,066, Greeley 14,280, scattering 167. The same towns gave in 1868, Grant 19,301, Seymour 13,702.

CONCORD, Nov. 5

Ninety-nine towns give Grant 19,131, Greeley 1,613. The State give Grant over 4,000 majority.

MAINE.

PORTLAND, Nov. 5.

Portland gives Grant a net gain of 964 over the Republican vote of September, and Lewiston 712.

BANGOR, Nov. 5.

This city gives Grant a majority of 962 against 352, for Perham in September.

PORTLAND, Nov. 5.

In this state fifty towns give Grant 21,815, Greeley 8,500. In 1868 the same towns gave Grant 21,620, Seymour 11,625. The Republican majority in this state in 1868 was 28,033; this election indicates about the same majority with a much smaller vote.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, Nov. 5.

Hartford gives Greeley 3,990, Grant 3,131.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 5.

New Haven gives Greeley 4,706, Grant 4,651, O Conor 42, Republican gain of 1,651 over 1868.

HARTFORD, Nov 5.

Returns from sixty towns, including Hartford, New Haven, New Britain, Meriden, give Grant 1,349 majority.

HARTFORD, Nov. 5.

Gen. Hawley is elected to Congress over Eaton by over 500 majority.

HARTFOD, Nov. 5.

Connecticut goes for Grant by about 3,000

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 5.

Partial returns are in from a few counties. Columbia county, Grant 192 majority; Congressman 194, a Democratic gain of 32. Dane county, three towns, Evans majority 396, Democratic gain 14. Dodge county, six towns, give Greeley 284 majority, Democratic gain 131; Fondulac county, four towns, give Grant 478 majority, Democratic gain 106.

RACINE, Nov. 5.

Grant has 456 majority, Williams Republican Congressman 467 majority.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, Nov. 5.

Raleigh goes Grant 620 majority, a gain of 82 on the Caldwell vote. Salisbury gives Grant 77 majority, a gain on the Caldwell vote.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 5.

Scattering returns from different portions of the State indicate that North Carolina has gone for Grant. The conservatives concede the State to the Republicans by 5,000.

RALEIGH, Nov. 5.

Partial returns from about 25 counties indicate that the State has gone for Grant by between 5,000 and 8,000 majority, with a largely decreased vote.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 5.

Returns from various portions of South Carolina indicate that Grant has carried the State by a heavy majority The white vote was remarkably light.

VERMONT.

MONTPELIER, Nov. 5.

Sixty six towns give Grant 18,165 Greeley 3,928. The vote is very light. The three Republican nominees are elected to Congress by the usual majorities, except in the Second District, where Steele, Republican, has taken a few hundred votes from Poland, the regular nominee. Poland is, however elected by a handsome majority. The same towns in 1868, gave Grant 18,368, Seymour 5,139.

MONTPELIER, Nov. 5.

Grant's majority in the State will probably be about 31,000

MONTPELIER, Nov. 5.

Eighty-nine towns give Grant 23,468, Greeley 5,466.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Hon John A. Griswold died Thursday evening at Troy, N. Y.

The Emperor of China was married Oct. 16th.

Fort Wayne has invited proposals for building a new jail, to cost $100,000.

Mr. Hepworth Dixon has been made Knight of the Golden Cross by the Emperor of Germany.

There is a rumor in Washington that Mr. Delano will succeed Mr. Boutwell as Secretary of the Treasury, in case of Grant's re election.

The Northern Pacific Railroad is now completed 175 miles west of Red River, and in fifteen days will reach the Missouri, 450 miles west of Lake Superior.

The London Telegraph says the late Sir David Baxter has bequeathed the enormous sum of £500,000 to the Free Church of Scotland, and £50,000 to Edinburg University.

Four or five millions of the reserve of forty-four millions was made use of by the Treasury when the Assistant Treasurer at New York was instructed to buy bonds and sell gold, Oct 7.

The floods in the river Po are working great devastation in Italy. The Rhone, also, is overflowing its banks, sweeping away dykes, and inundating the plains of Camargue, in France.

Two ladies appeared before the Board of Registration in Jersey city, and demanded that their names be registered for voting. Their request was denied, and they have decided to carry the case into court.

A young man named Fogwell was murdered in cold blood, Wednesday evening, near Xenia, by Wm. Ritchison, who lay in wait by the roadside and shot Fogwell with a double barreled shot gun. Ritchison is now in jail. The affair has caused great excitement in that vicinity.

The story of the survivors of the burned steamship Missouri confirms the belief that none of the remainder of the crew and passengers will ever be heard from. Much unfavorable comment has been excited in New York toward the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company for the lack of sufficient service on the steamer.

A colored man, named Samuel Hawkins, with his wife and grown daughter was seized in their house, near Lexington, Ky., Friday night, by a large party of Ku Klux, and carried to the Kentucky River, since which time all effort to recover them or their remains have proven fruitless. It is supposed they were thrown into some deep pool in the river and sunk with stones.

The Prussian Diet has been prorogued by the King.

The Secretary-General of France is authority for the statement that Thiers does not want to be made President for life.

It is the intention of the Secretary of the Treasury to reduce the currency circulation to two hundred and fifty-six millions, the lowest limit authorized by law.

The German government denies ever having interfered with or forbidden emigration from that country to the United States, as was extensively reported here last July.

It is said that the Western Union Telegraph Company have applied for an injunction to stop all opposition lines, claiming that their operation is a violation of the Page patent.

A backsliding association has been formed among the Mormons, called the Utah Liberating League. It is spreading rapidly, and threatens seriously the sway of the priesthood.

The amount of damage caused by the inundation from the Pois beyond estimation. Tens of thousands of families are homeless and destitute, and whole towns have been submerged by the flood.

A general conference of Jews is being held in Brussels. Delegates from Roumania say that the Jews in that province have abandoned their intention of emigrating en masse to America, on account of civil disabilities.

The Jury in Hall's trial reported seven for conviction and five for acquittal, and were discharged. The Mayor and his friends expressed great surprise at the result, claiming to have confidently expected an acquittal.

Chief Justice Chase is in such feeble health as to be unable to discharge the duties of his position.

PERSONAL

Mrs. Sumner, wife of Senator, is still residing in Venice.

The fellow who hopes Greeley will be elected has his hopes turned to gall darn it.

Howard Brownell, Private Secretary to Admiral Farragut at the battle of Mobile Bay, died Thursday at East Hartford, Connecticut, aged 52 years.

Mrs. Crittenden, made widow by Laura Fair's little pistol, is at present keeping a boarding house in San Francisco, in order to support her family, who are in poor circumstances financially.

Judge Thomson, who originally surveyed the site of Chicago, died recently at Preston, Illinois. Rather than take town lots for his services he took a few dollars.

Edmund Winston Henry the youngest and last of the sons of Patrick Henry, died on the 11th ult. in Charlottes County, Virginia, aged seventy. nine.

Senator Sumner has paid a visit to M. Gambetta, who in some respects may be regarded as the Sumner of French politics. He expressed the warmest sympathy for the French republic, but regretted that France had no sincere religion.

Midhat Pasha, the new Turkish Grand Vizier, is an astonishing functionary. Wouldn't do for New York at all. Has reduced his own salary from ninety thousand to seventeen thousand francs a month.

It has been ferreted out by a Berlin Jenkins that Bismarck smokes daily nine twenty cent cigars, and drinks about four dollars' worth of beer and wine. His annual bill at the tailor's is about $600. Such is life!

It is gratifying to know that there are good prospects for the recovery of Professor Stowe, husband of Mrs. Beecher Stowe, who was recently stricken with paralysis at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Allen, at Amherst, Massachusetts. He is now at the Orient Springs Health Institute.

There isn't much in a name, of course, but unless Mrs. Drs. Ellen Probisciter and Susan Van Ripenhausen can find an eligible location for an office in Terre Haute pretty soon they'll go somewhere else That's all there is about it, now

The Boston *Journal* recalls the fact that Gen. Schouler died on the twentieth anniversary of Mr. Webster's death, and that one of the most touching obituary notices of Webster was written by General Schouler, when editor of the Boston *Atlas*.

Sam Johnson says his experience in journalism teaches him there is nothing in this world that will so disgust and sicken the general reader as to learn, after wading through the particulars of an awful accident, that there is a probability of the victim's recovery.

Hon. David Allen, of Bridgeport, Belmont county, died suddenly on the 23d of October, while walking from postoffice to his residence. He was chosen State Senator in 1853 and served one term, when he retired from the political field.

At the funeral of "Fanny Fern," at Mount Auburn, only five or six persons were present, so private were the sad rites performed. On the casket was a wreath of choice flowers but more conspicuous than these, and most appropriate, was a large bouquet of autumn flowers and *ferns*.

Sir Roundell Palmer has, it is said, declined to receive the fee of $150,000 tendered to him by the British government for his services at Geneva. That custom does not prevail in this country.

Sir William Gull, the eminent London physician, who attended the Prince of Wales in his illness, went to Cork the other day, having been sent for to attend the Hon. R. R. Verney, Lieutenant in the 52d regiment, whowas ill with fever. The fee paid to Sir William Gull for his services on this occasion was forty hundred dollars. From the way he charges up in the hundreds one might with propriety look upon him as a C Gull.

The Paris *Fiyaro* has attempted to lower Gambetta in the eyes of his his countrymen. It has discovered that the "Young Dictator" is of German origin. His grandfather, says the *Figaro*, was named Gemperle.—He came to France in the time of Napoleon I., and married an Italian Jewess. Upon that occasion he changed his named to Gambetta, who is nevertheless, a true Frenchman.

Prince Gortschakoff's official organ, the *Journal de St. Petersburg*, rejoices in a circulation of four hundred and fifty copies, all told. As an advertising medium for our pill and liniment vendors it would probably be deemed too thin.

The Hon. Justin S. Morrill, just re-elected to the United States Senate from Vermont for six years from 4th of March next, has been continually in Congress for eighteen years, twelve of which were in the Lower House—He is a very industrious man, a very ready man, and a very witty man, and has great personal popularity with members of both political parties.

Mr. John B. Gough is endeavoring to raise a sum sufficient for a testimonial to the celebrated artist Cruikshank for his philanthropic aid to the temperance cause in England. He has subscribed $500 himself.

Prince Napoleon has instituted legal proceedings to test the legality of his recent expulsion from France.—He has appealed to the Procureur General for redress against the Minister of the Interior, chief of police, and others who assisted in running him out of the country. He claims that, being a citizen of the republic, the manœuvre was not only impolite but illegal.

Miss Risley, the adopted daughter the late of Secretary Seward, was the intimate friend of Mr. Seward's only daughter, Fannie, who died from the effects of the shock she received in the struggle with the assassin Payne, when he first attacked her father.—The father of Miss Risley was, during the Administration of Lincoln and Johnson, Solicitor to the Treasury, and, after his daughter's death, Mr. Seward adopted her friend as a tribute to the memory of his child.

The late William H. Seward left an estate valued, as we learn on undoubted authority, at about four hundred thousand dollars. His will is a clear, succinct document, written in his own homestead at Auburn, and contents, he leaves to his three sons, by one or more of whom it will be occupied and preserved intact His other property, real and personal, he divides into four equal shares—a share each for his sons, Augustus, Frederick and William, and his adopted daughter, Olive Risley Seward, the last two named being deputed to execute this provision of the will.—No other legacies or bequests are made.

The Pope's elder brother, Count, Joseph Mastai Ferretti, who recently died at over ninety, didn't get on very well with the Pope—too liberal. He lived in great seclusion on his patrimony. His dislike to priests was a matter of notority, and just as Mrs. Mohammed declined to believe in her infallibility, so did the count disbelieve in that of his brother. The family dates its origin from a Venetian manufacturer who settled in Ancona in the sixteenth century, and acquired a fortune, which his descendants increased by an alliance with the powerful family of the Ferretis.

A fresh and first-class national reputation has been made at Geneva by one of our arbitrators, Mr. Morrison R. Waite, of Toledo, Ohio. He is a son of the late Chief Justice Waite, of Connecticut, and graduated at Yale with Mr. Everts in 1837. He has long occupied a prominent pominent position at the bar of Northern Ohio, and was selected through Mr. Evart's influence. It is said that equally with his very able colleagues he impressed himself upon the members of the commission. All the arguments before the tribunal were made in French, Sir Alexander Cockburn speaking it best. His mother was French.

STATE ITEMS.

Rev. G. S. Hale, formerly of Ashfield, Mass., and a graduate of Williams College, has been appointed Professor of English literature in Antioch, O., College.

Collector Center, of Sandusky reports $91,547.17 collections for the month of October, against $62,111.60 for October, 1871, an increase of $29,425 57, or nearly fifty per cent.

Will. M. Carleton of the Detroit *Tribune*, author of "Betsey and I Are Out" and other popular poems, will give a public reading in Clyde, on the 22d inst.

The General Conference of the Mennonite church was in session at the College in Wadsworth last week. Representatives were present from different states in the Union and from Canada.

The Shenango Valley, Youngstown and Chicago Railroad Company, have consolidated with the Wheatland and Ohio Railroad. The new road will take the name of the Shenango Valley and Alliance Railroad.

Mr Robert Bogg, of Washington township, Muskingum county, has on his farm the stump of an oak tree which was cut down in 1807, to make clapboards for the first log cabin in that vicinity.

A few days since thirty-six head of oxen were shipped from Aurora to eastern markets that weighed in the aggregate 73,530 pounds. The largest ox weighed 2,580 pounds, and the average weight of the lot was 2,040 pounds.

The Third Annual reunion of Battery D, First O. V. L. A., will be held in Hudson, November 15. A number of questions relative to bounties discharges, etc., will be discussed. Comrade Alfred Sperry will deliver an historical sketch of the battery.

A Cincinnati man made a bet that he could drink a pint and a half of whisky in twelve hours. He won the bet, and his widow remarked at the funeral next day, that it was the first money he had earned by hard work in ten years.

Rev. P. Quigley, D. D., of Akron, has just returned to that city, after a three years' residence in Rome, Italy, where he has been studying for the Roman Catholic ministry. He is the first American who has ever taken the doctors' degree at the *Collegio Romano*.

A Cincinnati wag, disgusted with the number of ponds that embellish the principal street, posted the following notice on a lamp post over one of them: "Grand fishing party on this pond this P. M. The board of health and street Commissioners have been invited and are expected to be present."

The museum of Mount Union College has been enriched by the arrival of the following specimens, all in good order and looking very natural:—American elk, a fine specimen from the Yellow Stone river, Montana; South American ostrich from Brazil; Arctic fox, Spitzbergen; Great Rock kangaroo from Australia; Detrias baboon from Abyssinia, Africa. More on the way.

The Cleveland, Mount Vernon and Delaware Railroad Company will extend their line south from Oxford, in Holmes county, to Coshocton or Dresden, with a view to connecting with the Cincinnati and Muskingum Valley road. If the right of way is granted to the company, and a cash subscription of $50,000 raised, they will take the latter route, and thus give a direct line between Cleveland and Zanesville.

The champion female walkist made her appearance in Cleveland Friday. She was the mother of four children, varying from two and a half to eleven years of age, all of whom she had with her, the older three on foot, and the youngest in her arms. She had walked from Buffalo (all but about twenty-five miles), and is on her way to Memphis, where she hopes to find a brother who will give her and her children a home.

Four of the Japanese students at Williston Seminary board with Landlord Hill. Each wished a separate room but were told he should have to put two in a room unless one was sick. The boys are bright, and soon took their cue, and Mr. Hill received the following note varbatim et literatim, et punctuatim: Dear Mr. Hill: Mr. Sepe has a sick, and he cannot lay down to gether Mr. Ouseke in the same bed, therefore he want a other bed. May he get it? O no?

A letter from Macon, Ga., represents the same acts of political fraud and outrage which were perpetrated in October have been repeated in the recent special election in the Fourth Congressional District of that State.

LETTER FROM MISSOURI.

The following letter was written to an old resident of this county from a former resident of this place, now in Missouri. It will be of interest to a very large portion of our readers:

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., Nov. 4. 1872.

DEAR OLD FRIEND:—The labors of another Presidential campaign have closed, speaking ceased and the gatherings dispersed, and to-morrow will disclose the result of these labors. About the election or re-election of Grant we have no doubt. But the question, and the all important question with the Republicans of Missouri is, whether John B. Henderson, or Boss Woodson, shall be Governor of the State; whether the Republican party shall be restored to power, or the Democracy continue in power.—They are questions that interest us because of their influence upon the prosperity of the State, upon population, enterprise and capital. From 1865 to 1870 the State was under the control of the Republican party.—During this time, emigrants came into the State by thousands and tens of thousands, and with these emigrants, or "carpet baggers," came capital and enterprise, lands advanced as they had never before in the history of the State, towns and villages were built up, school houses and churches were erected, and ample provisions made for the education of every child in the State. And during this time, the Republicans paid off nearly twenty millions on a State debt of thirty-eight millions, left as an inheritance to the State by the Democracy, and left thirty one thousand dollars cash in the Treasury. But now, how is it under that little man with large red hair—under Gratz, and the Democracy? Instead of reducing the State debt, they have increased it, and to-day the treasury of the State of Missouri is bankrupt, her credit goes begging on the market. Just think, my dear sir, of the great State of Missouri going to *protest*, while the Governor goes about the country asking the people to elevate him to the Vice Presidency.

But this is not all nor the worst, under Gratz and the Democracy, we have, in the South Western part of the State, a thorough Ku Klux organization in complete working order, and among the recent victims of this Missouri Ku Klux organization, is the Rev. Thomas Callahan, once a resident of Hancock county, Ohio. Mr. Callahan states that while he was watching over his sick wife at the hour of midnight six men entered his room, insulted his wife and dragged her from bed, seized and tied him and led him out to the woods, tied him with his face to a tree, and then gave him seventy-five lashes on the naked back, and in cutting the bark with which they had tied him to the tree, they cut the wristbands of his shirt and in doing so, they cut the last stitch of of clothing from his body. Naked and barefooted, they turned him loose to go to his home, with ten day's time to make his escape from Reynolds county, the place of his residence. He obeyed their commands, packed up, and about six weeks ago, came to our city. Complaint was lodged with the United States authorities at St. Louis, and the parties have been arrested, and held to bail for their appearance at St. Louis on the 20th inst. for trial. Since the arrest of these parties, Callahan's main witness has been shot and killed by this organization. If the party under which such outrages are committed, is continued in power, a party that has bankrupted the Treasury, and broken down the State credit, what have we to hope for in the future of Missouri?

I have heard Callahan make four stump speeches and preach one sermon He is a good speaker, and has made a favorable impression among the Republicans of this city. But the Rebel press here is out on him red hot, making divers tearful charges against him. That his character should be be assailed we are not surprised. But after all, it would be some satisfaction to myself and others, to know what kind of a character he sustained while a resident of Hancock County.

Before you read this letter, we shall know the doom of Missouri, whether she goes up or down.

Your Old Friend,

J. T. F.

IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES,

Emigration from the ports of England and the continent to the United States is of late the assuming prodigious proportions. On the 2d of Oct. the emigration officers at Liverpool completed their quarterly report of the exodus from that port. Compared with other periods as with the preceding quarter, the increase is enormous. During July, August and September, ninety-nine ships left Liverpool for the United States, carrying 36,491 steerage passengers, and nearly 6,000 in the cabins. Seventeen ships left for Canada, carrying 5,667 emigrants; one left for Victoria and two for South America. The aggregate number of passengers was 50,385—of whom the greater proportion 18,299 were English, and only 5,104 Irish. This most notable feature of the quarter's return is the sudden accession of Swedes, Danes and Germans to the emigration from Liverpool—no less than 15,853 of the whole number having been drawn from the Scandinavian and German countries, coming by way of Hull to the United States, in preference to shipping from the Baltic direct by the Bremen and German Lloyd's steamers The Liverpool returns show that during the whole quarter the departures of ships for the United States have averaged more than one per day; while the emigrants have flocked westward at the rate of 12,000 per month or 154,000 per year.—English artisans and laborers are begining to count largely in the emigration and it appears that they avoid Canada—probably on account of the well-founded conviction that English rule, whether colonial or home, offers fewer inducements to the industrious and enterprising than the free and independent life of a republic.

The Greeley campaign cost Gov. Sprague thirty-five thousand dollars, Greeley and the Tribune twelve thousand, and A. T. Stewart & Co. ten thousand.

The colored man Hawkins, with his wife and daughter, who were dragged from their home by Ku-Klux Saturday night, near Lexington, Ky., were found in the woods, all three hung to the same limb of a tree.

THE FEMININE FIRM OF WOODHULL & CLAFFLIN IN LIMBO.

Mrs. Victoria Woodhull and Miss Tennie C. Claflin have each been seeking notoriety for several years past, and they have been very successful in the search. Just at this time they have succeeded in placing themselves in a position to be "persecuted," as the following dispatch to the Associated Press will attest and explain:

A great deal of talk was occasioned about town this evening, over the arrest of Woodhull and Claflin. Proceedings against them were first taken by Mr. L. C. Challis, a well known broken, who last night applied for warrants for their arrest for a gross, scandalous, malicious article on him. These warrants were accordingly issued, but before they could be executed, some one acting on behalf of another libeled party, as it is said, and importing the aid of Comstock, the famous enemy to obscene literature, had warrants issued against the mesdames by United States Commissioner Osborn. The affidavits in the case were made by Albert Anderson, a postoffice clerk, a Mr. Woodley, of Brooklyn, and J. W. Rees, a clerk in the Independent (newspaper) office, who swear to the sending of offensive publications through the mail by the accused. The witnesses in the case, Wm. Moody, a negro, and C. D. Miles, who mailed the papers, were sent to the House of Detention. The two were taken to the Commissioner's office in a carriage, thence to jail until Monday morning, when the hearing will come off. They manifested their usual boldness and descanted on the way to prison on the "outrage" of their arrest and confinement over Sunday. They insisted upon suitable apartments at Ludlow street jail. This afternoon, upon a warrant issued by Mayor Hall, a seizure was made of the establishment of Woodhull and Claflin, together with the books, furniture and so much of the publication as was found. The indignation of the community, generally has been aroused at the brazenness and audacity shown by the publication complained of, and the prosecuting parties purpose pursuing the case vigorously. Mr. Challis has also caused the arrest of the so-called Colonel Blood, who is charged with being a accomplice; also DeNise, the stereotyper, and Mr. Smith, the printer of the scandalizing paper. The statutary penalty for sending obscene literature through the mail is imprisonment for one year and $500 fine.

[From the New York Times.]

THE LATE JOHN A. GRISWOLD.

The Republican Party of this State has sustained a heavy loss in the death of Mr. John A. Griswold, of Troy. He was one of our staunchest friends of Hancock county, Ohio. Mr. Callahan states that while he was watching over his sick wife at the hour of midnight six men entered his room, insulted his wife and dragged her from bed, seized and tied him and led him out to the woods, tied him with his face to a tree, and then gave him seventy-five lashes on the naked back, and in cutting the bark with which they had tied him to the tree, they cut the wristbands of his shirt and in doing so, they cut the last stitch of of clothing from his body. Naked and barefooted, they turned him loose to go to his home, with ten day's time to make his escape from Reynolds county, the place of his residence. He obeyed their commands, packed up, and about six weeks ago, came to our city. Complaint was lodged with the United States authorities at St. Louis, and the parties have been arrested, and held to bail for their appearance at St. Louis on the 20th inst. for trial. Since the arrest of these parties, Callahan's main witness has been shot and killed by this organization. If the party under which such outrages are committed, is continued in power, a party that has bankrupted the Treasury, and broken down the State credit, what have we to hope for in the future of Missouri?

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Your Old Friend,

J. T. F.

One of the New York papers gives a long account of the great religious pilgrimage being made to Lourdes in France. Lourdes, an insignificant village up 1858, has since become famous for an alleged miraculous spring and wonders equally marvelous. February 11, of that year, three poor children were out picking up sticks, and on the bank of a small brook, one of them, Berandette, had a vision. She saw a radiant virgin in pure white, holding a long chaplet on her arm. smile, make the sign of the cross, and disappear. She had the same visions, and finally had communion with